

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 15. NO. 19.

BARRINGTON, ILL. JULY 21, 1900.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

PALATINE LOCALS.

A. G. SMITH, LOCAL EDITOR

Roy Foskett of Chicago is visiting friends here.

John Slade has gone on a visit to Michigan City.

Miss Amelia Litewski of Elgin is visiting friends here.

Wm. Daverman made a trip Wednesday to River View.

Mr. Schaffer, an exresident of this place is visiting friends here.

Ray Catlow of Evanston is visiting friends here for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lytle visited relatives in Chicago Sunday.

Harry Shea visited friends in the city the first part of the week.

Mrs. George Heimerdinger of Cary visited her father here last Saturday.

Mr. Baker has put down a new sidewalk on the west side of his property.

Quite a number of Palatine people are at Twin Lakes, Wis., camping this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Smaller and family came out from the city to visit Mrs. Slade.

George Vehe and family of Chicago visited with Palatine relatives last Sunday.

Lake Zurich and Fox river have attracted a number of our people these hot days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. VanHorne and daughter Grace have gone east to visit relatives.

Mrs. Griswold is still on the sick list. She does not seem to improve very fast.

A. J. Talbot of Arlington Heights was in town on business the first of the week.

Mr. Beutler started for the East last Thursday, where he will spend a few weeks.

Laura McElhose from the Heights was visiting with friends in town Wednesday.

Herman Garms who has been working in the factory for Mr. Richmond, has resigned.

E. J. Beutler Jr., a local ball player, pitched a swift game for the Heights team Sunday.

Ralph Burkitt and sister and a friend of Arlington Heights were in town Wednesday.

John Stahl, who has been at Long Grove, for sometime, will spend a few weeks in Palatine.

Mr. Long and family, formerly residing in the Allard house, have moved to Chicago.

There is a rumor, with some foundation, that this village is soon to have a new, first-class livery.

Paul Clay has purchased the paper route of Edward Mundhenk. He will take possession about Aug. 1.

Miss Cornelia Smith of Richmond has been visiting her brothers, Fred and Bert Smith, here this week.

The C. & N. W. Ry. company has a force of men out here putting in new sidewalks around their property.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brockway and child are visiting at the home of Mr. Brockway's parents in Wisconsin.

Raymond Beutler, a resident of this place and an employe of the Western Electric Co., is enjoying a vacation.

W. R. Comfort is repairing the sidewalk on his newly acquired property north of the German Lutheran church.

Misses Clara Keys and Maude Wilmont of Waukegan, and Mr. McDonald of Chicago, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Keys.

Members of the Palatine Mannerchor attended the picnic given by the Chicago Mannerchor at Arlington Heights Sunday.

The members of St. Paul's choir returned from their trip to Racine by the lake route last Monday and report a jolly good time.

Thomas Boyle sold the gray stallion, Carey C, to a gentleman from Indiana for \$3,500. Carey C is by Conductor, a son of Electioneer.

J. C. Colman, one of Palatine's oldest residents, started for O'Keffe, Va., Monday, where he has a brother living. Mr. Colman will make his home there for sometime to come.

It is reported that a picked team of this place will play the nine from Marshall Field's packing rooms, Chicago, today. The High School team plays at Arlington Heights today.

Rev. Hardin and family have returned from Washington. They report having a most enjoyable time. Rev. Hardin expects to occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church tomorrow.

Members of St. Paul's Sunday school go to Meyer's picnic grounds at Plum Grove tomorrow. Conveyances for the scholars will leave the church at 9:30 a. m. Coffee will be served to all who desire it.

Last Sunday Henry P. K. Bicknase celebrated his 63rd birthday. He was serenaded by the Palatine Mannerchor of which he is a member. A luncheon was served out of doors and a good time enjoyed by all present.

We have a good sale on Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin because we guarantee it and refund your money if it does not do just as we represent it. Call for a booklet that tells you all about it, at Chas. E. Churchill's.

The High School ball team are looking for a team that dares to meet them on the diamond—one that will keep a contract for a contest. The Roselands failed to appear last Saturday and consequently no game was played here.

J. W. Wilson's speedy runner, Pope Leo, with Jockey Bullman, ran a nose and nose race with Sim W in a 4-mile race at Washington Park Monday. Pope Leo won the race, but on some account of Bullman's riding, the race was given to Sim W. Lake Mills secured third place Tuesday.

The Kublank case called by Justice Whipple Thursday afternoon proved a sensation. William Kublank, sr., supported by a son and two daughters, gave damaging evidence against his son Herman on charge of disorderly conduct. Herman was enthusiastically defended by his mother and brother Ed. The result was a production of a lot of dirty linen and showed a disgraceful state of affairs. Herman was bound over to keep the peace in the sum of \$500. He was unable to procure bonds and went to jail.

Law matters have been quite lively here this week. The case of Seip vs. Schmidt came up before Squire Whipple Monday morning and a judgment was given in favor of Seip. The same morning Herman Porpp and Chris. Bargman were arrested by the marshal for disorderly conduct—a sort of M'Govern-Erne contest. Referee Paten decided it a draw and gave them three points each with costs. Tuesday morning Kublank had his son Herman arrested for disorderly conduct. Case continued. The cases of the People vs. Seip, in which Otto Schmidt is the complaining witness, was called before Justice Bradwell, in Chicago, Tuesday and continued until Friday, and attachments issued against witnesses from Wheeling, who delayed proceedings by ignoring the subpoenas.

KOKOMO, IND., Aug. 10, 1899.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO.,
Dear Sirs:—For the past 10 years I was troubled with my stomach. About 4 years ago was taken down with rheumatism; was not able to do a day's work for 3 years. All medicine seemed of no benefit to me. A year ago I was advised to take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. I truly believe I would have died but for this medicine. My rheumatism is entirely gone and my stomach is in good condition. It has saved my life and I cannot recommend it too highly.
Yours respectfully,

ELWOOD McCracken.

Sold by Chas. E. Churchill.
Buy paints at J. D. Lamey & Co's.

The Ruskin Hall Movement.

There recently arrived in this country without ostentation two English citizens on a most commendable mission which has something of an international character. They are C. W. Bowerman, secretary of the London Compositors' union, and James Sexton of the London Dock Laborers' union, who have come to this country to start a Ruskin hall in return for the one established in Oxford, England, by two Americans, Walter Vrooman and Clarence Beard. They bring with them \$20,000 contributed by English workmen to establish an institution at St. Louis similar to that inaugurated at Oxford by Messrs. Vrooman and Beard. St. Louis was doubtless chosen because it is the home of Mr. Vrooman.

Ruskin hall was opened in Oxford some 15 months ago, the idea of its founders being "to establish an institution where workmen of every degree would be able to spend at least one year in Oxford, to put within their reach opportunities of sharing in high branches of education, leisure to pursue such studies as interest them and a sojourn among elevating and beautiful surroundings."

In their public speeches and printed circulars, the promoters of the movement in England spoke of "implanting in the working classes a leaven of men who will bring to their daily work wider minds and artistic perception." The founders are ardent admirers of Ruskin; hence the name.

The students of Ruskin hall do their own cooking, cleaning, serving and raise their own vegetables. This enables the managers to provide them with board, lodging and washing for 10 shillings a week per head. The great bulk of the students is made up of unmarried workmen, but there is a considerable minority of married men, and these live outside the premises. No one is enrolled as a resident student for less than one month at a time, and it often happens that a student leaves the college to return to his bench until he has saved up enough for another month's stay at Ruskin hall and then comes back to resume his studies.

The curriculum of Ruskin hall comprises history, sociology, constitutional law, history of modern institutions, political economy, industrial history, psychology and English literature.

Besides teaching workmen who take up their residence in Oxford and are thus enabled to attend the lectures of the hall, the college gives instruction to hundreds of nonresident students organized into "corresponding classes."

A counterpart of the Ruskin Labor college at Oxford established in this country would constitute a unique token of gratitude for the one established there by Americans. It is a form of reciprocity that deserves support from every friend of labor in the United States as well as in the United Kingdom and should be encouraged.

We shouldn't poke fun at Uncle Paul Kruger because he has to haul his capital around on a car. It may be recalled that the pesky Britishers compelled our own "Uncle Jimmy" Monroe to do about the same thing during the long cold spell in 1812. But "Uncle Jimmy" finally succeeded in permanently anchoring the capital on the banks of the Potomac.

Yale university sent out the class of 1900 without giving the boys a baccalaureate sermon. This is one of the fruits of the election of a layman to the presidency. President Hadley's baccalaureate address, however, answered the purpose, and doubtless the seniors were just as well satisfied, whatever the clergymen may think of it.

If there is any country that has not had a taste of war since the peace conference at The Hague, an opportunity is now offered in the Chinese squabble. That seems to be a sort of open game.

Old Mr. En Masse is very much in evidence in these days of political enthusiasm. When his voice is raised in convention, disputes are quickly settled. What En Masse says goes.

One disquieting thing about the "open door" in China is that a man with a knife in one hand and a torch in the other appears to be standing right behind it.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Big Crockery Department.

In our basement you will find a complete Crockery Department. A large stock of Dinner and Tea Sets in plain and decorated china. They are all open stock, allowing one to purchase just the pieces of chinaware they may desire and can complete the table set at any time. We show a pretty line of fancy pieces of decorated china, a large assortment of water sets, jardinières, toilet sets, etc.

100-piece fancy porcelain china dinner set, beautifully decorated, only **\$12.50**

Decorated toilet sets, **\$4.48, 4.98** and up.

Fancy Stand Lamps, **1.35, 1.65, 2.35, 2.98, 4.98** up.

Parlor Hanging Lamps **4.50** and up.

Glass Lamps complete, **20, 25, 30, 35c** and up.

A big line of Jelly Glasses Fruit Jars at low prices.

Trunks, Satchels and Valises.

In the basement we show a large stock of Trunks at **1.95, 2.25, 2.95** up to **7.50** and **8.50**. Also a big line of Satchels and Valises.

Cheapest place to buy Wall Paper,

window shades in all colors made to fit your windows.

The Big store

Carpets and Mattings.

A. W. Meyer & Co., Barrington.

Bring Your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry to

H. T. ABBOTT, Barrington.

For Repairs

MY PRICES ARE LOW. If you want reliable work done on anything in the above mentioned line at a reasonable price, it will pay to see me

ALL WORK GUARANTEED. An excellent line of Watches, Clocks Chains and Jewelry in stock.

H. T. ABBOTT, Druggist



P. N. CORSETS

PERFECT FIT,
STYLISH FIGURE,
LONG TIME SERVICE.

Every part of garment warranted the best that can be produced for the price. Steel boning flexible as whalebone, and the cork protected rust proof clasps will save you much annoyance. No extra charge for these unique features.

RECOMMENDED AND GUARANTEED BY

PN. No. 505 A. W. MEYER & CO.

AN AD

In any paper is a silent salesman and works for you day and night, including Sundays. For quick returns try space in

THE REVIEW.

LOST ON THE... VELDT

A STORY OF THE BOER CAMPAIGN IN NATAL

By H. E. Mackenzie

CHAPTER V.—(Continued.)

It was a bright moonlight night, and the pale silvery light fell on the long rows of gum trees and nettles, giving a strange white sheen on their leaves, and tracing a curious checkered pattern on the path below. Suddenly, as Bluebell looked, a horseman shot into view—a horse riding straight up towards the house. Even as Bluebell, with a sudden little gasping cry drew back, she saw the rider pause. He turned his horse round and waved something—it looked like a pistol—in the air, as if to some one behind him; then, turning again, rode straight up the avenue.

Bluebell only waited to see another and yet another horseman shoot into view, then, turning quickly to her door, she opened it and flew along the passage to her father's room.

She knocked furiously. In a moment her father's voice demanded sleepily, "Who is there?"

"Father, father!" she cried, her voice ringing out clear and strong, though her heart seemed almost bursting and her tongue parched and dry. "Rise quickly and get your revolver! The Boers, they are coming up the avenue! They are almost on us!"

She could hear her father mutter a wild oath. At that moment it seat a shudder through her.

There were only women in the house. Besides her aunt and herself there was Marie, the girl they had had as servant for two years, and two half-caste Zulu girls, who slept downstairs. The native "boys" slept in an outside shed. Adam Leslie and Bluebell herself were the only two who could defend themselves against an attacking party, for Bluebell had long since learned to use firearms.

"I am ready!" cried her father in a moment. "Let the villains come on! I'm more than a match for a score of Boer dogs!"

"Father, father, oh, don't speak like that!" cried the girl as Leslie flung open the room door. "Let us speak pleasantly to them. Perhaps, after all, they have no unfriendly intentions. Why should they? We have never done them any harm. We have always—"

"Hist!" exclaimed her father. A horrible spasm had passed over his face; but at that moment the scuffle of what seemed a score of horses' hoofs sounded under the stoop outside, and a loud exclamation was uttered. "Keep back, girl! I shall go to the window myself," said Leslie, in a low voice.

Bluebell stood back a little. At the same moment a sound of shrieks behind told her that the servants had been roused from their slumbers. She turned and saw Miss Elizabeth, pale and horror-stricken, in her blue duffle dressing-gown, her head covered with the ugly white cap which she always wore during the night, hurrying towards her, followed by the shrieking Marie and the howling native girls. "Keep them quiet. It will be all right, auntie. They can't mean us harm. It is the Boers," Bluebell said, in short whispers, for she was listening at the same time to what went on at the window.

Her father had flung it open. A voice from below called out:

"Open the door to us, Adam Leslie, and surrender yourself as our prisoner, or we shall burn your house about your ears!"

Bluebell did not recognize the voice, which, though Dutch in accent, spoke excellent English. Her father answered, in a voice that trembled with passion:

"I will not open the door to you, you Boer dogs! What do you want with me?"

"Better speak civilly, for the sake of your own life!" retorted the voice in answer. "You're a base informer, and, but for the kindness of Almighty God, we should have been without our leaders through you! Surrender yourself prisoner, or we'll hang you to the nearest tree and burn your house and all it contains! That's the best course with villains like you!"

"I refuse to surrender!" shouted Leslie, beside himself with rage.

He turned to Bluebell. "Bring me my revolver—loaded!" he cried, between his teeth.

But, instead of obeying, Bluebell sprang forward, and, pushing her father aside, interposed herself between him and the window. With eyes that hardly seemed to see she looked down on the men below—an army they seemed to her excited mind—tall, stalwart fellows in khaki and wide Boer hats, each man armed, and each with stern and relentless gaze on the window. In front, on a fine, high-

stepping horse, sat the man who was evidently the leader—a young man, dressed like the others; but with a face—not unhandsome though it was—whose merciless determination struck a cold chill through Bluebell.

"You make a mistake," she said, and her voice rang out clear and sweet after the men's hoarse, angry voices. "My father is no informer. Some one has been telling you a wicked lie. We were always friendly with any Boers that we knew."

The young man looked behind him. The next instant a horseman, in the background rode forward and came alongside the Boer leader. Bluebell gave a faint cry, almost staggering backward, and she heard a fearful oath burst from her father as he, too, recognized the man.

It was Gerald Moore.

CHAPTER VI.

In the moonlight his mocking, dark face had a look upon it that seemed to Bluebell's eyes as malevolent and wicked as that of any fiend could be. He was looking straight up at the window.

"There is no necessity for undecieving your daughter, Mr. Leslie," he said; "but, you see, there's absolutely no use in resistance—all is known now. If you don't surrender yourself as prisoner it will be worse for yourself. The commando have orders to shoot you if you resist."

A shriek broke from Miss Elizabeth's lips behind Bluebell; but the girl uttered neither word nor cry as her horrified eyes, looking dark and large in the midst of her ghastly white face, strained themselves to catch a glance from her father. He gave her none. His own face was contorted and convulsed with some terrible emotion, the veins in his forehead were swelling to bursting. For a moment or two he could not speak, though his lips twitched convulsively.

Then suddenly his voice broke from him, low and hoarse—a voice that made Bluebell shudder.

"You traitor!" he said, and his tone was terrible to hear, so that even the Boer leader shrank away a little, glancing at Moore doubtfully. "I see your game now! You urged me to give information, and then you yourself turned and informed on me! You are a Judas Iscariot! And I would have sold my child into your hands for gold! May God Almighty forgive me! My—"

The words were strangled in his throat. He made a wild movement, as if he would have leaped out of the window upon Moore; then a sudden, strange convulsion shook him from head to foot, and he fell back against Bluebell, rolled from her grasp, and, falling to the floor, lay there, after one or two convulsive motions, perfectly still.

Miss Elizabeth gave another cry, and moving forward, bent over him. He lay on his side, his face still a deep, almost a purple, red in hue, his eyes half open but glazed and unseeing, his jaw dropped. Bluebell, stricken dumb and motionless, stood beside him, unable to make any attempt to raise him from the ground. Meantime a rapid consultation was going on between the leader of the commando and Gerald Moore.

"You can set fire to the house and do as you like with the old man!" said Moore, savagely. "I have something else to do. The girl is my property and I claim her."

"Do as you like," replied the young leader coldly. He eyed Moore with cold contempt. Notwithstanding the use that he had made of Moore, his was not a character which commended itself to the Boer leaders, who knew more about him than did most Englishmen. "I have nothing to do with any dirty private work. My duty is to take Adam Leslie, dead or alive, and I mean to confine myself to that."

In a few minutes the word of command had been given to the commando, who proceeded to break down the door, and also to force their way into the house by means of the glass door of a bedroom which opened onto the stoop. The women upstairs heard the noise, and Miss Elizabeth uttered a terrified exclamation, while the frightened servants howled and shrieked in concert.

"I shall go to them and demand their right to force themselves into any one's house like this!" said Bluebell, suddenly starting as if from a horrible dream. Before Miss Elizabeth could prevent her she had moved from the room and out to the head of the stairs.

All was dark below, only she could see that the outer door had been opened, and a flood of moonlight

streamed in upon the floor. In its light she saw the Boers, in their sandy-colored clothes, striding through that beam of light.

But she had no time to speak, no time even to think. Before she knew what was about to happen she was seized in a strong, almost vice-like grip, something dark, close and stifling was fastened tightly around her face, so that she could not utter a sound save a low, stifled moan, and she felt herself lifted off her feet and carried as easily as if she was a child downstairs. She struggled violently, making wild efforts to free her hands and arms, which were bound to her side by a cloth; but it was useless. As well might a fly have struggled to escape from an imprisoning web.

She could not feel the change from the warmth of the air inside to the chilly atmosphere without; but she guessed that her captor had immediately passed outside with her, and in a few minutes she could feel the jolting of his steps as he passed over the rough and uneven path outside the homesteading.

A deadly despair succeeded the first wild revolt of Bluebell's senses. She could have no doubt as to who her captor was. She had been carried off as truly as was ever maid of the eighteenth century by the man who, for some reason of his own—Bluebell had never thought it love—wished to make her his wife. She was in the snare of the fowler, as powerless to free herself as any poor, fluttering, broken-winged bird.

The thought of what she was leaving behind was terrible to her as her unknown fate. Her father had seemed dead as she looked upon him. Was he really so? It almost seemed to Bluebell's shuddering heart that it would be better for him if he were.

She had been stupefied at first by the fearful accusation made against her father, but in the moments that elapsed between his seizure by the visitation of God and her seizure by man's villainy Bluebell had slowly been coming out of her stupor, to realize that it might be true.

If it were so—if her father, tempted by the traitorous villainy of the man whom he had called a Judas Iscariot, had committed this base deed, though Bluebell could not find it in her heart to call it a crime, then the punishment meted out to him might be so terrible that natural death would be a thousand times preferable.

And then poor Miss Elizabeth, left to face those terrible men, with, perhaps, the dead body of her brother in the house! Bluebell felt her heart torn with anguish and anxiety as she thought of it.

Again she made violent struggles to free herself. Alas! they were worse than useless. The strong arms held her as in a vice.

At this time no word had been uttered. Suddenly Bluebell's captor paused; the next moment Bluebell heard a long, peculiar call rising on the night air. It was like the "wooe!" of the Australian bush. After a momentary pause it was answered. Then Bluebell's captor continued his walk, jolting and stumbling at every step.

Presently there was another pause. Then Bluebell fancied she heard the sound of horse's hoofs; but her hearing was so deafened by the thick cloth that she could not be sure. In a few minutes, however, she knew she had been correct. She felt herself lifted up and placed on the side-saddle of some animal, which she guessed, from the height and from the use of the side-saddle, to be a horse.

Then a voice spoke close to her ear—the voice that was so hateful to Bluebell, and with such good reason.

"There is no use in resistance; you are wholly in my power, and I am determined you shall not escape me now. You are on horseback. I am going to release your arms so that you may hold on with all your might, for we are going over a bad bit of ground. If you don't make any resistance I will take off that head-dress presently, but the more resistance you make the worse you will be treated. And let me tell you it is perfectly useless; nothing but death can save you from me."

Of course Bluebell could make no attempt at moving. Her hands were released from the cloth that had pinned them to her side, reins were placed in her hand, a whip was flicked in the air, and the animal beneath moved forward.

For the next hour Bluebell found thinking impossible. The horse jolted, stumbled and bumped at every step, sometimes putting his fore-feet into holes from which he had to be extricated by main force, then plunging over loose clumps of grass or shrubs with such suddenness as almost to unseat her. Bluebell was accustomed to the difficulties of riding on the veldt, but now, disabled by the want of sight, suffocated as she was by the cloth over her head and mouth, she was utterly unable to keep steady, and several times her guide had to seize her as she was falling from the horse.

(To be continued.)

HAS A QUEER BELIEF.

This Woman Believes That
Dogs Have Souls...

Mrs. Izora C. Chandler, of New York, painter of dogs' pictures, author of stories about dogs, and lover of these intelligent animals, is a firm believer in the theory that they have souls.

"Yes, that is my conception," said Mrs. Chandler. "If dogs live up to the best canine ethics they will go to heaven just as we, if we live up to human ethics, will go to heaven. And I think that their heaven and our heaven are the same. Dogs and human beings are too close friends here to be separated hereafter."

Mrs. Chandler has a pet St. Bernard named Rex that died a few years ago and left a void in the world for her.

"Heaven is a state in which we shall all be content," continued Mrs. Chandler, "and I should never be satisfied unless I met Rex there, and I know he would not be content to follow another



MRS. IZORA C. CHANDLER.

angel about. The Indian is sure that the first object he will see when he goes to the happy hunting ground will be his dog. And why should he not, if he was a good dog and lived according to his light?

"We claim to be their superiors. In some respects we are, but we can learn much from dogs. They serve us faithfully, they show their gratitude for the smallest kindness and their faith in us is sublime. Dogs feel love and hatred. They experience despair, they have patience that is angelic, they know the pangs of jealousy, and they show a desire to help and comfort that is more than human. Man has a will. So have they. They are capable of obedience, whether present or absent from the one giving the command. They endure self-denial for the object of their affection. I believe that the possession of all these indicates a soul and that all souls have a future state."

Mrs. Chandler paints miniatures of men and women as well as those of dogs, but the novelty of the dog miniature painting has made it a fad. Recently she painted the heads of three French bulldogs belonging to one of New York's fashionable women and received \$300 for the work.

"Three of Us," one of Mrs. Chandler's books about dogs, has been called the "Black Beauty" of the dog world. It is dedicated to the memory of a pet dog she once owned, and is full of the author's pleasing belief in the immortality of our faithful dumb friends.

ZANGWILL'S STORIES.

He Recalls Delightful Tales of Married Life.

"I was married in Ventnor, at least so I gathered from the local newspapers, in whose visitors' lists there figured the entry 'Mr. and Mrs. Zangwill.' I do not care to correct it because the lady, being my mother, is perfectly accurate and leads to charming misconceptions. 'There, that's he,' loudly whispered a young man, nudging his sweetheart, 'and there's his wife with him.' 'That! Why she looks old enough to be his mother,' replied the young lady. 'Ah!' said the lover, with an air of conscious virtue and a better bargain, 'they're awful mercenary, these literary chaps.' The reverse of this happened to a young friend of mine. He married an old lady who possessed a very large fortune. During the honeymoon his solicitous attentions to her excited the admiration of another old lady who passed her life in a bath chair. 'Dear me!' she thought, 'how delightful in these degenerate days to see a young man so attentive to his mother!' and, dying soon after, left him another large fortune."—Philadelphia Press.

Facts About the Hydra.

These are the pleasant ways of the fresh water hydra: If you cut him in two, each half promptly lengthens into a complete hydra. Turn him inside out and in a few hours his skin is his stomach and his stomach is his skin, and he is ready to do business as before. The hydra is scarcely more than

a bag with feelers about the mouth of it. It can replace a feeler in twenty hours. It makes a somewhat longer job when its body is cut in two, but is equally successful. If cut in two lengthwise, the cut sides of each half sack close up, forming a complete oem. If cut in two lengthwise each end matches itself more slowly, with a new head or tail, as may be needed.

OUR FOREIGN CITIZENS.

Nearly 3,000,000 Germans—Irish in All Occupations.

Germans have come to America in great numbers, according to an article in Ainslee's Magazine. The last census stated we had 2,784,894 Germans, and they have been of incalculable benefit industrially. They have made some of our best tradesmen, they supply skilled artisans and have introduced and monopolized many manufactures. They are also famous farmers and gardeners. To them we partially owe the fact Americans are a music-loving people. Illinois has nearly 350,000 German citizens. Irish immigrants have done much to build up the wealth of this country. Railroads and other great public works have been built through their personal toil. They are gregarious, have a taste for politics and in large and small ways enjoy the independence to accumulate and spend which they were denied at home. Their occupations range all the way from laboring on the streets to millionaire financiering. The Irish farmers of this land are among the most prosperous and valuable to the community. Italians constitute an important part of our foreign population, and as they are still coming in great numbers their presence is the cause of much interesting speculation. In 1890 the Italians were only 182,580. Of these 118,106 were in the north Atlantic states; 4,894 in the south Atlantic; 21,837 in the north central; in the south central, 12,314, and in the western, 24,914. There is a general impression that these Italians, most of them men, come here to work hard for a few years and then to go back to live in easy idleness on their savings. There may be something in this, for they do go back and forth a great deal. These Italians are the public-works laborers of the time. They work diligently with the pick and shovel, and the bosses make them perform prodigious tasks with these simple implements. Probably 80 per cent of the Italian immigrants are unskilled laborers. But they take to other things kindly. They have actually driven the negroes out of the bootblacking field, and even the Irish porters now at the best hotels no longer have a monopoly of polishing the boots of the guests. They are an amiable people, and apt to be law-abiding.

Skilful Australian Scouts.

In March, 1892, a great corroboree, or mimic fight, was held by two savage tribes of Australian aboriginals at Port Darwin, and it became so realistic that grave fears were entertained that it might become a real instead of a sham battle. The accompanying picture shows one of the scouts, who, in real warfare, climb trees and keep a lookout for the enemy's reinforcements. But they also provide for action in the treeless deserts. Armed with a pole about 20 feet long, he scoops out a small hollow in the ground and plants the butt of his pole therein, afterwards ascending it and balancing himself so skilfully that his



SCOUT ON POLE.

insecure perch remains perpendicular. His curious mode of climbing is well shown in the snapshot. Grasping the pole with his hand, he draws up his legs until the soles of his feet are parallel and resting against the pole. With the purchase so obtained he then raises his body and takes a fresh grip, repeating the performance until he reaches the top of the pole.

M'KINLEY GETS NOTICE

That He Has Been Nominated for President.
WAS A BIG DAY AT CANTON.

*Selections from the Chairman's Speech—
Mr. McKinley's Reply—Gov. Roosevelt's
at Oyster Bay, N. Y., Also Hears Officially of His Nomination.*

The second notification of William McKinley that he had been selected as the nominee of the Republican party for president was made at Canton, O., on Thursday, at the same place as the first, and all the accessories were similar to the occasion four years ago. Then the chairman of the committee was Senator John M. Thurston of Nebraska, who had been permanent chairman of the convention. Today, Senator Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts was the spokesman. All Canton turned out to witness the ceremonies which took place on the famous front porch.

Senator Lodge said, in part: "Mr. President: This committee, representing every state in the union and the organized territories of the United States, was duly appointed to announce to you, formally, your nomination by the Republican national convention, which met in Philadelphia on June 19 last, as the candidate of the Republican party for president of the United States for the term beginning March 4, 1901.

"This nomination comes to you, sir, under circumstances which give it a higher significance and make it an even deeper expression of honor and trust than usual. With the exception of the period in which Washington organized the nation and built the state, and of those other awful years when Lincoln led his people through the agony of civil war, and saved from destruction the work of Washington, there never has been a presidential term in our history so crowded with great events."

Replying to Senator Lodge, President McKinley accepted the nomination as "a summons to duty," adding: "If anything exceeds the honor of the office of president of the United States, it is the responsibility which attaches to it. Having been invested with both, I do not underappreciate either. Any one who has borne the anxieties and burdens of the presidential office, especially in time of national trial, cannot contemplate assuming it a second time without profoundly realizing the severe exactions and the solemn obligations which it imposes, and this feeling is accentuated by the momentous problems which now press for settlement."

Roosevelt Also Notified.

Governor Roosevelt also was officially notified of his nomination for the vice-presidency at his country home, Sagamore, near Oyster Bay.

The notification committee appointed by the Republican convention at Philadelphia left New York on a special train at 10:30 o'clock and made a quick run to Oyster Bay, where carriages were in waiting to convey them to Sagamore. A number of the members of the notification committee were not present. Several invited guests accompanied the party, most of them prominent New Yorkers.

Bicycle Cars.

Several of the railroads have introduced bicycle cars, which have taken the place of the cumbersome and heavy old fashioned handcars, and according to the railroad men, the bicycle cars are giving excellent satisfaction. These cars are generally used for road inspection, yet heavy loads can be carried on them when necessary. The bicycle car is made of the regulation tubing and contains two drop frames side by side, connected by tubing, and having four wheels. The wheels are made of sheet steel, with regulation bicycle spokes, and the rims are covered with solid rubber tires. The machines complete weigh between seventy and eighty pounds, and can be easily lifted from the track to make way for an approaching train. The machines are all ball bearing, and are generally geared from eighty to ninety-six. There is no steering, of course, and this will confuse the average wheelman when he mounts the machine for the first time.

Road Poll Tax.

The Michigan division of the League of American Wheelmen is preparing a bill for introduction in the legislature providing for a road poll tax, says the Detroit Free Press. It will provide that every able-bodied man in the state between and inclusive of the ages of 21 and 60 shall pay this tax, and the receipts will be used to build and repair roads in the county in which it is collected and where the petitioners for such roads will agree to pay their whole road taxes in cash instead of in work. The plan has received satisfactory approval.

BIG ENGINE IS SPEEDY.

Special Train of Colorado Excursionists Tests New Locomotive.

Railway men of all classes are watching with much interest the tests of the "1200 series" of engines of the Rock Island road, the largest running out of Chicago in passenger service. Engine No. 1201 was given its first severe test for power and speed last week. The patrons of the Rock Island's first excursion to Colorado occupied fourteen of the largest and heaviest coaches. This was enough for two trains to be pulled by ordinary passenger engines of the day, considering the speed required. The big engine did all that was expected of it and more. Between Chicago and Rock Island it pulled that train of fourteen coaches with ease on schedule time, and when called on for a little extra effort developed a speed of over 72 miles an hour.

Engines of that class will haul all the special trains which will be used by the Rock Island in its series of Colorado excursions, at the rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. Three more excursions will be given, leaving here July 9, July 17 and August 1. The departing time of the special trains will be 4:45 p. m., but on the dates named excursion tickets will also be honored on all regular trains. The special trains to be used are high class throughout. Through dining car service is provided and the run from Chicago to Colorado is made with only one night on the road. Excursion rates will be made to Colorado and Utah from all points on the line of the Rock Island between the Missouri River and Chicago.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The August Delineator.

In the lazy days of mid-summer, when bodily and mental energy are at their lowest ebb, the chief demand is to be entertained, and this has been well considered in preparing the August number of The Delineator. In the fiction presented, three more diverse styles could hardly be imagined. Francis Lynde's story of Love and Adventure, with the scene laid in Colorado, is in his happiest vein. Cornelia Atwood Pratt's dainty sketch, "Clothes and the Woman," is one that has a telling title, as every woman will confess; while the Oberlin Tales—stories founded upon college experiences in Oberlin, Ohio—charm by their very naturalness.

Homeseekers' Excursions

via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad. On the first and third Tuesdays of July and August the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad will place on sale Home-seeker's excursion tickets to various points in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas. One Fare (plus \$2.00) for the round trip. Tickets are limited on going trip fifteen days from date of sale with stop-over privileges in Home-seeker's territory. Returning tickets are limited twenty-one days from date of sale. Remember that we now have in service a new wide vestibuled train between Chicago and Waco and Fort Worth, Texas, leaving Chicago daily at 1:50 p. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars. For further particulars call on or address any Agent Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, or C. L. Stone, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

Cheap Excursions to Colorado.

Salt Lake City, and Ogden, Utah, will leave Chicago, June 20; July 9 and 17, and August 1st, via GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE. Rate of one regular fare, plus \$2, for round trip. Return limit October 31st, 1900. Special trains one night to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, will leave Chicago at 4:45 p. m. Tickets will also be good on regular trains. For full information and free book, "COLORADO THE MAGNIFICENT," address John Sebastian, G. P. A., Chicago.

Unhealthfulness of Assam.

The extraordinary unhealthfulness of some parts of Assam is fully detailed in a recent report. In the Surma valley, which is estimated to contain about 2,500,000 people, there were only 75,000 births in 1898, but 94,000 deaths. Also in the Assam valley, there were only 71,031 birth and 85 deaths.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Life is often but a dream to a young man until experience treads on his corns and wakes him up.

A French journal asserts that half of the suicides are caused by losses incurred at horse races.

Ladies' Shirt Waists

Are best preserved by using Maple City Self Washing Soap. All grocers.

The amity that wisdom knits not, folly may easily untie.—Shakespeare.

Napkins in Telephone Booths.

In Vienna telephone booths are furnished with napkins, bearing the inscription, "Wipe, if you please." The napkins are changed frequently, and this undoubtedly serves to keep the mouthpieces of the transmitters in good sanitary condition.

Don't Spoil Your Hands.

And your temper by using inferior soaps. Maple City Self Washing Soap is pure. Try it. All grocers.

About 50 per cent of the school boys of the District of Columbia use tobacco in some form.

Are You Troubled with Dandruff? If so, get a bottle of Coke Dandruff Cure. All druggists and barbers. \$1.00.

Laplancers think nothing of covering 150 miles a day on their skates.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

As a rule the man who talks loudest in an argument is in the wrong.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

A life's limits are not marked by the rail fences of circumstances.

Coe's Cough Balm is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

To be heroic in happiness is the finest heroism.—Ruskin.

Some articles must be described. White's Yucatan needs no description; it's the real thing.

Why should a clock be arrested for striking the hour?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Choose rather an empty purse than a barren life.

You Try It—You Cures Corns and Bunions. No pain. No poison. Never fails. Drug stores. 15 cents.

Be loving and you will never want for love.

Care, worry and anxiety whiten the hair too early. Renew it with PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. HINDERGOONS, the best cure for corns. 15c.

Friendship is worth more than its gifts.

N. K. Brown's Essence Jamaica Ginger is pure, strong and reliable. None better made.

Pride is petty, but lowliness is lofty.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

No man can be provident of his time who is not prudent in the choice of his company.—Jeremy Taylor.

A Panoramic Hit.

"Digby Jones is making money hand over fist on his new vitascope series." "What are the pictures?" "Death beds of Aguinaldo."

Good Temper Is a Jewel. Preserve it, as well as your clothes, by using Maple City Self Washing Soap.

A rural editor says the lay of the hen lays all over that of the poet.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEUR

*Pumpkin Seed -
Licorice -
Rhubarb -
Sassafras -
Cinnamon -
Sulphur -
Ginger -
Chestnut -
Cinnamon -
Sugar -
Flavor.*

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

1/6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BUY WHEAT UNDER 80 CENTS
We believe there is Ten Cents a bushel in it. Send for our Free Book
"SUCCESSFUL SPECULATION"
J. K. COMSTOCK & CO., Traders Building, CHICAGO

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 29, 1900.
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

A DEAD LIVER



He thinks he lives, but he's a dead one. No person is really alive whose liver is dead. During the winter most people spend nearly all their time in warm, stuffy houses or offices or workshops. Many don't get as much exercise as they ought, and everybody knows that people gain weight in winter. As a rule it is not sound weight, but means a lot of flabby fat and useless, rotting matter staying in the body when it ought to have been driven out. But the liver was overburdened, deadened—stopped work. There you are, with a dead liver, and spring is the time for resurrection. Wake up the dead! Get all the filth out of your system, and get ready for the summer's trials with clean, clear blood, body, brain free from bile. Force is dangerous and destructive unless used in a gentle persuasive way, and the right plan is to give new strength to the muscular walls of the bowels, and stir up the liver to new life and work with **CASCARETS**, the great spring cleaner, disinfectant and bowel tonic. Get a box to-day and see how quickly you will be

BROUGHT BACK TO NEW LIFE BY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. **ALL DRUGGISTS**

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy **CASCARETS** we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper.

IRON BEDS AT 4 1/2 CENTS FINE COFFEE, OLD RIO, 10 lbs. 97 CENTS.

per lb. **WE DO NOT SELL** Iron Beds by the lb., but this is what our \$2.50 Iron Bed would cost per lb. if sold that way. We offer big values in all kinds of furniture. Send for our mammoth new Furniture Catalogue containing Wholesale Prices on all kinds of Furniture. Three piece Hardwood Chamber Suite, \$12.50. Oak Suite for \$12.50. Iron Beds from \$2.50 up. Full size Couches upholstered in Velvet or Corduroy, \$5.00. Thousands of these Couches have been sold by us and every one satisfactory. We have a COMPLETE Line of Laminated Tables, Bed Cases, Library Tables, Chiffoniers, Cupboards, Sideboards, Wardrobes, Dining Room Furniture, in fact **ANY ARTICLE** needed to furnish your home. Send for free Furniture Catalogue, size 9x12 1/2, containing 100 pages. We can save you at least 25 per cent on your purchases.

T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Mission of the Boer Envoys.

The somewhat pathetic incident of the visit of the Boer envoys to this country is ended. They left New York a few days ago for Europe, but they have now practically no home governments to which to return. Since they left South Africa for these shores the fate of the two little republics which they represented has been settled and sealed by the force of arms. It is likely that when they again reach South Africa, if they return to that part of the world, "not a shred of the former independence of the republics will remain." While the mission of the envoys has been officially barren of fruits they created a most favorable impression here. Their conduct while our guests was dignified and irreproachable. At no time were they guilty of the least infraction of national hospitality or of international courtesy.

The envoys came to make their appeal to the government and people of the United States, a privilege which was freely accorded to them, as it has been to all others coming hither on a similar mission. This they made with dignity and in reason. In so far as it was an appeal for intervention on the part of this government it was hopeless from the start and became more hopeless with every item of news which came from their homes during their sojourn here. It may be said, however, that the mission of the envoys has not been wholly without good results. They have at least shown in their own persons that the Dutch Afrikaner is by no means as black as his British denouncers have painted him.

The time for the effectiveness of an appeal in behalf of the Boer republics has long since passed, if, indeed, there was such a time at any stage of the war. It must now be an appeal from Englishmen themselves to the conscience and better judgment of Great Britain—an appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober, from the Rhodeses and Chamberlains and Balfours, who brought on the war, to the wiser and more disinterested English people whose task it will be to restore peace and make the war forgotten. It is for the British to determine whether the Boers shall be conciliated or estranged, whether the Transvaal and the Orange Free State shall be held, as they have been won, by the sword or whether they shall be held by the consciousness of a common interest gradually overcoming separate and hostile sentiment.

The responsibilities of citizenship are a rather trite subject for an address, but in discussing the topic before the League of Wisconsin Municipalities recently Governor Scofield gave expression to some excellent ideas, one of which was that as the man who neglects his family is an object of reproach so should be the man who ignores his obligations to the state which protects him and makes it possible for him to provide for his family. Governor Scofield thinks that the lack of a proper sense of responsibility is shown most clearly in the matter of taxpaying. The American citizen does his best to avoid payment of direct taxation, and even when he pays his taxes indirectly he does not seem to care much what becomes of the money. He protests also against the tendency to increase the public revenue through taxation. "There is a serious danger here," he declared. "Every dollar raised by taxation beyond the legitimate needs of the government invites corruption and extravagance and thus jeopardizes the welfare of the state or nation. Every time a dollar of the public money is wrongly expended it is our fault. And the real evil is not merely that there may be public money extravagantly used or that there may be corruption in its expenditure, but for every dollar that is wrongly expended the beneficiaries of the state, the helpless classes for which it seeks to provide, are wronged, and public morals are debauched."

It appears to be necessary to knock the hinges off the "open door" in China in order to let the troops through to restore order.

Up to date Oom Paul's capital holds the speed record for capitals.

With a Telephone

you could save yourself many fatiguing and uncomfortable trips during the

hot weather.

In the quiet of your library, or shady veranda, you can plan the business campaign with a clarity of mind impossible in the noisy, distracting office.

You can talk to the city just as conveniently and clearly as across your dinner table. In a two-minute conversation heads of departments can be given their instructions. *The balance of the day to rest and write thinking.*

Ask the local manager to quote rates or address

Chicago Telephone Co.
203 Washington St., Chicago.

The Chicago Tribune

is a newspaper for bright and intelligent people. It is made up to attract people who think. Is not neutral or colorless, constantly trimming in an endeavor to please both sides, but it is independent in the best sense of the word. It has pronounced opinions and is fearless in expressing them, but it is always fair to its opponents.

Matters of national or vital public interest get more space in THE TRIBUNE than in any other paper in the West.

For these reasons it is the newspaper you should read during the forthcoming political campaign.

THE TRIBUNE'S financial columns never mislead the public.

Its facilities for gathering news, both local and foreign, are far superior to those of any other newspaper in the West.

It presents the news in as fair a way as possible, and lets its readers form their opinions.

While it publishes the most comprehensive articles on all news features, if you are busy the "Summary of THE DAILY TRIBUNE" published daily on the first page gives you briefly all the news of the day within one column.

Its sporting news is always the best, and its Sunday Pink Sporting Section is better than any sporting paper in the country.

It is the "cleanest" daily printed in the West.

DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Will be at his Dental Rooms in

BATTERMAN'S BLOCK,

PALATINE,

Friday of Each Week

Chicago office:
65 E. RANDOLPH ST.
Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Where to Locate?

Why, in the territory traversed by the

Louisville

and Nashville

Railroad,

The Great Central Southern Trunk Line in

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama Mississippi and Florida.

WHERE

Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors Speculators and Money Lenders.

Will find the greatest chances in the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

Lands and Farms, Timber and Stone, Iron and Coal, Labor—Everything!

Free sites, financial assistance and freedom from taxation for the manufacturer.

Lands and farms at \$1.00 per acre and up and 500.000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under the U. S. homestead laws.

Stock raising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.

Half fare excursions the first and Third Tuesdays of each month.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—But don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly.

Printed matter, maps and all information Free. Address,

R. J. WEMYSS,

General Immigration and Industrial Agent, **LOUISVILLE, KY.**

YOUNG MEN WANTED

with fair education and good character to learn telegraphy, railroad accounting and typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalogue. Fall term opens August 15.

Globe Telegraph College.

Oshkosh, Wis., and Lexington, Ky.

Matter of Business

Grand Republic Cigars are Good Cigars.

That's Business.

We don't claim them to be the best in the world, but do assert most positively that we know of no other as good for the same money:

THAT'S OUR BUSINESS.

If a better cigar can be made to retail at five cents each, it will be found out in time;

THAT'S YOUR BUSINESS.

And inasmuch as business **IS BUSINESS.** We want you know how good the **GRAND REPUBLIC CIGAR** is, in order that we may both do

MORE BUSINESS.

Yours Respectfully,

E. F. SCHAEDE, Agent
BARRINGTON.

TAKE YOUR WASHING TO THE

Barrington Steam Laundry.

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable Only First-class Work Done.

J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor,

Opp. Grunau's barber shop.

PALATINE BANK

OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking Business Transacted

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Loans on Real Estate.

Insurance.

H. C. KERSTING

Photographic Art Studio.

West of Schoppe Bros.

OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.

All kinds of photographs and old picture copied to life-size in India ink, water color and crayon at prices to suit.

Palatine, Ill.

C. F. RENNECK,

—DEALER IN—

FRESH, SALT and SMOKED MEATS.

Oysters, Fish and Game in Season.

Shop under Odd Fellows Hall

HENRY BUTZOW

BAKERY

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.

Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

Barrington, - Ill.

Willard M. Smith

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Battermann Block.

PALATINE ILLS



The Needle and the Hook

make the simplest and best Sewing Machine on earth

Fitted with **Bicycle Ball Bearings** it is the **Lightest Running Sewing Machine in the World**



You Cannot Afford

to do your sewing on the old style shuttle machine when you can do it **BETTER, QUICKER AND EASIER** on the new

No. 9 WHEELER & WILSON.

The Wheeler & Wilson is Easy Running, Rapid, Quiet and Durable. No Shuttle, No Noise, No Shaking. See it before buying.

Write for prices and circulars. Dealers wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO
82-80 Wabash ave, Chicago.

GEO. SCHAFER,

Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington, - Ills

Frank Robertson

Attorney at Law.

701 Kedzie Bldg., 120 Randolph Street, Chicago.

Residence, Barrington.

A. S. OLMS

Druggist and Pharmacist

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

PALATINE, ILL.

Quality First

Price Next.

In painting the quality of paint ought to receive first consideration, the price next.

HEATH & MILLIGAN'S BEST PREPARED PAINT

Ranks up at the top notch for quality and the price is reasonable. It is a paint that is a paint and more painters use it than any other brand. We have the following size cans: Half Pints, Pints, Quarts, Half Gallons and Gallons.

Fifty Handsome and Popular Shades to Select From.

Call and get one of our Color Cards.

We also have a fine stock of **Floor, Buggy, Wagon and Barn Mixed Paints, Varnish Stains, Varnishes, Hard Oils, Turpentine, Shipman White Lead, Linseed Oil, Machine Oil, Brushes, Etc.**

J. D. LAMEY & CO., Barrington

Where do you ship your

DRESSED BEEF, CALVES HOGS SHEEP ALSO POULTRY, HIDES, CAME, BUTTER ETC ETC

Do you get satisfactory and prompt returns for your shipments? If not, why not ship to a strictly reliable house, where you not only secure the best prices, but get **HONEST** and **PROMPT** returns. Write for tags and market quotations.

CHARLES A. DANZ,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 6, Fulton Market, Chicago.

CUTTING, CASTLE & WILLIAMS
Attorneys-at-Law.

812-13 Chamber of Commerce Building, Chicago.

Bennett & France

with Jackman & Bennett

Attorneys at Law.

Practice in state and federal courts.

Farms for sale, estates handled, loans, Collection a specialty.

Office: Howarth Bldg., Barrington

The Barrington Bank

OF

SANDMAN & CO.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. Money to loan on improved real estate security at 6 per cent. for from 1 to 10 years.

John Robertson, Pres.
R. L. Robertson, Cashier.
John C. Plagge, Vice-Prest.
H. C. P. Sandman.
Barrington, Illinois

M. C. McINTOSH,

Estate and

Commercial Lawyer

- Chicago

Office Room 617 Ashland Block

Residence, Barrington, Ill.

J. F. MOORHOUSE,

BARBER SHOP.

Five Cansies, Fruit and up-to-date line of High Grade Cigars, Tobaccos, etc.

Palatine, Ill.

LAKE ZURICH.

Fred Kirschner of Cuba was in town Friday.

Chas. Sholz visited his folks over Sunday.

Ray Kimberly of Wauconda was in town Tuesday.

W. H. Wilnot of Waukegan was in town on business Friday.

Miss Louis Seip has gone to Chicago to visit her parents.

Frank Meyer and Mr. Weis are visiting J. C. Meyer this week.

The fire department pumped out F. Kuckuck's well Thursday.

John Heller of Riverview visited here with friends this week.

Miss Collough, Parisian dressmaker, is stopping with Mrs. Givens.

The Dundee ball team will play the Arlington Heights nine at Oak Park July 22.

Ed Knigge moved his family and household goods to Arlington Heights Tuesday.

Miss Maude Walter of Irving Park, who visited Mrs. L. Ficke this week, has returned.

S. D. Talcott of Waukegan, candidate for state's attorney, visited Zurich Tuesday.

The Lake Zurich Fire department held their regular monthly meeting Thursday night.

Miss Percy Gainer, who had her shoulder bone broken on the Fourth, is improving nicely.

If you want your clothes to be clean and white, use Maple City Soap as directed on the wrapper.

Justice Huntington fined two parties \$3 and costs each for being the principals in a fistie encounter.

The Zurich House is for sale or will rent. Present proprietor is too old to have the care of the business.

Master Irving Pagels, who has been visiting her grandmother, Mrs. L. Ficke, has returned to Dwight.

Miss Julia Packard is seriously ill, as the result of an operation performed by Dr. Alverson of Palatine.

It stands alone, it towers above. There's no other, it's nature's wonder, a warming poultice to the heart of mankind. Such is Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Very low excursion rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western line, on June 19, 20, July 3, 9, 17, and August 1, 7, and 21, good returning until October 31, also very low rates on the same dates to Glenwood Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Deadwood and Hot Springs. Quick est time. Best service. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

WAUCONDA.

Chas. Cary transacted business in the city Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hubbard were Chicago visitors last Friday.

Mrs. Drake and daughter Olive are the guests of Mrs. C. L. Pratt.

A. W. Reynolds of Chicago was a pleasant caller in our village Sunday.

Oscar Whitcomb of Chicago is enjoying the week with friends in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Reynolds of McHenry spent Sunday with Henry Golding and wife.

Miss Amy Foster of Chicago is enjoying the week with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clough.

C. P. Pratt came out from the city Saturday to enjoy a two weeks' vacation at home.

Chas. Wicke and wife of Des Plaines were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman Tuesday.

Messrs. Harris, Powers, Thom, Dixon and Baseley attended the picnic at Long Lake, Sunday.

Messrs. and Mesdames C. A. Hapke, Jno. Gosselle and H. T. Fuller picnicked at Long Lake, Sunday.

Philip Barry of Jefferson Park is spending the week at Fernwood with Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Schendorf.

Geo. F. Meyer and wife of Beloit, Wis., were the guests of Geo. C. Roberts and wife the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Freund and daughter Cecelia visited with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Stilling at Pistaqua Bay Sunday.

Miss Lottie Held, who has been spending the past two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brand, returned to the city Sunday.

When you want paint that is paint, go and get it from J. D. Lamey & Co., who handles the kind that wears—Heath & Milligan's.

Don't forget the ball at the Oakland hall this evening. Music by Hapke's orchestra. Dance to commence at 8:30 sharp. Tickets 50 cents.

Maple City Self Washing Soap not only saves the wear on your clothes, because less rubbing is required, but it saves fully half the labor.

35c, 35c, not 25c, not 50c, 35c, the price of Rocky Mountain Tea the world over. None genuine unless made by the Madison Medicine Co. Ask your druggist.

Attorney S. D. Talcott of Waukegan, candidate for the nomination of states attorney on the republican ticket, was a pleasant caller in our village Wednesday.

At the regular meeting of the Mystic workers Wednesday evening it was decided to hold but one meeting a month during the balance of the summer and the meetings to be held the first Wednesday of each month, consequently the next meeting will be Wednesday Aug. 1.

The M. E. parsonage is no longer a fiction but reality as far as money is concerned, Rev. Dutton having solicited for the building the past few weeks, and met with grand success. We have not been informed where the parsonage will be erected but expect it will be on the church lot unless another piece of property is donated.

The ball game last Thursday at Bang's ball park, Cary vs. Wauconda Juniors, proved very interesting and exciting after the first inning, and resulted in a score of 17 to 13 in favor of Wauconda, though some of the Cary players were twice the size of our boys. Manager Hubbard is beginning to feel quite proud of his team and believes that they can beat anything of their size in the state. Griswold and Hanlon, battery for the Wauconda's did great work during the entire game, being in better shape at the close than at the start.

Louis Harris went to Chicago Tuesday and enlisted as a barber in the U. S. navy and will leave for duty next Tuesday. Louis had not worked at the barber trade to any great extent, and upon applying to enlist on the barber staff was requested to give a man a shave and hair cut which he did without any hesitation, just as though he had been there before. He passed the medical examination and was accepted. This will no doubt be a good experience for Louis as it does not only give him a large practice at barbering but will place him in a way to see a large part of the world and give him a permanent job for three years.

A Testimonial from Old England.
"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." It is a great pleasure to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be able to publish testimonials of this character. They show that great good is being done, pain and suffering relieved and valuable lives restored to health and happiness by this remedy. It is for sale by all druggists, Barrington; A. S. Olms, Palatine.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Colo.
Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold July 23 and 24, limited to August 24, on account of Annual Convention Y. P. C. U. United Presbyterian church. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by all druggists, Barrington; A. S. Olms, Palatine.

Legal Status of the Wheel.

The supreme court of Massachusetts has been wrestling with the status of the bicycle and has ruled that it is "more properly a machine than a carriage." It appears that one Lawrania Richardson had secured in the lower court a verdict for \$850 damages against the town of Danvers because a depression in a highway of that town wrecked her wheel and seriously injured herself. The town refused to pay the award and carried the litigation up to the supreme court. The court admitted that for many purposes a bicycle could be considered a carriage. As such, for instance, its owner had a right to the use of the highways and could even enjoy the privilege of paying tolls, but it was entirely a different matter to try to collect damages under the old statute providing that towns must keep their roads "reasonably safe for travelers, with their horses, teams and carriages."

It was contended by the learned judges that the bicycle "is of but little use in wet weather or on frozen ground. Its value consists in the pneumatic tire, but this is easily punctured, and no one who uses a wheel thinks of taking a ride of any distance without having his kit of tools with him. A hard rut, a sharp stone, a bit of coal or glass or a tack in the roadway may cause the tire to be punctured, and this may cause the rider to fall and sustain an injury. It would impose an intolerable burden upon towns to hold them bound to keep their roads in such a state of repair and smoothness that a bicycle could go over them with assured safety."

Thus by legal decree in the good old commonwealth of Massachusetts the bicycle is, at least for purposes of securing damages, a mere machine, and Lawrania must give up all hope of getting the \$850 consolatory award which seemed almost within her grasp. Thus also the amiable economists of Danvers can, without paying penalties therefor, continue to maintain highways over which modern vehicles cannot pass in safety and to wear out their own horses and wagons in the good old way.

Charles E. Courtney, the coach of the Cornell crew, is quoted as saying: "If I had a boy, I would never allow him to take part in a four mile boat race. He is bound to work injury either to himself or to his university. One or the other is bound to suffer." There are few men if any who know more about rowing and its effects than Mr. Courtney, and much weight therefore attaches to his declaration that four mile races are too long for college oarsmen. These long races are tests of endurance rather than of speed. In a large majority of cases the crew that is to win has demonstrated its superiority beyond any reasonable doubt at the end of the second or third mile, and the remainder of the contest, especially for the losers, consists of an agonizing and almost hopeless struggle with physical exhaustion. How completely worn out the young men often are is well known to all who have had a close view of them at the end of the race. It seems obvious that this long continued and excessive exertion must be injurious to the health of the participants. It may be argued that whatever the length of the course the boys will perform about the same amount of work, utilizing their entire strength, whether the course be three, two or even one mile. This may be true, but it is a recognized fact that it is not so much the intensity as the duration of the exertion that counts. It is the same in foot racing. The hundred yard sprinter, though he may force his powers to the utmost, quickly recovers breath and shows none of the signs of complete exhaustion displayed by the long distance runner.

There is rather a unique sort of strike on at Cambridge, O. It appears that 50 coal miners employed in that section have gone out on a sympathetic strike because the mines used in the mines were not given a sufficient supply of proper food. The strike is no doubt justifiable, but the idea that the average mule of commerce needs sympathy is decidedly new. Heretofore he has been noted as being quite able to look after his own interests without the aid of sympathetic strikes or other outside assistance. If the mules of Cambridge allow themselves to be imposed on in any manner, it must be because they have fallen away from the proud traditions of the race.

A Utah jury has found Brigham H. Roberts guilty of bigamy, and the court fined him \$150. No recommendation was made as to what should be done with the ladies.

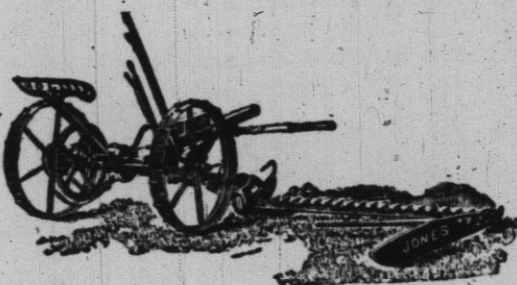
The Simplest and Best

ANYONE who will stop to think for an instant cannot help but admit that the less parts used in any machine the less trouble and expense will be noticeable to the operator and owner. It must be admitted that in

*Simplicity is the
Essence of
Perfection.*

The Jones Lever Binder

has but 16 pieces in the knoter alone while on other machines the parts used for a like purpose are from 28 to as high as 50 pieces. It is the simplest, lightest draft and longest lived mower made. It is made of steel and malleable iron for long wear and requires less expense for repairs than other machines.



THE JONES CHAIN MOWER

Is the leading grass cutting machine of the world. A glance will convince anyone that such is a fact. We invite you to call and examine the Jones Lever Binder and Jones Chain Mower.

SCHEULTZ & FOREMAN, Barrington.

ANNOUNCEMENT

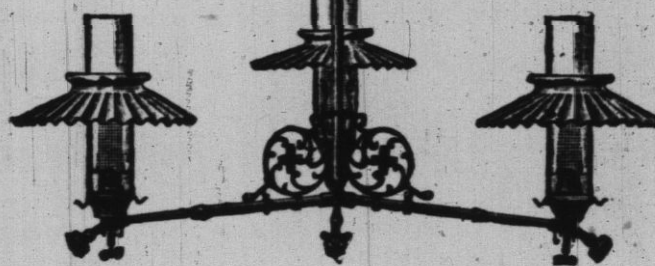
I have purchased the Meat Market of J. E. Evans and will keep in stock fresh and salt meats, vegetables and fruit in season. A share of your patronage is solicited.

George M. Wagner.

LIGHT!

BURN A
Monarch.

A PENNY A DAY
WILL DO IT.



"It's Light as Day"

WHERE THE MONARCH IS.

No Smoke, No Smell, No Smudge.
No Oily, Smoky Chimneys to Clean.
No Oily, Dirty Wicks to Trim.

BETTER AND CHEAPER

Than Gas, Electricity or Oil.
Guaranteed Absolutely Safe.
No Shadows above or below with a

MONARCH.

If we haven't an agent in your town, write to us for prices and catalogue.

CHAS. PATTERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Truth Must be Admitted.

Anyone who knows anything about sewing machines will admit that the WHITE SEWING MACHINE is strictly up-to-date in improvements and never fails to give satisfaction wherever used. It is well-built, light running and reasonable in price.

We will add to our already fine stock next week a handsome line of DRESS GOODS IN PERCALES, AWNS and GINGHAMS and invite the public to call and view a stock that is fashionable and at the same time reasonable in price. It would be well while making your trip to our store to look over our stock of FRESH GROCERIES, which cannot be surpassed anywhere. No doubt before your departure you will at least take home a package of the celebrated "Clipper" coffee, of which we have had such an immense call for the past few weeks. An opal hand-painted dish is given free with each package.

The King Clay Gigar—sold by us has proved to be the smokers' favorite on account of its high qualities. If you want a good smoke try it.

J. C. PLAGGE BARRINGTON

Chicago's School Board has decided that its teachers must have sound bodies as well as sound minds, and a great many applicants for certificates are now holding back because of the new rule that they must submit to a physical examination. These timid ones fear they may have unknown ailments, and are unwilling to put it to the test.

Some Luther autograph manuscripts have been discovered in the Vatican library by Prof. Fiker of Strasburg. There are two commentaries on the Epistle to the Romans, one on the text and the other on the sense, and commentaries on the Epistle to the Hebrews. They were written in 1516 and 1517, shortly before the nailing of the ninety-five theses at Wittenberg.

The ways and means committee of the house of representatives has been authorized to sit during the recess of congress, with a view to preparing a bill to reduce the taxes which were imposed or increased at the outbreak of the Spanish war. This committee, according to present plans, will assemble in Washington about ten days before congress meets in December. Much of the time of congress is saved by committee work during recess.

In the rivalry between steam and sailing vessels for the freight traffic of the ocean, the steamship has of late years had greatly the advantage, increasing much faster than the sailing vessel, in number and size. But it should not be inferred that the sailing vessel is going out of existence. Wind is cheaper than fuel, and in the case of goods for the delivery of which there is no haste, its great power will long be utilized to carry freights across the seas.

Trade secrets are protected by law in Germany. A machinist who entered the employ of a firm for the sole purpose of carrying back to his real employers all the "points" he got, was recently sentenced to three months in jail, the business men who hired him to spy upon their rivals being sent to keep him company. We do not know of any other industrial nation in which this pleasing event could have occurred. Yet it is surely just that a manufacturer who invents a process for perfecting or cheapening his product should be defended against unscrupulous imitators who do not hesitate to filch other men's brains.

Miss Florence Leonard, a young woman from Arlington, Ga., was locked up all the other night in the observation tower on the state reservation overlooking the falls of Niagara. Her experience fairly shattered her nerves. She had been viewing the sights during the afternoon and about five o'clock thought she would like to take a last look at the falls. The superintendent of the observation tower took her up in the elevator and then forgot all about her. At six o'clock, as nobody else appeared, he shut up for the night and went home. When he arrived in the morning, Miss Leonard fainted away.

The Hon. Peter A. Porter has written to the Niagara Falls Cataract-Journal calling attention to a relic of the struggle between England and France a century and a half ago, which lies about a mile and a half above the falls. It is nothing less than the outlines of one of the block-houses which were built by the English for the protection of the Portage Road, which ran to the present site of Lewiston from the old stone chimney near the river's bank. According to Mr. Porter, no other authentic relic of that period is known around the falls. An effort is being made by the Niagara Frontier Historical Society to have the relic preserved.

Striking, novel and of peculiar interest, especially as showing the way in which bridge-making will develop in the future, is the new bridge which is building to connect New York with Brooklyn. Perhaps the most popular feature is to be a bicycle path, covered with asphalt carried at a certain height above the tracks for trolleys and for carriages. This bicycle track is to be for the exclusive use of wheelmen, and the opposing streams of traffic will be carefully divided. Beneath the bicycle track is a footpath for pedestrians, and above it the track for the elevated railway. On each side are double trolley tracks affording accommodation for four cars abreast, while the outer sides of the bridge are reserved for carriages and vehicles going the same way, so that the traffic will be as little impeded as possible. The bridge is to be 7,200 feet long, or nearly a quarter of a mile longer than the present bridge, most of this increased length being taken up by the approaches.

PROPERTY BURNED.

Losses on Lumber, Fruit and a Foundry.

Weidman's lumber yard at Weidman, Mich., was set on fire by lightning, and about 9,000,000 feet of sawed lumber burned. The total loss is estimated at \$135,000, partially insured.

At Bay City, Michigan fire destroyed 1,000,000 feet of lumber belonging to Handy Bros., valued at \$15,000 and insured for the same amount; also about 10,000 feet owned by W. H. Nickless, worth \$1,200 and insured. Several hundreds cords of slabs and a long line of trams were also burned.

At Denver, Colo., Sunday, a fire in the Colorado iron works destroyed the boiler and assay rooms and the foundry, causing a loss of \$40,000.

Fire destroyed all the fruit and houses and leading business houses of New Castle, California. The total loss will exceed \$100,000. Over 10,000 boxes of fruit were burned.

Car Blown Up; Bus Smashed.

Sunday a Transit car was blown up by dynamite in North St. Louis and four persons were injured. The car was hurled from the tracks and badly splintered. A strikers' omnibus filled with passengers was run into by a Suburban car, the only union line in the city, and twelve persons were hurt. Two of the occupants were seriously injured. With Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, now rests the hopes of the street railway employes union for a satisfactory adjustment of the differences between the union and the Transit company. Arbitration of the strike may be agreed upon.

Big Fire at Trafalgar, Ind.

Fire destroyed the business portion of Trafalgar, Indiana. The individual losses are as follows: Stout house, \$2,500, insured for \$1,000; Methodist church, \$1,500, no insurance; J. C. White, livery barn, \$5,000; insured for \$3,500; W. I. Pitcher, hardware, \$3,500, insured for \$1,000; James Gillispie, grocery, \$1,000, insurance \$330; building owned by Henry Bridges, \$1,000, no insurance; Prather & Gillespie's saloon and restaurant, \$1,500, insured for \$800; J. N. Stout, harness, \$300, no insurance; Oro Ruffin, barber shop, \$100; building owned by Mrs. Wells, \$300; Masonic fraternity, \$500; C. T. Slack, buildings, \$300; R. D. William, residence, \$300.

South Dakota Fusion Ticket.

The Populists and Democrats have nominated the following ticket in South Dakota: Governor, B. H. Lein of Sioux Falls; lieutenant-governor, Abe Vanosdel of Yankton; secretary of state, Fred B. Smith of Brown; auditor, F. J. Tracy of Edmunds; treasurer, Charles D. Tedrick of Chamberlain; superintendent of lands, Edmund Cook of Roberts; attorney-general, A. E. Atchcock of Davison; superintendent of schools, Miss Lena Aasved of Day; railway commissioner, W. T. La Follette of Brule; for congress, 1st district, Gov. Andrew E. Lee; for congress, 2d district, Joseph B. Moore. The nominee for governor is a populist.

"Maine" Banquet in London.

The much-talked-of "Maine" banquet was given at the Hotel Savoy, London. The room was prettily decorated with flowers and flags, the British and American colors being intertwined. A model of the hospital ship, composed of white flowers, with green sails, held the center of the table. The guests, who were thirty-four, included United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate, Lady Randolph Churchill, her betrothed, Lieut. George Cornwallis West, and all the ladies of the Maine committee. Lady Randolph was congratulated upon her approaching marriage, fixed for July 23.

Taken at the Bayonet Point.

The leader of the Belle Island strikers was arrested by police, with fixed bayonets, and conveyed to St. John's, N. F., by armed guards. The strikers succeeded in over-awing those men who had continued at work. In consequence the office staffs of the mining companies were employed to unload the coal schooners. Three of the leaders in the Belle Isle mining strike—St. John, Shepperd and McCarthy—are in jail and the police are keeping the remainder at bay.

Fight Robbers for Hours.

Four men were caught robbing Nason & Whitehill's store at State Center, Ia. The citizens were aroused and surrounded the building, when a pitched battle ensued. Ben Whitehill, one of the proprietors, was severely wounded in the leg and one robber was wounded. Two robbers escaped, but the others were captured after a fusillade of shots that lasted two hours.

West Virginia Republicans.

The republicans of West Virginia have nominated the following ticket: For governor, A. B. White; for auditor, Arnold C. Scherr; for treasurer, Peter Silman; for attorney-general, Romeo H. Freer; for superintendent of schools, Thomas C. Miller; for supreme judges, Henry Brannon, Geo. Poffenberger; for electors-at-large, Benson B. McMakin and J. B. Lewis.

THE WAR WITH THE BOXERS

Severe Battles in the Empire of China.

MANY NATIONS TAKE A HAND.

Dowager Empress Is Said to Have Regained Control June 30—Chinese Report Legations Safe as Late as July 9—Chinese Shell Foreign Settlements.

Thursday, July 12. Report in Shanghai that the last two foreign legations fell on July 6 after a terrific battle, Prince Tuan personally directing the assault. Allies at Tien-Tsin are handicapped by lack of a commander-in-chief. During the week they lost fifty men and gained nothing. Italy will send 2,000 men with 220 guns to join the allied army. Von Bulow said Germany would oppose any plan for the partition of China. Germans sold Chinese 400,000 stands of arms within the last year. Gen. Miles wants to be sent to China.

Friday, July 13. The report of the general massacre of foreigners in Peking on July 6 is neither affirmed nor denied. More fighting around Tien-Tsin. Rioting increased in Manchuria. Russia is aroused almost to a state of frenzy by the report from Admiral Alexeyeff that M. de Giers and the entire legation have been murdered after being subjected to most horrible torture. Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister in Washington, may be given his passports for saying the nations of the world have sacrificed their diplomats in Peking for the purpose of forcing a crisis that would lead to the dismemberment of China. Wu suggests that Secretary Hay write an official letter to Minister Conger at Peking, and agree to forward it himself.

Sunday, July 15.

Shanghai correspondent of London Daily Mail confirmed news of destruction of legations at Peking on July 6-7, and of massacre of all Europeans. Prince Ching wounded while leading troops to aid foreigners. Shanghai correspondent of London Daily Express says all China, except in extreme west, is in revolt against foreigners. Li Hung Chang and Liu Kung Yi, viceroy of Nanking, believed to be secretly preparing to join movement to exterminate foreigners. Li Hung Chang's departure for Peking expected to be signal for general massacre of foreigners in Canton province. American, Japanese, and German warships received refugees from Tien-Tsin. British refugees protested to Admiral Seymour that English fleet refused them shelter. Charles Denby, former United States minister to China, talked of the abuse China has had to suffer from foreigners. Italian consul at Shanghai cabled that Bishop Fantosati and two missionaries were killed at mission in Hunan. Two battalions of Fourteenth Infantry and Daggett's battery of Fifth Infantry ordered from Manila to China. Boxers concentrating in large numbers near Shanghai, which is poorly prepared for defense. Depot battalion, Fifth United States Infantry, stationed at Fort Sheridan, ordered to China. Shang, Taoti of Shanghai, officially admitted massacre of every European in Peking. Allies have desperate fighting at Tien-Tsin, losing 150 in one day. Crowd stoned Chinese laundry in Kansas City.

Monday, July 16.

Lsung Chi Iso asserts that rule of the Chinese empire by concert of the powers or by partition would lead to endless bloodshed and strife. Gen. MacArthur has sent 1,200 additional troops from Manila to reinforce the Americans now in China. Allies repulsed the Chinese with great loss at Tien Tsin on July 13. Americans suffered greatly. Chief Surgeon of Ninth Infantry estimating 25 per cent of them were hit. Colonel Liscum of the Ninth among the dead. Chinese were 20,000 strong, while allies numbered only 7,000. War department at Washington estimated losses as far greater in proportion than at Santiago. Admiral Remy corroborates press dispatches of battle.

Tuesday, July 17.

China said to have declared war on Russia, this report being given strength by hard fighting in Manchuria. Li Hung Chang says he goes to Peking to save foreigners and arrange peace terms with the powers. Minister Wu shows Washington officials a dispatch stating that Peking legations stood July 9. Army of 100,000 natives ready to attack Shanghai if the Woo-Sung forts are besieged. Preparations made to care for more than 10,000 American troops in the empire. McKinley and the cabinet decide not to call an extra session of congress. Allies take Tien-Tsin after a fierce battle in which the Chinese are routed.

Leaps from a Ferry-Boat.

While the ferry-boat Arctic was midway in the Delaware between the Market street and Camden street slips, Philadelphia, an unknown man calmly tossed his hat overboard and then leaped over the rail after it. It was one of the most determined suicides known to experienced river men.

SHOT AT PRINCE,

Spido, the youth who tried to kill the Prince of Wales, and who was practically acquitted at Brussels the other day, did not, it is said, escape



across the frontier, as reported, but has been taken to a Belgian town. He will probably be left unmolested, as he is regarded as harmless, and has been terrorized by the ordeal of the trial.

Prescott's Great Fire.

Fire wiped out five blocks in the business section of Prescott, Ariz., Sunday, entailing a loss of \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000. Banks, hotels, newspapers, and telegraph offices were destroyed. The heaviest losers are as follows: Bashford-Burmister company, \$250,000; Sam Hall, \$75,000; Hotel Burke, \$60,000; D. Levy & Co., \$40,000; Jake Marks, \$25,000; C. A. Drake, \$20,000; R. H. Burmister & Sons company, \$20,000; Ed Block, \$25,000; J. W. Wilson, \$20,000; Kelly & Stephens, \$10,000; Journal-Miner, \$12,000; Bank of Arizona, \$10,000; Prescott National bank, \$10,000; Prescott house, \$9,000; W. H. Smith, \$10,000; the Courier, \$8,000; Golden Eagle hotel, \$8,000; Scovel block, \$15,000; F. G. Becht, \$10,000; Windsor hotel, \$10,000; Mountain City drug store, \$6,000; Brinkmeyer hotel, \$8,000; Cabinet saloon, \$10,000; Palace saloon, \$10,000; Prescott Electric Light company, \$5,000, and fourteen saloons with losses ranging from \$1,000 to \$3,000. Five restaurants, five barber shops, two meat markets and sixty residences were destroyed. In many cases the losses mentioned do not include buildings. Acting Governor Charles Akers sent a message from Phoenix offering the sympathy of the territory and the aid of Phoenix to the fire sufferers. J. C. Martin, on behalf of the citizens of Prescott, answered that the town was able to provide for all its wants at present, and that food, shelter and clothing had been provided all sufferers from the fire.

Nebraska Fusionists' Ticket.

Nebraska has nominated a fusionist ticket as follows: For governor, William A. Poynter, pop.; for lieutenant-governor, E. A. Gilbert, sil. rep.; for secretary of state, C. V. Sooboda, pop.; for treasurer, S. B. Howard, pop.; for attorney-general, Willis D. Oldham, dem.; for auditor, H. S. Griess, pop.; for land commissioner, P. J. Carey, pop. The three state central committees, to whom had been delegated the selection of presidential electors, reported the following before the conventions adjourned and their action was ratified: Frank Ranson, J. H. Felber, W. A. Garrett, W. G. Swan, Peter Ebberson, Robert Oberfelder, L. M. Wente, J. Hughes.

Three Young Girls Are Killed.

At the village of Shelbyville, Ind., on the Big Four railroad, a fatal accident occurred. Misses Mary Wheeler, Josie Zoble and Katie Schaf, three young girls of the neighborhood, in a two-seated spring wagon were crossing the railroad tracks when the "white city special" bore down upon them, killing Misses Wheeler and Schaf outright and fatally injuring Miss Zoble, who died soon after.

Ravages of Cholera in India.

The governor of Bombay telegraphs to the secretary of state for India that there were 9,928 cases of cholera in the famine districts during the week ending July 7, of which 6,474 were fatal, and that in the native states there were 9,526 cases, of which 5,892 were fatal. The total number of deaths on the relief works was 5,870, which was 3.9 per 1,000. There has been a good rainfall in many sections.

Released Convict Shot Down.

William Reed, of Farmington township, near Mount Vernon, Ill., was shot and instantly killed while riding on a wagon with his wife and children. Mrs. Reed received a dangerous wound in the arm. Andrew Sogor is suspected. Reed had just completed a penitentiary sentence for killing Sogor's brother William two years ago.

McChord Bill Knocked Out.

Judge Evans of the United States court at Louisville, Ky., knocked out the McChord railroad bill, passed by the last legislature, declaring it unconstitutional, and granting the Louisville and Nashville, Chesapeake and Ohio, Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis, and Southern railroads an injunction against the state railroad commission.

COLORADO VS. SWITZERLAND.

A Comparison.

Switzerland, "The playground of Europe," is visited annually by over 15,000 American tourists and invalids. Why?

While the Alps have isolated peaks such as Mont Blanc (15,781 feet), and the Matterhorn (14,836 feet), the mean elevation of the highest Alpine chain is from only 8,000 to 9,000 feet. Colorado possesses more than 120 peaks over 13,500 feet in altitude, of which no fewer than thirty-five peaks range from 14,000 feet upward. In the whole of Europe, there are not over twelve mountain peaks of note.

The highest village in Europe is Avers Platz in Switzerland (7,500 feet); the highest inhabited point in Europe is the Hospice of St. Bernard in Switzerland (8,200 feet). In Colorado the mining town of Leadville, with 15,000 inhabitants, is 10,200 feet above sea level; other mining camps are still higher and some gold and silver mines are worked at an altitude of over 12,000 feet.

The highest wagon road in Europe is said to be the Stelvio Road in Switzerland (9,170 feet). In Colorado the railroads cross the crest of the continent at Fremont Pass (11,328 feet), Marshall Pass (10,852 feet) and Tennessee Pass (10,433). Switzerland does not possess, even in the famous St. Gothard line, any railroad engineering surpassing, if equaling, these. There are wagon roads over numerous passes in Colorado ranging from 12,000 feet upwards, the highest being Mosquito Pass (13,700 feet).

In Switzerland the cog-railroad from Vitznau to the summit of the Rigi Kulm (5,900 feet) has a length of four and a half miles, in which the ascent is 4,072 feet. In Colorado the cog-railroad from Manitou to the summit of Pike's Peak (14,147 feet) has a length of eight and three-quarter miles, in which the ascent is 8,100 feet, or an average of 846 feet per mile, the maximum grade being 1,320 feet.

One class of Switzerland's finest scenery is along the Via Mala, the Schyn Pass and Urnerloch. In Colorado, the Canon of the Arkansas with the Royal Gorge, the Black Canon of the Gunnison, the Canon of the Rio de las Animas, the Canon of the Grand River and others, are all much longer, quite as grand as and more varied in character than the best passes in Switzerland. The walls of the Canons of the Grand River, the Gunnison and the Arkansas rise to a sheer height of more than 2,000 feet.

As Colorado can be reached by at least one railroad—the Burlington—in one night from either Chicago or St. Louis, it is hard to understand why more Americans do not travel West instead of East in search of health and pleasure.

Electricity for Home Workshops.

A project recently set on foot in Hungary to supply electric power in small quantities to home workshops in the vicinity of Budapest has received the sanction of the Hungarian Diet.

The Pinkham Record

Is a proud and peerless record. It is a record of cure, of constant conquest over obstinate ills of women; ills that deal out despair; suffering that many women think is woman's natural heritage; disorders and displacements that drive out hope.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

cures these troubles of women, and robs menstruation of its terrors.

No woman need be without the safest and surest advice, for Mrs. Pinkham counsels women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Can any woman afford to ignore the medicine and the advice that has cured a million women?

Use Certain Corn Cure. Price, 15c.

as afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

LATEST FROM SOUTH AFRICA

Record of the Last Six Days at the Front
GIVEN IN CONDENSED FORM.

British Drive Boers East of Broenker-spruit and Repulse 3,000 Men—Capt. Currie and Lieut. Kirk Killed—British Capture Bethlehem.

Thursday, July 12.
Boers won an all-day battle and captured Nital's Nek, near Pretoria, taking many of Lord Roberts' men prisoners. They took a squadron of cavalry and ninety infantrymen.

Friday, July 13.
Battle at Nital's Nek is described as part of a Boer plan to capture Pretoria, and the battle near the city was raging when the latest news was sent. Gen. Botha is fighting north of the Vaal in the effort to save Dewet's army from capture.

Visible Supplies of Grain.
Special telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies, as compared with the last account: Available supplies—Wheat: United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 821,000 bushels. Afloat for and in Europe, decreased 2,100,000. Total supply decreased 2,921,000. Corn—United States and Canada east of the Rockies, decreased 171,000. Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 485,000. Among the more important decreases in wheat supplies reported exclusively by Bradstreet's are those of 144,000 bushels at Chicago private elevators, 138,000 bushels at Depot Harbor, 43,000 bushels at East Dubuque and 40,000 bushels at Portland, Me. The important increases include 117,000 bushels at Coiteau, 101,000 bushels at Port Huron, 75,000 bushels each at Fulton and Fort Worth and 63,000 bushels at Cleveland. Pacific coast wheat stocks increased 107,000 bushels.

In Straits for Army Beef.
News at Kingston from Colombia is to the effect that up to July 13 Panama was still held by the government. The government troops had been strongly re-enforced from Colon, but it was the general opinion that the rebels could take Panama at any time they wished. It is reported that the rebels are led by an American military expert. The government is in dreadful straits for food with which to feed the troops, and is seizing cattle from residents. Two steamers, composing the so-called Colombian revolutionary fleet, which arrived at LaGuayra, were seized by the government authorities at Caracas, Venezuela, and their commander, Francisco Ruiz Sandoval, was lodged in jail.

Fifteen Drown in Flood.
Fifteen lives are known to have been lost in a cloudburst at Coleman, Tex., Monday. Ten bodies were recovered, but only two were identified. They are: Joseph Spagh, leading merchant of the village; John Fuleisstine. It is feared that many more lives were lost in the valley below Coleman. The cloudburst, which followed three days of unprecedented rainfall, caused Ford's creek to burst its banks and rush through Coleman, a village of less than 1,000 inhabitants. Bewildered citizens roused from their slumbers ran into the streets and were swept away. Many were saved by catching hold of pieces of timber and navigating them into eddies formed by the swift current, whence they were drawn ashore.

Casualties in Philippines.
General MacArthur has cabled to the war department the following list of casualties in the Philippines: Manila, July 17.—Following is a full list of the latest casualties: Killed—Fred L. Williamson, Company B, Thirty-fourth Infantry, at San Isidro, Luzon. Wounded—Robert R. Lynch, musician Company I, Forty-seventh Infantry, wounded in arm at Ligao Luzon, June 24. Michael Morrissey, Company L, Twenty-fourth Infantry, slightly wounded in head at Dumengas, Panay, June 24. Alexander D. Tripf, Troop B, Eleventh Cavalry, seriously wounded in face at Guinobatan, Luzon, June 24. Andrew Workosky, Troop D, Eleventh Infantry, slightly wounded in head at Malabagan, Luzon, June 22.

Young Girl Commits Suicide.
Rebecca Hatton, a pretty miss of 16, committed suicide at Elwood, Indiana, by swallowing two spoonfuls of poison. She was making her home with Anthony High and family and left no explanation of her act. She kept the family in ignorance of her act until too late for the physician to save her.

Held for Passing Bad Checks.
S. M. Mason, a young man in the uniform of a lieutenant of the regular army, was presented in the police court at Louisville, Ky., on a security warrant and on the charge of being a fugitive. Mason, it is alleged, is wanted at Chicago, Columbus, O., Indianapolis and other places for passing forged checks.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Winter wheat—No. 2 red, 77 1/2@78 1/2c; No. 3 red, 74 1/2@75c; No. 4 red, 71c; No. 2 hard, 73 1/2@74c; No. 3 hard, 71 1/2@72c. Corn—No. 2, 41c; No. 2 yellow, 40 1/2@41c; No. 2 white, 40 1/2@41c; No. 3, 40 1/2@41c; No. 3 yellow, 40 1/2@41c; No. 3 white, 40 1/2c; No. 4, 39 1/2@40c. Oats—No. 4 white, 29c; No. 3 white, 28 1/2@29c; No. 2, 28 1/2@29c. Hay—Creamery, 13 1/2@14.00; No. 1, 11.50@12.00; No. 2, 11.00@11.50; No. 3, 10.00@10.50; choice prairie, 10.50@11.50; No. 1, 9.00@10.00; No. 2, 8.00@9.00; No. 3, 8.50@9.00; No. 4, 8.00@8.50. Straw—Tangled rye, 8.00@8.50. Cattle—Heavy native steers, 14.00@15.00; stockers and feeders, 13.00@14.50; butchers' cows and heifers, 10.00@11.00; canners, 12.50@13.00; fed westerns, 14.00@15.00; fed Texans, 13.50@14.50; grass Texans, 12.50@13.00. Hogs—Heavy, 15.15@15.25; mixed, 15.00@15.20; light, 15.00@15.12 1/2; pigs, 14.45@15.00. Sheep—Lambs, 15.00@16.00; muttons, 13.50@14.50; westerns, 13.50@14.20; Texans, 13.45@14.00; feeders, 13.00@14.00; culls, 12.50@13.00. Flour—Special mill brands around \$1.75. Green fruits—Cherries, 16 qts, sour, 1.40@1.50; sweet, 1.50@2.00. Currants, 15 qts, 40@50c. New apples, 2.50@4.50 per brl. Berries—Blackberries, Michigan, 16 qts, Early Harvest, 80c@1.00; Wilson's, 1.25@1.50; red raspberries, 24 pts, 90c@1.00; black caps, 16 qts, 90c@1.00; blueberries, 16 qts, Wisconsin, 1.50@1.60; Michigan, 1.175; gooseberries, 15 qts, 60@80c. New potatoes—Early Ghosn, per bu, 27@28c; Rose, 30@32c; home grown, per sack, 40@45c. Butter—Butter, creamery, 13 1/2c; firsts, 17@17 1/2c; seconds, 15 1/2@16c; imitation creameries, 15 1/2@16c; dairies, choice, firsts, 15 1/2@16c; seconds, 14 1/2c; ladies, good to fine, 13 1/2@15c; packing stock, fresh, 14c. Eggs—11c per doz, reconded, 11 1/2@12c. Live poultry—Chickens, hens, 8c per lb; springs, 10@15c; ducks, 7@8c; springs, 10@11c; turkeys, hens, 6 1/2c; gobblers, 6 1/2c; geese, 4.00@4.50 per doz.

Hold Joliet Mill by Force.
The minority stockholders of the Joliet Wire company, assisted by Deputy Sheriff Blair and a force of men sworn in as deputies, are still in possession of the big plant in Joliet, Ill. They declare they will keep possession unless driven out by orders of the courts and operate the mill during the coming year. They hold that the first election, held before the arrival of the Chicago stockholders, was the legal one. Mr. Minnemeyer said that no attempt would be made by himself and the majority stockholders to secure possession of the mill by force, but that injunction proceedings would be started as soon as their attorneys could prepare the necessary proceedings.

Bryan to Be Notified Aug. 8.
Indianapolis has already begun to prepare for the exercises in that city on Aug. 8 at which William J. Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson will receive formal notification of their nomination for the presidency and vice-presidency of the United States. The work began on the receipt Thursday afternoon of two telegrams assuring the city that the exercises would be held here. One telegram was from Chairman Jones at Chicago, who said: "After a conference with Mayor Taggart this morning, Indianapolis was selected as the place and Aug. 8 as the time for notification of both men—Bryan and Stevenson."

Worried to Death Over China.
John B. Phelps, one of the leading lumbermen of the Mississippi valley, died at Davenport, Iowa, eight hours after sustaining a stroke of paralysis. His death is attributed to worry over the situation of the foreigners in Peking, his wife being a sister of Mrs. Morgan Woodward of Chicago, who, with her daughter, Ione, are supposed to have perished in the Peking massacre. The Woodwards stopped here for a visit on their way to Peking. Mr. Phelps was a member of the Lindsay-Phelps company and had large interests in Minnesota, Arkansas and Pacific coast lumber companies.

Brings Suit for \$240,000.
St. Clair county instituted suit in the Circuit court at Belleville, Ill., against the Interstate Sand and Transfer company of Missouri for \$240,000. The action is based upon the charge that the company has been operating a ferry across the Mississippi river for three years without taking out the license provided by law. The company contends it has the right to engage in interstate commerce without the consent of the Illinois author.

Western Union Elects Officers.
Thursday the stockholders of the Western Union Telegraph company held their annual meeting at the company's offices in Jersey City, when the following directors were elected: Thomas T. Eckert, Charles A. Tinker, A. R. Brewer, A. B. Bert-hoff. The directors subsequently elected Thomas T. Eckert, president; Charles A. Tinker, vice-president, and Thomas F. Clark, secretary.

Find a Human Head in a Pail.
A human head, cut clean from the body, was found in a minnow pail bobbing up and down near the electric-light works dock, on the shore below the Grand hotel, Mackinac Island. The ghastly discovery was made by Robert and Walter Brown and several other lads who were in wading. The head had been wrapped in a cloth and jammed down into the pail, the cloth being covered with dried blood.

Murder Over a Pail of Water.
John Albright, a farmer aged 60, shot and killed his tenant, named Whipple, near Glencoe, O. T. The two families used water from the same well. Whipple sent his little daughter after a pail of water and Albright refused to allow her to fill the pail, whereupon Whipple started to get the water. He was met by Albright and shot. Albright is in jail at Stillwater.

FOREIGNERS SAFE JULY 9.

The Chinese Minister Hears from China.

THE GOVERNMENT PROTECTS.

Assurances Envoys Were Alleviated Two Days After Reported Massacre—The Viceroy's Message—Requests Powers Not to Destroy Tien-Tsin.

The Chinese minister at Washington has received a dispatch from the minister at London, authenticated by Sheng, the imperial inspector of posts and telegraphs at Shanghai, and by two viceroys, declaring that the foreigners in Peking were safe on July 9 and were receiving the protection of the government. This is two days after the reported massacre. The text of the dispatch received by Minister Wu and laid by him before Secretary Hay is as follows:

"The utmost efforts have been made to protect foreign ministers, who were well on the 13th (Chinese calendar corresponding to our July 9).

"If Tientsin city should be destroyed it would be difficult to restore the same in 100 years.

"Request the powers to preserve it as the consequences would affect Chinese and foreign commerce. Earl Li Hung Chang is transferred to north China as viceroy to Chi-Li. Please transmit this dispatch to the ministers at other capitals."

This dispatch, which is dated July 16, was signed by Viceroys Lin Hun Yi and Chang Chih-Tung of Nanking and Wu-Chang, respectively, and also by Shen, director of posts and telegraphs at Shanghai.

It was addressed to the Chinese minister in London and by him transmitted to Minister Wu.

In accordance with the request contained in the cablegram Minister Wu asked Secretary Hay to agree, with the other powers, to preserve Tientsin from destruction.

The secretary's answer was not made public, but Minister Wu fears that the destruction has already occurred. He regards the cablegram as perfectly authentic.

Report Received in London.

William Pritchard-Morgan, member of parliament for Merthyr Tydvil, has received by cable positive assurances from a source upon which he relies that the British legation at Peking was still standing July 9, and also that Li Hung Chang has left Canton to take supreme command at Peking.

Li Hung Chang Starts North.

The state department has bulletined the following at Washington: "The secretary of state has received a dispatch from Consul McWade, at Canton, informing him that the viceroy, Li Hung Chang, has sailed for Hong Kong.

"He received an edict appointing him viceroy at Chi-Li and commanding his immediate presence there.

"Fears are entertained at Canton that his absence may give occasion for disturbance of the peace.

"French gunboats have arrived at Canton."

Uses of Buttermilk.

Buttermilk is an excellent food for pigs of any age; and for this reason it is one of the economies of a dairy to keep pigs to use up the wastes of it. The acid in buttermilk has an excellent effect on the stomach, and tends to strengthen the digestion; hence buttermilk should be freely used in the domestic bill of fare, especially for children. In most of the large cities it is kept for sale in drug stores, and is extensively used as an aid to digestion by dyspeptic persons. As the pig, of all domestic animals, is made up most nearly like a human animal, we may conclude that what is good for one is good for the other. And if we used our pigs always on this principle it would be better for them and for those who eat pork. There is no better bacon made than that fed on milk and peas, one balancing the other and thus making a perfect food.

Students in Latin Quarter.

The Latin Quarter in Paris is busy preparing for its reception of university students who are expected there from all parts of the world at the beginning of August, and who will enjoy the hospitality of the French students. During the exhibition of 1889 the university visitors numbered 660; this year the number is expected to reach 1,500 at least. For a whole week every day the students will be invited to a reception or a fete. As in 1889, it is proposed to have gala performances at the opera and the Theater Francais, and a reception at the Hotel de Ville. There will also be an excursion to Versailles or St. Germain, and an international conference of students in the grand amphitheater of the New Sorbonne. There appears to be some difficulty as to lodging the 1,500 visitors.

Left in a Refrigerator Car.

Detectives of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad were hurried away from Milwaukee to Madison to investigate the robbery of P. H. Hartwick, the station agent at Lone Rock. Hartwick was sitting in his office, which is in the passenger station, located at an isolated point, when two masked men entered. They bound him, placed a gag in his mouth and ransacked the office for money and valuables and carried the agent to a refrigerator car and left him, bound and helpless. The agent remained there an hour and a half, unable to free himself from his bonds until a passenger train arrived.

Two Die from Kentucky Feud.

In a three-cornered fight at Hawesville, Hancock county, Kentucky, between Allen and Frank Pulliam and Jack Hesson, Hesson was killed instantly and Allen Pulliam died three hours later. Hesson killed Jack C. Daniel Dec. 25, 1897. The Pulliams are nephews of Judge A. M. Pulliam, who killed A. James Miller in Hardinsburg, and brothers of Ed Pulliam, who killed Rev. W. B. Swope several years ago.

Schreffler Will Go Free.

Mrs. Edith Zenstarki, the complaining witness in the Schreffler murder trial at Joliet, Thursday practically admitted on the stand that she did not understand all the charges contained in the complaint at the time she affixed her signature to the document. This testimony, together with the statement of the daughter of the accused man and his own sordid face, will, it is thought free the prisoner from the charges brought against him.

Missouri Man Deals in Twins.

Richard Perry, a Caryville farmer, is rejoicing in the unusual luck with which Dame Fortune is favoring him. About three months ago a pair of bouncing twin boys came to gladden his household. Since then a pair of twin mules and fifteen pairs of twin lambs have materially increased his stock. Last week three little pigs joined his flock which have sixteen distinct feet, two having five each and one having six.

Devastated by Gale and Fire.

A letter from Atrato, Columbia, says Bocas del Toro has been visited by a terrible gale, which destroyed many buildings and banana plantations. Immediately after the gale a fearful fire swept the town, destroying its finest buildings. The situation is said to be desperate, the people being demoralized over the dual catastrophe. The fire originated through carelessness in the Chinese quarter.

Visit Shrine of Saint Anne.

The annual influx of United States pilgrims to the miracle-working shrine of Ste. Anne De Beaupre, Montreal, has commenced. During Tuesday 3,500 persons passed through Montreal on the railroads on their way to Quebec and Tuesday night another 1,500 arrived. More are going through. Archbishop Bruschesie is at Ste. Anne to receive them.

Killed with a Beer Faucet.

Howard Ellis, 19 years old, was killed at Crawfordsville, Ind., in a saloon, being struck on the head with a beer faucet by Jim Osborn. Ellis' body was hidden in weeds. There were several persons in the fight. Osborn was arrested this evening and put in jail.

Kills Wife Baby and Self.

Poverty, ill-health and a weak-minded wife impelled Louis Elsen, a shoemaker, to kill himself, his wife and 13-months-old babe with a razor and to wound his 3 1/2-year-old son. The tragedy occurred in squalid apartments in East Lexington street, Baltimore.

Sol Smith Russell Still Ill.

Sol Smith Russell has canceled his engagements for next season. Mr. Russell expected to return to the stage in the fall in a new play by Michael Norton, but his physician informed him that if he hopes to regain his health he must remain away from the stage for a year more at the very least.

Drouth Broken in Arizona.

Rain has fallen in the Tucson valley and reports from outside districts indicate rainfall in every direction. The mining and cattle interests have suffered untold loss for lack of water and these showers come to southern Arizona as a great relief from the parched conditions that have existed for many weeks past.

Murderer Swims to Liberty.

James Buckingham shot and killed Charles Mosely at Centerville, Ill., as a result of a quarrel over a game of cards. Buckingham escaped. At the same hour Joseph Davis shot and killed James Gratiot at Brooklyn. Davis evaded two marshals' posses by swimming the Mississippi river.

Heat Record Is 132 Degrees.

The weather Monday at London was the hottest experienced this season. The thermometer at 11 a. m. showed 91 degrees in the shade and 132 degrees in the sun. There were many prostrations by heat, and some fatal cases have been reported. Work had to be suspended in exposed places.

A WEEK IN ILLINOIS.

RECORD OF HAPPENINGS FOR SEVEN DAYS.

Confession of Mike Conley to the Effect That He and Two Other Men Held Up the Illinois Central Train Wednesday Morning—Describes His Pale.

Illinois Central Hold-Up.

Mike Conley, alias Doyle, confessed to Chief Mahoney at Cairo that he assisted in holding up the Illinois Central train Wednesday morning. He says there was only three men concerned in the hold-up and that they were all drunk. Conley says he stood watch over the train while the others did the work. After leaving the engine they entered a yawl in the Mississippi river and the leader of the bandits divided the money. Conley says they cheated him, counting out five-dollar bills for themselves, and telling him they were ones, his share being fifty dollars. They quarreled and Conley says he jumped overboard and swam ashore. The others proceeded down the river. Nearly drowned, he finally reached the Mississippi shore and made his way to Charleston, where he was arrested and brought to Cairo. Conley is about five feet nine inches tall, thirty years of age, and has a black mustache. He says one of his companions was a young fellow, tall and slim, and the other heavy set, older, and with a red face and a sandy complexion. Conley says he had known these men for about a year, but declined to give their names. He says two weeks ago they wrote him to meet them in St. Louis, where they arranged the job. Conley was taken to Wickliffe, Ky., and put under \$5,000 bond. Agent Charles Pink says that the robbers did not secure more than \$300. Chief of Detectives C. E. Murray of the Illinois Central, with a large corps of assistants, is searching for the other robbers.

Foes of the Saloon Meet.

The board of trustees of the Illinois State Anti-Saloon league held its second annual meeting in Peoria with the Rev. Horace Reed of Decatur presiding. Annual reports were presented by the Rev. C. R. Carlos of Springfield, who is state superintendent, and three district superintendents, M. M. Parkhurst of Chicago, W. D. White of southern Illinois and General Attorney Anderson. The state superintendent's report showed that the league had enrolled over 100,000 members in the state, that over 400 leagues had been organized, that over 4,000 public meetings had been held and that during the last year more than \$10,000 had been subscribed to carry on the work. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Horace Reed, Decatur; first vice president, Dr. C. E. Dunn, Freeport; second vice president, the Rev. Frank Carson, Chicago; third vice president, Thomas S. Marshall, Salem; secretary, E. B. Rogers, Springfield; treasurer, B. R. Hieronymous, Springfield; state superintendent, the Rev. C. R. Carlos, Springfield.

Negro Churchmen Lay Plans.

The annual council of the presiding elders of the first district of the African Methodist church met in Decatur. It represents 200 churches and 15,000 members in Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Michigan. Bishop Abram Grant, recently appointed to the Decatur district, presided and lectured on Africa. The sessions of the council were secret. The presiding elders representing the different states were: Rev. Morris Lewis and Rev. D. T. Sanders, of Indiana; Rev. G. W. Gaines and Rev. Jason Bundy, of Iowa; Rev. J. A. Burton of Illinois and Rev. R. F. Hurley of Michigan.

Kankakee Receiverships.

On application of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York, the Chicago Title and Trust company was appointed receiver of the Kankakee Water Company and two other Kankakee concerns in the same business. This action was ordered by Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court, Chicago, after a bill had been filed asking the foreclosure of three mortgages amounting to \$325,000. The defendants are the Kankakee Water company, and the Kankakee Water Supply Company of Illinois and the Kankakee Water Works company of West Virginia.

Pharmacists to Meet.

Members of the Illinois Pharmaceutical association will hold their twenty-first annual meeting at the Chicago Beach hotel July 17 to 19. The meeting will be attended by nearly 1,000. A proposition to modify the Illinois pharmacy law will be advanced. The officers of the association are: President, Fred M. Schmidt, Chicago; vice presidents, W. F. Baum, Danville; J. H. Keeling, Rockford; M. C. Metzger, Cairo; treasurer, George C. Bartella, Camp Point; secretary, R. N. Dodds, Springfield; local secretary, Walter H. Gale, 44 Monroe street, Chicago.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Fly paper at Churchill's.

Miss Ida Gieske is visiting friends in Detroit.

Mrs. Lutz of Chicago visited friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. Charles Senn is visiting with friends in Chicago.

Miss Malinda Boehmer is clerking for A. W. Meyer & Co.

L. C. Bennett of Chicago was visiting friends here Monday.

Lewis Noetzel of Chicago is visiting with H. Gieske this week.

George P. Chandler of Evanston was here on business Wednesday.

If you want good machine oil you can get it at J. D. Lamey & Co's.

Chloride of Lime and all other disinfectants are found at Churchill's.

Lost—A shawl, in Barrington. The finder will please return to this office.

FOR SALE—Parlor set of seven pieces. Mrs. J. Ulrich, Lageschulte block.

J. C. Church of Chicago visited with his mother, Mrs. Caroline J. Church, Sunday.

Wm. Grunau has taken the agency of the Woodmen's Accident Insurance association.

Willis Runyan of Elgin was the guest of his father, L. E. Runyan, Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary Johnson of Logansport, Ind., is a guest at the home of George Stiefenhofer.

Editor Gillispie, of the Suburban Times, Des Plaines, was a Barrington visitor Monday.

For Sale—Farm containing nearly 100 acres, east of Barrington. Apply to this office.

Miss Ethel Warner is visiting with friends and relatives in Woodstock and Crystal Lake.

FOR RENT—The Nelson residence, on Hough street. Apply to C. O. Winter, Barrington.

Miss Mamie Morrison of Chicago is enjoying the week here visiting her father, C. H. Morrison.

FOR SALE—Six lots, fine location, east front, 66 by 300 feet.
M. C. McINTOSH.

Fred Chandler and wife of Chicago were in the village Tuesday and fitted out an expedition to the fishing resorts along Fox river.

The habit of playing ball on the depot platforms and crossing at Williams street should be prohibited for the safety of pedestrians.

Rev. T. E. Ream of Rockford, a former pastor of the M. E. church in this village, was here Monday to conduct the funeral service of Wm. Collen.

Fox river grove will be the rendezvous for the Knights of St. George of Chicago, today. The White Feather club of Chicago have leased the grove for Sunday.

Messrs. C. A. Wheeler and Anderson of Chicago have been enjoying the week in this vicinity lounging in shady groves and tempting the fish at Lake Zurich.

The majority of the Fresh Air Fund children, who have been enjoying the salubrious climate hereabouts the past ten days, will return to their homes in Chicago today, greatly benefited.

Miss Luella Plagge, George Hansen, J. C. Plagge, Reuben Plagge, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Landwer and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Landwer attended the picnic given at Long lake Thursday of this week.

Miss Minnie Gieske entertained sixteen of her lady friends at her home on Cottage Grove avenue, Saturday evening. An enjoyable program of a social nature was indulged in and refreshments served.

One hundred Harvardites made an excursion to Lake Geneva, Tuesday and narrowly escaped drowning. The steamer landing, a large platform extending out into the lake collapsed owing to overweight. All were rescued.

Messrs. R. Kramer, W. Code and M. Doyle, employes of the Chicago post office were the guests of their fellow employe, Robt. Nightingale, last Sunday. The gentlemen rode out on their wheels in the early morning, covering the distance in 3 1/2 hours. They returned by train in the evening.

Sticky and Poison fly paper at Churchill's.

Richard Barker came out from Chicago Sunday.

Miss Lottie Freeman made a trip to Chicago Thursday.

J. C. Plagge and son Clarence spent Wednesday in Chicago.

Wm. Lawrence of Aurora visited with S. Peck Sunday.

Miss Mary Ernst of Oak Park is visiting with her mother.

Edward Wichman spent Saturday and Sunday in Dundee with his parents.

The Barrington Camp M. W. A. No. 809, will hold their picnic sometime during August.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sadt and Miss Nellie Gray are visiting with Edward Sadt at Oswego, Ill.

Philip Knopf of Chicago, county clerk of Cook county, was transacting business here Thursday.

Chas. E. Churchill, the druggist, returned Monday from Lewiston, where he enjoyed a pleasant visit.

Mrs. Fred Vermilya of Chicago is visiting this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Warner.

Misses Marie, Rose and Lillie McCarthy of Chicago are visiting at the home of W. K. Donlea.

Alfred and Harry Hathaway of River Sioux, Iowa, were visitors at the home of Fred Kirschner this week.

Mrs. F. H. Frye, Miss Mary Frye and Mrs. Henry Gieske left Thursday for Waverly, Ia., where they will visit with Mrs. Roloff for a few weeks.

The races at Woodstock opened on Thursday and the derby was attended by a large crowd of lovers of the turf favorites. Today closes the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Maybury and daughter Mable spent Sunday at the home of Richard Earith. Mrs. Maybury and daughter will remain for a visit among friends.

Dr. Robinson will offer a discourse at Sunday morning service at M. E. church on "Majority and Minority Reports." Evening topic, "Affairs in China." All are welcome.

Attorney Charles Barnes of Woodstock enjoys the notoriety of possessing the finest residence in McHenry county. It cost \$13,000 and is a monument to Charles' indefatigable work in his profession.

There was a bicycle meet on the Williams street crossing Wednesday evening and the way the lady from Cook county glared at the young man from Lake county would convince any one that they are not on friendly terms.

I have purchased the meat market of J. E. Evans and am now prepared to sell meats, vegetables, and everything usually handled in a first-class market. I will be pleased to meet old and new customers.
GEO. M. WAGNER.

Messrs. Bennett & France have now a nicely arranged and comfortable office in the Howarth building and are ready to expound the teachings of Blackstone in justice, state and federal courts. The gentlemen kept open house Tuesday and Wednesday and many called to wish them success in their work.

The storm of last Monday evening was the most severe that has visited this section the present season. The rain fell in torrents and the wind blew a gale, but reports show that little damage was done to growing crops. A number of lightly constructed out buildings were disturbed, fences blown down and orchards suffered lightly.

Thursday was a gala day for the members of the Baptist Sunday school and their many friends. They repaired to Comstock's grove early in the day, proceeded to enjoy amusements and dispose of a large supply of tempting viands. The children were not alone in their pleasure, fathers, mothers, uncles and aunts were in evidence and helped to make the occasion a happy one.

The Board of Review of Lake county is now in session at Waukegan, hearing complaints, equalizing assessments, etc. The Board consists of Miles T. Lamey as chairman, County Clerk A. L. Hendee, of Waukegan and R. G. Evans of Highland Park. The time of filing complaints expires on the first Monday in August. Their work must be completed on or before the 7th day of September.

Geo. Stiefenhofer made a trip to Chicago Thursday.

Frank Gieske made a business trip to Chicago Monday.

Mrs. Peterson of Chicago is a visitor at the home of Louis Gieske.

Dwight Hawley of Massachusetts is visiting at the home of L. H. Higley.

Miss Nora Plagge spent a few days this week with Miss Mary Smith at Cary.

Miss Florence Bennett of Elgin is visiting at the home of Jay Bennett this week.

Mrs. Redmond is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Robertson, this week.

Miss M. B. Bennett of Chicago, who is visiting here, and Mrs. Louise Bennett drove to Wauconda Wednesday, to visit friends.

Keep in mind the date of the B. S. & A. C. picnic. It will take place the 18th of August and will be something for future generations to talk about.

STRAYED—Came into my enclosure on or about June 25, three miles southwest of Barrington, one yearling heifer. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.
E. N. GIFEORD.

Messrs. Al. Robertson, Frank Robertson, A. J. Redmond, Jeff Dockery, Henry Boehmer and Fred Kirschner attended a conclave of Bethel Commandery at Elgin, Wednesday evening and were entertained as only members of that order know how to entertain knights.

George W. Wagner's familiar countenance is seen once more behind the counters in the well known Wagner market, having again entered business circles and purchased his former market from J. E. Evans who has been conducting the place since early in the spring. The change in ownership was arranged Monday.

The fifth annual picnic of the Chicago Milk Dealers Association was held at Fox river grove, Thursday. It was a big affair in point of attendance and enjoyment. All kinds of amusements were offered and \$800 in prizes was awarded. Each attendant at the picnic was presented with a souvenir in the shape of a celluloid milk can.

The Sunday school scholars of the Methodist church held their annual picnic at Hawley's grove Wednesday and it proved a most enjoyable and successful affair. The weather was perfect, amusements many and the refreshments in quantity inexhaustible, in quality the best. The adults present seemed to enjoy the event equally with the little folks. Over 200 were present.

Adolph Schmidt, formerly a resident of Arlington Heights, lately located at Belle Plaine, Ia., was killed by the cars at Franklin Park Monday. The body was badly mutilated and taken to the morgue in Chicago. From a news item in the city papers his father and brothers of Arlington Heights decided to investigate and identified the remains. Mr. Schmidt was conducting business as a butcher in the Iowa town.

Wednesday morning dawned bright and perfect, just such a day as the children and elder members of St. Ann's Catholic Sunday school had wished for on which to hold their picnic. Rands lake was the objective point and there a large and happy crowd assembled to enjoy the sports, commune with nature, and partake of the elaborate spread of good things prepared. The committee of arrangements left nothing undone that would add to the pleasure of the affair which will be remembered as one of the most successful in the history of the school. The school take this opportunity to thank Mr. Fred Hawley for the use of his beautiful grounds.

For two weeks lovers of trap shooting in this village have attempted to get together and show their skill, but have failed, the reason assigned being that no clay pigeons or live birds could be secured. That's good. Why not send for a few heathen yaller ones? There are plenty of them. Some of the anxious ones (those who can shoot) are cruel hearted enough to insinuate that the promoters of the meet can't shoot a little bit, and are using the "no birds" as an easy way to escape humiliation. The allegation is without foundation as an E. J. & E. gondola car down near the junction is plugged full of bird shot. How the gentlemen would come out with large objects for a target there is a reasonable doubt.

Ben Clinge spent Saturday in Chicago.

Mrs. H. C. P. Sandman is visiting at the home of her daughter in Chicago.

B. Lageschulte and family of Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday with J. B. Clinge.

Mrs. Fred Pomeroy and daughter Genevieve are visiting relatives in Chicago.

Mrs. P. C. Gilbert and T. W. Tefft of Elgin, and Amos Tefft of Avoca, Neb., have been spending a few days with their niece, Mrs. F. L. Waterman. Mrs. Waterman's mother, Mrs. Rhoda Hawley, who has been visiting sometime at Elgin, returned to Barrington with the visitors.

The discussion of politics has been relegated to the rear and the absorbing question is "What shall we do to the Chinese?" From sidewalk orators we are led to believe that the administration could get a few pointers how to effectually dispose of the Mongolian population of the Celestial Empire by addressing a communication to the diplomats hereabouts.

The old and oft repeated story—an electric railway from Aurora to Kenosha via Barrington and Lake Zurich—has found its way into the newspaper offices at Chicago. It's a mighty dull day when a Chicago news gatherer don't build a railway to connect Anrora with Lake Bluff or Waukegan. It will be many moons before the trolley car sings its merry song to the people of Barrington and residents along the route from here to Aurora.

Obituary.

William Collen departed this life at his residence in this village, Saturday morning July 14, after a protracted illness, at the age of 53 years and 11 months.

The deceased was born in Cambridgehire, England, August 4, 1846, and at an early age came to America taking up a residence in Barrington Center. In 1878 he married Harriet Langram and for many years they have been residents of this village.

Mr. Collen was a highly respected citizen and an earnest worker in the religious cause being closely identified with the Methodist church. Besides a wife and adopted son he leaves the following relatives to mourn his loss: Joseph Collen of Crystal Lake, brother, John and Lewis Collen of Barrington, Chas. and James Collen of Nebraska, half brothers; Mrs. J. Palmer of Barrington, and Mrs. Dermody of Chicago, sisters.

The funeral was held at the Methodist church Monday the services being conducted by Rev. T. E. Ream of Rockford, a former pastor, who delivered a discourse to a large number of neighbors and friends of deceased. Interment was at Evergreen cemetery.

Many Were Measured.

The Y. P. S. C. E. gave a measuring party at the parsonage of the Baptist church Saturday evening, and the young ladies measured the capacity of the gentlemen's pocket books very successfully by serving a most tempting collation of choice refreshments. The evening was pleasantly passed in genuine enjoyment. Such events, where each and every one is made to feel at home, whether he be dressed in homespun or broadcloth, are what serve to cement closer village society. The Y. P. S. C. E. is not only doing a noble work in the cause of Christianity, but it is also helping to make people happier by offering them opportunities of social improvement and enjoyment.

Notice.

The legal voters of the town of Barrington are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the Village Hall, on Wednesday evening, July 25, at the hour of 7 o'clock, for the purpose of appointing a committee to attend a meeting to be held in the city of Chicago on July 28, to take action in reference to the proposed abolition of Township organizations in Cook county.
LEROY POWERS,
Town Clerk.

Prize Eating Contes.

"They had an eating contest the other night at Pin Hook schoolhouse."
"Who won?"
"Ben Splutters—he ate nine head of cabbage."
"Didn't it make him sick?"
"No. He just took a spoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. That prevents Stomach Trouble of any kind, they say."
At Chas. E. Churchill's.

Charm of Country Life.

Edward Bok, writing in the Ladies' Home Journal, presents the inestimable advantages of living in the country in the following:

"It is true, that the business man cannot remain at home and do his work away from the marts. But he can do the next best thing; he can leave the marts behind him at the close of the day and refresh himself by a complete change of environment. Even if he does only what some men seem to deem not worth while—that is to say, if he only sleeps in the country—he gains the advantage of sleeping in a pure atmosphere, which he never gets and cannot get in the city. That blessing alone is worth all to him that it may cost him in a little longer travel each day to and from his place of business. With the railroad facilities for suburban living nowadays, a man can, in nearly every city, reach some suburb almost as quickly as he can 'go up town.' The truth is that there is a deal of objection to suburban living in the winter which is purely fancied—a truth which thousands of men have found out for themselves when once they could make up their minds to try the experiment. For it is a singular fact that once a man moves into the country a yoke of oxen cannot drag him back into city life."

Barrington offers to the business man, the professional man and the artisan opportunities for a home such as is seldom found close to a great city. To the seekers of health, to all who desire to enjoy freedom from the disadvantages of metropolitan life, here is an ideal place for a home.

Barrington makes no pretension to being a city and is not, like some of its sister villages, in the grasp of a land syndicate. The price of property is held at reasonable figures, the rate of taxation small. Here are to be found all advantages required to surround and make enjoyable a home—churches, excellent schools, cultivated and refined society, enchanting groves, fine driveways, pure water, electric lights, cheap fares to the city and all points of interest, thus enabling one to enjoy the advantages offered by the metropolis and escape all the disagreeable surroundings. Locate your home in Barrington, live close to nature and you will never be lured away from this village of happy and contented homes.

Reunion at Grayslake.

The executive committee of the Lake County Soldiers' and Sailors' Association have decided to hold a reunion this year at Grayslake, on Wednesday and Thursday, August 21-22.

Wauconda was a candidate for the honor of entertaining the veterans but Grayslake seemed to be the choice of the majority of those who wish to reunite. Considerable interest is manifested in this meeting, an attractive program will be furnished, and a large attendance is assured.

Family Reunion.

Mrs. Ida Hamilton and children, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gardner and family, Mr. Oliver Gieske and Miss Ethel Hamilton of Elgin, and Mrs. L. King and children of Chicago, visited with P. Houghtaling this week. Four generations were represented in this happy family reunion.

Struck by Lightning.

A barn on the farm of Wm. Brandt, four miles northwest of this village, was struck by lightning during the storm of Monday evening and totally destroyed. The contents was thirty tons of hay and farming implements. Loss \$700, partially insured.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Barrington, July 19, 1900:

Mrs. A. Bales, Mrs. Cyrus Robinson, J. D. Daily, Harry Smith, George Wehrhlin.

H. K. BROCKWAY, P. M.

How is the Ticket?

Does it suit you? Well, we are not all alike, you know, in this world, and it is hard to please everyone, but the favor is unanimously for Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin as it is guaranteed to cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Stomach Trouble. Sold by Chas. E. Churchill.

Excursion Tickets to Monona Lake Assembly, Madison, Wis.,

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates July 16, 17, 21 and 28, limited to July 31. A modified certificate plan will also apply on other than the above dates. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.