

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 23, NO. 2.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1907.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PIERSON WRITES AGAIN

An interesting description of the State Historical Society.

House of Representatives.

Springfield, March 14, 1907. Among the many things of interest in this city few excel the State Historical Library. It is in the Capitol and so near the Hall of the House one can occasionally run in for a few moments of study while the routine work goes on.

It contains the pictures of four of the Capitol buildings of Illinois. They are arranged in chronological order and in them the eye reads the story of the growth of this wonderful State.

The territory which is now Illinois was when first governed by white men, under the King of France. Originally its seat of government was Quebec, later New Orleans. During the British occupation the seat of government was the principal fort of black troops occupied as headquarters by the commandant of the country.

After George Rogers Clark conquered Illinois, at the head of a band of Virginia troops, and played that heroic and mighty part in the Revolutionary war, his headquarters as military governor, were at Kaskaskia. In 1786 Virginia added a new county to her territory and called it the "County of Illinois." It contained what is now Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, and was ruled by Col. John Todd of Kentucky with headquarters at Kaskaskia. About ten years later while a part of the North West territory, what is now Illinois, was governed first from Marietta, then Chillicothe and afterwards from Cincinnati.

In 1790 the name of the county was changed by Gen. St. Clair in honor of himself, to "St. Clair," and the name of Illinois had no place upon the map until the territory of Illinois was organized in 1809. When the name was officially restored the government was re-established at its ancient seat, Kaskaskia.

During the territorial period of nine years and the first two years of statehood the government owned no capital building.

The first General Assembly of the territory met Nov. 25, 1812 in a rough old building of uneven limestone with steep roof and gables of untreated boards. The first floor was occupied by the House, consisting of seven members, and the second floor by the council, now called Senate, consisting of five members. The entire legislature housed with one family and lodged in the same room. The territory paid \$1.00 per day rent for room for both Houses, and so long as the Capital remained at Kaskaskia neither the territory nor the state owned the Capital building.

The picture of the old house at Kaskaskia used for a capital building is shown of almost every day. Kaskaskia stood on the banks of the Mississippi in what is now Randolph county, and the floods have long since carried away the old house where the first Illinois statute was enacted.

Immediately after Illinois became a state in 1818 steps were taken to locate the capital, acquire a site and build a State House.

Pursuant to law the State Capital was located, and a State House was constructed at Vandalia. It is described as "a plain two story wooden structure, the lower floor of which was devoted to one room for the House of Representatives and a passage and stairs to the second floor. The second story consisted of two rooms, the larger for the Senate Chamber and the smaller for the Council of Revision." In the autumn of 1820 Sidney Brown, destined later to be the greatest Chief Justice Illinois has had, moved the state archives in a small wagon from Kaskaskia to Vandalia for the sum of \$25.00.

This building was destroyed by fire in 1823 and was rebuilt in 1824. In 1836 the citizens of Vandalia, feeling the Capital should be removed, without right or authority, tore down the State House and built a new one in its place by private subscription at a cost of \$16,000.00. Of this building the picture in the Historical Library is true. It has been for many years, and is now, used as the Court House of Fayette County. It was in this building that Mr. Lincoln served as a member of the House. He was one of the celebrated "Long Nine" from Sangamon County.

Notice.
Wait for Miss Emmert, the optician. If you want an especially good pair of glasses for your eyes. She will be at the residence of Dr. Richardson Friday, March 22nd.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Misses Blueline and Rose Kuehn entertained the L. V. C. last Friday night. The evening was spent in playing games. Misses Grace Olms and Clara Shank were identified as members. The young ladies certainly have good times. The club has played twenty matches.

Mrs. E. Pearson is able to be out again.

The census last Saturday went off two quickly. Everything took a landslide. Frank Danabson received 120 and Ray Wilson and Henry Helms each received 35 for collectors. No other office had but one seeker.

J. H. Arps and family of Cary and P. R. Sullivan of Chicago, spent Sunday at the home of O. H. Arps.

Mrs. H. Abelson spent last week visiting in Chicago.

The W. R. C. has been invited to attend the meeting of the W. R. C. at Barrington Wednesday, March 27.

The Friday afternoon card club was entertained at the home of Miss Louise Abelson last Friday.

J. P. Williams and wife spent Sunday at home.

Ray Hunt of Elgin is visiting his aunt, Mrs. G. H. Arps.

William Abighur, wife and baby spent Sunday with C. H. Selp and family.

Mr. W. L. Hicks and Mrs. James Young and two children arrived home from the south Saturday.

Mrs. Elzabe Clark is visiting friends at Carpentersville.

Mrs. Gibbs of St. Paul is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Roy Converse, on her way home from Florida.

Misses Selma Tongler and Elmina Arps assist at a concert in Chicago April 1st.

Mrs. C. A. Nichols and son of Chicago are visiting at C. S. Shadles.

W. W. A. Resolutions.

Resolutions adopted in memory of our departed Neighbor and officer, Henry A. Rohmler by Barrington Camp No. 809, M. W. of A. Monday, March 11, 1907.

Whereas it has pleased the Great Father of the Universe to remove from this world our beloved Neighbor, Henry A. Rohmler to the "Heavenly Home" from whose house no traveler returns.

Therefore, in the death of Henry A. Rohmler the Camp has lost a true and faithful Neighbor, the community an honored citizen, the family a loving husband and father whose smiles and kind words can greet them no more.

Resolved: That we as a Camp extend to the family our deepest sympathy and pray that the God of all Mercy may comfort their hearts in this the time of their loneliness and great sorrow.

Resolved: That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, that a copy of these resolutions be spread on our records, a copy sent to the widow and to the Barrington Review for publication.

KIM C. GARDNER
WILLIE ROSE
GEO. J. HARRIS

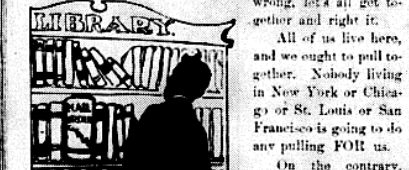
Wessel-Krueger

Rev. Stanger of St. Paul's church united in marriage Tuesday at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, Miss Mary Krueger fifth daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Krueger of east Main street to George Wessel, son of Mrs. Caroline Wessel who lives southeast of Barrington. The ceremony was solemnized at the Krueger home in the presence of relatives. A dinner was served and the couple left on the noon train for a fortnight's trip through Nebraska. Both young people were raised in Barrington and are deserving much credit for their industrious lives. The bride is a capable young woman and well fitted to establish a happy home. Mr. Wessel is a prosperous young farmer and they will live at the Wessel farm.

Isn't This Town A Pretty Good Town? If Not, Why Not?

How do you like the town you live in? Pretty fair sort of place, isn't it? Otherwise you'd move to some other town, wouldn't you?

But you don't think much of this town, you say? Well, what's the matter with this town? If there's anything wrong, let's all get together and right it.



All of us live here, and we ought to pull together. Nobody living in New York or Chicago or St. Louis or San Francisco is going to do any pulling FOR us. On the contrary, some of those cities are doing a lot of pulling FROM us. They not only pull away some of our best young men as the boys grow up, but they pull away many of our good American dollars, which ought to be spent right here, where they would do the most good.

What is your favorite book? The Mail Order Catalogue! Ah, so we thought!

Now suppose, just for a change, you read your local paper carefully, watch the advertisements, and if you don't see what you want ask the home merchant for it. Suppose all of us trade at home a little more regularly. That ought to help make this a better town.

And maybe if we'd keep more of our money at home to build up the town we'd keep more of our boys at home.

BOYS ARRESTED

Ben Beinhlich, of Orland, Has Boys Arrested.

A Chicago paper of Monday contained the following: "Robert and Frank Doyle, sons of Austin J. Doyle, who caused an uproar in the village of Orland three weeks ago when they threatened B. A. Beinhlich, head instructor in the public school of the town, have been arrested on warrants sworn out by Beinhlich. The warrants were issued by Justice Pierce of Blue Island, because when the case will be heard Thursday morning."

The trouble between the teacher and the Doyle boys was brought about through Beinhlich's advocacy of corporal punishment in his school. When he struck Marian Doyle, 11 years old, Mrs. Doyle and her sons went to the schoolhouse to demand an apology. When he refused this he was given a thrashing.

Austin J. Doyle is president of several brewing companies and was formerly chief of police of Chicago.

Celebrate Golden Wedding

Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Frye who live on Hough street celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, Wednesday evening, March 20th, at their home where relatives and friends gathered to congratulate them on attaining this anniversary. The house was decorated in yellow and white crepe paper and the couple received their guests under a white wedding bell. The occasion was also a christening party and two grandchildren were baptized, Elroy, son of John Frye of Hough and south Hawley streets and Warren, son of H. S. Meyer. Rev. Steg was the clergyman. A supper was served to nearly sixty-five people. Those present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Frye, Crystal Lake; Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Frye, Palatine; Mrs. Louisa Beck, Chicago.

Window glass in all stores, glazing promptly done at LAMBY & COMPANY'S.

Kalamine is the cleanest and best ash for walls. Sold in 4 pound packages at LAMBY & CO'S.

NEWS OF WAUCONDA

Earlier Monday dance in the Oakland hall, Monday evening, April 1st.
Dr. J. Wilson of Palatine was a caller Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Conway and son Joseph left Wednesday for Goldsfield, Nev., where they will make their future home.
Chas. Phillips of Libertyville was a guest of Dr. Sargent Monday.
Misses Myrtle and Agnes Murray were Chicago visitors Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Barker of Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Graham.
Mrs. Margaret Hudson of Chicago is spending the week at her home near the village.
H. T. Fuller transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McClain Saturday a thirteen pound girl.
Matt Malman has left for Highwood where he has secured a position in a barber shop.
Chas. Murray called on friends here recently.
A number of our people attended the entertainment given by Mr. Huron in the M. W. A. hall last Saturday evening and all agreed he was a good entertainer.
Spring has descended upon us unheralded by any great amount of railroad talk. What's the trouble?
A. Potter and G. Pratt made a trip to Hagen's Lake, Mich., last week, the former to prepare for removing to that place in the near future.
Twenty-five candidates will be taken into the Music Workers at their next meeting.
The high wind and moderate temperature took the ice out of the lake and local anglers are now exceedingly active.
The excise last Saturday was rather a tame affair with the exception of the fight for Justice of the Peace of the North End. A. E. Kiewlin finally getting the other contestants to quit. The list of nominees follows: clerk, A. S. Powers; collector, W. S. McClain; assessor, C. E. Jenks; justice of the peace, A. E. Kiewlin; highway commissioner, H. Davis, J. S. Haas and G. Hosen and J. A. Jones and Roy Seymour are running on stump for justice and collector respectively.

Mrs. Wolf Dies

A mother, good, kind, gentle and loving, was summoned by death early Monday morning, March 18th. Mrs. Fred Wolf of Washington street, north side, died after an illness of eighteen months of heart's disease. The end came peacefully and without pain although she had been a great sufferer during her sickness. For several years she had not been well and was gradually losing strength until heart trouble developed.

During the last fourteen years while living here she is said to have been a woman very kind to neighbors and helpful to those in trouble, never giving herself to do a kind act for another.

Bertha Will Wolf was born in Linsingen, Germany, August 31, 1863. When she was a young girl, the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Will and five children came to America, about 1871, and settled in this vicinity. When quite a young lady Bertha Will married John Rogman, father of Henry Rogman of Williams street, who died soon afterwards. She was married to Fred Wolf who survives her, July 28, 1882. They lived in Dundee a few years and also north of Barrington, then came here. Mrs. Wolf was the mother of five children, John Rogman, Albert, Henry, Fred and Alta. Wolf all of whom are living. Her brothers are Charles Will of Lake Zurich, Henry of Chicago Highlands, Fred of Crystal Lake and her sister Mrs. Mary Steinberger of Bartlett, Ill.

Mrs. Wolf joined the "Court of Honor" in 1902 and was a worthy member of the lodge.

The funeral was held at the home at one o'clock, March 22, followed by services at the Lutheran church with Rev. Stanger officiating. The burial was in Evergreen cemetery.

PROPERTY OWNER.

Notice.
Public notice is hereby given to the voters of the Village of Barrington, counties of Cook and Lake, that a census will be held on the 30th day of March A. D. 1907 at 8 o'clock P. M. at the Village Hall for the purpose of confining the regular village officers.

L. H. IDENBERRY, Village Clerk.

BAKE OF HOME TRADE

Lack of Confidence in Your Own Town. How it Kills Off Trade.

Do you believe in your own town and community? If you do, what do you do for your own town and community? It may be that you have observed a gradual falling off in business. Things have not been going along at the lively rate which seems to be justified by the present general prosperity. Expert statisticians and close observers declare that never before has the United States been so generally prosperous as it is at this moment.

How does your own home place stack up, with this declaration? Are you and your neighbors getting your share of the prosperity? If not, "there's a reason," as a certain advertiser says.

What is the reason? A recent writer on the revival of the local spirit as the only remedy against the ruin of the small town and the overgrowth of the big city presents some pertinent opinions on this topic. Read what Richard Hamilton Byrd says about the local confidence found in many communities. The lack of belief in your own home place:

The Mail Order Business.

"It is that lack of confidence, or, perhaps better, a lack of a knowledge of familiar things which has enabled the mail order business to gain such headway in the rural districts.

"It is a recognized fact that the small business of the country village and the large towns for that matter, is being destroyed. Year by year the more prosperous merchants are being forced to the wall-driven out by the mail order business and this is taking place in face of the fact that the population and purchasing power of the country districts are ever on the increase.

"What is the matter?

"The mail order houses are drawing the cash retail trade from its natural channels to the cities.

"The growth of this octopus has been phenomenal. From July 1st, 1904, without form, an experiment fifteen years ago, it has grown to proportions that threaten the extermination of the retail country merchant.

"An idea of the way the money of the people is being drawn into this mail order trade may be had from the reports of some of these houses. A certain mail order house of Chicago which began with a few thousand dollars fifteen years ago now carries a capital stock of \$5,000,000 and has arranged to increase this stock to \$10,000,000. The monthly business amounts to \$5,000,000, with a yearly net profit of more than \$1,000,000.

"This mail order, is the record of but one institution. There are dozens of them in Chicago, little and big, and hundreds of them in the various cities of the United States. They are springing up like mushrooms every night.

"All that is necessary to start a mail order business is a place to receive mail and money enough to get out the first batch of printing and for the first advertising campaign.

"Like the patent medicine business, the mail order business depends on the gullibility of the general public. Thousands of people every week send in their hard earned cash to some mail order house in payment for goods that could have been bought cheaper at their home store.

"Why is this so? It is owing partly to the desire of the average person to be flattered and partially to the effect of persistent advertising. The mail order house sends out its attractive literature to every family in the country. In this literature, composed of well illustrated catalogues and cheap magazines, known as mail order papers, the goods are set out in the most attractive manner. It is tempting bait, and the fish bite.

"All of these millions come out of the legitimate trade of the country merchant, the man who has invested his capital, built himself a home and been active in building up the town with the expectation that he would be allowed to keep his legitimate business in a legitimate way. He is entitled to the trade of his town and the country adjacent. He pays his taxes and contributes to the support of the community. The country owes him a respectful duty-the duty to give him the preference of trade, everything else being equal. This is the theory of all organized business.

"If the village and town merchants that have grown up under natural laws of trade is to be maintained, the retail business must be preserved against the predatory attacks of the mail order business. And this can be done only by organization and education. Let the people know the facts about the mail order business and the advantages of the local trade and they will grow beautifully less."