

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 9. NO. 30.

BARRINGTON ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1904.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

WAUCONDA MENTION.

Succinctly Told by Our Regular Correspondent.

Really, our boys couldn't help it; 18 to 20.

Will Basely of Union, spent Sunday with his parents.

Horn—Friday morning to Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Harris, a son.

Harry Geary of Libertyville, spent the first of the week with friends here.

Andrew Oakes, one of our oldest residents, is seriously ill at present writing.

Dr. Hobbs' gasoline launch has been put into commission for the summer and runs fine.

Chas. Wick and wife of DesPlaines visited with Mr. and Mrs. H. Malmann this week.

"Better late than never" is the motto of the Tennis club which has just been organized.

The Misses Winifred O'Neill and Kit Carroll, of Chicago are spending the week with Miss Nettie Murray.

Mrs. Hapke and family and Mrs. Strauber, of Melferry, were guests at the home of H. Malmann and family Wednesday.

Unless the Fish Commissioner takes early and decisive action against the people who insist upon selling Bangs Lake almost nightly Wauconda will soon cease to be a resort for fishermen.

The Catholic school held on the parsonage lawn last Saturday evening was a success both socially and financially. Besides the exciting attraction several other features were prominent. A fine program was arranged and well rendered. The police court proved to be quite an exciting affair. Some what surprised innocents were constantly arrested by the vigilant policemen and tried before his honor, Justice Howard O'Neill. The charges quite frequently preferred were flirting and kissing young girls of thirty or thereabouts who were unable to defend themselves. The captives were given some good wholesome advice by his honor and off with a heavy fine and cautioned not to repeat the offense. Over \$100 was cleared, which will be used towards paying the church debt.

Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobek of Colusa, Calif. writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver, and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by G. C. Roberts & Co. Druggist.

LANGENHEIM.

Mrs. Kraus is on the sick list.

E. W. Riley transacted business at Nauka Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie Riley is spending this week with Mrs. Riley of Woodstock.

Martin O'Brien and Ray Loco of Barrington called on friends here Sunday.

Miss Sarah McNevin returned to St. Charles Sunday after a week's visit with Lizzie Riley.

Several of the young folks attended the ice cream social at Wauconda Saturday evening.

Chicago's Death Rate.

Chicago is getting to be a notorious unhealthy place to live in. It is being demonstrated that the Chicago public is better educated in sanitary matters than the people of any other community. Much of this is due to the efforts of women's clubs of the city.

It is practically due to women organizations, or women in hope of men's organizations, that the city has been gaining cleaner premises, back yards and alleys.

The latest report of the Chicago Health Department states that the mortality of children under 5 years of age in that city is 20.8 per cent, less than London's; 23.2 per cent less than New York's. The general death rate of the city, adults and all, is 1-8 per cent less than London's and 15-6 per cent less than New York's.

Out of 148 dairies examined during the week ending July 16, 20 were found to be feeding "wet milk" to their cows. They have promised to stop it and many farmers will make

affidavit that they will abandon this feed if allowed to ship milk into the city.

Death of Mrs. C. G. Burgess.

Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. C. G. Burgess on Monday, July 11, at Clinton hospital, Ashbury, Mass., where she was taken three months ago from Chicago. The cause of death was cancer of the stomach and followed an unsuccessful operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Burgess were residents of Barrington for ten months and left here just a year ago last week. Mr. Burgess while here was superintendent of the American Malleable Iron company's plant at Chicago Highlands. They made their home at the Commercial hotel and Miss Margaret Lamey.

Great regret was felt by their many friends here when they left Barrington and the intelligence of Mrs. Burgess' death will be sad news to all of them. She was 46 years of age and had never fully recovered from the shock received four years ago in the sudden death of a daughter and only child, aged 16.

Mr. Burgess while here became a member of the organization of the Order of the Eastern Star.

Milking by Electricity.

A recent consular report from Germany tells of a newly invented apparatus for milking cows by electricity. In which rubber hoods are attached to the udder of the cow. These hoods are connected with a vessel for receiving the milk by means of a rubber tube, from which the air is exhausted by means of the electrical device. It is claimed that the suction thus secured resembles very closely the sucking of a calf and that for this reason the cow "lets down" her milk more freely than when milked by hand. It is also claimed that absolute cleanliness of the milk may be secured when this method of milking is employed.

The courts have decided that the inmates do not have to wear trousers. It is evident that the judges who made the decision have had experience with St. Louis climate in summer.

So long as our two most prominent cities are Oyster Bay and Esopus we have no stones to throw at the outlandish names of towns in the far east.

A warning has been given to Washington policemen not to chew toothpicks. Evidently there should be a school of cop etiquette.

The campaign managers should secure some of the Russians who report Japanese losses to make ante-election estimates.

At the World's Fair.

In a corner of the Horticultural building at St. Louis world's fair some California growers have set up a model orange orchard as large as a model dining room and needing only the odor of orange blossoms to make it the real thing, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The little patch of real dirt and stones and natural looking trees with paper leaves and fruit is backed by a painted stretch of cultivated valley with a perspective reaching back for miles to the foothills of some snow covered mountains. The whole thing is a copy of a well tended valley in the Riverside district and shows fields of the various crops raised there, along with models of the residences—the roads, bridges and irrigating fumes.

At one side is a rough mountain slope with miners' tents and shacks, and even a real clothes line with flopping blue overalls and red flannel shirts of miniature size. Trickling down over a rocky bed goes a stream of real water, and out through a tunnel comes an irrigating ditch of cement, with various locks, through which the water is turned into the laterals that carry it down between the rows of orange trees. These are spaced as in the real orchards, and a space of a dozen feet separates the dirt between the rows, where the yellow fruit shines among the green leaves.

In the yards of the little villas are beds of artificial flowers, and before one doorway waits a little automaton, while realism is still further aided by some of the most realistic models of tarantulas and centipedes in the dirt and stones of the foreground.

Power Clocks in Japan.

A Japanese newspaper says: "The home market for clocks is gradually becoming depressed owing to the war, the high priced article suffering most. On the other hand, the exportation of clocks to South China is increasing. The exports amounted to 370,000 yen (\$150,000) in value last year and will probably exceed that sum this year. These clocks are principally used by the Chinese for decorative purposes rather than for telling the time."

The Review \$1.50 a year.

NEWS OF LAKE ZURICH

Happenings of the Week in that Lively Village

Miss Myrtle Bicknese is visiting in Chicago.

W. E. Ritchie has returned from his trip to Denver.

A barber shop has been opened at the Exchange.

A large number of recreation seekers are enjoying life at this resort.

Attend the dance at Oak Park pavilion tomorrow, Saturday evening, July 30th.

There is a notable shortage in our meat supply owing to the Chicago strike.

The ball game played Tuesday by the Juniors of this place and Wauconda resulted in the defeat of the Waucondas by a score of 16 to 15.

The law suit Frederick vs. Wm. C. Bicknese, a case where Frederick sued for wages due, was tried by a jury and a verdict given for plaintiff.

Picnic Sunday, July 31, at Oak Park grounds under the auspices of Lake Zurich St. Peter's society for the benefit of the church. Program will be in at 10 a. m. with songs by the children of the Sunday school and choruses by the assembly. The pastor will deliver a sermon. Refreshments will be served on the grounds. All are cordially invited.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by G. C. Roberts & Co.

In the Matrimonial Market.

"Those wonderful Japs! Whether in martial or matrimonial affairs, they are worth studying. The praise of the getsha girl has been sung the world around. But it seems that she is not the only portion of female Japan that is worthy of note. For example, there is the widow. The widow of any clime has a charm of her own, but the widow of Japan is a dream, and the best of it is that she is a dream that comes true.

All of these things the world already knew. But here is a delightful piece of femininity from the Flowery Kingdom that has just come to light. The marriageable one—maiden or widow, as the case may be—let the fact be known in the way they wear their hair. Think of the convenience of it! A man there need not be lost in following a blind lead.

Widows of whom there will soon unfortunately be a greatly increased number—cut their hair short and comb it back plainly without a parting, unless indeed they are prepared to accept fresh offers, in which case they give a broad hint of their inclinations by twisting their hair round a long bald hairpin placed horizontally across the back of the head. Marriageable maidens distinguish and, as it were, advertise themselves by combing their locks high in front and arranging them in the form of a butterfly—this is something to be caught—or a fan half open and adorning these significant devices with bright colored balls and gold or silver cord. Speaking generally, the dressing of the hair, which is changed at intervals from childhood upward, is an indication of the age and position of the simple minded and fascinating female Jap.

While praising the soldiers and sailors that are busy reducing the indation of the Russian ego, let us not forget the dainty femininity of the island empire who are considered enough to let a man know when they are in the matrimonial market.

A twelve pound New Jersey fish recently caught had in its stomach a watch stolen three years ago. Query: Which is the greater miracle, the fish swallowing the watch or a man swallowing the story?

There are seven candidates for president: Roosevelt, Parker, Watson, Scott, Dewe, Corrigon and Scott. There will be six victims for the slaughter.

A St. Louis man wants a divorce because his wife has not spoken to him for eleven years. That is not the complaint of most men.

The discomforts of summer railway travel will now be doubled by the importunities of the straw vote man.

Maccabees Change Rates.

The supreme text, Knights of the Maccabees of the World, have adopted

ed the new schedule of rates recommended by the committee on laws at a recent session. While life insurance will hereafter be furnished new members at rates ranging from 85 cents per \$1,000 of insurance at the age of 15 to \$2.75 at the age of 50. Present members may rerate themselves to the new rate for whole-life protection, or may continue their insurance in force at the present rates until the age of 55, after which they must pay at the rate of \$3 per month. Disability benefits are not to be paid new members.

Reception Given Bride and Groom.

Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Lamey entertained eight guests at a dinner given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lamey of Maquoketa, Iowa, who visited Barrington relative Saturday and Sunday while on their bridal tour. Seats of honor were arranged for the bride and groom at the head of the table and were of white with decorations of white flowers and ribbons. On Sunday a family reunion was held at the home of Miss Margaret Lamey and was attended by 20 people. Those from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lamey, Maquoketa, Iowa; Mr. and Mrs. James Keating, Mrs. Sara Banghart and Miss Julia Lamey of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Snyder and children of Mayfair.

The groom has visited Barrington several times and is well known. He is the proprietor of Lamey's Department store at Maquoketa.

Birthday Surprise Party.

Tuesday evening a surprise party was given at the C. P. Hawley home on Hough street in honor of Verne Hawley, who on that day reached his 16th year. The affair was in the nature of a surprise to the host and was planned by his mother, Mrs. C. P. Hawley.

The park-like yard was decorated with glowing lights. Nearly 50 young people were guests and the remained until a late hour. The time was spent in playing different games and a luncheon was served. A pleasant evening of good fun is the report of the young people.

Railroad Building in Korea.

That the Japs are quite as effective in an industrial as in a military way is shown by the rapid manner in which they are pushing railroad construction in Korea. A recent report from United States Minister Allen states that south of Seoul there are 50 miles now completed, while the 120 miles of the whole 298 miles, the whole to be completed this year.

To the north the Seoul-Wiju railway is also progressing very fast. Blasting goes on day and night in a deep rock cut near Seoul. This is expected to be completed to Pyongyang this year.

This will give a complete line from Pusan, on the south, to Piyangung, on the north, by the beginning of the new year. That a nation whose attention is engrossed in preparing for war can find time to push the construction of a railroad in such a rapid and effective manner is little short of marvelous.

Concerning the building of the southern line, from Pusan to Seoul, the Japan Daily Mail of Yokohama recently said:

"We learn from the Ji Ji Shimpoo that the total length of this line is 388 miles and that it is divided nearly equally by Yondong, which lies 120 miles from Seoul and 128 miles north of Pusan. Work is being carried on from Yondong in both directions and from Pusan and Seoul toward the north and south, respectively. The whole will be finished, it is expected, by the end of this year. Already construction trains are running from Pusan to Chongdo, 50 miles, and from Seoul to Phryngthak, 50 miles. A section of 20 miles northward from Phryngthak and 20 miles northward from Chongdo will be finished by the end of the year. The portion not actually completed, however, is 127 miles. There is a very difficult piece of tunneling at Sanghyon in the thirteen mile section between Chongdo and Seoul. The tunnel is 1,200 feet long, and not more than one-half has been planned. The intention is to carry a temporary line over the hill as so as to bridge the gap. The tunnel is 127 miles long, from 1,200 to 1,200 feet and one of the feet will have to be built.

The orient is truly awakening. Korea, the dirty and sleepy corner of the far east, is to be reclaimed. The railroad is the harbinger of progress, and where it has made its appearance there is a new life. Korea is certainly following New Lines are constantly being built in China, and it is only a question of time when the swarms of dead humanity in the yellow kingdom will be touched with a new life. England is pushing the world, and that kind of mystery and deception can no longer hold back the tide of invasion from the west.

The human race is one race, and the whole earth must be claimed for advancement. What has happened to Japan must happen to all Asia.

Lawn social next Wednesday evening. Everybody is going.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Board meeting Monday.

Rob Schultz is working for Chas. Dean on his stock farm.

Fred Smith and wife of Chicago visited relatives here Tuesday.

Herbert Filbert is working for a bridge construction company in Chicago.

A number from here have been attending camp meeting at DesPlaines this week.

Eddie Pinney has returned to Palatine and expects to attend school here next year.

Found a stray bull, red and white. Owner please call and get same.

F. Hoar.

H. C. Hintmann and family have been enjoying life at Lake Zurich for several days.

C. T. Taylor and family Mrs. Esterbrook have been enjoying an outing at Lake Zurich.

Frank Mix has purchased a lot on Twin Lakes and is enjoying an outing with his family there.

Mrs. H. Schirring is building a home to rent just north of her residence on Brockway street.

The missionary meeting will be held at Mrs. H. C. Peddock's instead of at Lake Zurich next Wednesday.

The body of John French, brother of Mrs. C. D. Taylor, who died at Libertyville last Thursday, was brought to Palatine for burial Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Burlingame returned from Lake Zurich the first of the week on the account of the illness of Mrs. Burlingame's mother, Mrs. Nichols.

Dr. M. F. Clausius went to Davenport, Iowa, Tuesday and went from there by steamer to St. Louis to visit the Exposition. He left his business in care of Dr. Starck while gone.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society will meet with Mrs. E. Robertson at Lake Zurich, by special invitation, Wednesday, Aug. 3, conveniences will leave the M. E. church at 9 a. m.

Floyd Hardin, son of Rev. T. B. Hardin, former pastor of the Methodist church in this place, has been granted an exhorter's license and will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. church next week Sunday.

The many friends of Miss Annie Hennings and Albert Delms were surprised when told of the marriage of these young people. Wheaton, Ill., last week Tuesday, July 19. They will reside at the home of the groom's parents in this village.

Celebrates 75th Birthday.

A large gathering of relatives and friends of Dr. E. W. Wood assembled at his home last week Wednesday to celebrate the 75th birthday anniversary of that genial gentleman. It is scarcely a day ago that the occasion was a merry one for all present as the doctor and his wife have an enviable reputation for entertaining.

Although considerable past three score the doctor was as young as any of his guests and greatly enjoyed their presence. These present from out of town were: Mrs. and Medames D. K. Fode of Downers Grove; Kimball Oaks, Dr. W. L. Ruggles; Wm. W. Oaks, Geo. Spellman, and Mrs. M. E. Kipp of Oak Park; R. H. Stewart and wife, Mrs. Lizzie Stewart and Mrs. Elsie Williams of Chicago; Mrs. M. B. Williams of Vermont. There were eight grandchildren and two great grandchildren present.

Clippings for Business Men.

No advertising has a bad effect on what might be a good business.

This need not be a bad year for the retailer just because of the election. So long as local conditions are good, local merchants can stir up business. Keep pushing for livelier trading for larger sales and for clearing up odds and ends about the place. The push for business never fears that panic will strike him. Business is what it is made nine times out of ten.

Each season's business must be so conducted that it will help things along for the next season; and each article should help to attract the customer for the next article wanted.

If business is conducted in a way to make friends for the future, those friends will make other friends and each season will witness a growing business. The merchant must appreciate this and he must know that,

to have a good business he must offer good things.

Cleveland's Theatre.

Mr. Cleveland's greater vaudeville is the talk of the public, not only in Chicago, but throughout the entire world. The high standard of the performance is being lived up to, with the result that Cleveland's theatre is always crowded. One surprise follows another and the magnitude of bills presented week after week seems limitless. For the week beginning Sunday Matinee, July 31st, Manager Cleveland offers the following bill.

The Roscoe Midgates the greatest of all European sensations. Professor Macart's wonderful dog and monkey comedians will gladden the hearts of the children. Emmaet & Dewy will present a pleasing sketch, Billy Link the famous monologue comedian, the two Avolos, the greatest gymnasts in the world. Lloyd & Lawrence high class vocalists, and Ernest Hogan the "Heaven Brimmer" of colored aristocracy. As usual there will be two performances daily at 2:15 and 8:15 p. m. Matinee prices 10, 15, 35 & 50 cents. Evening prices from 10 to 75 cents.

Will Build a New Bridge.

The special committee of supervisors appointed by the chairman of the Lake county board, met with the commissioners of highways of Cook county, to determine as to the necessity of constructing a bridge over Flint creek. All members were present with the exception of Commissioner Rieke.

After a careful investigation of the old structure it was decided to build a new 400 foot steel bridge with stone concrete abutments and the clerk was instructed to advertise for bids.

The date of the letting of contract was fixed for 11 o'clock, Monday, Aug. 8th, at Murphy's hotel, Wauconda. The approximate cost of the new bridge is \$1,800 and one-half the cost is borne by Lake county.

ANNUAL MIDSUMMER DANCE

Given by B. S. & A. C. Proves Successful and Pleasant Affair.

The pleasure to be expected in attending a dancing party given by the Barrington Social and Athletic club has become a foregone conclusion, and when the midsummer dance is announced annually it is known that a large attendance will gather to be hospitably welcomed by the young men and to enjoy the special arrangements made for the entertainment of all dancers.

The affair this year held last Saturday evening at Forbes' dancing pavilion attracted a large number of young people from Chicago, the village, the surrounding towns and rural districts who danced through a long program of continuous merriment and amusement.

The canvas covering and sliding formed the platform into a neat hall and was a good protection from the night draughts. The floor had been placed in excellent dancing condition and the staging for the orchestra was prettily decorated in red and white.

Until a late hour the spectators were numerous and interested. The floor committee were Lawrence Dunlea, William Cannon and Miles T. Riley, and the music was by the orchestra of Chicago. About ninety tickets were sold which will result in a financial gain to the club.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough fearfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 35 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and 1.00. Trial bottles free at G. C. Roberts & Co. Drug store.

If somebody will only add a red ant to the list the money will be paid. The people will rise up and petition for his appointment as an agricultural department expert.

Mrs. Maybrick is free at last. Justice gets her innings some time, though she frequently has to wait a long time—at least in England.

The number of widows a man leaves seems to increase in direct ratio with the number of dollars he leaves.

Booster is said to be sinking about a foot every century. Henry thinking has its penalties.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

The supreme Text, Knights of the Macebore of the World, adjourned in Detroit, Tuesday after a session lasting one week. The most important business transacted was a readjustment of the insurance rates.

Following the reduction of 15% per cent in wages, eighty-one cotton mills in Fall River, Mass., stopped operations Tuesday when their employees walked out. The strikers are receiving assistance and the prospects for a settlement are not good.

By orders of the navy department the cruiser Chicago has been ordered into commission in the Boston yard Aug. 15, to prepare for a cruise in the Pacific, where she is to relieve the cruiser New York as the flag ship of Rear Admiral Goddard.

Mrs. J. M. Pritchard, aged 40, and four other women are dying in Pomeroy, Ohio, as the result of eating ice cream at a lodge supper in Gallipoli. Investigation has disclosed traces of poison in the freezer in which the cream was made.

William P. Hurd, a private in the Eighth regiment, now in camp in Springfield, Ill., was transferred from police headquarters, where he has been held on the charge of attacking an officer of the regiment with a knife, to Camp Lincoln.

The 4-year-old daughter of J. Fries of Lone Rock, Wis., fell into a burning brush heap and was burned to death.

Judge Wright in the supreme court postponed until Aug. 8 the hearing in the controversy over the location of the postoffice between Las Vegas and East Las Vegas, N. M.

Officers Hart and Scanlon, charged with aiding County Clerk Lucas Butts in kidnapping Delegate Pinkerton at the recent congressional convention in Peoria, pleaded guilty to assault and battery and were fined \$25.

Col. Edgar Z. Steever, Fourth cavalry, commanding the post of Fort Riley, Kan., will have charge of the national individual rifle match and the national pistol match at Fort Riley, commencing Aug. 22.

The St. Clair Tunnel Company will abolish steam power and adopt electricity for moving trains through the Grand Tunnel under the St. Clair river. A three-rail system will be put in at an expense of \$400,000.

Francisco Mallo, Mexican consul at El Paso, Tex., received a telegram confirming the report that two Americans were killed at Aguas Calientes by a man named Torres and adding that a "rigid investigation has been ordered."

The United States cruiser Tacoma, which is searching for the missing American merchant vessel, the *Albatross*, arrived at Callao, Peru, and will proceed on her way around Cape Horn.

Fire in a resort at Nashwan, on the Minnesota Iron range, burned three persons to death. The fire is supposed to have been started by incendiaries.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Eastern Trust Company the proposition for the company to go into voluntary liquidation was unanimously ratified.

John Spain, a farmer, residing near Weldon, Ia., was thrown from a wagon while driving along the highway and was found dead several hours later.

Henry Woolstein, aged 66, fell from scaffolding at the Faber brewery in Peoria, killing him instantly. He was one of the first contractors in central Illinois.

Dr. L. A. Johnston, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church in St. Paul, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Swedish Lutheran church at Moline, Ill., succeeding Rev. C. A. Hemborg, who resigned to go to St. Louis.

The Missouri Pacific Railroad Company will soon have a direct line from Kansas City and St. Louis through Joplin to Texas. The line is now being surveyed from Joplin to Muskogee, I. T.

The strike of the waiters at the world's fair, inaugurated July 4, has been declared off.

Mrs. Stanford has purchased for the Leland Stanford University from the Japanese government Japan's best art collection for \$100,000. The money goes to the war fund.

Fire destroyed the Edison theater at Port Huron, Mich. The Bennett Humpty Dumpty company lost \$4,500 in scenery and properties.

The Andrews-New York Central syndicate, which recently purchased the Utica and Mohawk Valley and the Syracuse Rapid Transit trolley lines, reorganized the latter company with Horace E. Andrews as president.

Differences between the employers and the marble-workers' union at New York over a demand of the latter for the employment of union foremen threaten a general lockout.

Henry C. Fox of Pittsburg has called on the White Star Line, Ltd. for Liverpool.

Referee Palmer has named D. B. Torpy as trustee of the United Shoe and Ties Plate Company, bankrupt.

GREAT BRITAIN IN RAGE

Ship Flying Her Flag Sunk by Russian Vladivostok Fleet—Has Created Serious Situation—Japanese Victory Reported.

Yokohama, July 25.—The British merchant ship, *Knights Commander*, was captured and sunk by the Vladivostok fleet July 25.

London, July 25.—The sinking of the *Knights Commander* by the Russians seems likely to raise a storm rivalling that caused by the seizure of the *Malacca* in the Red sea. The act is condemned as an extraordinary and intolerable breach of international law, which has not had a precedent in modern times.

The Morning Post regards it as an act of war and asks sarcastically why Great Britain keeps her navy on a "two power standard," and what the British government is for.

The danger of further complications also looms big, inasmuch as several vessels, with valuable cargoes, are heading for Japan and China, some aware of the danger and others in complete ignorance of it.

The most important of these vessels is the Pacific Mail company's steamer *Coria*, from America, which carries \$1,000,000 in specie and a valuable cargo, parts of which the Russians may be able to declare contraband and seizable.

The *Gaelic* of the Occidental and Oriental company is also on the high seas—and is in danger of being taken by the Vladivostok fleet, now operating in the Pacific.

According to the latest dispatches from Yokohama, the officers of the *Knights Commander* are prisoners of the Russians, and only the Indian crew were put aboard the *Tsushima*.

A special meeting of the British cabinet has been called to consider all the phases of the most unpleasant situation.

In Tokio the acts of the Vladivostok squadron in the Pacific and of the volunteer fleet in the Red sea strengthen the belief that Russia is deliberately seeking to affront America, England and Germany in the hope of finding an avenue for gracefully retiring from a disastrous war.

The three Russian warships which sank the *Knights Commander* are reported to be covered with men. Their bottoms are foul, and they look grim and ugly. The Russian vessels are thought to be short of prize crews.

Americans at Yokohama are quite anxious concerning the possible fate of the *Coria*, belonging to the Pacific Mail Steamship company, and the American steamer *Shawmut*, which left Puget sound July 16 for Hongkong. The agent of the Pacific Mail company cabled a warning to the *Coria* at Midway island.

Ugly Tangle Is Averted.—Washington, July 25.—A fact has developed which might have led to serious complications had it not been announced that the Russian government had given orders for the release of the *Knights Commander*.

The case of the *Knights Commander* is regarded here as complicated and difficult of treatment, although a more complete statement of facts is expected to simplify the problem. It is apprehended that if the contention of the ship's agents, that the cargo contained no contraband, is correct, the dispatch does not give the place of the battle or the date.

The case of the *Knights Commander* is regarded here as complicated and difficult of treatment, although a more complete statement of facts is expected to simplify the problem. It is apprehended that if the contention of the ship's agents, that the cargo contained no contraband, is correct, the dispatch does not give the place of the battle or the date.

which was intended to retard a Japanese flank movement on Liao-yang, but the dispatch does not give the place of the battle or the date.

The correspondent at Tientsin of the Standard reports incessant fighting since Thursday around Tachikiao and Malchau, in which the Japanese were steadily forcing the Russian back.

A dispatch to a news agency from Liao-yang reports heavy artillery fighting there. The Russian casualties, it is alleged, were thought not to exceed 400, while the Japanese are said to have lost more men. The Japanese, who were attacking the "southern detachment," according to the dispatch, were forced to retire precipitately, leaving their dead and wounded on the field. The dispatch lacks convincing details and names of places.

The evacuation of Newchwang by the Russians is reported from various sources, and is generally believed to be the light of the developments at Tachikiao.

Warships of the Mikado.—Also Patrol the Red Sea. London, July 27.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Suva says it is learned from a source worthy of consideration, although its authenticity cannot be guaranteed, that Japanese warships have arrived in the Red sea.

The French steamer *Chodoc*, which arrived at Suva from Saigon, reports that on Tuesday it sighted in the Red sea three warships and two torpedo boats, the nationality of which could not be distinguished.

The captain of the volunteer fleet steamer *Smolek*, in conversing with the captain of the seized steamer *Formosa*, showed that he was aware of the report that Japanese vessels are in the Red sea.

Vladivostok Fleet Going Back. Tokyo, July 27.—The Vladivostok squadron appears to be returning to the north. It was last seen off China prefecture with a merchant vessel.

Hongkong, July 27.—It is reported that the British battleship *Ocean* and three destroyers are to leave Hongkong and proceed to Yokohama for the purpose of protecting British shipping against the Russian Vladivostok squadron.

Japan Troops Occupy Newchwang. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived here this morning, and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains at Yinkow, to take them away.

Transported Off Yinkow. Mukden, July 27.—Twenty troops

Evacuated by Russians. Tientsin, July 27.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock on the evening of July 25.

It is reported here that the Japanese lost 350 men in killed and wounded in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known.

RENEW TROUBLE AT STOCK YARDS

Workmen Claim That Packers Do Not Live Up to Terms of Agreement.

President Donnelly Hears Reports From the Rank and File and at Once Takes Action to Force the Employers to Abandon Position.

Chicago special: The strike of the butcher workmen was renewed unexpectedly Friday morning after thirty-six hours of peace.

The renewal of trouble arose from the labor leaders' notion that the strikers were being subjected to discrimination while seeking to return to work.

Should no adjustment of the trouble be reached in the latest meetings, sympathetic strike of the other trades employed in the packing industry practically is certain. It was arranged for before the agreement was signed which terminated the original strike and the plans have not been changed.

Strike Is Renewed. The strike began in the Chicago yards when the men reported back to work Friday morning. Two hours later it had extended, by the order of President Donnelly of the union, to all the plants controlled by the big companies.

When the 8,500 men and women, who expected to be put at the tasks they left in the earlier walkout, gathered about the establishments they learned that few of them were wanted at once. The superintendents insisted on the strikers' return to work, but the strikers refused to be selected as they came, without discrimination, as that was the interpretation put on the peace agreement.

Butchers Refuse Work. The men and sheep butchers had voted, at the close of the first strike, that if they were not reinstated in a body none of them would go to work. The men, therefore, the foreman at the Armour plant appeared to be choosing from the men before him and only taking a few, the stewards were instructed to investigate. They told the foremen were acting according to the agreement, and the men walked out.

All through the yards the applicants for work found they were not wanted. Not 5 per cent of those who reported, the police estimated, were engaged. The stream of workers turned backward and marched angrily to the place where they believed they were to be reinstated.

President Donnelly did not reach his office until 7:30 o'clock. He had learned that the strikers' return to work was over, and he allowed himself time to sleep and rest.

Claims Discrimination. Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

Reports of the incidents of the previous half hour began to come to him at once. The men declared they had been discriminated against and that the companies were violating the agreement. When the action of the cattle butchers was made known to him Donnelly issued the order for the new strike.

FREE TO TWENTY-FIVE LADIES.

The Defiance Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, five ladies to each of the following states; Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent 16-ounce package of Defiance cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named states. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Defiance Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before September 1st, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the Exposition. Remember that Defiance is the only starch put up 14 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Defiance never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the Exposition will be sent by registered mail September 6th. Starch for sale by all dealers.

Intelligent Customs Collector. Robert H. Armstrong, assistant secretary of the treasury, relates that a newly appointed collector in one of the interior districts of the country recently to pass upon the appraisement of a statue of the Venus de Milo imported for a local magnate. The collector, after a long examination, found the statue was without arms and entered upon his return "of no commercial value; damaged in importation."

A Trip to Colorado, Utah or California is not complete unless it embraces the most beautiful resorts and grand scenery in Colorado, which are found on the Colorado Midland Railway, the highest standard gauge line in the world. Exceptionally low summer round trip rates to Colorado interior states, Utah, California and the Northwest are offered by this line. For information address Mr. C. H. Speers, General Passenger Agent, Denver, Colo.

Diplomats at Bar Harbor. Bar Harbor has many of the foreign diplomats of the season. Count Cassini of Russia, Baron Hengelmüller of Germany and M. Brun of Holland are prominent among the distinguished visitors. Formerly Manchester-by-the-sea, Mass., used to hold these representatives pretty close during the summer season.

Important to Mothers. Mothers carefully every bottle of CANTHOL, and save remedy for infants and children, and use the same.

Signatures of *Chas. H. Peterson* in the For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Immense Oklahoma Farm. The Miller Brothers of Billis, Okla., operate one of the largest farms in the United States, containing 6,500 acres, 3,000 of which they had planted in wheat this year. The land is owned by the Ponca Indians

JOHN BURT

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS

Author of "The Klipped Millionaire," "Cashed Money's Duet," etc.

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

At the sight of the ore, and of the dull gloss of the nugget, a wonderful transformation took place in John Hawkins. He gazed at the ore with the rapid look of an enthusiast. The weight of the nugget told its own story.

"Go ahead and tell me about this," he said abruptly. "You look like an honest man, and it's a waste of time to lie to me. What have you got, and how did you get it?"

"In a matter of fact, what John Burt related the story of the discovery and development of the Sallor Mine."

"This may be worth looking into," said the capitalist. "I'll send an expert to investigate it and make a report." He rang a bell and a boy responded. "Go and tell David Parker I want him," he ordered.

"Until we have arrived at some tentative agreement or understanding, I don't care to have your expert examine this property," said John Burt, when the boy had closed the door. "Your expert will find one of two things—either that my estimate of these claims is accurate, or that it is not. In the latter event you would drop the matter. If, on the contrary, your expert confirms my estimate—as he will—it then becomes necessary to act under a definite understanding. In brief, the question is, following Mr. Hawkins' advice, he so invested his profits as to become a millionaire before he had been in California two years."

"That sounds like business," roared John Hawkins, a gleam of admiration for an opponent worthy of his attention showing in his eyes. "Make your proposition. You're selling; I'm buying. What's your terms?"

"You will assume the payments on the Blake option, which amount to three hundred thousand dollars," said John. "In addition to that, you will advance the money necessary for the

mine, and in the valley below in anticipation of possible placer deposits.

Jim Blake was delighted when informed of John's progress. "Hope you make millions, and am betting you will," said Jim as they shook hands and separated.

Mr. Hawkins, David Parker and John Burt spent three nights in the cramped quarters of the log cabin, and thoroughly enjoyed themselves. On their return to San Francisco a formal agreement was signed, and John Burt and John Hawkins became partners in the Sallor Mine and in the scores of claims surrounding it.

For eighteen months John directed the efforts of an army of men, swarming like ants on the mountainside. A village sprang up in the valley and clustered about the stamp mills of Hawkins & Company. Churches, gambling houses, stores and saloons contended for patronage. Thousands of claims were staked out; but native claimants were few. Following when the finished the broad layers of the Sallor Mine and its outcroppings. The mines produced eight hundred thousand dollars in gold the first year. After deducting Blake's price, John's share in the profits was more than a hundred thousand. His dividends in the following six months were three hundred thousand. Following Mr. Hawkins' advice, he so invested his profits as to become a millionaire before he had been in California two years.

Having placed the mining property on a permanent footing, and in charge of competent managers and superintendents, he transferred his headquarters to San Francisco. He still made periodical visits to the mines, where he had an office in the old log cabin; orders having been issued not to destroy it under any circumstances.

When Jim Blake received his first

John Hawkins was nobility named as the manipulator and principal winner, but James Blake was hailed as the daring operator whose brilliant generalship had crowned the success of the deal. In the speculative firmment he suddenly blazed forth as a star of the first magnitude.

James Blake suddenly developed traits which bewildered his friends and surprised himself. Under the guidance of John Burt he mastered the details of the business, displaying ability in dealing with the intricacies which formed the daily routine. Incapable of acting for himself, he could follow a chartered course with the precision of a pilot.

Nature had destined to James Blake that spark of genius which inspires the leader, but he possessed in a high degree those traits which leadership attracts and invests with power. He grasped Burt's plans of campaign with the intuition of a Bernadotte, and executed them with the dash and skill of a Murat. In the two years which followed, he poured into the coffers of James Blake & Company, Blake's name figured in great financial transactions, and his opinion was eagerly sought in matters of commercial moment. Handsome as Apollo, and the reputed possessor of a large fortune, he became a society lion, a popular club man and the target for matrimonial archers.

Blake accepted his honors with dignity and modesty. He was willing and proud to shine in the reflected light of John Burt. He would have endured unrecited disgrace as serenely as he wore unwon honors.

From the moment when Peter Burt stood with uplifted arms in the lightning glare and gave him a blessing, John Burt had no doubt of his financial future. With his eyes fixed unwaveringly on an immediate purpose, he had boldly commanded fortune to do his bidding.

A profile portrait of Jessie Carden rested on an easel which stood near the work of an artist of local fame, drawn from a snapshot photograph. The moments of the women he loved. The pink paper frame, with a design in hearts and roses, which surrounded the photograph, was frayed and torn, but Jessie's sweet face was revealed on the glossy surface of the metal—the face which had looked into his one summer day when they rode to Higgins, and Jessie proposed to marry him. "Have their tintypes taken."

Jessie was in her sixteenth year when the picture was taken, but the long riding habit and the queenly pose of her head against the plain background added dignity to the nascent charms of face and figure. John would sit for hours during the long evenings and gaze at this portrait. It was the one visible connecting link between the past and the present, the ocular inspiration for his future. Again and again he attempted to put the picture of Jessie Carden of the present. With his eyes fixed on the portrait, and his mind centered on its original, he struggled to part the veil of miles and years which parted them, and to hold communion with her. At times he imagined the message was received, and that a loving answer came, bidding him to have faith and to persevere. Surely such correspondence was not in violation of his promise to Peter Burt! Then he would turn to his books, and with a light heart toll far into the night. In this room he mastered the secrets of finance and of commerce. With him, as he explored its past and studied its present with real ungodly faith and faith unbounded.

But when slumber fell upon him, and his mind wandered into unknown regions, he dreamed—dreamed not of millions nor of triumphs over master minds. He dreamed of Jessie Carden.

(To be continued.)

UMBRELLAS OLD AS MAN.

Though Rain Shields Are 10,000 Years Old They Need Improving.

"How rich I'd be," said an umbrella salesman, "if I had patented the umbrella."

The floorwalker smiled.

"You might as well talk," said he, "of a patent on swimming or cooking. Umbrellas appear to have existed always. Whether we excavate at Babylon, Nineveh, Nipur—traces of the umbrella are found. This instrument is coeval with mankind."

It is of oriental origin. The English umbrella is a modern invention. The first umbrella to protect him from the rain, John Hawley was the first.

The floorwalker paused to brush a white thread from his long black coat. Then he resumed:

"Now, what you might do would be to patent some new sort of umbrella—some rain shield built on better lines. We have proof that the umbrella has existed for 10,000 years, and yet in it is no improvement. It is by no means perfect. It turns inside out readily, and it only protects the head and shoulders. I've been thinking of that. Give us an umbrella that is a complete rain shield. Then you will become a millionaire."

Paradoxical Doc.

"Doctor, you are the most foolish, even tempered man I ever met—of you never get out of temper."

"One has to get out of patience to lose one's temper, and as I am never out of patients, I am never out of patience."

ILLINOIS NEWS

Chosen from over the state, specially selected for our readers

SAY MINERS ARE PEACEABLE

Leaders Declare Men Evicted From Zeigler Mine No Trouble.

George Bagwell of Marysville, president of the Seventh district union mine workers of Illinois, and W. P. Morris of Duquoin, member of the state executive board, were present at a meeting of the executive board in the state headquarters in Springfield, and expressed great indignation over the general situation at the Zeigler mines of Joseph Leiter in southern Illinois. They reported that the union men will not make trouble. The mines are guarded by armed guards, but the miners have made no threats. At Christopher thirty tests are occupied by miners. This was done when the men were ejected from Zeigler and no trouble was available. It is reported as being a camp of tented houses, and is not a menace to the peace of the community. The report of the Illinois miners' officials is that there has been but one affray and that was when a guard shot a union miner. The men are willing to arbitrate the difficulty, says the report, something which Leiter absolutely refuses to consider.

FAVORABLE WEEK FOR CROPS

Weather Conditions Have Been the Best of the Season.

The weekly crop bulletin for the week ended July 25 says the weather condition have been highly favorable to crop development and farming operations during the week, decidedly the most favorable of the season.

Corn has made rapid growth and is mostly well laid. Many fields are in tassels.

The cutting of oats will be in active operation in the northern district during the ensuing week; the work is practically completed in the central and southern districts and some threshing has been done.

Wheat, rye and barley are in shock. Mostly wheat has been threshed and an average yield of good quality resulted. Reports indicate a yield of hay below average, but of superior quality.

Gardens are yielding good, and the outlook for potatoes is promising. Plums, blackberries and raspberries are ripe. Grapes continue promising. Some apple orchards are late.

Prohibitionists Rally.

The Prohibitionists of Washington, St. Clair and Randolph counties will hold a rally in the city park at Coulterville on Friday, Aug. 12. Hon. Robert H. Patton of Springfield, candidate for governor, will be the guest of honor. W. H. H. Alton of Greenville, candidate for congress in the Twenty-second district, and Rev. C. F. Priest of Dongola, candidate for congress in the Twenty-fifth district, will be the principal speakers.

Elevator League Officers.

The Epworth League at Irvington has elected the following officers: President, Dr. L. T. Granay; first vice president, Mrs. Robert Campbell; second vice president, Mrs. E. A. Hartley; third vice president, Miss Edna McCullough; fourth vice president, Miss Winnie McCullough; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. George Sanders.

Token of Esteem.

Frank M. Doan has retired from the position of superintendent of the Jacksonville Gas and Coal Company, which position he has held for fifteen years. The employees of the gas plant presented him with a handsome service watch as a token of their esteem.

Train Behaved Laborer.

A local front ender on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad bumped into a boarding car on a side track, near West Alton, Mo., under which a number of Italian laborers were sleeping. The car was overturned, and many of the men's heads and limbs were injured.

Preacher Is Inane.

Elder Joseph W. Armstrong, a well-known Primitive Baptist preacher and a farmer of Foster township, was accused of inanity in the county court at Springfield. Some weeks ago he suffered a paralytic stroke and continued ill health led to his derangement.

Hospital Is Burned.

The Mount Vernon hospital was burned to the ground by a fire which originated in a barn near by. There was a large quantity of straw and hay in the building, but all were removed to safety. The total loss is \$8,000, there being \$5,000 insurance.

Twelve Are Baptized.

Fifty-three persons received the full membership in First M. E. church at Mount Vernon, when twelve were baptized.

Telephone Company Files Papers.

Articles of incorporation of the First Telephone company have been filed for record; capital stock, \$10,000; incorporators and principal stockholders, J. H. Steinhilber, J. W. Gornet and Chris Busse, Jr.

Must Paint the Poles.

The Chester city council has passed an ordinance that all telegraph and telephone light poles must be painted red ten feet from the ground and white the remaining distance to the top.

STATE FARMERS ELECT OFFICERS

Economic Union Closes Successful Convention at Duquoin.

The state farmers' social and economic union has just closed one of its most successful state conventions in Duquoin by the election of the following officers for the year: President, A. H. Evans of Perry; vice president, J. A. House of Washington; secretary, G. H. Winter of St. Clair; treasurer, N. E. Lesley of Randolph; organizer, J. W. Crawford of Franklin; lecturer, G. H. Sanders of Randolph; trustees, Adam Bitter of Jackson, J. W. Lemons of Perry, J. J. Randall of Washington, J. W. Crawford of Franklin, Martin Yeager of St. Clair and Grant Kennedy of Gallatin.

Delegates to the national convention were elected as follows: T. M. McMurtry of Perry and A. A. Hinkley of Washington; alternates, Martin Yeager of St. Clair and Adam Bitter of Jackson.

District delegates—Hardy Crews of Jackson; S. B. Bayfield of Perry; Robert Stevenson of Randolph; Louis Sheets of St. Clair; J. A. House of Washington; E. Smith of Monroe; S. C. Grader of Gallatin.

The next meeting will be held in Benton.

Log Rolling at Virginia.

The Modern Woodmen have made arrangements for a big "log rolling" at Virginia August 9. E. D. Reynolds and Freeman Plants, state consul and general authority of the order, will make addresses, and the famous Springfield watch factory band has been engaged. Heavy premiums have been offered for the logrolling contests, a baby show for the largest delegation of Woodmen from any one camp.

Will Build Illinois Monument.

The Culver Construction company of Springfield has been awarded the contract for the construction of the Illinois monument on the Gettysburg battlefield. Culver's bid was \$125,000. The monument will be immense. On the interior of the dome-shaped structure will be bronze tablets bearing the name of every Illinois soldier who participated in the battle.

Will Adopt Drive Wells.

The special council of the Springfield city council, consisting of Aldermen Malsenbacher, Fehr and Daughton, has returned from neighboring cities where drive well systems are used. The report made to the council is that the drive-well system is a success and will be put in use in Springfield, where experiments have been made.

Elevator Is Destroyed.

Fire broke out on the top floor of the Columbia elevator, situated near the Higgins ferry company railroad in East St. Louis, completely destroying the building and about 4,000 bushels of wheat. It is believed that the fire was due to spontaneous combustion in the wheat on the top floor.

Lightning Fires Barn.

During an electric storm, lightning set fire to a large dairy barn on the farm of Mrs. Richardson, two miles east of Trenton. Joseph Alblinger, tenant on the farm, succeeded in saving all the horses and cattle in the barn, but the building, hay and grain were totally destroyed.

Lebanon Epworth League.

Nashville has been chosen as the place for holding the next annual convention of the Lebanon district Epworth league. The session will be held next May. Miss Cassie Poole, a Sunday school worker of Nashville, was chosen second vice president of the association.

Democratic Chairman.

Lee G. Metcalf of Illinois has been elected chairman of the Sangamon county Democratic committee, to succeed Charles Werner of Clear Lake. Charles M. Woods was chosen secretary.

Fine Is Heavy.

Theodore Yeager of O'Fallon has been fined \$1,000 on a charge of raising a disturbance in Bruce Walsh's saloon at O'Fallon, when James Plesien, the bartender, tried to eject him.

Thieves Take Souvenirs.

Burglars entered the home of I. H. Coleman at Springfield and stole a large quantity of trinkets and souvenirs. Miss Mary Coleman has just brought home with her from Europe.

Voluntary Bankrupt.

Charles A. Hartwell, a merchant of Casey, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court at Springfield, showing liabilities at \$4,415; assets, \$1,490.

To Attend G. A. R. Convention.

Stephens Post, G. A. R., under command of Sam H. Tyrman, will be well represented at the thirty-eighth national encampment of that organization at Boston August 15-20. Over 300 will attend from Springfield.

Y. M. C. A. Building.

Plans are being prepared for the erection of a new Y. M. C. A. building adjoining the First Presbyterian church, corner of Seventh street and Capitol avenue, Springfield. The building will cost \$75,000.

PUTS BAN ON CONTESTING HEIRS

Edward Seymour Deceases That They Should Leave as If They Object.

The will of Edward Seymour, formerly of Payson, has been filed in the Adams county court. He left an estate which is valued at \$500,000. A trust fund of \$5,000 is placed with seven executors and nephews for the maintenance of Eveline A. Seymour, an aged sister of the deceased. Loren B. Seymour is to receive the sum of \$7,000 in cash. The Congregation of the church in Payson, Utah university, and the Center school district are to receive \$100 each. Farms in Vernon county, near Lake Umbagog, to Elmer F. Nelson, Lucy C. Green, Fannie Green and Fannie McClure, all nieces. Stella M. Starr, another niece, is given a section of land and \$2,000 in cash. Lucy C. Green and Fannie McClure each received \$4,000 in cash. The farm property in Illinois, including five acres and improvements and furniture, go to two nephews, Henry M. and Lyman K. Seymour. A codicil in the will increases the amount given to each of the above. Fannie Seymour to \$1,000 each. The will provides that in case any of the heirs attempt to contest the distribution of any real estate, the property shall lose all rights to a share of the estate. Henry M. Seymour and Lyman K. Seymour are appointed executors.

QUEER EVIDENCE IS ACCEPTED

Operator's "Touch" Figures in Divorce Case at East Alton.

John Teipel of East Alton. It is said, will apply in the circuit court for relief from an order to pay his divorced wife a fixed amount of alimony, alleging that she was married in St. Louis recently. It is said that he will also ask for the custody of their child, which was given to the mother. When the divorce suit was tried six months ago testimony was given by a telegraph operator, who heard a message go over the wire, stating an appointment with another woman. The "touch" of the sender was established by the operator who heard the message, and it was largely on this evidence that the wife secured a decree.

Reading Classes in Church.

Rev. John G. Ochsen, pastor of the Congregational church at Mattoon, has announced that he will conduct a series of reading classes, beginning early in the fall. Among the poets to be studied are Tennyson, Browning, Walt Whitman and John Milton.

Manages to Secure Bail.

Harry Summers of Quincy, who has been confined in the county jail at Nashville, charged with resisting an officer, has been released on bond of \$200, under which a testimony was his preliminary trial.

Boy's Arm Is Fractured.

Willie, the eight-year-old son of former Sheriff A. H. Coblentz, of Nashville, sustained a fracture of the elbow joint of the left arm in a fall from a tree in Rountree's grove.

Traveler Is Bankrupt.

Forest W. Elitzroth, traveling salesman of Quincy, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court at Springfield, showing liabilities at \$1,500; assets, \$233.

Coal Mine Reopens.

The coal mine owned by Lebanon operated by the Lebanon Coal and Machines association has resumed operations, after being closed down for over two months for repairs.

Neck Broken in Runaway.

Manuel Marcellus, an old and respected pioneer resident of Downs, was killed there in a runaway accident, being thrown out of a buggy. His neck was broken.

McKendree College Increases.

The new catalogue of McKendree college at Lebanon shows a total enrollment for the year 1903-04 of 215 students. This is an increase over the previous year.

Battler in Jail.

The bondsman of Eddie Gaebe, the battler, who was charged with larceny, has withdrawn from his bail and he has again been remanded to jail in Nashville.

Fire Destroys Meat.

A large quantity of meat was destroyed by fire in the smokehouse of the Leier Packing company's plant in Alton.

Soldiers' Reunion at Chandlerville.

The annual Casa county soldiers' reunion and picnic will be held at Chandlerville Wednesday, August 17.

Headstones for Soldiers.

The Board of Grand Army post on Wednesday received thirty-one headstones, which are furnished by the United States government, to be placed in the cemetery at the soldiers' graves which are not already marked.

Rattler Bites Farm Hand.

Charles Tobin, farm hand, of Oldenburg, was bitten by a rattlesnake while at work in the harvest field. It was taken to St. Louis immediately for medical treatment.



I WON'T GO ITT—THE LEGEND JOHN HAWKINS

development of the property and for the handling of the ore. Fifty per cent of the net profits will revert to you until the money paid to Blake is refunded. In consideration of the capital thus advanced, your interest in the property will amount to forty per cent and mine to sixty per cent."

"I won't do it," thundered John Hawkins, slamming down the cover of his desk. "I must have control when I invest. Make my interest fifty per cent and I will talk to you. Fifty-one per cent or nothing."

"Very well," said John Burt, rising. "It is impossible for us to agree, and we will should know it in advance. Goodday, Mr. Hawkins. I am stopping at the Palace Hotel, and letters sent there will be forwarded when I leave the city. Good-day, sir."

Two days later John Burt received a message from David Parker, asking him to call at his office. Scientific tests had shown a much higher percentage of gold than those indicated by the crude experiments made in the cabin by John Burt.

"I had an interview with Mr. Hawkins this morning," said David Parker, after greeting his visitor. "Mr. Hawkins is a very peculiar man—very peculiar—as I have told you. He says you are the hardest man to deal with he ever saw—a great compliment for you, Mr. Burt, I assure you. He has had his lawyer draw up a provisional agreement in conformity to your terms—as he understood them—and instructs me to say to you that we are invited to dine with him at his club this afternoon, when the matter may be finally arranged. If so, I am to accompany you to the mines to-morrow."

John thanked Parker and arranged to meet him with Mr. Hawkins at a later hour. He then dined on an attorney and submitted the agreement to his inspection. After making a few minor alterations, the lawyer assured John that the agreement fully protected his interest.

Over a dinner such as it is possible only in San Francisco the agreement was ratified.

CHAPTER XIV.

Success and Failure.

David Parker's report on the Sallor Mine was submitted to Mr. Hawkins ten days later, and it more than confirmed the statements made by John Burt. Upon receipt of it, the capitalist proceeded to the mine with Burt and Parker, taking several miners in whom he had absolute confidence. New claims were located on the moun-

tain-side, and in the valley below in anticipation of possible placer deposits.

Jim Blake was delighted when informed of John's progress. "Hope you make millions, and am betting you will," said Jim as they shook hands and separated.

Mr. Hawkins, David Parker and John Burt spent three nights in the cramped quarters of the log cabin, and thoroughly enjoyed themselves. On their return to San Francisco a formal agreement was signed, and John Burt and John Hawkins became partners in the Sallor Mine and in the scores of claims surrounding it.

For eighteen months John directed the efforts of an army of men, swarming like ants on the mountainside. A village sprang up in the valley and clustered about the stamp mills of Hawkins & Company. Churches, gambling houses, stores and saloons contended for patronage. Thousands of claims were staked out; but native claimants were few. Following when the finished the broad layers of the Sallor Mine and its outcroppings. The mines produced eight hundred thousand dollars in gold the first year. After deducting Blake's price, John's share in the profits was more than a hundred thousand. His dividends in the following six months were three hundred thousand. Following Mr. Hawkins' advice, he so invested his profits as to become a millionaire before he had been in California two years.

Having placed the mining property on a permanent footing, and in charge of competent managers and superintendents, he transferred his headquarters to San Francisco. He still made periodical visits to the mines, where he had an office in the old log cabin; orders having been issued not to destroy it under any circumstances.

When Jim Blake received his first

instalment of a hundred thousand dollars, he gave a dinner in John Burt's honor in the Occidental Hotel. Twenty guests were present. This social triumph cost Blake a thousand dollars, and ten days after the feast he was without a dollar.

"Mining stocks," he explained to John Burt, "I plunged on Robert Emmet, and they trimmed me."

John advanced Jim ten thousand dollars, and gave him advice which was worth more than the money. Blake followed the advice for a month. When his second instalment was due, he had drawn so heavily against John that he had a balance of only forty-five thousand. Two months after he had received a check for the first payment, which terminated his original property rights in the mines, he admitted to John Burt that his total assets did not exceed five thousand dollars.

"I have a plan," said John, "one which will give full scope for your talents. I've been thinking for some time, Jim, of making a proposition to you. I recently purchased seats on the mining and stock exchanges, and wish to become a silent partner in a mining and brokerage firm. I will furnish most of the capital; but for reasons that you will appreciate, I prefer to keep the background. How would you like to become the nominal head of such a concern, under the title, we will say, of James Blake & Company? In order that you may have a substantial interest in the firm, I will advance you a hundred thousand dollars on your future profits from the Sallor Mine, and in-lent with the firm four hundred thousand of my own money. What do you think of my proposition?"

"Nothing would suit me better, but I'm afraid I'm not qualified for such a position," said Blake, delighted beyond measure. Once more the path to wealth opened out before him.

"I know your qualifications," said John. "You will become the most popular and capable broker in San Francisco."

Announcement of the establishment of the shoulders was made the following week. Mr. Hawkins refused to confirm or deny the popular rumor that he was the banker of the concern; and no one suspected that John Burt had any financial interest in it.

Blake & Company first attracted speculative attention by its mastery in handling the stock of the stock of Don Pedro Smelting and Mining Company. The profits of the firm were estimated at a million and a half.

The Barrington Review

Entered as Second-Class Matter.

Subscription \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates made on application.

W. W. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1904.

Improving the Race.

A new science has been inaugurated. It is called "eugenics" and relates to the improvement of the race, chiefly in a physical way. In a word, it concerns the breeding of stronger children.

Professor Francis Galton, the famous English biologist, says of the new science: "The aim of eugenics is to represent each class or race by its best specimens, vouching them to contribute more to their proportion to the next generation; that done, to leave them to work out their common civilization in their own way."

What can a learned society do to further such a science? Professor Galton suggests the following course of procedure: First, dissemination of a knowledge of the laws of heredity so far as they are surely known and promotion of their further study; second, historical inquiry into the rates with which the various classes of society have contributed to the population at various times; third, systematic collection of facts showing the circumstances in which large and thriving families have most frequently originated; fourth, a study of the influences affecting marriage; fifth, persistence in setting forth the national importance of this kind of study. Says the writer in conclusion:

"There are three stages to be passed through before eugenics can be widely practiced. First, it must be made familiar as an academic question until its exact importance as a subject is understood and accepted as a fact; secondly, it must be recognized as a subject the practical development of which is in our prospect and requires serious consideration; thirdly, it must be introduced into the national conscience, like a new religion. It has indeed strong claims to become an orthodox religious tenet of the future, for eugenics co-operates with the working of nature by securing that humanity shall be represented by the fittest races. What nature does blindly, slowly and ruthlessly man may do providently, quickly and kindly. As it lies within his power, so it becomes his duty to work in that direction, just as it is his duty to be charitable to those in misfortune. The improvement of our stock seems one of the highest objects that can be reasonably attempted. We are ignorant of the ultimate destinies of humanity, but feel perfectly sure that it is as noble a work to raise the level as it would be disgraceful to abase it. I see no impossibility in eugenics becoming a religious dogma among mankind, but its details must first be worked out sedulously in the study. Over-zeal leading to hasty action would do harm by holding out expectations of a near golden age which would certainly be falsified and cause the science to be discredited. The first and main point is to secure the general intellectual acceptance of eugenics as a hopeful and most important study. Then let its principles work into the heart of the nation, which will gradually give practical effect to them in ways that we may not wholly foresee."

It surely is time that matters of this sort be talked of in purity and frankness. The upbuilding of the race in every possible way should become a passion with us all. The chief question of life is not "What can I do to get rich?" or "What can I do to become notorious?" or even "What can I do to save myself?" but "What can I do to make the world better?"

In Darkest Russia.

To realize just how unjust and outrageous governmental oppression in Russia has become, the following story, taken from the New York Evening Post, is illustrative:

Not long ago a number of students at Lemberg sent an address expressing sympathy with the Japanese with the present war to Tokyo. The Russian police in Warsaw declared that none of the signatures were those of Polish Jews and made this the excuse for making disciplinary visits, leaving accounts of the arrest of prominent families, opening private letters, etc. Sometimes the police are in a position to make a search of the papers of a student, which was magnified into a story of organized rebellion. There is abundant testimony that the Russians are making rapid progress in Warsaw, as in other parts of the Russian empire, and it is said that the police are neglecting all their ordinary duties to keep watch over this particular danger. Public security in the streets is decreasing to the vanishing point. Lately the lower orders have been arming themselves with long knives or daggers, and the natural consequence is the multiplication of fatal assaults and robberies. The criminal classes are practically free from supervision, the police devoting all their time and attention to the Socialists and the Jews.

"Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad." Surely Russia is going to the verge of madness in her seizure of English vessels and her treatment of her own subjects. Nobody wants the nation destroyed, but the majority of mankind would be pleased to see the despotism smashed that oppresses the Russian people.

Judging by prices, the beef trust is hitching its most wagons to a star, though not exactly in the Emersonian fashion. The public is soled by the fact that prunes and breakfast foods promise to be cheap.

A Triumph of Love.

In this prosaic and commercial age we are liable to forget the tenderer and more beautiful side of our humanity.

Then some little incident comes to strike into music the lost chord within us.

Such is the case of a mother in a Rocky mountain city who lost her baby boy fourteen years ago. She was told that he was dead. But the mother was not a fatalist, for her child still lived and with it hope that some day she would see him.

This chapter out of common life has in it the elements that make romance. It is a tale of the bitterest hardship suffered at last by a great joy.

The mother was taken from her two little ones by some mental disorder. While being treated in the county hospital one of her boys died. The father placed the other boy, a mere baby, under the care of a strange family, giving the child an assumed name. Then the man, giving out that this boy also had died, killed himself.

Upon being released from the hospital the mother returned to a home left desolate. She was told of her triple bereavement. Yet without any apparent reason she would not believe that her baby was dead. Later in a dream she saw him still alive. And at last, after so many years of waiting, her faith was rewarded. Her dream came true. Her boy was found and returned to her.

We in our superior wisdom are apt to sneer at dreams. And yet there may be things we do not know. When the world with its noise has receded, something may touch the soul that tells of things unseen. Possibly the simple mother's faith was wiser than our science. Possibly it is we who dream and she who touched reality.

Sometimes little things happen that give us fleeting glimpses of worlds and worlds which are not visible from the senses windows through which we look.

However that may be, this trust sustained a soul through the long night of trial. It was worth while if only for that—worth while even though the boy had never returned.

We all need more of the faith and hope that are born of love. We need them in our everyday life. We need them to help us do our work. We need them to lighten our burden.

Without faith and the hope that is born of it life would be a treadmill, an unendurable round of effort that promised no result.

But with faith—boundless faith—in the final triumph of good, faith that our own will come to us, faith that our labors will bring us blessing, faith that the seed we sow will bear a golden harvest, faith that a brighter way is before us if we will go to reach it—with such a faith life grows beautiful, and from out of the heart forever bubbles a song.

But with faith—boundless faith—in love, and like the bereaved mother, you can hear whatever comes to you. And who knows, after all, but that some time, some place, the very presence of your faith may bring its own fulfillment?

Men have made themselves poets, teachers, philosophers and rulers by faith. Have faith in yourself if nothing else, for that has conquered armies. It was Napoleon's faith in his own destiny that made him invincible.

Faith is like a dynamo of energy within you. It carries you over the hard places and keeps you going till you accomplish results.

Faith, confidence, holds the business world together. You cannot have too much of it, for it is the mainstay of the soul.

The Camera Scores Again.

The possibilities of photography, like those of electricity, seem endless. A California artist has succeeded in producing a photograph thirty-six feet long. Taken by itself this might be considered a mere freak to serve as a nine days' wonder. But experts give assurance that it is only a question of time when photographs will be produced every day in the colors of nature. Every year brings the color photographs nearer to perfection. When this is accomplished landscapes and the countless marvelous scenes of beauty and grandeur the world over can be produced on a scale commensurate with their natural proportions.

When a Kansas City woman rushed up to a man and kissed him under the impression that he was her long lost brother, the brute had her arrested. There is no need for any other candidate for the meanest man medal to apply.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Chicago lawyers are to form a labor union. Any one who doubts that lawyers are entitled to form a labor union

is not a realist.

Ayer's

Falling hair means weak hair. Then strengthen your hair; feed it with the only hair food, Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, makes the hair

hair Vigor

grow, completely cures dandruff. And it always restores color to gray hair, all the rich, dark color of early life.

My hair was falling out badly and I was told that the blood was poor. I used Ayer's Hair Vigor. It quickly stopped the falling and made my hair grow again. I am now a healthy man. I am now a healthy man. I am now a healthy man.

for Falling Hair

At the end of each hundred years is a time to balance accounts. It is a time when we reckon up the movements of the past and ask themselves, What of the future?

The nineteenth century accomplished much, yet it was but an earnest of what will be accomplished by the twentieth.

In the past hundred years the progress was individual and material. In the next hundred years it will be social and spiritual.

In the former it was toward political liberty. In the latter it will be toward industrial liberty.

The nineteenth century was prolific in discoveries in the realm of physical science. The twentieth century will be prolific in the discoveries in mental science, which lies behind the physical.

The nineteenth century saw the extension of trade and empire throughout the world. The twentieth century will see the extension of religion and civilization.

The nineteenth century was remarkable for the growth of many strong and splendid states. The twentieth century will be remarkable in that it will witness a federation of the nations—a republic of the world.

The nineteenth century ran mad with the shackles from the black chattel slave. The twentieth century will unbind the limbs of the white wage slave.

In the nineteenth century competition brought about its most splendid results and reached its logical end by destroying itself. In the twentieth century will be ushered in the era of co-operation.

In the nineteenth century Christianity was carried to the so-called heathen world. In the twentieth century the true and higher Christianity will be taught to the Christian as well as to the heathen world.

The nineteenth century ran mad with extremes of riches and poverty, of culture and ignorance, of high character and degeneracy; the twentieth century will see more equitable conditions, an uplifting of the entire mass, a more general diffusion of prosperity.

The nineteenth century was filled with war; the twentieth century will finally usher in a worldwide peace.

The nineteenth century was marked by noisy struggle and barbaric splendor; the twentieth century will be marked by more silent, but more systematic, effort and by the cultivation of the artistic and beautiful.

In a word, the progress of the nineteenth century was outward; the progress of the twentieth century will be inward.

The centuries form the rounds on the ladder of advancement.

Humanity is about to make another step upward.

Be not dismayed. The world grows better, brighter, happier.

Be not dismayed. Our side may lose in a factional struggle. It is but an incident in the world's progress.

Be not dismayed. Things may not move as rapidly as we would wish, but they do move, and that is much.

Be not dismayed. There is a beneficent intelligence in the universe, and through all things runs a purpose; the law of evolution still operates, and the human race is not retrograding, but is moving onward.

Do not be so egotistical as to imagine that, simply because things do not go your way, the Lord has quit doing business.

Remember it is always possible that

you may have been the one mistaken.

The world is not perfect, and is not apt to become so in a hundred years, or a thousand, either; but it is going in the right direction, and will reach the goal of a higher civilization by and by.

Be an optimist. He is the only sound and healthy philosopher. It is not necessary to shut your eyes to present evils, but do not let them distort your vision of the future.

With a reverence for what has gone, let us turn unto the new.

The Philadelphia man who was run over by a horse in a testimonial to the fact that the funeral is about the most active thing in the Quaker City.

A Chicago man wants pay for the time he spent in court for a girl who refused him. It is plainly the girl who is entitled to damages.

Mayor Harrison has been asked to name the most beautiful woman in Chicago. If he wants to kill off his political enemy, he might delegate the job to John P. Hopkins.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

LOUNGE LOUISIANA NO. 781. A. F. & A. M. meets first and third Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON CAMP, NO. 200. M. W. A. meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON COURT, NO. 272. COURT OF HONOR, meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, NO. 127. K. O. G. meets second and fourth Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

MAYFLOWER CAMP, NO. 282. R. N. A. meets first and third Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

LOUNGE CHAPTER, NO. 84. ORDER EASTERN STAR, meets first and third Friday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, NO. 400. MYSTIC WORKS OF THE WORLD, meets second and fourth Thursday at Masonic hall.

C. & R. W. Time Card.

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

NORTH. SOUTH.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

Leave Chicago. Arrive Chicago.

M. C. McINTOSH, LAWYER.

Office 430 Ashland Bldg., Chicago. Residence, Barrington.

PERCY V. CARTER, ARISTA H. WILLIAMS, HERM. RAY, HOWARD P. CARTER.

Gastle, Williams & Smith Attorneys at Law.

1029 23 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., south-east corner Washington and LaSalle streets.

Tel. Main 2937. CHICAGO

R. L. PECK, LAWYER.

Residence: Office: 1001 Palatine, Ashland Block, Illinois, Chicago.

Telephone Central 2631.

Bailey, Hall & Spunner, Attorneys at Law.

Office: Suite 1506 Tribune Building, Chicago. Telephone Central 2056.

G. W. Spunner, Residence, Barrington, Ill.

Phone 212.

L. H. Bennett, LAWYER.

With Jackson & Bennett.

Do a General Law Business. Practice in all State and Federal Courts.

Real Estate and Loans. Office in Graham Bldg. BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

MILES T. LAMEY, INSURANCE AGENT.

Represent five of the leading fire insurance companies of the world.

Notary Public. BARRINGTON, ILL.

THE Barrington Bank

of Sandman & Co. JOHN ROBERTSON, PRES. JOHN C. PLACIDE, VICE-PRES. A. L. ROBERTSON, CASHIER. H. C. P. SANDMAN.

Barrington, - Illinois.

A. S. OLMS Druggist and Pharmacist.....

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery, Prescriptions compounded at all hours day and night.

PALATINE, ILL.

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.

Oysters and Game in Season. Batterman's Block. PALATINE

Dr. M. F. Clausius Physician and Surgeon.

Deutscher Arzt. Office Hours 8 to 9:30 a. m. Residence, 7 to 8 p. m. and 10 to 12 a. m. Sunday. PALATINE, ILLINOIS.

Dr. W. P. Schirring, Specialist of EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.

Office Hours 8 to 9:30 a. m. Residence, 7 to 8 p. m. and 10 to 12 a. m. Sunday. PALATINE, ILLINOIS.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates

Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Railway on occasions named below:

San Francisco, Sept. 5th to 9th, Triennial Conclave Knights Templar.

San Francisco, Sept. 19th to 25th, Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16th, K. P. Encampment.

Cincinnati, O., July 18th to 23rd, Grand Lodge B. & P. Order of Elks.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of lines or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the North-Western Line.

Very low rates now in effect via the North-Western Line to St. Louis and return, from all points. Excellent time and service. Liberal rates. Ask ticket agents, Chicago & North-Western R.R. for full particulars.

WHEN IN CHICAGO

Stop at the New Northern Baths & Hotel

8 floors. Five new rooms. Meets all the needs of the bath.

BATHS OF ALL CLASSES. Turkish, Russian, Shower, Plunge, etc. The best equipped in the world. Turkish Bath and Locking, \$1.00. Most inclusive bath in Chicago. Right in the heart of the city. Booklet on application.

New Northern Baths & Hotel 1100 North Dearborn - Near State

TREES WILL GROW IF YOU GET THEM FROM Klehm's Nurseries

Attingham Heights, Illinois Send for Catalogue FREE

French Lick Springs HOTEL

New brick, enlarged; all rooms have access to the lake and bathing. Accommodation for 700 guests. Perfect sanitary conditions, excellent cuisine with due regard to the needs of the invalid as well as those in health.

West Baden Springs HOTEL

700 rooms, six stories; rotunda is covered with glass dome; 200 feet across, larger than that at Hot Springs, Arkansas, and that at Hot Springs, Arkansas.

World's Fair, Hotel, Casino, Bank, Opera House, Roman and Turkish baths and swimming pool, all under continuous management.

These two adjoining resorts in hot theriacs, on the

MONON ROUTE

are world-famous for the curative power of their climate and the healthfulness of their food, in cases of stomach, liver, kidney and low disorders.

Folders and facts free. Address G. H. H. ROCKWELL, Traffic Mgr., FRANK L. REED, G. P. A., 200 Custom House Place, CHICAGO.

50 Years of Success

This is our record. From a small beginning we have grown until our factories now cover many acres. Many of our machines sold forty to fifty years ago are still giving their users faithful service. Can anything be more convincing of their merit and durability? Did you ever hear of any other machine with such a record?

Note a few of the many superior points of the

Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 Sewing Machine

The Rotary Hook dispenses the old, out-of-date, unmechanical and troublesome shuttle.

The Frictionless ball bearings and perfect mechanical construction enable it to be operated with one-third less exertion than is required by ordinary machines. It sews three yards of goods while a shuttle machine sews two.

It makes the most elastic and most perfect stitch whether sewing light or heavy goods.

With our superior attachments the greatest variety of work is possible.

Do not make the mistake of buying a sewing machine until you have given the Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 a trial.

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale by AUGUST BICKELMEYER, Barrington BIKER & SONS, Barrington.

W. A. PUTNAM Assistant to E. M. Blocks, Undertaker and Embalmer.

Phone 2055. PALATINE, ILLINOIS.

TAKER YOUR WASHING TO THE.....

Barrington Steam Laundry.

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable Only First-class Work Done.

J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor, Opp. Granville barber shop.

PALATINE BANK OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans on Real Estate.

Insurance.

SUPPORT

SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along and it can find support in ordinary food.

"WATER CHAUTAUQUA."

Children Learn as They Sail on a Steamer.

LECTURES ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS

Vacation School Organized by Chicago Teachers' Committee. Unique Water Pleasure Trip with Educational Features.

"Water Chautauqua" is the newest thing in summer school work, says a Chicago dispatch. It is a novel novelty that had its inception in Chicago, its principal object being to give school children and adults of the poorer districts a pleasant outing as well as entertaining instruction.

All the sessions of the Chautauqua are held aboard a steamer, generally the new steel vessel City of South Haven, but always a craft that is seaworthy. Although the South Haven and her sister ships used in this service are built to carry 1,000 to 1,500 passengers, only 450 children are taken aboard for any of the trips.

Among these are trips to the "crisis" of the waterworks system, to the government lightship and life saving stations and the docks at the river's mouth, where freight worth millions of dollars is daily received. Sightseeing on that portion of the Chicago canal within the city limits, with lectures on the sanitary value of the \$40,000,000 enterprise, is among other notable features included in the course.

Several visits have been made to the Carter Harrison crib, the newest intake on the lake. When the steamer reaches the side of this crib the juvenile Chautauquans disembark and go aboard the crib, storming its rooms and halls. They are allowed to see all the sights of the place, and when their eyes are tired they are taken to the opposite shore, where they are explaining the operations of the waterworks and the importance of the system to the health of Chicago's 2,000,000 people. They are assembled for these lectures in the crib's main room, which affords accommodation for several hundred adults.

Other subjects taught are government improvement of harbors, dredging, piling, jetties, tunnels, breakwaters, life saving, fishing, the action of currents and ice, the sanitation and beautification of Chicago, the aid to the injured, resuscitation of persons nearly drowned, power applied to navigation, coal and steam as navigating powers, use of the compass and other nautical instruments, commercial geography of Chicago, what the river has done for the making of the city, the relation of Chicago to the country and the world, and practically every object which arouses the curiosity of the students on each voyage.

The brass band of the Graham school is an alluring feature of this vacation school. Members of this band lead patriotic songs as well as play popular music while the boat is in the inner harbor. It is the plan that every person enrolled in the school learns several national songs, both words and music, during the two weeks' term.

The programme of the water Chautauqua is covered by the weather, no trips being made in rough water. It was the original plan to have a steamer chartered for every day, Sundays excepted, but it was found impossible to get the kind of steamer required, so the trips have been taken three or four times a week.

The steamer starts from the 11th street bridge at 9 o'clock in the forenoon. It passes up the river, moving slowly to give an adequate view of both banks, with their docks, warehouses, railway terminals, bridges and other objects of interest. After navigating both branches of the Chicago river the steamer returns to dock, makes a brief stop to take on belated Chautauquans and then puts out into harbor and lake.

When the lake is smooth and the weather man says there is no wind in sight or storm hovering, the steamer makes a trip of two to three hours to some point within ten or fifteen miles of Chicago, returning again to her dock at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Then another trip is made on the lake or in the outer harbor.

Little or no instruction, and only the briefest in any event, is given during the river trips, as there are so many things worthy of observation on the river front that the time is fully taken up. During the outward trips the boat is brought to a stop in the harbor, far enough from shore to be in the zone of coolness, and there the students assemble in the lecture hall and receive their lessons.

In addition to Principals Watt and Marshall and Lieutenant Burton, about twenty other teachers are engaged in the instruction work of the water Chautauqua. Dr. W. H. Bohart, of the Englewood Union hospital gives lectures "On the First Aid to the Injured." Illustrating with a boy for his subject. He is also the lecturer on the sanitation of cities and the prevention of consumption. Miss Laura F. Higgins has charge of the art work. George B. Maschick of the John Marshall High school is giving a series of interesting experiments in laboratory work of chemistry and physics.

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep homes without Theodor's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best results. It is the best medicine I have ever used for the stomach, bowels, and liver. It is always ready to make a young man feel like a new man."

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels, and invigorates the torpid liver and weakens kidneys.

No Doctor

It is necessary in the home where Theodor's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Theodor's Black-Draught cures, relieves, and cures, colic, dyspepsia, indigestion, and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhoea, constipation, and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels, liver, and kidneys are so nearly central to the health.

THEODOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

and a most curious case of the quaker settlement. A large panel picture of Mrs. Crunk was found about a mile near the devastated valley. A large rug in the same house took a trip in just the opposite direction and was found hanging on a fence at the roadside about a mile up the side of Chappaqua mountain.

A calf weighing about three hundred pounds was gathered up by the whirling wind, hoisted over a high board fence and deposited about a hundred feet away in an adjoining meadow. A new runaway that belonged to Charles Dodge was whisked up into the air with the ruins of the barn in which it stood and finally came to earth a quarter of a mile to the northwest. A set of harness that hung within a few feet of the runaway was picked up in a field half a mile away in a diametrically opposite direction.

Warren Tompkins' house was almost completely swept away. Only a few twisted timbers were left about the foundation. An old fashioned square piano that stood in the parlor was carried a distance of 200 feet and stood on end against the stump of a tree. Tompkins said that he and his family were carried away in the crashing ruins of his house he heard the piano banging along with them, giving vent to the midnight discords he had ever heard in his life. He said that when he escaped from death was all but miraculously. He and his wife and two sons crawled out of the ruins of their home with only a few scratches and bruises. Tompkins and his two sons spent several hours in a search for their valuables. Late in the afternoon a lot of jumbled belongings, that had been carried away on the wings of the cyclone from their house, was found in a field a half mile away. But that was not the best part of the find. Wrapped up in the bed clothing was a small hand bag containing \$700 in money and a package of valuable papers. Along with the bag was Tompkins' gold watch and chain. A bank book, belonging to Charles E. Tompkins, one of the sons, was picked up in a road-way two miles east of Chappaqua.

LUXURY FOR CAMPERS

Comforts to Be Had by Lovers of Nature.

ARMCHAIRS COMMON ARTICLES.

Five Rough Bed Things of Past, Dirt Floors Succeeded by White Canvas—Portable Ice Chests a Feature—An Ideal Clock—Nevel Cooking Apparatus.

Luxuries usually are not looked for in the tent of the camper, but they are to be had, says the Chicago Post. Yes, if you have the money and the energy you can live like a king even in the vast wilderness. The dirt floor has given way to the white canvas, fastened down with rings and staples, and pine boards have been succeeded by hanging berths of striped ticking, in which are mattress and pillow.

Instead of the old fashioned table settings of direct chair and side chairs the owner of the camp now sends up a camping or picnic case of table fittings, compactly stowed in a wicker case. These are fitted out to serve from six to twenty-five persons and contain plates, knives and forks, two sizes of spoons, a mustard set, salt and pepper shakers, sugar bowl, carving platters in nickel and china, butter jar, servers for made dishes, cups with blinged handles and several sizes of flasks.

The last, with the butter jar, are covered with wicker. The new wicker folding handles are of metal, but elaborate ones are also shown in the old fashioned English bow ware.

Portable ice chest is regarded as absolutely essential. They come in oak and enameled tin, bound in nickel, are about three feet long, two feet wide

and stand on rollers. Next to the ice is a compartment for ketchup, and this is supplied with a faucet.

A smaller ice box, shaped not unlike a large stein, is useful for one day trips. It is a hollow cylinder of heavy tinware, holding a glass jar two inches smaller in diameter than the tin case. If the liquid to be chilled is carried in the jar the space between jar and tin case is packed with ice. If ice for drinking water is to be carried in the jar then nothing is packed between glass and tin cylinder, and the current of cold air thus formed prevents the ice melting in the jar.

The ideal clock for a camper's lodge is one that swings from the wall, but occupies not more than 5 by 4 inches of wall space. The face of the clock is little more than two inches in diameter, but is covered by a convex glass which magnifies the figures on the dial until they can be seen clearly at long range.

These clocks come in leather mountings of all colors. In some of them the figures on the dial are magnified until they seem an inch or more in size, but they can be seen only when the camper looks squarely at the clock face. Viewed from the side they become invisible. When there are women in the party an afternoon tea equipment is almost essential. This is a little hamper, supplied with a wicker dish, for crackers; a teapot, kettle and alcohol stand and burner combined; a butter jar, knives, spoons and fringed napkins, cups and a sugar bowl, also wicker covered.

The newest thing in cooking apparatus is a combination stove that would make the housewife in a Harlem flat sit up and take notice. On one small cooker can be boiled at once eggs and coffee, while on a lower tier bacon or chops can be broiled. And the whole thing is not more than a foot high.

The frame is of nickel or brass, and at the base is an alcohol lamp with a flame surface of two and one-half inches. Above this is the perforated boiler, and on the next tier is a deep kettle or cooker. Fitted into this is a folding tray with three holes, for eggs to be set in endwise. This compartment is filled with water, and dipping deep into it is a cylinder with a fine wire net bottom like the inside of a French drip coffee pot. This is suspended from the cover and holds the coffee.

The eggs are literally boiled in the coffee, and the two cook in about the same time. Armchairs are no longer luxuries in a camp, but common articles. These follow the general lines of a camp stool, but are made of wood and legs fold up into a snug, compact square box.

DEATH DEALING ENGINE

Man Steering Torpedo Invented by Francis Herreshoff.

CAN BE CARRIED ON WARSHIPS.

To Be Built of Aluminum in Sections. So That Several May Be Carried. Electric Motors Will Furnish a Maximum Speed of Between Twenty and Thirty Knots.

A new engine for dealing death in naval warfare, surpassing mine, torpedo, submarine and giant projectile in destructiveness, is under construction in manufacturing in New York city. This newest contrivance is nothing more or less than a high speed torpedo boat which is itself a torpedo, the bow being studded with high explosive ingredients sufficient to blow the bottom out of the biggest warship afloat, says the New York Evening Journal. It is planned that the torpedo boat, in the destruction of the hostile craft, against which its deadly power is directed, also shall annihilate itself. At no time, however, can the loss to the attacking force be greater than two men, and those two will have a fighting chance to escape.

When the torpedo boat, which is a torpedo, has dashed to a point near enough to its steel clad prey to give assurance it cannot possibly miss the mark the crew of two brave men will lock the steering gear, and with life belts about their loins overboard, leaving the death dealing engine of war to rush in alone at terrific speed and blow itself and the ship of the enemy to fragments.

Francis Herreshoff, nephew of Captain Nat Herreshoff, the celebrated builder of the defenders of the American's cup, is the inventor of this new annihilator. He contends that by the use of human directing agency up to a point within a hundred feet of an enemy's warship the uncertainty that has attended the use of the torpedo will be done away with and naval warfare will have to be conducted on new lines.

The cold blooded business principle governs in the novel new being made by Mr. Herreshoff for submission to the secretary of the navy is that it would pay any nation at war to destroy a torpedo boat which cost a few thousand dollars and to risk the lives of two men for the certainty of destroying a battleship or a cruiser which cost millions and blowing out the lives of hundreds of the enemy at the same time. A minimum of human suffering and death and financial loss on the side of the nation attacked is the broad principle underlying the Herreshoff invention.

But it goes much further than that. Hitherto one of the chief complaints made against torpedo boats has been that they were useless in engagements at sea because their unswiftness made it impossible for them to be taken far from port on cruises in search of the enemy. This feature, so aggravating to admirals, Mr. Herreshoff also designs to overcome. His torpedo boat with the death

charging power will be capable of zigzagging and built in sections, so that several of them may be carried on any large warship, ready for use in time of emergency. It will require only a little while to bolt the sections of one of these death destroyers together and send it dashing on its way toward the enemy.

One of the most important features of the Herreshoff invention is that the boats will be equipped with electric motors and other mechanical appliances which will give to them a maximum speed of between twenty and thirty knots. There will be no smoke to call attention to them. The automobile principle of locomotion will be applied, and it is expected that when one of these boats is under way it will speed toward an enemy the men behind her steps will find it extremely difficult to stop it with shot or shell or for the helmsman on a battleship or cruiser to save his ship by trying to run away.

The Herreshoff torpedo necessarily will be much larger than the Whitehead, and it will be possible for it to do effective work at any reasonable distance without any other craft getting within range of the enemy's guns. All that will be necessary will be for the crew of the torpedo, an engineer, a helmsman, to know how to run the boat and when to jump to prevent being blown up themselves.

OMNIVOROUS KOREAN.

The Korean is omnivorous. Birds of the air, beasts of the field and fish from the sea—nothing comes amiss to the Korean. Dog meat is in great request at certain seasons; pork and beef, with the blood drained from the carcasses; fowls and game—birds cooked with the lights, giblets, head and claws intact—fish, sundried and highly malodorous—all are acceptable to him.

Russian's Port Arthur Fleet.

Russian speculators about the Russian naval problem in the far east have laid much stress on the fact that all the battering of Togo's guns and torpedoes and the accidents that befell them the Russians came out with a couple of battleships and twice as many cruisers in good sailing as well as good fighting trim and a couple of battleships effective after damage were patched up as floating batteries. A warship is not done for until dismantled or sunk. With what the brave and ill starred Makarov left to his successors there still remained a chance to do something not only heroic, but telling on the naval situation. All the world remembers what Cervera might have done when he sailed out of Santiago harbor to cover his name and that of his fleet with imperishable renown. But he was all that lay ahead of the Spaniards had they chosen to run amuck with Sampson's fleet instead of running away. The situation could not have been changed. There was no haven for a lucky ship to run to in case of escape, no friendly fleet bearing down to succor the surviving ships.

But not so with the Russian fleet either in Port Arthur or the open sea. Its partially disabled ships might land a few telling shots in an enemy's hull before going to the bottom or striking the flag, and the sea would give a good account of themselves unless the spirit of Makarov had fled from the Russian navy. And if it should be lost in an encounter the sinking of a Japanese warship or two would be far better than surrender without a fight or the destruction of the fleet to keep it out of the enemy's hands.

Congress Playing Cards.

Cards of quality.

For up-to-date card parties. Smooth, thin and springy. Dainty pictorial designs. Rich colors. Good edges. No others are so good.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

Hoyle 172-page prepaid for two Congress card wrappers and name of dealer to be sent to U. S. Playing Card Co., Cincinnati, O.

30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. CONWAY & CO. Patent Attorneys. Any one sending a sketch and description may obtain free of charge a full and complete opinion as to the probability of success. Compensation made only if successful. No money advanced except upon successful issue. Patent taken in U. S. and foreign countries. Special advice, without charge, in the preparation of applications.

Scientific American.

A handsome illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Published by MUNN & Co., 215 Broadway, New York.

The Review

is in every sense of the word a home newspaper. It prints the local news. No household is complete without it.

\$1.50 a year

is the subscription price. If you wish to keep posted as to happenings in the villages of Barrington, Palatine, Wauconda, Lake Zurich and vicinity, also news of the state

Subscribe Now

LAMEY & COMPANY

Dealers in

Building Material, Paints, Oils, Glass, Tile and Cement. Barrington, - - - Illinois.

HALL'S Hair Renewer

MAKES THE HAIR GROW LONG AND HEAVY, AND KEEPS IT SOFT AND GLASSY. STOPS FALLING HAIR AND CURES DANDRUFF. AND IT ALWAYS RESTORES COLOR TO GRAY HAIR. SOLD FOR FIFTY YEARS.

"The Barrington" GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINE

The Latest Improved and Best Gas or Gasoline Engine on the market.

Simple Construction. Guaranteed. Lowest Prices.

Get in all sizes from 2 to 20 Horse Power, by

A. SCHAUABLE & CO.

Manufacturers of

Shafting, Pulleys and Belting, Cisterns and Tanks.

Repairing of All Kinds of Machinery a Specialty.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE California Oregon and Washington

Fast Through Trains Daily

over the only double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River. Direct route and excellent train service. Two trains a day to

San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland

Through service of Pullman compartment, dining-room and tourist sleeping cars. Dining cars, library and observation cars, buffet smoking and free reclining chair cars.

Daily and Personally Conducted Excursions

For tickets and information apply to agents of The North-Western Line

at CHICAGO W. H. RABENOLD PASSENGER TRAFFIC MANAGER CHICAGO

The Review

Prints the Local News

Ceremony Takes Place at His Home at Sagamore Hill—Issues of the Campaign Reviewed in Reply

World's Wheat Crop.
A summary of a review of the world's wheat crop for the present year is as follows: United States, no probable increase in acreage or improvement in condition; Canada, increased area; Russia, small sowing; France, smaller area, but better average crops; Austria-Hungary, favorable prospects; Germany, appreciable improvement; Italy, not so favorable; United Kingdom, smallest area on record; Australasia, double surplus of last year; Argentina, very large crop.

"During the seven years that have just passed there is no duty, domestic or foreign, which we have shirked; no necessary task which we have feared to undertake, or which we have not performed with reasonable efficiency. We face the future with our past and our present as guarantors of our promises, and we are content to stand or to fall by the record which we have made and are making."

When minister got after me to eat Grape-Nuts food which had done much good for her and she finally persuaded by and although no other food did me the least bit of good my stomach handed the Grape-Nuts from me. The minister supplied the punishment I had needed. In three months I was so strong I moved from my tiny San Francisco and now on my three meals of Grape-Nuts and cream every day I am strong and vigorous.

"I believe the sickest person in the world could do as I do, eat three meals of nothing but Grape-Nuts and cream and soon be on their feet again the flush of best health like me.

on in military circles over his suggestion in the Journal of the Military Service Institution that there should be two academies for the education of army officers. He contends that the military academy has become a "dead end" for students in the curriculum, is overtaxed, and it is thereby losing its value for thorough training. Military authorities hold that the present service schools for artillery, cavalry, submarine defense, engineering, and other arms are sufficient to meet all demands and that the West Point institution should be retained just as it is where camaraderie and school loyalty will be developed in all who enjoy privileges.

rior. According to the story there was a sensational play in rehearsal at one of the London theaters early in the '60's. The plot of the play was in essentials the plot of the Mayflower. The play was called "The Bill," and a private matinee was given, which critics, actors and literary folk were invited. In the result the play was condemned and never produced, but among the audience at the private matinee were the writers, Henry Wybrick and the man whose name was mentioned in the case. If the story be true, it furnishes one of the most curious coincidences in the history of crime since the leading case of Hamlet vs. The King of Denmark.

The M.K. & T. R'y now reaches with its new rails all the more important cities of Texas. Katy trains entered Austin on June 10, and cover the new extension from Waco, on the main line, where close connections are made with all important trains of the South-Western R'y. Katy's new long-haul service to the thriving Texas cities of San Antonio, Houston, Dallas, Fort Worth, Galveston, Waco and Austin. For information write to the nearest office about Texas and the Southwest, write

'KATY'

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Used by Good Housekeepers.

**E-Z
E-Z
POISH**

World's Wheat Crop.
A summary of a review of the world's wheat crop for the present year is as follows: United States, no probable increase in acreage or improvement in condition; Canada, increased area; Russia, small sowing; France, smaller area, but better average crops; Austria-Hungary, favorable prospects; Germany, appreciable improvement; Italy, not so favorable; United Kingdom, smallest area on record; Australasia, double surplus of last year; Argentina, very large crop.

Amateur's Violin Well Made.
Samuel F. Wing of Hale, Me., has violin which he has just made. The one is fine, and the mechanical workmanship is excellent for a man whose age is over 70 years. The violin case is inlaid with purfling.

Gold Medal for Woman Novelist.
The Royal Swedish Academy has presented a gold medal for literary excellence to Selma Lagerlof, the novelist. The first woman so honored was Frederika Bremer.

"Just think that a year ago I was dying but to-day, although I am over 70 years of age most people take me for less than 40, and I feel just as young as I look." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Charles M. Schwab's successor in the directorate of the United States steel corporation will probably be one of Andrew Carnegie's "boys," Thomas Morrison of Pittsburgh. He is comparatively unknown in money centers in New York, but in the manufacturing region he has the reputation of being one of the brightest of the coterie of young men developed by Carnegie and Frick. When the split between these two magnates came Mr. Morrison allied himself with

Some curious insurance is taken out by professionals. Kubelik, the pianist, pays a yearly accident premium of \$1,500 on his bow hand alone on a \$10,000 policy. If totally disabled he would receive \$50,000. Paderewski, the pianist, pays \$4,000 a year on a \$50,000 policy on his fingers. Joseph Hoffman also has his fingers heavily insured. Not long ago the young pianist hurt his hands in a bicycle tumble and recovered a check for a large sum from an accident company in Europe.

Sold by Good Dealers.

Wiggle Stick 

Wiggle-Stick LAUNDRY BLUE
It's quick, bright, fresens any spot clothes.
Washes blue, and keeps blue. Worth of any other bluing.

REAL ESTATE.

500 acres in East Feliciana, Louisiana,
11 miles east of Newburg, fertile, watered
by living stream; 800 acres improved, cultivated in
corn and cotton; 1,000 acres timber, will cut ten
thousand ft. Splendid stock ranch, \$10,000; any
Thames, in Kern County, Nation's College, \$10,000.

Canada's Attractions.
The Dominion Exhibition is one that attracts hundreds of thousands each year. This year it will be held in Winnipeg, Manitoba, and with the material assistance given it by the Dominion Government, it will be one of the most successful ever held. Besides the number of special attractions that will be offered, there will be brought together an exhibit of the Agricultural and Industrial resources of Canada such as is rarely attempted by any country. Visitors will be there in large numbers from the United States, owing to the low rates offered by railways, connecting with the Canadian roads. It is expected that Hon. Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior, will be there on the opening day to declare the exhibition open. A splendid opportunity will be afforded by this exhibition to meet friends. Hotel accommodations will be quite ample.

Comes Here for Railroad Rates.
R. Peacock, an Egyptian railroad man from Assiout, is visiting this country. He is locomotive superintendent of the Egyptian state railways and has come here at the request of his government to inspect the American railways with a view to introducing some of the modern American methods of transportation into his country.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of DeLancey Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 100 packages contains 16 oz., while all the other kinds contain but 12 oz. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses DeLancey Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

A Recording Angel.
Giffie—"Do you suppose you could form any adequate idea of what a recording angel looks like?"
Spinks—"Of course, my boy, of course. We've got one keeping books in our office right now."

A thought-proof or evil—an act, in time or habit, to run the law's—R. W. Trice.



Women who work, whether in the house, store, office or factory, very rarely have the ability to stand the strain. The case of Miss Frankie Orser, of Boston, Mass., is interesting to all women, and adds further proof that woman's great friend in need is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered misery for several years. My back ached and I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches. I would often wake from a restless sleep in such pain and misery that it would be hours before I could close my eyes again. I dreaded the long nights and weary days. I could do no work. I consulted different physicians hoping to get relief, but finding that their medicines did not cure me, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was highly recommended to me. I am glad that I did so, for I soon found that it was the medicine I needed. I feel splendid, have a fine appetite, and have gained in weight a lot."—Miss FRANKIE ORSER, 14 Warren St., Boston, Mass.

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, sick and discouraged, and exhausted with each day's work. Some derangement of the feminine organs is responsible for this exhaustion, following any kind of work or effort. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as it has thousands of other women.

The case of Mrs. Lennox, which follows, proves this.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Last winter I broke down suddenly and had to seek the advice of a doctor. I felt sore all over, with a pounding in my head, and a dizziness which I had never experienced before. I had miserable appetite, nothing tasted good, and gradually my health broke down completely. The doctor said I had female weakness, but although I took his medicines faithfully, I found no relief.
"After two months I decided to try what a change would do for me, and as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was strongly recommended to me, I decided to try it. Within three days I felt better, my appetite returned, and I could sleep. In another week I was able to sit up part of the day, and in ten days more I was well. My strength had returned, I gained fourteen pounds, and felt better and stronger than I had for years. I gratefully acknowledge its merits. Very sincerely yours, Mrs. BERT E. LENNOX, 120 East 4th St., Detroit, Ill."

\$5000 FORFEIT IF we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of these remarkable women, which will prove the truth of the above statements.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

ELECT TAGGART CAMPAIGN CHIEF

Indiana Man Is Chosen to Head Democratic National Committee.

SEES VICTORY FOR HIS PARTY

New Chairman Thanks His Associates for the Honor Conferred, Predicting a Great Victory for the Ticket in the Fall Election.

New York, July 27.—With every state and territory represented, the Democratic national committee Tuesday afternoon unanimously selected Thomas Taggart of Indiana as national chairman to succeed former Senator Jones of Arkansas.

The selection of a treasurer was left to the executive committee, and William F. Sheehan suggested that the national chairman be authorized to name two vice-chairmen. Mr. Sheehan further suggested that the chair be authorized to name an executive committee of not less than five nor more than seven members, and a finance committee of not less than three nor more than five. Should the chair deem it wise to amalgamate these two committees, Mr. Sheehan suggested that the number of members be limited to seven.

Will Confer With Parker.

Senator Jones called the meeting to order. M. F. Tappan of California was elected temporary chairman, and Henry Lehman of Louisiana temporary secretary. Norman E. Mack of New York suggested that the entire committee go to Chicago and pay their respects to Judge Parker. When he asked how many could make the trip, every member stood up.

While the committee is at Chicago with Judge Parker the question of the appointment of an executive committee will be discussed, and this committee announced later. The executive committee may be members of the national committee or others, in the discretion of the chairman.

Getting down to business, John W. Kern of Indiana, who was a proxy, placed the name of Mr. Taggart before the committee. The suggestion was received with applause, and Mr. Taggart was unanimously elected. Mr. Taggart, who had been absent up to this point, went up stairs to thank the committee. In thanking the committee and accepting the office Mr. Taggart said he would work with all the more vigor because he believed that with the ticket and platform the Democratic party would win a great victory.

There was a contest over the appointment of a secretary, but it was quickly settled. Charles A. Walsh of Iowa, the former secretary, tried hard to get re-elected, but Mr. Woodson easily defeated him.

MAY YET SOLVE BEDFORD CASE

Teachers Revive Movement to Raise a Fund for Investigation.
Indianapolis, Ind., dispatch: Indiana school teachers have revived the movement to continue the investigation into the murder of Sarah C. Schaff, the Latin teacher at Bedford, Ind. A. Cotton, state superintendent of inquiry to Mayor Smith of Bedford asking if such a plan would be satisfactory. President Parsons of the state manual school at Terre Haute, of which Miss Schaff was a graduate, has endorsed the movement, as there are more than 15,000 teachers in the state, and it is thought that \$20,000 can be collected.

SENATOR BURTON GAINS POINT

United States Supreme Court Will Hear Case on Writ of Error.
Washington special: Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court has granted a writ of error to the United States district court for the eastern district of Missouri in the case of Senator Joseph R. Burton, convicted at St. Louis of accepting a fee for services before the postoffice department while a member of the United States senate. The case will be reviewed by the United States supreme court probably in the fall.

ASYLUM CHARGES TO BE HEARD

State Board of Charities Will Begin Investigation This Week.
Springfield, Ill., dispatch: The state board of charities will begin the latter part of this week the investigation of the charges preferred by the grades council of Elgin against Superintendent Whitman of the Elgin insane hospital. The board will hear all witnesses who desire to appear before it, but will not permit any of the parties to the investigation to be represented by counsel, preferring to conduct the examination in its own way.

STAMPEDE IN THE BULL RING

Tiger Breaks Loose and Prominent Official Is Shot.
San Sebastian, Spain, cablegram: There was a sensational scene in the bull ring here last Sunday. At the moment of a projected fight between a bull and a tiger both animals broke loose and stampeded the spectators. The attention was called to the animals struck and wounded several of those present, including Marquis Pidal, the vice president of the senate, Marquis Quilo and a French tourist.

BANK ROBBERS WRECK STATE BANK BUILDING

Explosion Follows Discharge of Nitroglycerin, Leaving Front of Structure a Mass of Ruins.

East Moline, Ill., special: The State Bank of East Moline was entered early Thursday by robbers, who blew open the vault and escaped. The entire front of the building was wrecked by the explosion. It is not known how much money, if any, was obtained by the robbers.

The watchman at the Malleable Iron works heard the concussion and saw two men dash into a buggy and drive away. Half an hour later four shots were heard east of town.

There were three offices in the bank building besides those of the bank and were occupied by Ross, real estate, Eastmeyer, real estate, and the Zerbis, Contractor company. The building was one of the finest in the town and had been recently erected.

Searching parties started after two distinct clues, the first leading to Watertown, Ill., the second to Bartow, Ill. Sheriff W. C. Helder of Rock Island county, with a posse of six men, is out on what is thought to be the only real clue—the Watertown road. City Marshal A. Cable of East Moline followed the Bartow clue with an armed posse with no result.

The home building is owned by the East Moline Building company, of which Phil Mitchell, the wealthy Rock Island bank owner, is president, and Benjamin Mitchell cashier.

The terrific explosion was the result of too much nitroglycerin being applied in the wrong place.

SMALLPOX PREVAILS AT ELGIN

Clothes of Patients at Genoa Are Sent to Laundries in Former City.

Elgin, Ill., dispatch: Garments sent to laundries in Elgin from Genoa, where a few weeks ago there were half a dozen cases of smallpox, are believed by physicians to be responsible for two cases which now exist in this city. Both patients are girls who work in a laundry. It is believed that the city has been exposed.

Two weeks ago Miss Louise Hicks, forewoman in a laundry, was stricken with the disease. All the employees were ordered to be vaccinated. Few complied, and the city physician vaccinated all in the place. It then developed that one of the girls was taken ill with smallpox.

The physicians here have held a meeting and each will report to a central office any new case. This precaution, together with stringent quarantine, is expected to result in isolating all victims.

City Physician Sturm condemns the authorities at Genoa for allowing soiled clothes from smallpox patients to be sent to Elgin.

NOMINATE FOLK FOR GOVERNOR

Missouri Democrats Select St. Louis Attorney to Head Ticket.

Governor Joseph W. Folk of St. Louis, Lieutenant Governor Thomas L. Hubby of La Platte, Secretary of State—Emanuel B. Cook of Mexico, Auditor of State—Albert O. Allen of New Madrid.

Jefferson City, Mo., dispatch: The Democratic state convention, which convened here last Tuesday, completed its labors Thursday, after nominating a full state ticket and adjourning. The convention was in every respect harmonious, which was even a surprise to the delegates themselves.

JAP SAVES LIFE OF A RUSSIAN

Sailor at New York Jumps Into River After Moscowite.
New York dispatch: Thomas Wensagake, a Japanese, who has been in the United States for fifteen years and who has been for the last year on the training ship Portsmouth, the headquarters of the New Jersey navy reserves, which is lying at the foot of Seventeenth street, Hoboken, saved a Russian from drowning. The latter's hat had blown off and he fell into the river trying to recover it. The Japanese, who saw the accident, did not wait to inquire into his nationality before plunging in after him. He would have drowned but for the Japanese.

DEATH IN A GEORGIA TOWN

Two Persons Are Killed and Others Hurt Near Augusta.
Augusta, Ga., dispatch: A tornado passed over the eastern part of the city, doing serious damage to buildings, trees and fences. Two negro churchmen were killed and several buildings belonging to the Central of Georgia railroad were blown down, injuring several workmen. One fatal and about two milder from the city several barns were blown down, in one of which a negro was killed. Another negro also was killed by a falling tree. The financial loss will be heavy.

SANTO DOMINGO ENJOYS PEACE

Admiral Sigbee, Who Arrives at Port to Rico, Says Trouble Ends.
San Juan, Porto Rico, cablegram: Rear Admiral Sigbee's squadron, the last to leave the harbor, the gunboats Topeka and Scorpion, have arrived from Santo Domingo, where they had escorted Minister Dawson after a tour of the principal cities of the republic. Admiral Sigbee says that the revolution in Santo Domingo has been completely suppressed and that an extended period of peace is likely.



Thousands of women suffer from pelvic catarrh and catarrhal nervousness and don't know it. If you feel lagged out, begin at once taking Dr. Hartman's Peruna. It will relieve your catarrhal affliction and all your organs will be restored to health. Buy a bottle to-day, as it will immediately alleviate your case.

HANDY BLUEING BOOK

For Laundry Use
Send 10c for package to
THE HANDY BLUEING BOOK CO., 87 E. Lake St., Chicago

The Sign of the CROWN



on Shoes
Is a guarantee of
GREAT MERIT

Ask your Dealer for the "STORM QUEEN"
A Wind Kid water-proof, cushion sole shoe \$2.50
"VICTORY"
\$2.50 and \$4.00 Shoe for Men.
"EUREKA"
\$5.00 Shoe for Men.
"WINCHESTER"
\$2.50 Shoe for Men.
Write for Booklet. Its free.

EDWARDS-STANWOOD SHOE CO. CHICAGO

You Should Try
Maple-Flake
Delicious
Appetizing
Nourishing
"That maple flavor."

DOMINION EXHIBITION

Winnipeg, Manitoba.
July 26th to August 6th

The best Exposition of Agricultural and Industrial Resources of Canada ever made.

An Aggregation of Attractions never before equaled at an Exhibition of this kind.

Ample Accommodation for Visitors
Low Railroad Rates from all United States Points.
Particulars given by Canadian Government Agents or nearest Ticket Agent.

Thompson's Eye Water

W. H. U. CHICAGO, No. 21, 1904.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LANEY
TRUSTEES
JOHN C. PLACER.....HENRY DOWLEY
SILAS ROBERTSON.....J. P. GIBNEY
HERMAN SCHWEMM.....J. P. DICKNEY
L. E. ROBERTSON.....C. H. MORRISON
PAULINE MCHARTER.....W. M. GREGG
CLARENCE.....GEO. W. SPOFFORD
MARSHALL.....JOHN DOWLEY
SUPT. OF WATER WORKS.....W. H. HAGER

FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1924

Added knowledge will harm no one. The more you are, the more you get.

The Baptist Sunday school picnic is being held today at Whitney's, Lake Zurich.

Wanted—Situation to run a traction engine for the season. Apply at this office.

There will be no services at the M. E. church next Sunday on account of Des Plaines camp meeting.

Will Donahue has experimented and demonstrated that only three wheels are necessary on a lumber wagon.

Learn to know the difference between expense and investment. You can afford one where you can't the other.

The choir at St. Ann's went to Woodstock on the paper train Sunday morning to sing at the 10:30 mass at St. Mary's.

People from Barrington are seen every day going to Des Plaines camp meeting. Sunday a large number will attend from here.

The shrill, prolonged whistling of a gravel train engine Tuesday noon was taken as a fire alarm and brought people in a hurry out of the business buildings.

Last Sunday a decision was made by the parish of the Zion Evangelical church to hold a week's jubilee the last of September in celebration of the 10th anniversary of the church.

An ice-cream lawn social was given at the home of John Ramboe near Barrington Center Wednesday evening. Some twenty young people from here drove down to enjoy the games and refreshments.

The new cushions for the M. E. church, purchased by the Ladies' Aid society have arrived and are being placed in the church. The society is also putting the city water into the church for their convenience.

Saturday morning the horses attached to A. W. Meyer's delivery wagon driven by Herbert Wilmer became frightened on west Main street and the wagon was upset and slightly damaged before they could be controlled.

Barrington Lodge No. 856, I. O. O. F., will celebrate its second anniversary the evening of August 11th. The program will consist of short talks and musical selections by the members and only those identified with the order will be admitted.

The Epworth league of the M. E. church held a regular business meeting at the home of Mrs. S. G. Seebert Tuesday evening. A short program followed the business session after which Mrs. Seebert, assisted by Mrs. Clara Packman, served a fruit lunch.

Three loads of lads of about 12 to 15 years of age of the Y. M. C. A. at Elgin rested in Barrington Thursday morning on their way to camp for two weeks at Bangs Lake. They made the business district lively with drums and horns, and took possession of Forbes' pavilion and grounds.

The carnival, alas the merry ground, left town Monday morning. An approximate calculation of the money which departed from this village is estimated at near \$300. Everyone who rode enjoyed himself and the only damage done was to the burdock crop on the exhibition lot.

Farmers are complaining that hens are acting kind of queer and not doing their duty. Perhaps they are considering the advisability of going on a sympathetic strike out of regard for the federated butchers of the Union Stock Yards. If the hens go back on us at this stage of the game we will certainly be in the toils of a gigantic combine.

The noon train Tuesday brought to Barrington ten children from Chicago who were scattered into various homes for a two week's stay. They were orderly and a cleanly lot, well clothed, and evidently did not come from needy homes, beyond the need of fresh country air. The two assigned to the Churchill farm did not arrive. A Chicago school teacher accompanied them.

Saturday afternoon in the Palatine cemetery at 2 o'clock occurred the burial of John French who died Thursday at Libertyville. Rev. J. C. Hoffmeister of Palatine conducted short services at the grave. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Johnson of this

place and his sister, Mrs. Myron Backus of Lockport, Ill., went from here to attend the funeral.

A private picnic was enjoyed Sunday afternoon by a party of Barrington young people near Eastwood island, Fox River. Those who attended were Amy and Laura Olcott and their cousin Helen Swaray of Chicago, Miss Robertson, Dean Smith and Julia Thorsen of Chicago; Messrs Roy and Emil Meyer, Rex Henderson, George Page, Edward Ernst, Mr. and Mrs. John Sizer and John Goodbrand of Chicago.

Miss Grace Young who is a member of "The Crusades of Jerusalem" apostolic company connected with the Ringling Bros. Shows, writes from Kansas City a descriptive letter of her visit to Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Colorado Springs, Denver and other points of interest in the Great West. The company has appeared in all the principal cities of the east, middle states and Canada since taking the road this season and is now entertaining the people of the Pacific coast states. Miss Young is without one of the best managed companies traveling. Is enjoying travel and profiting by the advantages of this practical education.

Who Owns That Wagon?

There is a new kink in the law as to the ownership of personal property, that is the law is twisted to suit particular cases in particular localities. An auctioneer in this vicinity conducted a sale of farm tools and other property among which was a light spring wagon. The wagon was "knocked down" to the highest bidder who had not the ready cash to take the purchase. The auctioneer paid for the wagon and "used" it to the "highest bidder" until such time as that party could pay for same.

There was an unsatisfied judgment hanging over the "highest bidder." Some days ago an officer appears at the place of residence of the "highest bidder" levies on every piece of personal property in sight including the borrowed wagon. Who is the rightful owner of that wagon is not bothering the attorney or constable but the man who paid for the vehicle.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Wm. Meister visited her brother at Elgin Wednesday.

Mrs. Theodore Schutt and children were in Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. W. P. Black of Palatine visited relatives here yesterday.

Karl Volker returned this week from a month's visit in Ohio.

Mrs. Thomas Catlow of Chicago was the guest of Mrs. Robt. Pulell Tuesday.

Mary Collins of Chicago visited Sunday at the home of her uncle, J. Palmer.

Mrs. John Schwemm and son (Earl) visited relatives in Elgin the past week.

Miss Rose Leonard of Lake Geneva came Tuesday to visit Miss Nellie Donahue.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Willmarth went to Fox Lake, Ill., Tuesday for a fortnight.

Mrs. F. D. Farnsworth of Chicago on Thursday visited her mother, Mrs. Mary Regan.

Mrs. Carl Meyer and son of Oak Park are passing several weeks with Mrs. James Sizer.

John Noonan of Chicago is spending his vacation with Mrs. E. M. Fletcher and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Abbott of Hoopston, Ill. were here Sunday at George Comstock's.

Master Fred and Carl Bartholme of Chicago are spending the week at the home of J. H. Hatje.

Frank Angel of Chicago on Saturday and Sunday visited his cousin Mrs. George Carmichael.

Misses Virginia and Hazel Purcell departed yesterday for a week's visit with friends at Madison, Wis.

Misses Mable Banks and Edith Wagner visited with Chicago friends and relatives during the past week.

Mrs. Flora Lines and family returned to Chicago early in the week after a few weeks stay at their summer home on Bangs Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. George Naylor of Chicago, nee Jennie Henderson, were here over Sunday visiting their cousin Mrs. Mark Bennett.

Fred Meyer and son Walter, and Herman Menzies of Chicago, visited Sunday at his sister's, Mrs. August Krueger on Main street.

Mrs. James Sizer entertained on Saturday and Sunday Mr. and Mrs. John Sizer, Miss Dean Smith and John Goodbrand of Chicago.

Mrs. Harriet Howard returned to her home in Neillville, Wis. after a month's visit with Chas. Senn and

wife and W. W. Benedict and wife. Mr. Senn accompanied her as far as Woodstock.

The many friends of H. Killian will be pleased to know that he has left the hospital at Elgin and is now at his brother's home in Winslow, Ill.

Mrs. Myrlice Beardsley of Chicago, who accompanied the poor children from the city here Tuesday spent the day with her friend, Miss Eva Castle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Farrow, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wellington, Miss Lucille Kagan and Otto Schroeder of Chicago were here over Sunday visiting Arthur Schroeder.

Mrs. Wm. Horn of Grove street is entertaining her sister and niece, Mrs. Foster and Miss Jessie Foster of Jacksonville. They are in Aurora a few days this week.

Guests at the Forbes home over Sunday were Mrs. Forbes' mother, Mrs. A. Behan of Nunda and Mr. Forbes' sister, Miss Catherine Forbes of Chicago.

Miss Lydia Anderson of Chicago is passing a month with friends here. This week she visited at F. Homuth's on Main street and Mrs. A. Bollmeier south of town.

Messdames Ida O'Casey, F. O. Willmarth, M. T. Lemay and Miss Mabel Freygar last Friday visited Messdames Joseph and Thomas Houghtaling near Cary.

Messdames Mark Bennett, Edwin Olcott and G. W. Johnson on Monday visited Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Taylor and party of Palatine who are occupying a cottage at Lake Zurich.

G. M. Wade of St. Louis visited his sister-in-law, Mrs. F. Willmarth Saturday and Sunday. Master William Nesbitt who has been visiting at the Willmarth home a month returned to St. Louis with him.

Lawn Social.

The ladies of St. Ann's Catholic church will give a lawn social Wednesday evening August 2nd on the lawn of the Lamey homestead on Elm street. Ice cream, cake and lemonade will be served. Vocal and instrumental music and general sociability will be the order of the evening.

The public cordially invited to attend. The cause is deserving of a liberal patronage.

Will Make School Levy.

The board of education will hold its regular meeting this evening and fix upon the amount to be levied by taxation for school and building purposes. The assessed valuation of the school district is \$270,000. The board will probably levy \$6.70 for building purposes and \$6.70 for school purposes. It is expected that work on the new school building will be commenced early next year.

City Ownership.

Walter C. Hamm, American consul at Hull, England, makes a very interesting report of the progress in that ancient city since the inception of the policy of the municipal ownership of street cars five years ago. Up to that time Hull had been considered one of the most unwholesome places in Great Britain. It had no public improvements, the streets were exceedingly narrow and ill paved, the street car system was inadequate and antiquated, and altogether conditions were so bad that the place, although the third port in the kingdom, had such an unsavory name that it was avoided by tourists and was only visited by those who had to go there on business. But with the advent of the municipality of Sir Alfred Gelder in 1888 a new policy was introduced. The wand of progress seemed to pass over the city, and a transformation has taken place. Broad avenues have been cut from the business center of the city to the corporation line, many new buildings have been erected, the streets have been paved in the best and most enduring manner, the car lines have been acquired and modernized, an untiring supply of filtered drinking water has been introduced and the dock system improved.

As a result of the city's trade and population have rapidly increased.

The city ownership of the street railway lines has revolutionized the service in the city. From being the most antiquated they are now among the most improved in England.

One of the chief peculiarities of the Hull tram system is the double decked car. All the cars, of which there are 18 in number, are of this pattern.

In adopting the double decker, however, Hull has only followed the style in use in every city in Great Britain and Ireland. Recent statistics show that of the 6,000 electric cars in use in the United Kingdom 90 per cent are double deckers and only 10 per cent single deckers.

In this way the seating capacity of the cars is more than doubled, the upper deck accommodating more passengers than the lower deck. The Hull cars are of two different dimensions, the smaller seating twenty passengers below and thirty-five on top.

After careful investigation Mr.

stamh concludes that the double deck cars are suitable for American use and enters into a rather extended argument in their favor.

Next to the style of cars the chief distinguishing feature of the Hull tramway system is the cheapness of the fares. These are 1 penny (2 cents) on all lines and for all distances. The financial results of this low fare system are equally interesting. During the latest twelve months reported on there were ten miles of double track, or twenty miles of single track, in operation. The gross income was about \$444,000. The cost of operation was about \$223,000. This left a gross profit of \$221,000 and, deducting interest on the investment and the sinking sum, left a net profit of \$122,000, or an average of over \$12,000 a mile of double track, which means close to the city treasury.

Mr. Hamm closes his report with this significant statement:

These are the results of the municipalization of city transit in Hull. They give American cities a striking proof of the value of the system. They have made it surer that the streets to private companies that operate them for their private benefit and often to the detriment of the public. If the advantages of the municipalization of street car lines in the United States with a good object lesson on their side of the question they cannot do better than to study the Hull tramway system.

Utilities that are public in their nature should be operated for the public good, rather than for private greed. When they are so operated, the world's progress, prosperity and happiness will be correspondingly increased.

No Fly Show.

"For years fate was after me continuously" writes F. A. Gullede, Verbena, Ala. I had a terrible case of flies coming at me. When all failed Bucken's Arabia Salve cured me. Equally good for Burns and all aches and pains. Only 25c at G. C. Roberts & Co. Drug Store.

Cleaning Sale Prices.

Three styles regular \$1 night gowns 70, 75, and 88c. 2.29 shirt waists white only, reduced to 98 cents \$1.29. Children's wash jackets, sizes 2 to 5, 48c. Elegant \$15 silk shirt waists \$5.49. Linen unbleached crash 6c yard. Fine white Madras shirt waist suits, clearance price 75c per suit. Men's all silk four-in-hand ties 10c. Ladies' fine Vici kid and patent calf Oxfords, all styles \$2.50 grades, \$1.99. Plain kid lace Oxfords 48c. Silk Petticoats, choice \$4.49.

Handsome steel grey, black and blue all-wool Mohair skirts, new styles of \$3.75 grades, clearance price \$1.99. White duck and crash skirts reduced in price to \$2.95 and \$1.99. 36 in. Flannel Huck towels 10c. Ladies' shirt waist suits, black and white lawns, 63 cents. Choice Gingham, Madras and Crash suits, worth up to \$4.50, 1.99 and 2.69. Black lawn waists, choice 49c. Sale of dressing caps 25c.

Men's suits, summer weights, all wool, clearance sale, prices \$5.00 and 6.50. Odd summer coats 98c. Men's Crash outing suits, specials, \$2.49.

To customers coming from any point within 20 miles, trading \$10.00 and showing round trip R. R. ticket, are referred to \$2.95 and \$1.99 both ways. Customers who drive have horses stabled and fed at our expense.

C. F. HALL CO., Dundee, Ill.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches in 10 to 20 minutes and built up your health. Only 25c money back if not cured. Sold by G. C. Roberts & Co. Druggists.

John D. Rockefeller's old school teacher is collecting John's schoolboy poems with a view to publishing them. Here is a chance for Rockefeller to make an educational contribution and to gain eternal public gratitude by buying the old man off. Standard Oil and poetry do not mix.

The fact that the war correspondents in the far east have been permitted to go to the front would indicate that the Japs are about to do something to the Russians and want the world to see how it is done.

READ THIS.

Clayton, Ill., Aug. 23, 1901.—This is to certify that I have been cured of kidney and bladder trouble. Less than one bottle of the Texas Wonder cured me. I was 40 years old at the time. I also know of a boy 12 years a old who was cured of bed-wetting by the use of it. I can fully recommend it to the public. I. M. Brown.

A Texas Wonder.

One small bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, venereal eruptions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women; regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 622, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Fine 100 Piece Dinner Set Our Price \$13.50.

This set is imported China ware, fancy decorated in colors and gold—very delicate design, every piece guaranteed not to crack. We also make up Dinner Sets to any number of pieces the customer may want, also you can add extra pieces to your set at any time.

New Assortment

of fancy China ware, Water sets and glass at low prices. The economical buyers should examine these goods. Best quality of Mason Fruit Jars and Jelly glasses. If you need these articles we can save you money on your purchase.

Coffees and Teas

Come and buy them. 31 cent Java Coffee. Our price 28c. 50c Unscolored Japan Tea. Our price 40 cents.

Try our Dollar Flour.

Canned Goods

14c Fancy Table Corn only 10c. 14c Fancy Peas only 10c. Fancy Evaporated Apples 10c. We guarantee all our canned goods to be just as we represent them or money refunded.

Summer Dress Goods

We bought a pretty line of Summer Dress goods at sacrifice prices. Let us show you the bargains at 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 1/2 per yard. We want your trade. We give big values for your money.

DANIEL F. LAMEY,
The People's Store
Always Gives the Best Bargains.
Stott Bldg., Barrington

The Guatemalan red ants imported into this country to devour boll weevils are eating native red ants instead. Somebody could make a fortune by selling them to picnic parties.

Carrie Nation got knocked down for swiping a cigarette out of a young man's mouth in Kentucky. Carrie should resume her hatchet as a weapon of defense.

The English are to tax cats something over a dollar per head. Look out for a bowl.

For Circuit Clerk.
I shall be a candidate for re-nomination for a second term to the office of Circuit Clerk of Lake County, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

LEWIS O. BROCKWAY.

For Circuit Clerk.
To my friends throughout Lake county: I make this means of announcing my candidacy for Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention when called to select a candidate for said office.

JAMES M. WOODMAN.

A Visit to Our Store

Fine Art Pictures To keep things moving we have purchased a large variety of fine art pictures, a fitting ornament for any home. They are the \$2.50 quality. Our price as long as they last, only 89c. Come early as they will not last long at this price.

Fruit Canning Time is now at hand and perhaps you will need to buy fruit jars. We sell Mason Fruit Jars, best that is manufactured. Pints 35 cents a dozen; Quarts 38 cents a dozen. Can covers 18c doz.; Jelly tumblers 18c doz. Buy these goods now.

Ladies' Dress Goods We are unable to mention everything in this in our store, or to quote prices. Our stock is complete and includes the latest novelties in trimmings. We call attention to our line of Ladies' Underwear, Fine Shoes, etc., and simply ask you to inspect the same and learn price.

Bargains in Groceries In canned goods, pure food products and best groceries we offer only such goods as we can guarantee. Our prices on staple goods are the very lowest. Here are a few prices on canned goods and table necessities.

Mustard Sardines per can, 7 cents. Fancy Red Salmon per can, 15 cents. Tomatoes, 3 lb. can, 5 cents. Baked Beans, per can, 5 cents. German Sweet Chocolate, pkgs, 5 cents. Fancy Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb., 25 cents. Shredded Coconut, per lb., 16 cents. Table Salt, 10 lb. sack, 5 cents. Swift's Silver Lard, 3 lb. pail, 32 cents.

Gold Medal Flour. During our sale of Gold Medal Flour we disposed of over 100 sacks, and we ask our new customers for this staple to give it a fair trial and if it proves satisfactory to recommend it to their friends. It is the Standard Flour of the world—best in quality.

Come and see us. Make our store your stopping place.

CARL BROECKER
Stott's Block, Barrington, Ill.