

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 18. NO. 45.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Football Saturday.

C. D. Taylor shipped about six hundred squabs from this place last Tuesday.

Mrs. G. H. Arps has been acting as station agent in the absence of her husband.

I. M. Kuebler was home a couple of days this week getting ready for cold weather.

Remember the Ladies' Aid society bazaar in the Methodist church December 3 and 4.

Monday was visiting day for all the teachers of the public schools except the high school instructors.

Township Sunday School convention in the Methodist church Saturday night. Everybody invited.

Mrs. Warren Taylor of Chicago has been here over a week assisting in the care of her mother, who has been seriously ill.

The amusement committee of the Athletic club is arranging an evening's pleasure for Thanksgiving Eve in the club rooms.

A private road for Henry Wildhagen and Mr. Meyer will be laid out in Plum Grove. This will make the trip to Palatine two miles shorter for Henry.

G. H. Arps went to Springfield Tuesday to attend the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. as representative of Palatine Lodge No. 708.

Mrs. Lyman Peck has been seriously ill the past two weeks, but it is now improving. Mrs. Warren Taylor and Mrs. Wm. Nason have been caring for her.

All of Mr. Boyle's horses were sold at auction in the stock yards Monday. Capt. Colbert sold for \$600 and Colbert for \$1,700, while the colts sold from \$200 to \$500 each.

We understand that Charlie Dean contemplates renting the Oliver farm and keeping a string of fast horses. Charlie is one of the best drivers in the country and is a good judge of horses. He would doubtless make a success of such an undertaking.

There will be two games of football on Nason's field Thanksgiving day. In the morning Palatine will meet the Mortons of Chicago, one of the strongest teams in the city. In the afternoon the High School team will play the Victors of Chicago.

The Palatine Township Sunday schools will hold a convention in the Methodist church next Saturday night at 7:45 o'clock. Every Sunday school in the township is expected to be present, and all are welcome. There will be good speaking and singing. E. A. Fox, state secretary of the Kentucky Sunday School association, will deliver an address.

The Northwestern university academy team came out to play the Palatine High School team on Nason's field Saturday. They had arranged a game with the second team of the academy, but found that they were to play the first team. Although averaging about twice the high school boys' weight they were given a game, and only succeeded in making 23 points against the high school team. The boys made a splendid showing against heavy odds.

PALATINE, 16; RIDGELAND, 0.
Palatine defeated the Ridgeland Athletic club team on the local gridiron last Saturday in an exciting contest. The visitors showed up well in the first of the contest, but Palatine's swift work soon tired them out. The backs plunged through the line for big gains and on the defense the line held like a stone wall, forcing the visitors to punt often. Palatine's goal was in danger but once, and then not on account of the visitors strength. The contest to-morrow will be a good one, as the Evanston Farmers are among the best of suburban teams this year and played Ravenswood a tie game Saturday.

W. S. Cleveland's Theater.

THANKSGIVING WEEK ATTRACTION, COMMENCING SUNDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 22.

In obedience to general desire on the part of the public to see Miss Nance O'Neil in a character more popular and better than either "Magda" or "The Jewess," Mr. Cleveland has decided to make a pretentious

production Thanksgiving week of Charles Dickens' famous story, "Oliver Twist," with Miss O'Neil as Nancy Sykes. This will afford her admirers an opportunity to see Miss O'Neil in one of the best known parts in her repertoire, and in which she has achieved remarkable success. New scenery is now being painted, and a special feature will be that of Old London Bridge by moonlight, with the illuminated city in the distance. All of the familiar characters in the novel, Bill Sykes, Fagin the Jew, Oliver Twist, and many others, will be cast in excellent fashion to support Miss O'Neil, and the services of every member of the Cleveland Theater company will be required in the production. The first performance of "Oliver Twist" will be given on Sunday night, November 22. Seats are now on sale for Thanksgiving day, matinee and night.

WAUCONDA MENTION.

Succinctly Told by Our Regular Correspondent.

C. L. Pratt transacted business in Chicago Monday.

Harry Graham of Barrington spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Emma Welsh is reported seriously ill at present writing.

Mrs. M. A. Price visited with relatives in Chicago the first of the week.

Born—Tuesday, November 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Steinsteffer, a son.

H. T. Fuller and R. R. Kimberly transacted business in Chicago on Wednesday.

Harry Green and family of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents in our village Sunday.

About fifteen of our people left for South Dakota this week, where they will take up land claims.

Mrs. Wm. Baseley is spending the week at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. A. North, at Wheaton.

L. A. Jones returned from Clinton, Ill., Saturday, where he was called by the serious illness of his mother.

J. S. Haas returned from Mudlavia, Ind., last Thursday, where he has been taking treatment. He left Monday for a brief visit with relatives at Dubuque, Iowa. He hopes to return shortly completely restored in health.

The Lakeside hotel is now vacant owing to the removal of G. W. Pratt and family to the house recently vacated by Will Harris. Rumor has it that Dennis Murphy of Highland Park, who purchased the Lakeside, will erect a three-story brick hotel on the present site in the spring.

A chicken pie supper was given by the King's Daughters in the M. W. A. hall Saturday evening. A fine program was rendered, the feature of which was a debate: "Resolved, That the mental power of woman is equal to that of man." The Misses Maggie Duers and Grace Fuller did the honors for the affirmative, while Masters Floyd Carr and Earl Roberts officiated for the negative. The school people handled the subject so ably and well as to make the discussion interesting as well as highly amusing. The judges' decision was in favor of the negative side. On the whole, the evening was a decided success.

Carpentersville.

Miss Josie Gullickson is spending a week at Geneva.

Hosea Smith has returned from Los Angeles, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. Dodd of Algonquin were here Sunday.

Mrs. Andrew Oleson of Geneva and her son, Arthur, were visitors here Sunday.

The Woman's Guild held its meeting at the residence of Mrs. Fred Dahlbum Wednesday.

H. T. Abbott and Miss Netta Lombard of Barrington and Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Miller were guests at the home of Robert Moon Sunday.

Dundee Lodge A. F. & A. M. No. 190 gave a reception in honor of the initiation of its 100th member—Asbury Smith—Wednesday evening.

The fair and supper of the Woman's Guild will occur December 3 instead of December 4 as announced last week. Supper from 5:30 on until all have been served.

Mrs. Sarah Williams accidentally set fire to her clothing Saturday afternoon about 5 o'clock and died at 11 from the effects of the burns. Mrs. Williams was aged 89 years. The funeral was held Sunday.

NEWS OF LAKE ZURICH

Happenings of the Week in that Lively Village.

Tuesday the thermometer registered 10 degrees above zero.

A coal strike is threatened. Get your winter's supply.

Charles H. Seip called on friends in this vicinity Monday.

E. G. Schneider transacted business at Barrington Wednesday.

Charles Kohl and Charles Scholz visited Chicago Wednesday.

The local telephone men are busy in this vicinity repairing the line.

Misses Emma and Edith Seip of Chicago visited their parents Sunday.

E. S. Bruce is making repairs on his ice house getting ready for the new crop.

Miss Hannah Scholz attended the teachers' meeting at Wauconda Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Kraft of Chicago delivered a sermon at the church on Tuesday evening.

The lake having frozen out forty feet from shore, it looks like an early ice crop.

E. A. Ficke has leased his house at the lake front for a term of years to Wm. Ritchie of Chicago.

Charles Klepper, having rented the upper floors of his house on Lake avenue to E. C. Snyder, it looks as though the young man intends housekeeping.

How many people do you know who have neglected a "slight cold" until it developed into consumption or pneumonia? Get a bottle of Cole's Cough Cure and cure your cough at once. It's dangerous to let it run. 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Death of an Old Settler.

Mrs. Christine Mueller, whose maiden name was Rieke, closed her earthly career last Saturday night between 9 and 10 o'clock. It came as a surprise to almost everybody, as the deceased had enjoyed fairly good health. She attended to her housework but two days before her death. Not until recently was it discovered that she was affected with that most dreaded of afflictions—cancer. During all the summer she felt it developing in her side without knowing the nature of it and without revealing her trouble to anyone. After an examination by several physicians an operation was decided upon. This was performed on Friday afternoon. Her constitution, though otherwise fairly strong, was not able to bear the strain, and on Saturday night, November 14, her spirit passed away. Mrs. Mueller was born February 1, 1832, in Lippe-Detmold, Germany. She reached the age of 71 years, 9 months and 13 days. In 1853 she came to America, settling at Barrington, and on March 1, 1855, became the wife of Gerhard Mueller. She was one of a family of sixteen children. One of her brothers, Alfred, fell in the battle of Pittsburg Landing. But three brothers and two sisters survive. She leaves a deeply sorrowing husband, with whom she shared the joys and sorrows of a happy family life for nearly half a century. One stepson also remains, toward whom she was as loving and faithful as a mother.

Mrs. Mueller had a sunny and hopeful disposition and thus made a host of friends. Religiously she was very zealous in searching the scriptures and endeavoring to lead an upright Christian life. She was a member of the Salem church, in which she took an active part in some of its various organizations. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon amid a large concourse of people. The remains were laid to rest in Evergreen cemetery to await the day of resurrection. Though dead she still speaketh. May her sweet Christian life be an inspiration to godliness to everyone who knew her.

Auction Sale.

Having sold my farm, the old Moses Beach place, I will sell on the premises, two miles east of Burton's bridge and three miles southwest of Wauconda, on Saturday, November 28, 1903, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp, 50 head of cattle (20 cows new milkers and springers and 30 head of cattle coming 3 years old), 10 head of horses, bay team, wt. 2600, in foal to Quebec; gray team, wt. 2400; 2 bay horses, wt. 1100; bay colt 1 year old, bay colt 1 year old, bay colt 6 months old, all by Quebec; gray horse, wt. 1200; 11 shoats, 60 tons clover hay in stack, 50 tons upland hay, 20 acres corn in shock and stack of straw, 800 bushels of oats, 2

sulky plows, 4 walking plows, seeder, 3 section roller, harrow, corn-planter, pulverizer, 2 sulky cultivators, McCormick mower, 1 small cultivator, hay rake, 2 hayracks, McCormick harvester, milk wagon, 12 milk cans, corn harvester, 2 lumber wagons, 2 truck wagons, single buggy, 2 sets bob sleighs, 2 sets heavy harness, 3 sets light harness, 2 single harnesses, steam cooker, feed cutter and grinder, tread power, stationary engine and boiler, 80 rods hog fence, besides a quantity of other articles. Usual free lunch at noon. Terms: \$10 and under, cash; on sums over \$10, 12 months' time at 6 per cent or 2 per cent off for cash. No property removed till settled for. Approved notes. J. FREY, Prop. H. B. THROOP, Auctioneer.

Entertained at Hamilton Club.

H. W. Cook and F. W. Corpish of Lake Bluff entertained the Lake County Republican Central committee and a few friends at a luncheon at the Hamilton club, Chicago, Saturday. State's Atty. Charles S. Deneen, who is a candidate for the republican gubernatorial nomination, addressed the guests informally, stating that he believes that the management of public institutions should be non-political and conducted on business principles. His idea is that more judicious discrimination should be shown in the control of young people who have inherited criminal tendencies, separating them from association with older criminals. Mr. Deneen further said there should be enacted a uniform primary law providing that primaries should be held simultaneously throughout the state.

A social organization to be known as The Lincoln Club of Lake county was launched, the object of which is to promote the interests of the republican party. It is not intended to boom candidates for nomination to office, but rather to assist in the election of those nominated at the republican conventions.

Among those present were Fred Kirschner and Miles T. Lamey of Cuba township.

C. F. Hall Co.'s Bargain Sales.

25 doz. men's overshirts at 37c; ladies' three-quarter length coats, lined throughout, worth up to \$9. \$5.49 and \$6.49; 50c canvas leggings, 35c and 39c; children's wool mixed hose, 8c and 10c; men's suits—we offer at \$7.85 a good assortment of regular \$10 suits bought at a sacrifice sale; boys' black corduroy suits, \$1.75; horsehide foot-farm shoes, men's sizes, \$1.69; 100 pairs of ladies' sample felt and leather slippers at 49c, 59c and 79c; special prices on men's overcoats, \$3.95 and \$5.19; ladies' jackets, with or without storm collar, well made and lined throughout, asstd. colors, \$2.98 and \$3.98; fancy Baltic seal coats, 69c and 83c; lined silk and wool mufflers, 25c; remnants in fancy waistings, 12c and 19c per yd.; heavy mixed wool walking skirts, 75c and 98c; high grade short-length skirts in plain and mixed colors, \$1.98 and \$2.69; ladies' wool hose, 15c and 19c; fleeced, 10c and 13c; extra long Astrakan capes, \$3.98 and \$4.95 children's flannel cloaks, fur-trimmed, 69c and 98c; 300 pairs of men's three-quarter wool working pants, 98c; men's wool-fleeced underwear, 39c; ladies' fancy flannelette waists, 49c; "Wingold," a guaranteed flour, \$1.19. C. F. HALL Co., Dundee, Ill.

Cannot Override Game Law.

Attorney General Hamlin has decided that farmers or tenants of lands and their children may not, under the game law, extend the privilege to hunt on their lands to friends who have no licenses. The decision was given at the request of A. J. Lovejoy, state game commissioner, who was plying with questions on the subject from county clerks all over the state. Many of the farmers contended that they could invite any of their friends to hunt in the open season and that they need not take out a license.

Cole's Cough Cure—the Cure that cures the Cough—what's more it cures the cause of the cough. It's a winner. Try it. 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Dizzy?

Then your liver isn't acting well. You suffer from biliousness, constipation. Ayer's Pills act directly on the liver. For 60 years they have been the Standard Family Pill. Small doses cure. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use the BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 Cts. of Druggists, or R. P. Hall & Co., Napua, N. H.

NEXT WEEK

Thanksgiving List.

- 1 quart Cranberries, 9c.
- 1 lb. package Blue Ribbon Seeded Raisins, 9c.
- 1 lb. package Choice Cleaned Currants, 9c.
- 1 lb. Extra Fancy Raisins, 12c.
- 3 pkgs. Topmost Mincemeat, 25c.
- 1 lb. Choice Halloween Dates, 7c.
- 1 3-lb. can Elgin Pumpkin, 10c.
- Choice new 1903 Mixed Nuts--Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, Brazil, lb., 15c.
- 1 pkg. Vigor, prize in each pkg., 10c.

SPECIAL.

50 pair Ladies' P. N. and Henderson \$1 Corsets, to close, 69c.

COME AND SEE US. WE SAVE YOU MONEY.
The Big Store.
A. W. MEYER.
BARRINGTON.

LAMEY & CO.,
Dealers in
Paints for Exterior Finish
Paints and Enamels
for Interior Work

Building Material
Lime, Brick,
Tile and Cement.

BARRINGTON ILLINOIS.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign Happenings of Minor Importance Told in Paragraphs.

A special dispatch from Brussels says it is definitely decided that King Leopold will visit the United States in the spring.

Emperor William's physicians issued a bulletin announcing that the healing process of the kaiser's left vocal cord continues regularly. They will issue no more bulletins.

Owing to the attack of the Venezuelan press on the Spanish arbitrators Senator y Castillo, the Spanish ambassador at Paris, has declined to serve as umpire in the case of the Franco-Venezuelan claims.

The monument to Chodowiecki, the eighteenth century engraver, in the portico of the old museum at Berlin, was maliciously mutilated. A portion of the marble was bored through with a fine instrument and was then broken off.

The Electrical Study Company at Berlin is experimenting on the Marionfeld-Zossen railroad line in hauling standard sleeping cars with high-speed motors. A speed of ninety-nine and a half miles an hour has been reached without damage to the rolling stock, motor car or track.

Mrs. Abigail Flanagan, aged 70 and blind, while cooking potatoes was burned to death at her home in Peoria, Ill.

W. B. Hatton was arrested at Luverne, Minn., for setting up forged mortgages for \$35,000 on land owned by Edward Walsh of Stillwater.

John H. Downing, cashier of the Portsmouth, Va., Dime Savings bank, is missing and the directors are in possession of his confession to defalcations.

In attempting with a hammer to open the safe in the Big Four elevator at Warsaw, Ind., which had been previously visited by cracksmen who were frightened away after inserting a charge of nitroglycerin, Elmer Kinsey and Delph Moore were severely injured by an explosion.

Constantin Racki was murdered in his room at the rear of his saloon in Jessie Villa, near Ironwood, Mich. Three shots were heard and shortly afterward the building was found to be on fire. Racki was on the floor in front of his bed with his throat cut. A trunk containing \$500 was broken open. The money was gone.

The federal court at San Juan, Porto Rico, quashed the indictments for smuggling in the cases of Alonzo Cruzen, the collector of customs; Capt. Andrew Dunlap, U. S. N., commandant of the naval station, and Robert Giles, a former contractor in Porto Rico, on the ground that the fees had been paid and the offenses expiated.

Dr. B. F. De Costa, formerly a distinguished Episcopal minister of New York, who went to Rome last January with Monsignore Kennedy, rector of the American college, to study with a view to entering the Roman Catholic priesthood, has been obliged to go to Fiesole, near Florence, because of poor health. Dr. De Costa has become so seriously ill that it has been decided to hasten his ordination. He will be made a subdeacon Nov. 22 and a priest Nov. 29.

A boiler running a corn shredder on the farm of Thomas Cole at the Lake Erie railway crossing of the Kankakee river, La Porte, Ind., exploded and instantly killed Thomas Cole, fatally injured his son Herald and George Bowen, the engineer. Another son of Thomas Cole may die. Thomas Cole was lifted 100 feet in the air and his boots were blown off, but he was not badly hurt.

Col. Gabriel Bouck, ex-congressman, of Oshkosh, Wis., who has been ill for several weeks with rheumatism and debility, is improving and will be out soon.

President Palma has signed the bill unanimously passed by the Cuban senate and house under which a grant of \$50,000 was voted to Maxim Gomez for his service as head of the revolutionary army.

Judge George D. Gear of the Hawaiian Circuit court at the request of the home rule party has instructed the territorial grand jury to investigate reports of election frauds, which it is alleged took the form of repeating, voting in the names of dead or absent persons and perjury.

Commander Peary, the arctic explorer, was presented with the Livingston gold medal by the Royal Geographical society of Edinburgh. The Livingston medal was founded by a daughter of Dr. Livingstone.

Sheriff Emery of Salt Lake City, Utah, has given up the search for Apostle Grant of the Mormon church, who was wanted on a charge of plural marriages. Grant is supposed to be on his way to New York.

The bodies of the two Armenians, Aram Grigorian and Sagram Szmician, members of the Armenian revolutionary committee, who were recently assassinated by the Armenians known as Gorgie Yannie, who subsequently committed suicide, were buried in Forest Hill cemetery, London.

In a duel between Jack Carlton and Benjamin Hopkins, wealthy cattle men at Grant, Okla., Carlton was killed.

A new automobile record was made at Paris by the former champion, Baras, who covered a kilometer (3,280 feet) in 0:29 2-5.

Sheriff Elliott and ten deputy sheriffs of Bureau county, Illinois, provided with search warrants, went to Spring Valley and captured twenty slot machines in saloons. They were loaded into wagons and taken to Princeton, the county seat, where they will be destroyed.

An alleged attempt to wreck a passenger train with miners returning from work by removing the spikes and fish plates from a rail on the Florence and Cripple Creek railroad in Eclipse Gulch, Colo., was frustrated. The engineer received warning and stopped his train before reaching the spot.

Governor Pennypacker of Pennsylvania honored requisitions from Governor Durbin of Indiana for the return to Frankfort of Francis W. Gullbert, now under arrest in Pittsburgh, for defrauding a manufacturing company of Frankfort, and from Governor Smith of Maryland for the return of Annie Hellman and Sarah Stouffer to Baltimore, now under arrest in Gettysburg, for larceny of valuable jewelry.

Miss Anna Endicott, aged 20, at Darlington, Ind., committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. It is said she was disappointed in love.

Two painters, Daniel Eastich and Henry Bean, fell thirty feet at the new hotel building in Beloit, Wis., and Bean sustained fatal injuries.

A movement to have all the wealthy Hebrews in America put aside 2 per cent of their incomes to aid the Russian Jews to come to this country is to be started, according to Dr. Isadore Singer, president of the Zion Education league. The doctor said that an attempt would be made to have the \$45,000,000 left by Baron De Hirsch to the Jewish Colonization association administered in this country in aid of the work.

Gen. Maris Taylor insists that though he is now a resident of Tacoma, Wash., he retains his South Dakota membership in the Democratic national committee.

W. A. Mathias of Clinton, Ill., has resigned as a member of the state board of arbitration because, he says, his work will not allow him to longer continue as a member of the board.

Owing to the serious illness of a daughter in San Francisco and his own poor health, Commissioner Richards of the general land office has been granted permission to remain away from the office until Jan. 1.

The remains of Mrs. Elizabeth Kortright Monroe, widow of James Monroe, fifth president of the United States, have been exhumed from their resting place in the Monroe manor, near Leesburg, Va., for removal to Richmond, where they will be reinterred in Holywood cemetery.

Joseph Knight, postmaster at Thayer, Ind., while watching a stump puller work, fell into the machine and broke both arms and both legs.

In a head-on collision of light engines, near Bradley Junction, Pa., on the Cambria and Clearfield division of the Pennsylvania railroad, Fireman F. A. Weakland of Altoona and Brake-man A. J. Eberly of Cresson were killed. Engineers J. H. Buck and W. E. Quartz were severely injured, the former it is thought fatally.

The transport Logan arrived at San Francisco from Manila with 28 officers and 628 enlisted men of the Fifteenth Cavalry.

National Secretary Anthony Matre in Cincinnati has received word from the supreme secretary of the Catholic Association of Ireland, informing him that Ireland now has a federation of Catholic societies established on the plan of the American federation and the German Volksverein.

W. C. Cockrell, son of United States Senator Francis M. Cockrell of Missouri, has recently become a citizen of Mexico and foresworn allegiance to the United States.

The lord chief justice at London ordered the removal of the Whitaker Wright case from the Old Bailey to the high court of justice, so that, owing to its complicated character, it may be heard by a special jury.

The two Croatians, Taparac and Kebear, who were arrested on board the American line steamer Philadelphia at Southampton, charged with the murder of S. T. Ferguson at West Middleton, Pa., were remanded for trial at Bow street police court, London.

The death is announced at Ober Kunevals Kunewalde, near Dresden, Saxony, of Wilhelm Von Polenz, who had made numerous visits to the United States and wrote "America, the Land of the Future," in which he spoke enthusiastically of that country.

John Redmond, the Irish leader, has called a meeting of the Irish parliamentary party and the national directory of the United Irish league, to discuss the retirement of William O'Brien. In the meantime Mr. Redmond has appealed to his colleagues to do or say nothing to embitter the situation.

Tewfik Pasha, the foreign minister, called on the Austrian and Russian ambassadors at Constantinople and notified them that the portes reply to the latest note of the two powers on the subject of reforms in Macedonia would speedily be presented and would be satisfactory.

The government of Santo Domingo has agreed upon Judge George Gray of Delaware and Senor Galvan, a prominent Santo Domingo, as arbitrators in the dispute between that government and the Santo Domingo improvement company.

After five months of debate and consideration the council of Grants Pass, Ore., has declined the offer of \$10,000 made by Andrew Carnegie for a library for the city.

Harry Rose, theatrical man, pleaded guilty to killing his wife in New York.

DAILY DOINGS IN HALLS OF CONGRESS

Matters Before the Senate and House Are Briefly Set Forth.

OUTLINE OF THE PROCEEDINGS

Text of Bills Introduced in Both Branches of the National Legislature, Together With Pithy Portions of the Speeches That Are Made.

Wednesday, Nov. 11. A number of petitions and many new bills were received by the senate. Some of the petitions protested against Senator Smoot of Utah remaining in the senate. Mr. Gallinger (N. H.) introduced the first bill, providing for the erection of a statue to Gen. John Stark. The house joint resolution making immediately available the appropriation for mileage of senators and members was adopted. The senate then at 12:20 went into executive session and adjournment was voted at 1:45 o'clock.

The house session lasted only five minutes. After prayer by the chaplain and the reading of the journal C. C. Reed and Minor Wallace and T. B. Kyle of Ohio were sworn in as members, and then the house at 12:05 o'clock adjourned.

Thursday, Nov. 12. The senate entered upon a discussion of the eligibility of Reed Smoot of Utah to a seat in the upper house, to which he has been elected. Sena-

otions was confirmed. At 1:10 p. m. the Senate went into executive session and at 1:30 adjourned.

Consideration of the Cuban reciprocity bill was taken up in the house. Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania reported a resolution, providing that the bill reported from the ways and means committee should be considered to the exclusion of all other business until 4 o'clock Thursday, when a vote will be taken without intervening motion. On a ye and nay vote this resolution was adopted by 176 to 155. The message from the President was referred to the committee on foreign affairs, and the House went into committee of the whole, with Mr. Sherman of New York in the chair. Mr. Swenson of Virginia discussed the perils which he fears threaten our foreign commerce by the tariffs passed in other countries in retaliation for the Dingley act. Mr. Robinson of Indiana made a speech arguing against the Republican financial policy. At 4:45 p. m. the committee rose and the speaker announced the members of the committee on enrolled bills. A letter from Mr. Ball of Texas announcing his resignation was read. The House adjourned at 4:50 p. m.

Tuesday, Nov. 17. The senate was in session only twenty minutes, and the greater part of that time was consumed in the introduction of bills and presentation of petitions. Most of the bills were for positions and the bulk of the petitions related to the case of Senator Smoot of Utah. At 12:40 p. m., after an executive session, the senate adjourned. The session of the house was devoted to consideration of the Cuban bill. Mr. Stevens (Rep., Minn.) spoke in opposition to the measure. The other speakers were Mr. Knapp (Rep., N. Y.), Mr. Clark (Dem., M.), Mr. McClellan (Dem., N. Y.), Mr. Crumpacker (Rep., Ind.), Mr. Douglas (Rep., N. Y.), Mr. Morrell (Rep., Pa.), Mr. Ma-

HOW OLD IS ANN?



tor Dubois of Idaho taking exceptions to the statement by Senator Hoar that petitions from organizations against seating Mr. Smoot were out of place. Mr. Dubois argued that these petitions represented the moral thought of the country, and should be approached in the proper spirit. A large number of bills were presented, followed by a brief executive session. Resolutions of the house on the death of Representatives Foerderer of Pennsylvania and Boring of Kentucky were received, and out of respect to their memory the senate at 1:10 adjourned until next Monday.

In the house Mr. Payne introduced a bill to make effective the Cuban reciprocity convention. It was referred to the ways and means committee. Following the reading of the journal Mr. Ball of Texas was sworn in, and the speaker announced the ways and means committee. At 12:10 the house adjourned.

Friday, Nov. 13. The house was in session seventeen minutes, adjourning at 12:17 p. m. until Monday. Mr. Payne (N. Y.) chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported the Cuban bill and gave notice that on Monday he would call it up for consideration. By unanimous consent the minority of the ways and means was given further time in which to submit a minority report. Mr. Livernat (Cal.) rose to a question of personal privilege, and started to criticize President Roosevelt's Panama policy, but was ruled out of order.

The senate was not in session. Monday, Nov. 16. Several petitions protesting against Senator Reed Smoot of Utah retaining his seat in the Senate on the grounds that he is a Mormon were presented in the senate, and referred to the committee on privileges and elections. A large number of appointments of ministers, secretaries and other legation officers and army pro-

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TAKES HIS LIFE ON LOFTY PEAK

J. M. Scaeller Commits Suicide in the Mountains of New Mexico. Albuquerque, N. M., dispatch: The partly decomposed body of J. M. Scaeller, until recently a soldier in the United States army in the Philippines, has been found at the summit of the highest peak of the lofty Sandia range. A six-shooter, with chambers empty, lay near the body. The body lay between two great boulders, as if the man had attempted to provide a tomb before killing himself.

Slattery & Co., Tuscarora, Pa., Will Not Pay Award of Commission. Pottsville, Pa., dispatch: Slattery & Co., coal operators of Tuscarora Pa., have joined the Royal Oak Company in refusing to abide by the decision of the anthracite strike commission. The employees have been refused back payment of wages, as ordered by the commission, because the operators do not recognize the authority of the latter. The miners have appealed to the conciliation board.

Death Solves Mystery. Hazleton, Pa., special: Thirty years ago Anton Meyers, a rich contractor, disappeared with a large sum of money from the bank. It was believed he was murdered, but news was just received that he died a few days ago in Ohio.

Americans Get Big Contract. Berlin cable: The Pennsylvania Steel company has been awarded the contract for 20,000 tons of steel rails for the Meca railway, in competition with the Krupps and several other German and Belgian establishments. The price is \$22.88 per ton delivered at Liepzig.

Bank Robbers Fail. Mapleton, Iowa, dispatch: Three robbers held up the night watchman of this town and, after taking from him his revolver and jail keys, they locked him in a cell in the jail. Then they broke into the First State bank, and, after prying off the outer door, were unable to get inside the strong box containing \$20,000.

HIDDEN PICTURE PUZZLE.



"Hello, there, stranger!" Find the stranger.

ENDEAVOR TO RESTORE LIFE WITH A NEW DRUG

Physicians Have Partial Success in Causing Heart to Beat and Blood to Circulate.

Cleveland, O., special: An attempt was made here to bring life back to the body of a man who had been killed by coming into contact with a broken telephone wire that had fallen across a trolley wire. That wonderful drug, adrenalin, first used by Dr. George W. Crile in such experiments, was used in an effort to resuscitate the man.

About 5:30 o'clock p. m. Joseph Toth of 1219 Oakdale street while returning home from work ran against a broken telephone wire at the corner of Woodland and Bolton avenues and was electrocuted. His body was taken to an undertaking establishment and two hours later three physicians from St. Vincent's hospital experimented on the body with adrenalin.

After fifteen minutes of incessant work the heart began to beat very slightly and in a short time the throbbing became more distinct. The blood in the veins began again to course through the body. However, after a short time the heart ceased to beat and the blood stagnated in the body. The physicians declare that had they begun their experiment an hour earlier they would have been successful.

BUILDS SCHOOL TO GET EVEN

Defeated Enemy of New Text Books Finds Way to Evade Law.

Springfield, Ill., special: The indignation of George B. Acree because of the action of his fellow school directors in adopting the uniform textbooks recommended by County Superintendent Van Dorn has led him to erect a new schoolhouse at his own expense. In addition to being a school director, Acree is supervisor from Talkington township. It is said that every book in the schools in his district had been in service not less than ten years before the uniform textbooks were adopted. Acree has taken his children out of school and will keep them at home until he secures a teacher for his own school.

ENDS PURDUE WRECK INQUIRY

Coroner Believed to Blame Employee and Criticize Railway Officials.

Indianapolis, Ind., special: Coroner Tutewiler has concluded all the evidence in the Purdue wreck investigation. It is understood that the responsibility for the wreck will be charged against an employe of the Big Four company, that Conductor Shumaker of the ill-fated train will be absolved from all blame and that a stinging rebuke probably will be administered to certain officials of the railroad company for fixing running schedules of passenger trains so that it is made absolutely impossible for engineers to comply with their running orders and the law at the same time.

CLOUDBURST VISITS INDIANA

Buildings Are Wrecked at Hartford City and Other Damage is Done.

Hartford City, Ind., dispatch: A cloudburst and cyclone struck the west section of this city and demolished the large warehouse of the Cleland Window Glass company. Henry Jones, who was in the building at the time, escaped with severe injuries. The big tank in the blowing-room was flooded and damaged and the workmen fled in terror. A powerhouse on the Strawn farm northwest of the city also was blown down and a horse killed.

CONVICTED FOR AN OLD CRIME

Jury Finds J. L. Myers Killed a Man Twenty-seven Years Ago.

Crawfordsville, Ind., dispatch: After being out nearly twenty-four hours the jury in the case of James L. Myers, who killed J. B. Sloan twenty-seven years ago at Darlington, returned a verdict of manslaughter, which means from two to twenty-one years. Myers broke down when he heard the verdict. The defense will move for a new trial.

INSANE NEGRO SLAYS NOTED GOTHAM CITIZEN

Andrew H. Green, "Father of Greater New York," is Slain on His Own Doorstep.

New York dispatch: Andrew H. Green, the "father of greater New York" and one of the city's oldest and most remarkable citizens, was assassinated on the steps of his home in Park avenue by Cornelius M. Williams, a negro, who is believed to be insane. The murder was evidently the outcome of a delusion on the part of the negro that Mr. Green had slandered him, for when he was asked why he had committed the murder he replied: "I did it to save my character."

There were three witnesses to the tragedy, Mrs. Anna Bray, a domestic in Mr. Green's family; Emil Michelson, an errand boy, and Patrick Dyer, a cabman. According to these witnesses the negro must have been waiting for Mr. Green to come from his office.

Mr. Green at 1:30 p. m. alighted from a Fourth avenue car in the tunnel at Fortieth street and walked to his residence, almost across the street from the station. The negro was standing in the vestibule of the house and as Green started to ascend the two steps leading to the hall door Williams advanced toward him. There was a brief interchange of words and then the negro drew a revolver and fired five shots.

Mr. Green sank to the stone pavement, blood streaming from his head, while his murderer, returning the revolver to his pocket, leaned against the railing of the stoop, as if awaiting arrest.

William H. Burns, a car starter for the Murray Hill hotel, was one of the first to reach the negro, whom he seized as he was about to walk away and turned over to a policeman and a detective, who rushed up a moment later. A physician was on the spot almost instantly and pronounced Mr. Green to be dead.

DECISION BARS MANY CHINESE

Any Man Working in His Own Establishment Not a Manufacturer.

San Francisco special: The United States commissioner has handed down a decision in the case of Lin Lung Wong, a Chinese merchant, who acted as foreman in his own fruit packing establishment, to the effect that a Chinese manufacturer who engages in any manual labor about his factory, even for the purpose of instructing his employes, is a laborer under the meaning of the exclusion act, and as such is not entitled to enter or remain in the country as a merchant. This opinion, if adopted by the Chinese bureau, will lead to the deportation of a large number of Chinese proprietors of cigar factories, clothing shops, broom factories and other establishments.

Gov. Durbin at Capital.

Washington dispatch: Governor Durbin was a caller at the White House Monday and the guest of the Indiana Congressional delegation, at luncheon, at the capitol. He came to Washington to secure the collection of \$5,000, which he says Indiana expended in sending its militia to the maneuvers at West Point, Ky.

Common Law Wife Wins.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: By a compromise agreement Mary Comey, the common-law wife of the late John Lucas, paint manufacturer, who left \$3,000,000, will receive \$1,000,000, agreeing to withdraw her suit for dower rights, which has been hotly contested.

GLASSMAKERS FORM A TRUST

New Company With Capital of \$1,500,000 Controls the Pane Output.

Columbus, O., dispatch: Manufacturers of window glass representing 3,398 pots out of a possible 3,900 pots met here and completed plans for organizing the Manufacturers' Window Glass Company, which will control the output of practically all the window glass factories in the United States. The company will be capitalized at \$1,500,000.

The Two Captains

By W. CLARK RUSSELL.

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CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.
The passengers were assembled in the forward part of the cuddy, and their pale faces could be seen from the quarter-deck viewing the proceedings through the window glass. This was a sorrowful sight. Its pathos was heightened by the children, and the baby in the black nurse's arms, and as the passengers descended into the boats, the procession was rendered extremely depressing by the low persistent wailing of the baby.

"Now, then, shove off, my lads," shouted Pope.

The third mate, who was in charge of the long-boat, in which a boat's compass and a quadrant had been placed, ordered the big lug-sail to be hoisted, and in a few minutes the three boats, two of them under shoulder-of-mutton canvas, were sliding off into the mighty solitude.

CHAPTER XVIII.

The Pirates' Demand.

"Grindal," said Pope, standing with him in the gangway, "I am going to take that lady, who is to be my wife, you know"—he looked at him in his sly way—"aboard the brig. You will scuttle this ship, and that it may be a swift job, scuttle her forward, aft and amidships. We'll wait for you."

"I hope you will," grumbled Grindal. Capt. Pope ascended the poop-ladder, and approached Miss Laura with his hat in his hand.

"I'm going to ask you," he said, "to come on board my brig with me."

She turned a little pale, looked a little frightened, and answered: "Where is your brig going to, capt. Pope?"

"We shall cruise for some more money," he answered, "and then I shall place a chart of the world before you, and you shall put your finger on the spot to which you would have me sail."

She did not reply, but moved as

ing the bride of his temper marvelously well.

"It is not right, sir, that she should be here," said Crystal.

"Madam, in the presence of your cousin, an old shipmate, one whose confidence I might have hoped I possessed," explained Pope, in his most melodious accents—plaintive, sweet, thrilling almost the girl found that voice—"I appeal to you. Since the moment when my eyes first lighted on your beauty, have I failed in my bearing as a gentleman and a man of honor? That I am in love with you Crystal knows; that I shall passionately desire to make you my wife he also knows. Does a gentleman, does a man of honor insult, wound, excite uneasiness in the lady of his love, in the woman whom it is his impassioned dream to make his wife?"

Laura was coloring superbly. Twice she lifted her eyes from the deck while he spoke, once to flash them upon him, and once to gaze a little lingeringly.

"Pope," said Crystal, "let me see to her cabin accommodation. This is a ship of pirates, and if you're in love you'll agree that she's to be protected as much for your sake as for her own."

"John, you know she's absolutely safe; but you are her cousin. I love you for that, and you shall have your way," and, bowing to Miss Crystal with a sweet smile, this extraordinary man went on deck.

Grindal, in the heart of a little mob, talked loud and gesticulated freely, smiting his palm with his clenched fist. Pope took no notice, and after walking the deck for some time, he went below into his cabin for a cigar, and his fine telescope, with which to follow the departure of the Thetis. He heard Crystal talking to the girl in the next cabin, and strained his ear, even laying it against the bulkhead to catch what they said. Unhappily for the listener the brig was slightly pitching, and the groans of the fabric,

"Leave it to the capt'n," says Bobbin.

The instant pause that followed seemed, to use the language of the poet Pope, "To hesitate dislike." Then Grindal said roughly:

"Very well. We're all agreed. We leave it to the capt'n. All that we want for to find is this—how much is every man worth so far?"

"We don't want no burying and a-seeking of it afterward to find it gone," explained a very hairy pirate who, had daylight been abroad, would have discovered himself in Jack boots and a rather bloody shirt.

"The men have been asking for me to find out," said Grindal, "if so be as how you looks upon the young lady as a part of your share?"

"Yes," answered Pope at once, unable to catch a sight of the expression of Crystal's face.

"What price do you value her at," continued, "if so be as how you've gone into it?"

Pope could not help laughing. He laughed loud and continuously, and some of his men, tickled by his merriment, fell a-laughing too.

"Why," said he, presently recovering his gravity, "if you should turn to and read the Bible, which most of you have never heard of, and which most of you couldn't read if you had, you'd discover that the lady is put down as one of those females whose value is far above rubies."

"What's she worth, capt'n?" said Grindal.

"Give her value a name and deduct it from my share, and so reward me for the money I'm putting into your pockets," cried Pope, with an excellently-handled note of scorn in his delivery.

"Let the captain have the lady," exclaimed one of the newly-entered men, "she ain't no blistered furriner, she's a relative of the mate's, and a countrywoman of ourn, and cuss me if it's proper that an English woman's to be talked of as if she were a negress."

Pope, looking round, could dimly see Miss Crystal standing in the companion-way listening.

"You'll drop this matter, Grindal," said he, approaching the ruffian by a couple of paces, and putting on his overwhelming manner of command, perceptible enough to the fellow who stood close. "To-morrow we'll bring the plunder on deck and attempt such a valuation as shall enable every man to understand what his earnings already are. Now go forward. Draw yourselves some cans of the Prussian's gin, and drink for such another piece of good luck as the Thetis."

He then turned and walked straight along the deck to Miss Laura.

CHAPTER XIX.

The Booty.

Next morning was as shining as the splendid day that had vanished. At half-past eight the cabin breakfast was ready. Capt. Pope and Capt. Crystal awaited Miss Laura's emergence from her cabin. The square man was seated; Pope stood, and continued to stand until she came, when he saluted her with a low bow, and a look of helpless adoration. After some commonplaces about the passage of the night, the comfort of her cabin and the like, the conversation shaped itself thus:

"When do you mean to give the men a sight of the stuff they're craving to see, Pope?" asked Crystal, trying to speak in a friendly way.

"After breakfast," answered the captain.

"I wonder how much they mean to value me at?" exclaimed Laura, coloring a little but laughing also.

"And I wonder," said Pope, with a courtly bow, "what they would think if they knew the price I put upon you?"

(To be continued.)

THE BIRD OF THE FAMILY.

Some Facts About the Stork and Its Nest.

In Holland the nests of storks are generally on the summit of a tall post, put up on purpose for them, on which is fixed an old cart wheel. Says an English writer: "A Dutch gentleman of my acquaintance has one such post in his grounds, within sight of his library window, but he improves on the cart wheel by having an iron framework for the reception of the nest. The first year it was put up, toward the end of June, a solitary young stork used to come daily and carefully inspect this framework. I saw him there myself one day, standing in the empty receptacle exactly like a would-be benedict inspecting an empty house, contemplating the view and wondering if the drains are all right. The verdict was apparently favorable, for next season saw the nest occupied by the newly wedded pair. Their power of wing is very fine, and on hot days I have watched them ascending in spiral circles, hardly moving their broad, black wings, till they have looked no bigger than flies. After the young are hatched they appear to be suspicious of one another and unwilling to leave the nest unguarded."

At American Universities.

Among American colleges, Harvard has 5,468 students; Columbia, 5,352; Chicago, 4,296. The State University of Michigan comes next, with 3,764, followed by California, 3,693; Minnesota, 3,505, and Illinois, 3,288. The privately endowed University of Cornell has 3,281; after which comes the State University of Wisconsin, with 2,884. The Northwestern University, on private foundations, shows a total of 2,875.

When a man makes a choice of a profession he should not forget the small parts in it.

DEALERS FAVOR PURE FOOD LAW

Importers Aid Officials in Enforcing the Provisions of the Measure.

PREVENTS FRAUDS IN EUROPE

Foreign Goods Are Now Purchased With the Understanding That They Must Pass Tests Provided by the Agricultural Department.

Washington, dispatch: Prof. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the agricultural department, who has personal charge of the importation of adulterated food products into the United States, will be in New York during the coming week to arrange for the increase of his corps of expert chemists on duty at the appraisers' warehouse.

"We have gone far enough to know that the act as a whole is thoroughly satisfactory, both in its wording and in the powers which it confers," said Dr. Wiley. "We are receiving the active collaboration of the importers of the country, who are requiring of their agents in foreign countries a strict compliance with the provisions of the law and inserting in their contracts a proviso that any expense attending a violation of the law or penalty imposed shall be borne by the consignor or shipper."

Importers Uphold the Law.

"I have received letters from fully twenty of the leading importers of New York city upholding the law, and in each case the firm has had some articles of merchandise, purchased abroad, held up. These importers did not know it, and they in turn have unwittingly committed a fraud upon the American consumer."

"A part of the law we are giving some attention. An amendment about which little has been said is that which authorizes us to examine and issue certificates upon domestic products sent abroad. This is not obligatory upon the exporter, however, but in many instances our own exporters have taken advantage of the provision and accompanied their exports with the certificate of the agricultural department."

WOULD REVISE TREATY.

Rush-Bagot Past Limits Warships on the Great Lakes.

Washington dispatch: Fresh water sailors recruited from the vast middle West and trained on the great lakes promise to become a highly important factor in the United States navy of the future. To aid in their development there is a strong feeling in Washington that the Rush-Bagot treaty of 1817, which limits to almost nothing the naval force of Great Britain and the United States on the great lakes, could be so revised, or its interpretation so agreed upon, that warships suitable for training purposes may be permitted to cruise the great inland seas, where storms rise quickly enough and the sea waves are sufficiently heavy to give the raw recruit ample opportunity to acquire the "sea habit."

The proposed naval training station at Lake Bluff affords an excellent site for shore barracks and a drill ground and it possesses a first rate harbor, where the recruits may be trained in ships cutters. But this is the limit for training facilities on water unless the Rush-Bagot agreement is altered. Senator Fairbanks is anxious that the sittings of the joint high commission which failed several years ago to satisfactorily adjust existing differences between the United States and Canada shall be resumed. If he is able to bring this about, the Rush-Bagot treaty will be brought before the commission with an idea to its revision. The naval committee of the house, which will consider the establishing of the training station on Lake Michigan at an early date will also consider necessity for change in the existing agreement.

LATEST CASH MARKET REPORT.

WHEAT.	
Chicago—No. 2 red, 80¢.	St. Louis—No. 2 red, 84¢.
New York—No. 2 red, 84¢.	St. Louis—No. 2 red, 86¢.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, 72¢.	Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 81¢.
Duluth—No. 1 northern, 78¢.	
CORN.	
Chicago—Standard, 36¢.	New York—No. 2, 40¢.
St. Louis—No. 2, 36¢.	Kansas City—No. 2 white, 35¢.
Chicago—No. 2, 35¢.	St. Louis—No. 2, 35¢.
Kansas City—No. 2, 35¢.	Omaha—No. 2, 35¢.
OATS.	
Chicago—Standard, 32¢.	New York—No. 2, 40¢.
St. Louis—No. 2, 36¢.	Kansas City—No. 2, 35¢.
Chicago—No. 2, 35¢.	St. Louis—No. 2, 35¢.
Kansas City—No. 2, 35¢.	Omaha—No. 2, 35¢.
HOGS.	
Chicago—No. 2, 50¢.	St. Louis—No. 2, 50¢.
Kansas City—No. 2, 50¢.	Omaha—No. 2, 50¢.
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Chicago—No. 2, 50¢.	St. Louis—No. 2, 50¢.
Kansas City—No. 2, 50¢.	Omaha—No. 2, 50¢.

Woman Changes Tactics.

Crawfordsville, Ind., special: Mrs. James Myers, who gave damaging evidence against her husband, charged with the murder of John Sloan twenty-five years ago, changed her tactics and spoke in his favor.

Twenty Years for Murder.

Elgin, Ill., special: Boots Monroe, who murdered Rudolph Hansen of this city last March, was sentenced to twenty years in prison. He is 49 years old. His victim was 27.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

WIFE LOSES THE INSURANCE

Court Holds That Man May Change Beneficiary at Any Time.

The case of Mrs. Margaret Hayes against Daniel Hayes, Sr., was decided in East St. Louis by Judge W. J. N. Moyers in favor of the stated beneficiaries of Daniel Hayes, Jr., deceased. The case has excited considerable interest in fraternity insurance circles. Mr. Hayes was a well-known blacksmith. He took out a policy of insurance in favor of his wife, Margaret Hayes, in the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He became addicted to drink, it is claimed, and for a time neglected his business.

During one of his sprees he had a quarrel with his wife, and the pair separated temporarily. While living apart from his wife Hayes went before the master workman of the lodge and had the name of the beneficiary in the policy changed, inserting the names of his father and his little niece. It was proven that at this particular time Hayes was sober and able to attend to business. Hayes died soon afterward and his widow served notice on the lodge that she would contest the claim. The amount of the policy was paid into court and the relatives fought for the sum.

The decision virtually declares that a party in sound mind can at any time change the beneficiaries in a policy of life insurance.

Almost Fatal Accident.

Mrs. C. F. Cottrell of Upper Alton narrowly escaped fatal injury. Her driving horse was grazing about its yard when the animal caught its hoof in a woven wire fence. Mrs. Cottrell was going through the gate to release the horse, when the horse gave a sudden start, tearing down the fence and the gate. Mrs. Cottrell became entangled in the meshes of the wire and was dragged about the yard and injured so badly she was unconscious when help came to her. Neighbors disengaged her from the wire. Her hands are badly torn and mangled and she suffered painful bodily injuries.

Child Dies in Father's Arms.

The infant daughter of Charles Melton of 1725 Grand avenue, East St. Louis, died in his arms as he was conveying the little one to the office of a doctor. The child had been suffering from the effects of a fall and was also in delicate health. The little one showed symptoms of being very ill, and Mr. Melton believed that he could take it to the doctor's office much faster than the doctor could run to his home. The child died on the way, however, and Mr. Melton was compelled to wend his way home, sorrowing over the death of the little one in his arms.

Experimental Farm.

Dr. Cyrill G. Hopkins, dean of agriculture in the Illinois university at Urbana, has bought 109 acres of land in Tonti township, just northwest of Salem, which he will cultivate for purely experimental purposes. Farming is to be carried on in a strictly scientific manner, and the effects of various fertilizers on the soil is to be carefully noted.

Jefferson County Schools.

County Superintendent Hill's report for the past year gives the total number of pupils enrolled in the Jefferson county public schools as 7,294. There are 2,248 additional of school age. There are 138 schools in the county. 213 teachers being employed. The highest wages paid to a county school teacher is \$50 per month and the lowest \$17 per month.

Farmers Demand Cash.

A movement has just been started by the Farmers' Relief association to require all members of that association to demand cash for all farm products placed upon the markets in Carbondale. It is expected that this rule will extend to every union of the organization, and, if followed, will entirely do away with the due bill system.

Elevator Accident.

George T. Seward, a leading merchant of Hillsboro, and two of his employes, George A. Walter and Louis Bremer, were injured by a fall of the store elevator. Seward and Walter both received severe injuries.

Pastor Raises Big Beet.

Rev. J. G. Dee, pastor of the Jerseyville M. E. church, is exhibiting a beet raised by him in his garden. The beet measures 33 inches in length and 24 inches in circumference and weighs 24½ pounds.

Former Legislator Dies.

Hon. Addison Goodell of Loda, a member of the legislature of 1862 and 1872, and a member of the constitutional convention of 1870, is dead.

Offers \$200 Reward for Negro.

Gov. Yates has offered a reward of \$200 for the arrest and conviction of a colored man known as "Colonel" Ogden, who, on the night of Oct. 5, 1903, murdered Samuel Moss in Alexander county.

Suit Against Coal Company.

Mrs. Nellie Powers has instituted proceedings against the Victor Coal Mining company of Pawnee for \$10,000 for the death of her husband, John Powers, who was killed by a cave-in.

CRIMINAL WILL BE EXTRADITED.

Charles Allen, Postoffice Robber, Will Be Brought Back.

Charles Allen, who was indicted with Joe Killoran, Harry Russell, Sid Yennie and Charles Carson, for the robbery of the Springfield postoffice on April 3, 1895, securing \$6,000 worth of stamps and wedding presents of Postmaster Redick M. Ridgeley's daughter, Mrs. Harry H. Devereux, to the amount of \$1,200, will be released early in December from Dartmoor prison, England, where he is serving a term for the diamond robbery in London in which Killoran was implicated, and in which Killoran lost his leg by being shot by the police. Secretary of State Hay has issued extradition papers on the British government for the return to this country of Allen, and President Roosevelt has appointed Chief Deputy United States Marshal Edward E. Watts to present the papers to the British government and bring Allen back to Springfield. Mr. Watts will leave the latter part of the month for England. Allen, together with Killoran and Russell, escaped from the Ludlow street jail in New York, on the morning of July 5, 1903, by holding up Jailer Steeran with revolvers.

Horse Deserts Owner.

Samuel Swanson, a farmer living near Cahokia, was compelled to walk home, although he drove a fine horse to East St. Louis earlier in the day. After making a number of purchases at the stores Swanson started home. He was compelled to stop at the home of a friend in the southern part of the city. His horse became frightened as soon as he had reached the ground and ran away. The buggy was turned over and completely demolished. The horse became unhitched and ran all the way home, a distance of five miles.

Alleged Safe-crackers in Jail.

Henry Miller and James W. Bryant, both of Chicago, who were arrested at Bunker Hill by City Marshall Herbst, were taken to the county jail in Carlinville to await the action of the grand jury. W. H. Ellers of Gillespie was present at the preliminary hearing given the prisoners, and identified some dry goods, clothing, jewelry and shoes which he missed from his store and which were in the possession of the men when arrested. They also had a quantity of powder and fuse and a diamond-pointed drill, such as is used for safe-cracking.

Breach of Promise Case.

Miss Clara Hughes, a petite brunette of 20 summers, living with her widowed mother at Tamalco, has filed suit in the Bond county circuit court against Adam Harter, one of the wealthiest bachelors of that locality, who is twice her age, alleging breach of promise to marry and asking \$5,000 damages for her lacerated affections. The case will be tried at the March term of the court. It is said that the young lady had her wedding outfit ready and expected on two different occasions to be led to the nuptial altar.

Inspects Hamburg Bay.

Congressman H. T. Rainey of Carrollton made a trip up Hamburg bay, Calhoun county, taking photographs and gathering data concerning the traffic of the bay, which he will use in his argument to induce congress to make an appropriation for the dredging of the bay. This body of water is one of the best harbors on the Mississippi river, but in late years the month has filled up and vessels have been shut out.

Child Is Scalded.

Edward, the 18-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Eckles of Belleville, was fatally scalded. While playing about a chair on which Mrs. Eckles intended washing clothes, the little fellow accidentally pulled the tub over and was immersed in the scalding water. The mother, hearing his screams, rushed to his aid and quickly tore the scalding clothing from his little body.

Fire at Quincy, Illinois.

A fire broke out in the cellar of the Young Bros. paint and paper store at Quincy. The fire and water were very destructive to the stock, which was valued at \$9,000; insurance, \$7,000. The building was owned by Andrew Doerr and was valued at \$12,000. It had an insurance of \$4,000, which will probably cover the loss.

Pioneer Citizen Dies.

Carpenter Henry Krueger, a pioneer resident of St. Clair county, died at his home in Belleville after a protracted illness. Deceased was born in Germany in 1835 and came to America in 1860. He served three years in the civil war. He is survived by his wife, one son and four daughters.

Belleville Sportswomen.

Of the 1,527 hunters' licenses issued in Belleville since the new license law went into effect requiring all sportsmen to take out a license, two were issued to women, Mrs. Walter Woods and Mrs. Arthur Buesch, both of Belleville, holding the distinguished honor. Mrs. Woods took out her license July 27 and has since brought down numerous trophies of squirrel, quail and duck. She is an honorary member of the Horseshoe Lake Hunting and Fishing club. Mrs. Buesch took out her license Wednesday.



"You'll drop this matter, Grindal."

though to let him know she was ready to go with him. With all the gallantry of the buck of those days in the ball-room, he took her by the hand and conducted her to the gangway.

The brig lay within the range of her own carronades, and after they had pulled a little distance, features of her grew sharp and distinct, and among other things Laura saw her cousin, leaning upon his folded arms on the bulwark-rail, watching the boat's approach.

A number of the seamen, as well as Crystal, started at the approaching boat, which was rapidly nearing the brig; it neared, touched, swung to, and Crystal helped his cousin to ascend. Pope following.

"Keep the deck and stand by for Grindal, Mr. Crystal," exclaimed Pope, giving him his name in a very lofty way, "till I show your cousin her cabin."

"She's got mine," said Crystal.

"So she has," answered Pope, "and you shall choose another. Be easy, John," says he, unbending and smiling. "Already we are a rich ship. Ay, by thunder! I could even meet Staunton's paper. And how do I value my share of the plunder?" he added, casting one of his adoring looks at Laura, little suspecting his men had been discussing this very subject.

He then, with a courteous motion of his arm, indicated the companion-way. The girl, with an intrepid glance at the square man, put her foot upon the ladder, and the pair descended. All the booty brought from the West Indian man had been heaped in the captain's cabin. Crystal's berth had been cleared of its stuff, and Laura's baggage, and the movable furniture of her cabin, replaced it. Miss Crystal gazed with curiosity around her. What a dim and melancholy little interior was this after the fine cuddy of the Thetis!

Just then Crystal came bundling in. His face was more than usually rugged, and determination lay in shadow, in an expression of violence about his brow, always darkened by its scar.

"I have come to help you to see to my cousin, Pope," says he, in a stubborn voice.

"Miss Crystal is safe in my hands," answered Pope, in a level tone, hold-

ing his occasional squeals, the jar of the rudder, and the noise of the wheel-ropes, troubled and deafened him. So he abandoned a hopeless effort, to light his cigar and pick up his telescope.

When Pope quitted his cabin, Crystal and Laura were still talking. He regained the deck and immediately leveled his glass at the Thetis and saw that she was sinking fast. Presently Capt. Crystal came on deck. Pope called to his cabin-man to light the lamp, and put a meal with tea and wine upon the table.

"Has she gone?" says Crystal, looking in the direction of the ship, but missing her in the elusive light.

"No," answered Pope, curtly.

"Look at those fellows forward, Pope," exclaimed Crystal, folding his arms and speaking in a voice that seemed to suggest an apologetic posture of mind. "I'd be glad to have her with us but for them. Since she's come into my hands I must hold myself answerable to my cousin for her safety and well-being."

"We'll both see to that," responded Pope.

At this moment there was a movement among the men about the galley, and a number of them, preceded by Grindal, came aft. Pope came to a stand, and lightly puffed at his cigar with an unmoved face. Crystal swayed on wide legs behind him.

"Captain," says Grindal, "I'm speaking for the men, likewise for myself. That there Thetis has been a tough job. Some of us being killed and others wounded."

"Come to the point," interrupted Pope coldly.

"All hands," says Grindal, "would like to see what they've got."

"Look here," said Pope, "if it's fine to-morrow morning after breakfast, every article of plunder that now lies safe and stocked in my cabin, shall be brought up on to this quarter-deck, and all hands shall weigh and admire, and appraise; and we'll come to some understanding of the value of the whole so that every man shall know what he's worth already."

"That's it," exclaimed a man.

"Who'll do the valuing part?"

"Draw lots for it, if you like, my hearts," says Pope a little contemptuously.

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M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1903.

Is Prosperity Wanting?
Many thoughtful people are asking, is the prosperity which has marked the past few years on the wane and is the country gravitating toward hard times? Judged by some recent developments in the financial world, there is ground for apprehension as to the future. Indications in this direction are found in the recent failures of banks and trust companies, in the closing of steel and cotton mills, in the laying off of help on railroads and in the depression of the stocks of industrial corporations. Dun & Co.'s review of the financial conditions of the country furnishes facts that are far from reassuring. Touching the failures for October, it says:

There were 1,066 commercial failures, involving a total indebtedness of \$18,387,567, and banking suspensions, with liabilities of \$12,084,635. In the corresponding month of last year there were 963 commercial defaults for \$10,854,534 and 10 banking for \$3,432,376. The liabilities in commercial failures in October were larger than in any preceding month of the current calendar year, the nearest being those of July, which amounted to \$16,751,245.

An added reason of apprehension is the fact that our great iron and steel industry is in an absolutely bad condition. It "has been undergoing a reaction and is threatened with a period of actual depression," says the New York Journal of Commerce. The Iron Age of recent date says:

The conditions of the iron trade show no improvement. As week after week rolls by old orders are being worked off, and the gap is only partially filled by new orders. Affairs are mixed in pig iron, the basis of the whole industry. The manufacturers of the central west are now discussing the question of restricting the product further, to about 40 per cent.

On the other hand, as evidences of the continuation of prosperity there are to be noted the splendid crops of wheat, corn and cotton, which are selling at favorable figures, an easy money market and an inflow of gold that would ordinarily cheer the heart of a pessimist. Speaking of the gold holdings of the United States, Treasurer Ellis H. Roberts recently said:

This country's gold stock at the beginning of October was \$1,277,362,651. The amount held in the treasury was \$654,511,715. The gold stock of Great Britain is \$23,000,000, so that ours is twice as great. Our increase in five years has been \$376,021,387. In that period Great Britain has added \$90,000,000 to its stock, France \$137,000,000, Germany \$35,000,000 and Austria-Hungary \$55,300,000, while Russia has lost \$10,400,000. In all Europe in the last five years there has been a net increase of \$423,600,000 against our increase of \$376,021,387, and the population of the five European nations above named is five times that of the United States.

The New York Financier asserts that "a careful review of the situation fails to disclose any solid basis for foreboding or fear" and adds:

That conditions superficially are not as attractive as they were a year ago is to be admitted, but a return to reason is not a bad sign, and that is the most cheering indication today. The stock market slump is a reflection of what is going on everywhere. The merchant is not buying as much as before, but he is able to buy all he needs, and the productive as well as the consumptive capacity of the nation has not been seriously affected. Heavy losses have been sustained, no doubt, but compared with the growth of real wealth they are nothing. Wall Street is not the center of the United States. It does not make crops grow, nor does it stop them. It may interfere with their transportation, but it is not able of itself to make or unmake national prosperity.

On the whole it would appear that the era of prosperity is not ended, nor is it ending, though unquestionably present financial conditions do not warrant an overconfidence, wild speculation and reckless venture, which have characterized fiscal operations in some quarters during the past few years.

The Ethics of Trust Building.
Speaking of the moral side of our present corporation policy, Judge Grosscup of Chicago said the other day:

Little by little safeguards are let down. It has come to the point where three or five gentlemen can assemble in a room, lay a silver dollar on a table, call it assets, capitalize at a million dollars, get a state seal on a charter, pocket the dollar and go on with the enterprise. Five gentlemen gather to consolidate their enterprises. They place values on their properties. Each is suspicious of the other and puts an estimate on his property so that it will not fall below that of the other gentlemen. This is called actual assets.

The picture may be slightly overdrawn, though in its essential features it fairly represents the prevailing methods in trust building operations—methods quite at variance with the old fashioned notions of business ethics.

Education For Poor Boys.
In a bequest devoted to the cause of education the late Colonel Augustus Jacobson, a Chicago millionaire, set an example which philanthropists with money to bestow on worthy objects might well take under consideration. While Colonel Jacobson's bequest was not especially large, it was one of the most judicious and farseeing ever made to the cause of education. It is in the nature of a fund for scholarships in high schools. Such funds have often been left for scholarships in colleges and universities, for establishing professional chairs and for sending poor students through college. Colonel Jacobson's fund will provide an in-

come for education lower down in the scale, and it will be for the benefit of those who most need it and cannot otherwise secure it. To this extent Colonel Jacobson's bequest is philanthropic, but the method of its application is not only judicious, but original.

There are hundreds of people of the poorer and hard working class who would like to send their boys to the high school and thus give them better advantages for getting on in the world than they have had themselves. But when their boys leave the grammar schools they have reached an age when they are able to contribute their share toward the support of the family. It is impossible to send them to the high schools, for the parents cannot afford to support them any longer. On the other hand, they need the help of their boys. Colonel Jacobson makes it possible to give the children the benefit of a high school education by providing that they shall receive in a three years' course as much as they would earn at work in some trade or shop. Practically he pays them a salary for going to school, \$100 for the first year, \$125 for the second and \$150 for the third, the pupils to be selected because of their exceptional ability.

This is practical philanthropy in the educational line, and as far as the bequest goes will help to remove one great obstacle which has always stood in the way of higher education for the children of the poor. By his unique plan Colonel Jacobson may have furnished a solution of the problem how to educate many who could not otherwise have been educated, and great good may be accomplished if other philanthropists follow his example.

Police Officers and Homicide.

The decision of the supreme court of Pennsylvania defining the rights of policemen as to the use of their revolvers will generally be regarded as good law. The defendant in the case was a member of the police force of the town of Somerset and while on his beat sought to arrest an individual apparently engaged in attempting a burglary, but who fled on his approach. The officer pursued and, failing to compel the fugitive to halt, fired with deadly effect. An indictment for murder followed, and the officer was duly convicted of the crime of manslaughter. The defense was that the officer had reasonable cause for believing that the deceased was a criminal about to commit a crime and that the right to arrest involved the right to compel the fugitive to halt, even by resort to shooting. The trial judge held against the defendant, and the refusal to grant a new trial has been upheld by the supreme court.

This tribunal held that an officer is bound to retreat when he is attacked or when a criminal resists him and may take life if necessary in the protection of himself, but that he has no right to kill merely because the individual whose arrest is desired takes to his heels in an effort to escape. This is not a new proposition of law, but it is well that it should now and then be reiterated, as human life is too valuable to allow its taking, without due process of law.

PROVERBS

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

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If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Cost of Living Here and Abroad.

It is generally admitted that wage earners receive more money for their services in this country than anywhere else in the world, but how does their condition compare with that of the foreigner in the matter of living? A committee of Hull House, Chicago, composed of careful students of economic subjects, has been making some investigations which are of interest. As a result the following table is given, showing the average apportionment of incomes in this country and abroad and the ideal apportionment recommended by the Hull House committee:

	American.	British.	European.	Hull House.
Rent	18.5	11.1	5.8	19.2
Food	45.2	65.4	72.0	33.3
Clothing	18.5	10.3	11.1	12.5
Fuel	5.0	6.7	6.1	8.3
Sundries	12.6	6.5	4.0	26.7

Thus it will be seen that food costs us much less in proportion than it does in England or the continent, though the Hull House committee believes that Americans spend too much on the table and that they can easily reduce their food expenditures to one-third of their income without any inconvenience and that they should do so. There is no doubt that the American people could save very much on their food and still live much better than people of the old world.

In the matter of rent or quarters Americans spend much more than families do elsewhere. The Hull House committee believes that they can do even better; that they can afford to expend even more on rent. For clothing the Hull House committee believes we spend altogether too much. Clothing is generally higher in this country than in Europe, but vanity plays an important part in this expenditure, especially among the women, and the judgment of the Hull House committee is that we spend at least one-half more for our clothing than we should do. Fuel costs us less than it does abroad, but the committee declares that we stint too much in the matter of fires and that many families deny themselves warmth in order to have a better table and finer clothes.

The percentages given in the table leave for sundries, which include savings, amusements, books, medical attendance, etc., one-eighth of the income in America to one-sixteenth in England and one twenty-fifth on the continent. The Hull House committee thinks that more should be left in the sundry column—that at least one-quarter of the income should be set aside for savings or enjoyment, and points out how this can be done, the family enjoying at the same time better quarters and greater warmth and comfort by a little more economy and care in the expenditures for food and clothing, the two vanities or luxuries which lead so many American families into extravagance.

Longer Skirts For Women.

There is a strong movement in Paris at present against the short walking skirt, says the New York Herald. It is found that the short skirt is not practical in muddy weather unless it is two inches above the boots, and then it becomes ungraceful. The round skirt is therefore regaining favor. Fashion's decrees for the coming season declares for a gored skirt with stitched seams and a small shaped flounce at the bottom, sufficiently long to require holding up in the street.

Baby Parties the Latest Paris Fad.

The latest fad for amusement at social gatherings in Paris is a baby party, according to the New York Herald. A man is dressed in a baby cap and long apron and furnished with a feeding bottle, which is filled with something stronger than milk. He is faced by a lady disguised as a nurse, who pretends to milk the naughty infant until he becomes good and is rewarded with a stick of barley sugar. The game affords much amusement to the on-lookers and is much in favor.

A Wandering Pumpkin.

In Peru, Ind., it would seem that there is no room for pumpkins on the ground, for on the roof of one Jerry Squire's house a pumpkin weighing twenty-five pounds was found. The vine climbed a grapevine to the roof.

And now it appears that Charlie Schwab is something of a trust buster himself.

EGGS AND DIVORCE.

Mrs. Rorer Tells How Too Many of Them Cause Family Jars.

Mrs. Sarah Rorer of cookbook fame, who was interviewed recently by the Chicago Inter Ocean while visiting the western metropolis, says American women eat too many eggs for breakfast. There is too much nourishment in them, she explains, and, not being easily digested, they cause feelings of lassitude, which encourages laziness.

"If fewer women ate eggs for breakfast there would be fewer cases of divorce," says Mrs. Rorer. "We would not hear so much about wives neglecting their work in the morning to lounge in easy chairs and read the daily papers. Homes would be kept more tidy, husbands would be better satisfied with their helpmeets, and the quarrels that disrupt families would be rectified less frequently in the courts of the land."

"I do not mean that any woman eats too many eggs at a time. That is not the point. If one woman should eat one egg for breakfast each morning it would be too many. The morning meal should be varied. And few women realize this. They change the style of cooking the egg, but they stick to eggs."

"One day it is boiled, the next fried, with 'the sunny side up.' On the third day it is shredded, and then, with an occasional omelet, the order is repeated. Fresh eggs, no matter in what style they are cooked, if they are well cooked, are delicious. But too frequent recourse to them is dangerous."

"Yes; society women eat too many eggs also. By society women I mean those ladies of the feminine world who neither toil nor spin. They do not have housework to do, and one might jump to the conclusion that they could eat eggs with impunity."

"But here again the divorce court faces women who yield to the fatal appetite. Eggs are heavy even when taken with sherry. The social leader who overindulges loses her brightness of eye, her piquancy and charm. Her husband notices the change and loses interest. Trouble follows, and then come the lawyers."

A PREMONITION OF DEATH.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker Is Said to Have Seen the End.

The late Mrs. Booth-Tucker, consul of the Salvation Army, had a premonition of death the Sunday before she met it in the Santa Fe wreck at Dean Lake, Mo. Lieutenant Colonel Addie described her showing the feeling to the large audience that gathered in the Salvation Army citadel the other night, says the Kansas City Journal, for the special services dedicated to her memory.

He had been down in Texas, but when he received a wire telling him that Mrs. Booth-Tucker was to pass through Kansas City he hurried back there to his command to greet her. As she was to be in Kansas City only an hour, stopping over on her way to Chicago, he met her at Topeka and rode from there to Kansas City with her.

She inquired what song his division of the army was using with most force just at that time, and he told her that it was her old favorite, "You Never, Never Can Tell," with new words he had adapted to the music.

She asked him to sing it to her, and as the words rolled from his lips a far-away look stole into her eyes, and, he said, she seemed to see from afar the fate that was awaiting her. When he came to the last verse she asked him to repeat it and joined in the words:

Time and place will cease to know you,
Men and things will pass away,
You'll be moving on tomorrow;
You are only here today.

'CHORUS.
You can never tell when your death bell's tolling;
You can never tell when your end will be.
Cast your poor soul in the sin cleansing fountain;
Come and get saved and happy be.
When next he saw her she was cold in death.

PRISONER IN PRIVATE CAR.

An Exciting Experience of J. P. Morgan's Nephew.
Somebody locked the door of J. P. Morgan's private car Alameda in Washington the other day, and Frederick Morgan, a nephew of the financier, was forced to remain in the car, an unwilling prisoner, until it reached Wilmington, Del.

When the Chesapeake and Ohio fier, which runs over the Pennsylvania tracks from Washington to New York, drew into French street station at Wilmington John Brennan, a car inspector, was attracted by a pounding on one of the windows of the Alameda. Looking in, he saw young Mr. Morgan making frantic signals.

Brennan tried to get into the car, but could not open the door. With Brennan's help, Mr. Morgan managed to open one of the windows, and Brennan crawled in and picked the lock of the door. Mr. Morgan said that he was very uneasy lest there should be an accident while he was imprisoned in the car.

A Shock For Ministers.

The members of the general synod of the German Protestant church recently sitting in Berlin received a series of shocks the day the subject of dueling came up. A motion was submitted declaring the practice of dueling to be sinful and demanding its complete abolition, which was a sacred duty on the part of the church to secure. The chairman of the committee which discussed the motion was Graf Stosch. He startled his hearers by declaring that despite his advanced age the only way in which he as a man of honor could resent an insult was by a duel. Another prominent lay member, Herr von Gerlach, said similar things. The motion, however, was carried by a very large majority.

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to make money at home? Write the Taxis Toilet Co., 6335 Madison avenue, Chicago, and they will tell you. They are going to open up an agency for their well known toilet preparations and fruit flavorings in Barrington. They want a responsible woman to take charge of the work. They will do extensive advertising in this paper and will give away several hundred free samples to establish the trade. This company does business on the only right plan. They guarantee absolutely every dollar's worth of goods they sell or money refunded. Their special Christmas boxes for holiday presents are big sellers. Sign the "good letter" in another column, mail it to them to-day and they will do the rest.
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BETTER THAN THE AUTO

Missouri Mules Recommended to Carry the Mails.

EULOGIZED BY A POSTMASTER.

The Best Never Blows Up or Gets Out of Order, Says S. J. Wilson of Macon, Mo., and Can Always Be Reasoned Into Further Effort With a Club.

Since the experiment with an automobile to carry the mail on the ten mile rural route near Macon, Mo., S. J. Wilson, postmaster at that place, has received many letters from rural route carriers asking for details, says the Kansas City Star. One is from the government's servant who works out of Bunker Hill, Ill. He wants to know: "What kind of roads do you have in Missouri? Have you any bad clay hills and swamps? Will the thing run all right through mud and water up to the bed? How much does it set a man back financially? How many horse or mule power is it? My route is twenty-five and a half miles, has fifty-three clay hills and four swamps, almost impassable."

In reply the Macon postmaster wrote: "It is true that one of our carriers made an experimental trip over his route with a fourteen horse power gasoline automobile, but the roads were in good condition. Our roads are mostly earth, and in muddy weather they're bad, to put it very mildly. Under such conditions it seems to be necessary for a driver to have something to which to express his opinion. If his automobile stuck in the mud he might 'reason' with it all day, and it would have no effect in relieving the man's feelings. With a mule it is different."

"I note with interest that there are fifty-three clay hills and four swamps on your route. If that is the situation I should advise a flying machine with a rowboat attachment. You might tunnel under your route, in which case an auto might go through dry shod. Fearing these suggestions might involve greater expense than you would care to assume, I might venture as the next best thing the famous bird of paradise, commonly called the Missouri mule. A Missouri mule will go where no automobile in the land would dare to tread. He will haul you over those fifty-three clay hills or kick holes through them and go under. Nothing will discourage him. We use 'em on all our routes, and I know. You never have to stop to fix him."

"You don't have to take a monkey wrench and a kit of tools along. A good stout club is the only instrument you will need. There's no danger of his blowing up. Different roads only enthrall him to greater effort. After colliding with a tree or fence or house the automobile is sent to the junk shop, while the mule is only better and stronger after each collision. It's the thing he runs against that goes to the scrap pile. A mule eats more than an automobile, but he gives greater results. I have written you at length because it is a subject on which I have some feeling. And I know some men absolutely devoid of sentiment who have at least a dozen places of feeling occasioned by an intimate acquaintance with the Missouri mule."

BUFFALO BILL'S SCARFPIN.

Old Scout Tells General Miles About King Edward's Gift and Patti.

General Nelson A. Miles and Colonel W. F. Cody met a few days ago in Chicago. The Chronicle of that city says that General Miles, noticing a scarfpin worn by Buffalo Bill, asked him where he got it.

"That pin?" laughed Colonel Cody. "It's a sparkler, isn't it? That's the gift of King Ed. Say, he's a bully fellow. Ever meet him?"

General Miles had met him and described the meeting; but, seeing his eyes still fixed on the scarfpin, Colonel Cody began a story.

"That pin was swiped once in London," he said; "disappeared all of a sudden, and with it these cuff buttons. Yes, sir; gone clean as a whistle. You know, it's not every day that a king gives a fellow a scarfpin, and I was mighty proud of it. I got all Scotland Yard after that pin, but nary a trace of it did they find. Then I turned my scouts and Indians loose. Say, the way the Indians hit the trail was a caution. They hadn't been gone more'n a few hours till one old buck hiked in with the pin. One of the show boys had got hard up and pawned the whole outfit."

"Any new stories?" queried the general.

"Any new ones?" And the colonel laughed. "Why, any number. You see, Patti came across on the same steamer I did. We are old friends, you know, and she asked me to tell her some wild west yarns. Well, I told her all I knew, and still she wasn't satisfied. So I had to go on inventing them until the end of the trip. Pretty well stocked now, thank you."

As they in the Catacombs.

A group of tourists including English and American visitors had a most unpleasant experience in the catacombs recently, says the Paris correspondent of the New York Herald. They were proceeding with a guide in single file through a narrow gallery. One gentleman stopped to examine an inscription. Those ahead of him walked on, thus cutting the party in two. When the latter half tried to rejoin the first they took a wrong turning and lost themselves. For two hours the party wandered from gallery to gallery till they found an outlet. As people have starved to death in the catacombs, the ladies of the party were much terrified.

GREEN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Previous Attempt on Life of "Father of Greater New York."

A close friend of the late Andrew H. Green of New York, Edward Hagaman Hall, recently recalled the shooting was not the first attempt made on Mr. Green's life, says the New York Tribune.

"Mr. Green always spent his summers," said Mr. Hall, "on his old homestead of several hundred acres, occupying a slightly eminent in the northern part of Worcester, Mass., and called Green Hill. The place had been in the family for five generations, and the large and hospitable house was the repository of Mr. Green's library, heirlooms and works of art. The whole upper floor of the house was devoted to a museum containing family heirlooms, personal relics and curiosities from all nations."

"The last time I visited Mr. Green at Green Hill he showed me in this collection an infernal machine which had been sent to him when he was comptroller of the city of New York. It was during the Tweed regime, when corruption was running riot and fresh revelations were daily coming to light, that public sentiment forced the appointment of Mr. Green to the office of comptroller in place of Connolly. Mr. Green kept the thieves at bay and aroused the bitter hatred of those who had been feeding unlawfully on the city's treasury. He received many threatening letters, but paid no attention to them."

"One day he received through the mail a package about ten inches long, six inches wide and two inches thick prepaid at letter rates and almost covered on one side with postage stamps. Mr. Green's suspicions were aroused, and before it was opened it was thoroughly soaked in water. When the wrappers were removed it was found to contain a box with a sliding cover. The box was filled with loose gunpowder, in which were scattered a handful of revolver cartridges. At one end of the box friction matches were fastened upright, with their heads in contact with the under side of the sliding cover, and on that side of the cover was fastened some sandpaper. It was evidently the expectation of the villain who sent it to Mr. Green that when he opened it the matches would explode the powder and cartridges and kill him. The powder, cartridges and matches were still in the box when Mr. Green showed me the infernal machine and gave me the foregoing details."

BABY BOY'S LONG TRIP.

Three-year-old Child Crosses New East River Bridge All Alone.

Though only three years old, Albert Grenz, Jr., who lives at 91 Roebbling street, Williamsburg, not far from the approach to the new Williamsburg bridge, is believed to be one of the favored few to cross the great iron structure, says the New York Herald.

Perhaps little Albert heard some one read the recent announcement that the bridge was almost ready to be opened to the public. During his three years of existence he has watched the workmen putting the great iron beams together, and, being of an exploring disposition, he has undoubtedly had an ambition to cross the bridge.

Albert disappeared before noon the other day and early the next morning was found at the New York end of the structure. He caused fifteen hours' anguish to his parents and became the subject of a general alarm to the police throughout New York, but by his own story he fulfilled his ambition. The child was found in Delancey street, and when asked how he got there replied:

"I walked in the air and saw beautiful lights below me. There was beautiful water and boats with stars at the top."

Albert found much amusement in the handful of granite chips such as are to be found on the roadway of the bridge. As to how he came in possession of them he appeared unable to explain. The watchmen and workmen on the bridge declare they did not see the little fellow and insisted to the police and others that he must have crossed on a ferryboat.

The only reply the child would make, however, to repeated questions put to him by his parents and others as to how he crossed the river indicated that he had walked over the bridge.

Terror of the Next Naval Campaign.

The outlook for the next naval campaign is disturbing. If the submarine fulfills anticipations, if under real war conditions it can repeat successes obtained under simulated war conditions, the terrors and losses occasioned by the use of this weapon will paralyze the imagination and may drive the heavier ships from the narrow seas, says the Nineteenth Century. It may be that its success will be only partial, and even in these circumstances it will shatter many preconceived ideas. We shall go into action when war occurs with weapons untried—battle ships, cruisers, torpedo craft, all of them to a great extent experiments, and of these there is none of which so little is known and so much is expected as the submarine.

Corpses by Mail.

The post office department has prepared a ruling to the effect that cremated bodies should be classed as merchandise and should pay the regular rate of one cent for four ounces, says the Scientific American. As a result of his decision four airtight tin canisters, containing the cremated remains of a family, shipped from New York to San Francisco, were forwarded from the Washington post office, where they had been held up pending a determination of the postage rates for the journey.

A PHILIPPINE ROMANCE

Strange Courtship of Filipino Girl by a Marine.

HIS BRIDE A WILLING STOWAWAY

Junlata Castro Swam to a Ship and Half Circled the Globe to Wed Her American Lover—She Lay in a Transport's Hold For Weeks and Suffered For Food and Water.

Brave in the uniform of a United States marine, Horace Hesler McCall, a native of Baltimore, stood up in the little parlor of 63 Wisler street, in Germantown, a suburb of Philadelphia, the other afternoon and swore to "love, honor and cherish" a Filipino girl who traveled half way around the world to wed him and endured hardships that would have stifled every human emotion save love, says the New York World. She swam out to sea and went aboard an army transport a stowaway. She went days without food and suffered torments for the want of water in the dank, dark hold of the transport.

Junlata Castro, belle of the little island Isabella de Basilan, had won a heart and dared death to have that heart her own.

A few marines from the League island barracks, some everyday folks from round about Wisler street, Germantown, and two or three relatives of the bridegroom were the witnesses to the wedding ceremony, and when it was over the dainty little Malay denied them all a bride's kiss and crossed herself with a sacred oath that no man save her husband had ever touched his lips to hers.

The big marine tells a straightforward, mainly story of his wooing in the Philippines, of the elopement, the peril of bringing the girl aboard ship, the difficulties encountered and overcome on the way to San Francisco, the struggles there and the supreme effort that finally brought his loved one to Germantown, half way around the globe, for love.

The little woman tells the story of her romance as follows:

"With the ships came the lovers, and with the ships the lovers went again and never see no more."

"I see girls cry and cry and cry. Sick some days. One time they die. Baby die too. All very sorry. Lover far away with ship. All bad. All sad. My love, one hot day say boss make ship go away. He must go on ship. I not cry. I say, 'You go, I go.' We laugh. Next day I go on ship sell fruit. See where may hide from boss. My love leave big hole for me in ship. When night come I swim out to ship. Hold tight to rope. Get fast in hole. Make no noise. Long time in hole. All dark, all hot. No water. Rats in hair."

"Some time I sleep, some time can't sleep. Choke. Make no noise. Not cry out. Wake up some time, he there with bottle water. I love him. He say, 'Be brave.' Long time without water. Long time not eat. Some day he come again. Long time away. Then say 'Frisco.' Next night all dark. I crawl out hole. Can't walk. Can't stand. Can't see. Awful bad. He come to me. Say must swim more. He pitch me far out in water. Then fellows he know pick me up in little boat. Row long time. Big place Frisco. Little boat some time stop by big place. We wait. Then he come. So happy!"

"Some day I go for work. He must come away that day. I work. He send me money. Some day, long time, I come here. Now we marry. I not work. No cry like girls home. Long time in ship. Long time in cars. He give ride up soon. No boss then. Some day maybe we go back. Then no hole in ship. No dirt. Water and meat and he. Maybe too far. Not go. Happy here. Not happy there."

PRESIDENT A BOY AGAIN.

Roosevelt Goes Nutting With Party of Children and Plays Games.

President Roosevelt went nutting the other day with only children for his companions and spent the afternoon in the Virginia woods, six miles from Washington, says the New York World.

Immediately after luncheon Mr. Roosevelt bundled his three children who are at home—Archibald, Quentin and Ethel—and the four children of Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield into the White House sally and headed for Dr. Rixey's country place. They arrived there in an hour and, with the president leading the way, proceeded to a woods where they had been told great quantities of chestnuts and hickory nuts were to be found. The supply was not as bountiful as was expected, but enough were found to fill all the pockets in the party.

The president climbed some of the trees and shook the nuts down, while the children scrambled for them. After they had secured all the nuts they wanted Mr. Roosevelt played children's games with them in the woods. It was after dark when the expedition got back to the White House.

Music and the Solar Plexus.

We print herewith a portion of an interesting communication which has been received from Mr. Adair Welcker of San Francisco concerning a recent noteworthy achievement in American music, says Harper's Weekly: "The 'Roosevelt March,' by my sister, Miss Henrietta Welcker, is one that, played on the piano, it has caused to come over some people who do not ordinarily dance what has to them seemed like an almost uncontrollable or irresistible impulse to do so, and played on bands warmth will be conveyed to and fire aroused in the solar plexus."

LIVER TROUBLES

"I find Thedford's Black-Draught a good medicine for liver disease. It cured my son after he had spent \$100 with doctors. It is all the medicine I take."—MRS. CAROLINE MARTIN, Parkersburg, W. Va.

If your liver does not act regularly go to your druggist and secure a package of Thedford's Black-Draught and take a dose tonight. This great family medicine frees the constipated bowels, stirs up the torpid liver and causes a healthy secretion of bile.

Thedford's Black-Draught will cleanse the bowels of impurities and strengthen the kidneys. A torpid liver invites colds, biliousness, chills and fever and all manner of sickness and contagion. Weak kidneys result in Bright's disease which claims as many victims as consumption. A 25-cent package of Thedford's Black-Draught should always be kept in the house.

"I used Thedford's Black-Draught for liver and kidney complaints and found nothing to equal it."—WILLIAM COFFMAN, Marblehead, Ill.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

China, Russia and the United States

The recent reoccupation of Mukden, the capital of the Chinese province of Manchuria, gave so much uneasiness to the Chinese government that it appealed to the United States government for moral support in resisting the re-occupation. Our government could not interfere and so informed the Chinese foreign office, it being held that our interests in Manchuria are wholly commercial.

While the United States is naturally concerned at Russia's failure to evacuate Manchuria, as promised, and while we must be greatly interested in the Russian reoccupation of a city which, by our new treaty with China, becomes a treaty port, we have nothing whatever to do with the territorial status of Manchuria. Whether that province remains Chinese or becomes Russian, our one duty in the matter is to see that the treaty rights guaranteed to us by the Chinese government are not impaired by any new ownership. It would seem that Russia's interest lay, for the present at least, in guaranteeing to us, as she has done, the perpetuation of those treaty rights. Russia may feel at some future day that she can do without American trade in Asia, but at present she gains rather than loses by that trade.

It is stated that Kansas is so prosperous that girls are wanted for more than 1,000 domestic positions in the state. An attempt is to be made to get girls from the big stores of New York and Chicago to go to Kansas and fill these places, and the tempting bait is held out of a probable marriage with some prosperous young farmer.

Dr. Wiley reports that his poison squad is getting fat on salicylic acid. If he wants to give them a thorough test of stomachic endurance let him try a few doses of the brand of drug store whisky usually dispensed in no license communities.

It is now announced that the United States gets Kunnghunnet island under the Alaskan boundary award. Instead of being angry, the Canadians ought to feel grateful for having a thing like that removed from their midst.

It is said that England, Italy and Abyssinia are preparing to make united war on the Mad Mollah. This is likely to make him madder than ever, and he may become really dangerous.

The physicians who propose that condemned criminals be inoculated with tuberculosis germs from animals by way of experiment apparently forget that "cruel and unusual punishments" are forbidden by the constitution.

Mary MacLane's declaration that she does not know what she will write about in her new book suggests that Mary hopes to become as much of a puzzle to the public as Ann has been.

A Denver man eloped with the hired girl, and the abandoned wife is very angry because the servant failed to give her a week's notice before leaving.

The New York bankers have discovered that the country can exist without Wall street, a fact that the country has suspected for some time.

It is a rather poor state that cannot point with pride these days to a favorite son with a presidential boom concealed about his person.

A Chicago man has been choked to death by a doughnut. Really the only part of a doughnut that it is safe to eat is the hole.

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is the subscription price. If you wish to keep posted as to happenings in the villages of Barrington, Palatine, Wauconda, Lake Zurich and vicinity, also news of the state

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Does not require years to learn, but a few weeks.

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Useful proficiency in 2 weeks; commercial proficiency 2 to 4 months. We teach personally and at home BY MAIL. Our correspondence course is the quickest and best in the United States. We secure positions, good paying ones, too, and furnish standard typewriter free

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The Review

Prints the Local News.

A TALE OF TWO THANKSGIVINGS

As Thanksgiving approaches each year Don Antonio is wont to tell the following story—a story of two Thanksgivings in one year, the last Thanksgiving of pastoral California and the first recognition in the westland of the Thanksgiving of the American. The story runs in this wise:

"Before the Gringo came" California had a Thanksgiving day of its own, although no governor's proclamation or presidential edict dignified it with such official title. It was indigenous to the country, and was especially suited to California's climatic conditions and to her religious history. What time more seasonable to give thanks than just after the harvest had been gathered, and what day more appropriate than the 4th of October, fete of St. Francis d'Assisi—St. Francis, whose sons had rescued the country from tribal darkness; St. Francis, to whose special protection were confided the missions of Alta California!

Early in the morning of Oct. 4, 1845, a picturesque procession approached the old church at Monterey. From far and near each ranchero brought in a heavy vehicle drawn by oxen and heaped high with corn and beans and melons.

As the vehicles and walkers came nearer, the bells of the church rang out a glad welcome to its loyal children. Then the assemblage knelt down on mother earth and each heart echoed the prayer the reverend padre

curved mouth. He did not want to love a Californian, nor, in fact, any other woman at present. Love would interfere with his ambitions.

Yet he answered the call of the eyes and his lips learned more readily to converse. As a slave to his conscience he had told Carmencita that he had come to this country to make his fortune, and that, it once gained, he would return to his own land.

"Oh, it is that the climate does not suit you, senor?"

"The climate is all right, but—"

"It is the people. You do not like us?" and the dark head went up in the air.

"You know I like you, but—"

"But when you go back to your own land, senor—"

"I'll never go back. Your land shall be mine, or you will go with me."

"But your fortune, senor?"

"Fortune does not matter. Nothing matters but you. I want you, you, Carmencita. Promise to marry me. Promise," and he held her close.

"Let me go. Let me go. When you make your fortune, senor, then I will marry you. No, no, senor. I'll never marry a poor Americano. My own countryman is different. We do not care for money. You are different. Look at Eulalia Gonzales. She married a poor Americano, and now she has to work, work, work, and save and never have any comfort. All because her husband wants to save money. No. You make your fortune and then you may go home or you may marry

me, if Ramon has not been beforehand."

"He'll never be beforehand. I'll get the fortune, and you, too."

"Oh, but only this day Ramon has asked my father that he may marry me on the 8th of December, his fete day and the Virgin's."

"December! So near! But this is only October, and November comes between. There are other fete days besides his. This is your Thanksgiving. My country has a Thanksgiving in a few weeks. Then I'll either have riches or definite promise of riches. Then I'll claim you. That will be my Thanksgiving."

As merry voices were heard calling, "Carmencita, Cita," he whispered, "Promise me. Promise and seal your promise so, so, so."

Her affirmative answer was smothered and they turned to greet their seekers.

His employment with Larkin took him to the different ranches and even as far north as Pueblo de San Jose. Here old Don Palomares, in extolling California over Mexico, said:

"Oh, yes, senor, Mexico has her silver mines. But who can say that California has not greater riches? Perhaps the old padres can tell of gold fields that the old Indians knew about."

"No, senor. The reverend padres never divulged any such information. They had seen how the Indians of Mexico were enslaved to work in the mines, and how avarice, awakened by the desire for silver, had corrupted the white man. So why introduce a great curse here in this land of content, where God sends all that is needed and where his children live in peace and in his spirit?"

After this Rodgers cultivated the acquaintance of the different priests on his routes the padres of Monterey, of the Pueblo de San Jose and of the missions of San Jose and Santa Cruz. His eyes, always stern, grew colder and keener, and his manners, always implying superiority, did not tend to win him personal friendship. However, as a stranger and a protegee of Larkin, the padres extended their hospitality to him—their hospitality, but nothing more. It was not likely that they would confide to a foreigner a se-

cret which they withheld from their own sons.

On the Monday previous to Thanksgiving Rodgers had to start on a trip to the vicinity of Santa Cruz, that would keep him away until Thanksgiving day itself. In his absence the preparations for the ball went on.

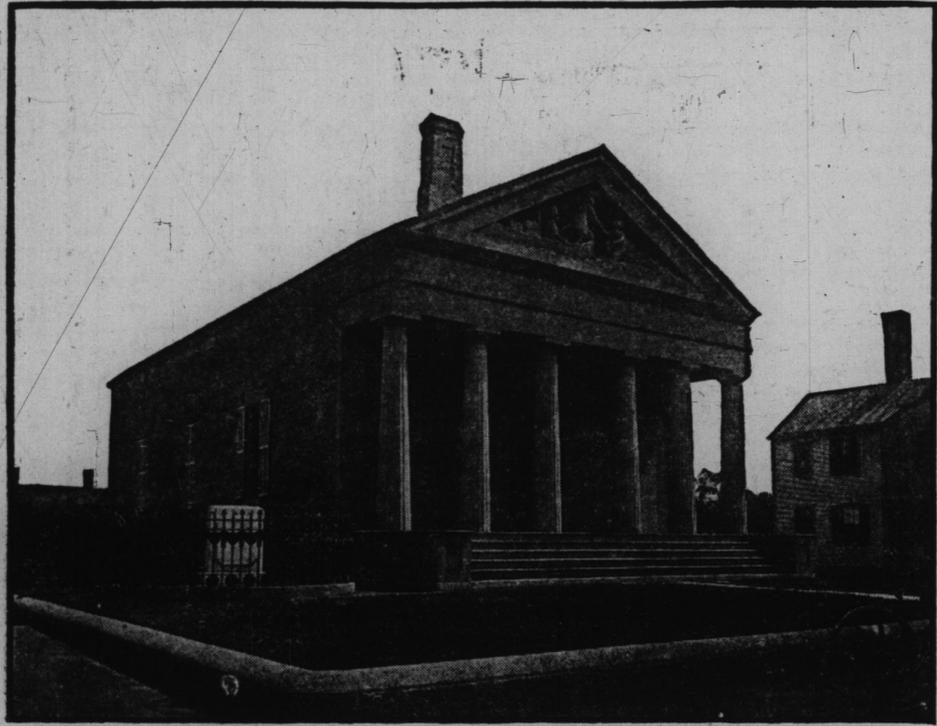
Thanksgiving night arrived, the ball began, and yet Rodgers had not returned. About 10 o'clock, the voices around the entrance announced his arrival. He seemed almost excited. He explained that he had had difficulty in crossing the Salinas and that he had rushed for fear of being too late for the ball. "As he does not dance, that would be a pity," Ramon Castro murmured to a neighbor.

During the following dance, Rodgers telegraphed to Carmencita's watchful eyes. When the music began she slipped out and met him in the moonlit courtyard. "Hold up your head," he commanded, and then he twined strings and strings of pearls around her slender neck. Then he caught her to him. "You are mine. It is Thanksgiving and you are mine."

"But, senor, where—"

"Don't ask anything. You promised if I brought you wealth you would be mine. Promise me you will sail with me in the White Wings to-morrow. The captain can marry us at sea, and at my home you will have happiness you never dreamed of here. Promise me. Promise—"

But why that sudden pause in the



Pilgrims' Hall, Plymouth, Massachusetts.

voiced—the prayer of thanksgiving to St. Francis for the harvest of the past year and of petition that he continue his care by sending early and bountiful rains.

When the banner had been escorted back into the church and deposited at the left of the altar the congregation surged out and a merry scene ensued.

With chatter and exclamations and infectious laughter, the people moved about in ever-changing groups. No one was greeted more warmly than Don Thomas Larkin, who took this opportunity of introducing to the people from the country his latest protegee, Alvin Rodgers. The old Californians accepted the newcomer warmly, as was their habit. "The friend of Don Thomas is a friend of mine. My house is yours whenever you wish to visit it."

The stranger accepted all degrees of friendliness with the same imperterbous calmness, and finally attached himself to the group in which the Diaz family were chattering.

As the vans started, the population of Monterey scattered to its homes, accompanied by all the country people who could possibly remain over for the evening's festa. Ramon Castro joined the Diaz group, but had to content himself with walking with one of the sons, while Senor Diaz marched Rodgers off just behind Carmencita and Francisca.

The old senor had taken a fancy to the young American. In the two weeks since Rodgers' arrival he had invited him to his home every day. With the exception of the father and Carmencita, the Diaz family felt uncomfortable under the cold blue scrutiny of the stranger; but, as Californians, they did not withdraw their hospitable attentions. Carmencita, feeling the disapproval of her family, showered favors upon him. And he—well, at first he came to practice speaking Spanish, and later, he came because he could not keep away. The brown eyes haunted him when away from their presence—now mischievous, now daring, now languishing, now sparkling, but always impelling him to gaze into them—into them and on the softly curved cheek and petal

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But why that sudden pause in the

music. The silence made them both start. Then from the windows thundered: "That Americano, Rodgers. Dog of an infidel. He murdered the padre of the Mission de Santa Cruz and stole the strings of pearls from the virgin." Carmencita shivered herself out of his arms as the piercing tones inside continued: "Sancho, the Indian, saw him while hid in the sanctuary. He came to tell us, but the Americano had several hours' start. Now he's here. Where is he?"

A howl for blood went up as the whole company jumped for the doorways. The cry roused Carmencita. "Come," she breathed, and, seizing his hand, led him running through the nearest exit. Half a block down the street they were before their pursuers perceived them. Then shots filled the air. At the corner they made a swift turn and ran directly to the bay. Carmencita jumped into an old boat, Rodgers followed and unmoored it. He seized the oars and made some distance from the shore. The pursuers reached the beach. Some fired wildly, but others boarded a boat and continued after them. It was inevitable that they be taken. Carmencita crept along the boat to his side and put her arms around him. "It was my fault, my sin. You did it for me. I love you. I love you!" The oars were dropped. His arms inclosed her. "Don't let them take us," she whispered. He suddenly stood erect, with her still in his arms. Then one bound and the waters had closed over their bodies. They never again reached the shores of Monterey, nor has the sea ever again given up the treasured pearls.

When he finishes his story, old Don Antonio always leans back and sighs.

"You see why it is I do not appreciate the American Thanksgiving. There always returns that picture of the first time we celebrated it."

"Did the padres know of the gold fields? Who can tell?" they did, they were wise to withhold the information. You see how much harm the desire for gold works."

"Is it true? Well, I was one of the pursuers."—Katherine A. Chandler in San Francisco Call.

VASELINE.

Everybody knows the great value of this remedy in the household, but everybody does not know that the imitations of it, which some second class druggists dishonestly palm off on their customers, have little or no value. What should be understood by the public is, that it is not a mere question of comparative value between "Vaseline" and the imitations, but that the imitations do not effect the wonderful healing results of the world renowned "Vaseline," and that they are not the same thing nor made in the same way. Besides this, many of the imitations are harmful, irritant and not safe to use, while true Vaseline is perfectly harmless.

Perfect safety therefore lies in buying only original bottles and other packages put up by the Chesebrough Manufacturing Co. Attention is called to their Capicum Vaseline advertised in another column.

Peculiar Russian Regiments.

There are some queer regiments in the Russian army. One regiment is composed entirely of blonds, the chasseur guards are all brunettes, and no man is enlisted in the Parlov guards unless he wears a retrouse mustache.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

It is claimed that by simply heating dangerously crystalline steel to a certain temperature, however bad the steel, it is possible to restore it to its normal condition and even improve it.

If you don't get the biggest and best it's your own fault. Defiance Starch is for sale everywhere and there is positively nothing to equal it in quality or quantity.

In London 37.8 per cent of the whole population receive wages less than \$5 per week per family, one-third of which goes in rent.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 50 cigar. The highest price 50 cigar to the dealer and the highest quality for the smoker. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Just three-tenths of a second are required for a signal to pass through the Atlantic cable, 2,700 miles.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

Many men want to be great and a few try to be good.

Ask your grocer for Mrs. Austin's Famous Pancake Flour. Fresh and delicious.

Spain's cereal crop is valued at \$137,000,000.

LAST GUESS THE RIGHT ONE.

Dearest Friend Had to be Coached to Name the Giver.

Her dearest friend had dropped in for a call, and she straightway put out a five-pound box of expensive candy. "Oh!" cried the friend, "have you been squandering money like that?"

"I didn't squander it," was the reply. "It was a present to me."

"A present," repeated the friend, "Let's see! Who's been here lately? Any of your girlhood friends?"

"No."

"Sometimes a family friend, passing through—"

"Not the case this time."

"Mrs. Baxter felt very grateful to you for—"

"She didn't send it."

"There was that friend of your husband that visited here—"

"It didn't come from him."

"Oh, I know now. You won it on a bet."

"Wrong again."

"Has any old friend disappointed you at dinner? Sometimes they try to square things—"

"No."

"Well, I give it up."

"Try guessing the most unlikely person in the world, considering that it's five pounds of the most expensive candy and not a little 50-cent box."

"Your husband?"

"Right."

"Heavens! He must have been doing something awful."—Brooklyn Eagle.

AN OLD TIMER.

Has Had Experiences.

A woman who has used Postum Food Coffee since it came upon the market eight years ago knows from experience the necessity of using Postum in place of coffee if one values health and a steady brain.

She says: "At the time Postum was first put on the market I was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and my physician had repeatedly told me not to use tea or coffee. Finally I decided to take his advice and try Postum and got a sample and had it carefully prepared, finding it delicious to the taste. So I continued its use and very soon its beneficial effects convinced me of its value, for I got well of my nervousness and dyspepsia."

"My husband had been drinking coffee all his life until it had affected his nerves terribly. I persuaded him to shift to Postum and it was easy to get him to make the change for the Postum is so delicious. It certainly worked wonders for him."

"We soon learned that Postum does not exhilarate or depress and does not stimulate, but steadily and honestly strengthens the nerves and the stomach. To make a long story short our entire family have now used Postum for eight years with completely satisfying results as shown in our fine condition of health, and we have noticed a rather unexpected improvement in brain and nerve power."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Increased brain and nerve power always follow the use of Postum in place of coffee, sometimes in a very marked manner.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

ASKS PANAMA TO COME BACK

Colombia Sends Noted Leaders to Isthmus on Diplomatic Mission.

OFFERS SATISFACTORY TREATY

Expects to Make an Amicable Arrangement With the New Republic Whereby the Country Will Be Re-united and the Canal Built.

Colon cablegram: The overdue German steamer Scotia arrived from the coast flying the Colombian flag. Her agents signaled the Scotia to come alongside the wharf, but she is now anchored a mile and a half from the harbor. Cutters from the United States auxiliary cruiser Dixie are plying to and from the Scotia, which has no communication with the shore. There is great excitement, as it is stated that General Reyes and his staff are aboard the vessel. The United States converted cruiser Mayflower left her anchorage and steamed to meet the Scotia. The moment the Scotia anchored twenty marines from the Dixie landed here.

Generals Reyes, Holguin and Ospina left Bogota on a diplomatic mission from the capital of Colombia to the isthmians. They are clothed with full power to offer the newly formed republic a satisfactory treaty and such other concessions as may bring the isthmus back to the Colombian union. It seems to be confidently expected at Bogota that amicable arrangements will be made.

Bogota May Revolt.

The report sent from Ecuador that Generals Reyes, Caballeros, Ospina and Holguin were marching on the isthmus to "suppress the isthmian traitors" is contradicted by the sending of all but one here on diplomatic errands. The threat set the entire population of the isthmus laughing. Protected by the impenetrability of the land and the many leagues of coastline separating the isthmus from Colombia and confident that the United States government intends to prevent the landing of Colombian soldiers from the sea, the isthmians feel that their security is absolute. Well-informed people on the isthmus believe that the Colombian government is going through all forms of organizing expeditions owing to the necessity of forestalling or of weakening the threatened revolutionary outbreak in Bogota.

Could Have Saved Isthmus.

The growing feeling against President Marroquin is believed to be due to the fact that he did not show sufficient determination to effect the ratification of the canal treaty, which would have saved the isthmus to Colombia, and because he appointed General Obaldia governor of the department of Panama after Obaldia had declared that he would remain at Colombian if the treaty were ratified, but that otherwise he would only be a Panamanian. General Obaldia was born in Chiriqui, in the state of Panama.

Will Not Transport Troops.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Company, a British concern, plying between Panama and Buena Ventura, has a clause in its contract with the Colombian government which says that it must, "under normal conditions," transport government troops. It can, however, be said authoritatively that the company will not transport Colombian troops to the isthmus under present conditions and that it has not been asked by the Colombian government to do so. Other vessels which bring troops from any Colombian port for any point in the republic of Panama will be prevented by the naval authorities from disembarking them in case they insist on so doing after warning has been given.

POSTOFFICE SAFE IS LOOTED

Surglars Use Dynamite to Get at Money and Stamps in Strongbox.

Eldorado, Ill., special: The postoffice at Galatia, Ill., was broken into Saturday night and the safe dynamited and robbed. The postmistress, Mrs. Upchurch, says there were several hundred dollars in money and stamps stolen. The burglars secured tools in Naugle's blacksmith shop. They left the tools in the postoffice. There were three men in the gang. Bloodhounds have been put on their track.

BEAVERS TRANSFERS WEALTH

Indicted Ex-Official Gives Real Estate to His Wife.

New York dispatch: George W. Beavers, former chief of the division of salaries and allowances of the postoffice department, who is under bail on two indictments found in Brooklyn and Washington and charging fraud, has transferred his Brooklyn real estate to his wife. It followed closely the appeal of habeas corpus proceedings in Beavers' behalf.

DRIVEN INSANE BY OVERSTUDY

Girl at Janesville, Wis., Tries to End Life in School.

Janesville, Wis., dispatch: Driven temporarily insane by overstudy, 16-year-old Mabel Charleton left her seat in the high school room and, going to the toilet room, cut the arteries in her wrist. A girl companion passing heard her groan and say: "Oh, I wish I were dead." Teachers rushed to the scene, a physician was called and her life saved.

HAPPY WOMEN.



Mrs. Fare, wife of C. B. Fare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides, I had back I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Reversible Skirt.

An English tailor has invented a reversible skirt for women who travel much and desire to carry as little baggage as possible. The English, who, as a rule, are not particularly good dressers, have some very excellent ideas for traveling gowns. The reversible skirt is made of material plain on one side and checked on the other. It answers the purpose of two skirts, as it can be worn with either surface uppermost. Another English skirt intended for mountain wear has buttons and an arrangement for turning up the hem while climbing.

The California Limited.

This train on the Santa Fe road is limited in number to seven cars—Observation Pullman, two Drawing-room Pullmans, Compartment Pullman, Through Dining Car, Buffet-Smoking Car and Mail Car. It makes the trip from Chicago to Los Angeles or San Francisco in three days, passing through New Mexico and Arizona—a pleasant route both summer and winter. The Santa Fe publishes a booklet which concisely and fully describes "The California Limited." Address Geo. T. Nicholson, P. T. M., A. T. & S. F. Ry., Chicago.

Less Than 12 Hours to Hot Springs, Ark., Via Iron Mountain Route.

The new train which was inaugurated November 8th, leaving St. Louis 8:20 p. m., and arriving Hot Springs 8 a. m., makes the run in less than twelve hours, which beats all previous records between these points. Returning train leaves Hot Springs 7:30 p. m., arriving St. Louis 7:35 a. m. Thoroughly up to date equipment. For tickets and further information write any agent of the Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. Townsend, general passenger and ticket agent, St. Louis.

Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

More than 50,000,000 pounds of rubber, valued at \$30,000,000, were imported into the United States last year.

Defiance Starch is guaranteed biggest and best or money refunded. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now.

Persistent people begin their success where others end—in failure.

The easiest way to prepare a quick breakfast is to use Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour.

Spirituous liquors form the chief export of Germany to her colonies.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 60 cents.

COLORADO MINES

HAVE PRODUCED OVER \$811,000,000.00.

WE ARE ON THE GROUND

and will advise you in regard to the BEST MINING ENTERPRISES

NOW IS THE TIME TO INVEST A FEW DOLLARS for Greatest Results.

Send for our Weekly Market Letter which tells about them. IT'S FREE.

THE C. P. CAMPBELL CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, Colorado Springs, - - Colorado.

Members Colorado Springs Mining Stock Ass'n.

SOUTHWEST

NOVEMBER 24th

TEXAS, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY

THERE AND BACK AT VERY LOW RATES

\$20 CHICAGO \$15 HANOVER \$15 ST. LOUIS \$15 KANSAS CITY

Proportional Rates from Intermediate Points. Stop-overs. Final limit, Dec. 15.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RY.

Ask Nearest Ticket Agent or write GEO. W. SMITH, N. F. A. M. K. & T. Ry., 316 Marquette Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

C. H. Morrison, Local Editor

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LANEY
TRUSTEES:
JOHN C. PLACGE.....HENRY DONLEA
SILAS ROBERTSON.....J. F. GIESKE
HERMAN SCHWEM.....J. H. HATJE
CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT
TREASURER.....H. K. BROCKWAY
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
ATTORNEY.....GEO. W. SPUNNER
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA
SUPT. OF WATER WORKS.....W.M. HAGER

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1903.

Perhaps the cold will discourage the pneumonia germ.

It is harder to be thankful for good weather after it is past.

Wanted—Dry wood. Address this office.

Henry Pingel has rented William Hager's house on Main street.

Clean floors make the home attractive and keep the clothes clean.

Governor Richard Yates is to address a meeting at the city hall, Woodstock, this evening.

The third term of Prof. Parker's singing school has been held nightly this week in Salem church.

For Rent—An eight-room house on Main street. All conveniences. William Hager.

E. D. Shurtzoff of Marengo is a candidate for renomination for state representative from this district.

For Sale Cheap—1 hard coal parlor stove and 1 oil parlor heating stove. 2t W.M. HOWARTH.

Butter sold on the Elgin market Monday at 22 cents, which is 4 cents less than the ruling price a year ago.

We sell window glass and have an assortment of all sizes. Glazing done while you wait. LANEY & Co.

We have experienced real winter weather this week, the thermometer registering 10 degrees above zero Tuesday morning.

A. B. Johnson has purchased the Antioch News of John Burke. Mr. Johnson has been running the plant on a lease the past year.

George W. Spunner has purchased one of the ditching machines of the Dalton Excavator company and has shipped it to Des Moines, Iowa.

Eight-room House for Rent—Known as the Robt. Nightingale house, S. Hawley St. Inquire of J. E. Heise, Secretary Board of Education.

In holding a beauty show in Madison Square Garden New York is probably trying to console itself for the loss of the pulchritudinous Dowie.

The Woman's Guild will hold a bazaar and supper here on the evening of December 4. Admission, 5 cents; supper, 10 cents.

There are merchants who expect to prosper without seeming to make an effort, but many people like to deal where they seem to be busy and enjoy work.

The Sott building, corner Cook and Station streets, is being remodeled and will be occupied by A. W. Meyer, formerly of A. W. Meyer & Co., after December 1 for a general store.

Drop your news items in THE REVIEW box near Powers' store. We ask that all such items be signed, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.

Items for THE REVIEW should be sent in as early as possible next week. We will consider it a special favor, as it will give us an opportunity to be thankful.

Each day claims its victims among hunters sojourning in the wilds of the northern state. The list of deaths and accidents has so far this year surpassed the entire record of last year.

The mailing list of THE REVIEW has been corrected up to October 19. You are requested to look at the label on the paper this week and if you find you have not been credited properly please report to this office at once.

Get one of those fine turkeys of Alverson & Groff for your Thanksgiving dinner. They have purchased the entire lot raised by Wm. Leonard and you will find them exceptionally palatable. Order now.

The latest model of a railroad gasoline speeder passed through Barrington Saturday afternoon occupied by two C. & N. W. officials and a machine operator. It can attain a high rate of speed.

The will of the late State's Atty. S. D. Talcott of Waukegan was filed for probate Saturday. The value of the real estate is placed at \$35,000. Mrs. Talcott is named as the sole legatee and is made executrix without bond. The will bears date May 30, 1903.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Meier celebrated their 44th wedding anniversary Tues.

day, November 17, at their home on Liberty street with a family reunion. The occasion was also in honor of Mrs. Meier's 61st birthday, and the day was one of pleasure for all present.

A permanent summer camp is to be established near Cary on the Fox river by the "Whatsoever Club" of Ravenswood, composed of one hundred boys averaging 16 years, who have camped there under military rule the past two summers.

About sixteen young people attended a surprise party at the home of George Hager which had been planned in honor of Miss Edith Hager. Another good time was added to the list of pleasant entertainments at the Hager home.

That case of a wife who scratched her husband's face with her finger nails, stamped on his toes, struck him with a cane and beat him with a screen door because he asked her to get breakfast for him should be a warning to husbands who make unreasonable requests of their wives.

The total resources of the Knights of the Maccabees on October 31 as shown by report of Supreme Record-keeper Siegle is \$3,135,507.94. Of this amount \$2,625,671.19 is invested in government and municipal bonds. The average amount paid monthly in death claims is \$240,000.

The Barrington Review prints a fine illustrated writeup of its village, with pictures of people, houses, stores, etc. A peculiar feature is the printing of a picture of Thomas Freeman's burial lot, with its monuments, in place of his own picture or one of his home. It is an odd innovation in such matters. —Waukegan-Sun.

Eight of the bunch of bucking broncos brought here Saturday by western dealers were sold at auction at the stock yards. The average price was \$55. Apparently every small boy in town was present and eagerly followed the trainers around the downtown streets, intently enjoying the movement of the wild little animals.

"When I was a young fellow and out of a job, I always made it a rule to take the first job that offered, and to use it for a bait. You can catch a minnow with a worm, and a good bass will take your minnow. A good fat bass will tempt an otter, and then you've got something worth skinning." —Letters from a Self-Made Merchant to His Son.

"Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" will be given under the auspices of Lounsbury Chapter Order Eastern Star by local talent at Odd Fellows' hall Wednesday evening, November 25. Music will be furnished by Sears' orchestra. Tickets 25 and 15 cents. Reserved seats can be secured for 35 cents at the Barrington bank.

A collision of carriages occurred Saturday night near Langenheim which slightly injured Miss Abbie, Madis and Joseph Johnson of Algonquin. A line of vehicles was moving toward the Summerfield home where a surprise party was to be tendered the Misses Summerfield when the sudden halt of one buggy caused a general jolt and the upsetting of the Algonquin people.

Lake county, which has long been neglected by the rural route agent, is at last to receive attention. Plans have been made to start ten new routes in the next few months in addition to the three which have been in operation for some time past. They will be from Waukegan, Rockefeller and Libertyville two each and from Deerfield, Antioch, Round Lake and Gurnee, one each. Carriers are now being selected.

WANTED.—Faithful person to call on retail trade and agents for manufacturing house having well established business; local territory; straight salary \$20 paid weekly and expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; position permanent; business successful. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Superintendent Travelers, 605 Monon bldg., Chicago.

Rev. Samuel Earnage, Presiding Elder of the Rockford district, will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday morning, at 10:30, after which the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. The public is cordially invited. No evening preaching on account of the Union Sunday School convention, to be held in Salem church.

"The Stars" presented their first program at the high school last Friday afternoon, which was as follows: Song, School; Reading, Percy Elfrink; Reading, Della Elvidge; Essay, George Froelich; Essay, Paul Hines; Song, School; Essay, Etta Kampert; Pen Picture, Emma Lageschulte; Reading, Madge Bennett; Debate, "Resolved, That intemperance causes more sorrow than war," Emma Pomeroy, Emma Hager; Remarks, Prof. Bonta; Song, School. The next high school program is Wednesday afternoon.

Now is the time for farmers to plan for the next season's planting. There is no better time for the selection of the seed than when the crop stands in the field or in the shock. There will be thousands who will disregard good

advice, but there are some who will give unusual care to seed corn selection and he will be a wise farmer who makes the best of the present yield. The fact that the spring was late, and was followed by unseasonable weather for the growing crop, has interfered with the corn maturing properly, hence farmers cannot be too careful in selecting seed.

The Barrington Review last week got out a most credible souvenir edition, embellished with illustrations and nicely printed on heavy paper. The Review is the leading paper in southwestern Lake county and reflects the spirit of the thriving village of Barrington. It is such papers that are of inestimable value to a community and which are responsible more than any other agency for the knowledge gained by the outside world. If you read The Review you know Barrington is in the front ranks; it could not be otherwise with such a live, newsy and altogether meritorious paper. May continued success and greater prestige be Editor Lamey's portion.—Libertyville Independent.

The Thursday club met this week at the home of Mrs. Thomas Dolan, corner of Main and Lake streets. The subject of discussion was "Medieval Germany." Program was as follows: Paper on "Educational Characteristics of Germany," Mrs. Fred E. Hawley; "Home Life of Goethe," Mrs. G. W. Spunner; "Anecdotes," Mrs. Lyman A. Powers; "Light Literature," Mrs. H. K. Brockway; "Witticisms," Mrs. Carl Meyer; instrumental solos, Miss Elsie Costello; singing by club. After the program an informal social was held until 5:30, when dinner was served. Mrs. Dolan's home was conveniently and tastefully arranged for entertaining. The club was laden with dainty and delicious dishes, which bore evidence of skillful preparation. Twenty-one members were present.

AN INVITING IDEA. Chicago Establishment Provides Elegant Turkish Baths and Hotel Accommodations for a Dollar.

Something new in the hotel line is supplied by the famous New Northern Baths, a palatial establishment at 14 Quincy street, near State street, Chicago. This is the most handsomely fitted up establishment in the United States—in fact, there is no other place quite like it anywhere. It is a hotel and baths combined. The New Northern has lately undergone additions and improvements that make it an extremely attractive place to visit. The furnishings in every one of the eight floors are the best and most luxurious that money can buy, especially in the office floor, where the wall decorations, stained-glass windows and other embellishments are well worth a visit on their own account.

A visitor to Chicago can have any kind of bath he chooses—Turkish, Russian, Plain, Needle, Electric or Plunge. The swimming pool is the finest in the country, with even temperature all the year round. He can enjoy himself in the most leisurely fashion, and a well appointed grill room supplies him with first-class meals at any hour, day or night. Nowhere in Chicago can a stranger find a more pleasant and restful stopping place than the New Northern Baths, while the economy of the arrangement is a thing worth taking note of.

Caution the Children.

Learning by experience is an excellent way to acquire knowledge, but it seems hardly necessary that small boys need to be convinced by accidents, pain and expense the advisability of keeping away from buildings under construction; precarious ladders and railroad tracks. The tendency of these children is to vie with one another in feats of daring and they are often in dangerous positions when intent on "beating the other fellow." Further, they resent warning from chance observers. The wisest course to pursue is to keep them from roaming, hither and thither unguarded. The tempting novelty of the new dairy plant attracts a gathering of boys on Sunday who are foolhardy in their play.

Girls' Band Concert.

The Girls' band will give a concert at the village hall Thursday evening, November 26, at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25 and 15 cents. The following program will be rendered: March, Girls' Band; Selection, Girls' Band; Cornet Solo, Alma Stiefenhofer; Reading, Chas. Wienecke; Piano Duet, Maud Meyer and Jennie Flechter; Selection, Girls' Band; Bass Solo, W. H. Sott; Reading, Prof. N. M. Bonta; Selection, Girls' Double Quartette; Trombone Solo, Jennie Flechter, accompanied by Girls' Band; Vocal Duet, Myrtle and Almeda Plage; Selection, Male Quartette; Selection, Girls' Band, accompanied by Prof. C. S. Horn.

If it isn't Cole's it isn't Carbolsalve. Be sure you get Cole's. It quickly stops the pain of burns and scalds and heals without a scar. Keep a box handy. 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Girls' Concert Band at Village hall Thanksgiving night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Lizzie Grether is on the sick list.

Mrs. Wm. Frazer is suffering from rheumatism.

Miss Amelia Krueger was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

Ralph Colby began work Monday as clerk in Meyer's store.

E. L. Wilmer of the "Dolan Special" is enjoying a lay-off.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nagatz attended a wedding at Woodstock Wednesday.

Mrs. Dr. D. H. Richardson and Miss Jennie Landwer spent Sunday in Chicago.

M. C. McIntosh, who has been in Minnesota on business, returned home Tuesday.

Miss Grace Young spent Saturday and Sunday here with her father, Wm. Young.

Matthew Richmond and family of Palatine spent Sunday at the Heise home.

Frank and John Wolf of Chicago spent Sunday with their brother, Fred Wolf.

George Farnsworth of Chicago spent Thursday with his grandmother, Mrs. Regan.

Richard Dalton of Wilmette was here Saturday in the interest of the Dalton Excavator company.

Miss Lillian Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Smith, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Miss Ethel Wilmer, who has been on the sick list the past week, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Donnelly of Gosse, Neb., are spending several weeks here with Mrs. Donnelly's mother, Mrs. Mary Regan.

Miss Robie Brockway, H. K. Brockway and family visited Sunday in Waukegan at the home of their brother, Lewis Brockway.

Miss Hattie Dunklee of De Smet, S. D., is visiting her sister, Miss M. Dunklee. She expects to spend most of the winter in Barrington and vicinity.

Edward Magee and I. B. Fox attended the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Illinois I. O. O. F. at Springfield this week, representing Barrington Lodge No. 856.

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment, as advocated by the beauty "doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New trial size bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. At H. T. Abbott's, Barrington.

An Overenthusiastic Ovation.

All the world loves a lover, and, according to Thackeray, a goodly portion of it dearly loves a duke. Now, when the dual lover espouses an American heiress with about as many millions as she has fingers and toes naturally this adoration is intensified. This sort of thing, however, seems to have been overdone in the "ovation" given in New York the other day to the Duke of Roxburgh and his bride, Miss Goelet, on the occasion of the celebration of their nuptials. It was to be expected that the marriage would attract great attention, and it was not surprising that the fashionable thoroughfare on which it took place should have been densely packed with curious and more or less admiring people. But it is going somewhat beyond the limit when the marriage of a rich girl belonging to the fashionable set to a British duke inspires women to crawl through coal holes to get into a church through the cellar under the chancel; when it leads "expensively dressed" women to grovel on their faces in dark corners and under pews to hide themselves away from the police; when it makes them creep under awnings and renders it necessary for the police to draw them out by their feet, and when they are led to mob by thousands the bride's carriage in the open street, trampling on one another in a desperate struggle to thrust their heads through the carriage door to catch a glimpse of the bride and groom.

According to the accounts printed in the New York papers, it would be no exaggeration to call the demonstration a riot, which the police were well powerless to quell. The disturbance illustrates one of the effects of the modern appliances for the production of notoriety. When a certain number

of people who are distinguished from their fellow citizens only by the facts that they have nothing to do and plenty of money with which to do it have not only their "social functions," but their down sittings and their uprisings, chronicled, and are treated as a class apart and of peculiar interest, it is no wonder that both they themselves and the people who read about their doings should imbibe an exaggerated notion of their importance. When one of them arrives at the point of marrying a duke and the wedding is advertised long in advance and in minute detail the natural result is such an outbreak of organized and hysterical vulgarity as attended the Roxburgh-Goelet wedding.

For Washington's Maintenance.

The commissioners of the District of Columbia have asked congress for an appropriation of \$12,886,825 for the ensuing year, which is the largest sum ever asked for the support of the Capital City, being more than \$2,000,000 larger than the previous year's estimates. The Washington Star thinks the amount asked for none too great and says:

The District needs that much money in order to maintain itself on a proper scale of efficiency and provide for the great permanent works now under way. Six items of this class alone aggregate \$4,625,155 in the estimates, as follows: Sewers, \$1,907,000; filtration plant, \$1,568,155; municipal building, \$700,000; Connecticut avenue bridge, \$100,000; municipal hospital, \$150,000. If these items are taken out of the estimates the balance will be somewhat lower than the current appropriations, \$3,452,886. It will represent a normal budget, a fair representation of the proper requirements of the District for current maintenance. It will, moreover, be approximately equal to the net revenues of the capital partnership during the next fiscal year. The gross revenues of the District from tax money, it is estimated, will be \$4,750,935. Deducting the interest on federal advances and the payments on the Baltimore and Ohio bonus account, the net local revenue will be \$1,140,355, which, with an equal amount from the federal treasury, will give \$2,280,710.

Though economy should be exercised in the appropriation of money by congress, the country is not inclined to be niggardly in judicious expenditures for the maintenance of its capital, in which there is a just national pride.

A dispatch from Duluth calls attention to the loss of wooden freight vessels on the lakes this season. One firm has lost seven, all comparatively modern. No steel ship has been lost thus far. Apparently the day of wooden craft on the great lakes is rapidly passing.

Notice and Order.

Notice is hereby given that inasmuch as a vacancy exists in the office of states attorney in and for the county of Lake and state of Illinois, by reason of the death of the incumbent: It is my order that an election to fill the vacancy be held on Thursday, the 10th day of December, A. D. 1903.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal at my office in Waukegan, this 2d day of November, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL] ALBERT L. HENDEE,
County Clerk.

The Taxis Toilet Co., of 6335 Madison avenue, Chicago, want a good general agent for this state to travel and employ and instruct lady agents to handle their fine line of toilet preparations and pure fruit flavoring extracts. Man or woman. Write them to-day if you feel able to fill this position. 14

Girls' Concert Band at Village hall Thanksgiving night.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name of A. W. Meyer & Co., at Barrington, Lake Co., State of Illinois, wherein A. W. Meyer of Barrington, Lake Co., State of Illinois, and D. F. Lamey, of Barrington, Cook Co., State of Illinois, were general partners, is this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903, dissolved by mutual consent, A. W. Meyer continuing the business. All accounts payable at the store of A. W. Meyer.

Signed,
A. W. MEYER,
D. F. LAMEY.

Children like Cole's Cough Cure and wise mothers know it is the best thing for colds. A word to the wise is sufficient. Get Cole's, 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Girls' Concert Band at Village hall Thanksgiving night.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal.
Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Baptist.
Rev. J. C. Garth, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Salem Evangelical.
Sunday services at 10:30 and 7:45 every Sunday. Sunday School at 9:15. Junior meeting Monday at 7:30. Young Peoples' meeting Tuesday at 7:45. The Monday and Tuesday meetings are conducted in English. Rev. J. G. Fidler, Pastor.

Zion Evangelical.
Rev. Wm. Klingebell, Pastor. Services each Sunday. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. Young Peoples' meeting at 7:30 p. m. Evening services at 8 o'clock.

St. Ann's Catholic.
Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.
Rev. G. A. Sanger, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

LOUNSBURY LODGE, No. 751, A. F. & A. M., meets second and fourth Saturday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 856, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON CAMP, No. 809, M. W. A., meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON COURT, No. 373, COURT OF HONOR, meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON GARRISON, No. 127, K. of G., meets second and Fourth Monday evenings at Sott's hall.

MAYFLOWER CAMP, No. 2382, R. N. A., meets first and third Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

LOUNSBURY CHAPTER, No. 491, ORDER EASTERN STAR, meets first and third Friday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 420, MYSTIC WORKERS OF THE WORLD, meets second and fourth Saturday at Odd Fellows' hall.

THE Barrington Bank

of Sandman & Co.
JOHN ROBERTSON, PRES.
JOHN C. PLACGE, VICE-PRES.
A. L. ROBERTSON, CASHIER.
H. C. P. SANDMAN.

Barrington, - - Illinois.

GOLD BRICK

Dealers and Spectacle Peddlers are abroad in the land.

Wouldn't it be a good scheme to deal with people that you know where to find them should anything go wrong with the goods, especially when it don't cost any more.

DR. M. F. WILLIAMS, Optician,
At P. N. Williams', Jeweler, BARRINGTON, ILL.

Choice Grades

of Pure Food Products are what the people demand and expect. I make it a rule in buying to consider the wants of my customers and get the best on sale. It pays to buy the best.

Fresh, Smoked or Salt Meats

if you would practice economy and please your taste. Not only does this rule hold good as regards meats but also in reference to

Fruits, Canned Goods and Vegetables

you will find my assortment fresh and attractive. Consult your pocket book and let me meet your demands.

BEN NAEDLEN'S MARKET