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BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK, TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest From All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

Politics

Job E. Hedges of New York was nominated as Republican candidate for governor when New York at the state convention at Saratoga.

The Democratic national committee needs \$150,000 to defray the expenses during the remainder of the campaign. Henry Morgenthau, chairman of the finance committee, so declared in a formal statement issued at New York.

Connecticut Progressives nominated Henry Knox Smith for lieutenant governor. Mr. Smith resigned his office in Washington last July to cast his fortunes with the Progressive party.

Washington

The state department at Washington gave permission to President Madero to transport a brigade of his troops from El Paso to a point near Del Rio on the Mexican frontier. The Madero government was informed that the rebels had massed at that point notwithstanding the frequent reports that the "northern half of Mexico had been pacified."

C. C. Tegelhoff, former private secretary to the late E. H. Harriman, testified before the senate committee investigating campaign fund donations Mr. Tegelhoff produced a series of papers from the Harriman estate files. The first was a receipt signed by C. N. Elias as treasurer of the national Republican committee, dated 1904. It was for \$50,000. Mr. Tegelhoff said was Mr. Harriman's contribution to the Republican campaign fund of 1904.

Charges that both the spirit and letter of the decree dissolving the Standard Oil company of New Jersey are being violated were sent to the headquarters of the department of justice at Washington by J. W. Fenwick, Jr. of counsel for the Waters-Pierce Oil company.

The United States subcommittee appointed to investigate relations with Mexico completed its work on Saturday. The report, it is believed, will hold that the evidence adduced points to the necessity for the United States to intervene in Mexico in order that Americans and American interests receive proper protection.

Domestic

Nearly 600 union teamsters went on strike at Des Moines, Ia., following a failure of the employers and union officials to sign contracts.

Investigation of the killing of three citizens by members of the Georgia state militia—an outgrowth of the strike at Augusta by the railway employees—was started. The three men killed trespassed on "dead-line" territory established by the militia to protect the railway company's power plant.

That Ray Pfanschmidt murdered his father, Charles Pfanschmidt, his mother and sister, Blanche, and the school teacher, Miss Emma Kaempen, at the home of his parents near Quincy, Ill., last Friday night and then burned the home to conceal the crime, has practically been proven according to State's Attorney Gary Gilman's statement that Ray Pfanschmidt's arrest probably would be made.

The program of the American Road congress, which is to be held in Atlantic City, gave especial prominence to the legislative and engineering questions in the crusade for better highways.

The United States Museum corporation has been incorporated to build a skyscraper museum ten stories in height in New York, on a plot of ground containing the equivalent of thirty-two city lots. The office is to be of steel skeleton construction.

Visitors to the southern Illinois conference of the Methodist church at Cahill, Ill., were given an outing on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers followed by a picnic supper on the lawn at the new Hotel Cahill. Seven officers have been elected.

Many prominent married women of America and Europe were expected from the fourth annual conservation congress opened in Indianapolis, President J. E. White of Kansas City was to be the chief attraction.

The selection of Tipton, Ia., as the next meeting place and the reconvening of the fourth year class for ordination were features of the Upper Iowa Methodist conference at Marshalltown. It now is understood that there will be no reduction in the number of districts following the retirement of Dr. E. T. Gruwell, superintendent of the Cedar Rapids district. The men of the district presented Doctor Gruwell with a handsome gold watch.

The military court of inquiry at Lansing, Mich., that investigated the killing of John Eley by soldiers of the National Guard who were doing guard duty during the recent prison riots, connected Capt. Frank L. Blackman, Lieut. H. F. Smith and Privates Howard Jackson and Clara McArdle from legal responsibility for Eley's death.

Violence marked the beginning of the twenty-fourth strike demonstration which the Industrial Workers of the World called in four Massachusetts manufacturing cities as a protest against the imprisonment of two of their leaders. Demonstrations ranging from parades to serious rioting took place in Lawrence, Lynn, Haverhill and Quincy. It is estimated that 15,000 workers went out.

A plan, which the late Henry O. Havemeyer formulated in 1887 for the consolidation of most of the then existing independent sugar companies of the east, is outlined in a letter Mr. Havemeyer wrote at the time, which was made part of the evidence in the consolidated hearing of the government's suit to disband the so-called sugar trust in New York.

An indictment for conspiracy was returned by the district of Columbia grand jury against Samuel J. Masters and John B. Klineair of the Modern Workmen of the World. It is charged the defendants conspired to defraud the policy holders of the fraternal concern out of \$42,138.44.

Two more men died in the effort of the United States army to conquer the air. They were Second Lieut. L. C. Rockwell and Corporal F. S. Scott of the signal corps. The men were making a flight at the College Park (Md.) aviation field when their airplane collapsed.

Judge J. N. Brown denied the habeas corpus petition of J. Beal Speed, Jr., in Annapolis. Speed, Jr., and his attorney, James H. and John B. Klineair, were ordered to stand trial. The case to the court of criminal appeals.

The twelfth National Irrigation congress opened in the Mormon tabernacle at Salt Lake, Utah, with a large attendance. Senator Francis G. Newlands presided.

Charles W. McLaughlin of Portland, Ind., on behalf of himself and 158,000 other members of the Bankers' Life Assurance Co. of Madison, Ia., has filed suit in the superior court at Indianapolis for an accounting. Judgment and immediate appointment of a receiver for the association and for the transfer of control of \$18,000,000 assets is asked.

Personal

Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the famous emotional actress, is reported to be dying in London. She has been ill two weeks, but the New York Herald says it was announced that she could not recover.

While assisting his son, Rev. W. L. H. Benton, Protestant Episcopal Church of the Nativity at Crafton, Pa., in celebrating communion, Rev. Angelo Ames Benton, seventy-five years old, dropped dead.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid and Mrs. Reid sailed from Liverpool, Eng., for the United States on board the Lusitania. They intend to remain three weeks in New York.

Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, whose wife raised \$2,200 by pawning her jewels recently sent a sale of the general's household possessions under foreclosure, has issued a bitter attack upon his wife and their son, Stanton Sickles, and says Mrs. Sickles had enough money so that she did not need to pawn the jewels.

Rev. Father Edward McConigal, rector of Epiphany Roman Catholic church, who recently died in Pittsburg, was removed to the municipal hospital suffering from smallpox.

Foreign

Charles Volain, the constructor of aeroplanes, was killed and Baroness de la Roche, the noted woman aviator, was seriously injured in an automobile accident at Lyons, France.

Cuban government has just paid its installment on the Havana sewer and water contract to amount to \$400,000. The government defaulted September 1 on this payment.

Turkey is making elaborate military preparations to meet possible demonstrations in the Balkans, according to a semi-official statement published here. The Bulgarians are mobilizing troops on the frontier.

The volcano Stromboli, in Italy, again is in eruption. Glaciers, lakes and independent seas are being affected from the volcanic activity. It is falling in quantities over the surrounding country and the outlying islands. Vineyards and crops generally are suffering heavily.



"GOOD-BY, I'LL SOON FOLLOW"

TURKS MASS 100,000 HEDGES N. Y. NOMINEE

GATHER TROOPS ON BORDER IN PREPARATION FOR THREATENED BALKAN WAR.

TURKEY GETS AN ULTIMATUM

Autonomy for Macedonia is Demanded and Unless Satisfactory Reply is Received War Will Be Declared—Balkan Countries Make Ready.

London, Oct. 2.—War between Bulgaria and Serbia on the one side and Turkey on the other seems unavoidable, according to dispatches received here Monday from Sofia and Athens. Proclamations have been issued by both the Bulgarian and Serbian governments calling for general mobilization of their armies, while Turkey is concentrating all available forces, 100,000 men, consisting of eleven divisions of the "Redits" or reserves, in the vicinity of Adrianople and along the Bulgarian frontier.

Reports from Sofia indicate that crowds in the streets have grown to thousands, all demanding war at once, while Turkey troops ordered from Thessalonica have been ordered back to their stations so that no reinforcements have been sent to Salonica, the Dardanelles or Smyrna for use against the Italians.

Here in London the Balkan situation is regarded as decidedly serious, only the lateness of the season and the efforts of the powers to keep the peace staving off immediate war.

London, Oct. 1.—Disquieting rumors are current respecting the Turkish-Bulgarian situation. A Belgrade dispatch was received here to the effect that a joint Serbo-Bulgarian note has been sent to Turkey demanding autonomy for Macedonia and adding that unless a satisfactory reply is received war will be declared.

A convention between Greece, Montenegro, Serbia and Bulgaria for joint action against Turkey, according to the Sofia correspondent of the Times, is regarded as a fait accompli.

FOUR ARE FOUND MURDERED

Farmer, His Wife and Daughter and Young School Teacher Are the Victims.

Quincy, Ill., Oct. 1.—Mystery surrounds the death of C. A. Pfanschmidt, age forty-seven, his wife, age forty-five and daughter Blanche, age fifteen, and Miss Emma Kaempen, age twenty, whose bodies were found near Sunday after the Pfanschmidt home had burned.

The residence is located on a farm two miles southeast of Paxson, an intimate steamship berth, between Quincy. All indications point to murder, and the burning of the farmhouse to cover up the crime.

The house was nearly destroyed when farmers arrived on the scene. The remains of Pfanschmidt and wife were found in the cellar directly below the room in which they were sleeping and only the skull and a few bones remain among the ruins of Miss Kaempen. Nothing was found of the daughter Blanche.

Cruiser is at Foochow. Washington, Sept. 29.—Without instructions from Washington, but at the request of American Consul Power at Foochow, the cruiser Cincinnati sailed for that port to look after the interests of the Americans.

New Atlantic Ship Service. Bordeaux, Sept. 26.—A new South Atlantic steamship service between Bordeaux and La Plata, Argentina, by way of Brazil and Uruguay, has been inaugurated here. The trip is to occupy 15 days, instead of 22.

FUND IS \$143,999

PROGRESSIVE PARTY TREASURER TELLS QUIZ BODY OF CAMPAIGN MONEY.

WILLIAM FLINN GAVE \$102,000

Charles R. Crane of Chicago contributed \$70,000 to La Follette's Campaign, and \$73,999 to Wilson's prior to Convention.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Giving an example of willing "publicity" such as the committee had not previously encountered in its delving into political war chests, the Progressive party laid bare its campaign fund accounts before the senate investigators Tuesday.

Elton H. Hooker, treasurer of the Progressive organization, and William Flinn, the Pittsburg leader of the Roosevelt forces, were the principal witnesses. The chief points in their testimony are as follows: That Charles R. Crane of Chicago contributed \$70,000 to Senator La Follette's campaign fund and \$70,000 to Governor Wilson's fund prior to the Baltimore convention, practically at the same time.

That the national expenses of the Roosevelt primary campaign preceding the Chicago convention aggregated \$143,999.32, inasmuch as the "millions" which Senator Penrose and others of the old guard carried was spent.

George W. Perkins contributed \$15,000 to the New York campaign and \$22,500 to the national contest, and Frank A. Munsey about the same. That Flinn personally contributed 30 per cent of the money for Colonel Roosevelt's primary campaign in Pennsylvania. He gave \$102,000 to the fund, of which \$28,000 was spent in Pittsburgh.

That Flinn's total expenditures in organization work in the 1912 campaign have been \$144,308.28.

Senator Pomeroy wanted to know when William Flinn of Pittsburg came a follower of Roosevelt, when Flinn continued his testimony before the senate campaign investigating committee. "When did you see the light?" asked the senator.

Mr. Flinn declared that he had been active in Colonel Roosevelt's fight because he wanted to change conditions in Pennsylvania. While he sent an associate for a copy of the Progressive state platform, Mr. Flinn recited its chief planks as the results he wanted to get.

LIEUT. MORRISON IS KILLED

Eight Men Injured When Steam Chest on U. S. Vessel Explodes, Two of Whom Die Later.

Newport, Oct. 3.—Lieut. Donald P. Morrison was killed and eight men injured when the steam chest of the U. S. Vessel Explorer, which carried Machinist Mates H. L. Wilder and J. W. Rumpf, died later on board the hospital ship Solace, by the explosion of the steam chest on the torpedo boat destroyer Waika.

The accident occurred at Brenton's reef lightship while the Waika was preparing for her second quarterly cruise. Lieutenant Morrison entered the service from Missouri in 1902.

The seriously injured were: Lieut. Robert L. Montgomery of the destroyer Fanning, E. B. Crawford, gunner's mate of the destroyer Paterson, the umpire named to watch the tests, and the following members of the Waika's crew:

D. S. Kelly, chief machinist mate; J. Delaney, first-class fireman; W. E. Kraus, oiler, and F. B. Conway, oiler.

Lieutenant Morrison, the chief engineer of the Solace, was instantly killed and the others were badly scalded.

RACER BRUCE-BROWN KILLED

Millionaire Auto Driver Dies in Injuries Received When Machine Smashes Into Ditch.

Milwaukee, Oct. 3.—David Bruce-Brown, the millionaire auto driver, died in a hospital here Tuesday from injuries received when his Vanderbilt race car jumped the rails and overturned. His mechanic, Seudler, was seriously injured.

Bruce-Brown was sitting his big Flat race for the Vanderbilt cup race, which started Wednesday, when the accident occurred.

Running at a speed of nearly ninety miles an hour, the Flat blew a tire after rounding the "halpige" turn, the Vanderbilt course, and plunged into the ditch.

U. S. Asks Mexico to Stay Execution. Washington, Oct. 2.—The state department Tuesday requested the Mexican government to stay the execution of J. N. Carmon of Kingsland, Tex., under sentence to be shot at El Paso, Mex., pending an investigation.

Oil Company is Bankrupt. Wilmington, Del., Oct. 2.—The Central Fuel Oil company, an oil producing company in Oklahoma, chartered in this state, was adjudged a bankrupt by Judge Bradford in the United States district court Tuesday.

Ex-Mayor of Elgin Dead. Elgin, Ill., Oct. 3.—David F. Bradley, ten years mayor of Elgin, president of the First National bank and identified with Elgin's civic and commercial progress for fifty years, died Tuesday from paralysis.

Appointed Day of Judgment.

A horse dealer in an English town had lost a horse to a politician, who killed the animal through his lawyer. The dealer insisted on payment, and the lawyer, refusing cash, said he would give a bill for the amount, but it must be at a late date. The lawyer drew a promissory note, making it payable on the day of judgment. An action was raised, and the lawyer asked the sheriff to look at the bill. Having done so, the sheriff replied: "This is the day of judgment, I decree you to pay tomorrow."

BABY IN MISERY WITH RASH

Monroe, Wis.—"When my baby was six weeks old there came a rash on his face which finally spread until it got nearly all over his body. It formed a crust on his head, hair fell out and the itch was terrible. When he could scratch the crust, the water would come out in big drops. On face and body it was in every form and would scale off. He was in great misery and at nights I would lie awake holding his hands so that he could not scratch and torture himself. I tried simple remedies all night, then got medicine, but it did no good.

"Finally a friend suggested Cuticura Remedies, so I sent for a sample to see what they would do when to my surprise after a few applications I could see an improvement, and he would rest better. I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap and bathed him with Cuticura and my baby was cured. His hair now covered with a luxuriant growth of hair and his complexion is adorned by every hair and no disfigurements." (Signed) Mrs. Annie Saunders, Sept. 29, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 25¢ in skin. Box and half post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston, Adv."

Precaution. Chimney-ite, Maggie, hold his nose or peanuts for me for a minute—she comes a poor relation o' mine!—Life.

The Language. "I'm going to whip that child!" "No, boy, not! It's my child. Now, beat it!"

A CURE FOR PILES. Cox's Ointment, 25¢ bottle and tubes and cures piles. Advertisers, E. and S. Co., Adv.

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Out of the vast volume of experience which they have drawn from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman would be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address, Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (Confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.



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