

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 18. NO. 11.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Town election April 7th.
Village caucus April 11th.
Village election April 21st.
John Wilson attended a funeral at Dundee last Sunday.

Daniel Holmes is still quite sick, having had a set-back this week.

Fred Fisher was seriously ill the first of the week, but is rapidly improving at present.

Ed Clay fell down the stairs in his son's house last Wednesday and was hurt quite severely.

Will Brockway has moved into Mrs. Sutherland's house, where they will reside until they can build.

Remember the dance by the Concordia society Monday, April 13th. Good music Nice lunch.

Peter Mueller, of Milwaukee, has been a guest of Charlie Ost this week, and both have been hunting at Cary.

The Woodmen held a dance in their hall last night for members and their families. A nice time was enjoyed by a good number.

All the present village officers except Trustee Putnam, will accept the office another year providing it is the will of the people.

John Early, of Irving Park, visited his cousin, G. C. Whipple, of this place, last week. He is also an uncle to Prof. F. E. Newton.

A work and business meeting of the Ladies' Aid society will be held in the M. E. church parlors Thursday afternoon, April 2, at 2 o'clock.

New spring millinery goods just received at Mrs. Kimmett's. A nice clean stock of frames and made up hats. Call and see. Prices always reasonable.

The Republican caucus last Saturday brought out a big vote, there being over 200 votes cast. Frye ran far ahead of his competitors for the collectorship and received more than all the other candidates together. The rest of the nominations were as follows: Supervisor, J. G. Horstman, Assessor, J. H. Schierding, Clerk, H. Schoppe, Commissioner of highways, J. G. Wienecke, School trustee, Dan Bergman, Sr. The only contest on the ticket will be Haemker against Frye.

CARD OF THANKS—We desire to hereby express our heartfelt thanks to the kind friends and neighbors who assisted us during the sickness of our father and after his death.

CHILDREN OF JOHN SNEEBLE.

New spring millinery goods just received at Mrs. Kimmett's. A nice clean stock of frames and made up hats. Call and see. Prices always reasonable.

Town Election Notice.
Notice is hereby given to the resident legal voters of the township of Palatine in the county of Cook and state of Illinois, that the annual township meeting and election of officers of said township will take place on Tuesday the seventh (7th) day of April proximo, being the first Tuesday in said month. The election will begin at the hour of 7 a. m. and close at 5 p. m., in the places designated as follows:

Precinct No. 1, Village Hall.
Precinct No. 2, Chas. Dautelsen's shop.

The officers to be elected are: One (1) supervisor, one (1) town clerk, one (1) assessor, one (1) collector, one (1) commissioner of highways, one (1) school trustee. The town meeting will be held in the village hall at the hour of 2 p. m., and after choosing a moderator will proceed to hear and consider reports of officers, to appropriate money to defray necessary expenses of the township, and to deliberate and decide on such measures as may, in pursuance of law, come before said meeting.

Given under my hand this 24th day of March, A. D. 1903.

IRA W. FRYE,
Town Clerk.

The condition of the bonded indebtedness of the village of Palatine being so often misunderstood, I submit, at the request of a number of our citizens, the following statement:

The erection of our water works five years ago caused a bonded debt of \$9,500, of which amount \$5,000 has al-

ready been paid, leaving a balance unpaid of \$4,500. These bonds are paid out of the village treasury in yearly installments of \$1,000 and 6 per cent interest on remaining bonds unpaid, making a total of the fifth bond with interest, paid January 1, 1903, of \$1,330.

In addition to this bonded indebtedness a special assessment of \$6,400 was levied, which amount is paid in ten yearly installments by the parties benefited thereby, five installments thereof having already been paid.

The sewer system of the village, as provided for by plat, consists of about 86 blocks of sewer. Of this 46 blocks, mostly the mains, are laid at a cost of about \$7,000. The remaining 40 blocks, mostly stubs, are estimated at an average cost of \$75 a block, and can be completed in about three years at a total cost of \$3,000. The expense of this work is paid out of the village treasury. Seven and a half blocks of sewer were made this year.

A new lighting system was introduced this year at the cost of \$432.

Respectfully,
ALBERT S. OLMS,
President Board of Trustees.

New spring millinery goods just received at Mrs. Kimmett's. A nice clean stock of frames and made up hats. Call and see. Prices always reasonable.

The cost of the tar walks such as are in use in other villages are very cheap, and when compared to board walks we find that the latter are dearer by far. The tar walks at Crystal Lake cost the village 64 cents per square foot, or 31 cents per running foot for a walk 4 feet and 8 inches wide such as are built here. The village paid one-half the cost, thereby giving the property owners a first-class walk as cheap, or cheaper, than board walks cost. We see no reason why this walk cannot be put in here. It will save all chances of damages arising from bad walks, and it gives a uniformity which improves the looks of the streets to a great extent.

School Notes.
Miss Kean was not able to teach her room in school Tuesday on account of sickness.

Miss Alta Bennett, Miss Mamie Kuebler and Miss Julia Bollenboch were pleasant visitors in High school Wednesday afternoon.

New spring millinery goods just received at Mrs. Kimmett's. A nice clean stock of frames and made up hats. Call and see. Prices always reasonable.

Report of Palatine public schools for school month ending March 20, 1903. F. E. Newton, principal; M. Imogene Kean, assistant principal. Enrollment, 34; average attendance, 31. Pupils neither absent nor tardy: Stella Bennett, Laura Schrader, Cora Schrader, Robert Schultz, Mae Sefton, Robert Bennett.

Laura D. Earnist, teacher. Enrollment, 38; average attendance, 35. Perfect attendance: Benny Babcock, Aenry Dahl, William Engelking, Willie Godknecht, Willie Mess, Paul Pohlman, Reinhold Remus, Willie Tegmeier, Paul Wilson, Amanda Leseberg, Linda Mess, Ethel Mosser, Alvera Schmidt, Esther Wilson.

Room 4. Average attendance, 17. Pupils neither absent nor tardy: Joe Converse, John Godknecht, Edward Young, Jessie Richmond, Cassie Gainer, Sadie Doss, Wanda Wadhams.

Pupils of room 1 who have not been absent the present month. Number on roll, 36; average attendance, 30. Emily Snider, teacher: Bennie Dean, Freddie Bartels, Harold Stroker, Artie Mess, Bennie Blum, Johnnie Seip, Olin Umbdenstock, Willie Clausius, Janet Putnam, Lulu Heber, Mary Allard, Luella Pohlman, Ella Langhorst.

Room 3. C. B. Ward, teacher. Whole number of pupils, 23; average daily attendance, 25. Pupils neither absent nor tardy for the month ending March 20: George Anderman, Robert Mosser, John Bergman, Charles Babcock, Roy Bennett, Frank Fraser, John Krefit, William Liseberg, George Voss, Ethel Richmond, Helen Wienecke, Lillie Liseberg, Eleanor Putnam.

To Cure Piles.
Use Cole's Carbolisalve. It will quickly relieve and cure when nothing else will. Your money back if it fails. It is an infallible cure for burns, cuts, boils and sores of all kinds. Leaves no scars. 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

FOR RENT—Good house, barn and 5 or 10 acres of land 24 miles out of Barrington. M. C. McINTOSH.

NEWS OF THE VICINITY

Items of Interest Collected by Our Reliable Correspondents.

Caucus in Town of Ela Was a Hotly Contested Battle.

LAKE ZURICH.

Vote for good roads.

Abolish the labor system.

Miss Carrie Lohman is ill.

Miss Sophie Holle visited in Chicago Monday.

Wm. Towne visited with friends in Chicago Monday.

E. S. Bruce has commenced loading ice for shipment.

Frank Roney shipped a carload of hogs Wednesday.

J. F. Hollister, of Cuba township, was here Wednesday.

John Forbes went to Chicago Wednesday on business.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. August Froelich, March 17, a boy.

Charles Scholz made a trip to Chicago Monday on business.

George W. Foreman, of Barrington, was seen on our streets Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Lohman are the happy parents of a girl, born March 19.

Emil Frank and Wm. Towne were at Waukegan on business Thursday of last week.

Frank Roney and Harry O. Van Hart, of Wauconda, visited friends here Sunday.

Wm. Bicknase and Fred Heft enjoyed a day's hunting on the Fox river Wednesday.

Miss Sophie Holle and Wm. Towne are to be married at the Lutheran church Sunday evening, March 29.

Henry Waelke of Clarence, Iowa, who has been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Branding, left for his home Thursday.

Wm. Knigge was called to Rockefeller Thursday on account of the illness of his brother, Louis, who is suffering with typhoid fever.

The caucus held Saturday proved to be a lively event, 157 votes being polled. It is said that there were not 100 voters in the caucus. The result was as follows: For town clerk, H. L. Pehm received the nomination by acclamation. The hardest fight was for the office of assessor, August Schwerman receiving 86 votes and August Froelich 71. For collector, Emil Franks received the nomination with 87 votes to his credit; Henry Miller was given 28 and Wm. Bierman 31. Robert Schneible won the nomination for commissioner of highways in a walk, receiving 101 votes. Twenty votes were cast for Wm. Lawrence. The only opposition to the candidates named above will be in the office of assessor, August Froelich having been named by petition as a candidate for that office.

WAUCONDA.

Otto Waelti transacted business at Waukegan the first of the week.

Basket social in Waite district school house Saturday evening, March 28.

Mrs. L. E. Burdick returned to her home in our village Tuesday, after a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in the city.

A stereopticon show and lecture will be given in the Baptist church Saturday evening, March 28. Admission 10c and 20c. Everybody come.

The next meeting of the Mystic Workers will be held Wednesday evening, April 1. Arrangements for a social good time will be made and all members are requested to be present.

Wauconda's new bank is now in full sway and is doing a rushing business. Three per cent. is paid on deposits, and anyone desiring a safe place for valuables will do well to call on the bank of Wauconda.

A hot biscuit and maple syrup supper will be given in the M. E. church parlors Friday evening, April 3. A program has been arranged which will conclude with a debate: "Resolved, That the United States government should own and control the railways. Affirmative—L. K. Fuller and John Brand. Negative—H. E. Malman and Miss Jennie L. Greene. These sides have debated against each other before, and the losers of the previous meeting are determined

to get revenge. This promises to make the debate interesting, and no one should fail to turn out for the program, and help to do away with the hot biscuits and maple syrup.

NOMINEES OF TOWN CAUCUS.

The caucus held in the village engine house last Saturday did not prove as exciting as had been anticipated, the roads being too bad to permit of a large turnout. Those placed in nomination are as follows:

Assessor—Arthur Cooke.
Collector—B. J. Barker.
Clerk—Arthur Powers.
Commissioner of Highways—Henry Davis.

Justice of the Peace (to fill vacancy at North end, 2 yrs.)—Dan Richardson.

Constable (to fill vacancy at North end, 2 yrs.)—A. J. Raymond.

Additional correspondence will be found on page 5.

CONTRACTS ARE VALID

Joliet Court Decides Thus in a Case Against Milk Shippers.

Because of the fact that various shippers of milk in McHenry, Lake and Cook counties have signed contracts with Richmond-Smith company, in which they agreed to pay that firm a commission for securing for them permanent and responsible buyers in Chicago, it will be interesting to note that, according to a Joliet dispatch, a case was tried in the county court in that city two weeks ago, in which the validity of the contract was for the first time decided in a court of record.

This contract was one of the usual kind. John Simon, a farmer residing near Mokena, made Richmond-Smith company his agents, to contract for him with dealers or milkmen in Chicago to buy his milk that he would ship, and in the contract he agreed to ship milk that would pass city inspection and to pay Richmond-Smith company a commission of one cent a can on all cans of milk he would ship for a period of five years for their services in keeping him a customer who would buy his milk and be financially responsible.

The business dealings under this contract went along satisfactorily to the parties interested until one day when Simon's milk was condemned by the city inspectors as being stringy, and his customer left it on the railway platform and refused to pay Simon for the milk.

Simon, on learning of this, repudiated the contract with Richmond-Smith company, unless the customer they furnished him paid him for the milk.

This was not done, and Simon sold out his dairy to his son and treated the contract as if it had not been made.

Richmond-Smith company then brought suit for their commission they would have earned if Simon had carried out his contract, and on the trial the jury listened to numerous witnesses and a large bulk of letters and documents.

The jury awarded damages, and this, with the costs, amounted to several hundred dollars Simon will have to pay in his effort to avoid the carrying out of the contract.

The court also held that this was a good contract under the law, and commissions could be collected in a suit for its breach, and that an assignment or sale of such dairy does not relieve the party bound from its legal effect.

The case was vigorously contested and as vigorously pushed by Richmond-Smith company, as they have thousands of such contracts, identical with the one in this case, now in use with dairymen throughout Illinois and also Indiana and Wisconsin, and gives them a precedent which, it is believed, is cleared from all doubts as to the legal effect of their contracts.

Obituary.

MILLER—In Chicago, Saturday, March 21, 1903, of pneumonia, Frank Miller, aged 52 years.

Mr. Miller was born on what is now known as the John Cowden farm, at Barrington Center, the 23d of November, 1850. The remains were brought to Barrington on the 9:05 train Tuesday, accompanied by a few relatives and friends (his wife being too ill to come), and were taken to the M. E. church at the Center, where services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Tuttle, pastor of the Barrington M. E. church. The remains were laid to rest beside those of his father and grandfather in the cemetery there.

FOR RENT—The Regan farm three miles north of Barrington; 14 miles west of Lake Zurich 120 acres nine room house; large barn; three wells. Inquire of M. D. Regan, Barrington, Ill.

7,000 ROLLS WALL PAPER

Less Than Wholesale Prices.

Here's your opportunity to paper your home cheap. The paper hangers are ready to do your work. Now is a good time to buy.

OUR BIG STOCK OF WALL PAPER!

New patterns at 3 1-2, 4, 5, 5 1-2, 6, 7, 7 1-2, 8, 9, 19, 12 1-2 cents per roll. Must be sold out to make room for another large invoice of Wall Paper. We save you loss of time and paper. You buy only what paper you need. Let us give you estimates on cost of your work.

New, Complete Spring Stock

Carpets, Rugs and Curtains.

We are showing the new patterns in carpets. Nice Ingrain Carpets 35c. 40c. to 50c a yard. Extra Super, All Wool Ingrains, 50, 55, 60, 70, and 75c a yard. Tapestry Brussels 60, 75, 85c to \$1.00 per yard. Body Brussels, \$1.20, \$1.25 per yard.

OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUM

We have the Linoleum in 12 foot patterns and can give you any quality you desire. Prices from 50, 60, 65, 70, 75 cents per yard up.

LACE CURTAINS

at 85 cents, \$1.00, \$1.25 to \$5.00 a pair. We make window shades to fit any size window.

\$40 SEWING MACHINE—OUR PRICE NOW ONLY \$20

A new sewing machine that is guaranteed for 10 years. We also sell sewing machines at \$16.50 for which other dealers will ask you \$35.00.

The Big Store.
A. W. MEYER & CO
BARRINGTON.

Our Spring Offering

of General Merchandise contains a new, fresh assortment of good goods, marked in plain figures at prices which appeal to economical purchasers. We propose to sell goods at small margin of profit. We can and will sell as reasonable as any store in this section, and

Will Defy All Competition.

We quote prices on a number articles and leave the question of whether we are not offering bargains to the public for its decision.

CALICO 5c yard. MUSLIN 5c yard. PERCALES 7c yard. ALL WOOL DRESS GOODS, Handsome Patterns, 25, 39, 49c per yard. Large assortment to select from.

Large Selected Stock of Good Footwear

100 Pairs Children's Shoes, sizes from 3 to 10 at 25c.
150 Pairs Ladies' Shoes, button, all sizes, at 49c.
200 Pairs Ladies' Kid Shoes, all sizes from 2 1/2 to 5 1/2 to close; at 49c. These are \$1.50 and \$2.00 goods. Men's Shoes from 98c up.
75 Pairs Men's oil grain boots to close out at \$1.50. Also Calf Skin boots at \$1.50. 25 Pairs Boys' boots at \$1.00.

Clothing, Boys' Suits, 98, \$1.48, \$1.98, \$2.48, \$3.50. Men's Pants at \$9, 99, \$1.24, 1.48 up. Good goods.
Big line of Hats—all the latest styles—from 50c to \$3.50. A nice line of Laundered Shirts, 50c and \$1 goods, now 29c.
Men's Suits \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$10.00 and up.

Groceries of Best Quality

Just try our extra 20 Cent Coffee. It is equal to 30c grade. Tea at 35c. Our Boka Tea 50c—none better. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Try it. Corn 3 cans for 25. Peas 3 cans for 25c. Sundries—Lewis' lye 3 cans for 25c. Diamond Dyes 5c a package. Mixed Paints, 55 gallons, in quart cans, at 30c per can. Money refunded if not as represented.

Highest Price for Good Butter and Eggs.

Lipofsky Bros.
Barrington, Illinois.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign Happenings of Minor Importance Told in Paragraphs.

Jack Pierce shot and killed Mrs. Barney Hediger and a man named Patten and then killed himself at Gilt Edge, Mont. The men had quarreled over the woman.

The New Jersey house and senate re-elected Charles Bradley of Essex county a state director of railroads over Patrick Doyle, who was supported by the Democrats.

A. G. McCann, a Union Pacific striking machinist, who was on picket duty near the shop yards at Omaha, was shot and dangerously wounded by Fred Root, a strike breaker.

Edward Vandeventer, aged 33, member of a prominent family at Mound City, Mo., was killed near there by the explosion of several sticks of dynamite used in killing fish in the Missouri river.

Michael Hunt, a waiter of Tacoma, and Frank McCluskey of Lake City, Ore., were found dead in a refrigerator car. They built a fire in the car and went to sleep, being smothered and burned.

At Kansas City, Kas., Asa and Charles Bigelow aged 4 and 3 years, sons of O. W. Bigelow, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed their home, the mother having locked them in while she went to the store.

The cremation of the remains of Charles G. Leland ("Hans Breitman"), the American author and poet, took place at Trespiano crematory near Fiesole, Italy. The ashes will be taken to the United States with those of the late Mrs. Leland.

Monsignore Joseph F. Mooney, vicar general of the archdiocese of New York, is now regarded at Rome as the most probable successor to the bishopric of Buffalo, but the situation may change before the appointment of the date, which has not been fixed, especially if the Catholics of Buffalo object to him.

Political animosities in Crete have become dangerously aroused with the approach of the elections, though no question of public policy is at issue. The opposition chiefly criticises administrative methods and the distribution of public appointments by the government or court party.

Prince George's recent journey further inflamed feeling, the Venezuelists declaring that it was an electoral tour against the opposition candidates.

Henry Smith's greenhouse at Grand Rapids, Mich., burned resulting in \$40,000 loss; insurance, \$500. Fireman Daniel McQueen was overcome by smoke and perished.

It is rumored that the Irish land bill will propose a grant of £10,000,000 from the imperial exchequer to help bridge the difference between what the tenant thinks he can afford to pay and what the landlord deems himself entitled to obtain as purchase money.

Herman A. Mowbray of Peru, Ind., foreman in the Pueblo, Colo., steel works, was burned to death by a torrent of flame and red-hot cinders from a blast furnace.

Because her 10-year-old son had committed several thefts, Mrs. Lucinda Sargent of Peoria, Ill., killed herself by drinking acid. She was twice married and divorced.

General Funston arrived at Vancouver barracks to assume command of the department of the Columbia, relieving Brigadier General Randall, who will start in a few days for the Philippines.

The cruiser Atlanta sailed from Pensacola, Fla., for Hayti to protect American interests. Captain Turner would make no statement concerning his orders from the navy department.

The Sofia newspapers report that a severe fight has taken place between Turkish troops and a body of insurgents in the Golay hills, Macedonia. Both sides sustained heavy losses.

David Parker, insane, of Busserton, Ind., struck with a club and severely injured a child of William Roley. Parker recently was released from the Evansville asylum. He will be re-committed.

Miss Sylvia White of Minneapolis has given \$12,000 to Whitewater, Wis., for a public library building. Miss White's father was the founder of Whitewater.

Charles Waugh, a farmer living near Peru, Ill., was deliberately shot by two Italian hunters on Waugh's farm. His head and abdomen were terribly injured and he may die.

By an agreement reached at St. Paul the Chicago Great Western freight conductors and trainmen are to receive an advance in wages of 15 per cent and passenger conductors and brakemen an increase of 12 per cent. Yardmen in smaller yards will be paid on a basis of 1 per cent less than yardmen at St. Paul.

Twenty of the twenty-five pastors under jurisdiction of Rev. J. L. Leitch, superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Utah missions, have asked his removal to some other field. Rev. Leitch preferred charges of polygamy against Setator Reed Smoot, but these are not mentioned.

The legislature of Manitoba passed the bill granting an omnibus railroad franchise to C. S. Mellen, H. P. Upham and C. E. Hamilton of St. Paul and Fisher and Ewart of Winnipeg. The promoters intend to gridiron Manitoba with a network of lines.

The boiler at John McCauley's saw mill, six miles from Wickliffe, Ky., exploded. J. S. Bird, engineer; Arthur Starks and Warren May, employes, were killed and John McCauley and George Marshall were badly hurt.

John E. Lanning, receiver for the Monmouth Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Asbury Park, was appointed by Chancellor Magie at Trenton, N. J., receiver for the Monmouth Realty company, the stock of which is owned by the trust company.

"Whitey" Sullivan was electrocuted at Dannemora prison for the murder of Matthew Wilson, night watchman of the First National bank of Cobleskill, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1900. Sullivan was a member of a gang that tried to rob the bank on that night and Wilson was shot in a fight with the thieves.

E. C. Swift, member of E. C. Swift & Co. of Boston, provision dealers, is defendant in contempt proceedings at Springfield, Mass., for alleged failure to produce books of the company in court.

An order has been sent out to all the members of the American Association of Masters and Pilots requesting them not to report for duty until a settlement is reached with the lake carriers' association.

It is reported that George W. Beavers, general superintendent of the division of salaries and allowances of the Postoffice Department, will soon resign to accept a more profitable place outside the government service.

Two men entered the jewelry store of A. B. Huberman at Omaha and walked away with diamonds worth \$5,000. While the men looked at the goods the clerk was called to the telephone and the men disappeared.

President Parry of the National Manufacturing Association has been placed on the unfair list by Indianapolis labor men. It is charged he employed a painter at less than union wages.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland has accepted the challenge of W. D. Mahon of Detroit, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Men, to a joint debate on the 3-cent fare proposition.

Judge Neff at Cleveland denounced the jury that acquitted Mrs. Warkowski of complicity in the murder of her husband, styling the action a "weak and sentimental proclamation that murder committed by a woman is no crime."

The president of the London Board of Trade, Gerald Balfour, announced in the house of commons that formal agreement between the government and the International Mercantile Marine Company on the general lines which he announced at Sheffield in September would be ready for signature before Easter.

The main building of the Christian University at Canton, Mo., burned, causing a loss of \$40,000, on which there is insurance of \$8,000. College work will be continued in the churches.

Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of Stanford University, denounced those who go to college to win prominence in athletics or to shine as social lights.

The departmental assembly at Panama has elected Jose Domingo Obaldia of the senators for the isthmus. Senator Obaldia is a staunch friend of the Panama canal treaty and also is a rich landed proprietor.

The steamer Winnebago was launched at the yard of the Columbia Shipbuilding Company at St. Clair, Mich. She is built entirely of steel. Her length over all is 234 feet; keel, 210 feet; beam, 30 feet.

The Wisconsin supreme court has rendered a decision declaring unconstitutional the law to reimburse the holders of Keeley cure commitment claims. The legislature passed a law in 1897 providing for the commitment of drunks to the Keeley hospital. This law is declared unconstitutional, vitiating orders aggregating \$49,000 issued under it.

The German crown prince, Frederick William, has so far recovered from the measles at Cairo that he has taken a two hours' drive. Prince Eitel, who suffered from the same disease, has regained his usual health.

The German ship Nereus, Captain Bakke, from Portland, Ore., Oct. 31, which arrived at Falmouth, England, reported that her captain died during the voyage.

A nonsecret senior class society, known as the Elthu club, has been organized at Yale. Members of secret college orders are barred from membership.

Both houses of the Missouri legislature have adopted a resolution requiring all Missouri railroads to furnish free transportation to state officers.

John E. Hodgins of St. Louis, a freshman in the Michigan University literary department, was shorn of his hair by "sophs." It is announced the hazers will be expelled.

Governor McBride of Washington has vetoed the bill providing for a bounty of 1 cent per pound on all beet sugar produced within the state. The governor has vetoed other bills appropriating \$400,000. The total appropriations made by the legislature amount to \$2,087,000.

Violent earthquakes are reported to Vienna from the Stimmering district and the Murez valley in Styria.

The American Spirits Manufacturing Company will erect the largest coopeage plant in the United States at Orleans, Ill.

Ole Oleason was hanged at Aitkin, Minn., for murdering his daughter, who planned to marry against his wishes. James Ruffin and Jay Green, colored, were hanged at Sioux City, Ark., for the murder of Don McGhee. At Moultrie, Ga., J. H. Bryant, colored, was hanged for killing D. Buchanan.

Wisconsin University Men Are Fined and May Be Expelled. Madison, Wis., dispatch: Harry W. Guelpo of Milwaukee and Abraham C. Forrester of Racine, students in the University of Wisconsin, were fined \$25 and costs for drunk and disorderly conduct. From a member of the faculty it is learned that at least one of them will be expelled from the university and the names of four other members of the party have been found by the faculty.

AWARDS MADE BY COAL COMMISSION

Summary of the Work Done by the Board Is Given to the Public.

DOES NOT RECOGNIZE UNION

Provides for Increase of 10 Per Cent Over the Rates in April, 1902, to Be Paid Work Done From Nov. 1, 1902, to April 1, 1903.

The report of the commission appointed by President Roosevelt to investigate the conditions existing in the anthracite coal mining region contains severe condemnation of the use of violence against the nonunion men who sought work. There is also a severe arraignment of the boycott, which is designated as a cruel and unsocial weapon. The blacklist comes in for its share of censure. The commission does not recognize the Mine-workers' union, but recommends voluntary arbitration for the settlement of disputes between employers and employes.

Summary of Awards. Following is the commission's own summary of the awards made:

"1. That an increase of 10 per cent over and above the rates paid in the month of April, 1902, be paid to all contract miners for cutting coal, yardage, and other work for which standard rates or allowances existed at that time, from and after Nov. 1, 1902, and during the life of this award. The amount of increase under the award due for work done between Nov. 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903.

"2. That engineers who are employed in hoisting water shall have an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between Nov. 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903; and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of the award, they shall have eight hour shifts, with the same pay which was effective in April, 1902, and where they are now working eight hour shifts the eight hour shifts shall have an increase of 10 per cent on the wages which were effective in the several positions in April, 1902.

"3. That men employed in hoisting water, who are employed in positions which are manned continuously, shall have an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between Nov. 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903; and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of the award, they shall have eight hour shifts, with the same wages per day, week, or month, as were paid in each position in April, 1902, all employes or company men, other than those for whom the commission makes special awards, shall be paid an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between Nov. 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903, and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of this award, they shall be paid on the basis of a nine-hour day, receiving therefor the same wages as were paid in April, 1902, for a ten-hour day. Overtime in excess of nine hours in any day to be paid at a proportional rate per hour.

"4. Any difficulty or disagreement arising under this award, either as to its interpretation or application, or in any way growing out of the relations of the employers and employed which cannot be settled or adjusted by consultation between the superintendent or manager of the mine or mines and the miner or miners directly interested, or if of a scope too large to be settled or adjusted, shall be referred to a permanent joint committee to be called a board of conciliation, to consist of six persons, appointed as hereinafter provided.

"That is to say, if there shall be a division of the whole region into three districts, in each of which there shall

exist an organization representing a majority of the mineworkers of such district, one of said board of conciliation shall be appointed by each of said organizations, and three other persons shall be appointed by the operators, the operators in each of said districts appointing one person.

"The board of conciliation thus constituted shall take up and consider any question referred to it as aforesaid, hearing both parties to the controversy and such evidence as may be laid before it by either party; and any award made by a majority of such board of conciliation shall be final and binding on all parties.

"If, however, the said board is unable to decide any question submitted or point related thereto, that question or point shall be referred to an umpire, to be appointed, at the request of said board, by one of the Circuit judges of the third judicial circuit of the United States, whose decision shall be final and binding in the premises.

"No suspension of work shall take place, by lockout or strike, pending the adjudication of any matter so taken up for adjustment.

Regarding Weighmen. "5. Whenever requested by a majority of the contract miners of any colliery, check weighmen or check docking bosses, or both, shall be employed. The wages of said check weighmen and check docking bosses shall be fixed, collected and paid by the miners in such manner as the said miners shall by a majority vote elect, and when requested by a majority of said miners, the operators shall pay the wages fixed for check weighmen and check docking bosses out of deductions made proportionately from the earnings of the said miners, on such basis as the majority of said miners shall determine.

Shall Not Limit Output. "6. Mine cars shall be distributed among miners, who are at work, as uniformly and as equitably as possible, and there shall be no concerted effort on the part of the miners or mine workers of any colliery or collieries to limit the output of the mines or to detract from the quality of the work performed, unless such limitation of output be in conformity to an agreement between an operator or operators and an organization representing a majority of said miners in his or their employ.

"7. In all cases where miners are paid by the car, the increase awarded to the contract miners is based upon the cars in use, the topping required, and the rates paid per car which were in force on April 1, 1902. Any increase in the size of car, or in the topping required, shall be accompanied by a proportionate increase in the rate paid per car.

Sliding Scale. "8. The following sliding scale of wages shall become effective April 1, 1903, and shall affect all miners and mine workers included in the awards of the commission. "The wages fixed in the awards shall be the basis of and the minimum under the sliding scale.

"For each increase of 5 cents in the average price of white ash coal of sizes above pea coal, sold at or near New York, between Perthamboy and Edgewater, and reported to the bureau of anthracite coal statistics, above \$4.50 per ton f. o. b., the employes shall have an increase of 1 per cent in this compensation, which shall continue until a change in the average of said coal works a reduction or an increase in said additional compensation hereunder; but the rate of compensation shall in no case be less than that fixed in the ward.

Reports on Prices. "These average prices shall be computed monthly by an accountant or commissioner, named by one of the circuit judges of the Third judicial circuit of the United States and paid by the coal operators such compensation as the appointing judge may fix, which compensation shall be distributed among the operators in proportion to the tonnage of each mine.

No Discrimination. "9. No person shall be refused employment or in any way discriminated against on account of membership or nonmembership in any labor organization; and there shall be no discrimination against or interference of any employe who is not a member of any labor organization by members of such organization.

"10. All contract miners shall be required to furnish within a reasonable time before each pay day a statement of the amount of money due from them to their laborers, and such sums shall be deducted from the amount due the contract miner and paid directly to each laborer by the company. All employes, when paid, shall be furnished with an itemized statement of account.

"11. The awards herein made shall continue in force until March 31, 1906; and employe or group of employes violating any of the provisions thereof shall be subject to reasonable discipline by the employer; and, further, that the violation of any provision of these awards, either by employer or employes, shall not invalidate any of the provisions thereof."

Students Beat a Policeman. Wisconsin University Men Are Fined and May Be Expelled. Madison, Wis., dispatch: Harry W. Guelpo of Milwaukee and Abraham C. Forrester of Racine, students in the University of Wisconsin, were fined \$25 and costs for drunk and disorderly conduct. From a member of the faculty it is learned that at least one of them will be expelled from the university and the names of four other members of the party have been found by the faculty.

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REBELS CAPTURE SAN DOMINGO

Government Troops Join the Standard of the Insurgent General.

VICE GOVERNOR FALLS IN FIGHT

Commander of Federal Forces is Killed at the Head of His Men—President Vasquez is Absent From the Capital City.

San Domingo cable: This city the capital of the republic, is in the hands of the revolutionary army, commanded by General Peppin. The capture was effected after a battle inside and outside the town. Hundreds have been killed on both sides, including Vice Governor Echenique and General Pena, commander of the government forces.

The assault began at daybreak when General Peppin's army advanced to the outskirts of the city and attempted to enter. President Vasquez is absent in the interior of the republic, and Vice Governor Echenique ordered a large force of government troops to advance against the rebels.

Battle is Desperate. Both sides fought desperately, the rebels defending the city pouring a deadly fire into the ranks of the revolutionary army. Shortly before noon the garrison of Fort San Carlos, which is about two miles from the city, declared in favor of the revolutionists, and joined General Peppin's army.

With these re-enforcements, General Peppin again advanced on the city, directing his attack against the principal fort and the key to the capital. The fighting around the fort was fierce, and the slaughter was terrible.

Hoist White Flag. When the garrison had been nearly annihilated, a white flag was run over the ramparts, and the rebels took possession. All the political prisoners in the fort, of whom there were many, were released and helped to swell the army of General Peppin.

The rebels advanced for the third time toward the center of the city. The government troops deserted their colors in great numbers, but a small force offered a desperate resistance in the streets. Vice Governor Echenique was one of the first men killed, and General Pena was shot down while attempting to rally his men to a charge.

Troops in Disorder. After the death of General Pena the government troops fled in disorder to the open country. Here they rallied, however, and gave battle to the pursuing revolutionists.

In the meantime some of Gen. Peppin's troops took possession of all the government buildings, while others were sent to capture those officials of the government who had not fled. Many were taken and others were killed in an effort to escape. Foreign Minister Sanchez was hotly pursued and fired at several times by the rebels, but succeeded in reaching the United States consulate, where he is at present under the protection of the American minister.

Many Citizens Are Killed. In the hunt for the government officials many citizens were killed in the streets. The rebel soldiery, flushed with victory, marched through the streets, shooting down all who were bold enough to venture out.

Business in the capital is at a standstill and many of the inhabitants have fled into the open country to seek the protection of the government army. Gen. Peppin has taken possession of the cable offices and government land lines, and is trying to restore order in the city.

Clever Swindlers-Dupe Firm at Capital of Czar's Domains. St. Petersburg cablegram: By the clever ruse of a richly dressed woman, who claimed to be the wife of a prominent banker, two counterfeit detectives and a maid, a leading firm of jewelers has lost a \$25,000 necklace. The woman asked permission to take the necklace to her husband and left the maid as security. A few minutes after the two supposed detectives entered, arrested the maid and declared the affair a swindle. They escorted the maid from the store, and a short time later it was found that they were confederates.

AMES IS RELEASED ON BIG BOND. Minneapolis Ex-Mayor is Held in \$21,000 Bail. Minneapolis, Minnesota, dispatch: Judge Pond and Assistant County Attorney Jolly accepted the bond of Dr. A. A. Ames and he was released from custody. There are seventeen sureties, none of whom are practicing physicians, and the amount of the bond is \$21,000. Dr. W. E. Rockford, son-in-law of Dr. Ames, who, with his wife, has been estranged from the former mayor for twelve years, was largely instrumental in getting the bondsmen. He insists, however, that there has been no reconciliation.

Miners May Strike. Cumberland, Md., dispatch: It is expected that 3,000 miners of the George's Creek and Myersdale, Pa., regions will strike. While the operators are willing to grant an increase in wages, they refuse to meet the representatives of the union.

Anecdotes of Famous Men. The well-known Italian journalist, Carlo Paladini, has written a book containing his reminiscences of Gladstone, Disraeli, Salisbury, Cecil Rhodes, Chamberlain and others, with many new anecdotes. Cecil Rhodes said to him one day that no Italian woman wears artificial gems if she is rich enough to buy genuine ones, but that Frenchwomen and others often do so; and he added: "If I should ever want to marry I should not take a woman who is willing to wear counterfeits when she can have the real thing."

Secretary Shaw's Parable. When the newspapers began to discuss customs frauds in New York a young newspaper correspondent asked Secretary of the Treasury Shaw if he intended starting an investigation. Mr. Shaw replied gravely: "I once knew a fellow who hunted foxes with a brass band." Here the secretary paused and looked over some letters. Then he added, "He didn't catch any."

HOW'S THIS? We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio; WALKLING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Turkey Ahead of America. While forty Turkish ships passed through the Suez canal last year, only twenty-five American vessels did so.

Superior quality and extra quantity must win. This is why Defiance Starch is taking the place of all others.

No man is born into the world whose work is not born with him; there is always work for those who will.—Lowell.

It is as important to know when to let go as when to hold on.

Mrs. F. Wright, of Oelwein, Iowa, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A Young New York Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure: "My trouble was with the ovaries; I am tall, and the doctor said I grew too fast for my strength. I suffered dreadfully from inflammation and doctored continually, but got no help. I suffered from terrible dragging sensations with the most awful pains low down in the side and pains in the back, and the most agonizing headaches. No one knows what I endured. Often I was sick to the stomach, and every little while I would be too sick to go to work, for three or four days; I work in a large store, and I suppose standing on my feet all day made me worse.

"At the suggestion of a friend of my mother's I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is simply wonderful. I felt better after the first two or three doses; it seemed as though a weight was taken off my shoulders; I continued its use until now I can truthfully say I am entirely cured. Young girls who are always paying doctor's bills without getting any help as I did, ought to take your medicine. It costs so much less, and it is sure to cure them.—Yours truly, ADELIAE PRAHE, 174 St. Ann's Ave., New York City."—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMPS BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 90 cents.

GO SOUTH! FOR PARTICULARS regarding one of the most promising agricultural sections of the South there are already just lots of Northern people prosperous and contented; where the climate is delightful and healthy at all seasons of the year; good roads; pure water in abundance; splendid home markets and good prices for all the farm products; low taxes; in fact just the country you are looking for. Address at once, ADVERTISING COMMITTEE, Chamber of Commerce, Huntsville, Ala.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 D.A.S. treatments FREE. Dr. E. E. GREEN'S HOME, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

South Dakota Lands for sale by owner, bottom prices; easy terms; new arrival of choice stock; send for lists, O. S. Williams, Watertown, S. Dakota.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

HIDDEN PICTURE PUZZLE.



Is Your Mother at Home? Find Her.

MOTHER SLAYS HER LITTLE ONES

Demented Woman Crushes the Heads of Her Four Small Children.

THEN CUTS HER OWN THROAT

She Had Previously Saturated the Bodies of Her Victims With Kerosene, Poured Oil Over Herself, and Applied the Torch.

Sturbridge, Mass., dispatch: A frenzied mother in the little hamlet of Fiskdale after cutting off every means of escape by fastening windows and doors crushed in the heads of her four little children, threw their bodies into a closet, scattered oil over them and herself and then after setting all on fire closed her awful work and her own life by cutting her throat.

It was Mrs. Peter Burke, the wife of a machinist in an auger factory, who committed the fearful deed and her victims were Lilia, 6 years; William, 5 years; Louise, 1 1/2 years, and May Rose, 5 months old, respectively.

Woman Was Deranged. That the woman had previously showed signs of mental derangement seems to be admitted, but that it should have taken such a violent form was not even thought of by her husband, now completely prostrated, or by her own relatives.

But for the accidental discovery of the fire the deed of the mother might have been hidden forever from the world by the destruction of the house. Two boys happened to be passing the house when they saw smoke coming from a window. They burst in the doors and tried first to put the fire out with buckets of water, but it gained on them so fast that they were obliged to run for help.

From the appearance of the room and position of the bodies it would seem as if Mrs. Burke had first cut off every means of escape for the little ones by nailing down the windows and locking all the doors.

Uses an Ax.

The weapon with which she one by one crushed out the lives of her offspring was a large ax. Just which child she killed first is a matter of conjecture, but it seems as if the eldest, Lilla, met death first, for it was her body that was at the bottom of the pile. That of William, the next eldest, was above his sister, then came that of little Louise, and finally the baby. Mrs. Burke must have dragged all the children into the closet and then taken a bottle of kerosene oil, poured it upon their clothing about the walls and then upon herself.

Husband Is Overcome.

The fire had so completely charred the woodwork and the flooring that no blood spots could be found. The bodies of three of the children were burned almost beyond recognition, but that of Louise was only scorched. The body of Mrs. Burke was also badly burned, but that did not hide the wound in her throat. As soon as the fire was discovered in his house Mr. Burke was notified and arrived just as the bodies were found. He fainted from the shock. Mrs. Burke was 34 years of age. The family's friends say the union has always been a happy one.

High Price for Bible.

London cablegram: One of the rarest Bibles in existence was sold at Sotheby's for \$3,050. It is three

Change in Ministry Expected.

Paris cablegram: It is the opinion in well-informed circles that there are likely to be ministerial changes. When Premier Combes took office it was understood to be for the special purpose of carrying out the association law.

Engine Blows Up.

Taunton, Mass., special: One man was instantly killed and three others were seriously injured in an explosion at the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad roundhouse.

volumes in splendid Anglo-Norman manuscript, written on vellum, and richly illuminated. It was produced early in the thirteenth century.

APPEALS TO PALMA.

Acting Secretary Asks Cuban President to Call Extra Session.

Washington special: Acting Secretary of State Loomis and Mr. Quesada, the Cuban minister, after discussing the prospects of an exchange of ratifications of the Cuban treaty within the time limit, decided to cable President Palma requesting him to call the Cuban congress into extraordinary session immediately for this purpose, as that body otherwise would not meet until April 7, seven days after the expiration of the legal time limit for the exchange of ratification.

The State Department officials have some doubt as to their ability to do anything whatever with the treaty. The amendments made by the Senate, particularly that added to the ratifying article, may result in the complete loss of the treaty. There are conflicting clauses which it may not be possible to reconcile. Two different dates are fixed in the same article for the taking effect of the treaty. A more serious difficulty has been pointed out in the amendment requiring that the House act on the convention. This would delay final action until long after March 31, the limit fixed in the treaty.

THANK ARCHBISHOP.

His Grace Advises Negroes to Have Patience.

Washington dispatch: A delegation of members of the negro press of the country and of the Colored Pen and Pencil club called on Archbishop Ireland to express their gratitude and appreciation of his stand in behalf of their race. Remarks were made by Henry P. Slaughter, president of the club; L. M. Hershaw, John P. Green and Judson W. Lyons, register of the treasury. Archbishop Ireland, in responding, said that to him the Stars and Stripes had no meaning whatsoever unless they mean the brotherhood of man. The idea of a distinction being made in civil and political matters because of race or language or color, he declared, to be un-American. He urged his callers to have patience, and said that with it the march of civilization and of Christianity would result in full recognition of their civil and political rights.

MONMOUTH TO HAVE NEW CHIEF

Son of Former President Quits Pulpit to Head Illinois College.

Cleveland, Ohio, special: Rev. T. H. McMichaels, pastor of the First United Presbyterian church, has announced to his congregation that he had accepted the presidency of Monmouth college in Illinois. His father was president of the college for nineteen years. The son was graduated at Monmouth in 1886.

HOLDS WIFE ON RED HOT STOVE

Brutal Treatment Inflicted on New York Woman by Husband.

New York dispatch: Mrs. Richard Carroll lies at St. Vincent's Hospital bruised and burned from head to foot. Her husband, who beat her, kicked her, thrust her on a redhot stove and then threw her bleeding and unconscious into the hall, was locked up in default of \$1,000 bail. She will be discharged for life.

Beats Wife With Queue.

New York dispatch: Yee Chung, a Chinese actor, is in jail charged with beating his white wife with an opium pipe and his queue.

Resume Treaty Negotiations.

Shanghai cablegram: The treaty negotiations have been resumed. The Japanese commissioners show increasing restiveness. Meanwhile the Chinese are content to drift without a policy or the prospect of reform.

Finds Lost Mine.

San Bernardino, Cal., dispatch: Charles Bashaw, a desert miner, has found the lost Pegleg mine, search for which has cost many lives. The mine is marvelously rich in quartz.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE

Measures Under Consideration in the Capitol at Springfield.

COOK COUNTY MEETS DEFEAT

Country Members Join Against the Proposition to Consolidate the Taxing Bodies and Also Oppose Change in Present Boundary Lines.

Wilkerson's resolution for a constitutional amendment to enable the legislature to provide for the consolidation of the taxing bodies in Cook county and the division of the present county of Cook county into two or more counties failed to get enough votes to pass it in the house to-day. The legislative life of the "Greater Chicago" resolution was saved for further consideration by a motion to postpone action to Wednesday of next week, made by Representative Shurtleff and put through by Speaker Miller's gavel. Prior to that time there had been discussion of the bill and a roll call, which showed that the resolution was thirty-four votes short of the 102 required for its adoption.

The opposition to the resolution came mostly from country members. Back of their hostility to the Chicago measure at this time is their purpose to show the Cook county members that Chicago cannot carry this resolution without aid from the country and further to induce or compel Cook county representatives to consent to the passage of the Bundy bill, raising the assessable valuation of property from one-fifth to one-third of its cash value.

Defense by Watson. The resolution sent from the appropriation committee and aimed at State Architect R. Bruce Watson was taken up. After the resolution had been read the house clerk read a statement from Mr. Watson. The statement showed that from July 1, 1899, the date of the creation of the architect's office, to March 20, 1903, the total expenses of the architect's office in the preparation of plans and specifications for all of the state institutions were \$19,426.39, and that, based upon the cost of the buildings erected, the fees of a private architect at 5 per cent of the cost would have been \$62,225. This, it was averred, showed a net saving to the state of \$42,798.61.

Blow to Bolters. The senate passed a bill which, if it becomes a law, will make it impossible for candidates to bolt conventions in which they have taken part. The bill, introduced by Senator Gardner, provides that nominations by petitions for other than state officers in cities of more than 10,000 population must be signed by voters who have not attended any primary or party caucus held to nominate candidates for that office or who have signed nomination paper for any other candidate. No candidate shall have the right to have his name placed on the official ballot by petition or as an independent who has taken part in any convention or caucus that nominated a candidate for that office. Under the bill, "Independents" in politics will have to be "Independents" all the time. They cannot take part in a primary or convention, and later, because they do not control the convention, nominate other candidates. In such cases the name of the "Independent" candidate could not be placed on the official ballot. Senators Parker and Hamilton opposed the bill, which was defended by Senators Gardner and Burnett. It passed 26 to 14.

Appropriation Is Liked. The subcommittee of the house appropriations committee that has been considering the bill appropriating \$785,000 for the state industrial school for boys at St. Charles agreed to recommend to the full committee an appropriation of \$500,000. The subcommittee was composed of Representatives Lindly, Turner of Fayette, and Farris, Judge R. S. Tutill, who is here in the interest of the school, was much pleased. It is doubtful, however, if the main committee will give so large an amount this time.

The local option bill is before the house elections committee. Efforts are being made to amend it by striking out the word "county," and reducing the possible anti-saloon territory to smaller areas. Many of the House members fear this bill even more than the civil-service proposition. Great pressure is being brought to bear both for and against the bill. The Anti-Saloon league has mailed to members a reprint of an article said to have been published in the Champion of Fair Play, a paper devoted to the retail liquor interests, in which the preachers who appeared before the committee in behalf of the bill are referred to as "canting hypocrites." The bill will be reported to the house either by a majority or minority of the elections committee. In any case

Heir to Big Plantation.

A. D. Oglesby of Alton has been notified that he has fallen heir to a rich estate left by his grandmother, the late Mrs. Mary E. Henderson of Shelby county, Tennessee. Mr. Oglesby says that the estate which will come into his possession consists of a cotton plantation in Shelby county and a large sum of money represented by securities. Mr. and Mrs. Oglesby will remain in Alton for some time, and will then go to Shelby county to take possession of their estate.

it will be fought out on the floor of the house.

Insurance Bills.

The senate passed the following bills:

Senator Mueller's making the rebating of life-insurance premiums by agents a misdemeanor.

Senator Mueller's providing for a tax of 1 per cent on the gross premiums of policies written in this state by life insurance companies organized under the laws of any other state. The bill exempts companies organized in states wherein a reciprocal agreement is in effect.

Senator Jull's, providing that the defendant in case of conviction for a capital offense shall, if unable to pay for a copy of the record, be furnished one at the expense of the county.

Convict Labor.

The convict-labor bill reported by the joint house committees on penal and reformatory institutions and labor and industrial affairs is to come up on second reading. It will be amended so as to except the state reformatory from the provision requiring prisoners to be employed at hard labor eight hours a day, because in the reformatory most of the inmates spend half of each day in school. It is probable it will be further amended so as to make the introduction of the proposed new system gradual. The bill in its present shape provides that no contract labor shall be performed by prisoners after July 1. It may be a question whether a complete change of system can be made by that time, especially as appropriations for the purpose will not be available till July 1. The bill will be fully discussed on the floor in the order of second reading.

Senate Bills.

The following senate bills were read a first time and referred to the appropriate committees:

Senator Berry's bill providing that all demands upon an estate shall be exhibited within one year after letters of administration are issued.

Senator Berry's bill limiting the time in which will contests may be commenced to one year.

Senator Humphrey's bill providing that a surviving husband or wife shall be entitled to dower out of mortgaged lands as against every person except the mortgagee and those claiming under him.

Repeals Judge's Act.

Senator Jull's bill repealing the Cook county judges' act passed by the last general assembly.

Senator Albertsen's bill to punish attempts on the lives of public officials.

Senator Farnum's bill making the embezzlement of trust funds a criminal offense.

Senator Putnam's bill to change the name of the asylum for the incurable insane to the Bartonville state asylum.

Senator Rees' bill providing additional terms of the Sangamon County court.

Senator Stubblefield's bill amending the local improvement act by providing that in cities of less than 10,000 population petitions for such improvements shall be signed by a majority of the resident abutting property owners.

To Admit Soldiers' Wives.

Senator Stubblefield's bill to permit the admission of soldiers' wives to the Soldiers' home at Quincy.

Senator McKenzie's bill to permit the investment of trust funds in stocks and bonds.

Representative Owen introduced a resolution of respect to the memory of the Hon. John Casey, who died at his home in Heyworth, March 19. The resolution was adopted by a rising vote, and as a further mark of respect the house then adjourned.

Bills on Third Reading.

The house will devote considerable time this week to voting on bills on third reading. A large number of measures are on the calendar, and they will be disposed of as rapidly as possible. The house resolution regarding State Architect Bruce Watson is due for consideration by the house this week. Mr. Watson has prepared for the members a statement showing the work done by his office in the last two years, and its cost to the state.

No business was transacted in the senate Monday afternoon, only two members, Senators Rees and Fowler, being present.

Early Adjournment.

All indications point to an early adjournment of the general assembly, and the older members are showing great activity in preparation for it. A number of those who have bills in the embryonic state did not go home when the assembly adjourned last week, but remained in Springfield to prepare amendments and otherwise get their measures in shape against the day when a final adjournment will set in.

With the advancing of some thirty bills on the house calendar the order of second reading in that body is so congested that new bills, unless they be party measures or are practically without opposition, can have little hope of getting through at this session. Even to clear the calendar of the bills which have advanced as far as second reading, by following the regular order of business, would prolong the session until July.

To Remodel Parsonage.

The official board of the Mount Vernon M. E. church has appointed S. H. Watson, Henry Maxey and B. A. Marshall as a special committee to prepare plans for remodeling the church parsonage.

Orders Pipe Organ.

The First English Lutheran church of Litchfield has contracted for a new pipe organ, to be installed in the church by the 1st of June. It is to cost about \$1,200.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

CASH TO DEVELOP COAL MINE

Capitalists Are Ready to Build Railroad From Alton to Fosterburg.

A committee of Alton business men has been appointed by President J. H. Booth of the Commercial club to make investigation as to the extent of an 8-foot vein of coal discovered near Fosterburg at a depth of 300 feet. The Alton Commercial club was requested to assist the Fosterburg people, who are without means to prosecute the investigation. It is believed that the vein is an extensive one, but extensive drilling must be done in order to demonstrate whether or not it consists merely of a "pocket" of coal. James Duncan was appointed chairman of a committee. It is said that if the investigation proves there is an inexhaustible supply of coal in the 8-foot vein discovered a large amount of capital stands ready for investment in the coal fields and a railroad will be built to Fosterburg to move the coal to the markets.

TREPINE EPILEPTIC'S SKULL

Operation on Alton Boy Appears to Have Been Successful.

Joseph Brady, aged 11, a son of Mr. John Brady, has been successfully operated upon in St. Joseph's hospital at Alton for epilepsy. Five years ago the boy was crushed under a landslide, since which he has had epileptic fits several times a day. The skull was trephined and raised off the brain in the part that seemed most affected by the injury of five years ago. Since the operation was performed, he has suffered no recurrence of the epileptic attacks.

MARRIAGES.

At Edwardsville marriage licenses issued; James Blanchfield, 22 years, and Jennie Dames, 19, of St. Louis; Louis Weber, 25, and Nellie Dzenogolewsky, 23, of Alhambra; Charles Granger, 22, of Alton, and Sarah B. Jones, 19, of Nameoki; George Sury, 37, and Ida Kaufman, 21, of St. Jacob; John Kramer, 22, and Jane Rose, 20, of Venice.

At Virginia, a marriage license was issued to Alexander Kendall, 25 years, and Miss Mattie Porter, 22, both of Beardstown.

At Quincy, marriage licenses: Alfred Hoffmann of Hazelwood and Lillie Hinder of Clayton; Charles L. Le Brosh and Mamie Wayland of Quincy.

At Jacksonville Samuel Siek and Miss Belle Riley of Stanford, Ill. D. H. Smith and Miss Bessie Taylor of Chapin, Ill.

Miners and Operators Elect.

The miners of the 8th district of Illinois elected as president, F. M. Guthrie, Monmouth; vice presidents, John Sherwood, Sherrard Wanlock, William Wright, Kingston Mines, and William Spenny, Farmington.

The operators of the 8th district elected officers as follows: President, Isaac T. Wintling, Peoria; secretary-treasurer, Alexander Royster, Peoria, both re-elected. President Wantling announced that the present executive board would be continued as follows: Richard Newsam, Peoria; Chas. Schuler, Davenport, Ia., and George W. Traer, Chicago.

Odd Market Record.

John Holtkamp, a farmer living east of Metropolis, who makes regular trips across the Ohio river to Paducah, Ky., with marketing, stated that counting the trip he made that day he had crossed the river 1,100 times during his life for the same purpose. During this period he once found the river, which is almost three miles wide at that point, so completely frozen over that he could walk across.

Historic House Is Sold.

The Dr. Casey property at Mound City, the finest old residence there, has been sold by Mrs. Maude Casey McDowell to Mrs. H. M. Smith, superintendent of Pulaski county schools, for \$5,000. The house is a large brick structure, surrounded by large grounds. It was built by Gen. Moses M. Rawlings, the founder of Mound City, in the early 50s, and cost at that time \$15,000.

Visit Soldiers' Home.

A large delegation of the members of the state legislature visited and inspected the state soldiers' home at Quincy. The visitors were welcomed by Capt. Mooney. Addresses were made by State Senator Farrelly of Greene county; Dr. S. A. Graham of Kankakee; J. T. Hynes and others. A camp fire in the afternoon was largely attended, and vocal and instrumental music was rendered by local talent.

Burns Gambling Furniture.

By order of the court, Sheriff Thrift burned \$2,000 worth of gambling furniture and devices in the county jail yard at Decatur.

Police Recover Rug.

A rug was stolen from the front porch of the house of Mrs. Alfred Bosanko at Belleville. She reported the matter at once to the police and Officer York found the rug stowed away in a culvert near the house.

Memorial Address.

Hon. W. E. Troutmann of East St. Louis has been secured by the Nashville G. A. R. post to deliver the memorial address at the annual memorial services.

PLAN BIG COOPERAGE PLANT

Will Cost \$250,000 and Have Largest Capacity in United States.

Officials of the American manufacturing company have announced that the company would at once erect and operate in Peoria the largest cooperage plant in the United States, with a capacity of from 500 to 1,000 barrels daily, and to give employment to 500 persons. All the distilleries of the company will be supplied from this factory and the general trade will be entered, both domestic and foreign. The plant will cost a quarter of a million dollars.

DEATHS.

At Springfield Charles H. Lamphier, Sr., aged 83 years. From 1846 to 1863 he published the Illinois State Register. He was a contemporary of Stephen A. Douglas and was the adviser of Douglas in his political career. Surviving him are five children: John C., a lawyer; Charles H., Jr., electrician; Mrs. James W. Patton and Mrs. George W. Chatterton, leaders in capital city society, all of Springfield, and Robert G. Lamphier, a farmer of Gallatin county, Ill. Mr. Lamphier passed away peacefully, surrounded by all the members of his family.

At Quincy, John Hans, aged 73 years; Mrs. S. B. Loveland, aged 35 years; Mrs. Harriet McConney, aged 30 years.

At Jacksonville, Mrs. Charles P. Thompson.

Near Lebanon, William Lynn, an old settler.

At Danville, Charles Ellsworth, county surveyor.

At Newton, Mrs. Mary A. Yellon, wife of Rev. Charles Yellon, aged 74.

At Litchfield, Luther Bateman, aged 69 years.

At Springfield, Mrs. Maglena Lutz, aged 77; Mrs. Emily English, aged 79; Dennis Dailey, aged 70; Charles H. Wilcox, aged 65.

At Edwardsville, Charles J. Leuckel, aged 55. The death of Mrs. Mary A. Floyd, relict of the late P. R. Floyd, occurred at the home of her brother, John Minter, east of Edwardsville.

Favor Child Labor. Alton business men have unanimously endorsed the action of State Senator Walter in his opposition to the proposed new law changing the age limit of child-labor in Illinois. The Alton commercial club has voted its confidence and support for Senator Walter and urged him to put forth every effort to oppose the bill in the senate proposed by the American federation of women's clubs of Illinois. The resolutions state that the enactment of the proposed law would seriously cripple Alton's principal manufacturing institutions.

Love Is Ever Young. Joseph Brown, 78 years old, and Mary Ann Putney, 67, both of Carbondale, were married at Alto Pass. The elderly bridal couple received many congratulations upon their return to Carbondale, as their intention to be married was not generally known.

To Arbitrate Strike. International President Donnelly of the butchers' union has been selected as arbiter in the strike at the plant of the Alton packing company in Alton. The strikers and the officers of the packing company were unable to come to an agreement.

Gets Damages From Railroad.

In the county court Mrs. Eva Sherman of Murphysboro was awarded \$1,250 damages in the condemnation suit for right of way brought by the Groves and Sand Ridge railroad company.

Lead, Zinc and Fire Clay.

A Simpson of New Liberty neighborhood in Pope county exhibits some specimens of lead and zinc ore and fire clay recently discovered near there while digging a well.

Degree of Pocahontas.

A lodge of the Degree of Pocahontas, the ladies' auxiliary of the Improved Order of Red Men, was instituted in Murphysboro by Mrs. Lizale Mosely of East St. Louis.

Salvationist Buys Farm.

Charles Mitchell of Danville, a Salvation Army captain, has purchased the forty-acre farm of Jake Woods, one mile south of Bluford, for \$1,000.

Horse Kicks Boy.

Roy, the son of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Moyer, residing east of Pana, was seriously injured by being kicked by a horse.

Shot Fifer Is Hurt.

Anthony Brennan, shot fifer in the Woodside mine, was fatally injured by a defective charge.

Heir to English Estate.

Judge J. H. B. Renfro of Carbondale has received information that he is one of ten heirs to a \$5,000,000 estate in Yorkshire, England. The estate was left by an uncle who died nearly two years ago. The information is considered entirely reliable.

Buy Big Farm.

J. Jennings Arnold of St. Louis has sold to Jesse C. E. Butler and Ella M. Crawford of Urbana, 240 acres of land in Fountain Bluff township for \$12,500.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising Rates made known on application.

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.
FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1903

Dr. Macfayden's Typhoid Antitoxin.

If, as announced by late London dispatches, Dr. Allen Macfayden has produced a typhoid antitoxin serum, another important step in advance has been taken in the science of medicine. The character and standing of the man making the experiments, now said to be successful, and the indorsement of his work by Lord Lister, who is known and honored for his great service to mankind in the promotion and establishment of antiseptic surgery, give warrant for belief that Dr. Macfayden has come within sight at least of results which promise great benefits to the human race, though he may not have discovered an unfailing remedy for typhoid fever.

Dr. Macfayden is director of the Jenner Institute of Preventive Medicine in London. He is a learned and capable man, safely conservative and held in high esteem by all who know him or his work. The announcement will therefore receive the respectful attention of the medical fraternity everywhere.

The report is that Dr. Macfayden has found that by crushing the cells of the typhoid bacillus in liquid air the intercellular juices are obtained without living organisms and that these juices are highly toxic. Injected into living animals, they produce a blood serum which is effective as an antidote for and a destroyer of the poison generated by typhoid bacilli.

The typhoid fever epidemic at Ithaca, N. Y., is but a single illustration of the fatal character of this dread disease. It is one of the most destructive of the common maladies affecting the people of this and European countries. The value of a typhoid antitoxin would be beyond estimate, and if it has been found by Dr. Macfayden he may well be hailed as a benefactor of the race.

Secretary Chamberlain's Mission.

That Joseph Chamberlain is still recognized as an important factor in the administration of the affairs of the British empire is amply attested by the warmth and enthusiasm of the welcome accorded him upon his return from South Africa, whither he went to adjust the postbellum conditions of the new territory added to the empire as a result of the Boer war. Whether all that was hoped for was accomplished may well be doubted. Mr. Chamberlain himself frankly admits that his visit has by no means settled all the South African questions and that there are serious problems to be solved before wholly satisfactory conditions are reached. In his speech upon landing he warned his hearers not to estimate too lightly what he had achieved in South Africa. He hoped that the Dutch people in South Africa would become loyal members of the empire, but this would be the work of time.

In this utterance of the colonial secretary, who will have a dominating influence in shaping British attitude toward the newly acquired subjects, lies the hope that South Africa will be governed with discretion and tolerance.

Secretary Chamberlain's visit to South Africa has given him an opportunity to study at close range the intricate and perplexing questions involved in the transition of the burghers from sovereigns of a republic to subjects of an empire and to understand and appreciate more thoroughly the difficulties of the situation. While, as he declares, the actual, tangible results of his visit are not great, the knowledge he has acquired is of much value. Upon the way in which he and his associates use this knowledge will largely depend the future tranquillity and prosperous development of South Africa.

The barkeepers of Jersey City have organized a total abstinence society for the reason, it is stated, that "the interests of their employers demand that they shall be at all times steady, sober and industrious." There is in this a suggestion that other employers may have an equally strong desire for steady, sober and industrious employees, and if the principle were universally adopted the bartenders' occupation might be gone.

A representative in the Minnesota legislature has introduced a bill to compel the railroads of the state to issue passes to all legislators, state officials and appointees. He is too modest by half and should have included free meals on the dining cars and berths in the sleepers.

It is claimed that the revolutionary uprising in Honduras was brought about by a girl who was jilted by the presidential claimant, Bonilla. So it seems the days of chivalry are not over in Central America, though they have long passed in the rest of the world.

Senator Sanguily has seriously mused up the prognostications of the soothsayers who made a specialty of predicting the speedy failure of the Cuban republic.

Against Homicidal "Buck Fever."

As a possible remedy for the great number of "hunting" casualties and fatalities yearly occurring in the Adirondacks and other forests of New York there has been introduced in the legislature at Albany a bill which would make the shooting of a human being for a deer no longer an accident, but manslaughter in the second degree when death ensues and a felony punishable by fine or imprisonment when the victim is merely wounded.

There may be sentimental objections to the measure, and should it become a law there will be great difficulty in enforcing its provisions, for the man who is unfortunate enough to shoot his friend instead of a beast naturally and rightly receives much sympathy, but there is much to be said in its favor.

As every sportsman knows, the man who will shoot at a sound in the bushes on the chance that it is a deer, or he whose nerves are strained to such a pitch that he will shoot a man in full view on a forest trail, is not fit to be trusted with a gun at all.

The real remedy for random shooting would be the examination of all would be gunners and the refusal of licenses to the flightier or more nervous sort. Since such an application of the merit system is impracticable, a very good second best is this bill, punishing heavily the careless use of firearms. Undoubtedly a few convictions under the proposed law would greatly lessen the number of instances of homicidal "buck fever."

No one need be particularly worried over the statement of Poultney Bigelow that this country would stand no show in a war with Germany. In the first place, there isn't going to be any war between the United States and Germany, and, besides, it is extremely probable that Poultney doesn't know what he is talking about. It isn't the first time this has occurred.

The logic of that decision awarding Spain damages for the nondelivery of four torpedo boat destroyers just before the war is not very clear. Really Spain should have been willing to have paid a bonus to the shipbuilders for having them saved from the fate of the rest of her fleet.

The proposition of congress to dispose of 3,150 quarter sections of land in the next Oklahoma "opening" by auction will be found more compatible with public morals than the lottery plan and less exhausting than the free for all scramble.

Again there are symptoms of an outbreak of controversy between the church and the stage. It is hoped, however, that it may be isolated and brought under control before it becomes epidemic.

President Castro having declined Mr. Carnegie's offer of ready cash, the Macedonian patriots might be prevailed upon to accept the money if the good man is really anxious to get rid of it.

The Review, \$1.50 per year.

WEEDS

Consumption is a human weed flourishing best in weak lungs. Like other weeds it's easily destroyed while young; when old, sometimes impossible.

Strengthen the lungs as you would weak land and the weeds will disappear.

The best lung fertilizer is Scott's Emulsion. Salt pork is good too, but it is very hard to digest.

The time to treat consumption is when you begin trying to hide it from yourself. Others see it, you won't.

Don't wait until you can't deceive yourself any longer. Begin with the first thought to take Scott's Emulsion. If it isn't really consumption so much the better; you will soon forget it and be better for the treatment. If it is consumption you can't expect to be cured at once, but if you will begin in time and will be rigidly regular in your treatment you will win.

Scott's Emulsion, fresh air, rest all you can, eat all you can, that's the treatment and that's the best treatment.



We will send you a little of the Emulsion free.
Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
soc. and fr; all druggists.

I Coughed

"I had a most stubborn cough for many years. It deprived me of sleep and I grew very thin. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was quickly cured."
R. N. Mann, Fall Mills, Tenn.

Sixty years of cures and such testimony as the above have taught us that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will do.

We know it's the greatest cough remedy ever made. And you will say so, too, after you try it. There's cure in every drop.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.
Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Battleships to Go Abroad.

The proposition of the navy department to send the entire battleship division of the north Atlantic naval force for a summer cruise in European waters is not a bad one. As compared with the vast naval armament of Great Britain, this battleship squadron might not be regarded as especially formidable, though it is the strongest formation ever maintained by the United States as a permanent war unit in time of peace. It consists of seven battleships, a majority of them fine new vessels, more formidable than the armor clad division which blockaded Santiago and knocked out Cervera's fleet. These battleships are the Kearsarge, the Alabama, the Illinois, the Maine, the Iowa, the Massachusetts and the Indiana.

While the purpose of sending abroad these magnificent fighting machines is of course not to frighten anybody, it may give the Europeans a modest hint that we are still in the procession, and, though disclaiming any intention of showing Europe in a boastful manner our naval prowess, we are not averse to letting them see what we can do in the way of splendid gunnery. The efficiency of the north Atlantic battleship division is said to be a matter of great pride to the navy department, and what the great naval men of Europe witness in the line of superb target practice they may put in their pipes and smoke at their leisure.

No doubt there will be much comment in the European capitals on this new naval departure on the part of the United States, but nowhere can it be regarded as a menace or unfriendly demonstration. It can be interpreted only as one of those "peace movements" of which the nations are latterly so fond of speaking. In this we are simply putting our best ships where they will show to the best advantage. Possibly it may stir up some reflections in certain quarters as to what is behind the Monroe doctrine, but that will do no harm.

Judge Grosscup and the Beef Trust.

It was hardly to be expected that the so called beef trust would rest easy under the adverse decision of Judge Grosscup of the United States supreme court in Chicago, which held that both the agreement of the packers in buying cattle and their agreement to fix prices and restrict the quantities of meat shipped to their agents constitute combinations in restraint of trade and are forbidden by the Sherman law.

It is not surprising, therefore, that the powerful combine which practically controls the meat supply of the country should seek to evade the law by a change in the machinery of its organization which would permit the packers to continue the practices declared illegal by Justice Grosscup's decision.

According to a late Chicago dispatch, this is to be accomplished by a merger, or "securities holding company," which is to embrace the principal firms and corporations in the dressed beef trade. Apparently the model for the proposed merger will be the Northern Securities company, whose right to exist is now undergoing examination in the courts of the United States. Until the decision in the latter case is made known it would be premature to say whether the legal principles involved in the one are controlling also in the other.

In the event that the mergers should be dissolved, however, the properties would not necessarily be detached in the sense of being put upon a competitive basis. All the motives for a merger would remain in full force. The companies would be just as eager to control the prices of cattle on the hoof and of beef on the hook as before. Their methods of accomplishing the result may be changed by necessity, but their endeavors will be the same.

A New Jersey man who lives in Newark kissed a widow of that town without previously giving warning of his intention. This may have been the reason she smote him so grievously over the head with a broomstick that he had to plaster it with vinegar and brown paper and may expect a severe headache for several weeks to come. The moral of the incident, if it has any, is that a woman surprised can display quite as much fury as a woman scorned.

BOER LANGUAGES.

The Different Kinds of Dutch Spoken in South Africa.

It seems a strange thing to say, but there are three Dutch languages in South Africa. The earliest Dutch settlers at the Cape were largely Dutch sailors and others belonging to the lower orders of Amsterdam, Rotterdam and other Dutch seaports. Their language was a low Dutch dialect to begin with, and although the sprinkling of Dutch officers at the Cape did their best to preserve the language of the Netherlands they could not prevent the dialect of the settlers from still further degenerating into a mere colloquial patois. Its degeneration was doubtless largely brought about by domestic servants and slaves—Hottentots, Malays and Mozambique Kafirs—who spoke it very imperfectly and introduced into it many strange words and idioms. This, then, is the genesis of what is variously known as "Cape Dutch," "Kitchen Dutch," "Patriot Dutch," "Afrikaans" and "Afrikaner Taal." Its basis is Dutch, but the nouns have lost their declensions and the verbs their conjugations, while grammatical gender and syntax generally have gone by the board. To the educated Hollander of today it is a literary atrocity, and he cannot away with it, but to the Afrikaner it is his mother tongue, the language of his home and his childhood, the exponent of all that he knows of humor and pathos. It is full of expressive idioms, pithy proverbs and pawky expressions, like those so dear to the lowland Scot, and yet it is not a language, for it has no literature.

The second of the three Dutch languages referred to might be called "ecclesiastical Dutch," or, if you like, African Dutch. It is the language of Holland as that language was written about 200 years ago. It is the language of the Dutch Bible and very much resembles our own authorized version in its simplicity and directness of style. It is the language of the Dutch psalm and Gesang books and of the devotional works of old Dutch divines, which make up the balance of the Dutch farmers' literature. In it are also written many tracts and a few devotional works by living ministers of the Dutch Reformed church. To the Boer wherever you find him it is the language of his church and of his religion. This is the Dutch language which the leaders of the Dutch Afrikaner party are determined to preserve. It is never spoken by Afrikaners among themselves, however, and it is never written grammatically by them in their correspondence. The Boer has no fear that his "Huis-taal," Cape Dutch, will die out, but fears that his children will forget or neglect to learn the language of his church and of his forefathers.

The third Dutch language might be called modern literary or "high Dutch"—that is, the language written and spoken by educated Hollanders of today. It is florid, involved in construction and very artificial in style as compared with the language of the Dutch Bible. Its pronunciation has also changed considerably in the interval, and even an educated Dutch speaking Afrikaner listening to a voluble Hollander can hardly make head or tail of what he is saying.—Scotsman.

A Legend About Cats.

The ancient Greeks thought that all creatures except cats had souls and that that animal lost its soul through a bargain made between a bridge architect and the devil. The architect had besought the devil to get his help in constructing an exceedingly dangerous bridge structure, and his Satanic majesty only consented to lend aid on condition that the first creature to cross it should lose its soul.

This was agreed upon, the bridge finished in due time and the devil sent to the opposite side to await his prey. The shrewd architect took good care to send a cat over before any human being was allowed to cross. On learning of the bargain the cat recrossed the bridge and scratched the architect's eyes out.

Naming a Town.

According to a local tradition, probably invented, Sayville, N. Y., received its name in a peculiar fashion. The settlers were gathered in debate upon the shore, trying to agree upon a name for the place, and one after another proposed his suggestion with, "Say, how 'll this do?" After many suggestions had been rejected some one barren of imagination but sensitive of ear proposed that the oft repeated word "Say" be made the first syllable of the name and that "ville" be added as the second syllable. The idea took, and, says the legend, then and there the settlement was christened Sayville.

Favored the Clarinet.

"So ye're goin' to make yer by a musician," said Mr. Rafferty.
"I am," answered Mr. Dolan. "I'm goin' to have 'im learn to play the clar'net."
"Why don't ye learn 'im the vi'lin?"
"Because I want 'im to have every advantage. A vi'lin makes fine music, but a clar'net is a heap more to be depended on in a scrimmage."—Washington Star.

Casey's Generous Gift.

"When Mr. Casey died, he left all he had to the orphan asylum."
"Indeed! That was nice of him. What did he leave?"
"His twelve children."—Detroit Free Press.

Literal.

Mistress—What in the world are you putting ashes on the floor for, Bridget.
Bridget—Shure, ma'am, an' didn't ye say to doost the parlor?—Town and Country.

The sea anemone is one of the longest lived of humble organisms. One has flourished in captivity for fifty years.

The Review \$1.50 a year.

YOU CAN NOT KEEP POSTED

on the local happenings—the news you are interested in—those items which tell the daily life of the the village you call home unless you are reliably advised, and to do so

WITHOUT THE HOME PAPER.

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IS DEVOTED TO HOME NEWS

and happenings of the vicinity, and is the paper your neighbor depends upon for information. It is necessary that the home paper should have the support of every family in the community. You can secure it for the next 12 months at the price of

One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

This office does other than newspaper publishing, and maintains in connection a

Good Job Printing Department

and executes commercial work of all descriptions, promptly and in a manner to please those who appreciate good printing at reasonable prices. Trial order solicited.

Telephone, Barrington 203.

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WHY NOT MAKE YOUR HOME A BEAUTY.

TWO COATS OF
THE HEATH & MILLIGAN BEST PREPARED PAINT
WILL DO IT.
WEARS LONGEST, COVERS MOST, LOOKS BEST.
GUARANTEED—TO OUT-WEAR STRICTLY PURE
LEAD AND OIL BY AT LEAST 50 PER CENT.

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OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.

All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water colors and crayon at prices to suit.

Palatine, Ill.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

Mrs. James and Mrs. Caldwell, of Elgin, and Miss Sleeper, of Wheaton, sisters of Mrs. Smith, were here Monday to attend the funeral of O. H. Smith.

Harvey and Hosea Smith were called home from Texas to attend the funeral of their father.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Culver, of Aurora, were here Monday to attend the funeral of O. H. Smith.

S. Dahlborn visited friends at Algonquin lately.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Livingstone have returned from Chicago. Mrs. L. is quite ill. Will Livingstone's wife is with her.

Miss Tillie Hooker was here from Chicago to attend the funeral of O. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Obland, of Aurora, were here Monday.

Rev. W. M. Walker, formerly of Dundee, was here Monday from Chicago.

Mrs. Dr. Hulett, Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson, Mrs. James Wilson, Mrs. Bissel and others were here from Palatine Monday to attend the funeral.

The Lindquist family have moved into one of John Master's houses on Railway ave.

Joe Busse has been transferred from the depot here to the freight department in Elgin.

For Scratches and Mud Fever.

There is nothing equal to Cole's Veterinary Carbolic Salve. It cures wounds, galls and sores quicker than anything else, and always without scars. Keep it in your stables. Satisfaction guaranteed. 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by all druggists.

QUENTIN'S CORNERS.

Mrs. Weaser is entertaining a lady friend from the city.

Mrs. Henry Bockelman has recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Jacob Sturm, Sr., and daughter Bertila are visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Miss Lizzie Kiertler assisted her mother during her recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. David Hanns, Sr., of Palatine, has returned to our village, and we are glad to see one old settler back.

Miss Mary Quentin returned home Saturday from her visit among South Chicago friends, and where she attended the ball and entertainment given by the A. O. H. St. Patrick's evening.

Mr. Will Luerson was seen on our mud streets Sunday evening.

The bridge between Aug. Grevors and the creamery was seriously damaged by the heavy rainfall, and it will be sometime before people can travel that road.

Mr. George Baker visited friends here over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Young visited the latter's father, who is very sick at Palatine.

Mrs. Law is on the sick list.

Our nice spring weather was visited by a change which we were not so anxious to see.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kropp, Jr., visited their parents at Palatine Sunday.

Brain-Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for the brain, another for the muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a portion of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to the healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at H. T. Abbot's. Price 25c. and 75c.

LANGENHEIM.

Otto Zimmerman is on the sick list. David Stewart was a visitor at Wauconda Sunday.

E. W. Riley transacted business in Dundee Thursday.

Elmer Amis, of Lake Zurich, visited with John Welch, Jr., Sunday.

Conrad Kraus made a business trip to Chicago Thursday.

Miss Rebecca Peckham visited with Barrington friends Wednesday.

Charles and Herman Hacker visited with their sister in Cary Sunday.

Lewis Meutch and Tony Jensen, of Cary, called on friends here Saturday.

Mark L. Riley visited with Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Riley the first of the week.



Mrs. Laura S. Webb,

Vice-President Women's Democratic Clubs of Northern Ohio.

"I dreaded the change of life which was fast approaching. I noticed Wine of Cardui, and decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax."

Female weakness, disordered menses, falling of the womb and ovarian troubles do not wear off. They follow a woman to the change of life. Do not wait but take Wine of Cardui now and avoid the trouble. Wine of Cardui never fails to benefit a suffering woman of any age. Wine of Cardui relieved Mrs. Webb when she was in danger. When you come to the change of life Mrs. Webb's letter will mean more to you than it does now. But you may now avoid the suffering she endured. Druggists sell \$1 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

James McGraw and David Stewart attended the horse sale at Gilbert's Wednesday.

Louis Langenheim, Henry and Chris Schumacher were in Chicago on business Monday.

Mrs. Patrick Dolan and daughters, Marie and Bernice, returned to their home in Chicago Monday after a few days' visit with E. W. Riley and family.

A LIVELY PRIMARY

Was That Held by Waukegan Republicans Last Saturday.

It is nothing out of the ordinary to read of "the democrats raising hades" at a political convention, and there are people who are so partisan that they believe that none but democrats ever engage in "scraps" when choosing candidates for office.

Over at the capital of Lake county, right at the front gate of Zion, the republicans held a primary last Saturday and, according to the Gazette, had a "hair-pullin' time." Frank West, who was secretary of the primary, says: "When Mr. Talcott called for nominations for chairman the fun began. A score of men clamored for recognition. Mr. Talcott recognized Theo. H. Durst who nominated J. L. Swayer, deputy County Clerk.

Everybody talked at once, and in the confusion Mr. Sawyer's name was presented to the convention, and he was declared chairman in response to a vigorous chorus of "ayes."

Then pandemonium broke loose and there was the deuce to pay in general. Dignified business men shook their fists in each others' faces, a number of short arm punches were given and taken, and when Col. Wm. Reid yanked Mr. Talcott off the table a, small-sized riot began and continued for several minutes until those with cooler heads intervened.

When the crowd had straightened neckties, found missing hats and cooled down a bit, they divided by request of the acting chairman and those favoring Mr. Partridge for chairman went into the east room; those favoring Mr. Sawyer remaining in the west room.

William Bullock, a young man who is identified with the State administration as a trustee of the Elgin asylum board, was, after a sharp battle, nominated for mayor of the city.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates

Very low rates to California and return, via the Northwestern line. First-class round trip tickets on sale May 3d and 12th to 18th, to Los Angeles and San Francisco. Favorable limits and stop-over privileges and choice of routes. The Overland limited, most luxurious train in the world, leaves Chicago daily 8:00 p. m. Less than three days en route. Drawing room and compartment sleeping cars, observation cars, dining cars, buffet-library cars (barber and bath), electric lighted throughout. Three trains a day from Chicago to the coast through without change. Daily and personally conducted tourist car excursions to California, Washington and Oregon. For particulars apply to ticket agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Half rates to New Orleans, La., via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip, April 11, 12 and 13, limited for return by special extension until

CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN.

Bitter Ending of the One Love Affair of the Famous Actress.

Charlotte Cushman, the actress, was in love but once in her life. She met in Cincinnati, where she was playing, an actor named Clark, with whom she fell in love. Through her efforts Clark was advanced to leading man in the company, and the course of true love ran smoothly.

One night the actress met a strange woman behind the scenes between the acts.

The woman came up to her and addressed her thus:

"You are Charlotte Cushman, the great actress. Haven't you got enough men to admire you without coming between man and wife and robbing me of my husband?"

"Your husband?" cried Miss Cushman, getting excited.

"Yes, and you have taken or you are trying to take him from me," continued the ragged woman, looking Miss Cushman full in the face.

"Who is your husband?"

"Conrad Clark," replied the woman, "the father of this child," pointing to a half starved, thin little child in her arms.

Miss Cushman started as if she had been shot.

She went through her part that night as usual—acted it splendidly—brought down the house; then, after the performance, she sent for Clark to come to her dressing room. Clark knocked and then opened the door. She brought forward to him his wife and baby, who had been waiting in the dressing room to receive him.

Such a reception! Charlotte Cushman never looked or acted so grandly on the stage in all her life as she did that night in her dressing room. She waved Clark away with a greater majesty than ever as Queen Catherine she waved away Cardinal Wolsey, and then going to her hotel probably she had a good crying spell.

But she never loved again.

SAYINGS OF THE WISE.

The eyes of other people are the eyes that ruin us.—Franklin.

If you would know and not be known, live in a city.—Colton.

The way of the world is to make laws, but follow customs.—Montaigne. We carry happiness into our condition, but cannot hope to find it there.—Holmes.

Prosperity is no just scale. Adversity is the only balance to weigh friends.—Plutarch.

Children are unconscious philosophers. They refuse to pull to pieces their enjoyments to see what they are made of.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Energy will do anything that can be done in this world, and no talents, no circumstances, no opportunities, will make a two legged animal a man without it.—Goethe.

Great, ever fruitful, profitable for reproof, for encouragement, for building up in manifold purposes and works, are the words of those that in their day were men.—Carlyle.

Pedigrees of Arabian Horses.

The Arabs have no written pedigrees. It is all an affair of memory and of notoriety in the tribe. Certain alleged pedigrees of Arabian horses, couched in romantic language and represented as carried in a small bag and hung by a cord around the animal's neck, have been published, but these are forgeries got up probably by horse dealers, Egyptian, Syrian or Persian. The breeding of every horse is a matter of common knowledge, and it would be impossible for his owner to fabricate pedigree so as to deceive the natives, even if he were so inclined. The Bedouins, it seems necessary to admit, are in general great liars, and they will lie (to a stranger) about the age, the qualities or the ownership of a horse, but they will not lie about his pedigree, even when they can do so with impunity. To be truthful on this subject is almost a matter of religion, certainly a point of honor in the desert.—Atlantic.

Cole's Cough Cure

Tastes good and is good. Children like it and experience has shown it to be the best remedy ever made for throat and lung diseases. It quickly relieves and cures a cough in a way to stay cured. It robs croup of its terrors and thousands of children owe their lives to it. Guaranteed satisfactory. 25 and 50c. Sold by all druggists.

April 30, inclusive, on account of annual convention National Manufacturers' association. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Homeseekers excursions to the Northwest, West and Southwest, and Colonist low rates West, via the North-Western Line. Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Free Reclining Chair Cars and "The Best of Everything." For full particulars apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

Later departure from Chicago for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., via the North-Western Line. The Through Sleeping Cars for Manistique and Sault Ste. Marie, which have been leaving Chicago at 8:00 p. m. daily except Sunday, now leave at 10:30 p. m. daily except Saturday, thus affording connection with trains arriving in Chicago at a late hour. The only through sleeping car line between Chicago and "The Soo." For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

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MRS. HAROLD STAGG.

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CHAPTER XVII.

Emma, who had embraced her in her turn, was acknowledging to herself the fact that she had filled out amazingly in the two years since they had met, and that she was certainly a very fine-looking woman. She followed her niece down a corridor which led to what Eleanor styled the visitors' room, a pleasant apartment in which a cheerful fire was burning. Here they were received by the senior professor of the college, an elderly lady, whose white hair was twisted at either temple into a trio of fat ringlets, and who was still Miss Johnson. There was something, however, so gracious and affable in her bearing, she was so simple and free from affectation, that Emma, who at sight of her had put on a tolofty manner, let herself down inch by inch until she lost herself in genuine surprised admiration of her hostess' tact and gentility. As for Harold, he and Miss Johnson hit off capitally at once, so much so that the moment he was out of hearing on the way to their rooms he exclaimed:

"See is a regular old trump, Eleanor. Have you any more like her?" "She is certainly a very agreeable woman," Emma added, with a meditative air. "One can hardly expect to find many more so attractive as she." "We shall be very comfortable here, I'm sure," Emma added, as she glanced around the parlor into which Eleanor had ushered them, with the statement that it was for their use and that there was a bed chamber opening out of it.

"Dinner will be ready in half an hour, and I will come shortly before that, so as to take you about a little beforehand. My room is close by."

"Well, Cherub," exclaimed Harold, as he attacked his valise after Eleanor had closed the door, "I expect that before we are ready to go home, you will be beseeching me to move out West, bag and baggage."

"Don't be absurd, dear. I wonder," she added thoughtfully, a moment later, "why Eleanor is uncertain about accepting the presidency. Did you notice how confused she looked when you referred to the matter?"

"The poor child is naturally modest. She is not used to having honors thrust upon her."

"It wasn't mere diffidence. I tell you, Harold, she has something on her mind. There is some secret reason for her hesitation. I shall believe until I am convinced to the contrary, that the cat in the meal is a man."

"What man?" "A man, I said. I have not the remotest idea who he is. I am waiting for her to tell us that."

Harold laughed. "There is no one like a woman to ferret out what is in another woman's mind. Well, dear, I hope you may be right, for then you will be able to say 'I told you so!'"

"On the contrary, I fervently hope that I am mistaken."

"Why, I thought that you were eager for her to be married."

"I wished her to marry Owen Page five years ago, but I do not wish to see her marry Tom, Dick or Harry, and a Western Tom, Dick or Harry at that. Though, come to think of it, if she will marry a Westerner and stay West, I do not so much care."

Harold laughed again, so that his fat sides shook, and said, as he adjusted the pearl pin that adorned his necktie:

"You women are fearfully and wonderfully made."

Eleanor returned a few moments later and carried them on a tour of inspection before dinner. There was an air of complete tranquillity in the house at the moment, for the reason that the students had all gone to their rooms to make preparations for dinner, so that they had an excellent opportunity to see what there was to be seen, free from the distraction of human agencies. As they were emerging from the last recitation-room the clang of a bell announced that it was meal time and immediately after there was a rush of steps and hum of voices, which caused Emma to prick her ears with curiosity despite her preconceived intention to be shocked. In another instant a surging troop of youths and maidens was sweeping by in prattling but orderly course. Except that they were mixed, there was very little to distinguish them, either in their dress or bearing, from any body of students, save that the sight of so many young women together was novel to both of the Staggs.

Eleanor purposely detained her guests until the last of the procession had passed, and then escorted them into the large diningroom, on either side of the central aisle of which were rows of tables. The aisle was the dividing line between the sexes. On the right of it were the young men, and on the left the young women. At the farther end of the room were two other tables, slightly raised above and at right angles with the rest, to one of which Eleanor conducted her uncle and her aunt. These were reserved for the chief officers of instruction.

The Staggs were given seats next to Miss Johnson, who presently rose to say a few words of grace. Before she spoke, one could have heard a pin drop in the large hall. The moment after she had finished there was a perfect babel of voices, to the tune of which a file of young men and young women disappeared in the

direction of the kitchen, from which they emerged, a moment later, with plates of soup.

"The students take turns in waiting upon each other," Miss Johnson explained to Emma. "Every week there is a fresh corps of waiters and waitresses."

"I should like to ask if good looks are a requisite for admission, Miss Johnson," said Harold. "I should judge that they are, from the number of fine-looking young women I see—among the professors as well as the students," he added, as his glance ran along the tables where the instructors, of whom at least one-half were of the gentler sex, were seated. In their case there was no separation of the men from the women.

"We believe, too, that they are as meritorious as they are prepossessing," answered Miss Johnson.

"And not one of them, so far as I see, wears bloomers. My wife," he said, in a loud whisper intended for Emma's ears, "expected that they would all be homely and in bloomer costume."

"What rubbish, Harold!" Mrs. Stagg murmured, but she could not help looking a little confused.

Miss Johnson attempted to relieve the situation by saying that he must surely be exaggerating, for the reason that Mrs. Stagg was at least aware of her niece's charms, which brought a guilty blush to Emma's cheeks. But Harold diverted attention from her by exclaiming:

"It does sound, though, a little like a menagerie."

"And the women are certainly the most noisy," said Miss Johnson. "There is a distinction you must try to obliterate, Miss Baldwin, my dear, when the reins are in your hands."

The dinner was plain, but good. At its conclusion, Miss Johnson invited the visitors to take their coffee in her apartment, and afterward Eleanor conducted them through the dormitories and over the gymnasium, and finally to her own quarters, which consisted of a snug little parlor with an adjoining bedroom. It was a veritable student's den. Books and paper were in the ascendant, with a sufficient sprinkling, however, of feminine effects to produce an impression of coziness also. The bay window was supplied with a window-seat covered with cheerful chintz. A bust of the young Napoleon looked down from the mantelpiece, on either side of which were etchings by artists of repute.

Eleanor lit another tall lamp with a variegated shade and poked the fire into renewed energy.

"Here you see me," she exclaimed, gayly, "in the midst of my household gods."

"And very well off you seem to be," answered Harold, as he settled himself in one of the easy chairs and looked around him.

For a few moments Eleanor absorbed their attention with an inspection of her belongings, but presently, when Emma and she had followed Harold's example and seated themselves, she said after a pause:

"I am very glad that you were able to pay me a visit, Uncle Harold, because there is a matter I wish to speak to you about, especially."

CHAPTER XVIII.

As Eleanor finished, Emma rose demurely and said that she thought she would go to her own room for awhile.

"No, Aunt Emma, I should like you to stay and hear what I have to say. Three heads are sometimes better than two."

"Certainly, dear, if you prefer."

Eleanor waited a moment, as if doubtful how to begin, then she said: "You have both always been so very kind to me, so much like a father and mother, that I feel willing to come to you for counsel, in spite of the fact that it was not entirely with your sanction that I decided to become a teacher. I have come to a pass now where I really do not know how to act, and where—the worst of it is—that I do not see very well how any one can help me much, except myself," she added, with a despondent little laugh. "Still, I have not felt willing to accept the position which has been offered me until I had considered the matter carefully. Do you think it would be advisable for me to accept, Uncle Harold?"

Harold's brow had become contracted, as the result of his attempt to interpret this rather ambiguous address and, as a consequence, there was a resultant sternness in his response to the direct question, which completed it.

"Accept? I should say that you would be very foolish not to accept. Of course," he added, in the same tone, "I don't know what reasons you may have for being doubtful in the matter, but they ought to be pretty good ones to induce you to decline such a position."

"I don't know that I have any reasons," said Eleanor, gently. Then as her eyes encountered Emma's fixed searchingly upon her, she lowered them, and began to toy with the embroidery of the sofa cushion.

A man cannot very well manifest impatience so openly when another woman is beating about the bush, as when the offender is his wife, so that Harold felt constrained to limit his displeasure to a restless twist in his chair, and a still deeper frown. He detested indirect methods, and he

was on the point of saying to his niece that she had better out with her mystery whatever it was, when she broke the silence with the query: "Did you ever hear of a man named Prof. Struthers, Uncle Harold?"

Emma shot a glance of triumph at her husband and folded her arms. "Struthers? Struthers? The name seems familiar."

"Prof. William Struthers. He is an electrical engineer."

"The inventor of the Struthers storage battery? Why, certainly; I am one of his stockholders. He has made a very valuable invention. Yes, I have met him a number of times."

"So have I," said Eleanor, demurely. "I met him first when I was staying with Uncle Phin five years ago, and I saw him frequently when Uncle Phin was so ill; he helped to nurse him."

She stopped and there was another awkward silence.

"Well, dear?" said Emma from an admixture of excess of curiosity, womanly sympathy and fear lest Harold might be goaded into overt impetuosity by further delay.

Eleanor gave a little start as if she had been pricked by a pin, then she answered with an attempt at directness:

"The long and the short of it is that Prof. Struthers has asked me to marry him, and I—er—wished you to know this before I accepted—the presidency of Clavering."

"I see," said Harold, as she paused, though the puzzled expression of his countenance belied his words.

"You think it wise for me to accept, do you not, Uncle Harold?" she continued eagerly. "You approve of it—you consider it an honorable position?"

"I felt sure that you would think so. It has seemed so to me. There can be no doubt about it," she concluded, emphatically shaking her head. "Thank you very much, Uncle Harold."

"I am sure that I do not know exactly for what," he answered a moment later.

"For confirming my own impression as to what it was the wisest for me to do."

But it was not until Emma spoke that the look of mystification on Harold's face grew less.

"Eleanor means, my dear," said she, in a deliberate tone, "that she has had to decide between Prof. Struthers on one hand and the presidency on the other, and she has decided in favor of the latter."

Eleanor sighed and nodded acquiescence.

"I ought to say, though, that he is willing to change his residence and live here if I will only marry him. But that would be asking too much of him. It would not be right."

"I should think that it would never do," said Emma coldly.

"And therefore," Eleanor continued, "I am so glad that you agree with me and think that I am doing what is wise, Uncle Harold. You mustn't mind my crying," she added, realizing that her voice had suddenly broken down and that there were tears in her eyes. "It is merely nervousness, isn't it, Aunt Emma?"

"Certainly, dear. And it seems to me that you are acting very wisely."

"And it seems to me that I have very little idea what this is all about," said Harold.

"No matter," pursued Emma promptly. "We know, don't we, Eleanor?" she said, taking her hand in hers and stroking it softly. "And it is all decided, isn't it, dear?"

"Yes, it is all decided," was the girl's answer, accompanied with a fresh burst of tears, which made Harold look decidedly uncomfortable.

"Well, one thing is sure," he said, almost fiercely, "I give up attempting to understand women."

(To be continued.)

DWARF FRUIT TREES POPULAR.
Great Numbers of Them Used This Year for Holiday Decorations.
The production of diminutive fruit trees from a foot to a foot and a half high and bearing oranges, lemons and apricots barely the size of a marble has been greatly developed by the florists within the last year or two. There is scarcely a house in the fashionable residence district without some of these quaintly dwarfed trees in its holiday decoration, says the New York Sun.
If the trees are sound and are kept in an even temperature they will be beautiful for a month or six weeks. Great numbers of them were bestowed as Christmas gifts.
In growing these trees the main principle is to retard the flow of sap in the young trees. Whenever a new branch is in the act of formation its growth is kept back in various ways. The supply of water is the smallest possible allowance they can subsist on. And they are not permitted to enjoy abundant nourishment.
The pioneers of the species were imported years ago, but now they are grown so commonly in American greenhouses that numbers of them can be had at \$2 and \$3.

Ambiguous.

Representative William J. Sullivan of South Boston was billed to speak at a rally in South Boston one night for a worthy but poor young office-seeker.
He wanted to say something particularly good, and in the course of his remarks astonished all by declaring: "Mr. Soandso's word is as good as his bond, and he isn't worth a cent."
Consternation.

TOO MUCH TO BELIEVE.

Fond Mamma Could Understand Overcoat, but Trouser! Jenkins had left college, where he had lived rather fast, but now meditated matrimony and settling down. As an old aunt had died and left him a little money, and what was more natural than that he should redeem some of his many articles of clothing which he had deposited with his "uncle" in the days of necessity?

By sad mishap, however, that obliging relative forgot to remove the tickets, and this led to an embarrassing contretemps on his return home.

Full of kindness and pride for her dear boy, his mother, on his return to the paternal home, insisted on unpacking his boxes. In doing so she first discovered an overcoat with an ominous looking label upon it.

"What a nuisance!" said Jenkins, in answer to her expression of surprise. "They must have forgotten to take off the ticket at the ball at Smith's when I left my overcoat in the ante-room."

Mamma was satisfied; but when shortly afterwards she found a pair of trousers bearing a similar label, imagine the puzzled surprise with which she exclaimed:

"But surely, my darling, you didn't leave these in the ante-room, too?"

Rival Religionists.

A Roxborough man rode down on the train the other day behind two little schoolgirls, one of them a Methodist and the other an Episcopalian. They appeared to be much interested in church work, for their conversation concerned nothing but guilds, sewing circles, mite societies and aid clubs. They also appeared to regard each other's churches jealously. If one's mite society had forty-five members, the other's was sure to have fifty-five and so on. The Methodist little girl said finally to the Episcopalian: "We are holding our midwinter revivals now. There has been a great awakening." The other retorted, "We don't need awakenings in our church. We never go to sleep."—Philadelphia Record.

Sorry He Spoke.

He was dressed in a style that he regarded as most "fetching," and he persistently ogled the young woman sitting on the opposite side of the trolley. Finally he bent down and, lifting his hat, said:

"Beg pardon, but I'm sure I've met you somewhere."

"Oh, yes," began the young woman, in a pleasant voice.

"Delighted," broke in the youth, ecstatically.

"You are the young man who calls on our cook," continued the young woman in a clear voice. "I'll tell Bridget that I saw you."

His View of It.

"I have come, sir," said the debt-ridden nobleman, "to ask for the hand of your daughter."

"Well, now, say," returned the hard-headed American millionaire, "don't you suppose we can compromise this thing? If I pay your debts, will you get out and not bother us any more?"

"But, my dear sir—"

"Oh, that's all right. My daughter's future happiness is worth a good deal to me."

Vegetarian Diet for Orphans.

A year ago Berlin refused a bequest of \$25,000 for the establishment of an orphan asylum, the legacy being given on condition that the orphans should be brought up on a vegetarian diet. The city of Breslau has accepted the gift on those terms.

Rich American Dies in London.

John Temple Leader, an American, by birth and very wealthy, has just died in London. He owned the castle of Vincigliata, near Florence, which is fitted up magnificently in the medieval style.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen Sores, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Paper Railroads.

If all the railroads that are projected on paper could be built there would be no further complaint about the congestion of traffic.—Cleveland Leader.

In the long run, the only kind of help that really avails is the help which teaches a man to help himself.—President Roosevelt.

No chromos or cheap premiums, but a better quality and one-third more of Defiance Starch for the same price of other starches.

The summer girl who falls in love thinks she is having a warm time.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color Silk, Wool and Cotton at one boiling. A man thinks he knows, but a woman knows better. Tonsiline Cures Sore Throat. Labor is the corner stone of faith.

DOAN'S DEAL GENTLY.

Its the gentle and effective action of Doan's Kidney Pills in Kidney, Bladder, and Urinary troubles that make them famous with Men, Women, and Children.

MT. PLEASANT, OHIO.—I received the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills, and never had any medicine do me so much good in so little time. I had Congestion of the Kidneys and Bladder so severe it caused a pressure on the lungs like Asthma, but through the use of Doan's Pills I am free and easy now. Geo. W. SMITH, Veterinary Surgeon, P. O. Box 41, Mt. Pleasant, Ohio.

Aged people find Doan's Kidney Pills a great comfort for declining years. They cure incontinence and urinary weakness peculiar to children.

BAXTER SPRINGS, KANSAS.—I received the free sample of Doan's Kidney Pills. For five years I have had much pain in my back, which physicians said arose from the kidneys. Four boxes of Doan's Pills have entirely cured the trouble. I think I owe my life to these pills, and I want others to know it. SADIE DAVIS, Baxter Springs, Kansas.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, excessive, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills dissolve and remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness.

FREE—GOOD FOR OLD AND YOUNG.



FOSTER-MILBURN Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills. Name _____ Post-office _____ State _____ (Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.) Medical Advice Free—Strictly Confidential.

MRS. RATH'S BABY

Tired Mother's Touching Story of Anxiety and Suffering.

Cuticura Brings Blessed Cure to Skin Tortured Baby and Peace and Rest to Its Worn Out Mother.

It is no wonder that Mrs. Helena Rath was taken sick. Single-handed, she did all the housework and washed, cooked and mended for her husband, Hans, and their six children. After a plucky fight to keep on her feet, Mrs. Rath had to yield, and early in 1902 she took to her bed. What followed she told to a visitor, who called at her tidy home, No. 821 Tenth Ave., New York City.

"I hired a girl to mind the children and to do whatever else she could. I couldn't stay in bed long. Sick as I was, it was easier for me to crawl around than to lie and worry about my little ones. So I got up after a few days, and let the girl go. I had noticed that she had sores on her face, hands and arms, but I paid no attention to that until Charlie, my youngest, began to pick and scratch himself. He was then ten months old, and the girl had paid more attention to him than to any of the others. Charlie was fretful and cross, but as he was cutting teeth, I didn't think much of that. Even when a rash broke out on his face I wasn't frightened, because everybody knows that that is quite common with teething babies. Several of my others had it when little, and I thought nothing about it.

"But the rash on Charlie's poor little face spread to his neck, chest, and back. I had never seen anything quite like it before. The skin rose in little lumps, and matter came out. My baby's skin was hot, and how he did suffer! He wouldn't eat, and night after night I walked the floor with him, weak as I was. Often I had to stop because I felt faint and my back throbbled with pain. But the worst pain of all was to see my poor little boy burning with those nasty sores.

"I believed he had caught some disease from the girl; but some of the neighbors said he had eczema, and that is not catching, they told me. Yes, I gave him medicine, and put salves and things on him. I don't think they were all useless. Once in a while the itching seemed to let up a bit, but there was not much change for the better until a lady across the street asked me why I didn't try the Cuticura Remedies. I told her I had no faith in those things you read about in the papers. She said she didn't want me to go on faith nor even to spend any money at first. She gave me some Cuticura Ointment—I think the box was about half full—and a piece of Cuticura Soap. I followed

"Yes, that fat little boy by the window is Charlie, and his skin is as white as a snow flake, thanks to the Cuticura Remedies. I think everybody should know about the Soap and also the Ointment, and if it is going to help other mothers with sick babies, go ahead and publish what I have told you."

the directions, bathing Charlie and putting that nice Ointment on the sores.

"I wouldn't have believed that my baby would have been cured by a little thing like that. Not all of a sudden, mind you. Little by little, but so surely. Charlie and I both got more peace by day, and more sleep by night. The sores sort of dried up and went away. I shall never forget one blessed night when I went to bed with Charlie beside me, as soon as I got the supper dishes out of the way and the older children undressed; when I woke up the sun was streaming in. For the first time in six months I had slept through the night without a break.



MRS. HELENA RATH.

The agonizing, itching, and burning of the skin as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair, and crusting of the scalp, as in scalded head; the facial disfigurements, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy have made them the standard skin cures, blood purifiers and humor remedies of the civilized world.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the civilized world. PRICES: Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. per bottle (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60); Cuticura Ointment, 50c. per box, and Cuticura Soap, 25c. per tablet. Send for the great work, "Humours of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, and How to Cure Them," 64 pages, 200 illustrations, with Testimonials and Directions in all languages, including Japanese and Chinese, British Depot, 7-28 Charterhouse Sq., London, E.C. French Depot, 6 Rue de la Paix, Paris. Australian Depot, E. Towns & Co., Sydney. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Importers, Boston, U. S. A.

GINSENG

Farmers can make \$5,000 off of 1/2 acre if they will follow the direction of our little booklet, telling all about the most valuable crop that can be grown. Send 10c to learn how to begin. IMPERIAL GINSENG CO., 216 Law Bldg., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

210 Kinds for 16c.

It is a fact that Salzer's seeds are found in more gardens and on more farms than any other in America. There is a reason for this. We own and operate over 500 acres for the production of our choice seeds. In order to furnish you to try them we will send you the following unprecedented offer: For 16 Cents Postpaid 25 sorts wonderful onions, 25 sorts elegant cabbages, 15 sorts magnificent carrots, 15 sorts lettuce varieties, 25 rare radishes, 25 splendid beet seeds, 15 gloriously beautiful flower seeds. In all 210 kinds positively furnishing baskets of charming flowers and lots and lots of delicious vegetables. Together with our great catalogue telling all about Macaroni, Wheat, Hillside, Italian, Green, Tomato, Broccoli, Spinach, etc., all for only 16c. in stamps and this notice. Order need not be 60c. a pound. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

St. Jacobs Oil

Aches and Pains

Is the greatest remedy in the world for all bodily Aches and Pains for which an external remedy may be used. Price, 25c. and 50c.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY. Earn a Large Salary. Young men wanted to fill railroad and government positions. Thorough instruction. Expenses for course, 3 weeks tuition, board, room, including type work, only \$25. Positions guaranteed to graduates. Catalogues from Marion Telegraphic School, Box G.W., Marine, Ind.

THE FOUR-TRACK NEWS.
When the different members of the editor's family ask, "Why don't The Four-Track News come?" it is getting to be like Castoria, even "the children cry for it," and this tells the story. It is the most interesting publication that comes in our exchanges, and the reason is easily told. Mr. Geo. H. Daniels, the General Passenger Agent, who has charge of it, has the "Carriage faculty" of getting good men around him, who know their business, and the result is that in everything the publication department of the New York Central distributes, it is "all right."—Brooklyn (N. Y.) Journal.

The subscription price of "The Four-Track News" is 50 cents per year. A sample copy will be sent free for 5 cents by Geo. H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, Grand Central Station, New York.

SOUTHERN LANDS.
In Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky along the Southern Railway and the Mobile & Ohio Railroad affords the best opportunities for northern farmers and renters to secure cheap land in a healthy climate with the best markets and shipping facilities. Improved and unimproved lands at from five to twenty-five dollars per acre, suitable for general farming, stock raising, fruit and vegetables. Investigate conditions, or go and see. Reduced rates twice a month. Reading matter sent free upon application to T. B. Thackston, Agent, Land and Industrial Department, Southern Railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago.

Mysterious Grave.
There is a mysterious coffin-shaped grave in the churchyard at Montgomery, Ala., on which the grass refuses to grow. According to the local legend, a young man of Montgomery was hanged for murdering his sweetheart. He asserted to the last that he was not guilty, and, on the scaffold declared that no grass would grow over his grave until his innocence was proved. The prophecy, it is alleged, has been fulfilled to the present day.

With a Few Dollars
to invest, the farmer or artisan desirous of changing his location should investigate conditions in Missouri, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Texas. "Business Chances," and other interesting books telling of the prosperity and progress in the Great Southwest, free. Address "KATY," 804 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. Low Colonist Excursions from the North on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Official a Favorite of Fortune.
Consul George Sawter went to Guayaquil, Ecuador, to take the post left vacant by the death of Thomas Nast. Arriving there he discovered that yellow fever was raging and immediately took passage back to the United States. On landing in New York he found that another office had been seeking him in his absence. While still at sea he had been nominated by President Roosevelt as an assistant appraiser of merchandise at the port of New York.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 10c package contains 16 ozs., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

Very Likely.
He—There is one woman in this world who can thank me for rendering her happy for life.
She—Why, I didn't know you were married.
He—I'm not; I broke the engagement.

Chicago to Colorado.
New overland service via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Union Pacific line. Thro' sleeper and free reclining chair car to Denver from Chicago 10.25 p. m. daily. No changes, nor delays. Booklets and folder free.

FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines.

A. S. HANSON, G. P. & A., CHICAGO.

GENERAL WOOD ENTERS DENIAL

Files Statement Regarding the Charges Made by Major Rathbone.

COURTS AN INVESTIGATION
Declares His Willingness to Appear Before a Congressional Committee at Any Time to Have His Record in Cuba Made Public.

Washington dispatch: Gen. Wood, who is to sail from Boston this week for Manila, has filed with the secretary of war a statement regarding the charges made against him by Major Rathbone, former director general of Cuban posts. He further declared that he would furnish a copy of the statement to each member of the Senate Cuban committee, and announced his willingness to appear at any time before any congressional committee to refute any charges reflecting on his record in Cuba. The secretary had taken no official notice of Major Rathbone's charges, but General Wood objected to leaving the country without setting himself right.

Enters General Denial.
The general, in his statement, denies that he received any but purely personal gifts in Cuba. He admits attending the "Jai Allal," where the Spanish national game was played, saying that it was his policy to maintain cordial relations with the inhabitants of the island, including the Spaniards. The bishop of Havana, he says, conducted the service at the time the place was dedicated. Regarding the silver service presented him by Spanish merchants of Havana, he says it was admitted free of duty by General Bliss, then in charge of the customs service, first, because under the law no duty was collected on imports for officials and soldiers of the United States, and secondly, because the law provided also for the free importation of household goods and personal effects which were not to remain permanently in the island. As customs-houses already had been closed that the governor general might make a complete return of the funds in the treasury at the hour of the American evacuation, General Bliss could issue no bond for the admission of the gift, but he personally examined it and caused its free entry.

CRITICISES CLOTHES.
Brazilian Envoy Likes Everything American but Wearing Apparel.
Washington dispatch: The Brazilian minister to the United States likes everything in America but American clothes. The minister, Mr. De Assis Brazil, is about to return to his own country and is not expected to return to the United States five years," said Mr. De Assis Brazil, "and I am delighted that I have had the opportunity. I can truthfully say that in those five years I have learned more than I did in all the preceding years of my diplomatic career, which were spent in other countries. The American people are a wonderful people. They are energetic, industrious and clever. But, if I may criticize, they are too speedy; they do not give the attention to things which they deserve. For instance, all my clothes are of foreign manufacture. You excel in other matters; certainly you could excel also in those in which you are not deficient should you give the time to them. The relations between the United States and Brazil are to-day what they have been since the foundation of the republic—extremely friendly and cordial. Our interests make it impossible that they will ever change."

Decision for A. F. of L.
Washington dispatch: A decision handed down by Judge Hagner in an injunction case practically compels the subcontractors on a building who had engaged Knights of Labor to employ members of the American Federation of Labor, as provided for in the contract with the original contractors.

Protect American Interests.
Washington dispatch: The Navy Department has been advised by Acting Secretary of State Loomis that reports from the Dominican Republic and Hayti indicate that American interests there may be in need of protection. The Navy Department has ordered the cruiser Atlanta to proceed thence from Pensacola.

See Italian King.
Rome cablegram: King Victor Emmanuel received Lieutenant Commander Potts, the United States naval attaché, in private audience and conversed most cordially with the attaché, showing great interest in the progress of the United States navy and the recent maneuvers in West Indian waters.

Knife an Aid to Morality.
New York dispatch: Doctors removed a fluid tumor from the brain of Peter Giaculo, in the hope of restoring the moral and ethical sense of the patient, who has been deficient in these respects for the past few years.

Blow Open a Vault.
Paducah, Ky. dispatch: Robbers blew open the vault in the Deposit bank of Bardwell and secured \$5,000. The charge of dynamite was so strong that some of the currency was burned.

THE HAND OF FATE.

Blenkinsop's Limp Due to Sleeping in Haunted Room.
"Yes," said Jones, "Blenkinsop does limp. It is because he would sleep in a haunted room about a year ago. All went well till about two o'clock in the morning, when he awoke with the knowledge that the sticking gas-jet was filling the room with weird shadows, and that a blast of cold air was sweeping through the room. It was uncanny; but there was worse to come. Glancing at the foot of the bed he saw the dim outline of a hand on the bed-rail.
"Even his iron courage failed. Grasping a revolver he had provided in case of accidents, he pointed at the hand.
"Whatever ghost you may be," he quavered, "take your hand from the bed-rail, or I fire!"
"There was no reply, and no movement of the hand. Only the wind howled in the trees outside.
"Then bang!—bang!—went the pistol.
"And that, sir," finished Jones, "is why Blenkinsop limps. He shot off two of his own toes."

A Cure for Rheumatism.
Alhambra, Ill., March 23d.—Physicians are much puzzled over the case of Mr. F. J. Oswald of this place. Mr. Oswald suffered much with Rheumatism and was treated by doctor after doctor with the result that he got no better whatever. They seemed unable to do anything for him, and he continued to suffer till he heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills.
Mr. Oswald began a treatment of this remedy, which very soon did for him what the doctors had failed to do and they cannot understand it.
This is the same remedy that cured Hon. Fred A. Busse, our State Treasurer, of a very severe case of Rheumatism some years ago and which has since had an unbroken record of success in curing all forms of Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble.
There seems to be no case of these painful diseases that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure promptly and permanently.

That's What It Would.
If all the trees were cherry trees, And all parents were unwise Enough to present hatchets to Each boy of George's size, It would be tough on people who Are fond of cherry pies.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.
Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A Wholesale Bigamist.
In Warsaw (Poland) jail is a wholesale bigamist who is known to have gone through the marriage ceremony with seventeen women, all of whom are alive.

\$36.00 per M. Lewis' "Single Binder," straight 5c cigar, costs the dealer some more than other 5c cigars, but the higher price enables this factory to use higher grade tobacco.

A new hotel in New York city has a capacity for 1,200 guests and employs 1,800 servants.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDISLEY, Yonkers, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Niagara is worth \$1,000,000,000 as a source of electrical power.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure 25c.

A man seldom realizes how much he can't do until he tries.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It's far better to be disappointed in love than in marriage.

Tonsiline Cures Sore Throat.

Self-denial is the secret of delight.

DON'T GET BLUE

You may feel out of sorts, all run down, cross, irritable, headache, back ache, nervous, discouraged, blue—but you need not. Eat what you want, keep regular hours, get plenty of sleep and take a small dose of

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

after each meal. If constipated, take a tablespoonful before going to bed.

Mrs. Sarah A. McCracken, of Corning, Ohio, writes as follows: "While visiting in Taylorville, Ill., I came across your Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. I have used two and one-half bottles, and it has done me more good than all the medicine I have used for two years. Please let me know if you will send me three or four bottles and what it will cost to send it to Corning, Perry County, Ohio, and oblige."

Your druggist sells this remedy if he is a good druggist. 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Your Money Back If It Doesn't Benefit You

PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

HIDDEN CATARRH.
A Stealthy, Insidious, Weakening Enemy to Women—Many Thousand Women Suffer Needlessly From This Cause.

There are a multitude of women, especially housewives, and all other women obliged to be on their feet constantly, who are wretched beyond description, simply because their strength and vitality is sapped away by catarrhal discharges from the pelvic organs. These women get up in the morning tired, drag themselves through their daily duties, only to go to bed at night as tired as before.

Mrs. Eva Bartho, 133 East 12th Street, N. Y. City, N. Y., writes:—"I suffered for three years with what is generally known as leucorrhoea, in connection with ulceration of the womb. The doctors advocated an operation which I dreaded very much, and strongly objected to go under it. Reading of the value of Peruna, I thought it best to give this well-known remedy a trial, so I bought three bottles of it at once. Now I am a changed woman. Peruna cured me! I took nine bottles, but I felt so much improved I kept taking it, as I dreaded an operation so much. I am to-day in perfect health, and have not felt so well for fifteen years."—Mrs. Eva Bartho.

MISS LOUISE MAHON.



Miss Louise Mahon, 3 Glen Ballie Street, Toronto, Ont., Canada, Secretary of the Kincaid's Daughters and Secretary of Lady Macneil's Daughters writes:—"If all women knew of the benefits to be derived from taking Peruna we would have many happier and more healthful women. My health has never been so robust, and I am easily fatigued and can not stand much. About a year ago I was so run down that I had to take to my bed, and became weaker and weaker. A friend advised me to try Peruna, and I have great reason to be grateful, for in two weeks I was out of bed and in a month I was perfectly well, and I now find that my health is much more robust than formerly, so that I take Peruna once or twice a month and keep well."—Louise Mahon.

Peruna is such a perfect specific for each case that when patients have once used it they can never be induced to quit it until they are permanently cured. It begins to relieve the disagreeable symptoms at once. The backache ceases, the trembling knees are strengthened, the appetite restored, the digestion made perfect, the dull headache is stopped and the weakening drains are gradually cured. These results certainly follow a course of treatment with Peruna.

Barbara Alberty, corner Seventh and Walnut streets, Appleton, Wis., writes as follows in regard to Peruna: "For years I have suffered with backache and severe pains in the side. I doctored so much that I became discouraged. A school friend told me how very much Peruna had benefited her and I sent out for a bottle, which did more to relieve me than all the other medicine I have ever

MRS. EVA BARTHO.



MRS. KATE MANN.



Mrs. Kate Mann, 806 Bathurst Street, Toronto, Ont., Can., Vice President of the Ladies Aid Society, writes:—"I am pleased to give praise to Peruna for the blessed relief I found through its use. I suffered for years with backache and dragging down pains and often had to go to bed and stay there when I was so busy that I could only be spared. It was therefore a simple godsend to me when Peruna was brought to my notice. Every drop seemed to give me new life, and every dose made me feel much better, and I promised myself that if I found that it cured me I would advocate it so that other suffering women should know of it. I have been in perfect health for one year. I enjoy work and pleasure because in such fine health, and no trouble seems too heavy to bear when you are in good health. Peruna has simply been a household blessing, and I never will be without it again."—Mrs. Kate Mann.

MRS. ANNA MARTIN.



MRS. ANNA MARTIN.

taken. I used it faithfully for two weeks and it completely cured me. I have not had any pains since, anywhere, but feel like a new woman. I am truly thankful for what Peruna has done for me."—Barbara Alberty.

Mrs. Anna Martin, 47 Hoyt St., Brooklyn N. Y., writes:—"Peruna did so much for me that I feel it my duty to recommend it to others who may be similarly afflicted. About a year ago my health was completely broken down, had backache, dizziness and irregularities, and life seemed dark indeed. We had used Peruna in our home as a tonic, and for colds and catarrh, and I decided to try it for my trouble. In less than three months I became regular, my pains had entirely disappeared, and I am now perfectly well."—Mrs. Anna Martin.

MRS. KATE MANN.

Mrs. Wm. Hetrick, Kennard, Washington County, Neb., writes: "I am fifty-six years old and have not felt well since the Change of Life began ten years ago. I was in misery somewhere most of the time. My back was very weak, and my flesh so tender it hurt me to lean against the back of a chair. I had pain under my shoulder-blades, in the small of back and hips. I sometimes wished myself out of this world. Had hot and cold spells, dizziness and trembling of the limbs, and was losing flesh all the time. After following your directions and taking Peruna I now feel like a different person."—Mrs. Wm. Hetrick.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Peruna can be purchased for \$1 per bottle at all first class drug stores. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

BROMO-SELZER
CURES ALL Headaches
10 CENTS--EVERYWHERE

REAL ESTATE
IMPORTANT AND URGENT.
I own as good a farm as there is in Iowa, containing 67 acres located in Keosauqua Township, Monona County, five miles from Iowa Falls, Iowa. The farm is in Turin, both good railroad towns, which I will sell for \$70 per acre if taken soon, part cash and balance on long time at reasonable rate of interest. Good house, crib, barn, etc. A new large barn will be built at once. For corn, small grain or hay there is no better. The west line is a river, but the farm does not overflow. The farm will be considered cheap at \$100 per acre inside of five years. The usual commission will be paid to the real estate agent who first brings me a buyer. Address Z. T. LINDSEY, President Inter-State Rubber Co., OMAHA, Neb.

SAFETY AND PROFIT.
We offer you both in farms in southwestern Minnesota and the Dakotas. We have bargains. No. 1. 600 acre one mile from Amberg, Minn. Improvements worth \$7,500. Never failing spring stream; the soil; splendid net, neighborhood. Price \$57.50 per acre. No. 2. 80 acres three miles from two railroad towns in Lac Qui Parle County, Minn. 700 cultivated, balance fine pasture; fine house, barn and grove, price \$28. per acre. No. 3. 160 acres in North Dakota, price \$1,600. No. 4. 160 acres in South Dakota, price \$2,500. Other choice home farms for sale. Liberal terms arranged. **LANDS LAND AGENCY, Canby, Minnesota.**

SAFE. Paying Investments can be made in Muskegon on and Oceana counties within the famous fruit belt of Western Michigan. Fruit farms of 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60 acres and smaller, also fruit and other unimproved land. Resort property with lake frontage. 45 acres unplatted land within city limits; low price to close estate. Other bargains in houses, vacant lots and factory sites in this the most thriving city on the east shore of Lake Michigan. No exaggeration. Write **W. H. LAMB, Real Estate, Muskegon, Mich.**

360 ACRES fine stock or dairy farm, watered by Richford River, 1 mile from town. 200 acres hay land, 25 tame; new house, cow barn and outbuildings; high school privileges. A bargain, \$6,500. Easy terms if sold by May 1st. **E. E. SALK, Real Estate, Muskegon, Mich.**

CHARLES R. DUXBURY, ELKHORN, WISCONSIN. I am an earnest, intelligent, energetic American people just what every one is looking for at this time, viz.: Good improved farms in well settled districts, near schools, churches, markets and railroads, at from \$10 per acre. This land is in the centre of the grandest wheat belt in the world. A small cash payment down, balance on time. A chance of a lifetime.

WANTED—Military Land Warrants. \$5 paid persons telling me who has one whether I buy or not. **E. K. KELLEY, Sold Bids., Kansas City, Mo.**

AGENTS.
ANY MAN OR WOMAN can make lots of money selling "Syrma Rugs." Write for full information at once to **E. S. MAXWELL, Cleveland, Ohio.**

AGENTS for Binette, a great household novelty, cheap samples and full particulars. The art of **FERRIN NOVELTY CO., Box 703, Providence, R. I.**

AGENTS Latest and best household article. Sold only by agents, lady or gentlemen; large profits; write Raymond Novelty Supply, 1703 Wellington Av. Chicago.

WOMEN WEAR THE "QUEEN PIN HOOK" with shirtings, for that "lip from" effect. Sent for \$1. Agents wanted. **J. W. MacQueen, Winnetka, Ill.**

Can You See Any Difference

in this batch of bread? There isn't any. The same invariableness runs through every batch of bread made from Gold Medal Flour—but it's in inward goodness, not outward appearance. Every loaf of bread is the same—it's as good as good can be. It's as good to-day as yesterday—the best and always the best.

You can count on a good batch of bread every time you use

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S Gold Medal Flour

and you can count on its being a more nutritious batch of bread than you ever had with any other flour.

WASHBURN-CROSBY COMPANY, Minneapolis, Minn.

WESTERN CANADA GRAIN CROWING, MIXED FARMING.

FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Reason Why more wheat is grown in Western Canada in a few short months than elsewhere, is because vegetation grows in proportion to the hours of the sun. The more northerly latitude in which grain will come to perfection, the better it is. Therefore 62 lbs. per bushel is as fair a standard as 60 lbs. in the East. Area under crop in Western Canada, 1902, 1,987,300 Acres. Yield, 1902, 127,322,754 Bu. **HOMESTEAD LANDS OF 160 ACRES FREE,** the only charge for which is \$10 for making entry. Abundance of water and fuel, building material cheap, good grass for pasture and hay, a fertile soil, sufficient rainfall, and a climate giving an assured and adequate season of growth.

Send to the following for an Atlas and other literature, and also for certificate giving you reduced freight and passenger rates, etc., etc. Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Bourcree, 430 Quincy Building, Chicago, J. O. Duncan, Room 6, Big Four Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind., or T. O. Currie, Calahan Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis., the authorized Canadian Government Agents.

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.
THE MILWAUKEE COUNTY HOSPITAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES. (Incorporated under the laws of the State of Wisconsin.) OFFERS FREE TUITION, BOARD, AND CASH ALLOWANCES to intelligent women between the ages of 23 and 33 years. After graduation good nurses easily can be made. **\$20 to \$25 PER WEEK.** Requirements for admission: Good English education and good moral character. Address: Superintendent, Milwaukee County Hospital, Wauwatosa, Wis.

Illustrated with Thompson's Eye Water.

MISCELLANEOUS.
THE YOUNG MAN'S cleaning and disinfecting material, sprays and external inflammations; 50c per bottle. Price 50c; trial bottle 10c. Circulars free. The Tyro Chemical Co., Warden Bldg., Washington, D. C.

\$125 PER MO. "Sogaring" the modern sweetie candy. No more sugar; instead there is honey. Agents wanted. Sample 10c. G. W. Gardner, Distributing Agt., 1800 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

ALUMINUM \$1.00 PALE Will not rust or tarnish. Gold plated or silver plated. All have best quality. **A. R. Chamberlin, Optical Artist, Aurora, Ill.**

SHEET MUSIC.
Three excellent pieces of sheet music. (Instrumental for the Piano or Organ, are just from the press)

"MARIETTA TWO-STEP."
"TABOR VALLEY TWO-STEP."
"PANSY WALTZ."

In order to introduce these pieces of sheet music, which are worth 75 cents, face your community, we offer the three upon receipt of only 30 cents, postage paid. Send all orders to the publishers.

C. V. STRICKLAND & SON, Huntington, Ind.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 13, 1903.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY
 TRUSTEES:
 JOHN C. PLAGGE.....HENRY DONLEA
 WILLIAM PETERS.....JOHN ROBERTSON
 WILLIAM GRUNAU.....J. H. HATJE
 CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT
 TREASURER.....H. K. BROCKWAY
 POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
 ATTORNEY.....FRANK ROBERTSON
 MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA

FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1903.

Some people never make mistakes
Nor get involved in strife;
They may be very happy, but
They lead a lonely life.

Smith Carver has moved his family to Chicago.

Odd Fellows installation of officers next Thursday evening.

Read the new ad of Lipofsky Bros. in this issue. They offer bargains.

The Deutscher Verein will give a party and dance Easter Monday, April 13th.

Services in St. Ann's Catholic church Sunday, March 29, 1903, at 9 o'clock.

For Sale—Large sorrel team of work horses; weight about 2,800. Inquire at Schwemm Bros.

The storm of Monday night played havoc with telephone, electric light and telegraph wires.

The Class of '03 of Barrington High school talk of giving an entertainment of some kind next month.

The Mission Circle of the W. R. C. will meet at the G. A. R. hall for work next Wednesday afternoon.

The Sunday school of the M. E. church are preparing an Easter program, to be given the evening of April 12.

The Eminent Ladies will hold their next regular meeting Wednesday evening, April 1. All members are requested to be present.

W. Z. Jones, of Platte City, Mo., has purchased the coach horse owned by H. H. Church for \$600. The horse was shipped to Platte City yesterday.

At the M. E. church next Sunday morning the pastor will preach from Isaiah, 55, 13; in the evening from John 4, 53. The public is invited to these services.

The next regular meeting of the Mystic Workers will be held Saturday evening. A fine program has been prepared. Every member is requested to be present.

The marriage of Samuel Lipofsky and Miss Bessie Schneider will take place at Chicago Sunday. A number of Mr. Lipofsky's Barrington friends are going to witness the nuptials.

A New York preacher shows how a minister may live on \$12 a month. A man who can do that is wasting his talents in the ministry. He ought to be in the newspaper business.

Railroad men say that since last autumn the amount of freight carried over this division of the Chicago & Northwestern railway system has been the largest in the history of the road.

The department for deaf and dumb children of the Yale school, Chicago, will hold a bazaar next week, the funds from which will be used for the benefit of the school. Charlie Jahn is attending that school.

Will Hager, engineer of the water works plant, has decorated the steam pipes and machinery at the pumping station until it looks as pretty and attractive as a Barrington girl of 17 in a white dimity gown cut decollete.

Henry Kirmse, collector for the town of Cuba, returned his books Monday. The delinquent tax amount to \$1,036.18. The tax on property owned by the Chicago Highland association was \$881.32 and returned delinquent.

The W. R. C. met in regular session Wednesday afternoon, and two more candidates were added to their number, making them an even half hundred. In the evening a royal good time was enjoyed by all at the home of Mrs. F. E. Hawley.

Stereoptican lecture will be given at the Baptist church Monday evening at 7 o'clock by Sufei Miyamori, a Japanese on Japanese customs, native religions, education, etc. Lecturer will sing in native language and wear costume. Admission free. All welcome.

The Board of Education has issued an order that all children attending the schools must be vaccinated during the next ten days or be suspended from school. This order is causing complaint from the children, but the doctors—they are not making any remonstrance but are ready to vaccinate at 50c a subject.

Lipofsky Bros. have purchased the business property occupied by them, also that occupied by Alverson & Groff and P. N. Williams, of William How-

ard for a consideration of near \$5,000. Mr. Howarth has owned the property since 1856. It is not unlikely that a brick block will be erected on the lots in the future. Lipofsky Bros. are energetic, pushing business men, attracting a fine patronage and propose to some day have a modern building.

H. H. Alger, of Bloomington, will address the people of Barrington this (Friday) evening in the Baptist church, his subject being, "That Boy." On Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock he will give the boys and girls a chalk talk, and on Sunday morning and evening will occupy the pulpit in the Baptist meeting house, also giving the boys and girls a picture sermon at 3 o'clock on that day. Following the address on Friday evening there will be an informal discussion on Sunday school methods.

In another column will be found the call for an "Anti-Saloon" caucus. The question of license or no license will be placed squarely before the people, and we shall see if a great number will practice at the ballot box what they preach on the street. It has been proclaimed from the pulpit and in the Sunday school that the temperance element of the village was strong enough to defeat those candidates for office who favored the liquor traffic, if given an opportunity to vote on the straight issue. There is no denying the claim, but when it comes to voting—that's another story.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Enoch Colby was a Chicago visitor Thursday.

Miss Cora Burtis has returned home from a visit at Ord, Neb.

Mrs. J. W. Bennett visited with relatives in Chicago Thursday.

A. W. Meyer has been confined to his home by illness the past week.

Tony Wolf, of Chicago, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kirmse Sunday.

Mrs. Robert Purcell has been visiting at Baraboo, Wis., the past week.

Miss Ruth Meyer is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Harrower, at Chicago.

Mrs. Charles A. Ferguson of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of Miss Elsie Costello.

Misses Anna and Lillian Maloney, of Chicago, are guests at the home of Dr. Weichelt.

Harrison, son of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Wilmer, who has been very sick, is slowly improving.

Mrs. M. A. Bennett and son, Durand, of Chicago, visited with relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas Hungerford of Belvidere is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. V. Perry, this week.

Mrs. F. H. Plagge, who has been very ill during the past week, is reported as recovering.

Joe Weimuth and Henry Kirmse visited with friends in Chicago Tuesday and Wednesday.

Herman Senler and Julius Kirmse, of Chicago, visited at the home of Henry Kirmse Thursday.

Misses Sadie Krahn and Georgia Topping united with the W. R. C. at the meeting Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Snyder and son John, of Mayfair, visited with her sister, Miss Margaret Lamey, Sunday.

Charles Kenyon and family, who have made their home here some time past, have removed to Chicago.

Mrs. John Bush and daughter, of Wisconsin, has been visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Plagge.

Mr. and Mrs. Wooding and daughter Hazel returned Monday from a visit with relatives in the central part of the state.

Lawrence Donlea has resigned his position as car inspector at this station and will probably take position as brakeman.

Mrs. Jacob Bauer and daughter, Miss Margaret, of Chicago, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Walterscheid Sunday.

Harry Frick and wife returned to Otter Lake, Mich., Monday, where he will re-open the dairy factory and conduct it during the summer months.

Samuel Lageschulte, who has been visiting his parents and friends at Barrington, returned to his home at Randolph, Neb., Thursday of last week.

Rev. J. Fidler has been reappointed to the pastorate of Salem church in this village. His many friends will be pleased to learn that he is to remain here another year.

Bert Gleske has resigned his position with the American Type Founders Co., Chicago, and entered the employ of Wm. McMillan & Son, building stone contractors, Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Colby, of Chicago, were guests of Mrs. Colby's mother, Mrs. M. E. Jukes, over Sunday. Mr. Colby is a musician attached to a regiment now garrisoned at Fort Sheridan.

THE BLIZZARD

Paid This Section a Most Unwelcome Visit Monday Evening.

A gentleman who had twice circled the globe, once told the writer that there was no other place that he had visited or heard of where climatic changes were so frequent as in the immediate vicinity of Chicago. The weather bureau reports prove that statement.

Last Friday straw hats, robins, open work hose, bluebirds and oxfords were in evidence. Preparations were going forward for lawn parties and cultivation of onion beds. A suffering public was returning to providence for deliverance from the grip of the coal barons, when the weather man displayed the black flag or storm signal.

The threatened storm did not arrive on schedule time but held back for a couple of days. When it did come it knocked the infant spring off its pedestal and sent chills rushing up and down the spinal column of saint as well as sinner.

The oldest inhabitant said "It's just what I expected," and told of what happened in the month of March '49. The storm was severe as any of the past winter, but of short duration. Rain began to fall Monday afternoon and in a few moments turned into a genuine South Dakota blizzard that drove the snow into every nook and corner, caused pedestrians to seek shelter and fires rekindled. The wind blew a gale and tangled wires to the extent of interfering greatly with telegraph and telephone communication. The frigid weather continued during Tuesday, but Wednesday it moderated and since then the conditions have been more agreeable.

It is announced by the weather mixers that no more blizzards or cold waves will visit us this spring, and while we hope the prediction may prove true we advise the public to not put too much faith in the prophecies of the weather man or make a change to gauze underwear, because the grip, pneumonia, rheumatism and doctors are seeking victims.

Death of Ward B. Farrar.

Ward B. Farrar, who for the past 6 years has been a confirmed invalid, owing to a severe stroke of paralysis, died at his home on Grove avenue last evening at 7:30 o'clock, aged 81 years.

The decedent was born at Holden, Mass., February 22, 1822, and had been a resident of Cook county for 30 years, a citizen of this village since 1875. In June, 1864, he married Miss Lydia Bryen at Fort Wayne, Ind., who with one son, George H. Farrar, and one daughter, Mrs. Walter J. Harrower, both of Chicago, survive.

The funeral will be held from the family residence tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

Fifth grade, roll of honor for March: Leroy Wagner, Sandford Riecke, Milton Kampert, Arthur Moorhouse, Fred Sandman, Tillie Broemelkamp, Edith Rieck, Mabel Schaedel, Florence Colten, Ethel Wilmer.

Only a Scare.

It does beat all how some people will make a mountain out of a mole hill. Some weeks ago a young man familiarly known as Bumpus or Rumpus, an employe at the Malleable Iron Works, was taken ill at the home of Charles Homuth where he boarded.

A physician, after careful examination, said the man showed the first symptoms of smallpox, but there was no need of alarm. The house was quarantined but the patient escaped and went to his home in Ohio. Soon after advices from Dayton, Ohio, were received to the effect that Bumpus was suffering of smallpox in the pest house there.

Immediately the grapevine telegraph line in this village was burdened with all sorts of reports, not one of which contained a vestige of truth.

There was a scare. Many women purchased asafetida, camphor and a lot of other "sure preventatives" and the men—they threw an extra dash of angostura into the drinking water (?) drank larger portions than usual and took chances.

Don't go into hysterics over the mutterings of gossips. There is no sign of smallpox or other dread disease in Barrington.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS

Will be Held Tuesday, April 7th—A Light Vote Predicted.

There never was a caucus or election held the result of which pleased everybody, and what is more such a condition will never prevail. The caucuses held last Friday in the towns of Barrington and Cuba were well attended, considering the condition of roads and threatening weather, and if street talk is anything to judge by, some of the nominees will receive a half-hearted endorsement.

In Barrington township several aspirants for office, who claim that they were run over by "the machine," (just think of there being such a thing in that township,) are going about with ugly looking dirks up their sleeves and prose to cut the regular ticket into shoe strings. The office most sought

for is that of Collector. There were a number of announced candidates but a dark horse—Geo. Jenks—was pushed (that is the word that best expresses the complaint of the others in the race) under the wire a nose ahead.

A. R. Smith and Orlo Loomis were after the plum and had strong support when Mr. Jenks quietly marches his phalanx up to the ballot box. The vote was a close one—Jenks 34; Smith 33; Loomis 31. According to the general order of caucus management in that township, Mr. Jenks was declared the nominee.

Messrs. Smith and Loomis claim, and it seems they are justified in the claim, that the ballot should have been declared informal, and a second or formal ballot taken. Now the gentlemen will run as petition candidates and promise to keep the regular candidate busy on election day.

Mr. Fairchild, nominee for highway commissioner, will have opposition in the person of Wm. Krumfuss who is out on petition.

The ticket nominated is a good one, and the renomination of A. H. Boehmer as supervisor, Leroy Powers as clerk and John C. Plagge as assessor, each by acclamation, is a flattering endorsement of those gentlemen as public officials.

Not All Serene in Cuba.

In the township of Cuba there is heard mutterings of discontent—not because there was a taint of machine tactics, but because things did not pan out as scheduled by a number of aspirants for official life. The collectorship was the coveted office. Edward Riley, who has led many a caucus fight for his friends but always refused to take office, appeared in the field early this spring as a candidate for collector and there were many who were willing to bet that Ed would win easily. A. J. Cornwell from the north section, who had been before the caucus a year ago, claimed that his section was entitled to the persimmon and he was guaranteed support sufficient to land high and dry. Henry Riecke made no advance claims, only that he had been turned down last spring fairly, and wanted to see if he would meet the same fate this year.

The Cornwell forces either got easily frightened at the warriors from Rileyville and Riecke's guard, or Mr. Cornwell overestimated his strength, for he was low man on the first ballot result of which was Riley 39; Riecke 37; Cornwell 18. If the caucus had been held according to the Barrington idea Riley would have won—but it wasn't. The second ballot Riley 48; Riecke 47; Cornwell 2. That didn't settle the battle only as far as Cornwell was concerned—he was carried off the field. The third ballot, Riecke 49; Riley 43, decided a stubborn fight.

Now the highway commissioner is the bone of contention in Cuba township. John Daley was the candidate of a number from the extreme north end of the town, and was opposed by Charles Grom and W. O. Shumacher. The contest was a spirited one, three ballots being taken before a choice was made. The contingent that supported Mr. Riley for collector was for Grom. Mr. Daley made an excellent run in the caucus and is of the opinion that he can defeat Mr. Grom, the regular nominee, at the polls and is out as a petition candidate. If the claim made by friends of Mr. Daley has any foundation, there is apt to be a sharp skirmish at the polls.

Fred Kirschlner, renominated without a protest, by acclamation, for assessor, deserved the endorsement. While there is dissatisfaction, as is always manifested after the caucus, the voters will be in line for the regular nominees on April 7.

Village Caucus.

A people's caucus will be held at the village hall Saturday evening, April 4, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following village offices: President of the board, three trustees and village clerk. LEWIS H. BENNETT, Village Clerk.

County Camp Meets April 1.

The County Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America will this year be held at Grayslake next Wednesday, April 1. Arrangements for the meeting have not been made known as yet to the camps of Lake county but no doubt will be this week.

This year's session will be an important one as upon the delegates elected to go to the State camp depends the presentation of Lake county's attitude in opposition to the proposed readjustment of assessment rates.

Town Auditor's Meeting.

The board of town auditors of the town of Cuba will meet in the village of Barrington on Tuesday, March 31, 1903, for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the town officers and passing upon bills against said town. All persons having bills against the town will please present the same to Miles T. Lamey, supervisor, or to J. F. GIESKE, Town Clerk.

Bicycles.

New and second-hand. I will be home to do bicycle repairing one day each week and every evening.

T. H. CREECH.

THE PARAMOUNT ISSUE

With Farmers and Merchants—The Improvement of Highways.

The need of better roads is now recognized by the farmers. It has taken years of agitation to bring this paramount issue to the front, but it is now a question in which the farmer, merchant and traveling public have agreed must be settled and settled right.

The rain and mud of the past three weeks have put the highways leading through the country districts in a deplorable condition and given an object lesson of how essential it is to have a system of roads fit to travel upon.

There are some good roads in the townships of Barrington and Cuba, roads that have cost thousands of dollars, but this spring they have been put to a severe test and have not withstood the same. It will require a large outlay of money to put them in condition for travel.

In order to make the roads what they should be, the commissioners should be given a liberal allowance for the work. No money can be expended in a better cause than for the permanent improvement of the public highways.

In the towns of Cuba and Ela a proposition for special gravel tax is to be voted on at the coming election, and the proposition should carry unanimously.

Some taxpayers say, "We are no worse off than other sections of the country hereabouts."

That is true, but it does not help the matter. For 25 years commissioners have piled dirt and gravel on the highways at an enormous expense still the conditions of the past few weeks make the average citizen wonder what has been done with the road taxes.

The subject of hard roads must be taken up and a few miles built each year, and soon every main highway will be in condition for use at any season of the year. Had the system been inaugurated 15 years ago our roads today would be in excellent shape.

Anti-Saloon Caucus.

There will be an Anti-Saloon caucus held in the village hall, Monday evening, March 30, 1903, at eight o'clock.

All voters interested in the cause of temperance are requested, ye urged, to be present to nominate a ticket to be voted at the spring election.

FRANK DOHMEYER,
FRED WISEMAN
H. A. HARNDEN,
M. B. MCINTOSH,
H. J. ROLOFF,
JOHN MYERS,
W. H. TUTTLE.

Farm for Rent.

I will rent my 150 acre farm for cash. Located one mile north-east of Cary station, call on me at Dundee, Ill., or write me P. O. box 186, Dundee, Ill.

JOHN LEMKE.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Reese were given a pleasant surprise at their home last Saturday evening, 50 of their friends and neighbors being present. The evening was pleasantly spent in various amusements and a bountiful repast served.

It is truly said that "the blood is the life" and that health depends upon the blood. If you want the purest blood that ever flowed through the veins of a human being take Cole's Blutbildner. It builds up the system

Take up a Money Earning Accomplishment.

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Does not require years to learn, but a few weeks.

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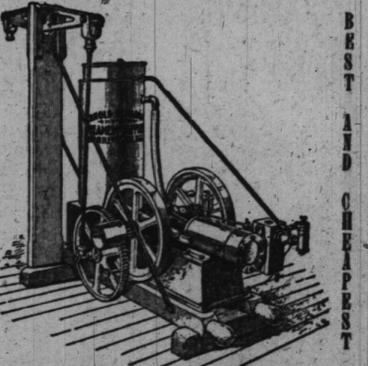
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and cures diseases resulting from a deranged and inactive condition of the stomach, liver and kidneys. It is a perfect cure for Rheumatism—guaranteed.—Try it. \$1.00 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

House-Keepers' Sales.

100 sample night robes, dollar value at 60c. Mill sale of ladies' hose, white feet, plain and ribbed tops, choice 10c. Lot of \$1 silk foulards now 35c yard. 36 misses' spring weight 75c union suits, now 49c. Men's entire suits 49c. 2,000 yds. fancy wool braids 1c yd. Children's cotton dresses sizes 2 to 14, 25, 49 and 75c. Ladies white lawn shirt waist suits, entire suit, \$1.78. Children's spring jackets sizes 4 to 14, at 98c, \$1.29 and 1.69. Ladies factory sale of kid gloves at 49c. 250 pairs of lace curtains, full sizes, at 49c, 75c, 98c, \$1.29 and 1.69. Exceptional values. Offered for two weeks. Men's fancy shirts, 50c qualities, at 39c. Men's wool trousers 98c. Fine worsteds at \$1.49 and 1.69. 2,000 pairs on sale.

CONFIRMATION SUITS.

Suits made after our own plans, best of linings and perfect in styles and workmanship, not the ordinary ready made suits. All wool goods only. Sold at \$3.98, 4.98, 6.48 and 6.95.

SPECIAL \$2.69 SALE.

Special assortment of all wool dress skirts, blacks and colors, worth up to \$4, at our price, now, \$2.69.

C. F. HALL CO., Dundee, Ill.

Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels—health—is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get this reliable remedy at H. T. Abbott's. Price 25c and 75c.

The Review \$1.50 a year.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal.

Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45.

Baptist.

Rev. J. C. Garth, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Salem Evangelical.

Sunday services at 10:30 and 7:45 every Sunday. Sunday School at 9:15. Junior meeting Monday at 7:30. Young Peoples' meeting Tuesday at 7:45. The Monday and Tuesday meetings are conducted in English. Rev. J. G. Fidler, Pastor.

Zion Evangelical.

Rev. Wm. Klingbeil, Pastor. Services each Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10 o'clock.

St. Ann's Catholic.

Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.

Rev. Alfred Menzel, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.