BARRINGTON REVIEW

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MRS. F. L. WATERMAN DIED LAST MONDAY

Pleuro-Pneumonia Was the Cause of Death—Had Been Ill Only a Week Though Health Had Been Poor.

MEMBER OF METHODIST CHURCH

Funeral Was Held This Afternoon and Burial Was in Evergreen Cemetery —Rev. Ream Officiated.

Another good mother passed away in this village this week and another home is desolate. Could words lessen the grief of the family and the sorrow to friends, gladly would they be written. Hawthorne, the author, has written, "They who go feel not the pain of parting, it is they who stay behind that suffer;" so perhaps while one's heart is breaking with the sting of death, it is good to know that many, many friends are remembering the household of death in great sympathy.

The death of Mrs. Frank L. Waterman of Main street after so short an illness is very sad and is much regretted, for if goodness and worthiness should be rewarded with a long life, then her 53 years should have been extended to many more on this earth.

Pleuro-pneumonia was the cause of death and she had been ill only a week, although in a very poor state of health all summer, followed by improvement in the fall and a relapse last week. She died Monday afternoon, February 22, at three o'clock. The funeral was held today at the home, corner of Main and Garfield streets and she was buried in Evergreen cemetery. The Rev. T. E. Bram of Liberty ville, formerly pastor of the Methodist church in Barrington, officiated. Misses Myrtle, Almeda and Frances Pilgrim sang. Relatives from away were here.

Mrs. Waterman was Miss Irene M. Hawley and was born in South Elgin, November 17, 1860. She was the only daughter of Chauncey B. and Rhoda Tefft Hawley, who were both members of prominent families in that vicinity of old settler stock, her mother who is still living having been recorded last year as the oldest woman in existence who was born in Kane county. Girlhood was spent in South Elgin and as a young lady she was a student at Elgin Academy in the early eighties.

She was married February 10, 1887, to Frank L. Waterman of Barrington Center and they lived on the Waterman farm at that location until 1893 when they moved to Barrington. Four children were born, three sons and a daughter. Mrs. Waterman attended the Methodist church in this village and was at one time a member of the Women's Relief Corps. Mr. Waterman who is village treasurer is living, also two sons, Roy and Maurice and Miss Ruth Waterman. Mrs. Hawley, the mother, had made her home with her daughter and there are two grandchildren; two brothers are living, Edgar Hawley of Ringwood and A. E. Hawley of Sherman avenue, Elgin.

Fred Gunther Died Last Night.

John Frederick Christian Gunther, aged 71 years, died at 10 o'clock last night, February 24, 1915, after an illness of a few hours, although he had been consumptive for fifteen years and for two years he had had dropsical attacks. He was at his post as day flagman at the main street crossing of the E. J. & E. railway on Tuesday. Wednesday morning he did not go to work as he felt badly and at three o'clock became unable to speak or move, when he died he had seemed to be unconscious for hours. He had lived with his stepdaughter, Mrs. William Swank, near the west limits of town for 13 years. The funeral will be private at the house on Saturday.

Mr. Gunther was born in Spandlow, Germany, March 4, 1844, the son of C. F. L. Gunther and Johanna Hulin Gunther. As a young man he served three years in the German army and then went to London for a time, coming to America 30 years ago, after staying in Chicago awhile where he married Rieke Hartmeister who died in a Chicago hospital 17 years ago. He has worked in his vicinity as a mason and laborer with a good name as an honest and industrious man.

Dunning Makes Assignment.

Henry L. Dunning, known as the cattle king of Hebron, McHenry county, has been forced to the wall by adverse financial conditions, occasioned, it is claimed by the advent of the foot-and-mouth disease, which found him with more than 300 cattle on hand and inability to dispose of them. Mr. Dunning operated on a very large scale in the live stock business. The Bank of Hebron and a Chicago commission house are the two largest creditors and to them he made an assignment turning over all his possessions.

Will Address Bishops.

Friends in Barrington of Mrs. Louise Howard-Slosson of Sheridan, Wyoming, a sister of Mrs. Miles Lamey of this village, will be interested to know that she left Chicago on Wednesday, where she has been with her mother since Christmas, to attend a convocation of Episcopal Bishops of the United States in New York city. She was called to the convocation by Bishop Thomas of Wyoming, who wishes her to address this body of men on the charity work she has accomplished through the state of Wyoming for dependent children. Mrs. Slosson is a well-to-do young widow who devotes her life to poor children. She is the field representative for the Cathedral Home for Children at Laramie, Wyoming, and works without salary or remuneration of any kind. This Home is under the patronage of the Episcopal church and is the only orphan asylum in that state; all children from all denominations are received there.

Mrs. Slosson has collected many thousands of dollars for the children and secured homes for a great many of them. Camera pictures which she took of them she has made into lantern slides in New York and these she uses in connection with a lecture which she gives for the benefit of the Home in all parts of the state before lodges, clubs, church societies and various organizations. As an eastern college student, a traveller in several foreign countries and a graduate and post-graduate of Cumnder's School of Oratory at Northwestern University, Evanston, Mrs. Slosson has superior qualifications for the work she is doing. She will be introduced to the convocation by Suffragan Bishop W. E. Toll of Chicago, who was her rector at Christ church, Waukegan, in her girlhood. She will also be a guest of Senator and Mrs. Mondell of Wyoming at their home in Washington, D. C., for several weeks. While in New York she will be a guest of her sister, Mrs. Clarence H. Shove.

Two "Tourists" Picked Up.

Two boys from Rosehill came to Barrington Friday afternoon to visit Bert and Harry Hams whom they had known when the Hams lived in Edgewater. They were Willie Hanson and Clarence Hull, both about 14 years old. Towards night Bert Hams suspected that they were away from home without permission and he telephoned the Hanson home where he found the family much worried and searching everywhere for the boys. When the lads knew that word had been sent to their people they tried to get away from here on a train but were stopped by Marshal Peters and the Hams boys and taken to the office of President Lamey. They were questioned and it was learned that they intended to be gone from home on a six days' "hike" because they were tired of being scolded at home.

Hanson is the son of Henry Hanson, a wealthy florist, and every comfort and many luxuries have always been provided for him. He has run away before, and although a good looking, bright, finely dressed fellow, was sullen and fault-mannered. The other boy seemed sorry and said he would be glad to get home; he is the son of the bookkeeper at the Rosehill cemetery gate house.

Elmer Hanson, an older brother, and Thomas Starck, a Juvenile Court officer, came out from Chicago on the eight o'clock train to get the boys and took them back to the city of the 9:35. These boys are students of the Hyatt school and had left home in the morning to go to school. They know how to reach Barrington for they had visited here last summer.

Lake County Hospital Opened.

The committee in charge of the Lake County General hospital wish to announce that the hospital is now open and ready for the receiving of patients. At the present time there are several rooms that are not occupied, and may not be occupied for some time, and realizing that at times the Jane McAllister hospital and the Alice Home and other institutions may be crowded and also realizing that there may be some patients that prefer to go to the County Institution for care, it has been decided by the committee, subject to ratification by the full board of County Supervisors at their next meeting, that any reputable physician practising medicine in this county will be heartily welcomed with their pay patients to this institution, and will be shown every courtesy and attention possible, subject to the rules and regulations of the institution.

It being distinctly understood, that all pay-patients so entered will be required to pay for their services strictly in advance. For further information regarding admission and prices for service, apply to the superintendent.

DR. A. E. BROWN,
Waukegan, Illinois.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO LOCAL PEOPLE

Happenings of the Week Told in Short Paragraphs—What's Doing in and Near Our Hustling Village.

The village board will hold its regular monthly meeting next Monday evening.

George Wessel and family moved Tuesday from Franklin street to their farm east of town.

The week old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Noetz of North Hawley street was buried last Thursday afternoon.

The sale of the Shufeldt farm has been postponed from Saturday, February 27 until Tuesday, March 2, at 3 o'clock p. m.

P. C. Cannon has accepted a position with H. Stillson Hart as gardener and expects to move from this village about April 1.

The Rev. George Lockhart and his son, Herbert, went fishing at Lake Zurich Monday with George Spunner. They secured through the ice a 12 pound pickerel.

The Portia club went to the home of Mrs Arthur Muudhenke at Palatine last Thursday evening for a social meeting. The club will meet next week at Mrs. John Cadwallader's.

Friends from the village and Cuba township surprised Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Wade at their home in the country last Friday night with a party arranged by Charles Lytle. Cards and games provided amusement.

Mrs. Harold Tegtlius of Chicago and children were here Tuesday to secure the household goods which they left in a Chicago Highlands cottage in which they spent last summer, as they do not expect to be out here next season.

It is expected that a number of Chicago families, largely men employed in Chicago newspaper offices, will pass the summer months in some of the cottages at Chicago Highlands. A few families have been residents there for several summers.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cameron entertained friends with music and cards Tuesday evening. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. G. Butler, Dr. and Mrs. Shearer, Mr. and Mrs. W. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. John Schwemm, Mrs. Emily Hawley, F. G. Frankish, Miss Betty Frankish and Miss Armstrong.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society will hold the regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Archie Cowan, South Hawley street, Tuesday March 2, at 3 p. m. The subject is "The Child at School." The program will be developed by Mrs. Robert Work and Mrs. William Skinner will conduct the devotion.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schuhr of Chicago have moved to Barrington and are occupying an F. J. Landwer apartment down town. Mrs. Schuhr is a sister of Mrs. Henry Miller of Walnut street and Mr. Schuhr is a barber who has taken William Stone's place in the Theis shop. Mr. Stone has gone to Chicago after a year's residence here.

The newly elected officers of the Lake County Farmer's Institute and a number of others met in Libertyville last week and elected two delegates to the State Farmers' Institute held in Harrisburg Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. They are J. E. Barrett of Prairie View and George White of Antioch. It is believed these delegates will return with many good ideas.

A proposal to spend $20,000 for equipment to be used in the improvement of roads throughout Kane county, is being considered by members of the good roads committee of the board of supervisors in conference with County Highway Engineer George N. Lamb, at Geneva last week. The proposition is to have the county purchase two 10-ton trucks, one 10-ton roller, and two motor graders, which are to be loaned to highway commissioners in the various townships of the county without charge.

The recently organized "Gaiety club" girls had planned to have a roller skating rink in the town hall Monday evening of this week with a lunch served to help make things gay, but owing to illness in the families of two members the girls postponed their skating party. It will be given soon as possible. These young ladies are the Misses Ruth, Leah and Elnora Garbisch, O. Pomeroy, F. Collens, E. Waterman, F. Flagge, I. Meiners, V. Landwer, F. Miller, V. Richardson, G. Meister, M. Grebe and P. Burkhart.

INTERESTING ITEMS FROM NEARBY TOWNS

Happenings in the Villages of Lake Zurich and Wauconda as Written by Regular Correspondents.

WAUCONDA.

Francis McCormick is ill with tonsilitis.

E. E. Gilbert is numbered with the sick.

F. L. Carr was a county seat visitor Friday.

Al Jones is moving onto the Schendorf farm.

Thomas Carr of Ringwood is at F. L. Carr's for a week's visit.

Mrs. William Tidmarsh is ill with an attack of bronchitis.

Richard Baxley and son of Grayslake were recent visitors here.

Miss Lucy Sowles is visiting her sister, Lois Sowles, at Grayslake.

Hennie Malman spent Sunday at George Meyers' home in McHenry.

Dr. M. E. Fuller and Harry Kaiser were visitors here the first of the week.

Mrs. C. L. Pratt returned from a visit with her daughter in Chicago Monday.

Rollin C. Kallock of Cleveland, Ohio, has been the guest of Miss Bessie Clough.

Misses Ileene Kent and Lela Glynch visited from Friday till Monday at the R. C. Kent farm.

The Bedersko sale Tuesday was well attended and is reported satisfactory to parties concerned.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanry Kreuger are rejoicing over the arrival of a 10-pound son at their home Saturday, February 20.

Mrs. White of Minneapolis, Minnesota, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. George Hubbard during the past week.

Harry Baseley celebrated his 22nd birthday on Thursday evening, February 18. A very enjoyable evening was spent by those present.

Friends of Miss Mabel Curry are informed of her coming marriage, a California ranchman the lucky groom to be, being a resident of Pomona.

An independence party was held at the M. E. church Monday evening and all present find an enjoyable time. An entertaining program was presented.

The W. R. C. held suitable exercises in honor of Washington and Lincoln anniversaries Saturday evening. R. C. Kent was the speaker and is credited with an excellent address.

Alta Neville, a niece of Mrs. F. L. Carr, receives credit for excellent work in solving, unassisted by any hint from instructors, the greatest number of problems in Algebra of any pupil of Grayslake school.

Mrs. Bert Harris who has been seriously ill for the past month was taken Sunday to the Augustana hospital, Chicago, where she underwent an operation on Wednesday. Mrs. M. S. Clark accompanied her.

The Roseville school gave a basket social on Saturday evening and a very enjoyable time was the result besides about $30 cleared for the school. Miss Bernice Davis is the teacher, but as she was ill at the time the social was conducted by Miss Alda Case.

Of those who prefer the good old days and the good old things and the good old ways we would ask how they would like to go back to the good old kerosene lamp for the evening reading. We were lot to compare the old, unfavorably, with the new recently when the ice storm crippled the electric light system for just two days.

LAKE ZURICH.

Charles Cordes of Chicago visited here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Selp visited at Palatine Monday.

Carl Ernst went to Barrington on business Tuesday.

Fred Holland is moving to a farm west of Barrington in Cuba township.

William Gerke of Des Plaines called on relatives here and in Fairfield Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Hoofe is spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Hudson in Tulsa, Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. John Witt celebrated their 25th wedding anniversary last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Louis Geary and children are

Continued bottom next column.

Fighting For Pure Milk.

BY M. M. CARRICK, M. D.
(Sanitation Expert.)

So many dramatic disclosures have been made in regard to the relation between dirty milk and the excessive death rate among infants that farmers are beginning to realize as never before, the necessity of co-operation with the municipal authorities in their fight for pure milk.

Milk is certainly the most important article of food in the human dietary, and it is also the most contaminable. It is, therefore, up to the farmer to see that the milk from his dairy gets to the city babies in as reasonable a state of cleanliness as possible. Not that this is an exclusively baby problem, for all sorts of diseases are carried through milk. Tuberculosis is an example of this class, and a number of epidemics of diphtheria and scarlet fever have been traced to the milk supply, but when we pause to consider that one-fifth of all the babies born in the United States die in their infancy from preventable diseases, and that sixty per cent of these are due to gastro-intestinal disease, due to improper feeding or impure milk, we naturally begin to look into the cause.

I realize, of course, that not every farmer can have his milking done scientifically, but it is possible for him to produce safe milk for his own use and that of the public by very simple and inexpensive means.

He may not have an elaborate dairy outfit, but his cattle can be kept clean and in perfect health with the assistance of a veterinary. It will be to his financial interest in the long run. Tar paper, whitewash and homemade cement will insure a sanitary stable at small cost.

Then, there should be a covered milk can in place of the old-fashioned wide-mouthed pail. This will keep nine-tenths of the dirt out during milking time. All milk utensils must be kept clean by the use of a brush and a solution of soda followed by a final rinsing in scalding water. If ice is not possible for one farmer, it is not feasible for several farmers to combine their interest and secure a supply of ice at some central place at a reasonable cost.

I hope the readers of this paper are not superior to germs. If you are, send for some of the government literature on the subject of the care of milk. A request to the Bureau of Agriculture will bring a number of bulletins at your door, much to your enlightenment.

Castle Nearly Wins for Judge.

In one of the closest and hardest fought elections ever held in Elgin, Franz Castle was defeated for judge of the city court by Frank E. Shopen, last Monday. Mr. Castle, although by more than ten years the youngest of the four candidates, ran a close second losing by less than 90 votes, with a total vote cast of more than 8,000.

Mr. Shopen had an advantage in twice before having run for the office and in possessing a large clientage in Elgin, where he had practiced law for about 20 years, while Mr. Castle, though living in Elgin, has always practiced in Chicago. Mr. Shopen also spent a large sum of money in the employment of paid workers for weeks before the election and at the polls, and in hiring a large number of automobiles on election day. The vote in detail was as follows:

Frank E. Shopen	2869
Franz W. Castle	2782
Eugene Clifford	1794
Elwood E. Kenyon	631
Total vote	8076

Dr. Barber, optician and optometrist, will be in Barrington at Dr. Shearer's office Tuesday, March 2. If you are troubled with headaches or nervousness have Dr. Barber examine your eyes next Tuesday.

visiting a few weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lipsh in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Brixen and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Genung visited relatives in Libertyville Sunday and Monday.

Twenty-five men working for the American Telegraph and Telephone company are boarding in town for a few weeks.

A committee of ladies will give a chicken supper at the school house Friday evening, February 26, for the benefit of the school.

Charles Diehl and family who have recently have lived on the Briggs farm have moved onto the Diamond farm where Mr. Diehl is employed.

Fishing through the ice has been extra good the last few days. George Spunner is considered the champion fisherman, catching a 10 pound and a 12 pound pickerel on two successive days.

JUDGE J. P. McGOORTY ADRRESSED CLUB

Members and Invited Guests of the Woman's Club Entertained at the Hawthorne Hill Home.

SPECIAL MUSICAL PROGRAM GIVEN

Mrs. G. W. Spunner, President of the Club, Deserves Much Credit for Arranging the Program.

The Barrington Woman's club met Wednesday evening at the home of one of the younger members, Miss Katherine Otis, of Hawthorne Hill farm, two miles west of the village, where the charming hospitality of the evening's hostess and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Otis, Sr., made each one of the 125 people present feel the sincerity of their welcome.

Mrs. G. W. Spunner, the club president, presided, and deserves the words of praise heard from many lips for her efforts in organizing and developing such a successful woman's club in so short a period of time, as in every phase this club seems to be one of years' standing. Mrs. E. S. Smith preceded the program with a business report.

Miss Bertha Beaman, vocal teacher in the music department of Northwestern University at Evanston, through her friendship for her former college roommate, Mrs. Spunner, appeared on the program as a special favor to the club, for she has participated in many programs in many cities for large sums and her friendly visit to this club was greatly appreciated. Her German lullabies were most delicately chosen for their soft melody, but the power of her voice could be recognized under the hushed tones and her concert singing must be splendid. She is of majestic appearance and pleases with clear enunciation of the words of her songs as well as the tones of the melodies. Her accompanist, Mrs. Knapp, is the university accompanist, and the wife of Prof. Knapp, instructor in violin at Northwestern. She is known to many singers as a sympathetic accompanist. Both of these ladies will be on chautauqua program in Barrington next summer.

Walter N. Sears and two young musicians from Des Plaines formed a trio of violin, clarinet and piano players whose selections from grand operas were a pleasure to hear. The volume of sound was modulated to the right degree for the acoustical space. Mr. Sears' modesty in view of what he has accomplished as a violinist is very charming and makes him most thoroughly admired.

Judge John P. McGoorty of the circuit court of Cook county in his first appearance in Barrington made a markedly favorable impression, personally and as a speaker. His subject was "Woman's Opportunity." Many speakers of the day who laud women to the skies, because it is the diplomatic thing to do, fail to strike a note of real truth in their sentiment, but this was not true of this noted jurist; each woman listener felt that his words of approval of women are prompted by an inner profound reverence; his tributes to her influence for good in this world were the result of keen interest in her accomplishments through generations. He spoke of her from a religious, political, domestic and social stand point and had such a fervent manner in speaking of holy things that two ministers present said they would be honored to hear him speak in their pulpits.

To Nominate Circuit Judges.

Republican candidates for circuit judges in the seventeenth judicial district comprising Lake, McHenry, Boone and Winnebago counties, will be chosen at a convention to be held in Rockford, Thursday, April 8. The Lake county convention which will select delegates to go to Rockford will be held at Libertyville, Saturday, March 27. It is generally conceded that Judges Donnelly and Frost will have no opposition and it is hoped that the Republicans of Lake county will unite on Judge Edwards, who was appointed by Governor Dunne to fill vacancy caused by the death of he late Judge Whitney. Judge Edwards has made good and should be made the choice of Lake county.

Refuses to Extradite Schwiske.

Governor Phillips of Wisconsin last Friday afternoon declined to honor the extradition writ of Governor Dunne of Illinois and as a result George Schwiske of Wausau, Wisconsin, who is wanted in Waukegan on a charge of embezzling $1,200 from August W. Meyer of this village, was given his liberty. The governor declared that before he would consent to Schwiske being taken out of the state Meyer must sue and get a judgment against him

The Governor's Lady

A Novelization of Alice Bradley's Play

By GERTRUDE STEVENSON

Illustrations from Photographs of the Stage Production

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SYNOPSIS.

Daniel Slade suddenly advances from a penniless miner to a millionaire. He is ambitious to become governor of the state. His simple, home-loving wife fails to rise to the new conditions. Slade meets Katherine, daughter of Senator Strickland, and sees in her all that Mary is not. Slade decides to separate from his wife and takes rooms at his club. His desertion of his wife and his constant attendance on Katherine Strickland causes public comment. Editor Merritt is won over to the support of Slade because he cannot otherwise supply the money for a European trip demanded by Mrs. Merritt. Katherine agrees to marry Slade when the latter gets a divorce. Boy Hayes, in love with Katherine, has a stormy session with the latter over her conduct toward Slade.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

She turned to him with a bitter laugh. "I'm through with you—and your insults," and she fled from the room.

Katherine did not go a moment too soon, for scarcely had the folding doors closed behind her when the door from the smoking-room swung open, and with noisy talk the few remaining members of the dinner party straggled in.

In her agitated condition, even Katherine would have found it difficult to regain her composure sufficiently to meet these men.

Ex-Governor Hibbard was in a particularly happy frame of mind. The senator's excellent viands and the senator's choice wines and the senator's Havanas had succeeded in making him feel well satisfied with the world in general and with Slade in particular. His round face was flushed and his string tie a trifle awry.

"Had a good time, senator," he said, removing his cigar, "but there were too many swallowtails here for me tonight. When I was governor of the state I never wore one. No, nor a plug hat, either."

"I never wore one, and I never will," seconded Colonel Smith, a typical long, lean, lanky westerner, with the inevitable western cut beard and hair a bit too long.

"Governor, you're right," and Strickland gave each man a resounding slap on the shoulder. "Colonel, stick to your guns. They're a nuisance. Now, boys, forget your homes and your trains. The others are all gone. Let us, the ringleaders, adjourn to the dining-room and over one of my punches—"

The governor patted his stomach tenderly. The mention of the senator's punch was all that was necessary to weaken his desire to catch a train.

"Ah! Strickland's punch! I'm with you."

"Now, gentlemen," interrupted Merritt in a business-like manner, "before we split up tonight it's understood we're all Slade men?"

"All Slade men!" was the unanimous shout from the colonel, the ex-Governor Hunt, pious old Pop Hart and Ingram.

"And we're preparing to cope with Slade's domestic trouble should it come up, and it will," went on Merritt.

"The devil, Strick!" broke in the colonel. "Can't it be patched up until after election?"

"No, gentlemen." The senator was unctuous but firm. "We must take Slade as we find him or—drop him. We're in the hands of a peculiar and dominant personality. We can't make these big fellows to order."

"What I can't understand," complained Hibbard, throwing the stub of his cigar into the fireplace, "is why they can't get on together."

"Take it from me, gentlemen, it's her fault," exclaimed Merritt, as much in favor of Slade as he had previously been opposed to him, now that Fannie was appeased with the money for her trip to Europe.

"She's preparing to desert him now," Strickland assured them. "It's irrevocable."

"Well, we can't blame him for being deserted," agreed Hibbard.

"You bet we can't! My wife deserted me," declared the colonel with an attempt at facetiousness, "and she didn't do it a day too soon, either. I've gone right ahead ever since."

"Now, then," went on the industrious Merritt, "three of us own papers. These are our points: Mrs. Slade is —er—er—a woman who has no sympathy with her husband—shuns public life—is never seen—refused even to see me. And no sympathy for him, don't forget that."

"Yep! Just like my wife," grunted the colonel.

"I don't see how the public can blame him," declared Hibbard.

"They can't," asserted Hart.

"Why, she's a semi-invalid," amended Strickland.

"My wife hasn't seen her out since she drove him out of the house five weeks ago," declared Hart.

"Good! We'll use that," exclaimed Merritt, eagerly. "A semi-invalid—when she's ready to be moved she will be taken away at her own request. I'll publish it myself. I'll start the ball a-rolling. Why, gentlemen, the world ought to pity that man."

Hayes had stood the conversation as long as he could.

"Do you realize that you're attacking this woman unjustly?" he broke in, walking into the middle of the group. "This is not at all true."

"You keep out of this game," warned Strickland.

"Well, boys, we're all agreed," declared Merritt. "It's one for all, then—"

"And all for one," added Hibbard, excitedly.

"Hip! Hip!" began Merritt; when the door opened and the butler announced:

"Mrs. Slade."

The hurrah that had been on each man's lips died a sudden death. They looked at each other in consternation.

"Mrs. Slade!" gasped Merritt. "Whew!"

The eyes turned toward the door saw a tiny, gray-garbed woman, with great, questioning brown eyes, hesitating in bewildered fashion as she found herself confronted by a roomful of men. Her gown with its tight basque and full skirt was dowdy and badly cut, in marked contrast to the fashionable, clinging gowns of the women who had graced the room a short time previous. Her white gloves were a fraction too short to meet her short sleeves, and left exposed thin arms and pointed elbows. But the tender face, with its sweetly expressive mouth, was unchanged. The lovely eyes were more appealing, as filled with wistful shyness, they gazed about the room.

"I'm afraid it's a little late for me to come," she managed to say, as the senator came up to her with outstretched hand.

"This is an unexpected pleasure," the senator assured her with an urbane smile. "Gentlemen, Mrs. Slade."

"Why, my dear madame," and Merritt greeted her effusively, "I'm glad to know that the reports to the senator have been exaggerated. Your health is now—er—"

"Oh, I never felt better in my life, sir," Mary declared, puzzled that he should ask such a question.

Hayes hastened to the little woman's side.

"Oh, Rob," she exclaimed, relieved to see a familiar face. As she turned to Hayes, Slade appeared at the smoking-room door, and as he recognized the dowdy little figure his eyes darkened and an angry scowl appeared on his face. Strickland saw the expression and hastened to urge the men to follow him into the dining-room.

CHAPTER VIII.

As the men filed out Mary turned to meet her husband's angry eyes.

"Well, Dan, I'm here," and she looked pleadingly up into the uninviting face.

"I've given in," she went on. "It's been a struggle, but I'm here. Why, I've been thinking all this evening, while I was gettin' dressed, I'd give a dollar to see the look on your face when you saw me here, Dan, and know that you got your own way. Dan—I've—well—I've given in, father." And, turning to Rob with an expectant little smile, "Do I look all right, Rob?"

"I think you do," Hayes replied, gravely.

"Will you take Mrs. Slade home, Robert?" Slade broke in.

"It's very late," Hayes pleaded as he put his hand lovingly on the little woman's shoulder.

"Yes, I know it is," Mary agreed, still not realizing what a fiasco her first attempt to enter into social life was. "I've been outside for half an hour—just tryin' to make up my mind, but as long as you're here yet—why—"

"There aren't any other ladies present," Hayes tried to explain, "and I think perhaps—"

"You'd better go," Slade finished for him, but not in his conciliatory tone.

"But you don't understand," Mary objected. "He doesn't understand," she turned to Hayes in a perplexed way. "My being here tonight means I've given in," and she looked up searchingly into her husband's forbidding face. "I'm going out with you every night, all the time, whenever you want me, balls, parties, dinners, everything."

"Will you see Mrs. Slade to her carriage?" Slade turned to Bob, ignoring his wife's detaining hand.

"Yes, but," Mary began to object.

"It's necessary that I join these gentlemen," Slade informed her coldly. "Take her at once," he commanded Hayes.

Hayes started toward the door.

"Call me when you're ready, Mrs. Slade. I'll wait in the hall," and he disappeared.

Slade thrust his hands deep into his pockets and looked at his wife in a puzzled way. She was nervously pulling off her gloves and beginning to realize that her visit was, for some unexplained reason, scarcely the success she had planned it to be.

"In God's name, what did you come here for, Mary?" Slade finally demanded.

"What did I come here for?" she repeated blankly. "What did I come here for? Why, to please you. I thought you'd be glad. I just can't stand it with you living out of the house, Dan. Lord, I haven't slept a wink since you left. Aren't you missing me?" and her voice trembled just the least bit.

"Oh, Dan. It's all over now, ain't it, our tiff?" she began eagerly, catching his arm impulsively and pressing her face against his coatsleeve, kissing the unresponsive broadcloth again and again. "We're making up; we'll go home together. It'll all be different after this, and I'll see you at the breakfast table mornings now," she finished joyfully.

"Dan," she began again, "I don't believe you've had a decent cup of coffee since you left home. I'd like to make you a cup now, myself," and she looked reflectively around the senator's library as if she thought there might possibly be some opportunity to brew a cup of coffee right then and there.

"Come on home, father," she urged, calling him by the name of the old, old days, when they had both dreamed of little ones in their home, and patting his arm lovingly, tenderly. "Mad at me yet?" she questioned.

Slade winced under the gentle touch of her hand on his arm, and found it necessary to turn away from the face that was so sweet and penitent.

"No," he stammered, "I'm not mad at you, only this is no place to talk about our troubles."

"Well, we'll go along home," she suggested.

"No, I can't come now. You'd better let Rob take you home," and he started for the door.

Mary started after him, clutching at his arm.

"I've got to know what the matter is now—I must—I must," she declared vehemently.

"Very well, Mary, as far as my plans go, I've arranged my life differently."

"Differently? Differently? Haven't I given in?"

"It's too late now. I'm sorry to say this, but you force me."

"Wait a minute, Dan." She drew a long breath, as if nerving herself for an ordeal. "You're going to say something dreadful. Before you begin I want to say that I'll do anything to get things back just the same as they were before—anything. There's nothing you could ask me I won't do—nothing! There! Now! Now go on," and she sank weakly into a chair.

"Look here," Slade was cruelly abrupt. "This separation is permanent. Nothing's going to change it."

"Separation?" She gave him a blank, amazed stare. "Why, Dan, who's talking about separation? We can't be separated."

"We can be—we are. When I left you that night it was for good and all, Mary. We can't get along together and I've made up my mind to it. It's settled."

"You mean to say you haven't missed yer home? You haven't wanted me to give in? You mean what's happened is for the best?"

"Yes," he answered icily.

Mary gazed at him in bewilderment. "You're not the man I talked to five weeks ago. I don't know you. It must be the people about you—or it's—"

Like a flash the possibility of another woman came into her mind. But she dismissed it as quickly as it had come. She would not insult him —or herself—or their love by such a suggestion.

"I am another man from the one you married," Slade agreed, "but you wouldn't see it."

"Is it my fault that I married a man who's turned into somebody else?" Mary argued, fighting, fighting for her life, her happiness—for him. "I married you, Dan. I married a poor young fellow who was hard worked and I helped him along. We started fair, Dan, but this ain't fair," lapsing more and more into poor grammar and dialect as her excitement rose. "You got beyond me, but it was because I worked and saved the pennies for you, while you went out and got helped and learned. Cooking didn't learn me. I didn't even know I was behind the times or unsatisfactory until one day you—"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

KINDLY WORD MEANS MUCH

World Would Be Happier and Better If Approbation Were More Freely Expressed.

It is often told that Eugene Field one day wandered into a basement restaurant, sat down at a table, put his chin in his hands and gazed moodily into space, relates the Youth's Companion. A waiter came up to him, and after the manner of his kind enumerated the long list of dishes that were ready to be served.

"No, no," said Field, dejectedly. "I require none of those things. All I want is some sliced oranges and a few kind words."

Whether or not the incident be true, it is suggestive. Unquestionably, deeds weigh far more than words, and yet it is almost tragic to think how much happier and better this struggling world would become if kind words were more often heard. We all, every day, come in contact with those who are in Eugene Field's state of mind. They are in our own homes; mothers and fathers and children. They are behind counters of stores; they are employes on trains; they are servants in kitchens; they are everywhere, and their name is legion. A word of appreciation would brighten the whole day and would make it easier for them to keep on trying.

He Didn't Know It.

Counsel for the Defense (to client, who has been dozing during the verdict)—Wake up and get out. You're acquitted!

The Accused—Lor' lummel Wot! Not guilty?—Sidney Bulletin.

BREAD DRESSING FOR STEAK

Many Prefer Meat Prepared in a Casserole to That Broiled in the Regular Way.

If you wish to stuff a flank steak use bread dressing; use it with vegetables and a small quantity of liquid in a casserole. If you do not own one (and you should in these times of high prices) use any tightly covered dish. Be sure it is tight so the steam cannot escape.

Bread Stuffing.—Two cupfuls soft bread crumbs, one-half cupful butter melted in one-third cupful hot water or milk, one-quarter teaspoonful powdered sweet herbs or spiced poultry, seasoning, one beaten egg. Mix the ingredients together thoroughly. The bread should be 24 hours old and taken from the center of the loaf. The seasoning is a matter of individual taste, so you can use the above quantities or suit your taste. The egg may be omitted if the flank is to be eaten hot, but will slice better when cold if egg is used. Cracker crumbs give a drier stuffing.

Spread your flank steak with above and roll tightly. Fry out some suet and then brown the flank so as to hold the juices. Put in casserole, add little water and when half done season with salt and pepper, chopped onions and plenty of fine minced vegetables or rice, whichever you may prefer. The flank is quite juicy, so you will need but little water. It lacks flavor, so the high spices and vegetables make up what the flank lacks. It is much better this way than broiled as regular steak.

DO YOU KNOW THAT—

Pickles will never become moldy if you put a tiny bag of mustard in the top of the receptacle in which they are kept?

If your silk dress looks rusty you can revive it by sponging it with water in which potatoes have been boiled?

Mice can be most successfully exterminated if you stuff all their holes with a piece of rag which has been dipped in water and then in cayenne pepper?

A very quick way to cool a hot liquid is to pass it through a clean cloth saturated with cold water? And if the liquor is soup no trace of grease will remain?

If you lay your silver away in common flour it will remain bright for some time?

You can warm over meat much more quickly if you wrap it in greased paper? The steam will prevent the meat from becoming hard and dry?

Perspiration stains can be removed from a thin shirtwaist by soaking it in cold water, to which you have added a little sodium bicarbonate before it has been washed?

There is a new square meshed veiling that is much liked?

Hot-Water Chocolate Cake.

Two tablespoonfuls butter, one cupful sugar, yolk of one egg, two tablespoonfuls cocoa dissolved in one-half cupful boiling water, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one-half cupful boiling water, one teaspoonful of baking powder, sifted with one and one-half cupfuls of flour and one teaspoonful of vanilla. Mix in order given and bake in square tin about thirty minutes. Frost with white of egg beaten stiff. Boil one cupful sugar in little water till it hairs, then turn on egg and beat till stiff.

When Steak Is Tough.

To make a tough steak tender, put three tablespoonfuls of salad oil and one tablespoonful vinegar on a large flat dish.

Lay the steak on the mixture and let it rest in this way for half an hour, then turn it over, and let it rest another half hour in the same quantity of vinegar and oil.

The toughest steak will yield to this treatment and be nice and tender when served.

Beefsteak Pie (English).

Cut two pounds of round steak into strips, roll in flour and arrange in a deep dish with three lamb's kidneys, which have been cut up and parboiled, one dozen oysters, one onion minced fine, parsley, dried thyme. Dot generously with bits of butter, and add two cupfuls hot water. Cover with a biscuit crust arranged in strips. Brush with yolk of egg and bake two hours in a moderate oven.

Wine Jelly.

Take a half box of gelatin, soaked in a half pint of cold water for 15 minutes, and add three gills of boiling water and two-thirds of a cupful of sugar. Let this come to the boiling point, then add seven tablespoonfuls of best sherry wine and two teaspoonfuls of French brandy. Boil up once, strain and cool.

Cape May Omelet.

Soak one-half cupful stale breadcrumbs in milk. Beat one egg well, add salt, pepper and a tablespoonful melted butter. Add one-half cupful canned corn and mix with the breadcrumbs. The mixture should be quite thick. Bake in a buttered dish just long enough to set the egg and brown the top.

Rendering Leaf Lard.

A quick way to render leaf lard is to cut it in strips about the size that will fit into a meat grinder, using the largest opening, which will allow it to come through very fine. Put in kettle and place in a hot oven until the lard is extracted, strain through cheesecloth and put in crocks.

The Best Objective, Salvation

By REV. J. H. RALSTON
Secretary of Correspondence Department
Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—I press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus.—Phil. 3:14.



In seeking an objective, the principle that nothing should be accepted but the best, should be adopted. When men were thinking deeply, and the great doctrines of the Protestant faith were being put into creedal form, it was declared that the chief end of man was the glory of God, and nothing has transpired since to show that this was an error, but everything has shown most conclusively that the statement was justified. A man who lives with the glory of God in view will not, cannot fail.

The Thoughtless Multitudes.

Nothing is much more disheartening than to watch the multitudes, especially in our crowded cities, who seem to have no goal in view. They seem to exist for the moment—butterflies that flit before you for an instant and then are gone. If other companies of people are considered, the fact still confronts one. If bread and butter can be secured, there is no more concern; but the swine get to that point. Young people in the schools may have a somewhat larger appreciation of their mission or goal, but must go forward with nothing in view.

In a small volume recently issued there is this quotation: "The world stops to let the man pass who knows whither he is going." That man has an objective, a goal, commands universal respect, and the world gives him passage. If this sermon falls into the hands of some young person, whether he is a Christian or not, let him know that he must have a goal in view or he will fail in life, and if the goal is not one that relates him to God the failure will be the greater and more deplorable. And, if a person has a goal and resolutely keeps his eye on it, he will not be diverted by anything. If the goal is that set before him in Paul's "fullness of the stature of Christ," he will not be diverted by any of the many religions now seeking the attention of people throughout the world. To him, the religion of Paul, Luther, Calvin and Wesley will be accepted as reliable and worthy of following until the goal is reached.

Paul's Objective.

In the text, Paul, who was a man doing only one thing at a time, said that he pressed toward the mark for the prize of the high calling in Christ Jesus. Without considering the strictly theological bearing of these words, let us note the source of the call. He who calls is God, who knows man, his capacities and possibilities, and sets before him his best, and he calls to him to make the attempt to reach it. Every person, old or young, should remember that it's God that is calling —not man, nor the greatest of men— and when God calls who dare be indifferent?

To what is the call and what is the goal? It is to the realization of Jesus Christ in all his fulness. Paul speaks in a certain place of "the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ," which is to say, Christ, in all that he is and may be to us. Presuming that that fullness applies to all that Christ offers, let us know that to attain this two things at least must be kept in mind:

Jesus as Savior and Lord.

First, the recognition and acceptance of Jesus Christ as a savior, personal and sufficient. This involves the surrender of the intellect, the heart, and the will; in fact, the surrender of the life. Second, it is a recognition of the kingship, or lordship, of Christ. Many seem to be willing to accept Christ as savior, but they do not recognize him as Lord. The failure of the latter utterly vitiates the former—no savior unless Christ be Lord. This carries us back to the realm of the Puritans, who saw that the chief end of man was the glory of God, for man who accepts Jesus Christ as savior and Lord makes every thought, word and action tend to his glory and his honor.

This will naturally lead to the realization of man's goal—companionship and partnership with Jesus Christ. The realization of Paul's prayer can only partially be secured on this earth, but the perfect realization will be when we are with him where he is. This should be the ultimate goal—to be with Christ.

The goals of life which seem attractive and in some senses worthy soon pass like the chaplet on the brow of the ancient athlete, but there is a goal for everyone which, if reached, will secure a crown, a golden crown, that is precious and durable.

Have a goal; have a vision; secure an objective; keep your eyes steadily on it and you will reach it, and, by all means, let the objective of all be— the attainment of the stature of the fullness of Christ.

Warner's

Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy



will afford you the same benefit it has given many sufferers for more than 37 years. It is nature's provision for mankind against kidney disease and its ofttimes terrible effects. It is pleasant to take. 50c and $1.00 sizes at all druggists. Sample and booklet free if you write,

Warner's Safe Remedies Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

In After Years.

"Beauty," remarked the poetic youth, "may draw us with a single hair."

"During the courtship, yes," rejoined the bald-headed man with a sigh, "but after marriage she is more likely to grab a handful."

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on — castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Pa's Vindictiveness.

"George, father has failed."

"That's just like him! I told you all along, darling, that he was going to do all he could to keep us from being married!"—Stray Stories.

LADIES! LOOK YOUNG

How Thousands Have Restored Natural Color. Dandruff Removed.

Gray-haired persons will be interested in the reports of druggists in town regarding the successful accomplishments of Hay's Hair Health. This unique preparation causes the oxygen in the air to so act on the hair that the brilliant color and lustre of youth is returned. Not a dye; absolutely harmless. Removes dandruff. Cleans and tones scalp; revitalizes and beautifies hair. No one knows you're using it. 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles at drug stores or direct, if price and dealer's name are sent to Philo Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N. J. Price refunded if it fails. Adv.

Diplomatically Speaking.

"I want to answer Gwendolyn's letter and say something that means nothing."

"Tell her you love her."



KOW-KURE, the great cow medicine, has such a wonderful tonic effect on the genital and digestive organs that many cow ailments commonly regarded as serious can be prevented or promptly relieved. Kow-Kure is invaluable in treating Abortion, Retained Afterbirth, Barrenness, Milk Fever, Scouring and Lost Appetite.
Sold by feed dealers and druggists; 50c and $1.00. Valuable book, "The Cow Doctor," free.
DAIRY ASSOCIATION CO.
Lyndonville, Vt.

KOW-KURE

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

MEAT CLOGS KIDNEYS THEN YOUR BACK HURTS

Take a Glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys If Bladder Bothers You—Drink Lots of Water.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.—Adv.

Decidedly Unneutral.

Mrs. Knicker—Is your husband neutral?

Mrs. Bocker—No; he blows up every bridge I give.

Showing It.

"They tell me that prosecuting attorney is very bold in his conduct of cases."

"So they say. He must have the courage of his convictions."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Remark Hard to Explain.

Everyone had gathered in the drawing-room after dinner, and all were feeling contended with themselves as well as at peace with the outside world, when it was suggested as a pastime that every lady should state the gift she most coveted, and the possession of which she would most prize. With prompt acquiescence each registered her choice. Mrs. Wellm[illegible] wished for the most exquisite jewels extant, Mrs. King desired to be the best-dressed woman in society, Mrs. Drayton preferred to own the handsomest turnouts, while Mrs. Smith craved popularity. Robinson, springing from his chair, exclaimed "Heavens! don't any of you care for beauty?" Some of them still think it was intentional.

Safety First.

John Sharp Williams stepped out of the senate chamber in response to the card of Bob Gates, who is a Washington correspondent of distinguished appearance and much political sapience. Bob asked him a number of questions and then, in parting, he asked:

"By the way, senator, have you got a good cigar about you?"—putting the request under the head of unfinished business.

"No, I haven't, but one left—and I just now bit the end off it preparatory to lighting it," replied John Sharp.

"If I'd just been a minute or two sooner—" suggested Bob.

"Not exactly," said the senator. "The fact is, when I started out here I bit the end off the cigar just for fear you might ask for it."

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE

Agrees With Him About Food.

A trained nurse says: "In the practice of my profession I have found so many points in favor of Grape-Nuts food that I unhesitatingly recommend it to all my patients.

"It is delicate and pleasing to the palate (an essential in food for the sick) and can be adapted to all ages, being softened with milk or cream for babies or the aged when deficiency of teeth renders mastication impossible. For fever patients or those on liquid diet I find Grape-Nuts and albumen water very nourishing and refreshing.

"This recipe is my own idea and is made as follows: Soak a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts in a glass of water for an hour, strain and serve with the beaten white of an egg and a spoonful of fruit juice for flavouring. This affords a great deal of nourishment that even the weakest stomach can assimilate without any distress.

"My husband is a physician and he uses Grape-Nuts himself and orders it many times for his patients.

"Personally I regard a dish of Grape-Nuts with fresh or stewed fruit as the ideal breakfast for anyone—well or sick."

In stomach trouble, nervous prostration, etc., a 10-day trial of Grape-Nuts will usually work wonders toward nourishing and rebuilding and in this way end the trouble. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

IN THE NEW WEAVES

MATERIALS SIMPLIFY PROBLEM OF TRIMMING.

Greatest Parisian Designer of Costumes Has Decreed That Ruffles Shall Be a Feature of the Coming Season.

Any weave of good voile will make a serviceable spring gown, suitable for many occasions and differing climates. In dark blue it is trimmed with a soft-colored border that may be used as a finish to the long tunic, for cuffs or for the collar.

There is a new silk out, by the way, in deep dark blue on which is a printed border in deep red and a bright tone of blue. This aids the dressmaker in a most gratifying way to solve the problem of trimming. If we are to wear simple lines, and to depend on our original material for our effects, then we may often be in despair as to how to get in our color.

Not only long tunics with borders, but ruffles are to be worn. Worth is making both. The world has looked to the House of Worth for stately lines, not frivolities; it has been the



Evening Wrap of Black Velvet and Green and Black Striped Velvet, With a Narrow Fur Collar—Design Sent From Paris by Lafeviere.

apostle of the dignified woman rather than the jaunty one. During these gay years women have accused the Worths of making them look old, a crime that few dressmakers can survive, and there have been times when this house has not enjoyed popularity.

Even the American buyers have not paid much attention to its models during the last three seasons; the reason always was that women wanted more frivolous, more conspicuous, clothes than Worth gave them.

But the house had a decided success last season. One or two of his models were more widely copied, perhaps, than any other evening gowns during the winter. So this season he has gone in for ruffles as a real novelty or bid for attention. The statement may not sound strange to one who does not know the line for which each house is famous, but, really, it is a strange conjunction: Worth and ruffles!

None of the flounces on these skirts is straight. They go across the figure on the bias. This gives the dipping line which is so generally becoming to the majority of American figures with their suggestion of squareness.

One of the novelties in evening frocks, not, however, made by Worth, is flounces of white tulle edged with pink worsted embroidery. These coarse threads of crewel are also used on chiffon, on voile, on silk. Taffeta frocks have worsted flowers at the waist, at the end of a sash, as a border to the hem, and one shop offers a frock of dark blue silk with its tunic bordered with short yellow and blue worsted fringe. It is easy to see that the constant knitting by the women all over the world this winter has suggested the idea.

The prevalence of mourning in Europe has brought from the manufacturers a large assortment of mingled black and white materials. The new silks have large and widely separated black flowers on a white ground. The broad striping of the directoire has returned and black coat suits are made with long pointed waistcoats of it. There are also separate coats of it above skirts of plain black silk or cloth.

SACHET FOR THE HATBOX

Bunch of Tiny Roses Is One of the Newest Ideas for the Scenting of Lingerie.

An unusual sachet, which would be very attractive for the hatbox or to keep among the lingerie, is a bunch of tiny rosebuds, such as are used for decorating boudoir caps, negligees, etc. The heart of each rose, before being coiled, should be filled with one's favorite sachet. In a cluster of eight or nine roses, the sachet will be sufficient to impart a delicate fragrance.

A sachet of this sort is extremely dainty and the rosebuds are the most easily manipulated of all the ribbon flowers. The ribbon should be an inch wide and sewed into a little pocket at one end of the sachet, then wrapped around and around until the rosebud is the correct size. Add a few leaves, cut from green velvet, and you will have one of the loveliest of sachets.

Adds Brightness.

Those who recall the colors of 20 years ago will remember the remarkable popularity of cerise. Since then it has returned many times and with each reappearance it has been received with the same amount of pleasure which characterized its first coming.

"Beetroot," "geranium" and various other shades of red have been favored by fashion, but none of them is accepted so cordially as cerise, which reappears under the name of "military red." These brilliant shades of red help to brighten the dark colors which are so popular. The monotony of black, tete de negro and midnight blue shades in vogue is relieved by an occasional dash of brightness, such as cerise or similar colors.

Scarfs to Match Hangings.

The scarfs for the furniture of your room may be made to match the hangings by cutting out single motifs of cretonne and applying them to the scarf ends. Place them on the material in an attractive way and baste. They can either be sewed with an over-and-over stitch around the edge or buttonholed in place. If, however, you wish a quicker method, machine stitch close to the edge around the entire motif.

To Mend Linen.

Linen, if it is not too fine, is most successfully mended on the sewing machine. Baste a piece of old linen underneath the hole or worn spot and darn back and forth on the machine. Trim off all loose threads and press. This method is most successful with table linen. It is better to mend before a hole appears. New linen should never be used for mending table linen.

SCARF OF DOUBLE PURPOSE

May Be Used as Sleeping Hood or Protection for the Chest in Cold Weather.

This scarf may be worn either as a double scarf in the ordinary way as a sleeping hood with the ends twisted round the neck and crossed in front, or as a protection to the chest by putting it on with the cap part forming a full warm front under an overcoat, the ends crossed on the shoulders and brought around under the arm.

It is worked in khaki wool; a bone hook, No. 12 and about fourteen ounces of wool will be needed to make a scarf about two and a half yards long and twelve inches wide; of course, it can be made wider and longer or narrower and shorter, if preferred, when more or less chain stitches should be worked for the foundation. Both threads of stitch should be taken up throughout the work.

Work a chain of 14 inches; turn, 2 trebles in the fourth from hook, pass 1, *, a double crochet in next, pass 1, 3 trebles in next, pass 1; repeat from * for length of chain, ending with a double crochet; turn.

Three chain, 2 trebles in the last made double crochet, *, a double crochet in the middle stitch of next group of trebles, 3 trebles in the double crochet between the groups of trebles, repeat from * to end of row, but working the last double under the chain with which the previous row commenced (this will make a strong and level edge); turn and repeat this last row. Turn and continue working to and fro in this manner for about twelve inches, then decrease by passing over a pattern at the commencement of each row until it is reduced to 11 inches; cease to decrease and continue to work as before until the whole measures about a yard and a quarter; then work a double crochet



Crochet Scarf or Sleeping Hood.

into every stitch in the row, and upon this row of single crochet—always taking up both threads. Fasten off. This completes one half.

Recommence at the other side of the foundation chain and work the second half in precisely the same manner. Fold in half and join (either crochet or sew) the level side together for about twelve inches from the foundation chain, which should come at the top of the hood.

Winter Chills Bring Kidney Ills

A spell of cold, damp weather is always followed by a fine crop of kidney troubles and backache.

Colds and chills damage the kidneys. Other troubles common to winter weather are just as bad. Grip, tonsilitis, quinsy, pneumonia or any other infectious disease hurts the kidneys by overloading the blood with poisons. The kidneys get worn, weak and inflamed trying to work it off.

It isn't hard to strengthen weak kidneys though, if you act quickly. At the first sign of backache, dizzy spells, headaches, loss of weight, nervousness, depression and painful, irregular kidney action, start using Doan's Kidney Pills. Rest the kidneys by simple eating, avoidance of overwork and worry, and getting more rest and sleep. A milk diet is fine.

This sensible treatment should bring quick benefit and prevent serious kidney diseases like dropsy, gravel and Bright's disease.

Clip this advertisement and mail it to the address below for a free trial of Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended kidney remedy in the world. You'll decide it worth a trial, when you read this enthusiastic testimony.



"I'd be all right only for my back."

Health Was Wrecked

Doctors Said He Could Live but a Short Time

Edwin Gucker, Western Ave., R. F. D. No. 5, Mattoon, Ill., says: "My kidneys suddenly began to fail me and I gradually became worse. Terrible pains seized me in the small of my back and I could hardly stand them. The kidney secretions passed too frequently, were profuse and discolored. I went from bad to worse. My appetite failed and I lost weight steadily. My complexion was yellow, I had no ambition and felt tired all the time. Nights I couldn't sleep well and I became a wreck, as far as my health was concerned. All this time I was taking treatment from different physicians and tried many medicines, but they didn't do me the least bit of good. The doctors thought I could live but a short time. Fortunately I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon my appetite improved and I gained in strength. The backache ceased to trouble me and the kidney secretions became natural. I continued using them and was cured of kidney trouble."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors

No Task for Tyros.

One of the men at the front has told us how he tried to milk a cow—without the expected result. This is not an easy task for an unpracticed hand. Leslie Stephen was once on a long tramp in Switzerland, accompanied by his friend, Doctor Morgan. They missed their way and found themselves, parched and hungry, far from any dwelling place. At length they came across a cow, from whom they determined to extract some nourishment, but after trying their best for an hour, each holding on to her horns in turn, they had to abandon all hopes of milk. This, remarks Doctor Morgan, is "one of the very few occasions on which I ever saw Stephen fairly thwarted."

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box.

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

A Natural Fear.

Old Hound—Come, come! What are you shivering about?

The Pup—Why, I just heard the master say he'd have to put me through the mill.

Old Hound—Yes; he's going to train you for the hunting.

The Pup—Oh! I thought he meant the sausage mill.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

SELF SHAMPOOING

With Cuticura Soap Is Most Comforting and Beneficial. Trial Free.

Especially if preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching on the scalp skin. These supercreamy emollients meet every skin want as well as every toilet and nursery want in caring for the skin, scalp, hair and hands.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

She Went.

"See how I can count, mamma," said Kitty. "There's my right foot. That's one. There's my left foot. That's two. Two and one make three. Three feet make a yard, and I want to go out and play in it."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Use Murine Eye Medicine. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Sore Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c. Write for Book of the Eye Free. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago. Adv.

The Proof Conclusive.

Sunday School Teacher — What is the outward, visible sign of baptism?"

Johnny—The baby, mum.

They stop the tickle. Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops stop coughs quickly. A pleasant remedy—5c at all good Druggists.

The young widow begins to talk about her late husband rather early.

His Point of View.

"What is your idea of matrimony?" asked the fair maid who was still occupying the anxious seat.

"Well," rejoined the wise chap who had balked at the hurdle, "it's probably all right for those who haven't enough worry."

GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HER GRAY HAIR

She Made Up a Mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to Bring Back Color, Gloss, Thickness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also ends dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," you will get a large bottle of the famous old recipe for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy.—Adv.

Reminiscence.

"I can remember when we could get an idea of how an election was going by taking a straw vote."

"We never depend on straw votes out our way. The only chance of learning which way the election was going was to discover which side had the most two-dollar bills."

Alfalfa PUREST ON EARTH

More than 30 years ago Salzer's Catalog boomed Alfalfa, years before other seedsmen thought of its value. Today Salzer excels! His Alfalfa strains include Grimm, (Montana Liscom, Agr. College inspected). Salzer's Dakota Registered No. 30—all hardy as oak.

For 10c In Postage

We gladly mail our Catalog and sample package of Ten Famous Farm Seeds, including Speltz, "The Cereal Wonder;" Rejuvenated White Bonanza Oats, "The Prize Winner;" Billion Dollar Grass; Teosinte, the Silo Filler, Alfalfa, etc., etc.



Or Send 12c

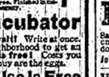
And we will mail you our big Catalog and six generous packages of Early Cabbage, Carrot, Cucumber, Lettuce, Radish, Onion—furnishing lots and lots of juicy delicious Vegetables during the early Spring and Summer.

Or send to **John A. Salzer Seed Co., Box 700, La Crosse, Wis.**, twenty cents and receive both above collections and their big catalog.

The inconsistency of womankind is demonstrated by the society girl, who starts in when she comes out.

One little taste of defeat is difficult to swallow.

Free and Freight Prepaid—This Reliance 150-Egg Incubator



Get yours now! Don't wait! Write at once. Be the first in your neighborhood to get an early hatch. Incubator is free! Costs you nothing—all you have to buy are the eggs.

Everything Else Is Free

that belongs to the Incubator. This includes Egg Tester, Lamp, Wicks, Regulator, Thermometer, Egg Trays, etc.

Don't hesitate. You can get a Reliance Incubator without work, without selling anything. This is not an agent's proposition. It's a bonafide offer. Send for freight prepaid shipping blank and other information. Write name and post office plainly. Address RELIANCE INCUBATOR CO., Dept. KL, FREEPORT, ILL.

$17,500 buys 160 acres dairy with Guernsey cows, some registered; Horses, Hogs and all machinery; good house, barn, silo, gas lights, mail, telephone. Everything goes at this price, if sold before April 1st. Near town and electric line. For particulars write me. This is the best on my list. ALEX. V. ANDERSON, SIVALL, MINN.

The Female of the Species.

"I tell you, sir," said the sad-eyed passenger with the bargain-counter tie, "all women are born gamblers."

"That's right," observed the button drummer. "And they nearly always win when they play hearts to catch diamonds."

Many School Children Are Sickly.

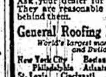
Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, and are recommended for complaining children. A pleasant remedy for worms. Used by Mothers for 25 years. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Its Accompaniment.

"I have an eye for the stage."

"Then look out you don't get the hook, too."

It's easier for a young man to raise a row than a mustache.



A real guarantee on roofing!

A useless risk is to buy roofing not guaranteed by a responsible concern. When you buy our roofing you get the written guarantee of the world's largest manufacturers of roofing and building papers.

Buy materials that last

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Roofing

—our leading product—is guaranteed 5 years for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply and 15 years for 3-ply. We also make lower priced roofing, slate surfaced shingles, building papers, wall boards, out-door paints, plastic cement, etc.

Ask your dealer for products made by us. They are reasonable in price and we stand behind them.

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Clear Land NOW!

FOR 1915 CROPS

Don't wait for warm weather. Get the stumps out in March and April by using

DU PONT **RED CROSS EXPLOSIVES**

They are LOW FREEZING, hence work well in cold weather without thawing. Follow President Wilson's advice, increase acreage and get the big profits from food crops in 1915 and 1916. Order Red Cross now. For nearest dealer's name and Farmer's Handbook of full instructions, write

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CHICAGO OFFICE McCORMICK BLDG.

REVERSIBLE COTTON FLANNEL GLOVES

Patented—Can be worn on either hand, cost no more than ordinary ones—give double wear. They fit either hand. Suitable for farmers, railroad men, teamsters, miners, all classes of laboring men. Money Refunded if you are not satisfied. This style cannot be bought from local merchants. By p.p. prepaid. Med. Light K. W. $1.00 per dozen. Med. Heavy K. W. $1.25 per dozen. Extra Heavy K. W. $1.50 per dozen. Reversible Glove Company, Coshocton, Ohio. Reference: The Coshocton National Bank.

POTATO LOW PRICES

Salzer's Pedigree Potatoes helped put Wisconsin way on the top with its enormous potato yield. We can do same for you. BIG SEED CATALOG FREE. John A. Salzer Seed Co., Box 700, La Crosse, Wis.

Virginia Farms and Homes

FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

Raincoats Direct from reliable manufacturer. Waterproof, Windproof, Snowproof to order. $2.50 money order gets one. Goodyear Waterproof Co., High & Franklin Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

Chippewa County, Michigan Farm lands for sale, 120 acres, clay loam $9 cleared $600. 200 acres, clay loam, uncleared, $15 per acre. WILBY & GREEN, Sault Ste Marie, Mich.

BARRINGTON REVIEW

ESTABLISHED 1868

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher

Published every Thursday afternoon at Barrington, Illinois, and entered as second-class matter at the Barrington postoffice.

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Cards of thanks, resolutions of condolence and all notices of entertainments given for pecuniary benefit must be paid for.

All communications should be addressed to the BARRINGTON REVIEW
TELEPHONE No. 1. BARRINGTON, ILL.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1915.

PUT ON THE SOFT PEDAL.

It is time for the American layman to put on the soft pedal, and let the president do the talking.

There is grave concern lest the United States become involved in the European war.

But it must not be—if mortal man and honorable means can prevent.

England seems determined to starve out Germany, even to the depriving of women and children of the necessary food to sustain life.

This may be in accordance with the rules of warfare, but it is not in accord with the laws of humanity. Helpless women and children!

Germany, in retaliation, says merchant ships must not enter English waters, and warns neutral countries that their vessels are in danger of being sunk by Teutonic submarines. Germany, apparently, would also starve England—including its innocent women and children.

This, too, may be considered a justifiable act of war, but the element of humanity is lacking—quite dead.

The United States is a neutral country, favoring neither side to the controversy, and with food in plenty for the hungry in all lands.

British merchant ships are using the American flag in an effort to escape the hostile craft of the enemy.

The kaiser instructs his forces to sink British merchant vessels approaching the English coast, and warns America that its ships of commerce are in danger of being destroyed.

If either country, in pursuance of its announced policy, destroys an American ship sailing under the American flag, then that act becomes one of war against the United States, or of piracy on the high seas.

And therein lies the extreme gravity of the situation.

President Wilson and his advisors are straining every nerve in an effort to avoid the danger of a clash, and the people of this country can best assist them by refraining from partisan discussions of the war, and by retaining their native coolness and calmness in the face of danger. Hot headed denunciations and partizitic discussions will only serve to aggravate an already delicate situation.

Let Europe fight its own battles. Our business is to attend strictly to our own affairs—and to furnish food for the starving millions when the inevitable time is at hand.

The president is speaking softly—but to the point—and he should not be embarrassed by the flames of racial strife.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SWAT THE FLY.

Uncle Sam is waging a relentless war on the deadly house fly and in a bulletin prepared by the department of agriculture, valuable information is given on the best means of combatting this deadly pest. The most effective way of exterminating the fly, according to the bulletin, is to eradicate his breeding places. The breeding season of the fly begins early in March and continues throughout the spring and summer months. All dirt should be removed from the premises, stables cleaned and decaying vegetables destroyed.

The fly has rightly been called the undertaker's traveling salesman, and in addition to his regular line of "typhoid bugs," he carries a side line of tuberculosis, Asiatic cholera and other disease germs. Now is the time to "swat the fly."

THE SPLIT LOG DRAG.

The split log drag has contributed more toward the economic maintenance of public highways than any implement of modern usage. It does not require special acts of the legislature, bond issues nor expensive educational campaigns to make it available as usually precedes construction work. A drag can be built or purchased for $20 and is easily operated by anyone who can drive a team. We need more drags in this state.

CHEAP MONEY.

Cheap money is the fount that makes the brook of industry flow and without it the homeless farmer can hardly hope for a home or the manufacturing industry expect to prosper. The farmers of the country owe $5,000,000,000 and cheap money will mean millions of dollars in saving to the farmer.

Fireproof Wood.

To make wood fireproof, slack a small quantity of fresh lime and add water until it has the consistency of cream; stir well and add one pound of alum, 12 ounces of commercial potash and about one pound of salt. Stir again and apply while hot. Two or three coats will keep wood fireproof for many months.

Greatest Poets.

Homer, Lucretius, Dante, Shakespeare, Goethe, Milton, Shelley, Byron, Tennyson, Browning. Perhaps others might be added. It is largely a matter of taste and temperament—although there is but little room for argument about the first six names.

Wreaths for the Victors.

In classic times successful warriors, athletes, poets and singers were sometimes crowned with bay. It is sometimes written that they were crowned with myrtle wreaths. These leaves came from a tree which botanists call "laurus nobilis."

To Clean Copper.

Copper articles that have become discolored can be made to look new again by rubbing them with lemon dipped in salt and afterward rinsing in clear hot water and polishing with a soft cloth.

R. L. PECK, Lawyer. Residence, Palatine, Illinois. Office: 1414 American Trust Building, Chicago. Telephone Central 595.

CASTLE, WILLIAMS LONG & CASTLE, Attorneys at Law. 805-817 National Life Building, 29 South La Salle street, Chicago.

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First Mortgage Real Estate Serial 6% Gold Bonds, secured by First Mortgage on Improved Residence and Business Property in Chicago, are absolutely safe; they are not affected by the war. People must have a place to live; they must pay their landlord as they pay the grocer and butcher. You can invest through us as little as $100 in such bonds, paying six per cent. interest, three per cent. every six months. We have specialized for years in bonds of this kind, and of all the different classes of investments, these bonds have given the best satisfaction—perfect satisfaction—not a dollar loss of principal or interest. Send for illustrated circular.

Wallenberger & Co.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
105 So. La Salle Street, Chicago

Farm Interests

Edited by HENRY G. BELL
Agronomist Middle West Soil Improvement Committee—Chicago—of the National Fertilizer Association
Formerly Professor of Agronomy and Manager of Farms, University of Maine
Asst. Professor of Farm Crops, Iowa State College of Agriculture, Ames

GOOD FERTILIZER HAS VALUE AS SOIL CONDITIONER

Government Expert Points Out Profitable Uses of Fertilizing Agents Other Than as Soil "Life Savers."

"Fertilizers in some way and to some extent influence every known factor affecting crop production," states Frank K. Cameron of the U. S. Bureau of Soils.

If this theory advanced by Mr. Cameron be true—and it seems entirely reasonable and acceptable—it means millions of dollars to the farmers of the Middle West.

Up until now they have been using fertilizer solely for the sake of feeding crops and, with this purpose considered, they have paid well. But the idea that fertilizer should only be used when soils are run down, has kept many from using plant food in the form of commercial fertilizer.

Now Mr. Cameron advances the idea, in effect, that fertilizer not only adds plant food to the soil, but also acts as a soil conditioner.

It is well known that soil bacteria must have the best of conditions under which to work. Mr. Cameron shows that fertilizers help to produce these conditions.

It is a recognized fact that, in some soils, decay has produced organic substances harmful to the growth of plants. It is also known that fertilizers destroy the harmful effects of these plant poisons.

FEEDING CROPS LIKE FEEDING HOGS

Soil Expert Discusses Profitable Corn Production.

Arthur Goss, director of the Indiana experiment station, has lately written a most valuable article on this subject in which he shows the need of fertilization, by stating: "It must be borne in mind that it is just as necessary to feed or fertilize a crop of growing corn as it is to feed a drove of growing hogs. Both plants and animals need food or they cannot develop."

Continuing, he states that this (the supplying of food for crops) can be accomplished by the use of available plant food in the form of commercial fertilizers, there can be no question. Note, for example, 36 bushels to the acre grown on thin light colored clay soil in Spencer county, Indiana, by a single heavy application of fertilizer alone. It is no longer a question of the efficiency of fertilizers in crop production, but rather a question of what are the most profitable kinds and combinations.

As to maintaining fertility by plowing under of crops, he states: "In regard to the phosphorus and potash it is to be particularly noted that not a single ounce of these elements can be added to the soil by the growing of legume crops. Neither can the total supply of these elements be increased by returning the manure from the crops grown on the land. On the other hand, there must invariably be a large loss of these elements through the leaching of the manure and in the bodies and bones of the animals sold and in the grain, hay and other plant products that may be sold or removed from the land. This loss can only be replaced in the ordinary system of farming by adding to the land phosphates and potash from some outside source, which can be easily and profitably done by the use of commercial fertilizers."

FERTILIZER CONSUMPTION IS INCREASING

Fertilizers Necessary to Successful Farming.

"The fertilizer output in Illinois is greater today than ever before, and they have become a necessity to the successful farmer," is a statement contained in the 1914 report of the Illinois state board of agriculture. It proves that the farmers of the state are becoming alive to the necessity of increased yields and that the chances are that during the coming decade all note yields will not stand still as in the past ten years.

This report gives the analyses of commercial fertilizers licensed for sale in the state of Illinois. It is published to protect buyer and seller alike and may be had free by writing the state board of agriculture at Springfield.

Since 1885, Illinois has had a law to protect purchasers and honest manufacturers. All prospective purchasers are warned not to buy any fertilizer that is not sold under a license issued by the state board of agriculture. The report contains the name and address of the manufacturer, the name of the brand and a chemical analysis of every fertilizer licensed for sale in Illinois in 1914. Every buyer should know what he is getting and the board of agriculture stands ready and willing to give aid and assistance.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

ST. ANN'S.

Mass will be at 9:00 on Sunday.

ST. PAUL'S.

Jugendverein meets on the last Sunday evening of each month at half past seven.

Frauenverein meets at 2 o'clock on the first Thursday afternoon of the month.

Mannerverein meets once a month in the evening on the Thursday nearest to the night of the full moon.

BAPTIST.

Sunday morning worship, 10:30 o'clock.

Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

Sunday evening service at 7:30.

Prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock every Wednesday evening.

The pastor will be pleased to answer all calls for service.

Covenant meeting the Wednesday evening before the first Sunday of each month.

Communion the first Sunday of each month, at the close of the morning service.

Parsonage phone 218-W.

Pastor Lockhart's subjects for next Sunday are, morning: "Heavenly Attire;" evening, "William Evart Gladstone and His Superb Life and Its Lessons for Us."

Choir rehearsals will be at the church Saturday evening at eight sharp.

ZION.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

Morning service, German, at 10:30.

Y. P. A. meeting at 7 p. m.

Evening service, English, 7:30 p. m.

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Choir rehearsal on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Y. P. A. business meeting on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

The pastor, H. Hasig, will be glad to render services to all that may call upon him.

METHODIST.

Sunday Services.

9:45 a. m. Sunday school

11:00 a. m. Public worship.

6:45 p. m. Epworth League.

7:30 p. m. Public worship.

Week-day Meetings.

Praise and prayer service, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

First Tuesday in each month, meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society at 3:00 p. m.

Ladies Aid society on the second Tuesday of each month.

Rev. V. J. Linberton, D. D., Norwood Park, minister.

BALEM.

Sunday Meetings:

Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.

Morning worship 10:30 a. m.

Evening service 7:30 p. m.

Senior League 6:45 p. m. upstairs.

Junior League 6:45 p. m. social room.

Weekday meetings:

Prayer meetings Tuesday and Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

Junior Bible class, Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Choir rehearsal, Friday 7:30 p. m.

Missionary meetings first Wednesday of each month.

W. M. Society first Thursday each month.

Y. P. M. Society first Tuesday each month.

Sunday school Normal class second and fourth Tuesday's.

W. C. T. Union, first Monday each month.

Sunday school teachers meet Fridays 7:30 p. m.

Herman H. Thoren, minister.
Residence, South Hawley street.

Stop That Cough—Now.

When you catch cold, or begin to cough the first thing to do is to take Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey. It penetrates the linings of the throat and lungs and fights the germs of the disease, giving quick relief and natural healing. "Our whole family depend on Pine Tar Honey for coughs and colds," writes Mr. E. Williams, Hamilton, Ohio. It always helps. 25c at your druggist.

Taking No Chances.

At a Scotch watering place one summer, Macpherson was found stretched in a contented mood on the sands, puffing his old pipe. "Come on, Mac," said his companion, who had just come from town, "let's go for a sail." "Na, na," replied Macpherson, slowly shaking his head, "I hae had a guid dinner at the cost o three and saxpence, an' I'm takin' no risks."

Mines in Warfare.

A land mine in warfare consists of a charge of high explosive buried in the ground, and arranged so as to explode when the enemy's troops are over it. Mines are also used in siege warfare, tunnels being driven under the enemy's fortifications and enormous quantities of high explosive placed in them.

Miniature Cattle.

The smallest cows in the world are found in the Samoan islands. The average weight does not exceed 150 pounds, while the bulls weigh about 200 pounds. They are about the size of a Merino sheep.

Keep Up the Fight.

This alone is thy concern, to fight manfully, and never, however manifold thy wounds, to lay down thine arms, or to take to flight.—Lorenzo Scupoli.

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ICE CREAM, CANDIES, FRUITS, CIGARS, TOBACCOS
Home made ice cream furnished for all social functions, in lots of ten gallons or over. Special price $1.00. Phone 39-R

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From $40.00 up
Gasoline Engines
Hopper or Screen Cooled, Stationary or Mounted, From 2 to 25 horse-power at lowest prices. Guaranteed.
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FARM TOOLS, Cement, Sand, Building Tile, Rock Phosphate and Ground Limestone. Our prices are right.
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Village and farm REAL ESTATE LOANS made without commission.
Three per cent interest paid on savings accounts of $1.00 or more—automatic recording banks free to savings depositors.
The bank owns and offers for sale selected FIRST MORTGAGE bonds, payable semi-annually—price, par and accrued interest, including $500 gold bonds of Swift & Co., $100 farm mortgage bonds of Pearsons-Taft Land Credit Co.
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It's different—it really wears
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Brief Personal Items

ABOUT THE VISITOR AND VISITED

Mrs. Emily Eilers of Chicago called on friends here Monday.

Miss Rose and Edwin Volker spent Sunday at the home of an aunt in Chicago.

Miss Natalie Gillette returned Wednesday noon from several days spent in Chicago.

Mrs. P. A. Hawley went to Oak Park on Wednesday morning to stay with relatives two days.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Panter and two sons moved Tuesday into the Gieske house on Franklin street.

George Banks and family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chesley Burns in Irving Park.

Rev. H. Haag is getting better from his recent illness but improvement is slow and he is still quite a sick man.

Miss Georgia Sayler, a Chicago school teacher, was a guest at the home of Lyman Powers last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hatje and Miss Hilda and Master Earl Hatje spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Curry at Oak Park.

Miss Esther Rockenbach of Wheeling was a guest at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. G. Catlow, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Oscar Maynard and family moved Wednesday from Station street to the rear of the Lamey building on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Alexander of Station street will leave Saturday for a month's visit with relatives in Carlisle, Kentucky.

Misses Zoe and Zella Mickey of Spring Lake returned Wednesday noon from a visit with a sister, Mrs. William Soo in Wilmette.

Mrs. Rieka Gieske of Grove avenue was called to Wheaton last Friday by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. William Antholtz, who has pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Abbott of Hoopeston will be here next week at the home of their son, Willard Abbott, and will leave a few days afterwards for California.

Mrs. Waldo Hennings of Elgin was here from Saturday to Monday visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Hannah Wiseman, Main street and her brother-in-law, John Hennings.

Mrs. F. F. Miller and son of Chicago who came the middle of last week to visit at John Schwemm's returned home Sunday night. Mr. Miller was here for Sunday also.

George Schlafer of Gordon, Wisconsin, visited with friends here Sunday and Monday. He went to Chicago Monday afternoon and went from there to Michigan on a business trip.

Mrs. F. J. Alverson and daughter returned Saturday from Washington, D. C., where they spent the winter. The family will again occupy their former home on Garfield street.

The family of August Salow moved Thursday to Glassford, near Peoria, where Mr. Salow will conduct a hardware store. Miss Clarabelle Salow remained here to visit friends a few days.

Jack Quinlan of Chicago was a visitor on Saturday and Sunday at the Abbott home. He comes out to Barrington three evenings a week to assist Willard Abbott with his automobile repair business.

Prof. and Mrs. E. S. Smith attended a banquet in the crystal room of the Hotel Sherman, Chicago, Saturday evening at a reunion of the students of Dixon college, Illinois, at which institution both of them were former students. There were about 150 present.

Rev. G. H. Lockhart visited in Beloit the first part of the week, returning Wednesday evening. Miss Lorena Lockhart was there from Friday to last evening and Herbert Lockhart returned Saturday from a visit of a few days in that city with his brother.

Mrs. Mary Collens of Lake street had severe attacks of nervous exhaustion on Friday and Monday nights and it was feared she might not survive. Her son, Roy Collens, of Chicago, was called Monday and returned to the city the next day as his mother was so improved that she seemed beyond danger. However her weak condition caused by long illness makes her in a precarious condition and she will be unable to see callers for some time.

FOR SALE

Must be sold at once 6 room house, South Hawley st., furnace heat, gas, electric light, city water, etc. an acre of land; only $2,000 if taken now.

Barrington lots only $350, cement sidewalk, city water, gas, electricity, etc.

R.G.Munday
Telephone 60-J

No Use to Try and wear out your cold —it will wear you out instead.

Thousands keep on suffering Coughs and Colds through neglect and delay.

Why make yourself an easy prey to serious ailments and epidemics as the result of a neglected Cold? Coughs and Colds rip your strength and vitality unless checked in the early stages. Dr. King's New Discovery is what you need—the first dose helps. Your head clears up, you breathe freely and you feel so much better. Buy a 50c bottle to-day and start taking at once.

Mrs. David Moore, Saginaw, Ala., writes: "My husband had a Cough for fifteen years and tried a number of other remedies without success, a sample bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery gave relief, and after taking several bottles was sound and well."

Excellent for Children's Coughs. They like Dr. King's New Discovery, it's so pleasant. Trial bottle mailed on receipt of 4c in stamps.

For a laxative use Dr. King's New Life Pills. Mild, don't gripe.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.
639 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Subscribe for the Review.

Arrested for Resisting Quarantine.

Twenty-five Illinois farmers, including three young women, are facing federal prosecution for resisting enforcement of the recent quarantine regulations established as a protection against the spread of the foot-and-mouth epidemic among cattle. District Attorney Charles F. Clyne received orders from Attorney General Gregory Monday to proceed with a grand jury investigation of the offenses.

The farmers to be prosecuted are scattered through De Page, McHenry, Lake, De Kalb, Whiteside, Ogle and Boone counties. Complaints against all of them have been formulated and signed by federal quarantine officers who were repulsed by the angry farmers. Some of the officers were chased off the farms by farmers with shotguns, pitchforks and other weapons.

The offenses were committed during January and the early part of February. Dr. S. E. Bennett, chief of the bureau of animal industry in charge of the quarantine in Illinois, brought the matter to the attention of District Attorney Clyne. Mr. Clyne put the case up to the department at Washington. The statute on which prosecution is based carries a penalty in case of conviction of a maximum fine of $1,000 or three years in the penitentiary, or both.

Nothing new has developed around Barrington this week. The cattle on the Stewart farm, south west of here were killed Saturday. If the situation does not change, all advertised auctions will take place.

Confirmation Service.

Next Sunday morning, February 28, the annual confirmation service will be held at St. Paul's church on east Main street at ten o'clock. The Rev. Eugene Wilking will have charge of the ceremony of examining and approving of the children presented for confirmation. These are Anna Loechelt, Rieka Doswaldt, Ella Altenburg, Esther Berlin, Frieda Jahnke, Ida Ellinghusen, Essie Winkler, Hilda Thomfohrda, August Mavis and August Naggatz. The German school which these students attended since it opened in November closes Friday. Mr. Wilking will occupy the pulpit also on March 7, after which he will move to Belvidere. There will be no morning service on March 14, 21 and 28, but an afternoon meeting will be held on those days which will be in charge of the new pastor, Rev. Tietke, will come down from his present pastorate at Crystal Lake. He will move to Barrington with his family the first of April, Mrs. Tietke, a son and daughter.

Subscribe for the Review.

BRIEF MENTION OF NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Happenings of the Week Told in Short Paragraphs—What's Doing in Our Hustling Village.

The Friday Pleasure club surprised J. G. Catlow last Thursday with a card party at his home in honor of his birthday.

The Annis club girls of the Methodist church were entertained at the home of Miss Stella Roloff at Park Ridge Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ J. Hartz of Palatine township will celebrate their 25th wedding anniversary with a party at their farm on Saturday evening, March 6.

A birthday luncheon was served at the Women's Relief Corps meeting Wednesday afternoon by Mesdames B. Scott, W. Abbott, S. Dohmeyer and H. Frick.

During the Lenten season there is a preaching service every Wednesday evening at St. Paul's church on east Main street. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. E. D. Prouty and Mrs. Anton Wasehek gave a benefit card party Tuesday afternoon at the Prouty home for a sick woman of the village. Twenty-five cents was charged each player. They raised about five dollars.

The Merri Octavus club of young women gave a gentlemen's night at the Abbott home on Main street Monday evening. Miss Rose Volker and Thomas Wood took first prizes.

Wallace Ehlert of Cook street will be unable to work for about two weeks on account of a broken bone at the base of the third finger of his right hand caused by the weight of a large gasoline tank which fell on his hand Monday evening. He drives the Standard Oil company's wagon in this vicinity.

Dorothy and Carl Wolchelt gave a Washington birthday party on Monday evening to twelve little friends who enjoyed the decorations of the house and supper table which were pretty and appropriate to the day. Two games, "Crossing the Delaware" and planting paper cherries to the knots on a paper tree were very amusing.

The O. Y. club boys gave a supper for members at their club rooms in the Pecan building on Monday evening. The ladies of the Dorcas society of the Baptist church served a very good menu with chicken for the meat course. Mrs. Fred Stott and the Misses Mabel Peck, Violet Ulitsch and Edith Hans were serving maids. The national colors were used in various ways for decorations.

Henry Klucins of Chicago, a boy of 16 years, was found on the street in Barrington Tuesday evening by Marshal Peters and taken to the Mayor's office to explain why he was wandering away from home. He said he was trying to get out to Mittorbacher's fishing resort, northwest of town on the Fox river, where he wanted to get work. Mrs. Mitterbacher was telephoned and said she could not employ him, but as she knew his people she would pay his carfare back to the city and so the young fellow was sent home.

The annual "Thank Offering" program of the Women's Foreign Missionary society will be given at the Methodist church Sunday, February 28, at 10:45 a. m. V. M. Ilahi-Baksh, a native of India, who is at present a student in Northwestern university, has been secured to give the thank offering address. The thank offering fund is for the purpose of the building and maintenance of schools, hospitals and missionary homes. This meeting affords splendid opportunity for expressing in a substantial way, appreciation for many blessings. All are cordially invited.

George Banks took his Sunday school class of six boys to Chicago last Sunday morning to visit the Sunday school at nine thirty of the First Baptist church, South Park avenue and Thirty-first street, and to attend the morning service. They were Ray Powers, Paul Banks, Alphonzo Wagner, Eugene Bennett, William Hall and Clifton Collins. The superintendent of a class of boys there had promised them that if ever the class reached the number of thirty in attendance at any one meeting he would give them a steeplechase machine, so that the presence of the Barrington boys that did swelled the number to the promised figure and the city boys doubly welcomed the village fellows.

Notice to Candidates.

Persons who will be candidates for office in Cuba township at the primary election to be held March 20 are hereby notified that they must file in writing with the undersigned, a request that their names be placed on the ballots, giving the office for which they are candidates. Such requests must be filed on or before March 5, 1915.

Candidates for the following offices are to be nominated:

One Commissioner of Highways
One Thistle Commissioner

Dated this 24th day of February, A. D. 1915.

E. F. SCHAEDE,
Town Clerk.

Government Issues 1914 Crop Report.

The crop reporting board of the Federal Department of Agriculture has just made public its estimate of the 1914 farm crops of the United States. Fourteen crops, covering 400,782,000 acres or 92 per cent of the nation's cultivated area are included in the report and the combined farm value of all products is estimated at $4,946,000,000.

Although the 1914 production of crops is 10 per cent greater than the previous year the aggregate farm value is $20,000,000 less.

Both the wheat and the cotton crops of the nation in 1914 were the largest on record. The cotton crop was nearly 16,000,000 bales and the wheat production was approximately 891,000,000 bushels. While the 1914 cotton crop was approximately 1,800,000 bales more than the one of 1913 the value was $306,000,000 less. Cotton in 1913 averaged $22.20 per acre against $14.14 in 1914. The yield per acre in 1914 was 25 pounds more than in 1913 but the price per pound in 1914 was 6.8 cents and 12.2 cents in 1913.

SCHOOL NOTES

A Babcock milk tester has been purchased and a class of boys will begin making a semi-official test soon.

The spelling contest for Division 1 of Cook county will be held here Friday afternoon. The winner in this contest will enter the county contest.

Wednesday afternoon the junior class pupils completed examinations with their zoology test. These papers will be shown at the annual school exhibit, April 9, 1915.

Last Friday evening the high school had a George Washington costume party following the monthly meeting of the literary society. A good program was enjoyed all who took part doing exceptionally well. Verne Hawley was present and took several flash light pictures.

Report of attendance and punctuality for the past week. To compute the percentage, one tardiness is considered equivalent to two days absence.

	Rank	Per ct
Room 7	1	99.09
" 2	2	98.8
" 3	3	98.07
" 4	4	97.84
High school	5	97.50
Room 1	6	94.37
" 5	7	93.85
" 6	8	93.82

Colds Are Often Most Serious—Stop Possible Complications.

The disregard of a cold has often brought many a regret. The fact of sneezing, coughing or a feverishness is warning enough that your system needs immediate attention. Certainly loss of sleep is most serious. It is a warning given by nature. It is a man's duty to himself to resist by doing his part. Dr. Kings new discovery is based on a scientific analysis of colds. 50c at your druggist. Buy a bottle today.

Subscribe for the Review.

Business Notices

Advertisements in this column cost five cents per line, and a minimum charge of 25 cents is made. Where advertisements are to be booked the minimum charge is 50 cents for the first time, first insertion, and eight cents for each additional line; subsequent insertions are charged at five cents a line.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House containing nine rooms on Grove avenue. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT—The Boehmer house on Lake street now occupied by Fred Ertman will be for rent March 1. Apply to JOHN G. PLAGGE. tf

FOR RENT—Flat in Lamey building. Modern improvements. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.

Bids will be received on two shares of the capital stock of the First State Bank of Barrington. Address this office.

FOR SALE—Incubator and brooder, good as new. Apply to P. C. CANNON, Barrington, Ill.

FOR SALE—Nice large bed with spring and mattress, $6.00.
REV. E. WILKING.

Pursuant to the terms of the will of the late Caroline E. H. Ela, I hereby offer for sale lots 22, 23 and 24 in the East half Section 4, Township 42 North, Range 10 (except railroad), containing about 105 acres of timber land on the East side of Deer Grove. Price $75.00 per acre.
JOHN ROBERTSON, Executor.

FOR SALE—Two heating stoves and a lot of stove pipe. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—In accordance with the will of the late Mary Shufeldt, I offer for sale the farm owned by her consisting of 203 acres situated within one half mile of the corporate limits of the Village of Barrington.
tf. MILES T. LAMEY, Executor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST—Somewhere in the downtown district, pocketbook containing sum of money. A suitable reward will be given for its return to this office.

Call up or write M. E. Plate, Electrical Contractor for house wiring, electric fixtures or motor work, Phone 4, Palatine, Illinois.

Subscribe for the Review.

PATTIES

Wintergreen Peppermint
Maple or Chocolate

25c per pound

F. O. STONE
I CATER TO PARTICULAR PEOPLE

When in Lake Zurich—

For your Cigars, Tobaccos, Confections, Patent Medicines and Jewelry go to the up-to-date Confectionery Store of

Frank Brothers

SHUFELDT FARM SALE

William Peters, Auctioneer

The Mary Shufeldt farm, comprising about two hundred acres of land on both sides of the County Line Road, one-half mile east of Barrington, will be sold at auction **Tuesday, March 2, 1915,** at three o'clock, p. m., at the Village Hall in Barrington. Bids will be received both on separate parcels and on entire farm. Successful bidders must deposit ten per cent of purchase price on day of sale. Balance payable on delivery of deed. Abstracts to date of sale will be furnished purchasers.

MILES T. LAMEY, Executor



LAMEY & COMPANY
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

"61" FLOOR VARNISH
Gives a hard, shiny coating—elastic too
LAMEY & CO., BARRINGTON

WEEK'S NEWS
Summarized for Very Busy Readers

European War News

German official statement issued at Berlin announced captures in the battle of the Mazurian lake district of East Prussia have increased to seven generals and one hundred thousand men; 150 cannon taken.

• • •

When news of the Russian occupation of Ardahan was received the Mussulmans of Ardanuten killed one hundred and fifty Armenians. Two hundred and fifty Armenians were massacred at Tamvot, and the women were carried into captivity.

• • •

Repulse of many Russian attacks in Russia Poland and West Galicia with the capture of 2,000 prisoners and much war material south of the Dniester, was claimed in an official dispatch from Vienna. Since January Austrians claimed to have captured 40,000 prisoners.

• • •

Lieutenant Count von Bassewitz-Lovetzow, son of the premier of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and brother-in-law of Prince Oscar, fifth son of Emperor William of Germany, has been killed in the eastern zone of war.

• • •

Another distinguished soldier of France, General Loyzeau de Grand Maison, has been killed in battle. The death in battle of M. Chevillon, member of the chamber of deputies for Bouches-du-Rhone, was announced in the chamber at Paris.

• • •

According to advices received at Berlin Captain Smith of American steamer Evelyn informed German authorities his ship came to grief through advice of a British naval boarding officer, who instructed him to follow the course on which he struck the mine instead of the northerly course as laid down in the German instructions. Thirteen of crew missing.

• • •

A Zeppelin airship flew over Calais, France, dropping bombs which killed five civilians. Afterwards it bombarded the Dunkirk railway.

• • •

American steamship Evelyn, with a cargo of cotton for Bremen, struck a mine off Borkum island in the North sea. Vessel sank. Captain and crew of 27 saved. Not learned what nation placed mine. Other ships sunk in the war zone within 24 hours were: Downshire, Irish coasting steamer, sunk by submarine, crew saved; British transport (?), with troops; British steamer (?), accompanying transport; mine searcher of allies, hit by mine near Newport.

• • •

Another air raid was made on England by a German aviator. Bombs dropped on Braintree, Colchester, 50 miles from London. No lives lost. Small damage to property. Flyer escaped.

• • •

Turkish forts on both sides of Dardanelles subjected to a constant bombardment lasting two days, in which the united British and French Mediterranean fleets were assisted by a large squadron of seaplanes and aeroplanes. Forts on European side silenced. Only one of the forts on the Asiatic side still firing.

Domestic

Ralph W. Benson, dealer in railroad supplies, sued for $25,000 at New York by Miss Pearl Zinn for alleged breach of promise. He is married.

• • •

Mob stormed jail at Pleasant Hill, Mo., and lynched W. F. Williams. When officers accosted Williams he opened fire. Ryan and Policeman Poladexter killed.

• • •

Building and plant of Register and Leader; morning and Tribune, afternoon newspaper, were destroyed by fire at Des Moines, Ia. Loss exceeds $200,000.

• • •

Agents of the big steamship lines dealing from New York say they see nothing in the proclamation of German sea zone to cause any change in plans for transportation of either passenger or freight liners. Carried more passengers and freight than they have in a single day in months, it was said.

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Post office safe at Ladoga, Ind., robbed of $500 worth of stamps; burglars escaped.

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The vault in the Citizens' State bank at Farmersburg, Ind., was blown open and $5,000 stolen.

• • •

Prosecution of Illinois farmers who resisted the inspection of cattle by federal and state veterinarians in search of herds affected by the foot-and-mouth disease will be started by the government, it was announced at Chicago.

• • •

Engineer James Maxwell was killed, a mail clerk fatally injured, fireman lost his life and eight passengers were injured when Chicago Great Western passenger train No. 1 was wrecked at Talmage, Ia.

Shad Fennell, negro charged by police with five murders, killed at Dallas, Tex., and Charles Gunning, detective, wounded in a revolver battle between negro and detectives.

• • •

An order for 300 large armored motor trucks costing about one million five hundred thousand dollars was placed by the Russian government with a Harrisburg (Pa.) concern.

Foreign

Critical situation brought about by the German naval demonstration, has greatly impressed governmental circles in Holland. No real uneasiness is felt as to Holland's position, but every precaution has been taken by all branches of the defensive forces in view of possible eventualities.

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About one hundred Americans are marooned in Paris and unable to cross the English channel because of the cancellation of sailings due to the German submarine blockade.

• • •

Violent demonstration by thousands of Italians against Germany and Austria marked opening of parliament at Rome. Mob sought to force deputies to take action towards intervention in war. Troops dispersed rioters.

Mexican Revolt

How W. O. Jenkins, consular agent of the United States at Puebla, Mexico, was confronted by a firing squad of Carranza troops who were about to execute him when he was saved by the timely arrival of an officer, is revealed in long report received by the state department at Washington.

Sporting

Jack Johnson is on Mexican soil. He is expected at Juarez, where he will meet Jess Willard in their fight for the heavyweight championship of the world on March 6.

Washington

Emphatic denial of impeachment charges pending against him was made by Federal Judge A. G. Dayton of West Virginia before the investigating subcommittee of the house judiciary committee at Washington. He said he had been subjected to espionage in his private affairs.

• • •

President Wilson nominated the members of the interstate trade-commission at Washington. He sent to the senate the names of Joseph E. Davies, Edward Nash Hurley of Chicago, William J. Harris of Georgia, William H. Parry of Seattle, Wash., and George Rublee of Cornish.

• • •

Secretary Daniels of Washington ordered Commander Walter R. Gherardi, American naval attache at Berlin, to investigate and make a full report on the destruction of American steamer Evelyn. Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee said he could see no complications arising from the destruction of the Evelyn.

• • •

Intervention by the United States, Argentina, Brazil and Chile to police Mexico and establish order was urged in the senate at Washington by Senator Fall of New Mexico.

• • •

The senate naval committee at Washington decided to enlarge the submarine arm of the sea defense of the nation. In calling up the army appropriation bill Senator Chamberlain declared in favor of a moderate army of from 85,000 to 125,000 men and said any further reorganization of the army must go over to the next congress.

• • •

The Army and Navy Journal in an editorial urged President Wilson to mobilize at once 1,000,000 volunteers. Purpose, editorial says, is not to make war, but to avoid war by preserving neutrality and maintaining country's honor and dignity.

• • •

The loyal support of those of German blood in this country to the government of the United States was pledged in the house at Washington by Representative Richard Bartholdt of St. Louis in his farewell speech.

• • •

Guns for American coast defense of greater range and power than any that could be arrayed against them, additional cannon for the Panama canal and the construction of 16 submarines for the use of the navy were steps proposed in a report of the army board submitted by Garrison to house committee at Washington for strengthening the national defense.

• • •

President Wilson informed a delegation of women who called at the White House at Washington to urge an embargo on arms and ammunition that he regarded such a position as unneutral.

• • •

A flash from President Wilson in Washington on Saturday formally opened the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco.

• • •

President Wilson and the cabinet decided at their meeting in Washington to make a strong protest to Japan against the demands made by that government upon China.

• • •

In a note drafted by the cabinet at a momentous meeting at the White House in Washington, President Wilson will tell Germany that her "war zone" decree is in violation of treaty stipulations entered into with the United States, which guarantees to the United States noninterference with its sea commerce.

Interessante Neuigkeiten aus Welt und Leben und allen Landteilen.

Lügen verbreitet gegen Deutsch-Amerikaner.

Die N. Y. Eve. Post veröffentlichte dieser Tage einen „A German-American Menace" überschriebenen Aufsatz, der weiter nichts ist als eine lamentable Paradoxie der von Professor Taylor ausgesprochenen Ansicht: „This is not patriotism; it is pure alienism", was so viel heißen soll als: Die Deutsch-Amerikaner sind alles andere als wahrhaft treue amerikanische Bürger; ihre Bestrebungen und Bemühungen in der Neutralitätsfrage beweisen das. Bekanntlich hat genannte New Yorker Blatt doch geradezu: „Zum ersten Male in der Geschichte unseres Landes haben sie (die Deutsch-Amerikaner) die Bürgertreue der im Auslande geborenen Bürger in Frage gestellt. Nicht sowohl ihre Treue im Krieg, sondern jene, tiefere, festere und edlere Treuebetätigung für unsere Einrichtungen, das wir, von allen Amerikanern zu erwarten, ein Recht haben." Dann — und nun schießt der empörte New Yorker Postschreiber einen geistigen Purzelbaum von geradezu köstlicher Possierlichkeit — „niemand vermag zu gleicher Zeit die deutsche Autokratie und amerikanisches repräsentatives Regierungssystem zu verteidigen".

Deutschland eine Autokratie! Die Autokraten Urheber des Krieges! England, Frankreich und Rußland Befreier des deutschen Volkes und wir" deren stiller Teilnehmer (25 Prozent Profit für alle Waffenlieferanten)! Die Deutsch-Amerikaner aber schlechte amerikanische Bürger, weil sie, trotzdem sie Bürger dieser Republik sind, die Autokratie beschützen wollen. Das wäre so des Pudels Kern! Gerade gegen diese, so schreibt mit Recht die „America", auf verkehrten, von England aus verbreiteten Ansichten beruhende Neutralität wendet sich der Deutsch-Amerikaner mit seinen Protesten. Fest davon überzeugt, daß das Bündnis zwischen England und Japan die Sicherheit unseres Landes, die Entwicklung unserer Industrien und zudem unsere Stellung als Großmacht am Stillen Ozean, dem Weltmeer, gefährden müßte, wenn der Plan der Koalition, Deutschland zu vernichten und Oesterreich aus der Reihe der Großmächte mit Gewalt auszulöschen, gelingen sollte. Mit einem, durch den Eintritt des Ereignisse in Europa geschärften Blick durchschaut er die Gefahr, die unserem Lande droht. Obwohl überzeugt, daß das perfide Albion, wenn ihm unsere Konkurrenz auf dem Weltmarkt peinlich werden wird, ein gegen die Vereinigten Staaten gerichtetes Bündnis zustande bringen wird, uns einkreisen wird, wie es Deutschland einkreist, bekämpft er jede Bevorzugung Großbritanniens, weil nur eine solche Schlange stark machen, die uns bei nächster Gelegenheit umschlingen wird, um uns zu erdrücken.

Wer diese Ansicht unamerikanisch nennt, behauptet, jene, die sich dazu bekennen, vergingen sich gegen die Bürgertreue, beweist nur, daß er Englands Schleppenträger ist und sich und andere verpflichtet glaubt, die nach dem Londoner Aichmaße festgesetzten Anschauungen zu verteidigen. Dabei gibt man sich aber den Anschein, jede von dieser abweichende Ansicht für völlig unamerikanisch zu halten. Den größten Nachdruck legt man daher auf die Behauptung, die Deutsch-Amerikaner, die den Kampfruf „Los von England" erhoben, seien eingewanderte, naturalisierte Bürger. Tatsächlich nehmen überall hier im Lande geborene Deutsch-Amerikaner, deren Väter vor 50, 60, 70 Jahren ins Land kamen, hervorragenden Anteil an der Bewegung, die eine endgültige Befreiung Amerikas aus den Fesseln des Engländer- und Torytums zur Aufgabe hat.

Wir Deutsch-Amerikaner bilden ein volles Viertel der Einwohnerschaft Amerikas; wir haben seit der Gründung New Yorks und Germantowns unser voll gerüttelts Maß zur Entwicklung des Landes und zu jenem ruhmreichen politischen und erfolgreichen wirtschaftlichen Aufstiegen beigetragen. Und wir sind es satt, diese Vereinigten Staaten als eine Art britische Dependence betrachtet zu sehen, deren Bürger sich nach John Bullscher Art kaufeln müssen und wie er spucken sollen.

Und eben diese Erkenntnis hat uns der Weltkrieg gebracht: England läßt keinen Konkurrenten neben sich aufkommen. [illegible] bedeutet für uns eine Gefahr. Ein kleiner Teil des amerikanischen Volkes hegt Tory-Gesinnung. Es sind das gewisse reichgewordene Bourgeoisies, denen der englische, volkverächtende Kastengeist besser zusagt, als das demokratische Wesen unseres Landes, und dann eine kleine Schar Intellektuals, von der man nicht genau weiß, ob sie aus Ueberzeugung Tories sind oder, weil der rollende Sovereign sie auf seiner Weltreise ereicht hat.

Im übrigen lassen uns solch Erscheinungen, wie sie die N. Y. Eve. Post zu erteilen beliebt, kalt. Auf ihren wahrheitsvollen Schluß: Die Deutsch-Amerikaner sollten sehen, daß, als Ergebnis des Krieges, die Einrichtungen Deutschlands so abgeändert werden würden, daß sie den unseren mehr ähnelten, antworten wir mit: Wir überlassen das dem deutschen Volke, da wir hier die große Aufgabe vor uns sehen, aus der im Liberalismus begründeten Bourgeoisrepublik einen wahren Volksstaat zu gestalten, in dem die soziale Gerechtigkeit nicht länger von der allmächtigen Geldkaste geraubt wird. Als Feinden des Plutokratismus, der von ihm geforderten Korruption, der anglo-sächsischen Heuchelei, aller Unnatur möge die N. Y. Eve. Post ihnen dann den Ausspruch entgegenhalten:

It is as if they sought to make themselves feared and disliked.

Englands Seeherrschaft geht zu Ende.

Die deutsche Admiralität hat die folgende Bekanntmachung herausgegeben:

Die Gewässer um Großbritannien und Irland, einschließlich des ganzen englischen Kanals, werden vom 18. Februar als Kriegszone angesehen werden.

Jedes feindliche Schiff, das in dieser Kriegszone aufgefunden wird, wird zerstört werden, wenn es auch unmöglich ist, Gefahren zu beseitigen, die der Besatzung und Passagieren des Schiffes drohen.

Auch neutrale Schiffe in dieser Kriegszone sind in Gefahr, da es durch den Mißbrauch neutraler Flaggen, welcher von der britischen Regierung am 31. Januar angeordnet wurde, und mit Rücksicht auf die Unsicherheit von Kämpfen zur See ist nicht immer vermieden läßt, daß feindliche Schiffe durch Angriffe auf Angriffe des Feindes in Gefahr gebracht werden.

Die Schiffahrt nördlich um den Shetland Inseln in den östlichen Gewässern der Nordsee und in einem Streifen von einer Breite von 30 Seemeilen entlang der Küste von Holland ist ebenfalls der Gefahr ausgesetzt.

In einer amtlichen Erklärung im „Reichsanzeiger" weist die deutsche Admiralität darauf hin, daß England beabsichtige, im Frühjahre große Truppen massen, die sich jetzt in der Ausbildung befinden, über den Kanal nach Frankreich hinüberzuwerfen, und fügt hinzu, daß die deutsche Marine jede zu ihrer Verfügung stehende Kriegsmethode gegen diese Truppentransporte anwenden werde. Dies bedeutet natürlich, daß die deutsche Marine einen energischen Angriffskrieg durch Unterseeboote gegen diese Truppen-Transportschiffe eingeleitet beabsichtigt, und daß sie damit auch zweifellos den Engländern äußerst traurige Resultate bringen wird, geht aus den einzig bedeutenden Erfolgen der deutschen Unterseeboote in der Irischen See hervor.

Die Handelsschiffahrt neutraler Staaten wird in der gleichen amtlichen Erklärung gewarnt, sich von der Nordwestküste Frankreichs fernzuhalten, da sie sonst ebenfalls Gefahr laufen würde. Aller Handelsverkehr nach der Nordsee sollte um die Nordküste von Schottland herumgeleitet werden. Anscheinend werden auch von deutscher Seite Minensperren gegen die britischen Truppen-Transportschiffe in Anwendung kommen, denn Unterseeboote stellen bekanntlich zunächst stets die Nationalität der angreifenden Schiffe fest, ehe sie ihre tödringenden Torpedos abschießen.

Obgleich man in London die Besetzung Deutschlands, die britischen Inseln, mit seinen Unterseebooten feinzubuttekn", bespöttelt, befindet sich England jetzt in größerer Aufregung über diese neue Entwicklung der Situation zur See als zu irgendeiner Zeit seit Ausbruch der Feindseligkeiten.

Die ganze Presse läßt alle anderen Kriegsnachrichten, selbst den Verlust der Türken, den Suez-Kanal zu überschreiten, zurücktreten gegen die Nachrichten aus Berlin, die in allen Blättern an der Spitze erscheinen.

PRICE IS NOT FIXED

HEAD OF CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE APPEARS AT PRICE INQUIRY IN NEW YORK.

BLAMES THE WAR FOR COST

C. H. Canby Tells United States Investigators There Is No Danger of Wheat Shortage—Opposes Embargo on Exportation of Grain.

New York, Feb. 25.—At the resumption of the attorney general's investigation of the increased cost of wheat bread and flour, C. H. Canby, president of the Chicago board of trade, the first of several witnesses of national reputation on the subject under inquiry, gave his views on price advances.

Mr. Canby denied speculation was responsible for the high price of wheat. He asserted that the law of supply and demand has caused a steady rise in the price of grain and that the present quotations are induced by the European demand.

Mr. Canby said that the United States still has 75,000,000 bushels to export.

"There is no shortage and no danger of one," he continued.

"The rate of exportation has slowed down and indications are for continued diminution until the new crop is harvested. The high cost of ocean freights—practically double what they were at the outset of the war—is one cause for this lessening of the outward tide. That has discouraged exports and has resulted in a gradual lowering of prices. There will be less buying for future delivery from now on."

Mr. Canby announced himself as opposed to an embargo on the exportation of wheat.

"That would be tampering with the laws of supply and demand," he said. "The farmer is really selling wheat for less than it is worth, in a world sense, at the present time. Just think what Germany would pay for 500,000,000 bushels if she could get it."

SWEITZER BEATS HARRISON

Chicago's Mayor Loses Nomination for Re-Election—W. H. Thompson, Republican, Wins.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—Robert M. Sweitzer on Tuesday defeated Carter H. Harrison for the Democratic mayoralty nomination by a plurality of approximately 75,000.

Chicago's five-time mayor met the most crushing defeat ever recorded in a mayoralty fight since the enactment of the direct primary law.

That the entire Sullivan-Sweitzer slate had won with the head of the ticket was indicated.

The vote was the largest ever cast in a Democratic primary in Chicago. The total was approximately 300,000. Sweitzer received five women's votes to Harrison's three. Returns gave Sweitzer a lead of 74,723 over Harrison. Sweitzer received 121,307 men's votes to Harrison's 65,795. Sweitzer's plurality of the men's vote was 54,512. Sweitzer received the vote of 54,821 women. Harrison received 34,610, thus giving Sweitzer a plurality of 20,211.

William Hale Thompson won the Republican nomination for mayor by a plurality placed at approximately 1,000 over Judge Harry Olson fusion candidate.

SECOND U. S. SHIP IS SUNK

Steamer Carib, Carrying Cargo of Cotton, Destroyed by Mine in North Sea—Fate of Crew in Doubt.

Berlin, Feb. 25 (via wireless).—The second American steamer sunk since the German proclamation establishing a war zone in the North sea went into effect struck a mine on Tuesday in the North sea, off the German coast, and sank. She was the steamer Carib, of the Clyde line, carrying a cargo of cotton to Bremen from Charleston, S. C., which port she left January 27. There is no news of the fate of the Carib's crew. The steamer was not following the route laid down by the German naval authorities for neutral shipping when she was destroyed.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW IS VALID

California Statute for Woman Workers Is Upheld by Federal Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The California eight-hour law for women providing that no woman shall be employed more than eight hours a day or more than 48 hours a week in any mercantile establishment, factory, hotel, hospital or apartment house, was held constitutional by the United States Supreme court on Tuesday.

Gain in U. S. Silk Imports.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Importations of raw silk in the fiscal year 1914, totaling 24,500,000 pounds, broke all records, according to the department of commerce announcement. This was an increase of 2,500,000 pounds.

Killed in Auto Accident.

New York, Feb. 25.—Miss Florence Murphy, aged twenty-two years, was killed and John Smith, twenty-two years old, seriously hurt when their automobile skidded and crashed against a fence on Staten Island.

THE EMBARGO ON WHEAT

The United States Wheat Production Admits of 100 Million Bushels for Export.

The talk in the press some little time back of placing an embargo on wheat, brought forcibly to the minds of the people of the United States a condition that may at some time in the near future face them. 100 million bushels of an export of wheat means a splendid revenue to the country as well as to the farmer, and if this were assured year after year, there would be reason for considerable congratulation. But last year's magnificent and abundant crop, which was estimated at 891 million bushels, cannot be expected every year. With a home consumption of 775 million bushels, and a production in many years of little more than this, the fact is apparent that at no early date the United States will have to import wheat. It will be then that the people of the United States will be looking to other markets for a supply. And it is then that the value of Western Canada lands will be viewed with considerable favor. The great area of wheat lands in Canada will then be called upon to provide the greatest portion of the old world's supply, and also, in the opinion of the writer, that of the United States as well. At present there are only about 12 million acres of these lands producing wheat. There are five times that many acres that can be brought under successful cultivation. Apart altogether from the value of these lands as wheat producers there is an increased value to them from the fact that the soil is especially adapted to the growing of many other kinds of grain as well as all manner of cultivated grasses, while the native grasses are a wonderful asset in themselves. The climate is especially favorable to the raising of live stock, such as horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. All these bring into the limelight the adaptability of the soil, the climate and all other necessary conditions, to the carrying on of dairy farming, in a most profitable way.

There is no question that high prices for all that the farmer can grow or raise will continue for some years, and this is the great opportune time to take advantage of what Western Canada offers. Lands may be had as a free grant. These are mostly always at the present time, but sooner or later will be well served by railways that are projected into these districts. Land may also be secured by purchase at reasonable price, and on easy terms from holders of same. In many cases farms partly improved may be rented. A Winnipeg paper said recently: "Canada wants American immigrants. They make good Canadian citizens." And then speaking of the erroneous impression that has gained some publicity in a portion of the United States press, says: "It cannot be too forcibly impressed upon the American mind that in coming to Canada they place themselves under the freest democracy the world knows. No citizen of this country, whether native or naturalized, can be compelled to military service. The only compulsion is the compulsion of conscience and patriotic duty. That is the motive that has proved thousands of Canadians to offer their lives. They are fighting as free men."—Advertisement.

GOOD FOR NATION'S HEALTH

Beneficial Results From Early Entry of Spring Vegetables Into the Markets of the Country.

One of the marvels of modern life is the early date when spring fruits and vegetables appear in the markets. Some years ago they almost always went north in a wilted condition. With modern facilities these products of southern latitudes appear in northern towns in marvelously fresh condition.

For the great majority of people prematurely early food products are an impossible luxury. But the growing wealth of the county is signified by the number of people who today feel that they can afford to buy these early garden products. For people of means it is a healthful way of spending money, which otherwise might go into highly seasoned cooking and stimulants.

Also the cost of these early products has not increased as much as one would expect. They are raised in so much larger quantities that competition keeps prices somewhere within reason. Regular markets have been established and transportation costs are greatly reduced through volume of traffic.—South Bend News-Times.

That Cured Him.

You should have seen the way Wolfes moaned over his petty ailments. He was one of those chaps who were always bewailing their ill state of health, when all that is really the matter with them is the need of a little lecturing.

"Oh, my chest, doctor!" he wailed to his physician one evening. "My lungs feel so compressed. Some people tell me to inhale sulphur fumes. Others recommend a seaside holiday. What would you advise me to do?"

"Try fresh air," said the doctor shortly. "Five dollars, please."

Dr. Marden's Uplift Talks

BY ORISON SWETT MARDEN.

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CULTIVATE THE HABIT OF CHEERFULNESS.

A woman in California, who because of crushing sorrow, had fallen a victim to despondency, insomnia and kindred ills, determined to throw off the gloom which was making life so heavy a burden to her, and established a rule that she would laugh at least three times a day, whether occasion presented or not. Accordingly, she trained herself to laugh heartily at the least provocation, and would retire to her room and make merry by herself. She was soon in excellent health and buoyant spirits, and her home became a sunny, cheerful abode.

To people who have lost the laughing habit I would say: Lock yourself in your room and practice smiling. Smile at your pictures, furniture, looking-glass, anything, just so the stiff muscles are brought into play again.

In order to become normal, the natural fun-loving forces within us must be released. Laughter is one form of exercise which sets them free, rescues men from the "blues."

Somewhere I have read of a man whose "laughing muscles" were so paralyzed that his laughter sounded like a voice from the tomb. American life is so serious that many men lose their power to laugh. They can force a little sepulchral chuckle, but the genuine side-shaking laughter is almost a stranger to their experience. They are in such a serious chase after the dollar, their life is so strenuous, so given to scheming and planning, that they do not have much time to laugh. They do not know the medicinal value there is in the habit of laughter, how it clears the cobwebs out of the brain, disposes of the pangs of worry and anxiety and business pressure, takes the mind off the grind of things, removes friction and helps to make life worth while.

You may not be able to cultivate the optimistic temperament to any great extent, if you lack it, but cheerfulness can be cultivated. We all know that if we brood over our sorrows, and dwell upon our misfortunes, our physical being very quickly sympathizes with our moods.

"Talk happiness. The world is sad enough without your woe."

A woman who has had great affliction says: "I have had nothing I could give but myself, and so I made the resolution that I would never sadden anyone with my troubles. I have laughed and told jokes when I could have wept. I have smiled in the face of every misfortune. I have tried to let everyone go away from my presence with a happy word and bright thought to carry with them. Happiness makes happiness, and I myself am happier than I would have been had I sat down and bemoaned my fate."

"Encourage your child to be merry and laugh aloud," says a great French surgeon. "A good hearty laugh expands the chest and makes the blood bound merrily along."

We realize that it is very necessary to train the mind in business principles; to train certain faculties to do special things, but do not seem to think it necessary to cultivate the habit of cheerfulness. Yet not even an education is as necessary to the child as the formation of the cheerful habit. This ought to be regarded as the first essential of the preparation for life—the training of the mind toward sunshine; the developing of every possibility of the cheerful faculties.

Cheerfulness is one of the great miracle-workers of the world. It reinforces the whole man, doubles and trebles his power, and gives new meaning to his life.

A SMILING FACE IS A GREAT HERITAGE.

"I jist lolke to let her in at the dure," said an Irish servant of a lady caller, "The very face of her does one good, shure."

How glad we all are to welcome sunny souls! We are never too busy to see them. There is nothing we welcome so much as sunshine. Someone has said, "A happy human face—it is the gift that may be made by poor or rich, by old or young. It is the gift to which all are entitled, with which all are pleased."

Oh, what riches live in a sunny soul; what a heritage is a smiling face—to be able to fling out sunshine everywhere one goes, to scatter the shadows and to lighten sorrowing hearts; to have the power to send cheer into despairing souls through a sunny and radiant disposition!

And yet all about us we see people going through life peddling vinegar, radiating bitterness, finding fault, and seeing only the ugly; worrying, fretting, cynical and pessimistic! Some people have a genius for seeing only the crooked, the evil and disagreeable. Pessimism is always a destroyer, never a producer.

We need more joy peddlers, and sunshine makers, more people who refuse to see the ugly, the bitter and the crooked; who see the world of beauty and perfection which God has made, and not the world which sin and discord and disease have made. We need people who see the man and woman whom God has made—pure, clean, sane, healthy—and not the ugly, diseased, discordant dwarf, the burlesque of man, which wrong thinking, wrong living and sin have made.

A cheerful, optimistic mind is a sort of a prism which brings the rainbow colors out of things which are invisible to the pessimist.

The prism does not make the colors in the spectrum. They are everywhere in the light before our eyes. Our light is made up of all the different colors of the rainbow. The prism merely separates them and makes them visible to the eye.

The ability to radiate sunshine is a greater power than beauty or wealth. If you would do the maximum of which you are capable, keep the mind filled with sunshine, with beauty and truth, with cheerful, uplifting thoughts. Bury everything that makes you unhappy and discordant, everything that cramps your freedom that worries you, before it hurles you.

Take joy with you; cling to it, no matter where you go or what you do. It is your lubricating oil which would prevent the jars, the discords, and shut out the sorrows of life.

True religion is full of hope, sunshine, optimism and cheerfulness. It is joyous and glad and beautiful. There is no Christianity in the ugly, the disagreeable, that, he said. The religion which Christ taught was bright, cheerful and beautiful. The sunshine, the "lilies of the field," the "birds of the air," the hills, the valleys, the trees, the mountains, the brooks—all things beautiful—were in his teaching. There was no cold, dry theology in it. It was just happy Christianity!

Refuse to be gloomy. Cheer up! Get your mind off your troubles. Do not think about them. Think of the bright things in life. Think gratefully of the good things you have. Wake up, and be cheerful.

Stops Heat Rays.

An interesting chemical paint which has the property of intercepting the heat rays of the sun, has recently been put on the market by a German concern. It may be applied to tin, corrugated iron, slate or glass, indeed, any material used in the roofing of buildings, and by its peculiar quality leaves the room beneath the roof comparatively cool. It is stated that the temperature of workrooms may be reduced from 15 to 20 degrees Fahrenheit, according to the surface which can be covered and the added efficiency of the workmen thus promoted is a direct and measurable gain. The paint is light blue in color, so that, if applied to glass, it does not appreciably interfere with the light. Its components are at present a trade secret, but the fact that many large electric and manufacturing companies in Germany are regular users is cited as evidence that it is practical.

Ancient Corn Mills.

These peculiar rock formations are hand mills, the most ancient of grist mills for grinding American corn. They have been used by the Navajo Indians of Arizona from time immemorial up to within a comparatively few years. There are 25 to 40 of them in the group, the lava rock in which they have been cut being especially favorable for grinding purposes.

The Navajos, unlike their more warlike neighbors, the Apaches, have been for the past 200 years a pastoral and industrial race of Indians, cultivating large acreages of grain and an entire tribe was wont to repair to these mortars near Sulphur Springs, where the squaws would spend several days making meal. Some of the old hangers-on at Sulphur Springs say that years ago there were many pestles or grinding stones lying around the "mill," but these have all been taken away by travelers as curiosities.

Thought and Action.

We build from within, outward, but the outward growth also sends down its roots within. We act according to the thoughts we cherish, and yet it is true that our actions have their reflex influence upon our thoughts. Do you wish to be brave and unselfish? Compel yourself to act as if you were, whatever your feeling, and your conduct will have its effect in strengthening your spirit. Do you desire to be temperate and kind in your judgment of others? Make your speech of that order and a like habit of thought will gradually become yours. The way to get anywhere is to start with the one step possible.

Old Registration System.

The papyri of the Roman period have conclusively proved that registration of land already existed in a highly elaborate form, and that it was instituted not only in the interests of the state, but also—some think even primarily—in the interests of private individuals. That point comes out clearly in an important edict of a first-century prefect, who ordains that contracts affecting real property were not to be drawn up without due authorization from the keepers of the public archives. These officials had to keep the registers up to date, entering in them all mortgages and other charges, as well as changes of ownership, and they were thus enabled to protect an intending purchaser from overnights and frauds.—New York Press.

Regimental Pets.

Some of the Canadian regiments took their pets to England with them. In front of one detachment during the march through Plymouth was a young trooper with the neck and shoulders of a wrestler, and on his shoulder, playing with his ear, was a tame white rat. Another battalion intends to take to the front a small, black bear captured in the Canadian woods.

SCIENCE BODY NAMES OFFICERS

Successful Meeting Is Held in City of Springfield.

GRANT IS NAMED PRESIDENT

Professor of Northwestern University at Evanston Is Honored—Several Interesting Addresses Are Delivered.

Springfield.—The state academy of science closed a successful meeting in the city of Springfield with the election of officers for the ensuing year. A number of interesting addresses were delivered by prominent scientists.

Prof. U. S. Grant of Northwestern university, Evanston, was elected president of the organization. Prof. C. H. Washburn, instructor in organic chemistry of the University of Illinois, Champaign, was chosen as vice-president; Prof. A. R. Crook, curator of the state museum, Springfield, as secretary, and Prof. H. S. Hopson, M. D., principal of Lake View high school of Chicago, treasurer.

Professor Grant is professor of geology in the Northwestern university, and is an eminent economic geologist. He is a member of the United States geological survey and was sent on a scientific expedition to Alaska by the government. He is a specialist in the study of iron ores, and also in lead and zinc. He is one of the most noted young geologists.

Charles H. Smith, Chicago, editor of "School Science and Mathematics," a scientific publication, was appointed chairman of the publication committee, and Prof. George Fuller, Chicago university as chairman of the membership committee.

The addresses given varied in their material of discussion and the study of water, germs, land deposits and plant distribution was taken up by the speakers in the department of botany, bacteriology and chemistry.

In the department of etymology, zoology and geology, insect, animal life and other classes of study to these scientific divisions were thoroughly discussed.

Prof. A. R. Crook, the retiring president, made the annual president's address, in which he spoke of the growth of the academy of science and the good work which it is accomplishing, better each year as the organization grows older. The success of the convention was largely due to the work of Professor Crook, who had charge of the meet.

This closed the two days convention of the organization.

The dinner served to the visiting delegates in the museum of the arsenal by the local members and the museum was an enjoyable affair and meal was served in a proficient manner.

The following resolutions were adopted by the academy in closing the session:

"The Illinois Academy of Science desires to record its deep appreciation of the splendid provision made for its annual meeting at Springfield, which has been one of the most successful it has ever had. The city of Springfield has extended a cordial welcome and has provided for the academy a beautifully that the occasion will remain a memorable one in the annals of the organization.

"First and foremost, the thanks of the academy are due to the trustees and staff of the state museum, each one of whom has contributed by every means in his power to the comfort and convenience of the members present.

"To the local committee and to the chairman and workers of the various subcommittees the academy is indebted for the foresight that has met every need in so satisfactory a manner and has enabled the organization to carry out its program rapidly and effectively.

"To Governor Dunne, ex-Governor Northcott, and to many others who rendered special service of great value the academy desires to express its appreciation for their willingness to add to an already overloaded program of duties and to lend material aid in making the Springfield meeting so marked a success.

"Finally, the academy feels understanding obligations to the president and other officers and members of the Springfield Commercial association, and to others, especially the singers, who planned and carried out an attractive a social gathering and banquet last evening. The members of the academy appreciate the opportunity of meeting personally the citizens of Springfield present at the banquet and believe that such personal contact and exchange of ideas will contribute much to the development and progress of the great state of Illinois."

Father of Clifford Dead.

Word was received in state house circles of the death in Champaign of Edward Clifford, father of Assistant State Treasurer W. Cass Clifford, and a well-known resident of Champaign and vicinity. Mr. Clifford was born in 1846. The decedent for 37 years was identified as an employee of the Illinois Central Railroad company, his work being between Champaign and Centralia. The funeral of Mr. Clifford was held at the residence in Champaign.

Adopt New Rule, Then Take Rest.

A rule reducing the number of standing committees from 67 to 33 was adopted by the house after stubborn opposition both in the rules committee and on the floor. The rule as finally adopted represented a compromise, the original draft having provided for only sixteen committees.

Lee O'Neil Browne fought the proposed reduction in the rules committee, but finally accepted the compromise and stood by it on the floor. Objections were made on the floor by Representative Purdum, who wished a committee on building and loan associations to be added, and by Representative Donahue, who asserted that the reform rules originated in Chicago and were not designed to benefit the farmers. Representatives Shurtleff and McCormick defended the change.

The house adopted a joint resolution (concurred in by the senate) adjourning the legislature until March 2 in order to give Speaker Shanahan time to name the committees.

Other reform rules were under consideration by the rules committee this afternoon and will be reported to the house on March 2.

The 33 standing committees decided upon by the house, together with the number of members of each, are as follows:

Committee.	No. members.
Agriculture	21
Appropriations	43
Banks and banking	21
Charities and corrections	15
Civil service	11
Congressional apportionment	13
Contingent expenses	11
Education	21
Efficiency and economy	11
Elections	21
Enrolled and engrossed bills	11
Farm drainage	11
Fish and game	11
Insurance	11
Industrial affairs	21
Judiciary	43
Judicial apportionment	13
Judicial department and practice	21
Liberal committee ("wet")	13
License and miscellany	11
Military affairs	11
Municipalities	21
Public utilities and transportation	21
Revenue	21
Rights of the minority	11
Roads and bridges	21
Rules—speaker and	15
Senatorial apportionment	13
Temperance ("dry")	13
Visit charitable institutions	5
Visit educational institutions	5
Visit penal institutions	5
Waterways	11

The first bills of the session were introduced in the house, three being admitted by unanimous consent because of their importance. The first, introduced by Tice of Menard, appropriated $1,000,000 to reimburse stock owners for losses sustained through the ravages of the foot-and-mouth disease.

The other two were on the same subject and were introduced by Duncan, of Grundy. One appropriates $1,300,000 for the payment of claims against the state on account of the slaughter of animals because of the disease. The other provides the method of payment of such claims.

A bill also was introduced in the senate by Senator Glackin of Chicago eliminating from the state primary election act the requirement that voters shall state their age when they are registered.

State Is Told Need of Waterway.

J. M. Page, president of the Illinois Press association, who as a delegate attended the river terminal conference in St. Louis, urged action at once toward the construction of a waterway to St. Louis which will give Chicago and Illinois a water route to New Orleans.

"Governor Dunne's recommendation to the legislature that $3,000,000 be spent to make an eight-foot waterway from Chicago to St. Louis using the Illinois river most of the way and the old Illinois and Michigan canal part of the way is a wise one. It is a feasible project and would, in my judgment, be a great benefit to the entire state.

"People who live away from the canal or the Illinois river are prone to think that no direct benefit to them would accrue from the building of the eight-foot waterway, but they are mistaken, because if we can get our produce into New Orleans with a better freight rate than now prevails it will increase in price every bushel of grain and every head of stock.

"But more water is needed and I think that the congressmen from the entire Mississippi valley ought to be urged to permit more water to pass from Lake Michigan through the sanitary canal because the waters of the lake belong to the whole country and not to a few eastern cities which border them. I think I can safely say the gauge shows a greater volume of water in Lake Michigan today than when the drainage canal was opened, because with cultivation, reclamation of lakes and lowlands, the waters of the whole country are being drained into the lake much more than they were ten or twenty years ago."

STATE NEWS BRIEFS

Harrisburg.—While William Boatright was dragging the pond near his home, James McGowan drove up and a dispute arose. McGowan shot Boatright five times and escaped into Williamson county. Word was received that McGowan had been captured. Boatright died without making a statement.

Springfield.—Differences with the state board of administration over the length of time state employees should be compelled to work led to the resignation of Dr. H. H. Carriel, for 15 years superintendent of the Jacksonville State hospital. Governor Dunne appointed Dr. E. L. Hill of Red Bud to the vacancy.

Dixon.—For the first time in the history of the city two women have been selected as clerks in each of the election precincts at the coming primary, March 9.

IN THE FATHERLAND

INTERESTING BITS OF NEWS FROM THE GREAT GERMAN EMPIRE.

WHAT'S DOING IN OLD HOME

Summary of the Most Important Happenings in the Land of the Kaiser —Timely Items for the German Readers.

The number of visitors from the provinces and abroad to the German capital has fallen off over 25 per cent since the outbreak of hostilities. In December only 73,000 persons came to the capital, as compared with 103,000 in the same month of the preceding year. Among the countries with which Germany is at war, Britons and French totaled all together only 7; Belgians, 31; Russians, 114; and Portuguese, 2. There was an influx of 513 Swedes, 532 Danes, 94 Norwegians, 299 Dutch, 253 Swiss and 71 Italians, but other neutral countries were represented by very small groups.

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In discussions on the possibility of bringing Germany to her knees by cutting off war supplies, copper always figures prominently, but a member of a London firm which before the war supplied Germany with much of her supply of base metals declares household fixtures alone in the country would suffice to provide the necessary copper for many years. He estimates that door knobs alone would supply the country with the copper necessary for making munitions of war, for the next three years.

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The state department in Washington has been notified by Count Johann von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that his government had given official assurance that no foodstuffs shipped from the United States to Germany would be seized for military or any other governmental use. Officials surmised that the embassy might have been instructed to make this communication as an explanation that imports from America would not be affected by the announced purpose of the German government to seize all corn, wheat and flour, as reported in news dispatches from Berlin.

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Germany, since the outbreak of the war, has been cut off from importations of phosphate rock and has now reached a position where she is short of supplies. Without phosphate rock, Germany's 1915 cereal crop will show an immense shrinkage. Probably 25 per cent shrinkage would be conservative, and estimates of 33 per cent are not regarded as excessive. Phosphate rock goes into the berry and fruit portion of grain; potash strengthens the stalk and nitrates feed the stalk. Phosphate rock is the most essential, therefore, and is the one thing of which Germany is least likely to get an adequate supply.

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The great burden of Germany is in the loss of her shipping, which is estimated at about 1,200,000 tons, or about six times the English loss. In Hamburg failures since the war, due to shipping disasters, are estimated at $130,000,000.

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It is semiofficially stated that the Berliner Disconto Gesellschaft has placed at the disposal of Bulgaria $15,000,000 against treasury bonds as the second installment of a loan of $100,000,000 which was concluded in Berlin by a group of German banks last year. Of this amount Bulgaria already has received $24,000,000. The loan to Bulgaria is to be advanced against treasury notes, payable after the conclusion of peace. No political conditions are attached to the making of the loan.

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The Austrian government has decided to organize a grain monopoly on similar lines to that established by Germany. The Austrian minister of agriculture announced that the army has procured supplies of grain sufficient to last until the end of August. Owing to the quantities of barley and maize now being taken for breadstuffs there is a serious shortage in the supply of fodder.

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The German sailors who were rescued from the sinking cruiser Blucher all wore new style life preservers with which the German navy has been equipped since the beginning of the war. The apparatus consists of a cork belt and an inflatable vest fastened about the shoulders. The vest is of rubber and is about 24 inches long by 10 inches wide. It can be blown up by the wearer in a moment and is so made that when in use the air feed pipe comes opposite the mouth. German sailors stated that any man who has this article was liable to a fine of three dollars.

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Robert J. Thompson, late United States consul at Aix-la-Chapelle, says: "On one of my trips to Brussels I visited the local prison to see how the Germans were treating their civilian prisoners and their own soldiers whom they had confined. All seemed to be well fed and clothed. Similarly, the stories of atrocities practiced by the German soldiers on the Belgians—which lost Germany much sympathy it might otherwise have had—found no basis in our investigations. Not a shred of reliable evidence could we discover."

STATE NEWS

Springfield.—Andrew Russell, elected state treasurer at the November election, took the oath of office.

Sterling.—Two men, believed to be Chicago footpads, threw a padded brick through the window of Paul Buzzard's jewelry store here and escaped with $200 in jewelry.

Kankakee.—Eliza Early, a negress, aged ninety-three, who was a witness to the wedding of Abraham Lincoln, and later a nurse for the Lincoln children, died at the Kankakee State hospital.

Clinton.—Edwin Allyn, seventy-seven, veteran old soldier and companion of former President James A. Garfield, died here. Allyn was baptized by the martyred president while he was active in the ministry.

Sparta.—Wilson Warner, seventy years old, died at his home here. He was a member of a Pennsylvania regiment in the Civil war. He was the father of Mrs. William Burton and Miss Blanche Warner of St. Louis.

Herrin.—Herman Lambert, nineteen years old, committed suicide here by drinking carbolic acid. He had his roommate play his favorite selection on the piano as he retired to his room and took the poison.

Decatur.—While listening to the harrowing accounts of the war in Belgium, as related by her nephew, Phillip Utterbrock, who has just returned from that country, Mrs. Frank Schepman of Pana, aged seventy, died from the excitement.

Springfield.—Nathan C. Lemasters, twenty-three years old, secretary of local union, No. 713, of the United Mine Workers, was killed in a fight at Riverside inn, a roadhouse. Frank Stroub was arrested at his home in this city. He denied knowing who struck Lemasters.

Champaign.—The state university established a military information department, to give data on the preparedness of the United States army and navy at the present time. This action was taken after several hundred letters, seeking information, had been received by the college authorities.

Springfield.—The Illinois Clay Manufacturers' association, at its closing session here, elected officers as follows: President, J. L. Buckley, Aledo; vice-president, Douglas Stevens, Cayuga, Ind.; secretary, A. E. Huckins, Urbana; treasurer, George L. Walters, Chatsworth.

Dixon.—Sportsmen throughout this part of the state are taking a philosophical view of the ban placed on hunting, due to the foot-and-mouth disease, and are obeying the state instructions. Several persons from other parts of the state have scanned the game wardens trouble, however.

Quincy.—John Crawford, oldest voter in Illinois, died at his home in Mendon. Born in Ireland in 1814, came to Adams county in 1850, lived since within three doors of the house wherein he died. Voted the straight Democratic ticket at the last general election and previous elections.

Pana.—Bert Frankenberg, forty-three, a farmer and coal miner of Tower Hill, got off a big Four train on the bridge crossing the Kaskaskia river at Shelbyville. Not knowing he was on the bridge, he walked off the structure and fell 40 feet to the rocks below. He died at the Huber hospital here.

Champaign.—One American has had no trouble in being neutral. He is a Champaign resident who entered a local store. "The war is awful, isn't it?" said the storekeeper. "Is there a war?" asked the man. "Sure. England, France and Russia are fighting Germany in the greatest war in history." "Well, they have a nice day for it, anyhow," the man replied, as he picked up his bundle and left.

Freeport.—An outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in several townships in the western part of Stephenson county and the eastern section of Jo Daviess county, resulted in the condemnation of more than two hundred cattle and three hundred hogs. Two district schools were closed because of the disease, and the pupils were ordered not to leave their homes until the danger of carrying the infection from farm to farm had ceased.

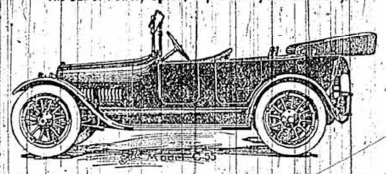
East St. Louis.—Six former officials of East St. Louis were acquitted by a jury of charges involving the misappropriation of $100,000 in city funds. The men acquitted were Charles S. Lambert, former mayor; John J. Faulkner, former comptroller; W. R. Rodenberger, former comptroller; R. Fred Gerold, former treasurer; Claus Tietjeke, former alderman; Lester Grigsby, former clerk in the health department, now chief of detectives. The men were accused of forming a conspiracy by which money was to be obtained from the city treasury by the payment, a second time, of bond coupons, and by bills for labor and supplies paid in the names of relatives or employees of accused officials.

Joliet.—Application for the pardon of Newton C. Dougherty, former superintendent of public schools in Peoria, who has spent seven years in the penitentiary on conviction of embezzling school funds, was heard by the board of pardons. Dougherty declares he turned over securities worth $250,000 to the school board, although his alleged embezzlement aggregated only $37,000, and that later his wife turned over $37,500 in securities.

Dixon.—The "wet" and "dry" question will be an issue to be voted upon at the city election for commissioners on April 20.

1515-Buick Cars-1915

The Car of Power, Speed, Dependability and Durability.



the Buick Line of Fours and Sixes for 1915—the greatest line of Cars the Buick organization has ever built. 1914 Buick success has been the talk of the motor world—a reputation merited by an abundance of power—faultless design—perfect performance and efficient Buick service. The five splendid models comprising the Buick line for 1915 is up to their promise to all buyers of Buick cars—and make certain a continued satisfaction and uninterrupted use.

The 1915 Buick models actually offer greatly increased value. The reduction of price is possible because of the volume of business, the improved factory methods, specialized labor and one more year's knowledge of experts in this great factory in new economies of construction.

The new Delco system of starting, lighting and ignition, with an increased generating capacity of 35 per cent and automatic spark advance.

Tungsten steel valves. Carburator supplied by Stewart-Warner gravity feed vacuum system.

Controls conveniently located on instrument board in the cowl.

Non-skid tires on rear wheels.

Improved quality of leather for the upholstering and finer finish.

High grade stream line bodies, hoods and oval rail hoops.

These are but few of the Buick improvements, regardless of price, they are giving more value than ever before. They always have and still guarantee the Buick Valve-in-Head motor to develop more power than any other type of automobile motor of equal size, American or foreign make.

Wm. Busse & Son, Inc.

Phone 41-W Distributors

Mount Prospect, Ill.

GRACY'S SHOWS

WEDNESDAY EVENING

Usual Good Show. Admission 10c to all. Two shows 7:30 and 9 p. m.

SATURDAY EVENING

Especially fine show of 5 reels. Admission 10 and 15 cents. Watch for further advertising.

Made in Barrington

Buy Barrington-Made Bread

Read these vital reasons why you should buy and eat Bread Made in Barrington

BECAUSE it is as crisp, nutritious and as well made bread as you can buy anywhere in the wide world.

BECAUSE you are helping the development of an important local industry and keeping your money in Barrington

BECAUSE it is baked in a clean, sanitary modern bakery and under the most sanitary conditions.

BECAUSE you are getting full weight, clean, desirable bread that is wholesome at 5 and 10 cents a loaf.

BECAUSE most every merchant in town sells our bread.

BAKED at our bakeshop by Hams Brothers.

Insist that your grocer or bread-man supplies you with Hams Brothers' bread, the best bread money can buy.

"From the Oven to You"

HAMS BROS. BAKESHOP

Lamey Building, Opposite Depot

Telephone 214-J

READ THE REVIEW

Thursday Club at Mrs. Brockway's.

Last Thursday the Woman's Thursday club were guests of Mrs. H. K. Brockway and listened to a program of the subject of Mexico, led by Mrs. Charles Hawley. There were several songs and piano duets by little misses some of them daughters of members. They were Helen Robertson, Dorothy Weichelt, Frances Brockway, Eunice Butler and Miriam Plagge. Two guests from out of town were Mrs. Anna Otis of Coin, Iowa, and Mrs. William Barnett of Chicago. Mrs. Brockway served a luncheon to the ladies.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers in real estate were recently recorded for this vicinity.

Charles Thous and wife to Fred Hillman, lot 35, Hillman's subdivision to Lake Zurich. W. D. $160.

Notice to Candidates.

Those desiring to become candidates for office at the primaries to be held Friday, March 19, in Barrington township are hereby notified that they are required to file with the undersigned a request in writing that their names be printed on the ballots, naming the office for which they desire to become a candidate.

Such requests must be filed on or before Saturday, March 13.

Candidates for the following offices are to be nominated,

One Highway Commissioner.

One School Trustee.

Dated, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1915.

J. F. GIESKE, Town Clerk.

It Really Does Relieve Rheumatism

Everybody who is afflicted with rheumatism in any form should always keep a bottle of Sloan's Liniment on hand. The minute you feel pain or soreness in a joint or muscle, bathe it with Sloan's Liniment. Do not rub it. Sloan's penetrates almost immediately right to the seat of pain, relieving the hot tender, swollen feeling and making the part easy and comfortable. Get a bottle of Sloan's liniment for 25c of any druggist and have it in the house—against colds, sore and swollen joints, lumbago, sciatica and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief. Buy a bottle today!

Pay Your Taxes.

I will be at the office of Plagge & Company in the village of Barrington on Tuesday and Saturday of each week to receive taxes for the town of Cuba.

6-tf S. J. PALMER, Collector.

Dreams.

It is a common saying that one dreams of that which one has been thinking most about. This is the exception and not the rule. The dream may be of something that one thought of at some time, but possibly not for years, that would not be recalled in waking hours, which had laid dormant in the mind, to be practically rehearsed through some operation of physical functions, such as impeded respiration, feverish conditions, some posture of the body, a late supper, possibly ended with a dessert of mince pie, stomachic distress, clogging of the circulation or some bodily pain.

Steel vs. Iron.

For some purpose iron is to be preferred to steel and vice versa. To easily distinguish one from the other, make a bright spot on the metal with a file or sand paper and apply a single drop of nitric acid. Allow it to remain for one or two minutes and wash or wipe off. If the spot has a pale rusty appearance it is wrought iron; if it is a brownish black, it is steel; if a deep black, it is cast iron.

Pipefish Has "Pocket."

The pipefish, as it is called, from the length of its jaws, has a pocket on the under side of its body nearly half its length. It is found in the male species only, and is the only part of its body which is unprotected by large flat plates, which take the place of scales in its protective armor. In this pocket the young fish are carried very similar to the way the kangaroo carries its young.

Quiet Shoes.

To make nice sick-room shoes in which you can step about softly, cut from old felt hats sole and heel pieces. Glue these on and you have a quieter shoe than those sold as nurses' shoes. The patter of little feet, so hard on some people's nerves, is easily deadened by the same method, also helping to keep the little feet warm when playing on a cold floor.

Guide for Daily Life.

"Know what you want to do, hold the thought firmly, and do every day what should be done and every sunset will see you that much nearer the goal."

INTEREST due on the First of next Month on First Mortgage Real Estate Gold Bonds bought from us is being paid now on presentation of coupons at our office.

Wollenberger & Co.

INVESTMENT BANKERS

105 So. La Salle St., Chicago

AUCTION SALES.

William Peters, Auctioneer.

I will sell my entire farming outfit on the old George Otis farm situated 3 miles southwest of Barrington and 11 miles northeast of Sutton Station, on Wednesday, March 3, 1915 commencing at 10 o'clock sharp 9 head of horses; pair bay geldings 8 years old, weight 2,500 lbs; pair bay mares 8 and 9 years old, weight 2500; bay gelding 9 years old, weight, 1350 lbs; black stallion 5 years old, weight 1300 lbs; bay mare 6 years old, weight 1100 lbs; 2-year old colt; yearling colt. 11 head Holstein heifers well marked, from 1 year to 3 years old, part with calf; 3 sows in pig. large boar; 3 shoats. Tools: 2 truck wagons; lumber wagon complete; 33-can milk wagon; top buggy; Champion grain binder; McCormick corn Harvester; Deering mower; hay rake; hay tedder; hay loader; 2 hay racks; Emerson gang plow; 2 walking plows; 3 sulky cultivators; 3-section drag; Tiger drill nearly new; Deere corn planter; 7 milk cans; 70 chickens; 50 grain sacks; all household goods.

Terms: All sums of $10 and under, cash; on larger amounts 8 months time will be given on bankable notes at 7 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

GUS NITZ, Proprietor.

Having decided to quit farming, I will sell my entire outfit on the premises known as the Frank Kelsey farm 2 miles north of Cuba milk platform, 6½ miles northwest of Barrington and 4 miles northeast of Cary, on Saturday, February 27, 1915, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp 34 head livestock, 20 milch cows, 3 Holstein bulls, age 2 yrs, 18 months and 8 months; 3 heifers 2 yrs old; with calf; 2 well marked Holstein heifers 6 months old. Black work team well matched; gelding 10 and mare 11 years old, weight 2800; bay gelding 9 years old, weight 1400.

Tools, hay, grain and feed: McCormick grain binder; 2 McCormick mowers; McCormick corn binder; Rock Island hay loader; 2 spreaders; David Bradley manure spreader; 2 drags; 4 walking plows; 2 sleighs; 3-3-inch tire farm trucks; surrey; 2 milk wagons; buggy; set light harness; 4 sets heavy harness; check row corn planter; land roller; 2 Case corn cultivators; 3 wagon boxes; 3 hay racks; 40 milk cans, 800-pound scale; 2 heating stoves and other articles too numerous to mention. Stack corn stalks, 8 tons alfalfa hay in barn 18 tons alfalfa hay in stack, 600 bushels seed oats, 4 tons ear corn in crib to be sold by the ton.

Plenty to eat and drink at noon.

Terms: All sums of $10 and under, cash; on larger amounts 12 months time will be given on bankable notes at 5 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

FRANK KELSEY, Proprietor.

August Froelich, Auctioneer.

I will sell at auction on the Fred Evergreen farm, situated 3 miles east of Algonquin, 3 miles south of Cary and 6 miles west of Barrington on Thursday, March 4, commencing at 10 o'clock the following property: Bay team coming 4 years old, weight 2600; black mare, 8 years old, weight 1300; black real mare; black mare in foal, weight 1000; brood work mare in foal; gray mare in foal, 11 years old, weight 1600, bay mare in foal, 12 years old, weight 1200; bay colt coming 3 years old, weight 1200; black colt coming 2 years old, weight 1000; 3 yearling colts; boy work team, weight 2200; 20 head of cattle, 5 fresh cows balance close springers, nearly all Holsteins and home raised; 2 stock bulls, 34 fall shoats, 21 tons timothy hay, stack corn; 2 stacks corn stalks and entire lot of farming tools and utensils. For description see large bills.

GUS BETTIN, Proprietor.

Frank H. Reese, Clerk.

The Liver Regulates the Body—A Sluggish Liver Needs Care.

Someone has said that people with chronic liver complaint should be shut up away from humanity, for they are pessimists and see through a "glass darkly." Why? Because mental states depend upon physical states. Billiousness, headaches, dizziness and constipation disappear after using Dr. King's New Life pills. 25c at your druggist.

Wonderful Cuban Caves.

The wonderful caves of Bellamar, Cuba, to the east of Havana, attract the attention of the ambitious tourist. They are on a plateau as level as a table top, which presents no signs of the existence of such caves. After descending into the earth, however, a picture unfolds itself. Then come many passages, and at last the great "Gothic temple," 250 feet long and 80 feet wide.

Daily Thought.

If a man has nothing to reproach himself with, he can bear anything.—Phillips Brooks.

Finest Dates Grow There.

Beyond the land of the Berbers, in the far south of Morocco, lies the great oasis of Tafilet, famous for its vast groves of date-palms. Here, for hundreds of square miles, the land is covered with a thick growth of the tall, straight stems of the palm, and the product of these close-growing trees is enormous in quantity. They produce the finest dates in the world.

And There Are Others.

The only actress who is willing to admit that she does not know all about acting is she who has been at it all her life.—Margaret Nybloe.

Our Services Absolutely FREE

HELP FARM HELP

IMPORTANT! FREE SERVICE

We furnish EXPERIENCED Farm and Dairy Hands, single or married couples, any nationality desired, promptly and positively FREE OF CHARGE. State wages and full particulars. Write, call or telephone.

EMPIRE LABOR AGENCY

Room 6, 32 South Canal Street CHICAGO

PHONE FRANKLIN 2850

A

FURTHER REDUCTION

In

ELECTRIC LIGHT RATES

BECOMES EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, '15

WHEN THE RATES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

For the first 30 hours use of the Maximum Demand — 13C PER K. W. H.

For the remaining hours consumption during the month — 8C PER K. W. H.

From this a reduction of 1c per K. W. H. will be made for payment of monthly bills by the date specified thereon.

This rate will be applicable to all meters read after the date on which it is inaugurated.

Public Service Company

Of Northern Illinois

C. F. HALL COMPANY

Cash Department Store

YARD GOODS FOR SPRING

Do your sewing now. Specially priced goods for early shoppers.

Fancy Flowered Crepes, yd. only 18c

Shepherd Plaid Checks, for spring, 36 inches wide 25c

English Voiles, 36 inch, beautiful light shades 25c

Novelty plaids, 32 inch, fine wash goods 10c

Draperies for Spring. "Colonial," M. F. & Co.'s, full 30 inch spring draperies; bordered and figured effects 10c

Embroidery Specials.

27 inch Embroidery, fine needle work, hemstitched only 30c

27 inch Heavy Embroidery 22c

30 and 40 inch Skirt Length Embroidery .30 and 50c

SHOE DEPARTMENT

Good, solid leather, which will wear and give satisfaction.

Ladies' and Misses' School-kid, Pat. Tip, medium or low heel, all solid, but ton only $1.50

Fat Ankle Shoe, fine kid, low heel, special values at this price $1.75

Men's extra weight, fine quality, L. D. Calf Button Shoes, a quality value which cannot be duplicated later $2.75

Ladies' Dress Shoes, new style, cloth top, Pat. and Dull Kid $2.50

School Shoes for $1.00.

Girls' heavy sole, kid Button Shoes, solid leather, any size up to 2 for $1.00

BOYS' CONFIRMATION SUITS

All now, up-to-date styles, in fine quality all wool serges. These special models and styles will interest you $7.95, $9.75

Special high grade, hand finished Suits $10.50

MEN'S RAINCOAT VALUES

A special purchase for our Elgin and Dundee stores makes possible these prices.

Wool-finished, rubberized, water-proof Coats. Dark Grey, Pepper and Salt, military collar. Would be good at $9.50. Our price $6.75

Men's extra weight Tan Rain Coats, reinforced back, taped seams, only $4.25

BOYS' SUITS

$2.00 $2.50 $4.00

New style Norfolk Suits, full peg pants; good, well made and serviceable. Dark Browns, Greys and Blue Mixtures. Values better than we have ever before shown, considering style and quality. Blue Serge Suits only $3.00, $4.00

Unusually low prices on these staple, fine quality Serges. Values seldom shown at these prices.

MEN'S $1.00 PANTS SALE

See the values we give for $1.00. Well made; greys, browns, etc., Cuff bottoms, belt and side straps.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

Cloak Bargains.

Children's Cloaks: price making such as Dundee has never seen heretofore. See these cloaks at $1.50

New Waist Values.

Fancy Silk Crepes $1.65, $2.25

Stylish Lawn Waists 95, 79c

Children's Dresses.

Sale of fine Gingham Plaids, 6 to 14 year sizes at 95c

Sale of fine, plain colored Ginghams, embroidered front, neck and sleeves 25c

TWO STORES: MAIN STREET, DUNDEE; MILWAUKEE AND RIVER STREETS (ONE BLOCK FROM FOUNTAIN SQUARE, ELGIN.