

# THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 16. NO. 19

BARRINGTON ILL, SATURDAY JULY 20, 1901.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## PALATINE LOCALS

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Rob Flury is taking a vacation. I. M. Kuebler is putting city water into his residence.

Miss Adams of Chicago visited with friends here Thursday.

Emma Godknecht is visiting Millie Ahlgrim in Racine, Wis.

Charles Dean has sold his pacer to a Chicago party this week.

H. C. Matthei & Co. have installed a cash register in their store.

Misses Clara and Marion Taylor are visiting friends in Marley, Ill.

Members of the Athletic club will go to Milwaukee by boat August 4.

Dr. G. A. Lytle and wife of Barrington visited his folks here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Catlow of Evanston visited relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. Wortman of Sheridan, Ill., is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. H. Lytle.

Wm. Wilson expects to take a short vacation from post office duties soon.

Only bakery in Palatine for sale. Call on or address A. G. Smith, Palatine.

Charles Dean will start on the circuit with Mr. Boyle's fast horses next week.

Miss Minnie Sawyer returned Tuesday from a week's visit with Chicago friends.

Henry Harnening will move on the Thomas farm, now occupied by Mr. Henning.

Henry Bicknase and wife returned from a visit with Chicago friends, Wednesday.

Misses Kate and Henrietta Miller of Arlington Heights visited friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Hopkins and Miss Coultron have been entertaining a sister for several days.

Mrs. John Swick returned to her home in Houghton, Mich., the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Jonathan Wilson and daughter Dorothy were Chicago visitors the first of the week.

Will Brockway is hustling for the North-Western road at the Des Plaines camp ground station.

Attorney M. D. Brown of Chicago, a former resident here, was in town on business Saturday.

Rob McCabe of Chicago was in town Tuesday and attended his brother's wedding in Barrington.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seip and a party of friends went to Racine by boat to visit over Sunday.

Mr. Wagner, of the firm of Meyer & Wagner, has rented D. B. Wood's residence and will move to Palatine soon.

Hosea Sawyer acted as best man at the wedding of Prof. Banta to Miss Minnie Muller at Arlington Heights Wednesday.

Mrs. R. G. Lytle, Mrs. Wortman of Sheridan, Mrs. L. Miller and Mrs. A. G. Smith and children drove to Libertyville Tuesday for a two days visit.

The frame work on Schoppe's store addition is completed and the work will be finished rapidly. It will make a big addition of room and a splendid store.

Rev. W. H. Smith and wife of Nunda passed through here Wednesday on their way to Northern Wisconsin, where they will visit their son for a week.

Otto Bollman of Racine, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. P. H. Matthei, started for the Philippine Islands Tuesday, where he has a government position.

Mayor A. S. Olms has gone on a vacation to St. Paul and other points and will return we suppose, with a big load of fish. He has a druggist in his store during his absence.

Palatine is keeping up with up-to-date cities. Two of our citizens found letters on their doorsteps Wednesday morning telling them to pay \$100 in a box and take it to Mrs. West's field north of town at 10 o'clock at night. Dr. Muffat and Ed Converse were the two selected by the fierce robbers to hand over their money or have their property burned to the ground. The letters were in disguised hand-printing and were taken seriously by some who were told of the affair. A company of home guards were on hand at 10 o'clock Thursday night to capture the desperado, but he failed to show up. The guards discharged their weapons and went home to dream of robbers all night.

According to the personal property schedule in Palatine editors are not the only poor cusses who have to toil for their daily bread.

Three Palatine boys, who are in the habit of visiting lady friends in Barrington, were roughly treated by an ungentlemanly crowd at the depot at that place Sunday evening.

The residents of Plum Grove are wearing smiles these days on account of the new sewer which is to be put in on their street. The improvement is much needed and has been in demand for a long time.

Excursion rates to Des Plaines Camp meeting via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 16 to 29, inclusive, limited to return until July 29, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

The following persons will put in telephones in addition to those mentioned last week: Depot, Nichols & Staples and in the residences of M. L. Staples, F. Gibbs, G. H. Arps, B. W. Wilson, John Bergman, R. M. Putnam and C. H. Patten. The company's men are here putting in the poles and will put the new phones in as rapidly as possible.

The Board of Education has secured a full corps of teachers as follows: Miss Emily Snider 1st and 2nd grades; Miss Thirza M. Pierce, Evanston, 2nd and 3rd grades; Miss Clara Ward, Bay City, Mich., 4th and 5th grades; Miss Hattie G. Mason, Columbia City, Ind., 6th and 7th grades; Miss Mary I. Kean, Evanston, assistant principal; W. L. Smyser, principal.

A sad accident, resulting in the death of Fred Fasse, son of Gottlieb Fasse, occurred at Schaumburg Monday. Young Fasse took a load of baled hay to Roselle on a truck hay rack and on his return, in some manner, he fell backward from the side of the rack, his feet catching between the boards and his head was dragging on the ground. The team ran away and the young man's head was badly mangled and his brains crushed out. He was dragged to Mr. Grieve's place, about two miles, where the young man was working and life was extinct when he reached there. The deceased was about 20 years of age. The coroner was notified and an inquest held on Wednesday.

### Hurt in a Ball Game.

The ball game between the Palatine and Barrington teams terminated in a bad way Saturday afternoon. The game was a close one and both sides were working to win.

Palatine was at the bat when Roland Beutler hit the ball, which was picked up and thrown to Gothard at first base. He stepped across the bag in order to reach the ball and Beutler ran into him. Gothard attempted to get the ball, which passed him, and Beutler ran on with two men ahead of him. All three scored, when it was noticed that Gothard was badly hurt. Upon examination, it was discovered that his collar bone was broken. He received medical attention and returned to his home in Chicago. He is an employee of Carl Meyer in his Chicago office.

The game was the best contest, but the worst for wrangling, that has been played on the grounds here this year and resulted in a score of 11 to 10 in favor of Barrington. The teams expect to meet again soon, when Palatine will play its regular men.

### John Knoll.

John Joachim Fritz Knoll was born in Germany in 1824 and was married October 20, 1852, to Johanna Caroline Fredricka Hauschild. To them were born two sons and three daughters. His wife died June 29, 1879 and both sons and one daughter predeceased him in death in Germany. He immigrated to America in 1851 and lived with his daughter, Mrs. Carl Sternberg. He died of pleurisy on the 13th day of July, aged 76 years, 7 months and 6 days. The funeral services were held in St. Paul's church Tuesday and burial took place in the German cemetery.

### Muzzle Your Dogs.

NOTICE—Muzzle your dogs. All dogs running at large in the village of Palatine after July 20 and up to October 1, 1901, without be muzzled will be killed.

Dated at Palatine this 18th day of July, 1901.  
A. S. OLMS,  
Pres. Board of Trustees.

### Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Barrington, July 18, 1901:

Mrs. E. Dresselhaus, Mrs. Drew Miller, Fritz Bierman, G. A. Hilton, Rudinsky, Malcom F. Smith.  
H. K. BROCKWAY, P. M.

## DROUTH UNBROKEN.

North Winds Cause Drop in Temperature But Country Still Sweating.

Although the extreme torrid wave which parched, parboiled and in fact roasted the entire country last week, has been fanned away by cooling winds from the north, the country, and most especially the western and middle sections, is still suffering. The western states report light rains but small relief. The drouth that has dried up the springs and smaller rivers is as pitiless as ever. Under the steady glare of the midsummer sun the crops are rapidly being burned to worthlessness, and there is no prospect that a rain will come to save them from utter destruction.

In this, the northern belt of the state, the center of vast dairy interests, the conditions are some better, still the outlook for the corn crop and pasturage is anything but encouraging, there being no indications of anything but an occasional thunder storm to bring relief. Reports from Kane, Boone, Winnebago, DuPage, McHenry and other counties in this district, are not pleasant to hear.

For the first time in many years the citizens of Chicago, who depend in a great measure, at this season, on this section to furnish the vegetable supply, have been forced to go without such foodstuffs or pay exorbitant prices for southern products and those hardly usable. As the Chicago papers say, "city dwellers can now realize to what extent they are dependent on the agriculturalist for their daily subsistence."

The latest advices from the west, the cornfields of the world, state that the crop of that necessary cereal is damaged to an extent that a yield of only one-half may be expected, and consequently prices are soaring. In the wheat belt but little damage has resulted. The heated season will be remembered the coming winter when we are called upon to pay extraordinary prices for every article purchased for consumption.

### On the Skirmish Line.

The preliminary arrangements for the contest for the senatorial toga now worn by Wm. E. Mason are fast being perfected. Pickets are thrown out in large numbers in Cook county, but little attention being paid to the interior of the state. It would seem that the politicians depended on Chicago to furnish the candidate. There are a number of aspirants in the field and new ones being favorably mentioned daily. The hour is yet premature as the legislature that appoints the senator will not be elected until a year from next November. The Chicago Journal says editorially:

"It is sometimes urged—particularly by the Chicago candidates—that this senatorship belongs to Chicago, as Mr. Cullom represents the central part of the state. But this is absurd. Senators represent no locality, but the entire state, and the accident of residence is of no moment. All of our greatest senators—Breeze, Douglas, Trumbull, Yates and Davis—came from the interior of the state, and we could stand a few more such men, no matter in what particular county they happened to live. As to the quantity of candidates, let no man hesitate about sticking his ambitious finger into the pie on that account. The people would like a goodly assortment to choose from, so the more the merrier. It is anybody's race at the present moment, with no favorites in the betting."

Senator Mason is making an active canvass and has a strong following in several sections of the state, but the opposition is forming and it is a long time before the people will be called upon to select men who will decide who they desire to represent them as junior senator from this state.

### SILENT LEGISLATIVE BOSS.

Lieutenant Gov. Northcott Says Laws Today are Made by Corporations.

Addressing the Illinois State Bar association at the Auditorium in Chicago last week, Lieutenant Governor Northcott said, "Individuals have been crowded out by combinations, not only in the commercial world but also in the world of politics. Laws today are made by combinations."

By virtue of his office, as presiding over the state senate, he ought to be good authority for the statement. In way of illustration and proof he said: "Without divulging his name I will tell you of a member of the Illinois senate who absolutely controlled the legislation of the last general assembly by virtue of being at the head of a political combination. He was never heard on the floor of the senate except possibly to move an adjournment or register his formal vote for or

against a bill, but his power as director of his combination was absolute and undisputed."

The Chicago Tribune comments on the foregoing admission of Mr. Northcott in the following editorial paragraph:

"If we accept his testimony we must conclude that the Illinois legislature at least has ceased to be a deliberative body in which measures are passed or rejected on their merits after public debate, and if this is true of the Illinois general assembly we may infer that it is true of many other state legislatures."

### GET MONEY, BUT DON'T

Let It Get You, is the Advice of a National Bank President.

David R. Forgan, president of the First National bank of Chicago, recently delivered an address to the graduates of Lake Forest college. His subject was "Grip and Grit." Among many good things he said: "The next quarter of a century will witness in our country more commercial success than has been seen in the last. But I would not have you think that I look upon outward success as the greatest thing. Character is more important than position."

"A man is poor indeed who gains wealth at the expense of his own self respect. A man is rich indeed, whatever else he lacks, if he possesses nobility of character. Better to die a pauper in purse than a pauper in soul. Better fail to get money than allow money to get you."

"The life of a successful business man, though devoted mainly to making money, need not be sordid. He, too, may have his ideal. Let me suggest one. To be honest, making money honestly or not at all; to be fair, refusing to injure a competitor; to be just, remembering that all must live; to be kind, regarding employees as something more than an investment; to be charitable, giving liberally for the upraising of humanity; to be sociable, having a side to friends not known to all; to be lovable, being more to wife and family than a means of support; to be sympathetic, fearing littleness of soul more than littleness of fortune; above all, to be true to one's self, condoning nothing in self which is to be condemned in others."

### Grant and the Private.

An old veteran walked into this office Wednesday, handed us the following and requested that we republish it. It is a popular story and was told during the late confederate reunion at Memphis to the delight of the "rebs" who had the point in their favor. The story is an interesting combination of fact and fiction, and that is probably why it was so popular with the old soldiers:

"Grant ran into a private in the confederate ranks on one occasion, and the private called: 'General, where are you going?' 'To Petersburg, I think, but maybe to heaven or to hell,' the general replied. 'Well, I'll tell you, general,' the soldier replied dryly, 'Bob Lee is in Petersburg, and Stonewall Jackson is in Heaven. Hell is the only place left for you.'"

It is said that General Grant enjoyed the thrust, as grim as it was, and after peace had been restored he was often delighted by telling it, and always referred to it as one of the pleasantries of the war between the states.

### Sale of Lots in Zion a Fizzle.

The great multitude scheduled to flock to Dowie's Zion and purchase acres of consecrated earth, did not "flock." The "countless thousands" whom Elijah II. announced were marching from all sections of earth to find abiding place in "his" city, did not march in that direction. But the reincarnated Elijah, in a most spectacular manner, placed the leaseholds on about 250 lots. He was disappointed and cursed everybody outside "his" Lake county dominions. He did more than that. He renounced his allegiance to King Edward, for reasons best known to himself, took out his first papers and hoisted the stars and stripes on the temple in Zion. He admitted that the combination of real estate dealing, religion, banking and healing (?) was quite satisfactory, generally speaking. The American people rejoice in being humbugged.

### A Public Convenience.

A public bath room is a necessity in every community. A demand for such convenience has been allowed to go unheeded for sometime. At last the long felt want is to be filled, J. F. Gieske having equipped rooms in his new building with porcelain tubs and latest improved fixtures. Everything is new and polite attendants in charge. The rooms will be open for patrons this afternoon.

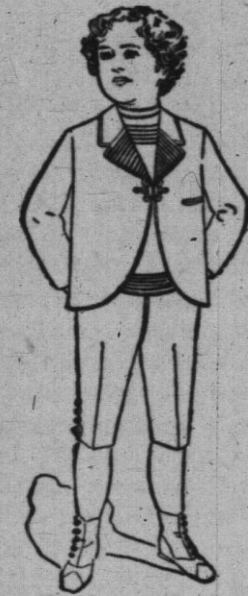
## THE BIG STORE.

# Big Sale Crockery

BASEMENT DEPARTMENT.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Glassware, Fancy China, Decorated Lamps, Lamps, Jelly Tumblers, Fruit Jars.

100-piece Dinner Set..... \$9.84. Cups and Saucers, per set, only..... 40c



Men's and Boys' Summer Clothing.

We are closing out a lot of MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS AT JOBBERS' PRICES.

LARGE STOCK OF MEN'S WOOL PANTS. BOYS' KNEE PANTS.

Job Prices on Wallpaper, Big Line of Trunks and Satchels

## GROCERIES.

Snow Flake Flour per sack, \$1 17 lbs Fine Granulated Sugar \$1 Full Cream Cheese, per lb 15c Extra Creamery Butter per lb. 22c

We sell the freshest Groceries and Cookies. Try them.

# A.W. MEYER & CO Barrington

CUT RATE

There is no doubt about it; it now is, and always has been

## A Foregone Conclusion....

That we sell good goods for less money than any of our competitors for miles around. No one is in business for their health, but our expenses are low, and for this one reason we can easily

Undersell all Competitors.

Call at our store and see what we will do. Nice line of Summer Goods that cannot be matched or prices equaled. Every article you buy is a bargain, if you do your trading at

# LIPOFSKY BROS.,

BARRINGTON.

Our line of Groceries is unsurpassed.

We earnestly invite an inspection.



I MAKE IT KNOWN TO THE PEOPLE OF BARRINGTON AND VICINITY.

That I have opened a jewelry store, containing Watches, Clocks, Diamonds, Silverware and other goods in this fine and sold at lowest prices.

Every Watch or Clock Bought guaranteed to keep good time for 5 years.

I have a large stock of solid gold rings for ladies and gentlemen. Repairing on watches guaranteed for 2 years.

J. JAPPE, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER



# MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Items of General Interest Told in Paragraphs.

## COMPLETE NEWS SUMMARY.

Record of Happenings of Much or Little Importance from All Parts of the Civilized World—Incidents, Enterprises, Accidents, Verdicts, Crimes and Wars.

Parents of drowned boy attempted to commit suicide at New Brighton, Staten Island.

Frank McCroly of Hallstead, Pa., declared he had discovered lost Egyptian art of hardening copper.

Mrs. Mary Sineyowski, a widow at South Chicago, Ill., tried to commit suicide because weary of the burden of supporting seven children. Saved from ditch in which she had thrown herself.

Willis Miller, on trial at Upper Sandusky, O., for murder, attacked court guard in attempt at escape and was assisted by brother and sister. Overpowered after a desperate fight.

Rains reported from various points in Missouri, Kansas and Illinois, and more promised.

Lightning killed Mrs. James Huff, her daughter, Mrs. Thornton, and the latter's 4-year-old daughter near New Comerstown, O.

Fifteen hundred employees of the Kingston Coal Company at Wilkes-barre, Pa., are on strike against a reduction in wages.

Two freight trains collide on a bridge over the Arkansas river in Indian Territory, killing five persons and fatally injuring two. Fire consumed both trains and the bridge. Both locomotives drop into the river and are swallowed up by quicksands.

Epworth league party of twenty on way to San Francisco robbed of money and tickets at Colorado Springs.

C. D. Graham made his fifth trip through the Niagara rapids in a barrel Sunday.

Strike of steel workers ordered by Amalgamated association will be made general. Thousands quit work Monday. Nonunion men in two plants joined strikers.

Excursion steamer Julia with several hundred passengers from New York aboard went aground Sunday night off Barren Island. Many jumped overboard and swam ashore in a panic that followed.

Horace Peters, who murdered Peter Smith near Dowagiac, Mich., committed suicide on spot where crime was committed.

Trial of Earl Russell for bigamy by the British House of Lords to be made a social event. Peeresses invited to the hearing.

Western vaudeville trust being formed at Chicago to include leading western variety theaters.

The middle west, and especially the corn belt, had no relief Sunday from the intense heat. The corn crop is about given up for lost in many places, and farmers are looking to other produce.

Clarence Badger, aged 23, was drowned in the St. Joseph river near Niles, Mich.

Mrs. William Martin and her three daughters are in a critical condition at Marietta, O., from eating poisoned pie. The pastry was made from canned pumpkin.

Joseph Treadway and Adolph Stafford, farmers of Tipton county, Tennessee, engaged in a dispute over their respective crops; and Treadway killed Stafford by splitting his head with a hoe. Treadway was arrested.

Hundreds of patients' lives have been endangered by the impure milk furnished the county hospital at Chicago. Tests of the milk show that it is far below grade in nutritive qualities, is watered and treated with chemicals.

Moore brothers said to have lost controlling interest in the Rock Island road by the purchase of 250,000 shares by J. Pierpont Morgan.

Boers attacked post of south African constabulary at Houtkop, and were repulsed after they killed three British.

Judge Tuley in address before Illinois State Bar Association, declared the problem of the hour is to make corporations and the rich pay their share of taxation.

Supreme Lodge of Knights of Pythias at Chicago reorganized the insurance branch of the order and increased the rates of insurance 51 per cent. Assets of the order pledged to pay claims now due.

G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark university, declared at teachers' convention at Detroit that higher education unfitted women for wifehood and motherhood. He favored schools with sexes separated.

Investigation of the Seventh National Bank, New York, expected to disclose what became of the \$1,000,000 in Spanish coin sent from Cuba by C. F. W. Neely.

Former Judge D. A. Russell of Pomerooy, O., committed suicide in Cincinnati.

Nine men killed by fall of railroad bridge at Springfield, Pa., while a construction train was passing over it. Several others badly injured.

A. D. White, United States Ambassador to Germany, will retire from diplomatic service next year. Shocked at son's death.

## FOR SHIRT-WAIST MEN.

A Washington dispatch says: The postmen of the capital think Uncle Sam is the grandest man in the world, for today he issued an order, signed by the postmaster general, permitting letter carriers to wear a shirt-waist on their rounds during the summer months. No haberdasher can touch Uncle Sam in the originality and design of the shirt-waists which is to be



permitted. It is a coat-shirt, and is provided with duplex tails. One set of tails is within the trousers in the old-fashioned way. The other set dangles outside, just as if masquerading as coat tails.

These coat-shirts have collars attached, just like the shirts worn by the careful dressers at the Metropolitan club. They slip on like a coat, however. Either suspenders or belt may be worn with them. The orders are that they made out of light weight summer material, perfectly washable and of uniform color. Some of the more conservative postmen who are content to wear a coat on duty are glad that the use of the duplex tail shirt-waist-coat is not compulsory, but most of the advanced dressers on the post-office force will soon appear on their rounds in the new creation. The name of the inventor is kept a secret.

## DAMAGE BY CLOUDBURST.

Wickes and Corbin, Mont., Suffer Great Loss from Storm.

Debris is piled everywhere in the gulch in which are located Wickes and Corbin, Mont. Great damage to property was done by the torrent of water which poured down the narrow valley after the cloudburst. The concentrator of the Peck (Mont.) company at Corbin will have to close down because of damage to the machinery. A wave of water six feet high and 200 feet wide swept down the gulch. Within half a mile of Wickes, toward Corbin, a fill-in on the Great Northern road formed a dam. The water was backed up for a quarter of a mile before the embankment gave way. As the great wall of water tore down the gulch it demolished the Northern Pacific tracks and bridges. At several points great sections of rails and ties were picked from the roadbed and bent and twisted. The Great Northern suffered only a washout of the fill near Wickes. It is impossible to estimate the loss at present.

## LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Winter wheat—No grade hard, 60c; No. 2 red, 64c; No. 3 hard, 61c. Spring wheat—No. 4, 57c; No. 3, 61c. Corn—No. 2, 46c; No. 3 yellow, 46c; No. 3 white, 46c; no grade, 42c. Oats—No grade, 39c; No. 4, 39c; No. 1 white, 31c; No. 2 white, 30c; No. 3 white, 31c; No. 2, 31c; No. 2 white, 30c. Provisions—Mess pork, 12.85; lard, 8.75; short ribs, 7.75; according to weight. Eggs, 12c; cheese, 10c; butter, 10c; extra, 10c; firsts, 10c; dairies, 10c; ice cream, 10c; do, dry, 10c; do, roasters, 10c; ice cream, 10c; live turkeys, 10c; chickens, 10c; do, spring, 10c; geese, 10c; apples, good to choice, 1.50; blueberries, Wis., 16 qts, \$1.60; blackberries, 24 qts, \$1.50; currants, 16 qts, 75c; red raspberries, 24 qts, \$1.25. Cattle—Native steers, 4.75; Texas and Indian, 4.00; Texas grass steers, 2.00; native cows and heifers, 2.50; stockers and feeders, 3.40; bulls, 2.50; calves, 2.50; Hogs—Heavy, 5.50; light, 5.00; mixed, 5.75; pigs, 5.00; Muttons, 3.75; lambs, 3.50; Texas grass sheep, 3.25.

## Rush to Oklahoma Increases.

The number of persons registered in the entries for the new Kiowa, Comanche and Apache lands totals 17,000 up to date. Despite certain reports, there has been no marked amount of suffering. It is a fact that there are 20,000 strangers at El Reno, Okla., but the majority of them have secured their certificates and are gone. Every train carries hundreds to town, but all the late comers seem to have an ample supply of money and seem to be in no hurry to register. The drawing will be begun July 29. The officers are now registering between 5,000 and 6,000 applicants a day and at this rate there will be plenty of time to register all. Satisfaction is expressed on all sides now at the manner in which the registration is being conducted.

## Bull Fights Resume Wrath.

A storm of protest has been aroused against the alleged intention of the South Omaha street fair managers to arrange for a regular bull fight. P. C. Madden, the concessioner, says that if it should happen that a bull were killed his prospects for taking his show to other exhibitions in this country would be ruined. On the other hand, it is said that the toradors will not necessarily carry out his instructions if they are properly "tipped." Some narrow escapes were features of Friday's bull fight.

## OLIVE SCHREINER IN CAGE

Held a Prisoner for Sympathizing with the Boers.

IS GUARDED BY SOLDIERS.

The Authoress is Suffering Severe Punishment for Her Advocacy of the Cause of the Boers in Their Struggle Against England.

Ouida, the writer, who in private life bears the name of Mme. Louise de la Ramee, protests in the London Daily News against the treatment accorded by the British military authorities in South Africa to Olive Schreiner, the author. Ouida says:

"Olive Schreiner has been transported to a strange place and imprisoned within a fence of wire netting, which is patrolled by armed sentinels stationed at intervals with orders to fire on any one attempting to get through the netting to escape."

"She lives alone, except for her dog, in one small room, for which she pays, cooking for herself. She is compelled to remain all night without any kind of light. Her husband is refused by the British authorities permission to visit her, although her brother is a former premier of Cape Colony."

"What is her offense? Merely to have espoused the cause of the Boers in the war. Is it tolerable that for this alone she should be subjected to the indignity of isolation and be carried away from all she loves?"

In the House of Lords, Lord Raglan, in South Africa, said the whites in the concentration camps numbered 14,624 men, 27,711 women and 43,075 children; that the mortality for the month of June was 63 men, 128 women and 576 children.

## Dies in Electric Chair.

Frank Wennerholm, the Chautauqua county murderer, was put to death by electricity in the prison at Auburn, N. Y. The current was turned on one minute and five seconds, and the man was pronounced dead. When he took his seat in the chair Wennerholm appeared to be on the point of utter collapse. As the straps over the face were put in position the doomed man tossed his head to one side and uttered a low moan. The current was of 1,800 volts and seven amperes, which was reduced after two seconds to 200 volts for half a minute, and then increased to its original strength for two seconds, when it was again reduced to 200 volts for half a minute, and increased to 1,800, when it was turned off, and the man was dead.

## Gold from the Klondike.

Late advices from Dawson state that the gold shipments to the outside this year have amounted to \$5,000,000 to date. Over \$3,000,000 of this sum went down the Yukon and is going out by the way of St. Michael, and the balance has gone up the river.

## CHRIS JENSEN, DENVER MURDERER.



The police officials of Denver are still trying to connect Chris Jensen, who admits he killed Mrs. Armenia Bullis, with the slaying of other women. Evidence tends to show that Jensen is also the assailant of Jessie Kinport, who was the victim of a "ripper" fiend the same night that Mrs. Bullis was killed.

The time of the murder of Mrs. Bullis is not known. If it occurred early in the evening the murderer might easily have made his way, either on foot or by car, to the Kinport home. The University park car passes within a short distance of where the murder

## Man Posing as a Woman.

A Texas detective has arrested in the King's river neighborhood in Madison county, Ark., a supposed young woman who had been teaching a private school there for some time. It turned out that the school teacher was a man in disguise, and that his name was Sears. He is alleged to have been wanted in Texas on the charge of committing a murder seven years ago. When arrested the young man had in his possession \$3,000 in cash carried in a belt.

## MRS. BROWN DIES IN ITALY

Wife of Justice of United States Supreme Court Passes Away.

General H. M. Duffield received a cablegram at Detroit from Justice H. B. Brown of the United States Supreme Court announcing the death of Mrs. Brown in Italy. The cablegram was dated at Riva. Mrs. Brown had been an invalid for some years, and the Justice sailed for Europe soon after the decision in the insular cases was handed down. Caroline Pitts was Mrs. Brown's maiden name, and she was a daughter of Samuel Pitts, well known in Detroit. Her age was 56. She is survived by a brother and three sisters—Thomas Pitts of Detroit, Mrs. H. M. Duffield of Detroit, Mrs. Thomas Cranage of Bay City, and Mrs. Daniel Goodwin of Chicago.

## Fifteen Negroes Killed.

Word reached Hereford, Tex., of a pitched battle between Mexicans and negroes who are working on the new Rock Island extension in New Mexico, 100 miles west of Hereford. The trouble originated in the killing of a Mexican by a negro. The authorities undertook to arrest the assailant, but his friends interfered and they were obliged to withdraw. Last week forty Mexicans armed themselves with rifles and went after the negro. A battle took place, in which fifteen negroes were killed and several wounded. The casualties among the Mexicans cannot be learned. The trouble occurred at Spencer's railroad camp, near Liberty, N. M., in a sparsely settled portion of the territory.

## India Under Iron Rule.

India is threatened with famine to the extent unparalleled in the history of that country, according to Romesh Dutt, a distinguished Anglo-Indian of the imperial revenue department. Mr. Dutt is 26 years of age, and is the author of "Open Letters on Famines" and "Land Assessments in India." Mr. Dutt said at London: "England's oppressive and frequently illegal financial treatment of India is largely responsible for famines. Unless this system is radically changed the Indian empire will live in a perpetual shadow of famine, with its attendant misery and death."

## Mail Clerk Admits Theft.

James J. Callanan, formerly register clerk in the postoffice in Springfield, Mass., who left June 2, taking with him a number of registered letters, has given himself up to the authorities. He says that his conscience troubled him so that when he reached Liverpool he took the next steamer for home. He secured about \$700 from the packages he stole.

## Defies Lightning and Is Struck.

Philip Walls, a farmer, sustained probably fatal injuries at Crisfield, Md., as the result of a bolt of lightning, while he was defying the storm to do him harm. A thunder storm was raging when Walls procured a piece of lightning rod and, attaching it to his head, went forth, saying he desired to be struck.

## HEAVY LOSSES IN CROPS

Promising Fields of Kansas Shriveled Up.

AND OTHER STATES SUFFER.

Corn, Spring Wheat, Potatoes, Pastures and Hay Will Fall Below July Estimates—Damage Runs Into Millions—Heavy Loss in Missouri.

Conservative men who have carefully studied the disastrous effects of the prevailing drought in Kansas say the people of the state have suffered a loss in all crops except wheat to the amount of nearly \$200,000,000 since July 1. They say that an estimate now of a total of 50,000,000 bushels of corn would be the top figure. With fair weather conditions Kansas raises 200,000,000 bushels of this cereal. Thus a loss of 150,000,000 bushels of corn at 50 cents a bushel means a loss in money of \$75,000,000 alone. The loss of the hay crop is another \$25,000,000. The loss of the potato and vegetable crops will run over \$30,000,000, while the total failure of oats and the destruction of pastures, which will force thousands of head of cattle on the market, will amount to another \$25,000,000. It is the worst affliction that has befallen the state in its history, and but for the 70,000,000-bushel wheat crop Kansas would be in a serious condition. Oats are mostly harvested in Mis-

## THE MAN WHO HOLDS THE HORN OF PLENTY.



"The American Farmer," says John W. Bookwalter of Ohio, in an interview in London, "is the uncrowned

## THE ROYAL CIPHER.

King Edward has personally selected a design for the royal cipher which is worn on badges, buttons and other devices throughout the army wherever the royal cipher is at present borne. This cipher, of which an illustration is given from the London Daily Graphic, consists of "E" and "R" impaled with "VII." inserted in the lower loop of the "E," the whole surmounted by a crown. The design has been made plain without foliage, at his majesty's express wish. No decoration whatever will be permitted, and no device or ornament will be placed above or upon it. Special instructions are given as to the crown, there being in use at present, some half dozen crowns of different patterns, some of them of foreign shape, or deviations differing from the British. That now be adopted and to become the sealed pattern for the army is the Tudor "Henry VII." crown, stated to have been chosen and always used by Queen Victoria personally, and all other patterns are to be abolished.

Assessment of the Cleveland City railway raised by board of equalization from \$595,000 to \$6,000,000.

Pearl worth \$40,000 found at Round Island, Mississippi river.

## THE OLD AND THE NEW.

Abd El Aziz, the sultan of Morocco, and his bicycle. The sultan has just sent an imposing delegation to London



to bear his greetings to King Edward VII., on the occasion of his accession to the throne. This sketch is taken from the first photograph of the sultan which was ever taken of that dusky ruler for whose favors France and England are now courting.

## Killed for Cursing.

For some weeks past A. H. Palmer, a civil engineer of Chicago, engaged in construction work on the Illinois Central railroad in Mississippi, and William Nolan, a locomotive engineer, have both been desperately in love with the telegraph operator at Anding, Miss. Thursday evening Palmer cursed in the presence of the young woman and was shot and instantly killed by Nolan, who then made his escape.

## Six Drowned While Bathing.

Six persons of Savannah, Georgia, were drowned while surf bathing at a picnic of the Hebrew Gamali Hasad, at Daufuskie Beach. The dead are: Mrs. Abe Dickstein, aged 23; Annie Horowitz, aged 13; Annie Kronstadt, aged 10; Ida Kronstadt, aged 16; Leah Silverstein, aged 17; Isaac Zach, aged 22. Mrs. Dickstein's body was found floating in the surf an hour after the tragedy, but the others were swept out to sea.





## WOMAN AND HOME.

### CASH OR ACCOUNTS.

The question of cash or accounts is one that is debatable in the mind of the modern woman, particularly the city woman. Distances in a large city are so inextricable that the conveniences of mail or telephone shopping is very tempting. It is possible nowadays, indeed, to take advantage of bargain counter attractions at long range. Many women, knowing their shops well, will unhesitatingly telephone for a marked down article on opening the morning paper to find it advertised, some shoppers holding an account at different stores for no other purpose. Sometimes, indeed, these purchases can be sent C. O. D., but often they cannot.

In the matter of exchanges, too, the charge customer has an advantage in the ease and celerity with which she can manage these transactions. Against, however, this saving of time and strength and of opportunity must be set the objection, obviously important, of a temptation to extravagance, says Harper's Bazar. When an article is to be charged it seems much easier to make the purchase. One of the phrases common among women hesitating at this point: "It will only need a little larger check, and a few dollars one way or the other will make no difference," and it rarely fails to tip the scale in favor of the purchase, yet it is just here that the danger of an account lies in the establishment of moderate means, and the woman who finds herself slipping along this, easy, dangerous road can find safety only in stern repression, or to permit the account to lapse. An every day balancing of accounts is a wonderful safeguard for a housekeeper, and seldom occurs with the woman who charges things.

### PALE YELLOW MUSLIN.



With embroidered lace ruffle and white lace insertions. Yellow and black hat.

### WORK FOR WOMEN.

Science and art open their treasure houses and offer new realms of exploration and pursuit. Life is full of fascination and enchantment, and thus finer inflorescence of culture, this true development of the individual comes from insight and energy. The Norse heaven had seven floors, each of which was entered after conquering the one preceding. Life has its many floors, and after conquering the materials there is the

spiritual to be conquered, and this needs all the strength, and all the time, and all the powers of the individual. "Progress is the realization of Utopias." "You have built your castle in the air," said Thoreau; "now put your foundations under it." No dream can be too fair for realization, and life is a period in which to realize these highest individual possibilities.

### DE SOLE BATHING SUIT.



Made with bolero tucked-over blouse of white peau de sole. Collar and bands of white duck, with bands of dark blue duck.

### NEED A MORE SIMPLE LIFE.

In writing of the boasted progress of the last century. "An American mother" asks in the Ladies' Home Journal for June, "What has the 19th century done to the woman herself? Are her school training, her colleges and her work in art and literature making her a more womanly woman, more fit to be a wife and mother? If not, they are losses to her, not gains. The chief change which the last century made in the American woman was that it tempted her to give up for the new occupations of art, reform and money making, her own real work as a homemaker, wife and mother. The 19th century has dragged our women from their natural base. It has given them noble surroundings for their lives; literature, art, social power. But they are not content. They are nervous and restless beyond any former race of women. The food given them is too light. They look out on the world with starved eyes. The wiser among them are finding out that what they want is not show and public work and applause, but a simple life, repose and the homely affections of home."

### MODISH HAIR COLORING.

Fashionable hair in Paris now is dark mahogany shade. It is said to be far more beautiful than anything hitherto accomplished in the way of changes from the natural hue, says the New York Press. Nor is the process of transformation so difficult as was the yellowing of hair. Probably because the mahogany hue now in vogue so much more nearly resembles the natural dark coloring of at least the Frenchwoman's hair, the little irregularities in the working of the chemicals are not noticed.

### THREE STYLISH SUMMER DRESSES.



1. Green and white figured muslin, trimmed with white lace and black velvet ribbon; closed at the left side of the front.
2. Gray linen, with gored skirt and tucked blouse. The band about the neck, the cuffs and the belt are of white linen, with French knots done in yellow. The narrow braid which
3. White pique, with applique bands of black batiste and all outside stitching in black. Hat of white straw, with white plumes and black velvet.

### OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

#### Blackberry Vinegar.

Make this by the recipe for raspberry vinegar, only putting in five and a half pounds of sugar to every three pints of the juice and water mixed.

#### Cherry Sauce.

Boil together a cup of sugar and a cup of water, and when the sirup threads remove it from the fire and beat until it is cool. Now beat in a pint of whipped cream, a cup of half candied cherries, a cup of blanched

and chopped almonds, a tablespoonful of sherry and a tablespoonful of vanilla; turn all into a freezer and freeze.

#### Rose Wine.

Steep the rose leaves in hot water, as you would tea leaves. Strain while hot, sweeten to taste and put over the fire just long enough to melt the sugar. Add a cup of brandy to each gallon of liquid. Bottle, cork and seal.

Deep collars of Irish or gulfure lace appear on many of the smart models.

## CAREER FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Each Should Fit Herself for Something as a Vocation.

The strenuous life of today demands that a young woman, no less than a young man, should have definite ideas concerning a career, and that her educational work, and particularly her college training, shall be along the line of preparation for such career. At least, this is the opinion that is entertained by the up-to-date girl and her family, and the number of young girls who are entering the professions or fitting themselves for business life proves that the contingent of the community which believes in professional or business careers for women is a large one and steadily growing. There is one woman in town—a prominent worker in clubs and philanthropic associations—who has carved out a career for herself in a literary way, and is desirous and even anxious that her boys and girls shall have a definite life work. Three of the children have pretty well defined ideas as to what they desire to make their life work, including the elder girl, who is yet at college. The remaining child, the second daughter, has no settled opinions as to her "career," and her mother, in discussing her children's futures with a friend, said recently, in response to her visitor's comment upon the prettiness of this young girl: "Yes, she is pretty, but there it ends. She is just a dear, pretty goose, without any special ability or inclinations, and I suppose she'll have to marry." The tone more than the words conveyed the impression that marriage was the opposite of a desirable career, and the resort only of the girl with mediocre talent, supplemented by considerable personal charm, although the woman who made the observation was the happiest of wives and has never entirely recovered from the effects of her husband's death some years ago.—Kansas City Journal.

## DAN DALY'S GOLF STORY.

He Hits Upon Stage Jokes Not Made to Order.

"Stage jokes are rarely made to order," said Dan Daly to a writer in the New York World. "Mine turn up in all sorts of queer ways. In a barroom the other night I heard a fellow say he was going to open a saloon on Broadway. 'Who did you ever whip?' asked the bartender. The next night I worked it into 'The Girl From Up There,' and it gets a bigger laugh than anything else I say. My most successful stage joke—the golf story—came to me by accident, too. One afternoon while lounging about the Casino stage I picked up a scrap of newspaper that had evidently been used to wrap up something. In glancing it over I found the golf story, credited to 'Exchange.' I don't even know what paper it was, as part of the page was torn off. It looked like one of those patent insides used in small towns. The odd thing about it all was that I was never allowed to tell the whole story. You know it goes on to explain that after you hit the ball you walk a mile, and that if you find it the same day you win. At that point the audience thought the climax had been reached and laughed. The first time I tried to finish the story, but nobody heard me and I never tried it again. It would have been useless. The story continues that if you don't find the ball the same day you send your man to look for it the next, and if he finds it, he wins. After awhile I saw that the audience was right and that the story really ended better where they insisted it should. At first, though, it made me pretty mad."

### Giant Kettles in Minnesota.

In the Interstate Park, near Taylor's Falls, Minnesota, has been discovered a singular group of "kettles," or potholes, covering an area of two or three acres and ranging in diameter from less than a foot to 25 feet, and in depth from one foot to 45 feet. They have been bored in exceedingly hard rock, and in many cases they are like wells in shape, the ratio of width to depth varying from one to five up to one to seven. Mr. Warren Upham ascribes their origin to torrents falling through glacial "moullins" at the time when the northern territory of the United States was buried under ice. As with similar pot-holes elsewhere, rounded boulders are occasionally found at the bottom of the cavities.

### Earthquake Swallows a Lake.

An earthquake wrecked several buildings in the town of Aulon, Mexico, and then passed on to Zopothon, where it sported with the waters of a big lake. At first the waters seemed in a state of great agitation, and then they subsided and gradually disappeared. The earthquake had caused a fissure in the bed of the lake, and through this the lake had passed on to sight.

### Our Population and Great Britain's.

Forty-one and one-half millions of people are now crowded into the United Kingdom, says the National Geographical Magazine. A similar density of population in the United States would mean a total population in this country, excluding the dependencies, of about one billion thirty-six millions.

### Carnegie Invites Johnston.

John Johnston is in receipt of a personal letter from Andrew Carnegie, in which the multi-millionaire invites the Milwaukee Scotchman to visit him in Scotland. Mr. Carnegie writes that he will give Mr. Johnston a "genuine Highland welcome."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

## DAIRY AND POULTRY.

### INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

#### Holstein-Friesian Breeders Meet.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America was held at the Yates Hotel, Syracuse, N. Y., June 5, 1901. The meeting was called to order by President W. A. Matteson, Utica, N. Y. Ninety-four members were personally present, and three hundred and six were represented by proxy, making the largest attendance in many years. The report of the treasurer, Wing R. Smith of Syracuse, N. Y., showed a balance on hand from last year of \$17,033.77, and an income of \$9,239.19 from the secretary's office, entries, interest, etc. The expenditures were \$2,022 for prizes for officially authenticated butter tests; \$3,247.66 for the printing of the herd books; \$1,344.23 for the meeting of the board of officers, committees, etc.; and \$1,600 for salaries; cash balance on hand, \$18,063.92.

The report of the superintendent of Advanced Registry, S. Hoxie, Yorkville, N. Y., showed a total of 361 entries, the largest number since the inauguration of the Official Tests. Thirty-two of these entries were of bulls. There were 299 of cows with seven-day butter records made under the supervision of Agricultural Experiment Stations, including 25 net profit records. There were 30 unofficial records of cows entered. A striking feature shown by the details of the reports was the increase of the world's highest weekly butter record by nearly two pounds.

The report of the secretary, F. L. Houghton of Putney, Vt., showed the largest growth of membership ever made in the history of the association. One hundred and twelve new members were added to the roll.

Nearly 10,000 certificates of registry were issued, a large increase over last year, and double that of three years ago. Volume XVIII. of the Herd Book has been issued and Volume XIX., including Volume XI. of the Advanced Registry, will be ready for distribution in midsummer. The receipts of the secretary's office were \$16,426.02, and the disbursements \$7,675.06, a balance of \$8,750.96 being remitted to the treasurer.

Among the changes made in the constitution was the following:

Article 4, Section 10, was amended by the addition of the following: "A record of all transfers of ownership of registered animals must be made upon the records of the association, and it shall be the duty of the seller of any animal to file with the secretary the necessary application for transfer. Failure to comply with this provision may be deemed an infraction of the by-laws and the offender will be subject to such penalty as is within the power of the association."

Article 4, Section 2, was amended by the addition of the following: "Persons found guilty by a court of record of fraud, misrepresentation or unfair dealing in connection with Holstein-Friesian cattle, or of the violation of the statutes of any State, or of the United States, relating to the pedigree or registration of pure bred animals, may upon presentation of evidence of such fact satisfactory to the board of officers, be denied any privileges offered by this association."

The election of officers resulted in the choice for president of W. J. Gillett, Rosendale, Wis., upon the resignation of W. A. Matteson, who had filled the office for three years. Mr. Matteson was elected first vice-president; A. A. Cortelyou, Neshanic, N. J., second vice-president; J. H. Coolidge, Galesburg, Ill., third vice-president; George F. Gregory, Syracuse, N. Y., fourth vice-president, to succeed the venerable Sylvester Burchard of Hamilton, N. Y.; who declined re-election after a continuous service since 1885. Mr. D. H. Burrell, Little Falls, N. Y.; Mr. Eldon F. Smith, Columbus, Ohio; and Mr. Henry Stevens, Lacona, N. Y., were re-elected directors, to serve two years. Mr. Wing R. Smith, Syracuse, N. Y., was re-elected as treasurer; Mr. Hoxie of Yorkville, N. Y., was re-elected as superintendent of Advanced Registry, and Mr. F. L. Houghton of Putney, Vt., was re-elected the secretary.

An expression of the members present was taken to determine the place of the next annual meeting, and it was voted to instruct the board of officers to call the meeting at the Yates Hotel, Syracuse.

#### To the Unsuccessful.

The notes following John Brun's article in Farmers' Review, April 10, were good, especially the advice to not give egg producers or condition powders. If your chicks need such stimulants (they are not feed) you had better market them and get a new start.

To the advice given I would add that perhaps he has been feeding too much salt and pepper; a little is beneficial, but too much is disastrous as experience taught me. The best plan of feeding pepper is to allow them to pick at the pods on the plant, or the dried pods in the winter. They will rarely eat too much. If chicks are fed the table scraps, their feed will need little if any salt. There is need of green stuff, cabbage, rye, turnip tops; and of vegetables, raw potatoes, turnips and onions, also meat or milk.

Perhaps the greatest need is grit, lack of grit will cause indigestion (dyspepsia), and of course chicks or anything else will do no good if afflicted with dyspepsia. Are they free

of lice? This with their limited variety of feed and restricted quarters would prevent their laying eggs. Do they get exercise? If not the whole trouble may be traced to this. Make them scratch hard every day in the year; fix them a nice dust bath; give plenty of clean milk and water to drink; get rid of lice; give them the semi-starvation cure a few days, it will help them. Leave off the condition powders, the salt and pepper, and most of the corn; give vegetables and green stuff; if this does not cause them to lay you would better fatten and sell them, then buy a fresh start. The roosters have nothing to do with their lack of laying.

I like to work with chickens, poultry of any kind, but I do not like to work with them well enough to keep at it for two years without some profit, and if the right care and management there is no need of it. Some times hens will get too old to lay and yet be hearty eaters.

How many are as honest as the lamenter? How many have a profit at the end of the year? How many know whether there is profit or not? I'm afraid there are many who do not know.

Keep strict account of feed given, of furnishings bought, also of eggs and stock eaten and sold, then at the end of the year, balance your accounts; the result will be a surprise to the most of you, to some the profit will be greater than expected, to others I am afraid the profit will be very small, if there is any at all.

There is always a cause for the loss, and you who manage the flock are the ones to discover and remedy the loss, for no matter how willing others are to aid you, they can only give remedies and advice in a general way, there are so many little things to take into account, things of great importance, but that are not noticed except by the close observer, it is the little leaks that cause the disasters, we are all ready to stop the big leaks at once, but often the little ones are left to a more convenient time because they are little.

Observe closely, think, read and last but not least, act.—Emma Clearwaters.

#### Poultry Beliefs.

Feeding for the production of eggs is a subject that constantly engages the best thought of the best poultrymen. That it is an open subject yet it proved by the fact that good and experienced poultrymen disagree as to the composition of necessary rations and the method of their feeding. Even the men that adopt iron clad rules in this regard are known to change them. This goes to prove that no fixed rule has yet been agreed on. For reasons which none of us are as yet able to understand, one man succeeds with one ration and another with another, even when the birds are of the same breed and all conditions appear to be similar. There is something in the handling of a flock that depends on the presence of an active intelligence, which intelligence can never be reduced to rule.

The advantages of pens that can be moved about freely are obvious. Recently the writer saw a very good arrangement at the experiment station at Southern Pines, N. C. A large wire covered yard contained a number of fowls, the yard being so arranged that it could be moved daily. Little trucks were at the four corners, but so arranged that when not in service the trucks permitted the frame of the yard to rest on the ground. This was necessary as a protection to the chicks. A new pasture ground was thus given the flock every day. Moreover, the manure was evenly distributed and all accumulations were prevented.

Chicken-eggs hatch in twenty-one days; duck eggs in twenty-eight; geese eggs in thirty; turkey eggs, twenty-eight; guinea fowls, twenty-five; pea fowls, twenty-eight; pheasants, twenty-five; partridges, twenty-four; ostriches, forty to forty-two days. A strictly fresh egg of any extrusion will hatch several hours earlier than a stale one. There is also a difference in the time of hatching of eggs caused by the habits of the birds sitting on them. Some hens sit closer to the eggs than do others and so keep the eggs at a more even temperature. Such eggs are about certain to hatch before others.

The production of sanitary milk is certain to be in a future time a large branch of dairymaking. The agitation of the tuberculosis question has stirred people up to demand germ-free milk. At the present time what is known as sanitary milk brings a better price on the market than milk not surrounded with every safeguard. In Chicago the price is double that for ordinary milk, the rates per quart being 6 and 12 cents. In some other places the rate is 10 cents per quart. At these prices we are told the producers of sanitary milk cannot keep up with the demand. Ultimately the prices for the two kinds of milk will draw together, as the amount of sanitary milk increases. When the idea of using only safe milk has taken hold of people to the extent that half of the milk used is of that kind, a new factor will appear. That factor will be local legislation in favor of sanitary milk and the prohibition of the sale of any other kind of milk.

He that lieth down with dogs shall rise up with fleas.

Marriage and death notices are simply business advertisements. One heralds a co-partnership and the other a dissolution.

An Ohio farmer has already succeeded in growing hickory nuts with shells so thin that they can be broken by the hand.—Indianapolis News.

## LATEST ILLINOIS NEWS.

### Soldiers Help Fire Department.

Half a dozen privates of the Second regiment lent valuable assistance to the fire department in its fight with the flames that caused heavy loss on the south side of the square, Springfield. Citizens who watched the soldiers are preparing to secure medals for them, and besides this Mayor Phillips has sent a letter to Colonel Stuart, complimenting the men of the regiment, and especially praising the privates who helped the fire department. The soldiers arrived upon the scene of the fire about the same time as the fire department, and at once volunteered their services. Fire Marshal Miller gave them assignments and intrusted two or three lines of hose to their care. The soldiers were the first to ascend the aerial ladder and take a line of hose to the roof of the three story building on the corner, and they were also the first to volunteer to carry a line of hose up a stairway between the burning buildings. The soldiers who won laurels were Andy Herron, company A; Adolph Hilderbrand, and Frank W. Marshall, company C; William Tullis, company D, and A. J. Carlyle, orderly to Colonel Stuart.

### Street Car Accident in Elgin.

Six persons were injured in an accident which occurred on the Elgin, Aurora and Southern railway. Motor-man Jacob Schneider sought police protection to avoid violence from the passengers. The injured: S. D. Brand, 455 Walnut avenue, caught in doorway and internally injured; taken home by friends. George Harding, 321 Wellington avenue; hands cut by glass. Abijah Lee, 39 Leonard street; severely injured, it is thought internally, by being trampled upon. Charles Snell, Chicago, second baseman for the visiting team; blood vessel in head ruptured by being hurled against the side of the car. Frank Brewer, 455 Walnut avenue; slightly injured. Oscar Gremberg, 153 South Channing street; bruised and cut by glass.

### Joliet Steel Fitters Quit.

The men employed as fitters and punchers at the Joliet plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company struck for more wages, and, as the management refused to grant the demands, the entire day turn threw down their tools and quit. The work has been paying 15 and 16 1/2 cents per hour, and the men asked for 17 1/2 cents. They claim 20 cents per hour is paid for the same work in Pittsburgh. The men lay all their troubles to the present superintendent, whose name is Allman. They say he is constantly on the grounds from 7 o'clock in the morning until midnight, and is trying to make slaves out of them. Superintendent Allman has proceeded to fill the places of the strikers, and trouble will likely ensue.

### New Illinois Corporations.

The secretary of state licensed the following corporations: Tonnesen Sisters, Chicago; capital stock, \$10,000; incorporators, Beatrice Tonnesen, Clara T. Kirkpatrick, and Charles S. Harmon. Royal Brush and Broom company, Chicago; capital stock, \$20,000; incorporators, E. M. Ashcroft, William Oliver and E. M. Ashcroft, Jr. Bannerman Granite company, Chicago; capital stock, \$75,000; incorporators, S. C. Irving, F. A. Gilsenan, and J. M. Harding. Illinois River Packet company, Hardin; dissolved. Engel & Fagersten Chemical company, Chicago; number of directors increased from three to five. Horse Creek Coal company, Pawnee; name changed to the Victor Coal company.

### Peculiar Cause of Arrest.

Marion Absher was arrested at Marion, charged with kidnapping his daughter, Goldie, who was with him at the time of his arrest. Absher and his wife parted several months ago, and he went to South Africa. The thought of being parted from his child, a beautiful young girl, preyed upon his mind so much that he returned to Murphyboro, where his wife lived. He hired a livery rig, and taking the child in, drove to Carbondale. From that city he took a train over the Paducah division over the Illinois Central, and his arrest followed when the train reached Marion. Absher claims the right to his child, and will contest the case.

### New Company at Cairo.

The Jennelle Chemical and Manufacturing company is the latest addition to Cairo's list of incorporated companies. Its object is to manufacture and place upon the market dental preparations. The capital stock is \$10,000, with shares at \$10 each. The stock is all subscribed, the stockholders being: J. J. Jennelle, J. J. Jennelle, Jr., David S. Lansden, J. S. Asthorpe, L. P. Parker, M. C. Wright, H. E. Halliday, Andrew Lohr, W. E. Smith, Frank Spencer, H. S. Candee, C. O. Patter, Douglas Halliday, J. H. Galligan, W. F. Grinstead and George E. Ohara.

### Nashville Veteran Wants Divorce.

George C. Quick, a veteran of the Black Hawk war, and until recently a resident of Nashville, has instituted proceedings for a divorce in the St. Clair county court. Mr. Quick alleges ill treatment at the hands of his wife, claiming she repeatedly beat him with a poker. He is 88 years old and his wife is ten years his junior. Mr. Quick at present resides at Freeburg, while his wife takes up her abode in Nashville. The couple were married at Sparta, April 24, 1883.



# The Barrington Review

Entered at Barrington as Second-Class Matter

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising Rates made known on application.

SATURDAY JULY 20, 1901.

## Trolley Roads as Freight Carriers.

The Iron Age, thinks that immense advantages would follow the development of the trolley road into a freight carrying and distributing agency. It cites the Cleveland and Eastern railroad, an electric system connecting Cleveland with certain populous suburban towns, as being probably the first to demonstrate the value of a freight traffic as an important source of revenue to a trolley system. It operates about 60 miles of track and was originally designed exclusively for passenger service. It first discovered an advantage in rendering the people along its extensive lines a service in taking milk to the city and returning the cans. A freight car for milk was built and run at night. It paid so well that another was added. Then combination cars were built, with passenger accommodations at one end and compartments at the other for light freight and express matter. The requirements gradually grew to include the carriage of coal, agricultural implements, fertilizers, groceries and general merchandise one way and milk, vegetables and all kinds of farm and garden produce the other way. The system is still new, but about one-third the earnings of the line come from its freight service. Incidentally it is benefited by the increase of its passenger traffic both ways. The suburbs it reaches are building up rapidly, and it is making its franchise of great value by rendering the public an important service.

These facts are extremely significant, both from the point of view of the public and the traction companies. The immense expansion of the trolley system of the United States, if utilized to effect the exchanges of freights between the districts they connect, will amount to an addition to the transportation facilities of the country which will bring about great economic changes of benefit to all classes of society. They are in a position to render services worth many hundreds of millions annually, with material additions to their net earnings. It is scarcely probable that they will long hesitate to follow the lead of their obvious development in the light of the successful experience of the Cleveland lines.

At last the sultan of Turkey has paid the American indemnity claims which this government has so long been trying to collect. The Ottoman draft for \$95,000 is now in Washington, and funds have been placed in the Imperial bank at Constantinople to meet it. The sultan himself recognized the justness of the claims and made numerous promises to pay them, but upon one pretext or another put off the day of settlement. It is to the credit of our government that we have at last been able to collect the bill through the exercise of a proper amount of firmness and persistency, but without any actual interposition of force. There are European claims against Turkey which are practically on the same footing as ours and which have not yet been paid, but that is none of our concern. Happily we are outside the European entanglements and dickerings which make it possible for the slippery Turks to "stand off" some of the other creditors.

The advice, "Don't be a clam," is applicable to most cases, but it doesn't apply to the kind of clam devised by a Michigan chemist. This genius takes a common clam and instills in its shell some little hard substance, the nature of which he is secretive about. Then he puts the clam back into the water and sand, and at the end of three years or so it can be dug up and will be found to contain a pearl of the greatest beauty. He has 8,000 pearls now forming.

The St. Louis papers are confidently predicting that the Louisiana Purchase exposition will surely open on the appointed day in 1903, with every building completed and every exhibit in place. This is a laudable resolve, but if it is accomplished St. Louis will do something that no other city which has undertaken such a task has ever done.

General MacArthur's transfer of military authority in the Philippines to General Chaffee with the simple phrase, "I bequeath to you all of my troubles," can be commended for its eloquent brevity. American fighting men have always been sparing of their words, but they make their deeds count.

The steamship Monterey has cleared from New Orleans for Cape Town with 500 horses and 500 mules for the use of the British government in military operations in South Africa. This does not look much like the end of the war.

A law has just gone into effect in Illinois making kidnapping a death offense. This is an instance of making the punishment fit the crime, which may well be followed by other commonwealths.

## Railway Employees on Pension.

The Illinois Central railway has just retired 200 of its employees on a pension, under a plan inaugurated by President Stuyvesant Fish and General Manager Harahan. The pensions paid by the Illinois Central are based on the average monthly pay of the employees during the last ten years of their service, they being allowed monthly 1 per cent of this amount for each year of their total service. If one of the men retired has been employed by the road 40 years and his average pay for the last ten years has been \$100 a month, his pension will be 40 per cent of \$100, or \$40 a month. The age limit is fixed at 70 years, at which all officers and employees must be retired. Employees between the ages of 61 and 70 years who are incapacitated by age for further service may be retired on a pension on a finding of the pension board, created for putting into practical operation this pension system.

A more liberal plan than this for making provision for old and faithful employees has, we believe, never been put into operation, or at least upon anything like so large a scale and so systematic a way. It furnishes not only an interesting object lesson in humanitarian dealing with the employees of a great corporation, but an experiment in practical economics based upon sound business sense. It not only saves the superannuated employee from want and relieves his family from distress, but solves an economic problem in a way that secures to the railroad company the fidelity and highest service of the younger men in its employ. It furnishes an example which other great industrial corporations might wisely follow.

## Remedy For Heat Prostration.

The Druggists' Circular offers the following suggestions for treatment of cases of heat prostration: "If the temperature is high, we use cold bathing to lower it, at the same time watching that it does not go too low and so give us a collapse. A bath should preferably be given in a tub, with the water at 80 or 85 degrees to begin with, and ice at once added to bring the temperature of the water down to 60 degrees in a few minutes. The surface of the body must be rubbed vigorously, rubbing the extremities preferably toward the body, and also rubbing the abdomen and back. The bath should be kept up for 15 minutes unless the temperature drops to 100 degrees before that or the patient shows signs of collapse. Shivering is of no consequence. Usually the pulse will become fuller, stronger and slower during the bath, and the effect will persist after it. The patient should be dried somewhat, but without much rubbing, and should lie under a sheet. If neither tub nor rubber blanket is available, we may lay him on an ordinary blanket and sponge him off with cold water or rub him down with pieces of ice wrapped around with one thickness of towel. It is well to give a little whisky before the bath. The patient should drink small amounts of cold water at frequent intervals. If instead of a high temperature we find a low one, we must at once say to the patient's friends that the case is much more serious. These cases are, of course, not to be bathed in cold water, but are to be vigorously stimulated—whisky, strychnine, digitalis, etc. It is almost impossible to overstimulate these cases. They should be rolled up in blankets and hot water bottles, hot bricks, etc., put around them to raise the temperature to normal."

The sultan of Morocco has acquired the "snap shot" habit and has just had two cameras built for him, one costing over \$10,000 and the other \$4,500. In the former the metal work is all gold, every piece being hallmarked. The metal parts of the other camera are all of silver. It is unnecessary to say that the instruments are fitted with the finest lenses and all the latest inventions of American and English make. Even with this elaborate and expensive paraphernalia it is not likely he will get any better photographic results than does the American schoolgirl with a doll outfit.

A New York swindler makes this confession: "If the postoffice department would let me alone, I would have to hire a cart to carry my money laden mail. Let me promise 56 per cent on a fake, and I can get rich." Uncle Sam's protective postal rules furnish one of the most effective barriers between the swindling fraternity and the people who are anxious to be soon parted from their money.

A San Francisco woman is suing for divorce because her husband made a bungling attempt to commit suicide. Very inconsiderate man! If he had been successful in his undertaking, she would not have been driven to the necessity of petitioning the divorce court.

It is now up to the professional statistician to tell us how much time the people save since the abolition of revenue stamps on bank checks, and telegraph messages.

The overworked taxpayers of the British empire will probably not object to a new title for the king provided no additional salary goes with it.

## Last Fiscal Year's Big Figures.

The report of the treasury department for the past fiscal year contains some interesting figures, which indicate something of the magnitude of Uncle Sam's official business. As was anticipated, the treasury surplus passes the \$75,000,000 mark. The excess of receipts over expenditures amounted to just \$75,864,999, which is within \$4,000,000 of the amount recorded for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900.

The aggregate receipts for the 12 months just ended amounted to \$585,848,308, which represents an increase of over \$16,800,000 as compared with the preceding fiscal year. Of this increase the largest share is credited to internal revenue, which constitutes the heaviest general item in receipts. The revenue from this source amounted to \$305,514,410, which was over \$9,200,000 in excess of that for the preceding fiscal year. Customs receipts come next in order, with a total of \$238,736,741, an increase of \$4,900,000 as compared with the year preceding. Miscellaneous receipts also contributed a share toward the general increase. They amounted to \$41,547,157, a gain of over \$2,700,000 as compared with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900.

The total expenditures for the fiscal year amounted to \$509,983,310, which was over \$22,200,000 in excess of those for the year ending in June, 1900. The civil and miscellaneous expenditures amounted to \$122,310,435, an increase of over \$16,500,000 as compared with the fiscal year preceding. The expenditures on account of the war department amounted to \$144,620,590, a gain of not far from \$10,000,000 over the figures for the fiscal year 1900. Expenditures on account of the navy amounted to \$90,515,387, an increase of over \$4,400,000. The expenditures for the Indians were \$10,896,007, an augmentation of not far from \$730,000. Decreases are noted under the heads of pensions and interest. The former item called for an expenditure during the year of \$139,323,439, a falling off of a little over \$1,500,000, while expenditures on account of interest amounted to \$32,317,402, a decrease of over \$7,800,000.

The cash balance in the treasury amounted at the end of the fiscal year to \$329,833,124, while the net public debt at the same time was \$1,044,739,120. A reduction of over \$36,300,000 was made in the bonded debt during the year. The reduction of revenue taxation, which went into effect at the beginning of the new fiscal year, will unquestionably decrease the surplus for the next year considerably, but a substantial excess should be found on the side of the receipts at the end of the year.

One of the recent census bulletins giving the population by sex, nativity and color in the various states contains much that is valuable to the general reader as well as to the student of social science. For instance, in Connecticut, a typical New England state, two rather surprising conditions are revealed. We have been accustomed to talk, somewhat loosely, it would appear, of the preponderance of women over men in the "east." As a matter of fact, Connecticut, with a population of 908,420, has 168 more males than females. Another singular fact about the land of steady habits is disclosed by this report. Foreign white persons and native white persons of foreign origin make up no less than three-fifths of the entire population of the state. It seems not unreasonable to assume that statistics of the other New England states will show a like state of things. The natives have "gone west," while the manufacturing towns have absorbed foreigners.

Recent dispatches from China say that the empress dowager is suffering from insomnia and that the emperor, being frequently in low spirits, vents his dissatisfaction upon his attendants. The trouble with their imperial highnesses seems to be indigestion rather than discomfiture over the presence of foreign armies, as the dispatches contain the further information that the empress "eats little but pastry," while the emperor's chief article of diet is Shanghai cabbage. They ought to try some simple, nutritious and wholesome diet, such, for instance, as chop suey and chow gal sumen.

The British naval programme just announced does not seem so very imposing, consisting, as it does, of three battle-ships and six cruisers. But its extent is limited by the fact that previous construction authorized has so crowded the shipyards of England that it is announced as progress that a vigorous effort will be made to catch up with the old work.

King Edward likes to play golf, but has trouble in getting away from the people who insist on climbing roofs and looking through knotholes. Being "one of them kings" is not so much fun, after all.

After the way we licked the British some years ago it looks like a shame to be rubbing it in as we are now in commercial lines.

In Leipzig directors of broken banks kill themselves. Here it is the depositors.

## Low Rates West and Northwest this Summer

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Salt Lake, Denver and other Colorado, Utah and Pacific Coast points, as well as St. Paul, Minneapolis, Dakota Hot Springs, etc., at greatly reduced rates, with favorable return limits, on various dates during the summer season. Frequent fast trains, through sleeping cars, chair cars, dining cars. The best of everything. For dates of sale and full particulars, inquire of ticket agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

## Frank Robertson

Attorney  
at Law.

701 Kedzie Bldg.,  
120 Randolph Street,  
Chicago.

Residence,  
Barrington,

## HENRY BUTZOW BAKERY

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.  
Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR  
IN CONNECTION.

Barrington, - Ill.

## The Barrington Bank

....OF....

SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres.  
A. L. Robertson, Cashier.  
John G. Plagge, Vice-Prest.  
.....A. G. P. Sandman.

Barrington,

Illinois

GEO. SCHAFER,

Dealer in

## Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington. - Ills

## M. C. McINTOSH, LAWYER.

Office 420 Ashland Bk., Chicago  
Residence, Barrington.

PHONES: CENTRAL 3261  
CENTRAL 3263  
BARRINGTON 221.

TAKE YOUR WASHING  
TO THE.....

## Barrington Steam Laundry.

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable  
Only First-class Work Done.

J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor,

Opp. Grunau's barber shop:

## Bennett & France

with—  
Jackman & Bennett

Attorneys at Law.

Practice in state  
and federal courts.

Farms for sale, estates handled, loans,  
Collection a specialty.

Office: Howarth Bldg., Barrington

## DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Will be at his  
Dental Rooms in

BATTERMAN'S BLOCK,  
PALATINE,  
ON

Friday of Each Week

Chicago office:

65 E. RANDOLPH ST.

Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

## PALATINE BANK

OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking  
Business Transacted....  
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans on Real Estate.

Insurance.

# PAINT and PAINTING

Paint is used mainly for two purposes, viz: to preserve the material to which it is applied and for adornment. Very often the latter is obtained at the expense of the former, but in the long run the mistake is discovered. No person ever used cheap paint twice; he learns his lesson with first dose. The HEATH & MILLIGAN paint is the standard of perfection and stands alone. It is guaranteed, and if the directions are followed and it fails to satisfy, the material will cost you nothing.

LASTS LONGER,  
COVERS MORE,  
LOOKS BETTER

Than any paint on the market. Try it and you will use no other.



Best Prepared Paint for  
house and general painting  
and decorating.

Family Prepared Paint for  
decorating and painting  
small articles

Creolite for stairs and floor  
painting.

Wagon Paint, for painting  
wagons, iron work and  
machinery.



Climax Paint, for painting bug-  
gies, surreys, etc.

Roof and Barn Paint for paint-  
ing roofs, barns and large  
structures.

Varnish Stain for touching and  
brightening up furniture.

Gold paint for striping and  
gilding.

## SATSUMA INTERIOR ENAM-

EL. Just the thing  
for enameling furni-  
ture, beds and household articles and orna-  
ments. This is a new product and by test has  
proven to be the best interior enamel made.

## Hygienic Kalsomine.

Beautify your home with Hy-  
gienic Kalsomine, the most sani-  
tary wall finish in the world. It  
is no experiment, has been on the  
market for years and towers  
above all other preparations of  
this kind. Anyone can use it,  
no experience necessary. Full  
directions on every box. Put up  
in fifteen shades and ready for  
use by adding water.

We handle the best grades of Raw and Boiled Lin-  
seed Oils, White Leads, Turpentine, Var-  
nishes, Hard Oils, Colors in Oil, Dry  
[Colors, Brushes, etc., etc.



Our line of building material is up  
to the standard. Call and get our  
quotations, we can interest you.

PORTLAND AND LOUISVILLE CEMENT,  
LIME, STUCCO, WALL PLASTER,  
BRICK, TILE, PLASTERING HAIR,  
SAND, STONE, ETC.



# LAMEY & CO....

Building Material  
and Painters' Supplies,

Barrington, - - Illinois.



## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Items of Interest Picked Up in Surrounding Towns for The Perusal of Review Readers.

### WAUCONDA.

H. E. Maiman transacted business in Chicago Wednesday.

Miss Nina Pratt is spending a week with friends in our village.

Mat Freund and John Seger were Pistaqua Bay visitors Sunday.

G. C. Roberts spent a few days with relatives in Wisconsin this week.

Capt. Dominick of Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Price.

J. S. Haas, who was on the sick list for the past week, is around again as usual.

Mrs. H. Maiman and Miss Yvonne Haas were Des Plaines visitors Wednesday.

F. L. Carr, L. E. Golding and Frank Roney transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Frank and Miss Laura Harrison returned to Chicago Sunday, after spending a day in our village.

Misses Agnes and Mary Meyers of McHenry were the guests of relatives in our village the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Zimmer and son Leo of Long Grove spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Geary and family.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold an ice cream social on the school grounds on Saturday evening, July 27. All are invited.

Winnie Torrance and friend, Mr. Madden, who have been spending a two week's vacation with the former's parents, returned to Chicago Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hapke and family and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hapke and daughter visited with relatives Sunday at Waukegan.

If you want some "just as good" "I make it myself" Remedy, try an Imitation Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill make you sick and keep you sick. Ask your druggist.

Half rate excursion tickets to Monona Lake Assembly at Madison, Wis., and return via the North-Western line will be sold on two days, July 27 and August 2, limited to return until July 29 and August 3, respectively. Excursion tickets will also be sold at reduced rates July 17 and 18, limited to return until August 3, inclusive. On other dates the certificate plan will apply. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

The Wauconda delegates sent Saturday to Waukegan succeeded in securing both the Lake county M. W. A. picnic and the Soldiers and Sailors reunion for our village this year. The picnic is to be held August 15 and Senator Mason has been secured for the orator of the day. The reunion will be held the last of August. Further particulars later.

A report has been circulated that Mr. Burritt had sold out his lake property for a consideration of \$12,000 to some large ice company, who made the purchase to stop some private parties from securing control and would make no use of the property. The report has no foundation as we were informed by Mr. Burritt, who owns 130 acres in the lake, and all in deep water, who says the consideration might be correct providing he did sell but he was still holding the property.

H. Maiman & Son have made extensive improvements on the interior of their store during the past two weeks. Some of the shelves were torn out and tables were put in instead to accommodate the clothing stock, which this season is by far the largest that this firm has ever carried, and, by the rearrangement, places everything before the public for inspection. The hat department has been moved to the front of the store and the pants and overall line has been changed to the rear. It makes a big improvement and convenience.

### QUENTIN'S CORNERS.

The beer wagons seem to do a land office business this hot weather.

Jacob Sturm, jr., took a load of porkers to Prairie View Saturday.

H. L. Bockelman and family were at Libertyville calling on friends recently.

Chris Pfingsten of Bartlett was here this week visiting with relatives and friends.

Wm. Hoeft has had his buildings on the old homestead repaired and neatly painted.

Mrs. Chris Schumacher's health is failing, and there is but little hopes of her recovery.

Miss Clara Knigge is spending a few days at Arlington Heights visiting her brothers and friends.

Wm. Bowman was at Wheeling on a visit. While there his horse ran away and his buggy damaged considerably.

Chas. Froelich, Herman Landwer and John Witt took a trip to Huntley last Sunday calling on friends and sight-seeing.

The Chicago & North-Western Line will run a popular excursion to Lake Geneva, Saturday, July 20. Fare for the round trip \$1.00.

Chris Schumacher has invested in a new McCormick harvester, August Grever has purchased a Champion and Fred Grever bought an Osborne.

Herman Junker had the misfortune to lose six of his best dairy cows inside of ten days and more are suffering with the same disease. The disease is call anthrax and is very dangerous and contagious.

### LAKE ZURICH.

Chas. Givens is on the sick list.

Woodmen picnic Saturday Aug. 3.

E. S. Bruce made a trip to Joliet on Thursday.

John Collen of Barrington was seen on our streets Friday.

Miss Emma Ficke of Dwight is visiting with his parents here.

Frank Roney received a car-load of cattle from Chicago Friday.

There are more campers around the lake this year than ever before.

Emil Frank and Frank Roney made a business trip to Chicago Tuesday.

Frank Blocke of Chicago is visiting with his brother-in-law, Louis Seip.

The M. W. A. band of Barrington has been engaged to play at the Woodman picnic here August 3.

H. L. Prehm, H. Helfer and Wm. Buesching, sr., went to Joliet Thursday to buy a steel pipe for the outlet bridge.

Fat lady—Don't sleep too much; exercise; don't eat fats and sweets. To reduce flesh rapidly take Rocky Mountain Tea. Acts directly on the fatty tissues. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Bert Seip had the misfortune of falling from a wagon Saturday while getting coal at an elevator. His elbow was thrown out of joint. Dr. Wells of Wauconda was called and set the arm in place.

### CARPENTERSVILLE.

Joe Erick has gone to Nebraska.

Duncan Livingston is at Buffalo.

Harry Eldridge of McHenry was a visitor Sunday.

Mrs. Maggie Matthews and daughter Ella went to Nunda Tuesday.

Delos Dutton and daughters, Misses Ivy and Daisy, have gone to Buffalo.

Mrs. Chas. Coltrin of Austin and Miss Eva Castle of Barrington were visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sinclair have been to the Pan-American Exposition.

Mrs. Mary Wilber led the mid-week meeting at the Congregational church this week.

Jesse Miller is so improved in health that he and wife are in attendance at camp meeting.

The Congregational church at Dundee is being torn down and will be replaced by a new \$7,000 edifice.

Irving Miller, recently of the asylum force, is now working at Nunda.

Ray Clark, of Aurora, Wis., who visited here, has gone to Hampshire where he has secured employment.

C. F. Hall Co., Dundee, Ill.

Special lot 35 dozen of tailor made trousers, fine all wool and worsteds, \$2 and \$3 goods, we offer at \$1.29 and \$1.49. Men's club, all silk, ties big ends, 5c. Silk front shirts 25, 49, 75c. Men's all solid lace and congress shoes 98c. Boy's shoes 79c.

WE SELL all wool, serge and satin lined suits at \$3.95, 5.00, 6.50. Sizes 15 to 20 at \$2.69, 3.95, 4.95. Compare with any \$8.00 to \$12.00 suits sold. Ladies' calico wrappers 49c. Percales with flounce skirts 98c. Ladies' duck suits 98c., worth \$2.00. Two thousand children's dresses 25c, 35c, 49c. Also some fine Percales at 59c 75c. Six styles of ladies' skirts at 49c. Men's black hose, seamless, 5c a pair. Ladies' hose at 5c a pair. Samples in waists, sizes 34-36, at 39c and 49c. See them. Lawn skirts, velvet ribbon trimmed, at 87c.

FOR SALE—Meat market in good location at Cary. Address, Ed. WALLACE, Cary Station, Ill.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of every family. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by all druggists.

JACKMAN & BENNETT, SOLICITORS.

### Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order and decree of the County Court of McHenry county, Illinois, made on the petition of the undersigned Mary Diekmann, executrix of the estate of Henry Diekmann deceased, for leave to sell the real estate of said deceased at the July term A. D. 1901 of said Court to-wit: On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1901.

Notice is hereby given, that on Monday the 5th day of August next, at the hour of one o'clock p. m., at the dwelling house on the hereinafter described premises in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of Henry Diekmann, deceased, to-wit: Lot Number two (2), in Block Number eleven (11) in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, together with all the improvements thereon, the same being situated in the North-east quarter of the North-east quarter of Section Number one (1), in Township Number forty-two (42) North, of Range Number nine (9), east of the third principal meridian, in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, will be sold to the highest bidder for cash.

MARY DIEKMANN, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Henry Diekmann, deceased. Dated this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1901.

### Low Rates West and Northwest this Summer.

Via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Salt Lake, Seattle, Denver and other Colorado, Utah and Pacific coast points, as well as St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Dakota Hot-Springs, etc., at reduced rates, with favorable return limits, on various dates during the summer season. Frequent fast trains, through sleeping cars, chair cars, dining cars. The best of everything. For dates of sales, full particulars, inquire of ticket agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

### The Same Old Story.

J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the U. S. and has been told and retold by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies."

Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale by all druggists.

FOR SALE—One survey, harness, work horses, teams or single. Lots in village of Barrington in good location. F. J. HAWLEY.

### A Railroad Man's Story.

"One of the worst starts I ever had," said an engineer the other day, "was due to a large, lazy pig that had got on my mind. Nothing will slide a train more easily and destructively from the rails than live pork. This particular specimen had a habit of burrowing alongside the track, and it was a fair presumption that sooner or later he would find something to interest him between the rails and somebody would go down the bank."

"I was coming down a hill one day at high speed and craning my neck for a comforting sight of piggy in his accustomed place when, as I popped around the curve, a bright red flag assailed my anxious gaze. The connection between that flag and the pig was only a bit of mental aberration on my part, but it was very vivid. I shut off and grabbed the whistle cord, but before I could even screech for brakes I saw that the flag was only a red flannel shirt which the good woman of the shanty to which the pig belonged had hung on an improvised clothesline between the telegraph poles."

"That may not sound like much of a scare, but it represents a type that turns the railroad man's hair to a delicate ash color."

### When Herrings Were Plenty.

In former days herrings were so abundant in Newfoundland waters that the most wanton slaughter of them was permitted without any restriction whatever. Seines were allowed to retain 1,000 or 2,000 barrels of the fish until they perished, and then the net was freed, and the whole contents fell to the bottom to pollute the ocean for miles around. When a poaching smack was captured, the herrings it had on board were all thrown into the sea, and frequently boats when chased resorted to the same means to get rid of incriminating evidence. The fish then fetched only 50 cents a barrel of 500 herrings, or ten for a cent.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### FOILED BY HIS OWN TRICK.

Scheme For Selling a Farm and Its Dramatic Climax.

"Some years ago," said the narrator, "an oil boom hit Litchfield, Ill., and everybody for miles around was seen sniffing for oil and every stranger suspected of being an expert looking for a good thing. An old farmer named Loomis had a big place three miles out of town, which would have been a fortune for him had he not been possessed of a mania for swapping, manifest in a perennial attempt to trade off his land for twice its value."

"When the boom was at the top notch, Loomis received a visitor who took so much interest in the farm, so liked its appearance, location, etc., that the old farmer scented a petroleum man and saw visions of incalculable wealth; but, being a shrewd man, Loomis did not care to take any unnecessary chances with Providence, and on the quiet he sent the hired man out the back way with orders to dump the kerosene can into the well. The visitor liked the entire place, inspected the barn, the chicken yard and then, as if by chance, asked for a drink of water."

"Loomis was waiting for that and hauled up a brimming bucket before the man's own eyes and poured him out a gourdful of liquid with a fine, opalescent scum upon it. The visitor smelled the stuff, tasted it, made a wry face and asked if the water was always like that. 'Oh, yes,' said Loomis, 'but you soon get accustomed to the taste, and our doctor says this is the finest water on earth for the stomach.' 'Well, I am danged if I'll ever get used to it,' was the unexpected response. 'I am looking for a farm, not an oil well, and if I have got to haul my drinking water three miles from Litchfield I guess I'd rather buy nearer town.' 'It took Loomis six months to get the taste of oil out of his well, and by that time the boom was over, and nothing was left of the oil craze but rotting derricks and abandoned shafts.'—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

### BOOK MAXIMS.

It is better to give a book than to lend it.

Do not bite a paper knife until it has the edge of a saw.

Do not cut books except with a proper ivory knife.

It is ruination to a good book to cut it right through into the corners.

Books are neither card racks, crumb baskets nor receptacles for dead leaves.

Never write upon a title page or half title. The blank fly leaf is the right place.

Do not turn the leaves of books down. Particularly do not turn the leaves of books printed on plate paper.

If you are in the habit of lending books, do not mark them. These two acts together constitute an act of indiscretion.

Books were not meant as cushions, nor were they meant to be toasted before a fire.—Arthur L. Humphreys in Private Library.

### Where He Forgot Himself.

"We are seven," laughingly quoted the man who was an applicant for life insurance when asked to give the number of children in his father's family. "And their names?" asked the examining surgeon.

"Well, there's Albert, Addie, Henry, Laura, William and Dora and—"

The surgeon looked surprised, and the applicant looked foolish.

Then he began again, "There's Albert and Addie, and Henry and Laura, and William and Dora, and—"

The surgeon announced that these were only six. The applicant acknowledged the corn and went over the list again and again, invariably balking after the sixth name. Then a bright office boy looked up from his work, with a grin, and said:

"Say, haven't you left yourself out of the count?"

The surgeon seemed relieved, the applicant seemed more foolish than ever, and the office boy grinned on at his work.

"That certainly was one time," finally commented the applicant, "that I completely forgot myself."—New York Times.

### Apples the Diet For the Sedentary.

Apples are very wholesome and digestible. They contain considerable potassium and sodium salts, magnesium, a little iron and about 85 per cent of water. Apples, being rich in pectin, form readily into jelly. They also contain free organic acids as well as salts, such as malates, citrates and tartrates. They are quite laxative, more so if taken at night or early in the morning with a glass of water. Their nutritive value is not much, as they are largely composed of water. For invalids apples are best when baked and eaten either plain or served with cream.—Ledges Monthly.

### A Drop of Water.

A gallon of distilled water weighs 8.339 pounds, and there being four quarts to the gallon and two pints to the quart, and 16 fluid ounces to the pint, and two tablespoonfuls to the fluid ounce, and four teaspoonfuls to the tablespoon, and 45 drops to the teaspoon, a drop of water weighs 0.00018067 pound, slightly more.

### A Pathetic Bereavement.

Miss Slinger—I saw in the paper that there is to be an entertainment for a "musical orphanage." Pray, what may a musical orphanage be?

Mr. Kenitall—I can't say positively, you know, but I imagine it must be a child deprived of its native air.—Harper's Bazar.

If a mother is at all clever, she can train her baby by the time it is 6 weeks old to cry to go to its father as soon as he comes in the house.—Arlinson Globe.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

# PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Castle, Williams & Smith  
Attorneys at Law.

1020 22 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., south-east corner Washington and LaSalle streets.

CHICAGO

Henry J. Senne,  
FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Oysters and Game in season.

Batterman's Block. PALATINE

Louisville & Nashville

Railroad THE GREAT CENTRAL SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE

Winter Tourist Tickets

Now on sale to

FLORIDA.....

and the

GULF

COAST.

Write for folders, descriptive matter, etc., to

C. L. STONE, Gen'l. Passenger Agt., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Send your address to

R. J. WEMYSS,

General Immigration and Industrial Agent,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

And he will mail you free

MAPS, ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS AND PRICE LIST OF LANDS AND FARMS in

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama,

Mississippi and Florida.

F. J. ALVERSON

## Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats

Bakery Goods, Canned Goods, Vegetables and Fruits. I solicit a share of your patronage and guarantee satisfaction.

Highest price paid for Hides and Tallow.

F. J. ALVERSON

## Make a Start in Life.

Get a Business Education.

Book-keeping, Penmanship, Business Forms, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Arithmetic, Stenography, Typewriting by the "Touch" System etc. Up-to-date methods. The largest and best equipped commercial school. 28 years under same management. Experienced teachers. Thorough instruction.

Students received at any time. For Prospectus address

O. M. POWERS, PRINCIPAL, 7 MONROE ST., CHICAGO.

H. T. ABBOTT,

## Watchmaker & Jeweler

WATCH, CLOCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

All Work Guaranteed.

My Prices are Right.

J. F. MOORHOUSE,  
BARBER SHOP.  
Fine Caudles, Fruit and up-to-date line of High Grade Cigars, Tobaccos, etc.

Palatine, Ill.

H. C. KERSTING  
Photographic Art Studio.

West of Schoppe Bros.  
OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.

All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water color and crayon at prices to suit.

Palatine, Ill.

A. S. OLMS  
Druggist and Pharmacist.....

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

PALATINE, ILL.

# WE WANT A YOUNG MAN

who can furnish a horse and wagon to represent us

# IN THIS COUNTY

to such a man we can offer a

## LIBERAL PROPOSITION

Applicants will please give references, also present occupation. Address

WHEELER & WILSON Mfg. Co.  
82 & 80 WABASH AVE.  
CHICAGO, ILL.



Mildred Trevanion

BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER XVI.

In but few minutes' time after the accident Mildred was beside Denzil, and down upon her knees, her horse idly wandering away. She stooped and placed her hand upon his heart, but failed to detect the faintest beat. She drew her fingers across his forehead—cold and damp with the chilling wintry wind—but to her it seemed touched by the cold hand of Death.

A terrible feeling took possession of her. Was he dead? Was he speechless, deaf, blind, beyond love, life, hope, for evermore?

Lifting his head onto her lap and pushing back the hair from his beautiful forehead, she murmured to him tenderly, almost reproachfully, half believing the cruel voice he had loved so well on earth would recall him even from the grave. But there was no answer.

She looked up wildly. Would nobody ever come? How long they were—how long! And when they did come, would it, perchance, be only to tell her that help was needless—that he was indeed dead, as he appeared—lifeless within her very arms.

Oh, to speak with him once more, if only for a moment—just for so long as it would take to let him know how well she loved him, and to beg on her knees for his forgiveness!

Why did he lie so silent at her feet? Surely that calm, half smile had no sympathy with death. Was she never to hear his voice again—never to see the loving tenderness that grew in his eyes for her alone?

Was all the world dead or insensible that none would come to her call, while perhaps each precious moment was stealing another chance from his life? This thought was maddening; she glanced all round her, but as yet no one was in sight. And then she began to cry and wring her hands.

"Denzil, speak to me!" she sobbed. "Denzil—darling—darling!"

Lord Lyndon, shortly after the accident had occurred, turning round in his saddle to discover whether Miss Trevanion was coming up with them, and not seeing her, raised himself in his stirrups to survey the ground behind, and beheld two horses riderless, and something he could not discern clearly upon the grass.

"Sir George, look!" he called to his companion. "What is it—what has happened? Can you see Mildred?"

He waited for nothing more, but putting spurs to the astonished animal under him, rode furiously back, leaving Sir George to follow him almost as swiftly.

And this was what they saw.

Lying apparently lifeless, with one arm twisted under him, in that horrible, formless way a broken limb will sometimes take, lay Denzil Younge, with Miss Trevanion holding his head upon her lap and smoothing back his hair, while she moaned over him words and entreaties that made Lyndon's heart grow cold.

"Mildred!" he cried sharply, putting his hand on her arm with the intention of raising her from the ground, but she shook him off roughly.

"Let me alone," she said; "what have you to do with us? I loved him. Oh, Denzil, my darling speak to me—speak to me."

"What is the meaning of this?" Lyndon asked hoarsely. "Trevanion, you should know."

Sir George, who was bending over the prostrate man, raised his eyes for a moment.

"I suppose, as she says it, it is true," he answered simply. "But I give you my word of honor as a gentleman, I was unaware of it. All I know is that she refused him long before you proposed for her—for what reason I am as ignorant as yourself. It has been her own secret from first to last."

As Sir George spoke, Mildred looked up for the first time.

"Is he dead?" she asked with terrible calmness.

"No, no—I hope not: a broken arm seldom kills," answered her father, hurriedly, drawing the broken limb from beneath the wounded man with great gentleness. "Lyndon, the brandy."

Lyndon, who was almost as white as Denzil at the moment, resolutely putting his own grievances behind him for the time being, knelt down beside Sir George, and, giving him his flask, began to help in the task of resuscitation.

"How will it be?" he asked in a whisper.

"I cannot tell," answered Sir George; "we can only hope for the best. But I don't like the look on the poor lad's face. I have seen such a look before. Do you remember little Polly Stuart of the Guards? I was on the ground when he was killed very much in the same manner and saw him lying there with just that sort of strange, calm, half smile upon his face as though defying death. But he was stone dead at the time, poor boy."

"How shall we get him home?" asked Lyndon. "I wish some doctor could be found to see him. Was not Stubber on the field this morning?"

"Yes, but was called off early in the day, I think."

"His heart!" cried Miss Trevanion, suddenly. "His heart! It's beating!" She raised her eyes to her father's as she gave utterance to the sweet words, and Lyndon saw all the glorious light of the hope that had kindled in them. Her white fingers were pressed closely against Denzil's chest; her breath was coming and going rapturously at quick, short intervals; her whole face was full of passionate, glad expectation.

"So it is," said Sir George, excitedly. "Lyndon, more brandy."

So life, struggling slowly back into Denzil's frame, began its swift course once more for him; while for Lyndon, turning away sick at heart and miserable, his joys and promises were but as rotten fruit, ending in bitterness and mockery.

CHAPTER XVII.

It was late the same evening, and Mildred sitting in her mother's room, with one hand clasped in Lady Caroline's, was gazing idly into the fire, seeming pale and dejected in the red light of the flame, that ever and anon blazed up and sunk, and almost died, and brightened up again. Yet in her heart there was a great well of thankfulness, of joy unutterable—for had not the doctor, fully an hour before, declared Denzil out of any immediate danger?

Up to that moment Miss Trevanion had remained in her own apartment, not caring to encounter the gaze of curious observers—now walking feverishly backward and forward with unspoken prayers within her breast, now sitting stunned and wretched, waiting for the tidings she yet dreaded to hear.

But, when Lady Caroline came to tell her all was well for the present, she could say nothing; she only followed her mother back to her own room where she fell upon her knees and cried as if her heart would break.

Suddenly the door opened and a servant told her.

"Lord Lyndon's compliments to Miss Trevanion, and he would be glad to see her for a few minutes in the north drawing room," he said, and lingered for a reply.

"I will be down directly," Mildred answered tremulously, and when he had withdrawn turned nervously toward Lady Caroline. "Oh, mother," she said, "what can I say to him? What must he think of me?"

"Have courage, my darling," whispered Lady Caroline, "and own the truth—plain speaking is ever the best and wisest. Afterward he will forgive you. Remember how impatiently I shall be waiting here for your return."

"Of course he will understand that it is now all over between us," Mildred asked, half anxiously, as she reached the door.

"Of course he will," said Lady Caroline, with a suppressed sigh. How could she help regretting this good thing that was passing away from her daughter. "Now go, and do not keep him in suspense any longer."

So Mildred went; but, as she passed the threshold of the room that contained Lord Lyndon, a sudden rush of memory almost overpowered her, carrying her back, as it did, to that other night, a few short weeks ago, when she had similarly stood, but in how different a position in the sight of the man now standing opposite to her. Then she had come to offer him all that was dearest to him on earth, now she was come to deprive him of that boon—was standing before him, judged and condemned as having given away that which in nowise belonged to her.

She scarcely dared to raise her head, but waited, shame-stricken, for him to accuse her, with eyes bent sorrowfully downward.

"I have very little to say to you," said Lyndon, hoarsely, in a voice that was strange and cold, all the youth being gone out of it, "but I thought it better to get it over at once—to end this farce that has been playing so long."

No answer from Miss Trevanion—no movement—no sound even, beyond a slight catching of the breath.

"Why you should have treated me as you have is altogether beyond my fathoming," he went on. "Surely I could never have deserved it at your hands. When I gave you that paltry money a few weeks ago, I little thought it was accepted as the price of your affection. Affection! Nay, rather toleration. Had I known it I would have flung it into the sea before it should have so degraded both yourself and me. Had you no compassion—no thought of the dreary future you were so coldly planning out for us both—I ever striving to gain a love that was not to be gained—you perpetually remembering past days that contained all the sweetness of your life? There—it is of small use my reproaching you now; the thing is done, and cannot be undone. You have only acted as hundreds of women have acted before you—ruined one man's happiness completely, and very nearly wrecked another's, all for the want of a little honesty."

He made a few steps forward, as though to pass her, but she arrested him by laying both her hands on his arm.

"Oh, Henry, forgive me!" she exclaimed, with deep emotion. "You can not leave me like this. I know I have been bad, wicked, deceitful, in every way, but, oh, forgive me! No—do not mistake me. I know well you would never marry me now; and" lowering her voice—"neither could I ever marry you, having once shown you my heart; so there can be no misconception about that. But if you knew everything—how wretched I was, how hopeless, how essential it was that the money should be procured, how terrible it was to me to have to borrow it, and how just and right a thing it seemed to give you myself in exchange, having no other means of repayment—you might perhaps pity me. Could you only have seen into my heart, you would have read there how real was my determination to be true to you, to make you a good wife, and love you eventually as well as I loved—that other."

She broke down here and covered her face with her hands. And Lyndon who had never learned the art of being consistently unkind to anything, felt his wrath and wrongs melt away altogether, while a choking sensation arose in his throat.

He forgot all his own deep injuries, and, taking the pretty golden head between his hands, he drew it down upon his breast, where she began to cry right heartily.

"Mildred, how could you do it?" he whispered, presently, in a broken voice. "Had you hated me you could have done nothing more cruel. Child, did you never think of the consequences?"

"I know I have behaved basely to you," sobbed Mildred. "But I never thought that this would be the end. All might have turned out so differently, had—had this day never been."

"I shall never cease to be thankful that this day did come," he answered, earnestly. "Better to wake from a happy dream in time than rest unconscious until the waking is too late. Bitter as it is to lose you now, and no one but myself can guess how bitter that is, would it not be far worse to discover that my wife had no sympathy with me, no thought akin to mine?"

He paused for a moment and then he said, sadly, "It seems a hard thing for me to say, but yet—oh, Mildred, I wish we had never met!"

"Is there nothing I can do to make it up to you?" she asked, despairingly.

"No, there is nothing," he answered, regretfully. "All that could be said or done would not obliterate the past. You are crying still, Mildred," raising her face, and regarding it mournfully; "are you so very sorry then, for your work? And yet a few plain words would have prevented all this. Tell me—when returning the money, which you insisted on doing after your grand-aunt's death, why did you not then honestly speak the truth? Was not that a good opportunity?"

"Oh, how could I do it then?" she asked, turning away her head, with a little shiver of distaste; "that would have appeared so detestable in your eyes. What!" she exclaimed, "accept your kindness gratefully when I was in sore need of it, and then when I had no further want of it, throw you off without the slightest compunction? Surely you would have thought that a very unworthy action?"

"Still it would have been better than this," he answered, gloomily, beginning to walk slowly up and down the room, while she stood weaving her fingers restlessly in and out, watching him.

Poor Mildred, the bitterness of her remorse just then made half atonement for her sin. With a heart at once affectionate and deeply feeling, it was to her the intensest agony to see Lyndon so crushed and heart-broken, and know it was her own handiwork.

For a few minutes there was silence except for the faint sound of Lyndon's footsteps as he paced heavily to and fro on the thick carpet. At length she could bear it no longer.

(To be continued.)

Preacher for Her Husband.

Wearied and almost ready to collapse from overwork, Rev. Mr. Clegg of Tannersville, Pa., on a recent Sunday evening permitted his wife to occupy his pulpit, and the congregation that listened to the discourse was greatly pleased. "Sin came into the world by my sex, and it is my duty to get all the sin out of the world I can," said Mrs. Clegg in her sermon.

She conducted her entire service for her husband and her sermon was interesting from beginning to end. The announcement that the minister's wife was to preach brought out a very large congregation and late comers stood two deep in the corridor. Rev. D. W. Lecrone, the Lutheran pastor of the village, dismissed his evening service in order to hear Mrs. Clegg. He was invited to a seat on the platform and accepted. Pastor Clegg, who is an Englishman, introduced his wife to the congregation.

Limits of the Audibility of Sound.

An interesting matter, from a scientific point of view, in connection with the death of Queen Victoria, is the distance at which the sound of firing was heard when the fleet saluted as the body was conveyed from Cowes to Portsmouth. Letters in the English journals of science show that the sounds of the guns were heard in several places at a distance of eighty-four miles, and that at a distance of sixty miles the concussions were sufficiently intense to shake windows and to set cock pheasants to cawing as they do during a thunderstorm. There appears to have been but little wind to interfere with the propagation of the sound.—New York Post.

Of 555 Japanese university students who were questioned as to their religious beliefs, no fewer than 472 called themselves atheists.

CARTER'S GOOD TIME.

PRISON LIFE EASY FOR EX-ARMY OFFICER.

Plays Golf with His Guards and Receives Luxuries from an Unknown Source—Case Is Again Before Secretary Root.

If common report is to be trusted, a scandal of considerable moment is brewing at Fort Leavenworth, that may result in the degradation of the authorities of that institution. Revelations have been made by a prisoner confined in the stockade which are certainly deserving of investigation, for they alleged that neither the letter nor the spirit of the law is lived to in the case of the star prisoner, Capt Oberlin M. Carter, and that favoritism is practised within the government penitentiary.

Carter will be remembered as the former United States army officer who, after defrauding the government out of millions of dollars on contracts at Savannah and being tried for his crimes by court martial, was stripped of his rank and uniform and confined in Fort Leavenworth on a long sentence, which was supposed to carry with it labor of the most menial kind. For a time the ruling of the court martial was carried out to the letter, and Carter was reported to be propelling a wheelbarrow in garden work as a penance for his misdeeds, but according to the prisoner who now makes complaint this state of affairs no longer obtains. Instead of receiving the same treatment as the others under sentence, Carter is the object of special consideration from the prison authorities and his fellow culprits are on the verge of mutiny over his case.

A part of Carter's sentence, like that of all degraded officers, was that he should have no association with army officers and that any of the latter who should engage in any social intercourse with him would be open to the severest discipline; yet it is said that some of the officers at Fort Leavenworth have "looted the spirit and the letter of this



FORMER CAPTAIN CARTER.

Injunction. It is alleged, among other things, that while the poor devils who are serving time for minor offenses are treated like slaves, the ex-officer who was convicted of the greatest thievery in the annals of the government service is enjoying a remarkable measure of liberty; that he plays golf with other attaches of the place; that his cell has been made more comfortable by the mysterious touch of unknown hands, and that the star prisoner does not subsist upon the homely prison fare allotted to other convicts, but is secretly supplied with extra food and dainties, apparently from some officers' headquarters. All this of course is not done openly, and the appearance of unprejudiced treatment of Carter is kept on its face, but the other prisoners were not slow to grasp the situation, and their grumblings have finally led one of them with more nerve than the rest to make an open complaint. His charges have been forwarded to the department of justice at Washington.

It is not presumed that the war department has connived in or even winked at the favoritism shown to Carter, if the charges be true, but it is more likely that it has been due to a feeling of sympathy of some of the penitentiary attaches for Carter who is an educated man with uncommonly pleasing address and a personality that would be likely to win favor anywhere. It is possible that some of Carter's former associates at West Point or in the army service are stationed at Fort Leavenworth and have broken the rules in his case for old times' sake. How far this may be true will be brought out in the investigation which will probably be made, and if the accusations are proven it is hardly doubtful that Secretary Root will shake up Fort Leavenworth in a way that will provide a lesson for a good many years to come to like officials here and elsewhere.

The Early Use of Coffee.

About the year 1600 coffee began to be talked of in Christendom as a rare and precious medicine. In 1615 it was brought to Venice, and in 1621 Burton spoke of it in his Anatomy of Melancholy as a valuable article which he had heard of but not seen. In 1652 Sir Nicholas Crispe, a Levant merchant, opened in London the first coffee house known in England, the beverage being prepared by a Greek girl brought over for the work. Other coffee houses in abundance were soon opened.

A Spotted Tribe of People.

On the banks of the Perus, in South America, dwells a peculiar tribe of people who are spotted in a queer manner. All members of the tribe are similar in this respect, men, women and children being mottled black and white.

CURIOUS BURIAL CUSTOMS.

Cerious Coffins, with Elaborate and Costly Ornamentations.

On the Ivory Coast in West Africa, between the rivers Bandama and Nzi, there lives a curious negro tribe known as the Baule, and which is a mixture of several races. So curious is it that M. Maurice Delafosse, a colonial official, has thought it well worthy of study, and he now narrates some interesting facts about it.

The coffins used by these negroes, he says, are rectangular, and each is fashioned carefully out of a large block of acajou wood. The sides, moreover, are ornamented with colored bas-reliefs and the cover is usually wrought in most artistic style. As an example of such a cover, M. Delafosse presents one, which was made in 1895 for the mummy of a chieftain named Nyango Kuassi. On it the chieftain is represented as lying on a leopard skin, which has been artistically engraved, the spots therein being shown by squares, cut out of the wood.

Above the dead man is an engraving of an umbrella, the symbol of his high position on earth, and beneath it a box of cartridges has been drawn. On the left is represented a gold-hilted saber which he wore on parade, and above it is an engraving of his favorite drinking cup. On the right in like manner may be seen drawings of his dagger and of his gun. Below the corpse is a death's head and the figure of a woman, who is holding in her hand a saucer filled with bread. The death's head represents that one among the dead man's slaves, who, according to ancient custom, should have been sacrificed at the time of his death, but whose life was spared at the intercession of M. Delafosse.

A Peerless Opal.

The Imperial Opal, as it has come to be called, was on view the other day to the agents general and other leading colonials living in London. The owner of it, Mr. Maurice Lyons, invited them to meet him and see it at the office of the agent general for Victoria. Really there are two stones, but the smaller one is regarded as a fragment, though not by any means an "unconsidered trifle." It is the larger one, weighing 20 carats, which is the Imperial Opal. It is said that Mr. Lyons is wishful of presenting to the king, for the royal regalia, in honor of the establishment of the Australian commonwealth. Naturally there was talk about the opal and its qualities, and about opals in general. Sir Horace Tozer pointed out that the best way to see an opal was to look at it away from the light. Held thus it appeared to be alive with fire; to burn, as it were, in all manner of changing colors. Each facet in its composition seemed to have its own gleam, and that gleam leaped from hue to hue with every motion of the stone. "It is," the owner of it remarked, "what is known as a harlequin opal, a name indicating the various colors in it. This is the most perfect kind of opal the rarest, and so always the most valuable." It appeared that opals with a bluish tinge, or having a milky appearance, were quite inferior as compared to the harlequin type. Sir Horace Tozer said that of all the Queensland opals he had seen the one then on the table was the finest. Bigger opals, it was mentioned, had been known, but they lacked the shining lustre of this one. It was discovered in the western part of Queensland, in a pastoral district there which is famed for its opals. There are alluvial opals, and there are rock opals, and this one belongs to the latter class. The small part has been separated from the larger part during the digging of the opal from the quartz, where it had lain perhaps for centuries. Somebody spoke an explanatory word on how opals are formed—on the process by which nature "opalizes" certain ingredients in the quartz—and then once more everybody fell into admiration of the Imperial Opal, as it winked and blinked in beauty like a concentrated rainbow.—Exchange.

When the Earth Will Be Full.

Although it need cause the present generation no worry, it is interesting to know that, according to a careful computation by a statistician, when 350 years shall have passed the density of the earth's population will be such that each person will have only two-thirds of an acre. That space, fifty-five and one-half yards square, will have to suffice for all purposes—agriculture, roads, houses, parks, railways and so on. It is estimated that when the globe's population reaches density, which is about 1,000 persons to the mile, the earth will be full. This conclusion is reached by a careful analysis of the growth of population in the nineteenth century, and upon that basis the population of the earth in the year 2250 is computed.

Present populations to the square mile are: Russia, 15; United States, 21; China, 95; Spain, 96; France, 186; Germany, 263; Italy, 289; United Kingdom, 339; Holland, 411; Belgium, 572.

The Pope's Sense of Humor.

His holiness the pope is much sought after as a sitter by painters, whose powers are not always equal to their ambition. It is seldom, however, that an artist meets with a refusal. Quite recently one of these painters, having finished his portrait, begged the pope to honor him by inscribing upon it some scriptural text, with his autograph. The pope looked dubiously at the picture. It was mediocre enough and little like himself, but, unwilling to disappoint the artist, he reflected a moment, and then, adapting the familiar line in St. Matthew to the peculiar circumstances, he wrote as follows: "Be not afraid, it is I.—Leo XIII."

PET FROG FED DYNAMITE.

Fatal Results Follow Children's Mistaking Explosive for Petty.

An accident at Albany, Mo., in which three children, a pet frog, and some dynamite figured, resulted in one death, two persons seriously injured, and part of a dwelling demolished. The three children of George McCurry, a contractor, found some dynamite in the cellar of their home, and, thinking it was putty, fed it to their pet frog. The pieces of dynamite resembled insects, and the frog ate them. A large tool chest fell on the frog and exploded the dynamite which had been eaten. A chisel pierced the temple of the youngest child and killed him. Another child and Mrs. McCurry were seriously hurt and part of the house wrecked.

Noted Writer Is a Wreck.

Isaac G. Reed, for many years well known as a newspaper and magazine writer in New York city, is in the insane pavilion in Bellevue hospital. His mind is shattered and his physical condition is such that he cannot live long. For many years Reed has lived on the bounty of Mrs. M. L. Cummings of Elberton, N. J., who was known on the stage as Minnie Cummings. She says that much of her success was due to Reed's press work and gratitude caused her to maintain him in sanitariums for several years. Reed was born in Philadelphia and came of a wealthy and distinguished family. In addition to his newspaper and magazine work Reed wrote several books, including "Thirty Years in Gotham" and "Our American Aristocracy," or, "Reminiscences of New York's Society."

Michigan Farmer Slain.

Peter Smith, the most prominent farmer in the Bainbridge district, fifteen miles northeast of St. Joseph, Mich., was assassinated at noon Thursday by an unknown man. Hundreds of farmers, incensed by the cowardly murder, are searching the woods in the vicinity and threaten to lynch the murderer when he is apprehended. Smith was driving through his field on top of a load of rye when the shot was fired. The assassin was concealed behind a stack of rye, and after Smith had driven past he rose up and fired at a distance of about twenty feet. The entire charge from the shotgun entered Smith's body beneath the shoulder blade and he toppled off the wagon and fell dead.

Shot While Asleep.

At Erwin, Miss. John Serio, aged 50 years, and his son Vincent were killed and Salvador Liberto was dangerously wounded. They all came from Cefalu, Sicily. The three had been living near Glen Allen, but on account of some trouble, were ordered to leave by citizens. They went to Erwin, a few miles distant from Glen Allen, and decided to locate there. While they were asleep the three were shot. Serio and his son being killed outright. The Italians in the country are wrought up over the matter, but no further trouble is anticipated. Gov. Longino and the Italian consul at New Orleans were notified of the killing.

Four Winnipeg Citizens Drowned.

Four citizens of Winnipeg were drowned Thursday at Portage la Prairie. The two young daughters of Thomas Davidson, a merchant of Winnipeg, were drowned while bathing in the Assiniboine. A boy named John McKenzie, nephew of William McKenzie, the magnate of the Canadian Northern railway, was drowned by the upsetting of his canoe in the Red river, and a man named Alexander MacDonald, a contractor of Winnipeg, was drowned in the Rainy river, near Mine Center, in trying to pass the rapids in a rowboat. None of the bodies has yet been recovered.

Woman Burned to Death.

Miss Elsie Hirsch, the 19-year-old daughter of Simon Hirsch of the Star Distilling company, Cincinnati, lighted a gas stove in the bathroom. Her nightdress caught fire, and she was burned so badly that she died later. Her screams attracted members of the family, who rushed to the bathroom, but found it locked. They broke in the door and found the young woman writhing in agony. Miss Hirsch was prominent in society circles, and a pupil at Miss Butler's school, and was one of the most brilliant girls in the school.

Max Regis Stabbed.

Tuesday night as Max Regis, the anti-Semite mayor of Algiers, was going to the Casino at Oran, Algeria, he was stabbed in the neck. His assailant was arrested. Rioting followed and thirty persons were taken into custody, among them Louis Regis. The wound is a severe one.

Big Sound Steamer Sinks.

The steamer Worcester of the Norwich line arrived at New London, Conn., Wednesday morning and reported the steamer Tremont of the Joy line in a sinking condition in the sound. The passengers were transferred to the City of Lowell and taken to New York.

Cincinnati Strike Is Off.

The machinists' strike, which was organized May 20 and which involved from 5,000 to 7,000 employees in Cincinnati, has practically been declared off. A secret mass meeting of strikers was held, at which a formal report was made that it had been found impossible to procure financial assistance from the headquarters in Washington. As the strike benefit fund is exhausted, the strikers were advised to return to work. Already about 600 have applied for reinstatement.



## Rose from Poverty

## Inspiring Career of F. A. Vanderlip

One of the remarkable products of our American institutions and an example of what perseverance will make of even the poorest boy is Frank A. Vanderlip, formerly assistant secretary of the United States treasury, who has just returned from a European trip to assume the vice presidency of a New York bank at a salary of \$25,000 a year. This man of 35, before whom apparently stretches a great future, is recalled by gray-haired residents of Aurora, Ill., as a barefoot, hungry-looking boy, whose childhood was spent in poverty and who had the compassion of the prosperous. As a mere lad he went to work in the railroad shops of his native town at wages amounting to \$2 per week. The wretchedness of his own condition, as compared with the joys of those more fortunately situated, filled him with the determination to employ every energy in the making of his career. At the bench, beside the trip-hammer, in the smoky, grimy shops of a great railroad, he studied shorthand and at night eagerly read everything he could secure. Finally an opening presented itself with a financial concern in Chicago. He sought it and became in a

he placed in the treasury department. Before giving them the position he compelled all to undergo a rigid examination proving their fitness. Twice each month, on department pay days, they were obliged to bring their savings accounts to the assistant secretary, to show that a portion of their wages had been placed on deposit and was drawing interest. In time two of these young men went to Harvard, three to Dartmouth and the remainder to minor institutions of learning.

### Hated and Loved.

When he retired from his official connection with the treasury department at the commencement of the second McKinley administration, he was, perhaps, the most loved and the most hated man who ever held the place second to the secretary. He was denounced and praised. He was reviled and revered. He was guarded for weeks by a secret service officer to prevent personal violence being done him. During the same weeks voluntary contributions were made to create a fund with which an elaborate loving cup was purchased and presented, upon his withdrawal from office, as a testi-



FRANK A. VANDERLIP.

short time a confidential agent whose duty it was to look up the standing of firms and individuals and to establish the value of bonds and securities as they came on the market. To financial editor of a big Chicago daily was a natural step, and when a publication devoted to economics and finance was founded he became identified with it. Business opportunities were presented which he did not allow to pass unimproved. He became identified with a banking concern in a Chicago suburb, and when Mr. Gage became secretary of the treasury Mr. Vanderlip's reputation in the west as a financial expert was such that the new secretary selected him at once as private secretary. His promotion to assistant secretary was but a matter of weeks. With increasing prosperity Vanderlip never forgot what to him had been the horrors of his early struggle against poverty and want.

### Aids Young Men.

A score or more young men of Chicago thank and bless him for making it possible to secure a higher education than that afforded by the public schools. They are nearly all in the professions now. Never has he been known to make a mistake in his selection of objects for assistance. Sometimes the start was wrong, but in the end the results were satisfactory. Once he thought he had discovered a violinist of rare promise. From an humble position in life Mr. Vanderlip sent him to an Italian master. In ten months his protege wrote that he no longer felt justified in accepting the bounty given him, as the preliminary work had established his inability to ever become a great musician. He had concluded that he was adapted to the practice of medicine. Vanderlip brought him back to America and placed him in a Chicago medical school. From this he went to the marine corps as a surgeon, and he has twice been sent abroad as a government expert, his reports on his return attracting unusual attention.

From Chicago and Aurora he brought a dozen young men whom

Guardsman and Ostrich. A British guardsman in the South African service had an unfortunate experience recently. He was stationed about 100 miles from Cape Town at a remount depot. One day a farmer stopped him as he was taking a constitutional and warned him against crossing an inclosure containing a cock ostrich, which had become bad tempered. The guardsman said no ostrich ever hatched would turn him out of his way and went on unmoved. As he did not return home four hours afterward his brother officers were

alarmed and sent out search parties. What was their surprise to find him lying on his back unhurt, with a cock ostrich sitting on his chest. The bird had knocked him down each time he had tried to rise, but could not hurt him while he lay on his back. Yet leave his enemy he declined to do, and therefore sat quietly upon him until driven off by the rescue party.

Patience is fortitude fixed in faith, endurance lighted up with hope. If heroism is courage in activity, then patience is courage in repose.

### WHEN COACHMAN SMOKES.

This Coachman Did in the Absence of the Family.

A wifeless wanderer among the clubs sought to express his astonishment at a condition of affairs of which one of his companions told, and with this purpose he exclaimed: "I should have as soon expected to see a coachman laughing."

This implied dignity of the coachman is commonly observed, but there was a sad breach of it in lower Broadway the other evening. A private brougham was being driven up the street from one of the downtown ferries just before the dinner hour. The horses were stylish and well kept, the carriage was spick and span, the coachman's livery was faultless; but, alas for the traditions of his post! The coachman was smoking assiduously, getting the greatest evident enjoyment out of a briar cutty-pipe. It was quite clear that he had carried the family to a ferry or steamboat, and that quite sure that they were out of the way he had determined to lose no time in getting down to the pleasures or comforts nearest his heart.—New York Sun.

### Wonderful Case in Indiana.

Euck Creek, Ind., July 15th.—Mrs. Elizabeth Rorick of this place had Rheumatism. She says: "All the doctors told me they could do nothing for me." She was very, very bad, and the pain was so great she could not sleep at night.

She used Dodd's Kidney Pills, and she is well and entirely free from pain or any symptom of the Rheumatism. "Are you still using Dodd's Kidney Pills?" was asked.

"No, I stopped the use of the Pills some time ago, and have not had the slightest return of my old trouble. I am sure I am completely and permanently cured."

Many in Tippecanoe County who have heard of Mrs. Rorick's case and her cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills, are using the Pills, and all report wonderful results.

### Who Owned the Dog?

In order to test the ideas of children as to rights, the following story was told them: "Jamie's father gave him a dog, but Jamie forgot to feed it, and the dog cried often at the door. Then Jamie's father gave the dog to a kind little girl who lived down the street. The children were asked: Who had the best right to the dog, the father, Jamie, or the little girl, and why? In answering this question seventy per cent of the boys and fifty-seven per cent of the girls thought the little girl had the best right to the dog; forty-four per cent of the children thought, because Jamie had been so cruel in neglecting to feed the dog, he did not deserve it. This seems to weaken the theory commonly held that children are cruel by nature. About twenty-five per cent thought the father had the best right to the dog, saying that he had paid for the dog, and he was older and would take better care of it. About eight per cent said Jamie had the best right, because when a thing is given away you can't take it back again. It was principally the older children who took this last point of view.—Archibald McDonald in Everybody's Magazine.

### COLORADO.

New daily limited service via Great Rock Island Route, one night out Chicago to Colorado. We can convince you we have the best service, the best connections and arrive in Denver and Colorado Springs (Manitou) at the most convenient hour. Only direct line to Manitou. Cheap summer excursions daily to Colorado and Utah with especially low rates on certain days. For details write John Sebastian, G. P. A., Chicago.

### Wisconsin Man for Philippines.

Rev. Walter Clayton Clapp, who has accepted an appointment for the church board of missions to represent the Episcopal church in the Philippines, was formerly professor of Hebrew at the Nashotah seminary, Wisconsin.

### Connecticut and Clocks.

The first clocks manufactured in this country were by Eli Terry at Plymouth, Conn., in 1793. The manufacture soon became extensive and Connecticut wooden clocks were famous all over the country.

### Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

### Secretary of Confederate Navy.

Col. James G. Milner, who died recently at Milford, O., was once secretary of the navy for the confederacy. He died very poor, yet was before the war one of the richest men in the south.

### Low Wallace's Autobiography.

General Low Wallace is at work upon his autobiography. He made a trip to Kentucky recently to confer with some veterans on certain features of the battle of Shiloh which will be included in the work.

### Laundering This Dress.

To launder the exquisite creations of muslin and lace in which this season abounds has become quite a problem, yet the most delicate materials will not be injured if washed with Ivory Soap and then dried in the shade. But little starch need be used.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

A manuscript Bible, richly illuminated, of about the year 1410, has just been sold at auction in London for 1200 guineas.

### DANGER IN HOSIERY.

Inflammation of Skin Traced to Wearing Colored Stockings.

The London Lancet printed an interesting article recently, in which it is shown that arsenic sometimes occurs in dyed stockings of bright colors. Indeed dermatitis, or inflammation of the skin, has been traced to the wearing of stockings containing arsenic. The arsenic appeared to be present partly in a soluble and partly in an insoluble form. In another article in the Lancet was a curious list of mineral substances that were found in dress materials. No arsenic was found in any one specimen of the material submitted to examination, although there were present salts of zinc, aluminum, chromium, tin, magnesium and iron. In one case, that of pink flannel, the material was loaded with Epsom salts. The materials examined were all more or less brilliantly colored with aniline dyes. In recording the results of this inquiry it was stated that from time to time dermatitis had been referred to the use of highly colored fabrics and although dyes may not be injurious per se, yet certain poisonous agents, such as mordants, may be used in their preparation.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

### EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

#### Via Ocean.

Going via Old Point Comfort and steamer, returning via Pan-American Exposition. Address W. E. Conklyn, 224 Clark St., Chicago.

The Picturesque Pan-American Route to Buffalo.

is a very appropriate designation of the Grand Trunk Railway System, which has made the most ample preparations to accommodate visitors to the East this summer.

A new train was inaugurated June 2, known as the "Detroit and New York Express," which leaves Dearborn Station, Chicago at 11:32 a. m. The equipment is new and strictly up-to-date, every comfort of the traveler being provided for. Meals are served a la carte between Chicago and New York at any hour to suit the convenience of patrons.

From Detroit the trains speeds eastward, stopping en route at Mt. Clemens, whose waters are famous the world over, leaving the State at Port Huron and entering Canada via the great "St. Clair Tunnel," that marvel of engineering, passing during the night through the important cities of London and Hamilton, crossing the magnificent single arch double track steel bridge over the Niagara Gorge arriving at Niagara Falls, N. Y., at 4:25 a. m., where stop-over may, under certain conditions, be made without additional cost by deposit of railway ticket with agent.

Buffalo, the Pan-American City, is reached at 6:15 a. m., where stop-over is granted on tickets to points beyond Buffalo, on payment of \$1.

The trip east of Buffalo via the Lehigh Valley Railroad through the lake region of New York state is like passing through a fairy land of beauty. The view of the historic Wyoming Valley from the mountains which arise on either side is strikingly beautiful—one which the traveler will long remember, even when gazing upon scenes of wider fame.

At South Bethlehem connection is made for Philadelphia, which is reached at 3:47 p. m.

New York is reached at 4:33 p. m., a most convenient hour, as it allows ample time to reach hotel or residence, dine leisurely, and enjoy the whole evening in the city.

For sleeping car reservations on all trains and for any additional information, apply to J. H. Burgess, City Passenger Ticket Agent 249 Clark St., corner Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

### Degrees for Divinity Doctors.

The Lambeth, D. D. degree is to be conferred by the archbishop of Canterbury on the venerable B. T. Dudley, archdeacon of Auckland, who has been for forty years a missionary in New Zealand, and upon Rev. J. G. Bayliss, rector of Longeneuil, Quebec, and assistant secretary for the diocese of Montreal.

### French Banks Circulate Gold.

The Bank of France compels customers checking out money to accept at least one-fifth in gold coin.

Money to loan at low rates on farm property. List your surplus money with me. I pay 4% to 5 per cent. interest on sums of \$100 and up. Northwestern farms and city property bought and sold. Referenced. Myra F. Larson, Durand, Wisconsin.

Irate Parent—Toll that young Softieigh that he must cease his visits here. I forbid him the house. Daughter—But, papa, he doesn't want the house. It's me that he's after.

The Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern Railway has got out a neat booklet descriptive of the beautiful summer resorts at Spirit and Okoboji Lakes in Northwestern Iowa. Free copies will be mailed upon application to Jno. G. Farmer, Assistant-General Passenger Agent, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

No family, shop, ship, camp or person should be without Wizard Oil for every painful accident or emergency.

The Spanish yew is a heavy wood, a cubic foot weighing 50.43 pounds.

I am sure Pisco's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. ROSSINI, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

In the golden chain of friendship there is many a missing link.

NO WOMAN CAN BE BEAUTIFUL with a bad complexion. DR. CRANE'S QUAKER TONIC TABLETS clear it.

Of seven presidents of France, only one has served a full term.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The price of medicine in Prussia is regulated by the state.

### Passing of Ugly Women.

If there are few or none of the all-conquering "belles" and "toasts" of olden days, it is equally certain that the plain woman has become an extinct species of society. Dress, diamonds, face treatment, "make-up," manicure, massage—one and all help toward a universal quasi-perfection of face, form and figure. The health craze, too, makes for beauty, as it enjoins exercise, early hours, fresh air and temperance in eating and drinking. The plain woman dowdily dressed, has been left behind with the dead and gone nineteenth century.

### Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, itching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

New York City had at the beginning of the civil war a population of about one-quarter of what it is at present—\$05,000. Taxation for city purposes, now \$100,000,000, was then \$5,000,000.

Youth and beauty cut a wide swath when backed by wealth and influence.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Speak to others as you would like to be spoken to.

Go's Cough Balsam. In the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Berlin has 80,540 more women than men.

**I CURE FITS**  
FREE  
A Full and Complete Treatment of Dr. O. Phelps Brown's Great Remedy for Fits, Epilepsy and all Nervous Disorders. Address G. PHELPS BROWN, 38 Broadway, Newburgh, N. Y.

**SCALE AUCTION**  
BIDS BY MAIL. YOUR OWN PRICE. Jones, He Pays the Freight, Birmingham, N. Y.

### FRAGRANT

## SOZODONT

a perfect liquid dentifrice for the Teeth and Mouth

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c  
SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c  
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c  
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.  
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

## BANFF

In the Canadian Rockies, the great resort of travelers from all parts of the globe; Lakes in the Clouds, water sketches in the Land of the Sky; the Yoho Valley, the newly discovered Wonderland near Field, British Columbia—a region of lofty waterfalls, vast glaciers, startling canyons and high mountain peaks; the Great Glacier of the Selkirk—a huge frozen Niagara—on the line of the

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Swiss guides, Houseboats on the Kootenay and Shuswap Lakes for fishing and shooting parties. For descriptive booklets, rates, etc., apply to

### A. C. SHAW,

General Agent, Passenger Department, CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, 226 South Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

## OIL REVIEW

**SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED**  
TEXAS edition describing the BEAUMONT fields and prospects of best Oil. Investment sent FREE upon request. JNO. W. THOMSON, No. American Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

Farms for sale on easy terms, or exchange, in Ia., Neb., Minn. or S. D. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Iowa.

## BABY'S



## BATH

**MILLIONS OF MOTHERS**  
USE CUTICURA SOAP ASSISTED BY CUTICURA OINTMENT THE GREAT SKIN CURE

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itches, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

**Cuticura THE SET**  
Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A GENUINE SKIN CURE, and the most effective of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. FOREIGN DEPOT: ASH & CO., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

### PISCO'S CURE FOR

Consumption

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

### Thompson's Eye Water

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



OFFICIAL DIRECTORY  
VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY  
TRUSTEES:  
JOHN C. PLAGGE.....HENRY DONLEA  
WILLIAM PETERS.....JOHN ROBERTSON  
WILLIAM GRUNAU.....J. H. HATJE  
CLEHIC.....L. H. BENNETT  
TREASURER.....A. L. ROBERTSON  
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH  
ATTORNEY.....FRANK ROBERTSON  
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA  
FIRE MARSHAL.....HENRY SCHROEDER

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Oh, this was the dish that our forefathers re-l-  
ished.  
When called in at noonday from field of their  
work.  
A big dish of greens, with its bosom embel-  
lished.  
With generous slices of country cured pork.  
Their lips they would smack in extreme sat-  
isfaction.  
Unloose the top button that served on their  
jeans.  
To give them more room when they got the  
right action.  
Upon the loved lay out of bacon and greens.

A number of our people will take in  
the excursion to Lake Geneva today.

Arnold Schaub's reconstructed cot-  
tage will soon be ready for occupancy.

New 10 foot sidewalk is being laid  
from the Parker property on East  
Main street to Ela street.

Love may be blind, but it dictates a  
lot of fool letters that sooner or later  
gets the writer into trouble.

Forty coach loads of Chicago Milk  
Dealers and their friends enjoyed  
Thursday at Fox River grove.

Thomas Creet has been introducing  
"the gentleman from Pennsylvania"  
to numerous friends about town lately.

The potato crop in this section will  
be light this year. The drouth has  
set its seal on everything in the shape  
of vegetation.

The War Department has recom-  
mended \$100,000 for continuing Wau-  
kegan harbor project for the fiscal  
year ending June 30, 1903.

Bennett & France have rented  
rooms in Gieske's laundry building  
and will remove their office effects to  
that location next week.

The world is wide, but it is narrow  
when compared with the difference of  
opinion existing between the average  
man and his wife's mother.

The Chicago & Milwaukee Electric  
Railway have begun work on a branch  
line from Lake Bluff to Libertyville.  
The line will be in operation this fall.

Wind, almost cyclonic in force, blew  
down several buildings and hundreds  
of trees and lightning fired three large  
barns at Crystal Lake, Wednesday  
night.

Cucumbers 7c apiece; tomatoes 8c a  
pound; potatoes 35c a peck, is the list  
price of those vegetables in this mar-  
ket. And this is the garden spot of  
Illinois.

An ice cream social will be given at  
the Barrington Center church, Thurs-  
day evening, July 25. The M. W. A.  
band will furnish music. The public  
invited.

The liberty pole has been removed  
from fountain square to a position at  
the junction of South Railroad street  
and Grove avenue. Thanks to the  
committee in charge of the improve-  
ment.

J. F. Gieske has the interior of his  
new laundry building nearly com-  
pleted. He has decided to put in two  
up-to-date bath rooms for the conve-  
nience of the public. They will be ap-  
preciated.

Next week we commence the publi-  
cation of a series of short interesting  
stories by a local author. They will  
prove of unusual interest as the char-  
acters are drawn from this village and  
vicinity.

A rich man who never spends a cent  
on you is no more good to you than a  
poor fellow who hasn't a cent to spend,  
therefore treat the poor man just as  
good as you do the rich man when you  
meet him.

"What kind of mosquitoes did you  
meet at Lake Zurich?" asked the Chi-  
cago guest who was camping near  
Cary. "Every kind! They would fol-  
low you around until they found your  
sleeping quarters, and then come back  
about midnight and sing ragtime."

A hatless horse this hot weather is  
not the real thing. A number of the  
farmers about here are doing the hu-  
mane act by attaching a straw hat to  
the bridle on the animal's head. In  
the city these hats are in great de-  
mand. Emil Schade has some very  
pretty ones, latest shapes and trim-  
ming.

The Barrington team defeated the  
Palatine High School team in a seven  
inning contest at Palatine Saturday  
afternoon. Barrington played fast  
ball and continued in the lead after  
the first inning. Owing to injuries  
sustained by one of the Barrington  
players, the game was called in the  
seventh inning, the score standing 11  
to 10 in favor of Barrington. This  
being Palatine's first defeat of the  
season the Barrington team has cer-  
tainly something to place to its credit  
in the baseball line.

Under the heading "Literary Notes"  
Bro. Holmes of the Richmond Gazette  
claims to have found the following in  
a Wisconsin exchange: "When you  
want a modern, up-to-date physic try  
Chamberlain's stomach and liver tab-  
lets."

Three hundred and eighty-six dol-  
lars was the amount cleared as the re-  
sult of the Fourth of July celebration  
at Grayslake, given under the auspices  
of the M. W. A. That amount was  
equally divided between the Wood-  
men and Royal Neighbors. The peo-  
ple of Grayslake never do any thing in  
a half-way manner.

Fred Dandeline had the misfortune  
to lose his barn by fire during the  
storm Wednesday evening. The barn  
was in course of repair and contained  
about 30 tons of hay. The property  
is located near Lake's Corners and  
was insured in the Ela Mutual Fire  
Insurance Co. The loss was about  
\$800. Lightning also destroyed the  
large barn on the Morley farm. \$1,000.

Camp meeting at Des Plaines opened  
Wednesday. Despite the extreme  
heat the attendance was large on the  
opening day and has increased since  
then until the cottages and numerous  
tents are filled with earnest workers  
in the field of religibus work. The  
meeting promises to be one of the  
most successful ever held on the  
grounds of the association.

Bennett & France recovered a judg-  
ment of \$15 and costs in their action  
against William Walbaun. They  
sued for \$30 for expense money and a  
sum for services sufficient to bring the  
amount up to \$200, for furnishing a  
prospective purchaser for Walbaun's  
farm. Justice Freye cut the demand  
for expenses in half, and set aside the  
amount asked for services.

"The Little About Everything" col-  
umn in the Chicago Journal of Wed-  
nesday evening, contained an illustra-  
ted personal mention of editor Fred  
Renich of the Woodstock Volksblatt.  
It pictured Fred attired in his latest  
designed summer outfit, and anyone  
who knows Fred as the handsome re-  
presentative of the McHenry County  
Press association would never recog-  
nize that quarter tone. Sue 'em for  
damages, Fred.

The Midland University of Chicago  
invites the army chaplains, north and  
south, and all the Good Samaritans of  
the late wars, to participate in the  
12th reunion at the assembly grounds,  
Dixon, Ill., August 9 to 12. Speakers  
of national reputation will be present  
and the theme of the meetings will  
be, "What did Christ do through you  
and for you, and what were your ex-  
periences in this good work during the  
dark years of war."

The Sunday school of Salem Evan-  
gelical church and a large number of  
our people joined the Union Sunday  
school excursion from Chicago and in-  
dulged in a picnic at Fox River grove  
Tuesday. Nearly 300 went from here  
accompanied by the M. W. A. band.  
The day was hot, the grove furnished  
but little relief from the broiling sun,  
and not as much pleasure was had as  
anticipated by many, still it was an  
outing and everybody made the best  
of it.

The Barrington Coach Horse Co.,  
held their annual meeting at Schade's  
hall last Friday evening and elected  
officers as follows: President, Fred  
Kirschner. Secretary, Wm. Leonard.  
Treasurer, Robert Frick. Board of  
Managers, Frank Donlea, George M.  
Wagner, H. H. Church, Henry Brink-  
er, J. F. Hollister. Fred Kirschner  
was appointed collector after which  
the meeting adjourned to meet Friday  
evening, July 26, when reports of the  
officers will be heard.

The hot wave that held the entire  
northwest, and sections of the east, in  
its grasp for two weeks, was side-  
tracked Wednesday night and we are  
in hopes a moderate temperature may  
be parceled out to us for the remain-  
der of the summer season. The heat  
has been almost beyond endurance at  
times and the damage to farm pro-  
ducts beyond computation. The rain  
Wednesday night was not heavy in  
this vicinity but was a great blessing.  
The weather bureau has promised us  
showers in generous installments dur-  
ing the next few days. Let them  
come; we need them.

A trio of young men from Palatine  
run up against a hard proposition in  
this village Sunday evening. One of  
them had his delicate features slightly  
disfigured and his Sunday trousers  
more or less damaged. Another re-  
ceived a Sharkey caress on his hand-  
some mug. The misunderstanding was  
caused by a game of ball played at  
Palatine Saturday afternoon. The  
umpire for Barrington "insulted" and  
caught the party, who cast reflections  
on his ability as judge of the game, in  
this village where he had come to gaze  
upon his several female acquaintances.  
He wasn't as pretty when he left Bar-  
rington as when he arrived here. The  
young men were assisted home by the  
aid of a private conveyance and the  
generosity of a friend. They will not  
get gay with the umpire—at least not  
the one from Barrington—again.

Use Heath & Milligan's paints.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Winter visited  
at Devils Lake the past week.

John Shales of Chicago visited his  
nephew, W. B. Shales, Monday.

Frank B. Dale of Oak Park was  
visiting friends here Wednesday.

Henry Pingle sr., is serving on the  
petit jury at Chicago this week.

Miss Eva Castle departed Tuesday  
for a visit with friends in Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. John Robertson are at  
their summer home at Lake Zurich.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Freeman visited  
with V. N. Ford at Algonquin Sat-  
urday.

Misses Pearl and Maude Naiden of  
Iowa are guests at the home of C. B.  
Otis.

Mesdames E. M. Cannon and C. H.  
Kendall visited at Arlington Heights  
Monday.

Miss Bird Warner of Chicago was a  
guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Hill last  
Saturday.

D. F. Lamey and family have re-  
turned home after a pleasant visit at  
Oswego, Ill.

Albert Gleason, after a short visit  
with his mother, has returned to his  
home in Boston.

Mrs. Pope-Howard departed this  
week for a visit with relatives near  
Springfield, Ill.

Frank Wells and Miss Amber Cady  
of this village were licensed to wed at  
Chicago, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Hutchinson of  
Chicago were guests of Mr. Hutchin-  
son's parents Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Robertson vis-  
ited with Mrs. Flora Lines at her sum-  
mer home in Wauconda this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hatje entertain-  
ed Mrs. Hatje's brother, Mr. Schoppe,  
and his family from Chicago Sunday.

Henry L. Miller and family of Ra-  
cine were here Thursday, enroute to  
their summer camping grounds near  
Wauconda.

Miss Belle Scofield, of River Falls  
Wisconsin Normal school, is visiting  
with her aunt, Mrs. C. A. Hollister,  
this week.

Fred B. Bennett and wife of Wood-  
stock are visiting the Pan-American  
exposition at Buffalo and points of in-  
terest in the east.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hollister, Miss  
Belle Scofield, Mr. and Mrs. Henry  
Walbaun and L. E. Runyan attended  
the milk dealers' picnic at Fox River  
grove Wednesday.

McCabe--Dohmeyer.

At the residence of the bride's  
mother, Mrs. Sarah Dohmeyer, in Bar-  
rington, Tuesday afternoon, July 16,  
1901, Margaret Isabel Dohmeyer and  
James McCabe, of Chicago, were united  
in the bonds of matrimony, Rev.  
W. L. Blanchard officiating.

The ceremony was performed in the  
presence of only relatives and immedi-  
ate friends of the contracting parties.  
The bride is a lady who by her social  
qualities, strength of character, cul-  
ture and refinement, has found a wel-  
come in the hearts and homes of the  
people of this village where she was  
born and raised. She educated her-  
self for an instructor and for some  
time has held an enviable position as  
a teacher in the schools of Chicago.  
She will be missed from the social  
circles of our village and by a host of  
friends who admire her for the qual-  
ities of which she is possessed—all that  
serve to make a pure, honored and du-  
tiful woman.

Mr. McCabe, who has succeeded in  
winning one of our fairest women, is  
a gentleman of sterling character and  
holds a position of trust in the office  
of the county clerk of Cook county.  
He is highly regarded by all who have  
the pleasure of his acquaintance. Mr.  
and Mrs. McCabe will be at home at  
2303 North Hermitage avenue, Chi-  
cago, after September 1.

The friends and acquaintances of  
the contracting parties wish for them  
a future brimfull of happiness.

DISPOSITION TO CRITICISE

Acts of Village Officials Takes Firm  
Hold of Certain People.

The public official who enters upon  
the duties of his position with the  
idea stored away in his brain that he  
is going to please every one of his con-  
stituents, is very badly mistaken. In  
every settlement is to be found a cer-  
tain coterie of citizen who take a  
keen delight in throwing cold water  
onto anything that promises a benefit  
to the village. Their main reason for  
so doing is "we have got along with-  
out such things for a good many years  
and can do so awhile longer."

There is no doubt as to the truth of  
that statement. The Cannibal who  
was captured in his native jungle was  
minus even a fig leaf in the way of  
covering for his nakedness, and ob-  
jected to being clothed on the very  
same excuse, but circumstances de-  
manded a change, he had encountered

a new administration of affairs. It is  
just so with the fault-finders.

With all due respect to this class  
and their opinions, we say that the  
village has outgrown its swaddling  
clothes. From a hamlet of a few  
scattered dwellings it has developed  
into a village of handsome homes and  
fine business blocks. There was a time  
when the residents were satisfied with-  
out sidewalks, street lights, graveled  
streets, water works and other public  
necessities, and they "got along" very  
nicely. Would they be satisfied to re-  
turn to the old order of things? We  
think not.

Now, this class of citizens who are  
loaded with criticism for the village  
officials, are opposed to the improve-  
ment of Cook and Main streets; to the  
putting down of 10 foot sidewalks in  
the business district; to putting in a  
public drinking fountain; to removal  
of the liberty pole; to the substitution  
of safety gates at the railway  
crossings for a flagman. Of course  
they give reasons for their opposition,  
but about on a par with that of one  
old timer who said: "I'm agin this  
high school business they are talking  
about. That buildin' is high enough  
now." Another of the objectors said:  
"When people get so damn lazy they  
can't pump a drink of water for their  
horses or themselves, they ought to  
go thirsty." He is "agin" the public  
fountain. And so it goes.

For some years past the improve-  
ments carried forward by the present  
administration has been "talked of"  
and stopped at that. They are being  
carried to completion this season be-  
cause they are necessary and the ma-  
jority of the people demand them.

The board of trustees are doing ex-  
cellent work and are deserving the  
united support of the taxpayers.

Either run the town with a vim, or  
just let up and leave it. One of two  
things should be done, push things;  
run the town for all there is in it; get  
up a head of steam and keep it up or  
vamoose the ranch, slide out, let  
nature and the slow going, easily-sat-  
isfied individuals have their way. Go  
to work as partners in the contract to  
better the village in every instance.  
All unite and make the biggest kind  
of a try. You will find the invest-  
ment will pay.

Duty of Commissioners.

Some weeks ago we published an ar-  
ticle relative to placing guide boards  
at cross-roads throughout the sur-  
rounding country. Several exchanges  
have commented upon the matter and  
a number have copied the article in  
full.

The Woodstock Sentinel is now ag-  
itating the question and has' called  
forth the following comment from an  
attorney in that city:

"The legislature in this state, in  
enumerating the duties of the high-  
way commissioners, uses the follow-  
ing language. 'To cause to be erected  
and kept in repair the forks or cross-  
ing places of the most important  
roads, a post and guide board, with  
plain inscription thereon, in letters  
and figures, giving directions and dis-  
tances to the most noted places to  
which such road may lead' Turn your  
fire upon the consciences of our high-  
way commissioners."

This being one of the plain duties  
of the commissioners of highways, will  
not the commissioners of the towns of  
Barrington and Cuba take the lead  
and see that suitable guide boards are  
erected throughout the townships in  
accordance with the mandate of the  
law? The people demand them, and,  
as they pay the bills, they ought to  
have what they are willing to pay for.

Will Not Affect Supervisors.

Members of county boards of super-  
visors in this state will be interested  
in learning that the botched and  
bungled act of the late legislature re-  
lating to the time when elections of  
supervisors shall be held does not op-  
erate to change the existing two  
years' term of office for members of  
the county boards. Such is the at-  
torney general's opinion and it is no  
doubt correct. It would be well if the  
other botches and blunders of the laws  
passed at the late session could be as  
easily explained and set aside. Un-  
fortunately such is not the case. A  
number of measures of public inter-  
est are so badly disfigured that the  
attorney general is unable to make  
head or tail of them.

Reunion at Wauconda.

The executive committee of the  
Lake County Soldiers and Sailors' as-  
sociation met in Waukegan Saturday  
afternoon and decided to hold their  
annual reunion at Wauconda, Tues-  
day and Wednesday, August 27 and 28.  
An interesting program is being pre-  
pared for the occasion.

Hot Weather

Compels mankind to guard against visible and  
invisible enemies of health and comfort.

We keep a full supply of disinfectants and insect destroyer  
on hand. Sticky and Poison Fly Paper.

Charles E. Churchill,

DRUGGIST.

FOODSTUFFS ARE HIGH.

Cost of Living Increased—Fruits and  
Vegetables are Scarce.

The cost of living is now from 25 to  
50 per cent greater than it was a year  
ago and the outlook for the future has  
nothing in it that bids fair to lower  
prices. The present conditions in the  
food market are said to be directly  
due to the continued hot and dry  
weather. The price of foodstuffs has  
now reached a point which in many  
cases is almost prohibitive, excepting to  
those whose incomes are much  
above those of the ordinary mechanic  
and laborer.

The custom of making use of fruits  
and vegetables as the main part of the  
summer diet, has been completely up-  
set this year, for the reason that re-  
ceipts have been up to this date not  
one-third what they were last year.  
The gardens are burned to a crisp and  
unless there is speedy relief in the  
way of drenching rains, which may  
save a portion of the vegetable crop,  
another increase in the cost of living  
is sure to come.

We are living on a winter diet and  
compelled to pay increased price for  
every pound of cereal food and article  
of canned goods, and the majority of  
those of inferior quality, purchased.  
The outlook is far from encouraging.

PRODUCTS OF THE SOIL.

Agricultural Statistics of the Town-  
ship of Cuba, 1900-1901.

Assessor Kirschner has completed  
his report to the secretary of state  
relative to the agricultural products  
and other statistics of the town of  
Cuba from which we abstract the fol-  
lowing:

	Acres	Bu.
1901.	3,320	100,920
1900.	7	104
Winter wheat.....	174	3,150
Spring wheat.....	1,839	67,462
Oats.....	81	332
Apples.....	158	736
Rye.....	50	5,097
Potatoes.....		
Timothy.....	982	1,350
Clover.....	982	1,350
Pratle meadow.....	982	1,060
Hungarian.....	153	219
Uncultivated.....	304	

Horses.....500  
Cattle.....2,440  
Cows, dairy.....1,874  
Calves dropped.....1,540  
Butter sold in 1900, 550 pounds; milk  
1,125,300 gallons; value poultry sold,  
\$1,811; value eggs sold, \$1,305.

Lake County Woodmen Picnic.

Modern Woodmen of America and  
Royal Neighbors of Lake county will  
hold their annual picnic at Wauconda  
this year, August 15th having been  
selected as the date. Wauconda Camp  
No. 643 has entire charge of the ar-  
rangements for the event and that is  
sufficient guarantee that nothing will  
be left undone that would add to the  
pleasure of the occasion. An effort  
will be put forth to attract an un-  
usually large attendance. Senator Wm.  
Mason will deliver an address and the  
program of amusements and music  
will make it interesting to all. The  
Woodmen of this section should turn  
out a large delegation and help make  
the affair a success.

Figures on Population.

For a village without a manufac-  
turing institution of any kind to attract  
population; without a boom of any  
character, Barrington holds her place  
among the villages of this district as  
the most important in point of popu-  
lation. The following taken from the  
revised census report of 1900 proves  
the claim:

	1890	1900
Barrington.....	438	1,162
Palatine.....	891	1,020
Libertyville.....	550	854
Wauconda.....	397	398
Crystal Lake.....	781	950
Nunda.....	438	604

A Business Enterprise.

A newspaper is primarily a business  
enterprise. Its function is to gather  
and print news and sell it to whom-  
ever will buy. Yet a newspaper is uni-  
versally regarded as having a responsi-  
bility in the community that belongs  
to no other business. When other bus-  
iness men are noncommittal on a pub-  
lic question for fear it will hurt their  
business to take sides, the newspaper,  
whose business is more responsive to  
the fluctuations of popularity than  
any other enterprise, must neverthe-  
less take the first and largest respon-  
sibility of utterance upon itself.

Gates at The Crossings.

The resolution passed by the village  
board some weeks ago, requiring the  
C. & N. W. road to place a flagman at  
the Walnut street crossing, has borne  
fruit. The company will erect and  
maintain gates at that crossing and  
also at Williams and East Main streets.  
The gates will be put up at once. The  
public will welcome the change.

A  
Mind  
Reader...

May know all that's  
in his subject's head  
but merchants of  
today want every  
body to know what  
they have to sell—  
the very best way  
to acquaint the...  
reading public is  
by a well written  
and printed ad in  
the

REVIEW

It covers this field  
thoroughly and...  
goes in every home  
in this vicinity.

A Household  
Necessity

Is THE REVIEW  
It keeps you ac-  
quainted with the do-  
ings of your neigh-  
bors and the happen-  
ings of the commu-  
nity. That we may  
further our news-  
gathering efforts, we  
would ask all to send  
or bring in any item  
of interest. It is im-  
possible to learn of  
all the happenings  
and we ask help and  
cooperation from all.

Let us furnish  
you estimates  
and show sam-  
ples of

JOB  
PRINTING

We print any-  
thing — Note  
heads, cards,  
statements, en-  
velopes, etc.