

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 16. NO. 17

BARRINGTON ILL, SATURDAY JULY 6, 1901.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCALS

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Palatine had a quiet Fourth.

Miss Nellie Griswold is visiting with friends in Cary.

Miss Bertina Grebe of Chicago came home this week.

Mrs. Hutchinson and family visited Chicago friends Friday.

Miss Dollie Wilson returned from New York Wednesday noon.

Jesse Vehle of Chicago was a guest of Wm. Ahlgrims over Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Schumaker's mother and sister of Chicago visited her this week.

The W. R. C. will meet the fourth Friday only during months of July and August.

Several from here attended the big Masonic picnic at Fox River grove last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Griggs enjoyed their Fourth by entertaining a number of city friends.

Mr. Shaddle's daughter-in-law and children of Iowa, have been visiting him this week.

C. H. Patten and W. L. Hicks and families are settled at Lake Zurich for the heated season.

Alma Bicknase returned from Chicago the first of the week accompanied by her two nephews.

James Harris, wife and family of Chicago, were guests of L. V. Clarke and wife over Sunday.

FOR SALE—A few small farm mortgages. Excellent security. I invite investigation. M. C. McIntosh.

Mrs. Ed Meyer and Miss Annie Henning of Chicago came out to stay with their parents a few days this week.

Mrs. Wittenberg and family wish to thank the many friends who kindly assisted them in their late bereavement.

Henry Rea and sister Della have gone to Chicago to reside, where the former has found employment for the summer.

Robert Baxter of Wisconsin visited friends here Thursday. He was on his way to Canada via Buffalo, and will visit the Exposition.

Charles Schoppes relatives spent Friday evening at his farm, and the Palatine band was present to help make the affair a pleasant one.

If you want some "just as good" "I make it myself" Remedy, try an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill make you sick and keep you sick. Ask your druggist.

NOTICE—Miss Jennie Gager will be in Palatine the first Wednesday of each month, commencing July 3, for the purpose of shampooing hair. Orders may be left with Miss Addie Pinner.

Very low rates to C. E. convention to be held at Cincinnati July 6-10, via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates for round trip. For dates of sale etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Ice cream social in the Methodist church parlors Thursday evening, July 11. The coolest place in town. Come everybody. The Ladies' Aid society promise to keep it lively with songs, games pleasure and frolic. A whole shirt waist brigade will be there.

Joseph Kitson was taken to the Presbyterian hospital, Chicago, Monday morning, suffering from a bad swollen hand. It was found that blood poisoning had set in from an infection from his cattle which had died of anthrax. The doctors expect he will recover.

Several would-be ball players from DesPlaines attempted to do some ball playing against the High School team here last Saturday. The game was a farce from the start and the locals were disappointed in their opponents. They supposed a team was to be on hand and give them a game worthy of their metal.

Aside from the cost there are several things to be said against a gasoline gas plant. When the engine or plant is out of order the whole system is crippled. The system has received only a three year test and is not yet proven to be worth the price asked considering the risk. A leakage in the pipes means a big expense at times. Palatine has too many shade trees to be lighted properly by lamps on posts set at a corner. Very few consumers will use the gas for cooking purposes during the winter months. It will cost considerable to pipe the gas to consumers and furnish meters.

Wm. Ruthsack, expert piano tuner of 200 North Ashland ave., Chicago, will be in Palatine the first part of next week. Kindly leave orders at Olm's drug store. First-class work guaranteed.

The Methodist Sunday school enjoyed an outing on W. L. Hicks' place at Lake Zurich, Tuesday. Although the attendance was not large a very enjoyable day was spent and all enjoyed the bathing. A heavy rain fell all around the vicinity but did not interfere with the pleasure of the participants.

Rev. D. J. Holmes preached a patriotic and historical sermon Sunday morning and in the evening a large audience was present to listen to the patriotic exercises. The weather was distressingly warm but all enjoyed the program. Patriotic songs were sung by the congregation after which James McCabe spoke on "Responsibilities of the American Citizen." The address was an eloquent and soundly patriotic one and received hearty applause. Miss Winnie Sawyer recited "The American Flag" in an impressive manner, and Miss Clara Taylor recited Judge Story's address on the flag. Charlie Julian recited a 4th of July poem. Miss Elnora Arps sang a patriotic song and later sang with Miss Emma Kuebler, both songs being well received. Dr. E. W. Wood made a few remarks in a patriotic strain.

John Wittenberg.

John C. A. Wittenberg died at the home of his daughter, in this place, Saturday night, June 29, 1901, after several week's illness, of cancer of the stomach. Deceased was born in Germany, September 9, 1829. In the fall of 1854 he was married to Carrie Henning. To them were born four daughters and two sons. The family came to America in 1872, settling at Niles, where they lived four years. They next moved on to a farm west of Palatine and later Mr. Wittenberg purchased a farm of forty acres northwest of the village where his son William now resides. In 1895 he came to the village to reside with his daughter. Of the six children three, Henry, William and Mrs. Annie Schraeder, with whom the widow makes her home, reside in Palatine. The deceased was highly esteemed, an industrious, hard working citizen.

Funeral services were held at the Lutheran church Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Droegemueller preaching the sermon. The remains were laid to rest in Hillside cemetery.

Truth in a Paragraph.

"The fear of newspaper publicity is a restraining influence in every community where the legitimate power of the press is recognized. Any transactions, plans, conditions, enterprise, or motives that cannot bear the strong light of publicity are generally of doubtful honesty. The man who is not afraid of the newspapers is the man who has done nothing that will not look well in print," says an exchange. That is true, but the newspapers on their part should be honest and print both sides of every question. They owe it as a duty to the public as well as to their own consistency to suppress nothing that the public is entitled to know. Evil matters are never mended by being hushed up, and the public has an undoubted right to know what is going on that it may be warned against a repetition of evil experiences. A newspaper is here to record the day's doing, and it should not whitewash any item of interest to the public.

Notice.

To the people of Palatine: After 23 years of continuous business here, I have decided to retire to private life, and, therefore, on and after July 8, the business will be suspended and store closed. Thanking you very kindly for your patronage all these years. The property is now for sale. If interested, inquire of the undersigned or at the bank. Respectfully,
Mrs. B. FLURY.

Less Than Half Rates to California.

Chicago & North-Western R'y tickets sold July 6 to 13; return limit August 31. Special train party, personally conducted, will leave Chicago 11:59 p.m., Tuesday, July 9th; leave Omaha 6 p.m., Wednesday, July 10. Parties can join enroute. Stops will be made at Denver, Colorado Springs, Greenwood Springs and Salt Lake, passing enroute the finest scenery of the Rocky and Sierra Nevada Mountains. The party will be limited in number and under personal direction of the Tourist Department, Chicago & North-Western R'y. Send stamp for illustrated itinerary and map of San Francisco to W. B. Kniskern, G.P. & T.A., 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

DEVELOPED NOTHING

That Would Prove Thomas Monaghan Was Poisoned.

There is something peculiar about the actions of the relatives of the late Thomas Monaghan, of the township, of Wauconda, who fell dead while at work on his farm, June 18. When his death was announced Deputy Coroner Bower and Arthur Cook went to the home to arrange for holding an inquest. The wife and sister of deceased were pronounced in their opposition to any proceedings of such a nature, saying they were confident as to the cause of death and an inquest was unnecessary. Heart, disease was ascribed as the cause of death.

However an inquest was held and the verdict was that deceased came to his death from an attack of neuralgia of the heart. One week following the funeral the sister filed an affidavit with the coroner, claiming her brother had been poisoned, asked for a post mortem, and stated the stomach being examined would substantiate her statement.

Coroner Taylor was adverse to exhuming the body but could not deny the legal demand, and Wednesday, in comply with States Attorney Talcott, conducted the post mortem.

The heart was found to be nearly twice the ordinary size, showing traces of disease, and the stomach contained no trace of poison. These organs have been taken to Chicago for examination by experts.

Why the sister should be so positive in her opinion is hard for the public to understand. She still persists that poison did the work but fails to name the party who administered it.

VILLAGE BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

Annual Appropriation Ordinance is Passed—Bills Audited.

President Lamey called the board of village trustees to order in regular session Monday evening. All members present except Trustee Hatje.

Treasurer's report for the month of June was presented, read and approved.

The following bills were presented, and read. On motion of Trustee Grunau, seconded by Trustee Donlea, the same were allowed and ordered paid.

A. S. Henderson, watchman	35 00
John Donlea, marshal	40 00
A. L. Robertson, water supply	75 00
lighting	64 00
Fire Dept., attendance	10 50
Lamey & Co., ptg and material	38 28
Lageschulte Bros., material	300 09
Legal Adviser Co., blanks	1 30
Zornow & Wichman, repairs	7 05
LABOR.	
Ed Cooney	6 74
F. Homuth	46 20
Henry Briker	57 75
H. Miller	4 37
H. Brandt	1 75
Chas. Westphal	6 30
T. Schenning	4 81
Fred Will	2 62
L. E. Runyan	65 50
Henry Pingle	49 50
J. Palmer	12 40
E. Relke	3 30
Wm. Lageschulte	5 25
Chas. Homuth	6 75
Fred Kleim	1 50
John Frey	14 40
J. W. Bennett	11 03
Frank Donlea	54 80
Fred Wolf	44 70
John Brinker	27 90
Wm. Webster	48 60
San Homuth	40 80
Ed Wiseman	22 83
Henry Donlea	22 83
L. Houghtaling	3 06
H. Briker	3 06
J. Briker	5 00
E. Relke	4 11
E. Brandt	10 68
James Donlea	6 91
Wm. Swamp	9 80
C. Brinker	10 68
H. Rogman	4 55
John Brommelkamp	53 77
F. T. Wooding	19 23

The annual appropriation ordinance was read. Trustee Plagge moved that the same be passed. Seconded by Trustee Robertson. The motion was carried by unanimous vote. The ordinance makes the following appropriations:

Salaries	\$1200 00
Streets and Drainage	2500 00
Lights	800 00
Water	900 00
Interest on bonds	450 00
Contingent fund	500 00

Total \$6350 00

Trustee Plagge moved that agents of foreign fire insurance companies doing business in the village of Barrington be notified to turn over the amount due under the ordinance requiring 2 per cent tax on foreign insurance companies. Carried.

PROFIT SHARING ADOPTED.

C. F. Hall Co., Dundee, Surprises Employees by Announcing New Plans at a Banquet.

At a banquet given to its employees in the Spurling block, Friday evening, June 29, F. F. Hall, the treasurer of the C. F. Hall Co., announced that beginning July 1 the company would

pay its clerks a semi-annual dividend of 1 per cent on gross sales, to be shared among them in the ratio of the wages that each is now receiving. The announcement came as entire surprise to the employees of the company having supposed they were invited out for nothing more than an evening's diversion.

Full justice having been done to Mr. Blum's provision for the inner man, C. F. Hall rose and announced that his elder son had a proposition which he wished to submit from the company.

E. F. Hall, by way of introduction, referred to the prosperity the firm has long enjoyed and the added volume of business brought by the electric street car line—an innovation Dundee business men had first viewed with apprehension. The members of the firm, he said, regarded this prosperity as in a large measure due to the faithfulness and efficiency of those in their employ, and while no complaint had ever been made on the score of wages, they had long desired both to give their clerks a fuller compensation and to make more nearly identical the interests of employers and employees.

He spoke of the various plans of profit sharing which the firm had taken under advisement and abandoned, as not strictly applicable to the business, and ended by announcing the plan outlined above and illustrating the increase in earnings which it would amount to in individual instances.

There were present C. F. Hall and wife, F. F. Hall and wife, G. C. Hall, Miss I. B. Sleigh, Miss Flora Bollman, Miss Amelia Nass, F. J. Batt, J. V. Mann, Louis Block, Theodore Bethke, Fred Schuett, Mrs. Fred Schuett, Albert Holtz, Fred Conrad, Wm. Holtz and their individual guests, of whom each employe invited one. Besides employes and their guests there were present representatives of the Dundee and Elgin press, F. B. Wright, cashier of the First National bank, Dundee, and wife, and Mrs. J. B. Oatman, who gave much pleasure by several readings. During the banquet music was furnished by Prof. Tetzner.

Was a Great Day.

The Fourth of July 1901 has passed into history and everybody, except the managers of thirst parlors and promoters of outdoor amusements which attract the dimes and nickels, are extremely glad of it. The day was the hottest of the year, 98° being the average record. Everybody that could arrange to do so, got out of town into the groves to find those shady retreats as torrid as their dooryard at home.

The village was quiet during the day except for the occasional report of a cracker or hurrah of an over-indulgent patriot. The exercises at Comstock's grove, under the auspices of the Knights of the Globe, attracted a large crowd and was successfully managed. In the evening the band gave a concert and there was a display of fireworks witnessed by everybody in town and many from the country. No accidents have been reported as a result of the reckless use of explosives, or fatalities from severe heat.

Low Rates West and Northwest this Summer

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Salt Lake, Denver and other Colorado, Utah and Pacific Coast points, as well as St. Paul, Minneapolis, Dakota Hot Springs, etc., at greatly reduced rates, with favorable return limits, on various dates during the summer season. Frequent fast trains, through sleeping cars, chair cars, dining cars. The best of everything. For dates of sale and full particulars, inquire of ticket agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

C. F. Hall Co., Cash Dealers, Dundee.

Entire purchase of Children's Costume Co. We put the dresses in the following lots at 25c, 35c, 44c, 59c and 75c, which are less than wholesale rates. We offer 200 taffeta silk skirts at \$3.98, 5.29, 6.29, 7.49, value from \$5 to \$18.00. They are flounce cut, beautifully trimmed and made in every way.

Remnant in 10c blue shirtings at 5c a yard. Ladies' standard calico wrappers, nicely made and trimmed, 200 only, at 49c each. Fancy white lawn skirts, lace and ribbon trimmed, worth \$3.00 at 1.29 and 1.49 each.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

Highest grade, strictly all wool and fine worsted men's boy's and youths' suits. We bought out entire stock. Men's regular \$9 to \$12 goods at \$3.95, 5.00, 6.50. Youths' three piece suits at \$2.69, 3.95, 4.95. Boy's at 98c, \$1.29, 1.69, 1.98. These prices are on A. 1 goods.

100-piece Fancy Decorated Dinner Set only \$9.84

Cups and Saucers per set only 40c

NEW DRESS GOODS

Here you will find a big display of New Summer Dress Goods, a large line of Lawns, Dimities, Linens and White Goods at very low figures.

Ladies Capes, Children's Jackets.

We are making a clearing sale of our Ladies Capes and Children's Jackets. All garments must be sold. This is a good opportunity to buy these new garments cheap.

MILLINERY GOODS.

We are closing out all stock on hand of Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats at a big reduction in former prices, just about one-half what you usually pay for these new hats.

CLOTHING.

Our stock of Men's and Boy's Summer Clothing is very large. We are making very close prices on Clothing in order to get your business. Let us show you our large line of Men's Furnishing Goods, Men's and Boy's Hats. We will save you money and will give you new goods that are fully guaranteed and made from the best of materials.

We do not sell shoddy goods. THE BIG STORE, cheapest place to trade.

A. W. MEYER & CO. Barrington

WHAT'S A FACT???

A FACT is a stubborn thing, you can't get away from it; the fellow who goes against a fact usually pays the full penalty. It is a fact that we can fill your orders as cheap as any dealer in the line of

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, WALL PAPER, HATS AND CAPS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, UNDERWEAR, CURTAINS and RUGS.

We are making vast reductions on broken lines that will make one feel like buying. Come to our store and see for yourself. Buy from us is like starting a bank account without capital, making good interest without the shadow of a risk.

See what we will do in our glassware line

We invite all to come and see us

LIPOFSKY BROS. BARRINGTON.



New Jewelry Store.

J. JAPPA, An experienced jeweler and watchmaker, has opened a store in the building lately vacated by D. Leviton. His stock includes

Watches, Clocks, Rings, Diamonds, etc.

5-year guarantee given with every movement sold. Repairing guaranteed 1 year

J. JAPPA, The Barrington Jeweler.



Calendar for July 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Items of General Interest Told in Paragraphs.

COMPLETE NEWS SUMMARY.

Record of Happenings of Much or Little Importance from All Parts of the Civilized World—Incidents, Enterprises, Accidents, Verdicts, Crimes and Wars.

Gov. Taft's Philippine cabinet approved by the president. Americans in the majority.

Earl Russell appeared before English house of lords and asked for time to prepare his defense.

Patrolman John W. Ryan, in attempting to disperse a crowd in Chicago, fired, killing William Ryan. Slayer declared it was an accident.

T. F. Ward, charged with wrecking Lemars (la.) National Bank, arrested at Jersey City.

New regiments of infantry and cavalry ready to relieve Philippine regulars.

Army expenses for last year amounted to \$129,061,378.

John Ross, who was sent to an Indiana insane asylum on the evidence of four Indianapolis doctors, declared sane by court and released on writ of habeas corpus.

Intense heat in the East Tuesday caused 225 deaths and 403 prostrations in New York, 50 deaths in Philadelphia, 50 in Pittsburgh, and fatalities in many other cities.

Whaler Balena wrecked on St. Lawrence Island, Bering Sea, but officers and crew saved.

Last of the volunteer army mustered out yesterday at San Francisco within the time fixed by law. Maj.-Gen. Shafter discharged as officer of volunteers.

Combination of oilcloth manufacturers under way at New York.

Sunday crowd at Coney Island numbered 200,000.

Heat Sunday caused twelve deaths in Pittsburgh, an equal number in New York, and fatalities in other cities. Hospitals filled with prostration cases.

City National Bank of Buffalo, which was put in charge of a temporary receiver by Controller of the Currency, will go into liquidation.

Dr. Ruppert, a clairvoyant at New York, disappeared after getting \$1,000 from a woman to invest for her.

Constable killed in fight with two Kentuckians near Metropolis, Ill.

New York Central to be asked to use electricity as motive power of engines in city limits.

Inter-oceanic Telephone and Telegraph company formed.

Six strikers killed by soldiers and twenty wounded in a riot at Ferrara, Italy.

Chinese rebels in Province of Shantung burned several villages and killed hundreds of natives.

Through mistake China agreed to pay \$24,500,000 more indemnity than powers demanded.

Lightning struck tent of Wallace's circus at Eau Claire, Wis., killing an elephant and shocking several persons.

Great damage done at La Crosse, Wis., by a tornado, which wrecked several business places.

Boston doctor to fast a month to prove such treatment will cure all illness.

J. L. White and his family tortured by six robbers near Wheeling, W. Va. Four walled cities in Manchuria seized by Chinese bandits.

Gold brick valued at \$200,000 sent to Ashcroft, B. C., from Cariboo Consolidated Hydraulic Mining company.

President Palmer of Rio Grande and Western sold his interest in road to Gould interests for \$6,000,000.

Wife of Kansas farmers who refused to pay blackmailer \$5,000 roasted alive in their dwelling.

Three thousand Boers made attack on Richmond in Cape Colony, but were repulsed after twelve hours' fight.

General Gomez arrived at Tampa on his way to Washington and New York. Will confer with Secretary Root and Palma.

Lightning killed first baseman in a ball game at Monroe Center, Ill., and shocked several other players and spectators.

Helen Fifield returned to Janesville, Wis. Said she was in trance when she left home.

Announcement made at Harvard alumni dinner of gift of \$1,000,000 to the university by J. Pierpont Morgan. Commencement exercises held, 1,055 degrees being conferred.

PENSION ROLL IS GROWING.

Names Added During the Last Fiscal Year Number 49,612.

A statement prepared at the pension office shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30 there were 49,612 names added to the pension rolls, of which 44,861 were original issues and 4,751 were restorations. The original issues included the following: Invalids, civil war, 20,443; invalids, war with Spain, 2,795; survivors Mexican war, 15; survivors Indian wars, 7; widows, civil war, 19,842; widows war with Spain, 1,241; widows, Mexican war, 352; widows, Indian wars, 132; widows, "old war prior 1861," 6; widows, war of 1812, 3; nurses, 25. The increases, re-ratings, etc., numbered 60,043, making the total certificates issued 109,655, as against a total of 105,591 in 1900. The increase in the number of pensioners on the rolls of June 30, 1901, compared with the previous year was about 2,500. The number of claims pending May 31, 1901, was 415,409, and on June 30, 1897, 635,059.

SENATOR KYLE IS DEAD.

United States Senator Kyle of South Dakota, died Monday. Senator Kyle was stricken at his home in Aberdeen about ten days ago. His trouble was of malarial origin and resulted in a functional affection of the heart.

James Henderson Kyle was born in Xenia, O., on Feb. 24, 1854, and was an educator and Congregational clergyman up to 1890, when his political career began with his election to the South Dakota state senate.

He was educated at the University of Illinois and at Oberlin College, taking a course in civil engineering at the former institution and a classical course at Oberlin. In November, 1890, he was elected to the state senate and the following year to the United States senate, where he succeeded Gideon C. Moody. He was rated in the Congressional Directory as an Independent.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

WINTER WHEAT—No. 2 red, 65 1/2c; and choice new, 67 1/2c; No. 3 red, 63 1/2c; No. 2 hard, 64 1/2c; No. 3 hard, 62 1/2c.

SPRING WHEAT—No. 1 Northern, 65 1/2c; and fresh receipts, 67 1/2c; No. 2 Northern, 64 1/2c; No. 3 64 1/2c; No. 4 63 1/2c.

CORN—No. 2, 43 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 43 1/2c; No. 3, 42 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 42 1/2c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 29 1/2c; No. 3 white, 27 1/2c; No. 2, 27c.

HAY—Choice timothy, \$12 1/2; No. 1, \$12 1/2; No. 2, \$11 50; No. 3, \$9 1/2.

CATTLE—Native shipping and export steers, \$4.75; dressed beef and butchers' steers, \$4.50; steers under 1,000 lbs., \$3.95; stockers and feeders, \$2.75; 4.5; cows and heifers, \$2.95; canners, \$1.25; hogs, \$3.50; Texas and Indian steers, \$3.40; cows and heifers, \$2.50.

HOGS—Pigs and lights, \$5.25; packers, \$5.00; butchers, \$4.75.

SHEEP—Native muttons, \$3.00; lambs, \$4.25; culls and bucks, \$2.50; stockers, \$2.75.

Butter, creamery extra, 12c; firsts, 17 1/2c; cheese, new trine, 9 1/2c; Daisies, 9 1/2c; Young America, 9 1/2c.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 50 1/2c; hens, 50c; old roosters, 5c; springs, 12 1/2c; ducks, 10c; geese, 12 1/2c; chickens, 6 1/2c; VEAL CARCASSES—50 1/2c; 60 1/2c; 70 1/2c; 80 1/2c; 90 1/2c.

Consul Afraid of "Reds."

As a result of the many threats against his life by anarchists an indefinite leave of absence has been granted Giovanni Braachi, the Italian consul general in New York. It is said that he has gone back to Italy, where he will remain until the Pateron "reds" are less active in their plottings. For weeks before he left the consul employed a bodyguard and kept his place of residence a secret. His personal mail was received at the Lotus club, but he was seldom seen there. The Italian consulate is left in charge of the vice-consul and is carefully guarded. Only those who satisfy the inquisitor that their business is of a legitimate character are admitted to the presence of the acting consul.

Lunatic Beaten to Death.

Herbert C. Wadman was done to death in the Manhattan State hospital at New York. In effect this was the verdict rendered by the coroner's jury in the case of Herbert C. Wadman, who, insane, was taken to the Manhattan State hospital in February last, and who, on March 5, died. The jury found that the injuries to Wadman were inflicted by Attendant John Foley and that Michael Carroll, a keeper, was accessory. The authorities of Bellevue hospital were exonerated. The autopsy showed that the dead man's ribs were broken and that he was frightfully bruised about the chest and other parts of the body.

Winona Assembly Is Opened.

The regular programme for the season which opened at Winona Assembly Warsaw, Ind., covers a period of fifty-nine days. The list of lectures and orators embraces some of the best talent in the United States and Europe. Dewitt Miller of Cleveland lectured tonight in the Auditorium on "The Uses of Ugliness." The directors have expended thousands of dollars this year in improving and beautifying the grounds and is erecting new buildings. The finances of the association were never in better condition, and every indication points to a prosperous season.

Peculiar Death of a Doctor.

Dr. Charles A. Littler, aged 53, was found dead twelve miles south of his home in Jackson, Mich. His horse was hitched to the fence near by. The deed was done by a scalpel taken from the doctor's case of instruments and the jugular vein severed. He was en route to perform an operation two miles from where the body was found. Financially, he was independent, and no cause is known, if he himself committed the act.

CUBAN ELECTION LAWS

The Scheme for Choosing Provincial Governors.

HOUSES ARE PROVIDED FOR.

City of Havana Will Be Entitled to Seventeen Members on First Apportionment—All Electoral Matters in Hands of a Commission.

The project for an electoral law as drawn up by the committee appointed for the purpose is published at Havana. It only deals with the election of Representatives, Provincial Governors, Councilors, Mayors, and Ayuntamientos. A law regarding the election of a President and a Senate is not outlined as yet. The report says that the election of Provincial Councilors is most urgent, as these Councilors, together with double their number of electors will together elect a Senate, and the Senate and House of Representatives together will decide regard-

MAINE WRECK NOT MOVED.

Contractor's Delay Causes a Protest from Shipping Interests.

Although three months have expired since the government completed the contract to raise the hull of the battleship Maine from Havana harbor, no work to this end has yet been done, nor have the contractors, N. F. Chamberlain & Co., filed the necessary bond of \$25,000. This work of raising the wreck was to have been completed July 1, but a provision was inserted in the contract to the effect that if there occurred unavoidable delay in the work the time for its completion would be extended to March 1, 1902. Captain of the Port of Havana Lucien Young says that Chamberlain has sent him word that he is sick and asks for an extension of the contract. Capt. Young is considering whether sickness comes under the head of unavoidable delay. It is believed here that the contractors cannot undertake this work according to their agreement—namely, to raise the wreck without remuneration and give the government 3 per cent of what is derived from the sale of the ship's metal, machinery, ammunition and of souvenirs. The en-

DEATH OF A FAMOUS DIVINE.



At Catskill, N. Y., the Rev. Dr. Byron Sunderland, for forty-eight years pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Washington, D. C., died Sunday morning of cerebral embolism, at the home of his son-in-law, Orrin Day, president of the Tanners' National bank. He

acted as chaplain of the Senate from 1861 to 1864 and from 1873 to 1879. He was a warm friend of President Lincoln and one of the first to reach the bedside of President Garfield when he was shot by Guitteau. Dr. Sunderland was President Cleveland's pastor

GREAT STRIKE IS ORDERED

Steel Workers Go Out in Large Force.

THOUSANDS ARE INVOLVED.

President Shaffer Declares It Means Fight to Bitter End by Workmen—He Says Amalgamated Association Is Not Unprepared for Battle.

President T. J. Shaffer issued orders from Pittsburgh Sunday to all the union men employed in the various mills of the American Steel Hoop company to refuse to work Monday morning. In addition President Shaffer and other officials of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers spent Sunday sending out circular letters to subdivide all over the country notifying the 60,000 members of the strike declared Saturday against the American Sheet Steel company. The members of the board will decide whether all the union men employed by the United States Steel Corporation, which owns the sheet combine, shall be called out at this time. If they come out 200,000 men will be involved. It is estimated that 15,000 men will be subject to the call in the American Steel Hoop mills in connection with the sheet steel strike.

President Shaffer says: "The impression that only the mills of the American Sheet Steel company are affected by the decision of Saturday is a mistake. The workmen of all mills in the American Steel Hoop company are interested, and will be officially notified that the scale has not been signed and that they will quit work. To the well organized mills this notice will not be necessary, as the men will have watched the situation carefully, but what are known as open mills, where union men have been allowed to work side by side with the non-union, is where we have to move. Union men must walk out of these open mills in the hoop trust. The open mills to be notified are one at Hollidaysburg, Pa., three at Pittsburgh, and one at Monessen. The organized mills which will close on our call are the upper and lower mills at Youngstown, O.; Pomeroy, O.; Sharon, Pa.; Girard, Pa.; Warren, Pa.; Greenville, Pa. This, I believe, will bring the number of men affected up to 50,000. It is a matter of regret that the issue has been forced, but it now looks as though it will be a fight to the death. The Amalgamated association is not unprepared for it. We have not had a general strike for many years, and in that time we have not been idle. We have funds and will use them. Right here I want to correct an impression which has been given out that no benefits will be paid strikers until two months have elapsed. The Amalgamated association will begin at once to take care of its people."

JESSIE MORRISON CONVICTED.

When the clerk of the criminal court at Eldorado, Kan., read the verdict, "We find the defendant guilty of manslaughter in the second degree," Miss Jessie Morrison threw her arms around her father's neck, laid her head on his



JESSIE MORRISON, breast and wept bitterly. Later she dropped into her sister's arms and writhed with sobs. After regaining her composure she walked to her cell with her arms around her brother Hayward, followed by her aged father, Judge Morrison, and her sister. No one was allowed admittance to her cell except relatives. County Attorney Rees was disappointed in the verdict, thinking it should have been for murder. Olin Castle, husband of the dead woman, says the defendant got off too easy.

After Preacher's Slayers.

Rev. C. W. Hipes, the aged pastor of the Dunkard church at Kidder, Mo., died Sunday of injuries inflicted upon him by several members of his congregation last September. Mr. Hipes took some of his flock to task from the pulpit one Sunday and that night he was waylaid and terribly beaten. He recognized his assailants, but refused to tell who they were beyond saying they were some of those he had admonished. Yesterday when he was dying from his injuries he told the names of the men who assaulted him.

Heat Destroys Foreign Crops.

With its crops withering under the present wave of equatorial heat, the great valley of the Volga is threatened with widespread famine. The river has fallen so low that steamers and barges conveying 1,000,000 pounds (15,873 tons) of freight have grounded and cannot get to their destination until rains swell the stream to its normal level. The rural peasantry is destitute in many districts. Farmers, landlords, and traders are apprehensive of serious times.

CREPT OUT OF THE GRAVE.

Accomplice in an Insurance Swindle Tells of the Scheme.

In the district court at Fort Scott, Kan., there was filed a confession of Dr. McGuire of Juno, Texas, who was arrested as an accomplice of Dr. Thos. O'Toole of that city in a conspiracy to defraud the Woodmen of the World, the Royal Neighbors and the Modern Woodmen lodges out of \$8,000 life insurance by a mock death and burial in Western Texas, seventy-five miles from a railroad. O'Toole was reported to have died of smallpox. McGuire corroborated this, but says the grave was dug under a large live oak tree and in a thick growth of underbrush, that while he was filling one end of the grave O'Toole crawled out under the brush in the other end and got away. Then Cox was dismissed and the two men got away together. McGuire implicates Mrs. O'Toole in the scheme, saying she met O'Toole at San Antonio and later reported to the lodge that he was dead.

Riot in South Carolina.

The first blood in a strike riot in South Carolina has been spilled in the Southern railway shops in Columbia, S. C. Sunday morning about 125 men with faces blackened or wearing black masks attacked the north fence of the yards, which comprise twenty acres, quickly made a breach and marched in. There were forty-two men in the yards, sleeping in two cars. Twice the guard, Myers, ordered a halt, and when the leaders were within thirty yards fired both barrels of a shotgun into the midst of the mass. At the same moment a pistol ball struck Myers in the temple, but glanced off. He got behind cover and used his revolver. The strikers attacked the car and called on the men within to come out. There was no response, and the rioters opened fire. The car looks as if it had run the gantlet of Boer sharpshooters. There are 200 bullet holes in it. The occupants escaped by throwing themselves on the floor.

Cornered Negro Kills Two.

Cornered in a house by a determined band of infuriated citizens bent on meeting out summary justice to Peter Price, a negro, charged with insulting a young woman, Price in his desperate efforts to escape cut and killed George Hooks and M. McGran and seriously cut Charles Davis. The affair occurred at Jaeger, a small town five miles south of Panther, W. Va. Price, on seeing his pursuers, took refuge in a small room in the rear of a saloon. The mob battered down the door, and as they entered the room Price threw himself at them with the ferocity of a tiger, a knife in each hand. Hooks and McGran fell to the floor and two revolvers in the crowd were discharged at Price, inflicting but slight wounds. With one desperate swing of his knife the negro laid open Davis' abdomen and then leaped from the window. He was pursued and captured by officers, who hurriedly sent him to the jail at Welch to avoid the vengeance of the mob.

A National Bank Closed.

The Seventh National Bank of New York closed its doors Thursday morning forty minutes after it had opened for business. It closed because the Controller of the Currency, Charles G. Dawes, had demanded satisfactory assurances, which the bank could not give, that its loan of \$1,600,000 to Henry Marquand & Co. would be taken up by Saturday night and the cash be put in the bank. Controller Dawes was notified in reply that the bank would close, and he put Forrest Raynor, the national bank examiner, in as temporary receiver. Mr. Raynor took charge a few minutes after 11 o'clock, the following notice being posted upon the bank's front door: "This bank is in the hands of the Controller of the Currency—Forrest Raynor, national bank examiner."

New Vessels Built.

Vessels built in the United States and officially numbered by the bureau of navigation of the Treasury Department during the fiscal year ended Monday number 1,173, of 401,285 gross tons, compared with 1,053 of 405,677 gross tons for the previous fiscal year. The whole tonnage built has exceeded only twice in our history—in 1854 and in 1855—when the maximum, 583,460 tons, was attained. Geographically, vessels were built as follows: Atlantic coast, 735 of 190,948 tons; great lakes, 103 of 153,148 tons; Pacific coast, 151 of 45,105 tons, and western rivers, 152 of 11,094 tons. Increase over last year on great lakes, 53,362 tons; Atlantic coast, 30,372 tons.

Root the Winner.

Jack Root of Chicago was declared winner over Kid Carter of Brooklyn on a foul in the fifteenth round of their contest before the Twentieth Century club, San Francisco. At the time when Carter fouled his man by striking him low Root had the fight well in hand. He found Carter's face continually with left jabs, and most of the Brooklyn lad's vicious swings were either blocked or went wide of the mark.

Acquitted of Murder.

The jury in the murder trial of Dr. Wintner at Granite Falls, Minn., returned a verdict of not guilty. Dr. Wintner, on April 15 last, shot and killed William Leonard, a gambler, with whom he was playing poker, explaining at the time that he had discovered that Leonard was cheating him. He demanded his money back and secured a part of it from Leonard's partner, but Leonard refused to give up what he had won, and Dr. Wintner shot him in the leg and abdomen. He died within a short time.



WOMAN AND HOME.

THE ENGAGED GIRL.

Has an idea she has accomplished her life work.
Looks down with undisguised pity upon heart-free companions.
Sees something to laugh at in the jokes about maidens.
Spends seven-eighths of her time in the shops.
Begins to tell her mother how a house should be run.
Starts a collection of handkerchiefs and dollies.
Thinks all her old admirers are dying of broken hearts.
Becomes absent-minded and leaves her left hand ungloved.
Gives the hero in the latest novel her fiance's name.
Promises every girl she knows that she'll be one of the bridesmaids.
Is on the whole the most annoying personification of egotism imaginable.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

LAWN FROCK.



With insertion and very fine tucks for trimming. Sash of blue silk.

BREEDING PLACES OF COLDS.

We all know only too well the common cold. It actively commences by causing a tickling in the throat or nose, due to congestion, and eventually ascends or descends, as the case may be, causing all manner of stuffy discomfort. It is not, perhaps, sufficient-

ly recognized that the common cold is most infectious. The germs, whatever they may be, have a way of running through a household. The first infected member of a family ought, if it were practicable, to be put into quarantine, so as to save the rest of the clan, says the Philadelphia Ledger. Unluckily, colds may be caught in the trolley or on the train, or any place of public assembly. Sad to say, places of worship are great breeding places of colds, because the ventilation is not usually of the best, and the air, being overmuch used by the congregation, becomes of low quality, so that the respirer of such air often falls an easy prey to the germs which are responsible for colds. The unlucky man who, wiser than his generation, insists on opening windows, often gets much abused for causing a cold by creating a draught. But the mischief was probably done before the breeze began to blow.

PLANT VERSUS MOSQUITOES.

In Venezuela, the castor-oil plant growing around houses is believed to keep mosquitos away. In that country the plant grows to the size of a tree and is perennial, whereas in more temperate climates it attains a height of only four or five feet. But United States Consul Plumacher at Maracalbo thinks the plant would be equally effective against mosquitos anywhere. By keeping the branches and seeds of the plant in a room, he says, the pests are driven away.

OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

Canned Peas.

Shell ripe peas and lay them in cold water for an hour. Drain, cover with cold salted water and bring to a boil. Boil until tender but not broken. Set cans in hot water, drain the peas from the liquor, return the liquor to the fire, fill the cans with the peas, and when the liquor boils again fill the cans to overflowing with this. Screw on the tops immediately.

Canned Beans.

String young beans and cut in pieces three-quarters of an inch long. Put them in a kettle, sprinkle with salt and cover with boiling water. Boil until tender. See that your cans and rubbers are in good condition when you fill them. Dip the beans out of the pot with a split spoon, fill the cans, bring the liquid again to boil, and fill the cans to overflowing. Seal immediately.

RED, BLACK AND WHITE FIGURED FOULARD.



Made with bolero with ecru lace, over chemisette of white chiffon. Bands of lace and black panne velvet at the top of bolero. Tie of black panne velvet.

THE WEDDING RING.

A long time ago the wedding ring was worn on the forefinger, and was thickly studded with precious stones. People who have seen the old pictures of the Madonna in Rome will remember that in one or two of them there is a glistening ring on the forefinger of her right hand, but with Christianity came the wearing of the wedding ring on the third finger rather than the first. The old story of there being a vein that runs from that finger to the heart, says the Chicago Tribune, is nonsense. Its use originated in this

way: The priest first put it on the thumb, saying: "In the name of the Father;" on the forefinger, adding: "In the name of the Son;" on the second finger, repeating: "In the name of the Holy Ghost," and on the third finger, ending with "Amen," and there it stayed.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The orange blossom is the maiden's favorite flower for decorative purposes.

A short sermon on the value of earthly possessions—"Shrouds have no pockets."

A PARIS ACCOMPLISHMENT.

Deaths in French Capital Who Put Teeth to Ragtime.

There is a genius in Paris—and where in that delectable city can you go without finding a genius—who has discovered the secret of painless dentistry. It is so exceedingly simple. Just project into the victim's brain a few strains of ragtime. That will make him feel as if "nothing is doing." A well-known Paris physician recently laid his scheme before the Academy of Medicine, and that learned body thought so much of it that they immediately gave to it their official sanction. Patients under the influence of the anesthetic nitrogen protoxide in vapor invariably have at first unpleasant sensations, a good deal like nightmare. The dentist who made the discovery that sweet sounds soothe the tired tooth came to the conclusion that this preliminary ordeal of bad dreams was caused by the perception of noises aroused by the mind when in a state of partial consciousness. So he thought, "Why not try to soothe the patient? And what could be so soothing as music? But it would be impracticable to have a brass band in each dentist's office, and so the expedient was tried of pouring the music into the ears of the patient from a powerful phonograph. The tubes are placed in the patient's ears, and his assembly of sweet sounds which lulls him into a state in which he doesn't care if every tooth in his head is drawn. Of course this principle can be extended to surgical operations of all kinds, for the taking of an anesthetic for a dental operation differs only slightly from the reducing to unconsciousness of a patient who is to undergo a major operation. Different temperaments would need different kinds of music. And if the physician is wise he will apply the music at the time that the patient is coming out from the ether, or whatever anesthetic is used, for that is when most patients do and say the most foolish things.—New York Press.

YOUNG SARCEY'S DUEL.

An Insult Wiped Out in a Wood Near Paris.

The latest thriller in the way of a Paris duel is the encounter between young Sarcey, son of the late dramatic critic, and one of the elder Sarcey's contemporaries, Laurent Tailhade, a book reviewer. Paris is patting Jacques Sarcey on the back for daring to challenge and stand up before Tailhade, who is an old man and such a skilled duelist that he has quit the practice, save in exceptional cases. Paris also is patting Tailhade on the back because he being cock-eyed and one-armed, the result of one of those dynamite outrages in Paris a few years ago, dared to accept the challenge of the young Sarcey and stand up before his pistol. Each of the two principals is patting himself on the back, and everybody feels happy. Tailhade in reviewing a book said things about the elder Sarcey that his son didn't like, such as calling Sarcey's criticisms drivel, hence the challenge. The insult was wiped out in a wood near Paris. The impetuous young Sarcey fired ahead of time, and alone, and, according to custom, didn't hit his mark. Then Tailhade fired his pistol at the sparrows overhead, and advanced to Sarcey and made this little speech: "Sir," he said, "I felt compelled to accord you the satisfaction which you asked of me. I valued too highly the motive of your challenge not to accept it. But let me tell you, sir, that a duel with me is a delusion. I am blind in one eye and have lost the use of one arm. Now that I have stood under the fire of your pistol, allow me to say that I am sorry I wounded your filial feelings." Young Sarcey, who is no speechmaker, contented himself with a low bow, whereupon Tailhade bowed lower, and peace was declared.—New York Press.

Porto Rico's Farms.

Of the 953,243 population of Porto Rico only 75,000 live in cities. On the island but 100 miles long and thirty-six wide are 40,000 district farms and one-fifth of the island under cultivation. The average size of a farm in Porto Rico is forty-five acres, of which twelve are cultivated. Seventy-one per cent of these Porto Rican farms are owned by whites. Ninety-three per cent of all the farms are cultivated by their owners, a higher rate of owner-cultivation than the United States can show, where the proportion is but 72 per cent. Thirty-eight per cent of the Porto Ricans are colored. In Porto Rico 83 per cent of the colored people are of mixed blood. The percentage of illiteracy in Porto Rico is very high—about 84.

Thousands of Deserted Wives.

It has been estimated that in one way or another 3,500 women in Chicago have been deserted by their husbands. Some of these recreant ones have flown to no one knows where. Others are hangers-on upon the household, refusing to work and leaving the wife to earn bread for the home. Still others make no pretense of living at home, going back to it only when pressed by hunger, and then most frequently taking the last coin that the saving wife has scraped together.—Chicago Tribune.

The Hard-To-Reach North Pole.

Many attempts are now being made to discover the North Pole by adventurous explorers, the last among them being Capt. Bernier of Quebec, who will take with him strong kites fitted with cameras, by which, even if he fails to get near the Pole, he purposes to take photographs of such points as he cannot reach. The success that has attended the use of the camera by the aid of kites at great heights leads him to believe that the method may be practicable in the Arctic regions.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Dairy Notes.

Similar facts can be brought out in almost any native herd of cows in this country—that is a herd that has not been selected with the idea of getting only good milk and butter producers. The ordinary herd is picked up here and there without much reference to ancestry. Their capacities are judged of by the amount of milk they give when fresh, and this standard often proves a very unreliable one. The writer has known cows to give extraordinary yields a few weeks after calving, only to dry up in six months. Such cows were not profitable. Yet they were kept because they could at least be sold again to another farmer at the next time of calving. It is frequently said that if lightning would strike half of the cows in any one of our states, the dairy industry would be helped. It is a fact that a good many cows are kept that produce no revenue whatever. The testing of the cows would eliminate this factor, and only good cows would be the order of the day rather than the exception.

In this country the testing associations would soon develop into something more—that is, into associations that would also provide for the application to all of the herds of the tuberculin test. A sentiment would be created in favor of healthy cows, and it would become impossible to dispose of a cow at a sale unless she were positively known to be free from any of the contagious diseases, especially tuberculosis. At the present time the cost of applying tuberculin to a single cow is prohibitive. In the vicinity of Chicago a charge of \$15 is made for the application of the test for tuberculosis. That is because the veterinarian must come a number of times to see the animal, often from considerable distance. Were large numbers to be given the treatment at the same time, the time element per cow would shrink to an insignificant amount. The cost per animal need not exceed \$2 or \$3, and could be made even less if all conditions were favorable. In fact, the only practical way of getting either the milk testing done or the tuberculin test applied is for the owners of cows to co-operate in the work and expense.

Mr. J. H. Monrad recently asserted that at the present time nothing is needed in dairy methods in this country more than the establishment of testing associations, such as have existed for the last six years in Denmark. The Farmers' Review has previously referred to these associations and has urged that the work be taken up here. Mr. Monrad says that the work in Denmark began in 1895, with 13 farmers. They formed the first Danish testing association. The men hired a young agricultural student at about \$30 per month to go from herd to herd and make monthly tests. The work on the thirteen farms took his entire time. The cost to each farmer was only nominal. The results soon began to make themselves seen. The poor cows were weeded out and the good cows increased in number. The butter fat began to show a decreasing cost per pound. So successful was this first association that it was followed by another and another. After only six years there are in Denmark more than 200 of these associations, each taking the full time of a student in doing the testing work on the farms. More than this: The work has so grown that the associations have taken steps to combine under the supervision of the government. We agree with Mr. Monrad that this work should be taken up here. A score of farmers could be found in almost any locality devoted largely to dairying who would be willing to form an association to have the testing of their milk carried on systematically. Young men can be found that are capable of doing correct work with the Babcock tester, and men, too, that can be secured at a reasonable price. The cost to each farmer would probably not average more than \$2 per month, a very small sum, when the value of the tests is considered. In one of the tests in Denmark, one cow was found making butter fat at a cost of 15 cents per pound and another at a cost of 78 cents per pound. Of course the cow that made butter fat at a cost of 78 cents per pound did not long continue in the business.

Poultry Briefs.

Dilapidated old shacks for poultry houses do not indicate success with poultry. A few may make a fair showing under such conditions, and aspire to nothing better. But to most men the dilapidated affair means non-interest in poultry. The best way to "repair" such buildings is to tear them down and build new ones.

The well-versed poultryman should not be too ready to give advice to amateurs that will enthrust them in the poultry business. Often novices rush into poultry keeping on a large scale and lose all they have, while if they had been held back and induced to go slow success might have crowned their efforts.

Houses and runs should be in proportion. It is seldom that the yards are large enough for the houses. In cities and villages it is no unusual sight to see a good-sized house and a run larger than the house in the area covered. The result is a perfectly bare and often dusty ground plot. The area of the yard should be

at least ten times that of the house in which the birds are kept, and if the yard is still larger it will not be of excessive size. In fact, it is best to have the area of the run so large that it will remain green through the entire growing season.

A writer on poultry subjects says: "Put 100, 200 or 300 eggs into an incubator, and after the second day you can notice the odor of what the stock that laid them have had access to. This is no fanciful idea, any careful operator has noticed this. Likewise such a fowl when boiling in the pot gives out the same unmistakable odor, and while the same can not be detected when cooking the egg the flavor can. A fowl with access to the manure pile or pig pen is not fit food for man, nor are the eggs." Doubtless there is more truth in the above than we generally believe. We are in the habit of looking upon our fowls as perfect strainers, thinking that we can feed them anything and that they will eliminate from the food all that is undesirable, even in smell. Scientists are coming to believe that only pure food should be fed our domestic animals at any time.

A successful poultry raiser says: "There is a class of enthusiastic novices who write to know if they can make a living at poultry-keeping. They might as well ask if they can make a living at bridge building. A living can be made at bridge building, by one who knows all about it, but for one, we would soon be in the poor house if we had to depend upon bridge building, as we would not know how to begin on a bridge. And one can make a living at the poultry business—if he knows how. No novice can do it, and we are frank to say so, but it will at least cost the novice less to begin and try to learn at the poultry business than in any other direction." It is rather strange that a man should expect to succeed in a business in which he has had no experience; yet we find new men every year rushing into poultry keeping, certain that they will succeed, though without a moment's experience in poultry-raising.

Live Stock News.

Reports from the Northwestern portions of the United States and from Canada indicate that there is a good demand from western ranches for stockers, at good prices. Many are being shipped from Canada and from points as far south as Texas. The western movement of pure bred bulls is also very noteworthy, and the expansion of the ranching interest is said to be greater this year than ever before.

The Billings Gazette reports that shearing in Wyoming is progressing nicely with but few delays. The clips in almost every instance have been a surprise to the flockmasters, in that they are much lighter this year than ever before. The wool is shorter, looser and cleaner than for years. One large clip is said to have fallen short of last year's weight over 25,000 pounds and the same number of sheep were sheared this year as last. Others will fall short from 5,000 to 15,000 pounds. The flockmasters of that section are of the opinion that the clips will be much lighter than last year.

The Rocky Mountain Husbandman says that while the owners of live stock, horses, cattle and sheep, have been very much frightened about the season, and not without reasons, the indications at this writing are that Montana is to have an exceptionally fine grass crop. The snowless winter and the dry spring, especially in the eastern part of the state, and the fact that a succession of snowless winters and dry seasons were followed by an exceedingly dry summer, created considerable alarm about the beginning of April. But the fact of general rains throughout the entire country, and some rain in the eastern portion of the state, with the opening of May, is rather reassuring, and it is scarcely probable now that the grass crop will be short. Had things been as favorable a month ago stock cattle would have ranged at least \$2 per head higher than they now do, and much larger purchases of southern cattle would have been made.

Siberian Butter.

Speaking of the development of the Russian dairy industry the Boston Morning Herald says:

"We recently alluded to the new port which Russia is attempting to establish in the far north. This port is to be used for the shipment of agricultural products during the winter months. While the ports on the Baltic are open, however, a very large dairy business is carried on between Russia and Great Britain. Quite recently the Russian government entered into a contract with a commercial house at Riga, a port to the south of St. Petersburg, to establish a direct line of steamers to London. These are to be equipped with special refrigerating plants, and weekly trips will be made from Riga, largely with cargoes of butter. It is planned to collect this butter at the railroad stations on the Siberian railway, the train starting at Ob. Special fast freights made up of refrigerator cars will be run, each car carrying about eight tons of butter. On arriving at Riga the butter will be inspected, and, if it is thought necessary, repacked before being placed on the steamers. It is hoped that this fast freight and steamer service will build up business in other lines, but the principal article that it will depend on is butter, and the Russians hope to very largely supply the London market."

Place sitting hens in dark places, where they cannot be disturbed by other fowls.

LATEST ILLINOIS NEWS.

Deadly Assault with An Ax.

William Kencke, who tried to stop a quarrel Sunday between Ignatz Ernet and another member of a party of Spring Valley people, who were enjoying themselves at a fish fry, was turned upon by the former, who inflicted three vicious and deadly blows with an ax. One blow buried the ax deep in Kencke's lungs. The first blow struck hit Kencke in the thigh, but Ernet dissatisfied with his aim, struck twice more. George Hoffman of Spring Valley tried to interfere in the struggle and received a severe cut in the lower lip. The Ernet brothers escaped after the occurrence, but were arrested and jailed by the Peru police. Feeling ran high among the farmers and there was, and is yet, strong talk of lynching. The Ernet brothers are extremely unpopular. Ignatz Ernet, who struck Kencke, is a butcher by trade. William Nael of La Salle was at the picnic and when Kencke fell after being struck with the ax he attempted to pick up the wounded man. When he stooped someone from behind stabbed him in the back with a pitchfork. The wounds are not regarded as serious.

Desperate Triangular Fight.

A desperate battle occurred between an officer and two young men from Kentucky near Brookport, six miles above Metropolis. The men, James Mason and James Pritchard, were in Metropolis earlier, and seemed bent on mischief. They left town to escape arrest, going to Esquire W. H. Bonfield's, near Brookport, where a dance was being held. They at once proceeded to break up the dance and run things their own way. Officer Grant Rankins was called upon to restore order, but Mason and Pritchard opened fire upon him with their revolvers, which the officers promptly returned. As a result, Officer Rankins lies dying, with five bullets in his body, and Pritchard is shot through the stomach and will die. Masin is shot through the back and shoulders and may recover. The latter two are in jail in Metropolis, where they are receiving medical aid.

Priest Opposes a New Order.

Right Rev. John Janssen, of Belleville, bishop of the diocese, has issued an edict against the Knights of Columbus, a new Catholic fraternal order. Organizers from Chicago recently came into the diocese and prepared to institute councils. The bishop sent his edict to the churches of the diocese and had it read Sunday. Catholics were forbidden to join the order. In disregard of the order, members of St. Patrick's church of East St. Louis met Sunday night and organized a council and elected officers. Speeches denunciatory of the action of the bishop were delivered. The members of this church were not long ago in rebellion against the bishop on account of the appointment of a priest who was distasteful to them. The bishop says he disapproves of the new order because it will draw members away from the old orders.

Notables at Peoria.

Senator John M. Thurston of Nebraska and Charles Denby, ex-minister to China, delivered addresses before the twentieth century assembly (Chautauqua), which met at Peoria. D. B. Towner of Chicago, has charge of the big chorus and rehearsed his singers. Rev. Wayland Hoyt of Philadelphia and Rev. Ross F. Wickes are both taking prominent parts in the gathering, as are also Rev. Frank G. Smith of Dubuque and Mrs. A. E. Shipley of Des Moines, who have charge of the round table work. The Chautauqua will last ten days and it is expected that 20,000 people will be in attendance.

Government Depository at Decatur.

It is semi-officially announced that the Illinois National Bank, of Decatur, has been made a United States depository and will handle government cash to the amount of \$200,000. Collector Willis, for the Eighth Illinois district, has established a revenue stamp office in Decatur, and a designated bank to receive funds was necessary. The bank has deposited extra bonds in the sum of \$200,000 to cover the liability.

Illinois News in Brief.

A new church will be built at Mill Grove, Logan county.
Brass bands are being organized at Emden and Kenney.
Christian county has borrowed \$65,000 at 3 1/2 per cent to build a new courthouse.
Farmers held a parade at Pesotum the other day. There was a line of binders, mowers, threshers, hay racks and other farm machinery, headed by a brass band.
Forty-one neighbors of F. M. Stone, a farmer living near Elliott, where work had got behind on account of illness and death in the family, called on him the other day and put his fields in good condition.

Furial of W. D. Harrison.

W. D. Harrison, the billiard expert, who died at St. Joseph's hospital, Chicago, was buried from 494 North Clark street Wednesday. The burial was at Oakwoods cemetery.

Logan County Old Settlers.

The Logan County Old Settlers' Association at the annual meeting held in Lincoln, elected the following officers for the coming year: President, David Hummel; vice president, Robert Gilchrist; secretary, John E. Richards.

ASSESSMENT ROLL

TOWN OF ELA, TOWNSHIP 43, RANGE 10.

The following is a list of the several descriptions of lands, lots and personal property, together with the assessed value (being one-fifth of the full value), and the names of the several owners thereof, where changes have been made in the assessed value of said property from the assessed value for the year 1900, in the town of Ela, county of Lake and State of Illinois, as assessed and determined by the assessor of said township for the year 1901, and prepared and published by the supervisor of assessments, as required by the revenue laws of 1898.

Table with columns: Owner, Description, Acres, Value. Lists property owners and their details for Township 43, Range 10.

Table with columns: Owner, Description, Acres, Value. Continuation of property listings for Township 43, Range 10.

Table with columns: Owner, Description, Acres, Value. Continuation of property listings for Township 43, Range 10.

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Frank Robertson Attorney at Law. 701 Kedzie Bldg., 120 Randolph Street, Chicago.

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J. F. MOORHOUSE, BARBER SHOP. Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Loans on Real Estate. Insurance. That an intense desire for possession is awakened in all who hear it. It supplies an actual want (the irresistible demand for diversion and relaxation) to gratify which many are willing to do without other necessities. It is the UNIVERSAL ENTERTAINER OF THE AGE.

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VILLAGE OF LAKE ZURICH.

Table with columns: Owner, Subdivision, Acres, Value. Lists property owners in Village of Lake Zurich.

Table with columns: Owner, Subdivision, Acres, Value. Continuation of property listings for Village of Lake Zurich.

Table with columns: Owner, Subdivision, Acres, Value. Continuation of property listings for Village of Lake Zurich.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Lists personal property owners and values.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

Table with columns: Name, Ass'd Val. Continuation of personal property listings.

WAUCONDA.

A. C. Stoen transacted business at Hautley the first of the week.

Mrs. Coxhead of Chicago is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Dixon.

The Salvation Army has been giving nightly exhibitions on our streets the past week.

Clayton Loomis came out from the city Wednesday to spend a few days with his father.

An item relative to the post mortem held on the remains of Thomas Monaghan, will be found on the first page.

Prof. and Mrs. R. C. Kent and daughter of Chicago are spending a few days with friends and relatives in our village.

Miss Leah Glych came out from the city Tuesday and will spend the summer with her mother in this village.

Winsor Torrance who has been at work in the city for the past two months, came home Saturday to spend his vacation.

FOR SALE—Farm of 118 acres two miles from Barrington. Good buildings. Cheap for cash or on time. M. C. McINTOSH.

Miss Nettie Murray, who has been teaching school in Chicago the past year, returned home Saturday to enjoy her summer vacation.

The ball game billed for last Saturday between the Wauconda Juniors and team from Grayslake, was postponed indefinitely, the Grayslake boys failing to appear.

Fat lady—Don't sleep too much; exercise; don't eat fats and sweets. To reduce flesh rapidly take Rocky Mountain Tea. Acts directly on the fatty tissues. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Misses Lillian Tidmarsh and Lilah Golding returned from Waukegan last Monday having attended the teachers' institute. Congratulations are in order for Miss Golding who successfully passed the examination and secured a certificate.

Owners of dogs are notified that all dogs found to be at large within the corporation limits of the village without being muzzled, on or after July 10, and until September 15, will be subject to being shot by the village authorities.

Dr. Davidson, who has been assisting Dr. Dawson for the past months, returned to Chicago Tuesday. Dr. Dawson having decided he could not leave his practice this year. Dr. Davidson made many friends while here who wish for him future success and prosperity.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. Ford and family wish to express their gratitude to friends and neighbors who during the long months of suffering, have been so kind in lightening the affliction of wife and mother and who have assisted them in the duties consequent upon her long illness, and to assure them all that their kindness will not be forgotten.

LAKE ZURICH.

Mrs. Kohl visited in Chicago Monday.

E. S. Bruce of Joliet has moved his family here.

G. Fiedler made a business trip to Chicago Wednesday.

Fred Seip and family of Chicago spent the Fourth here.

Charles Schultz of Chicago visited his parents over Sunday.

Quite a number of Chicago people have moved here this week.

Chas. Patten of Palatine moved into his summer cottage Tuesday.

Frank Carr and Frank Roney of Wauconda were here Monday.

Mrs. H. Branding, who has been sick for some time, is improving slowly.

For ice cream, good candies and fruits call at Emil Franks ice cream parlor.

FOR SALE—Fine large house and desirable lot in Evanston. M. C. McINTOSH, 420 Ashland Block, Chicago.

George Klipper of Long Grove is putting up a new building. Herman Haase of Barrington is doing the stone work.

Very low rates to N. E. A. convention to be held at Detroit, Mich., July 8-12 via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates. For dates of sale and limits apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

More interest was shown in the celebration here the Fourth than in any previous year. The attendance was unusually large. A. J. Redmond of Oak Park delivered an eloquent address suited to the occasion, which was well received. The Palatine band furnished music throughout the day. The Lake County Stars defeated the Lake Forest team easily, the score be-

ing 20 to 2. The dance was well attended in the evening. The music was furnished by a Barrington orchestra.

Wm. Gierke of this place and Miss Kunzer of Fairfield were united in Wednesday afternoon in the German Lutheran church at Fairfield. Their many friends here wish them a long and happy journey through life. Mr. and Mrs. Gierke will reside at Gilmer, where Mr. Gierke conducts a blacksmith shop.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

Irving Miller of Elgin was here on Monday.

Six persons united with the Congregational church Sunday.

Several from here attended camp meeting at Elgin Sunday.

Mrs. Leroy Powers of Barrington was a recent visitor here.

Mesdames J. Bissell and Wilson were visitors from Palatine last week.

Miss S. M. Eggleston expects to take a trip to the state of New York soon.

Miss Carrie Lumm and Ray Harrison were married Tuesday evening by Rev. Wykoff.

Mrs. Florence Hooker is much improved in health since her return from Batavia.

Miss Lillie Hooker expects to remove to Cary and reside with her sister, Mrs. J. C. Lemke.

Mrs. Maggie Matthews and daughter Ella are visiting Irving Miller's family at Elgin this week.

FOR SALE—The Rethmeier farm of 80 acres in Barrington and 5 acres of timber in town of Hanover. Half cash balance on time. M. C. McINTOSH.

THE CONQUEST OF KOREA.

Japanese Legend of Emperor Chual and His Valiant Wife.

Seventeen centuries ago the Japanese Emperor Chual was playing his lute in the presence of his wife and prime minister. Whether on account of the music or from some other cause, the empress became inspired with a divine afflatus and began to utter the thoughts put into her mind by the deity. "There is a land to the westward," she exclaimed, "and in that land is abundance of treasure, gold and silver, dazzling to look upon. This land I will now bestow upon you."

The emperor pushed away his lute. "If you go up to a high place and look toward the west," said he, "there is no land to be seen, but only the great waters. They are lying spirits who have spoken to you."

Then the good god was filled with anger, and again he moved the empress to prophesy. "You are not fit," she said, "to rule this empire. Go the one road!"

But the prime minister trembled when he heard these words and said to his master: "I am troubled, my heavenly sovereign; by this terrible message. Continue, I pray, to play the august lute."

The emperor Chual commenced to play softly. Gradually the sound died away; all was still. They held a light to his face and saw that he was dead. But the empress put herself at the head of her feet, invaded the land of gold and silver with her warriors and soon made the three kingdoms of Korea tributary to Japan.

These things happened, we are told, in the year 201 A. D., and the story of the valiant empress is as familiar to a Japanese as is that of Boadicea to ourselves.—Nineteenth Century.

Jay Gould's First Trade.

Two boys who became distinguished in widely different ways were Jay Gould, the multimillionaire, and John Burroughs, the naturalist. They attended together the humble school in Roxbury, N. Y. John loved books, and Jason was fond of making trades. Young Gould had some books which his school fellow wanted very much to own. The more Burroughs thought about the coveted books and more diligently he strove to save up his pennies. Finally he had 80 cents hoarded. Taking his wealth to Gould he found that thrifty young gentleman quite willing to do business. The books were traded off for the money—mostly big copper pennies—and both boys were made happy. Mr. Burroughs never regretted his end of the bargain.—Success.

A Proper Apology.

"How many cranks live in this street besides yourself?"
"That's an insult, sir!"
"Oh, well, I apologize. How many cranks live in this street including yourself?"—Baltimore World.

Are There None?

"Johnnie, give me an example of a combination of meaningless phrases."
"Yes'm. A burglar proof safe stored in a fireproof block."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Lessons In Love.

"I've noticed," said the observant girl, "that the big men are the most demonstrative in their lovemaking."
"Perhaps," remarked the wise girl; "but, after all, a girl should never judge a lover by his sighs."—Philadelphia Record.

A Successful Case.

First Lawyer—I just concluded a very successful case.
Second Lawyer—Your client won, eh?
First Lawyer—Oh, no, but I got my fees!—Ohio State Journal.

Homes For Ex-Prisoners.

Mrs. Ballington Booth, affectionately called the "Little Mother" by the American Volunteers, stated recently that since the start of the movement five years ago looking toward the organization of homes for ex-prisoners two such homes have been opened—one in New York and one in Chicago—and permanent organizations established within 12 state prisons. Mrs. Booth never uses the word "ex-convict." She considers "ex-prisoner" less offensive and without tendency to brand a man. She says that of more than 1,000 ex-prisoners whom these homes have sheltered she has positive knowledge that 75 per cent are leading honest and useful lives, about 5 per cent have returned to crime, and the remaining 20 per cent she has lost track of. Those who have had experience in this work say this is a wonderful record, especially when it is considered that in the homes no distinction among the prisoners is made. The most gratifying feature, however, of Mrs. Booth's work in this line is the gradual decrease of the prejudice against the employment of ex-prisoners. In this respect her success has been truly phenomenal, she having succeeded in placing with one employer alone 35 of these unfortunate.

The reply of Lord George Hamilton, British secretary for India, to Sir Alfred Hickman's criticism of the purchase of American locomotives and other railway material of the Indian roads is a plain, businesslike statement which the British people ought to have no difficulty in understanding. He says the purchases were made, in the first instance, because English works could not supply the demand, and the American engines have proved so superior in actual work that more are called for. Lord Hamilton makes it plain that the only way for British manufacturers to regain their lost supremacy is to study the methods of turning out the best work at the least cost, and that, too, without any considerable loss of time. It may be added that persistency along the same lines is the only way in which American manufacturers can be sure of retaining their present position, though with such a lead as we now have it is not likely that we will be overtaken in the industrial race.

The recent death of Mrs. Elizabeth Burr Hamilton at the age of 90 years in Bridgeport, Conn., recalls a historic tragedy and an interesting romance of the early days of the republic. She was a Miss Elizabeth Burr and closely allied to the family of the man who killed Alexander Hamilton in a duel 97 years ago. One of the results of the fatal meeting was a feud between the Hamilton and Burr families. Yet 34 years after the tragedy another Alexander Hamilton, and a direct lineal descendant of the famous statesman, met Elizabeth Burr, who resided in a neighboring village, fell in love with her and married her in defiance of the wishes of both families. It is said that the marriage wiped out the feud and reunited the Burrs and Hamiltons. It was the heroine of this romance who has just passed away, leaving no descendants.

The state of the English mind upon the subject of the Boer war is made evident by the agitation in London over the rumor that negotiations looking to a cessation of hostilities in South Africa are going on between English and Boer leaders. The recent interview of Mrs. Botha, wife of the famous Boer general, with Lord Roberts and Joseph Chamberlain has set rumors flying thick and fast. It is apparent that the British public is willing to catch at almost any straw that will furnish a reason for calling off hostilities. That the war office, people and the members of the cabinet will show an eager interest in a peace messenger from the Transvaal, and that messenger a woman, indicates that English officialdom is also not averse to listen to peace talk.

We were always told that the famous Mason and Dixon line was somewhat imaginary, being intended merely to designate the division line between the north and south. The states of Maryland and Pennsylvania, however, view the matter differently, having recently appropriated the one \$5,000 and the other \$7,000 to relocate the old boundary posts and stones, many of which, they say, have been stolen by vandal relic hunters. Their places will be taken by new cast iron markers.

It now appears that the Outlanders in South Africa are complaining as bitterly against the Milner-Kitchener administration as they did against that of President Kruger. As the Outlanders, by posing as outraged and persecuted British subjects, were largely responsible for bringing on the Boer war, they are entitled to very little sympathy.

This seems to be a pretty fair season for divorces in the fashionable colony at Newport. Three decrees were issued out of one court in a single day recently. The aristocratic resort is fast becoming the divorce headquarters of swiftdom.

While Mr. Rockefeller is disposed to be generous, he does not allow it to be understood that there is a giving match on between himself and Mr. Carnegie.

Dr. A. Weichelt,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

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DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Will be at his Dental Rooms in

BATTERMAN'S BLOCK, PALATINE,

Friday of Each Week

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Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

TAKE YOUR WASHING TO THE.....

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Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable

Only First-class Work Done.

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MEAT MARKET.

I buy only the best meats that can be purchased and aim to satisfy my patrons. If you want a fine cut of meat call, we can "stake" you.

Bakery Goods, Canned Goods, Vegetables and Fruits in an endless assortment.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

A share of your patronage is solicited

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All Work Guaranteed.

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ECONOMY Is in itself a great revenue.

But economy does not necessarily mean to look for the cheapest article on the market. Cheap materials are dear even as a gift. Pure white lead and oil paints has more substitutes and imitations than other material. The chief adulteration of white lead is Barytes, a ground crystalline, without opacity or body, and to buy this stuff is like throwing money away, because if it is desired to use a good paint afterwards, there will be no foundation to which it can adhere. Heath & Milligan's paints have been the standard for 47 years and are guaranteed to be the best; that's the reason we handle that brand.

Best Prepared Paint.

Has a world-wide reputation to sustain. It is the highest product of a half-century's successful experience in the paint business. It is the backbone of our trade. The Best Prepared Paint is a painter's paint and is largely used by practical workmen in preference to the old method of mixing by hand. It is more convenient and profitable for them as well as the consumer.

Put up in gallon, half-gallon and quart cans. 52 handsome colors to select from.

Color card free for the asking.



Family Prepared Paint.

Put up in 26 popular shades in pint and half-pint cans. For repainting and decorating the small chairs, screens, toys, flower pots, etc. These sizes will be found convenient and economical.

CREOLITE.

Handsome and durable floor paint. Put up in gallon, half-gallon and quart cans in 8 colors. Dries over night without tack. Best mineral paint on the market and is guaranteed to wear.

Full line of dry colors and colors in oil.

WAGON PAINT.

Prepared especially for the wear and tear on wagons and farm implements. Put up in 1, 2 and 4 gal cans in blue, red, yellow, green and black. Cannot be surpassed by any wagon paint on the market.

BUGGY PAINT.

Our Climax Buggy Paint is prepared much in the same way as a coach color. Dries with a hard glossy finish. Put up in quart, pint and half-pint in black, red, wine, green, yellow, brewster green, blue and carmine.

VARNISH STAIN.

Put up in quart, pint and half-pint cans to imitate cherry, walnut, oak, mahogany, rosewood and antique oak. Can be used over raw, stained or painted surface. Will not chip or crack and dries with an egg shell finish.

Roof and Barn Paint.

Adapted for barns, roofs and large structures on which an economical paint should be used. It is a combination of the best grade mineral colors and will outwear any of its kind on the market.

Guaranteed Raw and Boiled Oil and Strictly Pure White Lead, Turpentine, Varnishes, hard oils, etc., etc.

Satsuma INTERIOR ENAMEL.

Put up in 22 of the handsomest colors ever blended. This is a new product and has proved by test to be superior to any interior enamel made. Just the thing for decorative purposes such as chairs, beds, stands, etc. Dries in 12 hours with a high polish.

We also handle bicycle enamel in all colors.

Hygienic Kalcimine

This beautiful and sanitary wall finish has been the king of all kalcimines everywhere. Endorsed by calceimines everywhere. Anyone can put it on in a few hours. Try it and you will use no other. Put up in fifteen handsome and beautiful shades. Ready for use by adding warm water. Prices greatly reduced this season.

Gold Paint for decorating and regilding. Make your buggy top look like new by using our top dressing.

We carry in stock the best grades of Portland and Common Cement, Wall Plaster, Lime, Brick, Drain Tile, Stucco, Plastering Hair, Window and Plate Glass, in fact, everything that a mason or painter uses. Call and get our prices, we can interest you.

Lamey & Co.,

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

Mildred Trevanion

BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"Mildred, what do you mean?" he exclaimed.

"The day after tomorrow you shall have the fifteen thousand pounds," she said; "and I—I am engaged to be married to Lord Lyndon."

Her mother arose, flushed and triumphant. Here indeed was a match worthy of her darling. All recollection of the relief to be gained through the promised money faded in comparison with this wonderful piece of news. At last Mildred had made her choice, and it was a most wise one.

"Oh, Mildred, is it true? How glad I am!" she began. "I think—"

But the girl put up her hands to her ears and recoiled from her touch.

"Not now—not now!" she exclaimed almost roughly.

How could she endure congratulations and good wishes about what seemed to her the cruellest event in all her life? How submit to questionings and kindly probing, when she felt her heart was breaking? Surely in such a case congratulations were a mockery.

She left them, and hurrying to her own room, strove hard to quiet the storm that raged within her; while they, remaining behind, asked each other in whispers how it had all happened, and half feared to believe the welcome news was true.

But Lady Caroline's heart smote her when she remembered the look in Mildred's eyes when they had met hers—the great unhappy light that had shone in them, revealing so much that she would gladly have kept untold.

And the mother's eyes had seen it, and so she followed Mildred to her room, only to find the poor child pacing up and down with restless, feverish hands and face grown old with passionate care. She stopped as her mother entered, sighing heavily. Lady Caroline stretched out her hands.

"Mildred, tell me what it is," she entreated, wistfully, with sorrowful longing sympathy in her tone. "Am I not your mother?"

And Mildred cried, "Oh, mother!" and, falling on her knees, with arms round the mother's waist, and eyes hidden, sobbed a little of her grief away.

All in vain. The next morning brought a letter from Lady Eagleton's solicitor, containing the news of her ladyship's sudden death, and stating that, on her will being opened, it was discovered that she had bequeathed to her "beautiful and well-beloved grand-niece, Mildred Trevanion," the sum of thirty-five thousand pounds.

CHAPTER XIV.

Christmas was at hand, and with it came Denzil Young.

"I hear you are to be congratulated," he said to Mildred, whom he met in the grounds immediately upon his arrival—"is it true?"

"Yes, it is quite true," answered Miss Trevanion, steadily, disdaining to put off the evil hour by equivocation or pretended ignorance.

"Then you are going to marry him after all?" said Denzil.

"I am engaged to be married to Lord Lyndon," returned Miss Trevanion. Then, very abruptly, Denzil asked: "Are you happy?"

"Of course, I am happy," she answered, with a faint accession of color—"why do you ask me such a strange question? Do I look unhappy?"

"I think you do," he said, gently; "your face seems changed to me; it does not wear its old expression; and just now, as I was passing by the village church, I glanced in for a moment—she raised her eyes anxiously—and saw you. You were kneeling at the altar rails, and, as I watched—forgive me, it was but for an instant—I thought I heard—Mildred, were you crying?"

"And so," observed Mildred pettishly, giving no heed to his question, "because one happens to feel a little fretted about some trifling matter, and cries a few silly tears, one is to be considered in the lowest depths of despair? It is absurd. I will not listen to such folly; Lord Lyndon, I am sure, would not wish me to do so, and—"

"And as he is everything to you now, while I and all the rest of the world count nothing," interrupted Denzil, bitterly—"is that so? Do you expect me to believe that? Because, if you do, I tell you plainly, that I do not believe it, and never shall. He is unsuited to you in every way, having not an idea in common with you. Oh, Mildred!—passionately—why have you done this thing? Why have you sacrificed your whole long, sweet life so miserably? Was there some great reason for it of which I have never heard? Could you not have waited? My love, my darling, is there nothing I can do for you?"

"There is nothing I would have done," she answered, half angrily. "Why will you persist in thinking I have done something worthy of repentance? I am happy. Do you hear me?—perfectly happy. I have accepted my position willingly and of my own free choice, and I do not wish it altered or undone in any single way. I have quite made up my mind; and although you once told me you considered me unworthy to be the wife of any honest man, still I am vain enough to believe that at all events I can make this most honest man fairly contented."

"I was mad when I said that," rejoined Denzil, slowly. "Many a time since have I recollected my words and felt how brutal they must have sounded. But surely you will forgive me now—at this moment when I am learning for the first time how miserable and bare and cold a place this world is. Let me bid good-by to all my hope with the certainty that at least you bear me no ill-will."

He held out his hand as he spoke and took hers. Mildred's voice failed her, but she managed to whisper faintly:

"Give me your forgiveness also."

"If you think it necessary," he said, "you have it; but I can remember no wrong you ever did me."

They were standing with hands clasped and eyes reading each other's hearts. Denzil drew his breath quickly.

"Good-by," he murmured, despairingly, and, turning away, abruptly, passed rapidly out of her sight.

When all the people at King's Abbott met to dine Denzil was among them, and very welcome he found himself. Charlie alone of all the family was absent; but even he had written word to say he would be with them for a day or two in the course of the following week.

"We ought to get up a party and go to the lake tomorrow," suggested Eddie, during a pause in the conversation.

Lyndon, who was also dining with them, and who generally agreed with everybody, said he thought it was a "capital plan," and appealed to Miss Trevanion, who sat beside him. She thought she had lost her skates or misplaced them, or something; but Frances Sylverton overruled all such opposition by declaring that she had several pairs to lend, and that a day on the ice would be delicious.

"But perhaps it will be hardly safe enough this week," she added, somewhat anxiously. "Shall we wait until Tuesday next?"

"Charlie said he would be down on Monday night," put in Eddie, innocently, apropos of nothing, and without lifting his eyes from the cream on which he was seemingly intent; whereupon Miss Sylverton blushed furiously, and declined any further investigation of the subject.

Finally, however—chiefly through the instrumentality of Mildred—the expedition was arranged to take place on the Tuesday following, so that Frances, in her inmost heart, was satisfied.

In process of time the day arrived—very much to the satisfaction of everybody concerned in the excursion—and, after a considerable amount of harmless and utterly unavoidable squabbling, the party—which had become rather a large one, in consequence of numerous invitations issued later on—divided into twos and threes, as circumstances or inclinations dictated—Lady Caroline, Mrs. Deverill, and one other married lady occupying the first open carriage; while Charlie, Miss Sylverton, Jane Deverill, and Captain Harvey took possession of the second.

Mabel, seeing Denzil looking slightly dejected, with her usual sweetness had entreated him in the sweetest manner to drive her in the dog cart; and Eddie, who, at this period was hopelessly and finally in love—for about the fifteenth time—with an extremely pretty, but decidedly idiotic little girl, staying with the Deverills, had managed to vanish in some mysterious way, in company with others, similarly heart-bounded; while Mildred, whom nobody seemed to want, and with whom none of the opposite sex in these days attempted to interfere, fell to Lord Lyndon's lot.

When fairly started the skaters made as picturesque a group as any eye could wish to rest on, the girls, in their soft, luxurious furs and brilliant satin petticoats, striking out oddly on the glassy surface of the lake. Frances and Mildred were accomplished skaters; Mabel was not quite so good; still the latter could hold her own and certainly beside the Deverill girls—who were generally clumsy—looked everything that could be desired.

"You will help me, Mr. Young," she had whispered to Denzil, as he assisted her down from the dog-cart.

So when he had fastened her skates and pronounced her "fit," she started bravely enough on the slippery promenade. At one end there rose a post marked "Dangerous," of which as usual those whom it should have warned remained profoundly ignorant. Denzil alone had observed it; others, if they observed, attached little importance to it.

Miss Trevanion and Frances Sylverton, with merry, gay laughter that rang through the crisp air, were trying to outdo each other in grace and agility, Frances decidedly having the best of it, she being one of those girls who do anything they set their hearts on "better than anybody else."

As Denzil turned from watching them, he perceived Lord Lyndon, at a distance, leisurely, but surely, making for the forbidden spot; and, as he saw this, an almost savage desire to see this man, who had robbed him of his all, humiliated before the eyes of his betrothed, took possession of him.

A minute later, however, and—having deposited Mabel on the bank—he was skating hurriedly toward his unsuspecting lordship.

"Lyndon!" he shouted, when still some way from him, and shortly afterward laid his hand upon his arm.

"Hallo!" exclaimed Lyndon, trying to keep his balance, and succeeding with much difficulty. "What is the matter? You have nearly thrown me. Anything wrong, eh?"

"Don't you see where you are going?" cried Denzil, angrily and ungraciously, being considerably out of breath and temper. "Have you no eyes? Unless you want to be drowned, or, at all events, wet to the skin, you will get away from this place. Can't you see it marked 'Dangerous'?"

"Never saw it until this very moment. I give you my honor," said Lyndon, solemnly gazing at the warning as though lost in amazement at his own want of observation. "I should have gone straight on, and in another moment—I am awfully obliged to you, Young—indeed, more grateful than I can tell you."

Mildred had been looking on, and, having witnessed the whole scene, had understood it thoroughly—had seen her future lord and master gliding to his doom, and had half started up to call out or warn him in some way of his danger, when Denzil's figure, flashing before her eyes, showed her that he, too, had recognized Lyndon's peril, and was on his way to tell him of it.

As Denzil returned from his mission and cast his eyes upon her, she appeared unconscious of everything but the dainty little pair of skates she was in the act of unfastening. He stopped.

"Can I help you?" he asked; and she answered promptly, without lifting her eyes:

"No, thank you. I am quite accustomed to do this sort of thing for myself"—whereupon she drew off the skates, in confirmation of her words, and Denzil went on to Mabel.

An hour crept by, and then Lady Caroline, feeling that she had suffered enough for her friends for that one day, declared her intention of returning without further delay, and forthwith departed, carrying with her Mabel, who was anxious to reach home before the post-hour arrived.

The eldest Miss Deverill was afflicted with nervousness, and, having been driven to the lake by "Sonny" Summerton—who was in a bad temper, and knew as much about driving as the "man in the moon"—had endured such agonies on the journey as determined her, whatever came of it, to drive back in different company. So, going up to her cousin, Lord Lyndon, who was an undoubted "whip," she entreated him as follows:

"Promise me," she said, "that you will drive me home."

"My dear Margaret," said Lyndon, "do not ask me to do that. You know I have Mildred under my care."

"My dear Henry," returned Miss Deverill, desperately, "you must drive me, or you will have my death to answer for. I will not trust myself again to that hare-brained boy, who sulks the entire way here, and knows nothing whatever of driving. Indeed, my nerves are at present in such a state that I can go home with nobody but you; besides, anybody can see that the horse is positively dangerous."

Lyndon glanced toward the animal in question, and saw that it was unquestionably skittish, displaying an evident desire to bolt, and seeming to take particular delight in taxing the patience of the small groom who stood on tiptoe to hold him, after which he looked once more at his cousin's dolorous countenance and relented.

"Well, somebody must take care of Mildred," he said, with hesitation, "and—where is Mildred?"

"She went toward the wood about half an hour ago—somebody ought to find her and say that we are on the move," responded Harvey, from beneath a horse, where he was hastily arranging a twisted strap.

"Eddie, go and find her," said his lordship, distractedly.

(To be continued.)

TRAVELERS' DOG BAGS.

Theatrical People Carry Pet Dogs from Place to Place.

A novel thing in travelers' equipment is the dog bag. It is produced by a trunk and bag maker who makes a specialty of things for theatrical people, and it is used chiefly by theatrical people for the convenient carrying of pet dogs from place to place in their constant traveling when on the road.

The pets carried about the country by theatrical people, mainly women, include dogs of various kinds and sizes. It may be that the dog owners are on the road eight or ten months in a year and constantly moving as they are, some means of getting the dogs about easily is especially desirable. The dog bag is made in the form of what is called in the trade a cabin bag. It has a box-shaped body with vertical sides and ends and with the top sloping. Obviously the cabin bag was the most desirable for this use, because with its straight sides it afforded the most room inside, and so gave the greatest comfort to the dog. Made up as a dog bag one end of the bag is taken out entirely, and in place is set a wire screen. Sometimes both ends for greater ventilation are thus equipped. Over the grating is a leather curtain, which may be opened or closed.—Chicago Journal.

Studying Criminal Records.

H. B. Irving, second son of Sir Henry Irving, is busy on a unique work, in which he has analyzed the cynicism, refined cruelty and sheer brutality shown by such criminals as Lacenaire, Troppmann, Prado and Rayachol. Mr. Irving has selected those criminals whose individualities and misdeeds remove them from the category of ordinary malefactors. It may be interesting to know that long before Mr. Irving became an actor he was interested in the study of crime. His rooms at Oxford were piled high with criminal records.

Vain Efforts to Return.

As soon as he was able to travel he was discharged, with a pension for total disability, and sent to his home in Batavia, N. Y. For many weary months he suffered, his wounds refusing to heal. Finally he became tired of waiting, and, while his wounds still needed care, surrendered his pension certificate, secured a commission and reported for duty with his new regiment in the field. But the medical officers of the regiment refused to pass him, as his sword arm was powerless.

FIRST VOLUNTEER.

DISTINCTION BELONGS TO DR. CHARLES F. RAND.

Who Enlisted at Batavia When Lincoln Called for Troops—His Remarkable War Record—Exceptional Honors—Had An Iron Nerve.

In the National cemetery at Arlington there is a burial plot presented by the United States government to Dr. Charles F. Rand of Washington, D. C. The plot is not occupied. There is no reason to suppose that it will be for many years. But when its owner is laid there for his last rest, the monument which marks his grave will commemorate the distinguished services of the first volunteer to enlist in the civil war, in response to Lincoln's call for 75,000 men, who was also a wearer of the rare and highly prized medal of honor, to be worn only for notable gallantry in action. Dr. Rand's medal of honor is the first that was ever struck off, and the deed that won it was performed before the decoration was in existence.

First to Enlist.

The opening chapter in one of the most remarkable military careers on record in this country, was on April 15, 1861, when young Rand, then an 18-year-old clerk, attended a meeting in the old Eagle tavern, at Batavia, N. Y. There had been a heated discussion over the probabilities of war, in the middle of which a man came rushing in waving a telegram over his head.

"The president has called for 75,000 men to go forward and fight," he shouted.

Henry I. Glowacki, who was present at the meeting, took the telegram, read it, and said:

"The war is already upon us. We have to raise our quota of men to fill this call. We must have them immediately. Who will be the first man to enlist?"

Young Rand stepped forward on the spur of the moment and said, "I will." His name was put down in his own handwriting on the muster roll, and the Twelfth New York volunteers had their first soldier, while New York state had the proud distinction of enlisting the first volunteers for the civil war. Batavia's quota of men was soon raised and left for the front. Very soon afterward Rand performed the daring act which won him the first medal of honor ever presented by congress for most distinguished

Gallantry on the Battlefield.

At Blackburn's Ford, Va., July 18, less than three months after he had enlisted, his command was ordered to retreat. The order had been given on account of the deadly fire of the enemy's artillery, which was masked on the hills of Bull Run. Infantry also poured in a terrific fire. The rest of his battalion of 500 men were swept in disorder from the field, but Rand, apparently not noticing the slaughter all about him, held his ground with an old Harper's Ferry musket that had been changed from a flintlock. The ground was plowed in all directions by shot and shell, yet the only injury he received was from flying dirt and stones. Across a deep ravine he saw the command of Capt. Barnum (later Gen. A. H. Barnum), who were on their faces, not being able to rise to their knees to load on account of the deadly fire of the Confederates, but turning on their backs for that purpose. He made his way to them on his knees, joined the line and fought with it to the end of the engagement.

Disqualified for Service.

At Gaines' Mill, in the seven days' fighting before Richmond in 1862, a musket ball crushed through Sergt. Rand's right shoulder, smashing it to a jelly. He refused to ride in an ambulance, saying, "That wagon is needed for those who cannot walk." He was taken to Savage Station, where his right shoulder joint and six inches of the shaft of the arm were removed. Portions of the shattered shoulder bone and fragments of clothing were taken out through the back, the bullet having passed through one of his lungs. While at home upon a furlough, following this terrible wound, he was apprised of the fact that he was the first man in the United States to respond to Lincoln's call for volunteers.

Portrait of Dr. Charles F. Rand.

DR. CHARLES F. RAND.

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erless. Instead they ordered him to report to the hospital for treatment. He respectfully declined to go. He then appealed to the colonel and the general in command, but in vain. There was now but one chance left him. He would appeal to the commander-in-chief of the armies—the President of the United States. He appealed to Lincoln, but the President also declared that he was unfit for service. He appointed him to a place in the War Department. For many years Dr. Rand practiced his profession in Washington, but a few years ago retired.

WOMEN SUICIDES.

Inherent Pride Causes Them to Dress Up for the Deed.

"If I should ever be called upon to furnish indisputable proof of the inherent pride of woman," said a police sergeant, "I would point at once to her invariable rule of dressing up in her best clothes when she goes out to commit suicide. In my experience on the force I have had occasion to handle a good many suicides and afterward investigate their personal affairs, and in every instance I have found that the poor unfortunates prepared themselves for death by donning their best bib and tucker. The majority of the printed reports of suicides say that the clothes of the dead woman were 'good' or 'well made' or 'elegant.' If the woman contemplating suicide owns a silk waist she wears it. Her broadcloth skirt and silk petticoat naturally go with this garment and she selects her best shoes. I have looked up the history of many of these respectably clad suicides and have found that they owned but one gown with which they could make a decent appearance on the street, and that that one good dress was chosen, without exception, as the appropriate garb in which to make the exit from this world's stage. It makes no difference what manner of death is chosen, the costume is carefully selected. Let a woman sleep her life away under the influence of drugs or burn her soul out with acids or sink into the slime of the river, she clothes herself in her most becoming garments and seeks the end with apparent tranquility. Her instinct of gentility and elegance in clothes is with her to the last, and even in the face of death she shrinks from a public appearance in unbecoming raiment."

Politics in Australia.

Politics can be made expensive in Australia as well as here. One man, Sir Malcolm McEachern of Melbourne, expended \$250,000 to secure a seat in the commonwealth house of representatives. Another man, a laborer, from an adjoining constituency, expended only \$250. A remarkable campaign was waged by another candidate who on the eve of election issued the following statement: "I have traveled in the conduct of this contest more than 10,000 miles, a large portion on foot. I have published and circulated, chiefly by my own hands, or by those of my family, 1,700,000 pages of literature in book form. I have published 139,000 copies of speeches delivered in the constituency, and 125,000 copies of four-page circulars. It is utterly impossible that this amount of work and literature can fail to have its effect." The candidate who trumped, printed and published on this colossal scale found himself on the bottom of the poll when the numbers were up.

Portugal's Popular Queen.

The Queen of Portugal is one of the most popular of reigning sovereigns; so that anything like a revolution in Portugal is absolutely out of the question. The recent act of heroism through which she saved a fisherman from drowning will not diminish that popularity. The fisherman was in a boat which capsized, and was in a very bad way indeed, when her majesty, who happened to be near, flung herself into the water, swam to the rescue and brought him safe to shore. Anyone who has ever tried to swim with his pluck or her clothes on will realize the pluck of the young queen, and as it turned out that the fisherman's leg was broken her act deserves all the more wonder and admiration.

Paris Has a Dog Dentist.

An animal dentist is one of the latest additions to the queer population of Paris. This one attends strictly to the teeth of pet dogs, filling them with gold when they begin to show decay, as the result of an injudicious diet. The teeth of some fashionable dogs glitter like a jeweler's window. One famous actress had a gem or two interspersed with the gold of her dog's teeth, merely for the sake of owning them. Just how the pets like the process of filling is not known, but from the dentist's establishment it is probable that the operation is not more soothing to canine than to human nerves.

The Pawnshop in Mexico.

The pawnshop of Mexico is a recent comer in the charitable field, but has been extremely successful ever since it was opened. In 1899 the official report showed that business to the extent of over \$3,000,000 was done by this institution, which was patronized by 500,000 people, or, rather, the amount of money specified loaned on 500,000 transactions.

Valuable Spoons.

A complete set of 13 James I silver apostle spoons belonging to Lord Dermer was sold in London recently for \$5,300. Only two other sets are known, one in Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, the other in Goldsmith's Hall in London. An Elizabethan standing salt cellar weighing 20½ ounces, was sold for \$6,000, nearly \$350 an ounce.

London Cab Accidents.

Last year 1,104 persons were injured and eighteen killed in London by being flung headlong out of the hansom cabs, by reason of the horses slipping and falling.

Not Wealth nor Ancestry, but Honorable Conduct and a Noble Disposition Make Men Great.

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THE GRAND MEDICINE MAN.

Elaborate Ritual of the Ojibways Covering Several Days.

"The ceremony of the Grand Medicine is an elaborate ritual, covering several days, the endless number of gods and spirits being called upon to minister to the sick man and to lengthen his life. The several degrees of the Grand Medicine teach the use of incantations, of medicines and poisons, and the requirements necessary to constitute a brave. "When a young man seeks admission to the Grand Medicine lodge he first fasts until he sees in his dream some animal (the mink, beaver, otter and fisher being most common), which he hunts and kills. The skin is then ornamented with beads or porcupine quills, and the spirit of the animal becomes the friend and companion of the man." The medicine men have only a limited knowledge of herbs, but they are expert in dressing wounds, and the art of extracting barbed arrows from the flesh can be learned from them. In olden times—yes, to within the memory of the Ojibways—the medicine man at the funeral ceremony thus addressed the departed: "Dear friend, you will not feel lonely while pursuing your journey toward the setting sun. I have killed for you a Sioux (hated enemy of the Ojibways) and I have scalped him. He will accompany you and provide for you, hunting your food if you need it. The scalp I have taken, use it for your moccasins."—Open Court.

Austrians in South America.

Some interesting particulars of Austrian settlements in South America are contained in a report by the commander of the Austrian warship "Donau," which was dispatched last year on a semi-commercial mission to the South American ports. It appears that there is an Austrian colony of about 1,500 persons at Punta Arenas, the most southerly town in the world. It is composed chiefly of Dalmatians, and is the largest foreign element in the place. The greater part of its members are engaged in gold-mining, but it comprises a number of well-to-do merchants, sheep farmers and innkeepers. The colony is prosperous, although most of its members began without any capital. There is a favorable prospect for future immigrants, who would benefit by the experience and assistance of their predecessors. The report goes on to declare that Magellan and Western Patagonia have a great future. The many islands of the Patagonia archipelago are covered with evergreen forests capable of supplying immense quantities of valuable timber, while the mountain ranges, being of the same geological formation as those of Chili and Peru, are thought to be rich in mineral resources.—New York Post.

How a Spider Used Sixpence.

A correspondent sends us a remarkable instance of adaptation of instinct in a trapdoor spider. Says the writer: "A friend of mine noticed near his camp a trapdoor spider run in front of him and pop into its hole, pulling the 'lid' down as it disappeared. The lid seemed so neat and perfect a circle that the man stooped to examine it, and found to his astonishment, that it was a sixpence! There was nothing but silk thread covering the top of the coin, but underneath mud and silk thread were coated on and shaped convex (as usual). The coin had probably been swept out of the tent with rubbish." Commenting on this, a contributor to Nature says: "As is well known, the doors of trapdoor spiders' burrows are typically made of flattened pellets of earth stuck together with silk or other adhesive material. The unique behavior of the spider in question showed no little discrimination on her part touching the suitability as to size, shape and weight of the object selected to fulfill the purpose for which the sixpence was used."—Sydney Bulletin.

Chapel of the Pyx.

The ancient chapel of the Pyx at Westminster is to be thrown open to the public. This is one of the oldest and most interesting parts of the Abbey, the greater part of the fabric belonging to the reign of Edward the Confessor. It was used in early Norman times as a royal treasury, and a robbery from the chapel in the reign of Edward I of treasure valued at £100,000 created a great deal of stir. Later it was used as a record chamber for the treasury, and more recently as a receptacle for the apparatus necessary for the trial of the Pyx—the standarding of the coin of the realm. The documents formerly deposited in the Pyx chapel have been removed and henceforth the public will have the privilege of penetrating the recesses of this mysterious chamber.—Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.

And Thus We Become United.

The board of civil service examiners for the New York sub-treasury includes Ulysses S. Grant, Republican, and Edgar F. Lee, Democrat. The former is a nephew of the great general and the latter bears the same relationship to the leader of "the lost cause," Robert E. Lee.

Illiteracy Among Southern Whites.

Illiterate white inhabitants in southern and border states are most numerous among the mountains. Kentucky has 16 per cent, Tennessee 18, South Carolina 18 and Alabama 18 per cent of illiterate whites.

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Not wealth nor ancestry, but honorable conduct and a noble disposition make men great.

THE SHIPBUILDING NATIONS

The Relative Standing of the United States as Shown by the Latest Official Figures—Germany's Remarkable Progress.

"Great Britain has lost her proud record of first in the great iron industry. She is losing her lead in coal mining. Her cotton manufactures are sinking to second rank. Many of the industries in which it has been her boast for many years that she has led the world are being threatened. There is, however, one article in the production of which, both in quality and quantity, this country can safely assert her superiority. Not even Germany has snatched from her first honors in ship-building."

So says an English publication, and if we pass the point of quality, the statement regarding shipbuilding is, like the other statements, undoubtedly true. Brianna rules the waves. To go back to the year 1899, which affords the latest ascertained figures for comparison, we find that in that year the United Kingdom launched 1,245 vessels. This estimate takes no account of war vessels, nor of vessels built for foreign nations or individuals. Of the former there were eight launched during the year, and of the latter twenty-six men-of-war and 215 merchantmen. Of the merchant ships alone the total tonnage was \$20,550 tons. These 1,460 vessels would carry cargoes amounting in real burden to about twice their registered tonnage, or, 1,861,100 tons of freight.

The easiest way to see at a glance the position of England in the shipbuilding world is to take a list of the largest vessels—say those of 100 tons and over—and compare the number built in the United Kingdom during the year, and their tonnage, with those of other ship-building countries. Including all ships, merchant, war, steel

whereas fully one-half of the American ships were intended for service on the great inland lakes, the German ships were mainly meant for competing for the transatlantic trade, and for commerce with Germany's new colonies in Africa or the Pacific.

Germany is Great Britain's most dangerous competitor in the matter of ship-building, and grows more formidable every year. She and the United States are both threatening Great Britain with cargo ships of equal or even greater size than the largest British ship, though the Celtic of the English White Star line holds the cargo record.

Recent Activity in America.

The recent activity in American shipbuilding is due to the great prosperity of the country and to new legislation. The legislation of forty years ago was disastrous. In 1860 there were on the high seas 2,386,000 tons of American shipping, which dwindled in the next ten years to 1,450,000, and in 1899 was down to 1,000,000 only. But the country started up the ladder again about ten years ago, and has been progressing with giant strides. The returns at present in hand for 1900 show that the 207,000 tons of 1899 have been exceeded by at least 25,000 last year, and it is confidently predicted that within twenty years the United States will beat Great Britain as badly in ship-building as it is already doing in the matter of steel and iron.

On the coast of the United States has lately been laid the keel of two ships which, when completed, will beat all record for size. They are intended for the Pacific trade. They will be regis-

tered at 20,000 tons, and will displace 33,000 tons of water as against 23,000 tons displaced by the Deutschland. They will be 630 feet long, and accommodations for 1,000 passengers besides enormous cargoes of freight.

A comparison of the material of which ships are built is interesting. In 1820, for instance, the world had 20,000 tons of steam vessels and 5,814,000 tons of sailing ships all of which were built of wood. In 1860 the carrying power of steam had risen to 6,840,000 and of sail 14,890,000, but all but two were still of wood. It was not until 1899 that the use of iron just began in ship-building. In that year was built La France, an iron-plated frigate, for the French navy, and in the next year the Warrior, of 6,170 tons, was built in England. During the civil war the Ericsson monitor and other iron clad war vessels were built in the United States. The Monitor was the first iron-clad successfully put to the hard of a fierce engagement.

Iron Ships Begin.

The Guion line of Transatlantic ships then began building iron ships, and by 1879 nearly half the steam vessels built were being constructed of that metal. In 1879 came the first steel vessel. Eighteen thousand tons of steel vessels were built in that year. Soon it was shown that a steel vessel

The First Colored Vote.

Thomas Peterson of Perth Amboy, N. J., enjoys the distinction of being the first colored voter in the United States. He recently celebrated the thirty-first anniversary of his first vote. Mr. Peterson was born in Metuchen, N. J., on May 1, 1824. When Thomas was four years old his parents moved to Perth Amboy, and that place has ever since been his home. March 31, 1870, the residents of Perth Amboy voted on a proposed revision of the city charter, on which occasion Peterson deposited his first ballot. In commemoration of the first vote cast by a negro the citizens of that place collected \$80 and presented Mr. Peterson a gold medal, appropriately inscribed.

Uses of Horse Hides.

Horsehide is used in more ways than in the making of razor strops. Some parts of the hide are used for shoe uppers, the leather produced for the purpose being called Cordovan, from Cordova, in Spain, where it was first made. Horsehide is used also for the manufacture of mittens and gloves, and in bookbinding, and there is made of it an excellent imitation of buckskin. Horsehide is used in making whiplashes, and some parts of it are used for making shoestrings; it is used largely for carriage leather, in covering seats, and so on. There are between 100,000 and 200,000 annually used in the United States.

The Sultan's Armored Kitchen.

The private kitchen of the sultan of Turkey is a veritable fortress, consisting of a small chamber situated to the right of the great entrance, and is girded by barred windows and an armor-plated door. The cook officiates under the ever-watchful eye of the kularhaci, one of the most weighty functionaries in Yildiz palace at Constantinople, for the health, the very life even, of the sultan is at his mercy. When cooked each dish is fastened with red wax, bearing the official seal of the kularhaci, and remains hermetically closed until the sultan has broken in the sultan's presence.

Copper in the Philippines.

Copper deposits in the province of Lepanto, near Mount Dana, P. I., have been worked by the Igorrotes since before the Spanish discovery of the archipelago. These barbarians, who are now being driven to the mountains, have developed industriously to a surprising high point, and the skill they exhibit in the extraction and working of metals is extraordinary. They turn out copper bottles no less than three and a half feet in diameter, and they also make numerous kinds of implements and ornaments out of the same metal.

Home and Other Garden Products Have Been Added One After Another, to the List of Greenhouse Crops, rendering these delicacies available for winter use and giving delight to epicures, while putting much money into the pockets of the producers. Necessarily such products are expensive, and no little interest attaches therefore to efforts which the Department of Agriculture is making to find means whereby persons in modest circumstances may force some kinds of garden crops for their own use during the cold weather.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Hired Fallbearers at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee is going to have the opportunity of introducing the custom of hired fallbearers. There are many residents of the city who have served as such in European countries. They have been organized and drilled, and are ready for service. Their uniform is black, with knee breeches, belted blouse coats, with wide, white ruffles at the neck and wrist, and a military hat, relieved with a little white. It is said that these are the first uniformed fallbearers in this country. They are incorporated, and the undertakers are willing to employ them if people will accept them.

World's Costliest Funeral.

The most costly state funeral which has ever taken place was perhaps that of Alexander the Great. A round million was spent in laying Alexander to his rest. The body was placed in a coffin of gold, filled with costly aromatics, and a diadem was placed on the head. The funeral car was embellished with ornaments of pure gold and its weight was so great that it took 80 mules more than a year to convey it from Babylon to Byria.

PHOTOGRAPHING JEWELRY.

As a Precaution Against Theft It Works Well.

Photographing jewelry as a means of its protection is likely to become popular now that the picture of a valuable diamond brooch led to its recognition and recovery. But it is doubtful if there is one woman among ten who owns costly jewelry that ever thought of taking this precaution. One photographer who takes many pictures of women of wealth in New York said the other day that few of them ever had themselves photographed wearing their jewelry, since it had become the style to wear less jewelry than formerly. He looked at random over half a dozen portraits made recently, and there was scarcely on any of their originals jewelry that amounted to more than a few hundred dollars in value. Yet the majority of these women own jewels worth thousands of dollars. In England the custom of wearing jewelry in photographs is much more prevalent than it is in New York. Pictures of English women of wealth and position usually display the entire contents of their jewelry boxes, and their tiaras, stomachers and necklaces are frequently conspicuous enough to be serviceable as a means of identification were they stolen, although thieves rarely dare to keep such things intact for even the briefest time.—Philadelphia Times.

Better Times "Christian Science."

Jetmore, Kans., July 1st.—Mrs. Anna Jones Freeman, daughter of Mr. G. G. Jones of Burdett, and one of the most popular ladies in Hodgeman County has been a martyr to headache for years. It has made her life a continual misery to her. She suffered pains in the small of the back, and had every symptom of Kidney and Urinary Trouble.

Today she is as well as any lady in the state.

This remarkable change was due entirely to a remedy recently introduced here. It is called Dodd's Kidney Pills, and many people claim it to be an infallible cure for Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism and Heart Trouble.

Mrs. Freeman heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and almost with the first dose, she grew better. In a week, her headaches and other pains had gone, and she had left behind her all her illness and days of misery.

A medicine that can do for any one what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for this lady, is very sure soon to be universally used, and already the demand for these pills has increased wonderfully in Pawnee and Hodgeman Counties, where the particulars of Mrs. Freeman's case and its cure are known.

Simple, Pretty Hat.

A pretty, simple little hat seen in one of the shops is attractive enough to be worth mentioning. The hat itself is of soft, coarse straw in a dull black, one of those almost imperceptible, low, round crowns with the rim, of medium width, sloping down all around, something after the fashion of a shade hat. The trimming is of black and white silk, so fine that the effect of the silk is more of a slat than a black and white. This silk is made into a sword and simply twisted around the hat and finished in front of an oblong, dull-gold buckle. It is a particularly new-looking and lady-like little hat.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Burning, Itching, Bristling, Feet, Corns and Blisters. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

World's Sweet Apple.

Delish Columbia gave the world's sweet apple last year. It was sixteen inches in circumference and weighed one pound and three ounces.

Money to loan at low rates on farm property. Let your surplus money work for you. I pay 4% to 6% per cent. interest on sums of \$100 and up. Northwestern Farm and City Property Bought and Sold. References: Edwin F. Lawson, DeWitt, Wisconsin.

It is estimated that the average cost of crime through taxation in this country is not less than \$3.50 per capita of the entire city population.

Time proves all things. It has seen Wizard Oil cure pain for ever forty years. Many people know this.

When a poet is sick his physician should give him a compound draught.

Fox's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 223 Third Ave., N. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

If there is anything in a man his opportunities will come sooner or later.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. Price, 75c.

What the miser has is of no more use to him than what he has not.

Twenty-two U. S. Senators endorse DR. CRANE'S QUAKER TONIC TABLETS. Kidneys, Liver, Bowels.

Pretty girls frequently pause for reflection in front of store windows.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

No man likes to have a lawsuit, but if he has one he dislikes to lose it.

Coe's Cough Balm is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Hot cakes and caterpillars make the butterfly.

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

SOLDIERS Additional home-aided rights have cash value. We perfect and buy them. **HERE'S ENTITLED.** The Collins Land Co., Atlantic Bldg., Washington, D.C.

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT
a perfect liquid dentifrice for the **Teeth and Mouth**
New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c
SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

A Play Is Like a Cigar.

Henry J. Byron, one of the wittiest of English playwrights of a score of years ago, remarked on one occasion: "A play is like a cigar. If it's good, everybody wants a box. If it's bad, all the puffing in the world won't make it go."

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, itching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Atheists Among "Jap" Students.

Of 555 Japanese university students who were questioned as to their religious beliefs no fewer than 472 called themselves atheists.

A BABY WALKER

It is a wonderful help to mothers. Brings health, strength and development to baby. Keeps baby quiet longer or a less than anything invented. Can't fall out or overturn it. Our booklet is free. Tells all about it. Your address on a postal card will bring a booklet, prices and recommendations from mothers and Founding Physicians under Dr. A. C. Friles. Look Box 287, Urstehville, O.

FREE

Full-size 31 Treatment of Dr. C. Friles' New Great Remedy for Rheumatism and All Nervous Diseases. Address: 6, FINEST BLDG., 10 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Mackinac Island

and RETURN—7 days trip—\$25.
Meals and berth included.
Leave Chicago Saturdays 9:00 p. m.

Escanaba, Mich.

and RETURN—4 days trip—\$13.
Leave Chicago Tues., Wed., Fri., & Sat., at 8 p. m.

Muskegon or Grand Haven

and RETURN \$5.
Leave Chicago Tues. & Thurs. at 8 p. m.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS

Finest Service on the Lakes
For complete information address
R. G. DAVIS, C. P. A.,
Foot Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

IN 3 OR 4 YEARS

AN INDEPENDENCE ASSURED

WATERBURY'S

If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of plenty, illustrated pamphlets giving experiences of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of the Department of Agriculture, and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Mining, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Woodward, 1115 Broadway Block, Chicago, or E. T. Hulman, Room 4 "Big Four" Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

OIL REVIEW

FREE!
SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED TRACTS describing the fields and prospects of BEAUMONT of best OIL investment and FREE upon request. J. W. THOMPSON, Inc., American Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

Why Delay?

A great opportunity is offered every man and woman to increase their income on a small investment. No uncertainty or risk. No line of business offers a more safe, absolute and fixed method of income than my plan of investing. If you want to make money on a small investment, address **BARRA POWELL**, Cincinnati, Ohio, P. O. Box 91.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS

Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. Sylvania civil war; 15 adjoining claims; city since



and wood, sail and steam, the comparison stands thus:

Country	Ships	Tonnage
United Kingdom	655	1,363,012
United States	354	207,345
Germany	98	227,998
France	55	69,932
Norway	30	24,251
Italy	24	33,542

In addition, the British colonies turned out forty-one ships of a combined tonnage of 11,573, and Sweden, Holland, Belgium and Denmark each built over 10,000 tons of shipping. Of the year's combined total of ships, the United Kingdom must be credited with considerably over half.

America's Position.

It is with some pride that we note that in the number of ships built the United States stands second on the list but this feeling of pride is humbled somewhat by the fact that although Germany built only ninety-eight ships their combined tonnage was 20,000 tons greater than that of the 154 launched in our shipyards. The cause for this disparity between numbers and tonnage arises from the fact that

IMAGINATION WORKS CURES.

Bogus Experiments Prove Successful in Cases of Hysteria.

The value of a lively imagination as a curative agent in disease is now well understood by doctors, and is frequently used as an aid in effecting a cure. Pure water, for instance, is used by certain physicians in the city hospital at Cincinnati, where there is a young woman who believes she can not sleep without receiving a hypodermic injection of morphia. She gets the injection regularly, but water is substituted for the morphia. The deception works like a charm, and the patient is recovering. Now and then a case presents an amusing phase. One woman possessed of the idea that her heart was growing to her side, refused to improve under the treatment accorded her, and the doctors, knowing her condition was due to hysteria, planned to get rid of her. Medicine was prescribed, made up of the most nauseating drugs, and the patient was ordered to take doses hourly. After the first day's treatment the woman said she was well enough to go home, and the doctors congratulated themselves that the expelling decoction had proved so successful. To their surprise, when the woman left the hospital she asked that a bottle of the medicine be given her, as it had furnished more relief than anything she had taken. Although the doctors say that it is women who respond most readily to this form of treatment, there is now and then a man who permits himself to be deceived to his own advantage. An elderly man for instance, suffered greatly from imaginary paralysis. Therefore the ordinary treatments, whether by drugs or the electric current, had no effect upon him. The

doctors consulted, and one day, by prearranged plan, the patient was informed by a person supposed to be uninterested in his case that magnetism, not electricity, was what he needed, and since then he has shown marked improvement under the constant application of a wooden magnet patterned to resemble the genuine article.

Japs Absorb as Well as Imitate.

The Japanese have so long been called "imitators" that the terms sounds trite. But it is one of these trite expressions of a half truth. As a matter of fact, it is impossible for a race which has such strong individuality to be merely imitative. Its wonderfully metamorphosis of the last thirty years cannot be accounted for by such a simple statement. The Japanese imitate, yes; but what they imitate becomes a part of them, and as it is absorbed it is adapted and changed. How else could the country through thousands of years have remained so absolutely different from every other country?—Ainslie's Magazine.

Winter Vegetables.

Successful experiments have been made recently in the forcing of the growth of asparagus in the field in winter by the help of steam. Narrow trenches about four inches deep are dug between the rows and covered with boards, so as to form little tunnels. Steam from a boiler is forced into the tunnels through a hose, penetrating the soil and keeping the latter moist and warm. The process has to be performed only once a day, for five minutes at a time, and the results obtained have been quite remarkable. Within recent years salad plants, tomatoes, muskmelons, peas, corn,

HUMOURS

Complete External and Internal Treatment

Cuticura

THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood, and expel humor germs. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail. British Depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, 27 CHARLTON HOUSE SQ., LONDON, E. C. FOREIGN DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Cuticura THE SET

all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, 27 CHARLTON HOUSE SQ., LONDON, E. C. FOREIGN DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 27, 1901.
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY
VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.
PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY
TRUSTEES:
 JOHN C. PLAGGE.....HENRY DONLEA
 WILLIAM PETERS.....JOHN ROBERTSON
 WILLIAM GREENAU.....J. H. HATJE
 CREEK.....L. H. BENNETT
 TREASURER.....A. L. ROBERTSON
 POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
 SHERIFF.....FRANK ROBERTSON
 MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA
 FIRE MARSHAL.....HENRY SCHROEDER

BARRINGTON LOCALS.
 Poverty's hardly a blessing,
 Givin' us often the blues;
 But they don't have to worry an' die
 In a hurry
 Who never have nothin' to lose!

FOR SALE—The best paying village property in Barrington. M. C. MCINTOSH.

It isn't wise to speak the truth at all times. Silence is more often satisfactory.

A man is never pleased with the way things are going unless they are going his way.

An application of money will sometimes remove stains from a man's character.

Regular services at the M. E. church Sunday. Preaching by the pastor. The public invited.

The public drinking fountain has arrived and the work of placing it in position will be begun at once.

About the best way for a man to manage his house is to tell his wife to do just as she pleases and then let her go ahead and do it.

Dairy farming demands a higher degree of intelligence and a wider range of practical knowledge than any other branch of agriculture.

FOR SALE—One surrey, harness, work horses, teams or single. Lots in village of Barrington in good location. F. J. HAWLEY.

The Prohibitionists of Lake county met in convention at Waukegan last Monday and nominated Edward Yeoman of that city as their candidate for county treasurer.

A Gleason is very ill of heart affliction. Last evening Dr. Kendall of this village and Dr. Best of Arlington Heights, who are attending him, gave but small hopes of his recovery.

One of our business men removed his last summer's straw hat, mopped his brow and remarked: "If hell is in the sun thank the Lord it is 95,000,000 miles away." This we overheard last Monday.

A gentleman entered this office yesterday and remarked "we must send a petition to congress and secure a canon." We have now, if you please, the finest collection of Cannon's of any town in the country.

J. Jappa of Palatine has opened a jewelry store in the building lately vacated by D. Leviton. Mr. Jappa is a watchmaker and jeweler of many years experience. Note his advertisement on the first page of this issue.

The Waukegan Sun has issued the Lake County Fair book including the revised premium list of the 48th annual exhibition of the Lake County Agricultural Society to be held at Libertyville, September 3, 4, 5 and 6.

A resident of Lake Zurich said: "I went over to Barrington on the 4th to see that there display of pyrotechnics that they'd been blowin' so much about." "Well, what was it?" asked a bystander. "Nuthin' but a lot of fire works."

Excursion rates to Des Plaines Camp meeting via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 16 to 29, inclusive, limited to return until July 29, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

The union picnic of Sunday schools of the United Evangelical church will be a grand affair. Tuesday, July 16, and Fox River grove the place. There is to be amusement for young and old. The train will leave Barrington at 9:15 and the fare is 25 cents for round trip. Purchase tickets now.

"Chet" Purcell has been handling 633 the past week, and the enchanting stories of adventure he has told to John Hill, the fireman, has turned that German's head. "Chet" wears a yachting suit and looks as pretty as a piece of statuary in Chicago fine arts gallery.

The Manteno Independent weeps because "some of the Chicago papers intimate" it alleges, "that Gov. Yates is an idiot, a chump, a robber, a gangster, and by a few other endearing names show that he has neglected to attend to their wants. We weep like a well-fed jackass when we think that all our work electing a governor has come to naught." Dry your tears, brother. The Chicago papers have pursued the same course against every governor elected in this state since the war. They have mighty little influence only to make the men whom they abuse more popular with the people.

John Nicholson of 678 spent the 4th in Chicago. When he pulled out of here at 5:25 (extra run) he was dressed in one of those bathing suits of which little can be said because there was so little of it. Will Thorp was accused of feloniously purloining John's best Sunday clothes to—but that is another story.

Brother Beatty has enlarged the pretty and brimful-of-news, Nunda Herald to a seven column quarto. The Herald is one of the best local papers in Illinois and at the helm is a man who has a nose for news. If there is a man in McHenry county, in the publishing business who deserves success it's just V. Beatty and we congratulate him on the record the Herald has honestly won.

An exchange says: "As to how to achieve success in newspaper work is a difficult proposition. Some succeed by telling the truth all the time, some by telling the truth occasionally and others by never telling the truth. Things are so mixed up in these latter days that many people can hardly tell the difference between the truth and a lie. Energy, enthusiasm and enterprise are three good e's, and common sense, cleanliness and condensation are three good c's."

States Attorney Talcott is on the trail of dealers in intoxicants who are retailing liquors in Lake county without a license. He has had no trouble in finding them and says "things are pretty bad. It is awful and must be stopped. I am satisfied that the plan before the Board of Supervisors, to issue licenses for six months, is the best way out of it. The way things are running now the county is out about \$10,000 a year and the law is continually violated." The parties who have run "blind pigs" in Lake county in years past must now pay up or shut up.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of ye scribe. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lausing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by all druggists.

A number of citizens are finding fault with the improvement of Cook and Main streets. They are not so much opposed to the improvement as they are to paying for the same. It is the opinion of some (who do not reside or own property adjoining those important thoroughfares) that an assessment should be levied against the property benefitted for at least half the cost. That would do in case of permanent payment but not for temporary improvement as the work on the streets now is. Both the streets now being graveled have been in bad repair for years, and the present work is absolutely necessary. There should be no fault finding with what is for the public good, and more especially in this case where the money has been most carefully expended.

A girl graduate in McHenry county, according to the Woodstock Democrat, thus describes the manner in which a goat butted a boy out of a front yard in the near neighborhood. From the tone of it Woodstock is getting too classic for this region, almost on a par with Boston. Maybe Charlie Lemmer's brought the eastern air back with him. He was hobnobbing down there with Russell Sage, Pierpont Morgan, and also (from his vivid description) all the Tammany braves. But about the goat. "He hurled the previous end of his anatomy against the boy's afterwards with an eagerness and velocity, which, backed by the goat's avoirdupois, imparted a momentum that was not relaxed until the instigation of the vehement exasperation was landed on terra firma, beyond the pale of the goat's jurisdiction."

Wilmer--Elliott.
 Married, at the residence of the officiating clergyman, Rev. N. A. Sunderlin, at Woodstock, Wednesday, June 26, Wilkes M. Wilmer, of Barrington, and Miss Viola E. Elliott of Argenia, Ill.

This was kept a profound secret. Not even the immediate friends of the contracting parties were taken into the secret. It was not not unexpected because the contracting parties were known to be devoted to each other. Ma. Wilmer is known to our people as one of the reliable and steady young men of the village. He is an employe of the C. & N. W. R'y., serving as baggageman at this station. His bride is a lady who has a large circle of friends in this village who testify to her worth as a true, Christian lady, her work in church circles being pronounced. To Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer we wish many years of happiness and joy.

PERSONAL MENTION.

James T. Jones of Chicago visited with friends here Sunday.

S. C. Seebert was transacting business at Algonquin Monday.

Miss Ethel Warner of Chicago was visiting friends here Sunday.

Geo. Helmerding and wife of Cary spent the Fourth in this village.

Miss Elnora Arps of Palatine visited with Miss Alta Powers Thursday.

Mrs. W. L. Blanchard and son Lawrence are visiting friends in Iowa.

Charles Helmerding jr. of Vulcan, Mich., is visiting with Edward Martin.

Fred B. Bennett and wife of Woodstock visited here the afternoon of the 4th.

Miss Jessie Austin of Chicago is the guest of her cousin, Miss Ethel Austin.

Mrs. Horn and daughters of Harvard are visitors at the home of Mrs. Phil Hawley.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Sordt of Chicago, visited with relatives here the first of the week.

Mark Bennett, wife and family of Chicago, were guests of relatives here Thursday.

Miss Nellie Dawson departed Tuesday for an extended visit with friends in Cascade, Colo.

Miss Bessie Pinney of Palatine was the guest of her cousin, Miss Amie Olcott, Thursday.

Cornelius Dunn of Florida, a former resident of this vicinity, was the guest of E. Lamey, Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Pingle entertained her sisters, Misses Dettman of Duudee, Wednesday and Thursday.

Misses Mary Ernst of Chicago and Rose Ernst of Elgin, spent Sunday with their mother and brothers here.

Misses Sadie and Madeline Blocks are visiting in Evanston. Mrs. Blocks goes there today to remain until Monday.

Arthur and Willis Runyan of Elgin visited here the latter part of the week guests of their father, L. E. Runyan.

Mrs. M. C. McIntosh and daughter Violet, leave today for Atlanta, Ill., where they will visit Rev. Joseph Nate and family.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Donley of Gross, Neb., who have been visiting Mrs. Mary Regan the past six weeks, returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Slack of Chicago and Miss Edna Howard of Waukegan, was the guest of Miss Julia Lamey Thursday and Friday.

A. B. Speer and family of Chicago were here Wednesday enroute to the camp grounds near Wauconda where they will remain the summer months.

Mrs. Susie Hillyard of Oakland, California, spent several days the past week visiting her cousin, M. B. McIntosh at Linden Park, 218 Cook street.

Miss Genevieve Fletcher is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Iverson, at Pine Lake, Wis. After a brief reason they will go to Mrs. Iverson's home in Milwaukee.

Rev. Father Leydon of Apple River, formerly pastor of St. Ann's church in this village, is enjoying a vacation at Crystal Lake where he was at one time pastor of St. Mary's church. He made friends here a pleasant call the 4th.

A COOK COUNTY JUSTICE Shows Unfamiliarity With the Duties of His Position.

Justice L. Dassel of the village of Matteson, Cook county, was elected to office last spring by a large "popular" vote. That is, he was more popular than the educated young man who ran against him. The people of Matteson were of the opinion they needed a man "of experience" for the position. They got one.

Lena Grote, a girl of 14, took a dozen of eggs that belonged to a German neighbor. She was arrested and taken before Justice Dassel. The following are the papers returned to Sheriff Magerstadt when the child was committed to jail:

Mr. Scharfe of Cook County, Dear Sir: I herewith send you der paper belonging to der suth between Albertine Jahn und Line Grothe taken to that county jail June 26 1901. Der defendend assotied her be truing roten eggs at he and against der frond of her hous und using bad lanngege be call of her all kinds bat names. If schuld be sum mestacks plise correct dem it is the First cases I have had of dot kind so I hop you will excuse me if der is misteek mad. Plize send me your card en I will si you wen I git by der city.

It is in the transcript, however, that the justice gives the most picturesque example of phonetic orthography. It is a gem.

Complained being mad be Albertine Jahn against Line Grothe in the Village of Matteson for assold und using insolting lanngege warend wer issued sor arest und warent givang to constoble Ignatz Muzger bot arest could not be mad ontel the 20 day of Jun on

account of Defendend ceping in som hieding phases. June 26 presener wer heard be for mi L. Dassel magestret on accouvd of Line Grothe not beaing over 14 or 15 yayers of age I axsamend wer defend wer gilty of sad crim complaind of what it was. So I sent her to der county jail ontel nestt cortes in se in the fuerst monda in Juli 1901.

Justice Dassel has a large patronage from Chicago collection agencies and, as a Chicago paper says, "is qualified to administer justice in the latest and most approved manner." The defendant in the case was arrested for taking eggs from the plaintiff and sent to the county jail for assault. The Tribune lately said: "You can get anything but what you are entitled to, from the Justice shops of Cook county." It is a true statement, in a great many instances.

The Same Old Story.

J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the U. S. and has been told and retold by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies."

Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale by all druggists.

ORDINANCE NO. 76.

An Ordinance appropriating such sum or sums of money deemed necessary to defray all necessary expenses and liabilities of the Village of Barrington for and during the fiscal year, 1901 and 1902.

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Barrington in the counties of Cook and Lake and state of Illinois:

SECTION 1. That for the necessary expenses and liabilities of the Village of Barrington, for and during the fiscal year 1901 and 1902, there is herein and hereby appropriated the several sums of money herein mentioned for the following purposes:

Salaries.....	\$1200 00
Streets and drainage.....	2500 00
Lights.....	800 00
Water.....	900 00
Interest on bonds.....	450 00
Contingent expenses.....	500 00
Total.....	\$3350 00

Making in the aggregate the sum of Six Thousand, Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars, (\$3350 00).

Each of which sums of money and the aggregate thereof, are deemed necessary to defray the necessary expenses and liabilities of the aforesaid Village, during the fiscal year, 1901 and 1902, for the respective purposes above specifically set forth.

SECTION 2. That this Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

Passed July 1, 1901.

Approved July 1, 1901.

Published July 6, 1901.

MILES T. LAMEY,
 President of the Village of Barrington.

Attest, L. H. BENNETT,
 Village Clerk.

JACKMAN & BENNETT, SOLICITORS.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order and decree of the County Court of McHenry county, Illinois, made on the petition of the undersigned Mary Diekmann, executrix of the estate of Henry Diekmann, deceased, for leave to sell the real estate of said deceased at the July term A. D. 1901 of said Court to-wit: On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1901.

Notice is hereby given, that on Monday the 5th day of August next, at the hour of one o'clock p. m., at the dwelling house on the hereinafter described premises in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of Henry Diekmann, deceased, to-wit: Lot Number two (2), in Block Number eleven (11) in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, together with all the improvements thereon, the same being situated in the North-east quarter of the North-east quarter of Section Number one (1), in Township Number forty-two (42) North, of Range Number nine (9), east of the third principal meridian, in the Village of Barrington, County of Cook and State of Illinois, will be sold to the highest bidder for cash.

MARY DIEKMANN, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Henry Diekmann, deceased. Dated this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1901.

Judication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the Executor of the last will and testament of Mary Gibney, deceased, will attend the county court of Lake county, at a term thereof to be holden at the court house in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of August next, 1901, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

MILES T. LAMEY, Executor
 Waukegan, June 8, 1901.

THE YOUNG GAMBLER.

He Had an Even Chance, but Fate Was Against Him.

I remember one handsome young fellow whom I used to meet occasionally on the staircase who captured my youthful fancy. I met him only at midday, as he did not rise till late, and this fact, with a certain scrupulous elegance and neatness in his dress, ought to have made me suspect that he was a gambler. In my inexperience it only invested him with a certain romantic mystery.

One morning as I was going out to my very early breakfast at a cheap Italian cafe on Long wharf I was surprised to find him also descending the staircase. He was scrupulously dressed even at that early hour, but I was struck by the fact that he was all in black, and his slight figure, buttoned to the throat in a tightly fitting frock coat, gave, I fancied, a singular melancholy to his pale southern face.

Nevertheless he greeted me with more than his usual serene cordiality, and I remembered that he looked up with a half puzzled, half amused expression at the rosy morning sky as he walked a few steps with me down the deserted street. I could not help saying that I was astonished to see him up so early, and he admitted that it was a break in his usual habits, but added, with a smiling significance I afterward remembered, that it was "an even chance if he did it again."

As we neared the street corner a man in a buggy drove up impatiently. In spite of the driver's evident haste my handsome acquaintance got in leisurely and, lifting his glossy hat to me with a pleasant smile, was driven away. I have a very lasting recollection of his face and figure as the buggy disappeared down the empty street. I never saw him again. It was not until a week later that I knew that an hour after he left me that morning he was lying dead in a little hollow behind the Mission Dolores, shot through the heart in a duel for which he had arisen so early.—Bret Harte's "Under the Redwoods."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Cover sandwiches that are not to be served at once with a damp napkin and bowl.

To clean a kitchen table rub the greasy stains with lemon juice, and they will speedily disappear.

Whiting mixed with alcohol is excellent for cleaning silver and will give a much more brilliant polish than if water is used.

A small flat paint brush has a value in cleaning the corners of the window sash. Hot, sharp vinegar will clean off paint splatters, and turpentine will remove putty.

The small stiff vegetable brushes that are so convenient in cleaning potatoes, etc., are useful in housecleaning time for scrubbing the moldings and corners of the woodwork.

Loosely twisted knitting silk is better for darning woolen underwear than wool, which is apt to shrink. If the threads of the darn are left loose, after washing it will have about the same appearance as the original texture.

If articles of decidedly strong flavor have been chopped in a wooden bowl, sometimes washing will not be sufficient to entirely remove taste and odor. In that case fill the bowl with warm borax water and let stand half an hour; then rinse in cold water and put in the sun.

The Widow Was Comforted.

"There is no accounting for the construction which some people will put upon certain passages of Scripture," remarked a clergyman. "I remember the story of one clergyman who went to call on a woman whose husband had recently died. He had expected, quite naturally, to find her heartbroken with the burden of her sorrow and was greatly surprised when she greeted him with a very happy smile and ushered him into the parlor.

"Well—er—sister," he said at length, "you have my warmest sympathy."

"Thank you, doctor," replied the widow casually. "I did feel very badly—very badly indeed. But I came across a verse of Scripture which comforted me very much indeed."

"And what was the verse, sister?" inquired the clergyman.

"I don't remember just where to find it," replied the widow, "but it was made up of only four words—four helpful words—'Why need I care?'"—Brooklyn Citizen.

Dissolution Notice.

The undersigned, firm of S. J. Palmer & Co., have dissolved partnership by mutual consent this 25th day of June, 1901. The business will be carried on by S. J. Palmer, C. McLaughlin retiring. All bills owing the firm must be paid to S. J. Palmer.

S. J. PALMER.
 C. MCLAUGHLIN.

Notice.

Having sold a half interest in my hardware store I desire that all old accounts be straightened up at once. If you are owing me please call and settle.

H. W. MEYER.

Light for Advertisers.

A man who gropes about in the dark is very uncertain of attaining his object—so is the advertiser who attempts to place his wares before the public in the dark. He can however, emerge

From Darkness and Uncertainty

Into Light and Security

BY THE AID OF THE

REVIEW

Which has been brightened and recharged with the electricity of push and enterprise. It has kept pace with the progress of the times. By its reliability it has established itself as an unquestionable authority and has advanced into the full confidence of its readers, who have benefited by its use.

Our News Columns

Are always filled with the choicest matter and we aim to publish ALL the local happenings of interest in this vicinity. We ask the co-operation of every one to help us by sending in items. Subscribe for THE REVIEW and keep in touch with the people and the doings of your friends.

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We print anything from a common card to a full-sheet colored poster and assure satisfaction. Prices reasonable, let us estimate on your work

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We have just received a fresh new stock of popular odors that are bound to please. Remember we sell nothing but the best and at the lowest reasonable price.

Ghas. E. Churchill,
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