

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 12. No. 13.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1897.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

Board Proceedings.

Barrington, July 5th.

Board met in regular session in the village hall, President Boehmer in the chair.

Present: Hatje, Willmarth, Collen and Robertson.

The reading of minutes were dispensed with and the following bills were presented and allowed:

A. S. Henderson, salary.....	\$45 00
H. A. Sandman, salary and labor.....	36 25
F. Benson, labor.....	2 25
Rudolph Staak, street labor....	50
Fred Wolf, street labor.....	18 90
Chas. Wolf, street labor.....	8 25
John Hatje, street labor.....	8 00
Emil Naeher, street labor.....	14 70
Ernest Rieke, street labor....	16 20
A. W. Landwer, street labor....	21 90
Chas. Horn, street labor.....	18 70
Aug. Haak, street labor.....	6 30
L. Krahn, street signs.....	20 00

Board adjourned.

ADJOURNED MEETING.

Barrington, July 12th.

An adjourned meeting was held in the village hall, President Boehmer presiding.

Present: Hatje, Willmarth, Collen and Grunau.

Minutes of last regular and special meeting were read and approved.

The motion to purchase a safe for the use of the board was left in the hands of President Boehmer.

The bills of L. F. Schroeder, \$1.62 for nails, and Plagge & Co., \$53.06, lumber and tile, were allowed and ordered paid.

The clerk of the board was instructed to notify those owning acre-property in the limits of the village to meet at the village hall Saturday, July 17th, at 8 o'clock and arrange for platting of same.

Board adjourned.

Mother Goose's Entertainments.

The entertainments given by Miss Chase and the Baptist Sunday-school were of such a character as to win special mention. The old album given the first evening reminded us of the old times, and their costumes were indicative of years long ago. All of the "pieters" were well brought out, and the explanations given by Miss Chase were very interesting and were listened to by a large audience.

On the following evening Old Mother Goose and her family visited us. Miss Nellie Dawson commended herself as a most excellent mother of a large and remarkable family. The Old Woman in the Shoe is not soon to be forgotten. The Wandering Boy, King Cole, and all, were nicely carried out. All parts came in well and were well taken. Space does not allow a full and complete mention of all, but the sentiment expressed was, "not long enough"; that is to say "We would like more of it".

The Sunday school realized a handsome little purse to the credit of their treasury, and desire to thank all who in any way assisted in making the parts a genuine success.

Death of Charles C. Hennings.

Charles C. Hennings died at his home in Barrington, Monday, July 12, 1897, aged 50 years and 22 days.

Mr. Hennings was born in Mecklenburg, Germany June 20, 1847. He came to America with his parents in 1853, and was married to Miss Carrie Mundhenke Jan. 3, 1875, locating on a farm in Schaumburg. A few years later they moved on the old homestead about six miles south of Barrington, and finally made their home in the village of Barrington.

Mr. Hennings leaves a wife, two daughters—Mrs. C. F. Renich and Mrs. C. Beinboff—a grand-daughter, a brother and three sisters, besides a host of friends, to mourn his loss. Funeral was held Wednesday 1 o'clock p. m. from the house to the St. Paul's church. Interment took place at Evergreen cemetery, Rev. Rahn officiating.

If you desire to subscribe for any newspaper or magazine published in any part of the world, do so through THE REVIEW. We can save you money.

CARY WHISPERINGS.

Miss Edna Burton spent Sunday at Nunda.

Mrs. Severns was a Nunda visitor Sunday.

Mrs. James Catlow spent Saturday at Algonquin.

Ben Rau of Nunda was seen on our streets Sunday.

Mr. Weaver of Algonquin was seen on our streets Monday.

Miss Edith Richelson of Chicago is visiting at E. J. King's.

Miss Angye Sweet of Nunda is visiting relatives at this place.

George Wilson of Ringwood was seen on our streets Sunday.

Mrs. E. Sprague and daughter Goldie are visiting in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Philipps of Algonquin were pleasant callers Sunday.

Miss Tillie Hooker of Dundee is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Lamke.

Miss Lizzie Catlow of Barrington was the guest of her cousin, Estella Catlow.

Tony Morrison was drowned in Silver Lake Saturday evening while out swimming.

Miss Berdie Hitchcock of Chicago is spending a few days with relatives at this place.

Mrs. Runyan and two daughters, Iva and Myrtle, of Barrington visited at the home of James Catlow Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Freeman and daughter, Grace, of Barrington visited at the home of Mr. George Crabtree Sunday.

Mrs. Schriber and two children of Jefferson Park spent Sunday with friends at this place.

Miss Norma Thompson was given a pleasant surprise party Monday afternoon by her friends and school-mates it being her birthday. Among the number present were: Misses Nellie Tomiskey, Maude Osgood, Rose Allen, Florence Smith, Mamie Allen, Cornelia Smith, Edna Hubbard, Mary Smith, Ruth Holiday, Ethel Milner, Mary Stein, Mayme Boomer, Myrtle Kiltz, Edith Burton, Byrdie Lunn. All present expressed themselves as having a pleasant time.

Board of Supervisors in Session at Waukegan.

MONDAY, JULY 12.

The Board of Supervisors met in regular session this afternoon. All members present. Superintendent Anderson was chosen temporary chairman. Supervisor Wait moved that a committee be appointed to investigate the law on the election of assistant supervisors, and ascertain whether the newly elected assistant supervisors were entitled to be seated. The motion was carried and the chair appointed Supervisors Wait, Lamey and Dady as a committee. The committee made their report late in the afternoon. The examination of the law and records showed that Waukegan had elected one more assistant supervisor than they were entitled to. R. D. Wynn and W. H. Dodge were the assistant supervisors elected at the last election and inasmuch as Dodge received eight more votes than Wynn, he withdrew in favor of Dodge and the matter was settled in that way.

The next business was the election of a permanent chairman and the result of which was as follows: Swayer 13, Huntington 4, Fletcher 1, Wait 1; whereupon Swayer was declared elected.

Supervisor Lamey moved that a committee of three be appointed to prepare rules of order to govern the Board. Supervisors Lamey, Neville and Easton were appointed as such committee.

The Board then adjourned.

TUESDAY, JULY 13.

The committee on rules of order reported and the report was adopted. The chair appointed committees for the ensuing year as follows:

Equalization of Lands—Wait, Holtje, Strang.

Equalization of Lots—Dady, Thomas, Simpson.

Equalization of Personal Property—Cooke, Anderson, Tiffeney.

Poor and Poor Farm—Neville, Thomas, Adams.

Claims—Huntington, Miller, Hogan.

State Charities—Adams, Easton, Fletcher.

Finance—Anderson, Fletcher, Cooke.

Education—Hogan, Simpson, Dady.

Public Buildings—Dodge, Holtje, Easton.

Fees and Salaries—Strang, Cook, Huntington.

Erroneous Assessments—Miller, Hogan, Neville.

Poor Farm Auditing—Simpson, Lamey, Tiffeney.

License—Holtje, Strang, Dodge.
Swamp Lands—Tiffeney, Miller, Wait.
Election Precincts and Judges of Elections—Thomas, Dady, Neville.
Committee to Settle with County Officers—Easton, Wait, Lamey.
Miscellaneous—Fletcher, Huntington, Dodge.
Printing and Stationery—Lamey, Anderson, Adams.

The reports of the committees on lands, lots and personal property was made. Deductions in the assessment of the township of Cuba were made as follows: Lands, 1 per cent, lots 10 per cent, personal property 5 per cent.

The Bluff City Electric Railway Co. was given an extension of time to July 1, 1898, in which to build their line from Waukegan to Lake Bluff.

The committee on printing and stationery reported amount of claims presented to be \$559.75; the amount allowed on same is \$542.90. The report of the committee was accepted.

Soldiers' Monument.

The Lake County Monument Association met at the court house, Waukegan, at 1 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, Hon. Charles Whitney presiding. A number of the committee spoke and it was decided that owing to the various opinions expressed that a committee be appointed with full power to act. The chair appointed the following committee: George R. Lyon, J. R. Bracher, C. A. Partridge, B. L. Flagg and Arthur Cook.

A Bicycle Party.

A party of about fifteen young people enjoyed a bicycle ride to Lake Zurich Saturday evening and were entertained at the summer cottage of Mr. John Robertson by their accomplished daughter, Miss Lydia Robertson. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served and a very pleasant evening was spent. The many mishaps on the road of broken handles, loss of lamps, tires, etc., were thoroughly enjoyed by all and lent spice to the occasion.

PALATINE LOCALS.

Mrs. Lytle of Austin is visiting Mrs. E. Bradwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Wilson are taking an outing at Lake Zurich.

Will Meyer of Chicago is visiting with friends and relatives here.

Miss Mildred Hicks spent a few days with Miss June Julian this week.

Miss Meta Breuer of Chicago visited Monday with Mrs. Fred A. Smith.

Mr. Fayette, formerly a resident of Palatine, is visiting with friends here.

Peter Knowe is boarding in the city during his wife's stay in the East.

Ellis Foskette and Henry Godknecht are at Lake Zurich camping for a few days.

Mrs. E. R. Converse and children have returned from Grand Haven, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burlingame and Mrs. Nichols are camping at Lake Zurich.

Leta Chanterill of Chicago has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Milan Reynolds, this week.

Billy Williams' two weeks vacation ended this week and he returned to work in the North-Western office.

Mr. and Mrs. Monroe of Chicago are visiting at the home of L. M. Pinney. Mrs. Monroe was formerly Miss Maude Fox.

Miss Vashli Lambert returned home Saturday from Milwaukee where she has been attending the American Teacher's association.

The Palatine folks who are rusticated at Camp Comfort have not been heard from very frequently of late and it is presumed they are having the usual good time.

S. P. Heise and Julius Christianson were Palatine visitors last week. Mr. Christianson has secured a position in the butter factory at that place.—Waukegan Herald, July 10.

Mr. C. H. Patten and family have gone to Lake Zurich to spend the summer. Mr. Patten has the foundation laid and considerable of the frame work done on his new residence.

Fred Gieske was quite seriously prostrated by the heat, one day last week. One of M. L. Staples' farm hands was also overcome. Both men are reported as out of danger at present.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Dress Goods.

Our Dress Goods department was never so complete. We are showing in all lines of Dress Goods the newest and latest patterns and styles, from the highest price novelty goods down to the cheapest fabrics. We invite you to examine the bargains we are offering you in Dress Goods. You will save money on your purchases on **Lawns, Percales, Linens, White Goods, Black Dress Goods and Novelty Dress Goods.**

Shirt Waists.

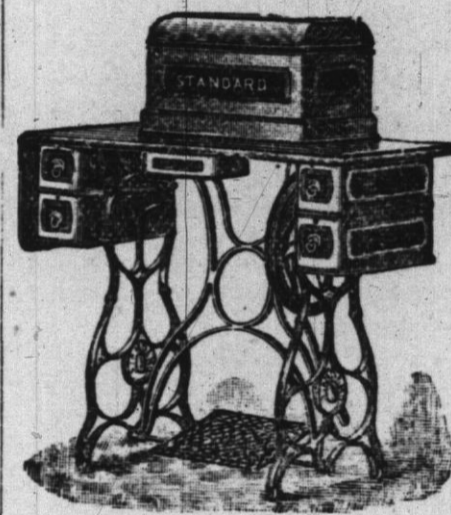
A large line of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 50 cents each and upward.

Underwear.

A full line of Gents' Ladies' and Children's Summer Underwear at all prices.

Capes.

We have a few more Ladies' Capes and Children's Jackets. If you want a bargain, be sure to call, as we are closing them out regardless of first cost.



THE STANDARD ROTARY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

The best and easiest running sewing machine made.

PRICE, TWO DRAWERS, \$40.
" FOUR " \$45.

You can buy a good Shuttle Sewing Machine for \$15.00 at

The Busy Big Store.

JOHN ULRICH, WATCHMAKER and JEWELER

(Formerly of the Elgin National Watch Co.)
Barrington

My specialty is repairing. All work neatly and promptly attended to and under full guarantee.

Carpets Carpets

BRUSSELS CARPETS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
COTTON CARPETS,
AND RAG CARPETS.

LINOLEUMS. FLOOR OIL CLOTH.
ALL WIDTHS.

Wolthausen & Landwer,
General Merchants,
BARRINGTON, ILL.

NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Minor Happenings of the Past Week.

EVENTS OF LAST SEVEN DAYS.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Fort Scott, Kan.—W. M. Rice, formerly editor of the Monitor of this city, received notice of his appointment by the treasury department as commissioner of immigration at Vancouver, B. C. Mr. Rice will leave at once for Vancouver.

Delphi, Ind.—During a violent thunderstorm Jesse Ulery, 18 years of age, son of Samuel Ulery, a farmer living near Camden, was killed by lightning.

Danville, Ill.—The north-bound Chicago & Eastern Illinois passenger train killed Oscar and Florence Starkey, two small children playing on the track near Alvan. Three of their playmates escaped.

Delhi, N. Y.—E. J. Betts and wife, who resided on a farm five miles from Delhi, were killed by lightning. Betts was about 40 years old. Two children survive the couple.

Muncie, Ind.—In two days there have been thirteen deaths in the suburb of Avondale, nearly all being children. The epidemic is attributed to shallow wells.

Urbana, O.—Z. T. Lewis, the famous bond forger, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary. His fraudulent operations in bonds are said to have amounted to \$250,000.

New York.—The body of a drowned man found in the East River on Sunday was identified as that of Davenport Debus, an actor, 47 years old.

Normal, Ill.—Professor L. H. Galbraith, who has been a member of the faculty of the Illinois state normal university, has tendered his resignation, in order to accept the chair of pedagogy in the University of Buffalo, at Buffalo, N. Y.

Decatur, Mich.—B. C. Wright was shot and killed at Coleman by some person unknown.

Niles, Mich.—A daughter of Peter Leech drank some kerosene and died in great agony.

Kokomo, Ind.—John Kirkpatrick was killed by the cars. He was crossing the track riding a reaper.

Columbus, Ind.—The employes of W. W. Mooney & Sons, tanners, have struck rather than accept a cut in wages.

Huntington, Ind.—Fred Beitler, a farmer, was found dead in bed. Heart disease is thought to have been the cause of his death.

Martinsville, Ind.—Mrs. Joseph Ferrand, a young farmer's wife, has disappeared from home and her relatives have been unable to find her.

Martinsville, Ind.—William D. Johns, an architect, hanged himself, the result of ill health. He leaves a wife and six grown children.

Ottawa, Ont.—Eight city aldermen have resigned their seats at the council board as a protest against the purchase of two American fire engines.

Portland, Ore.—Anton Pfanner, the banker of Forest Grove, Ore., who disappeared about six weeks ago, has been located in Victoria, B. C.

Lebanon, Ind.—George Rowe, a wealthy farmer, filed suit in the Boone Circuit Court against Dr. Amos Bennington, a prominent physician of Max, for alleged alienation of the affections of Mrs. Rowe. He wants \$10,000 damages. Dr. Bennington is 60 years old.

Peru, Ind.—This city has an ordinance against fireworks, but Monday it seemed suspended. Mayor Durand said he intends making cases against everyone against whom evidence can be maintained. Twelve times are promised.

Rockport, Ind.—The Methodist Episcopal conference of the New Albany district convened with J. E. Steele as presiding elder. About 100 members were in attendance. Rev. J. P. Funk delivered the opening sermon to the conference.

New York.—Stanford Newell of St. Paul, Minn., minister to The Hague, accompanied by his wife, sailed on the Westernland Wednesday.

St. Louis, Mo.—A coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide in the case of Dr. Richmond Cornwall, who killed his brother Herbert while defending himself and his aged father against the murderous assaults of the former.

Decatur, Mich.—In many parts of southern Michigan timothy hay is being cut two weeks ahead of time to save it from damage by grasshoppers. The pests are now doing injury to oats and serious damage to the crop is reported from many localities.

CASUALTIES

Newton, Ill.—Albert Mitchell, a farmer, while at work in his cornfield, south of Newton, was struck by lightning, killing him instantly.

Newton, Ill.—Albert Mitchell, a farmer, while at work in his cornfield, was struck by lightning and killed.

Mattoon, Ill.—Clifton Taylor, a butcher, caught hold of a guy wire from an electric light pole near his home during an electric storm, and received a fatal shock.

Genoa, Wis.—Herman Vogelau, a farmer, was killed in a runaway. His wife was also injured.

La Salle, Ill.—R. C. Hattenhauer, a druggist, dropped dead from heart trouble, caused by an overdose of digitalis.

South Bend, Kan.—The severe hot weather and southern wind culminated in a small cyclone near Albert, which did much damage. Mrs. Frank Koeber was thrown to the ground and killed. This is the only known death. Others were slightly injured.

Pineville, Ky.—Hugh Joeson and his family of five, who live fifteen miles northeast of this place, were burned to death Tuesday night, being unable to escape from their cottage, which was fired over their heads.

Canton, N. Y.—De Kalb junction was almost wiped out by fire. Twenty buildings were burned.

Astabula, Ohio.—William Clark of Bellevue fell from the top of a box car at Geneva and was killed.

Niles, Mich.—A daughter of W. M. Needles was literally cooked to death by falling into a tub of boiling water.

Carrollton, Ill.—Finis Bell, a farmer residing six miles north of this city, was killed by being run over by a thrashing engine.

Decatur, Mich.—John Fallahay, a Tuscola county farmer, fastened himself inside his barn, set fire to the structure and was burned to death.

Sibley, Iowa—Nervous shock, caused by a blow on the knee from baseball, caused the death of Bruce Henderson Douglas. Douglas was catcher for the Sibley nine.

Los Angeles, Cal.—While David Scott and William R. Heinsfield were excavating for water pipes earth caved in upon them, burying them alive. Both were dead when released fifteen minutes later.

FOREIGN.

Paris.—The supreme council of education has adopted a proposal by which foreigners are enabled to obtain doctors' diplomas by undergoing an examination at French universities.

Rome.—Captain Cei of the Bersaglieri has invented a rifle from which eighty shots a minute may be fired without removing the weapon from the shoulder. Tests of the new arm are being made by the government.

London.—A dispatch from Montevideo says that severe fighting between the revolutionists and government troops has occurred at Acegua, in the province of Cerro Largo. According to the government report, the rebels were obliged to retreat.

London.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The Japanese minister here assures me that the idea of adoption by Japan of offensive measures against the American annexation of Hawaii is absurd."

Sydney, N. S. W.—Sir Patrick Alfred Jennings, K. C. M. G., LL. D., member of the legislative council of New South Wales, is dead, aged 66 years.

Paris.—After seven weeks of difficult but friendly negotiations France and Germany have concluded a convention of delimitation of the Hinterland, between Togo and Dahomey. By the terms of the convention France obtains exclusive possession of Gurma, while Germany annexes Sandanne Mungu to Togoland.

Birmingham.—A cut in cycle prices announced by the Rudge-Whitworth Company, Limited, of London, has caused a general fall of cycle shares on the Stock Exchange and almost a panic throughout the trade.

CRIME.

Terre Haute, Ind.—Thad Holland, aged 11 years, of Washington, this state, tried to commit suicide by hanging because his mother whipped him. The boy, after several hours' effort by a physician, was restored to consciousness.

Rochester, N. Y.—William H. Gates was arrested at his home in the town of Gates charged with the murder of his wife, Carrie Gates. The two had not lived together for some time. Sunday Gates gained access to the room occupied by his wife and shot her.

Decatur, Mich.—Ella Cushing, aged 19, committed suicide at Hamburg while despondent from ill health.

Fostoria, Ohio.—Policeman Frank Culp shot and killed a tramp who refused to be searched, and opened fire on the officer. A man has been identified as Arthur Ripley of Dunkirk, a paroled convict.

Williamsburg, Iowa.—Burglars forced an entrance into the postoffice building, bored into the safe and tried to blow it, but failed.

Pocatello, Idaho.—Matthew Gooch was fatally stabbed by Charles Walker in a quarrel over irrigating water near Oxford. Both men are prominent ranchers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Paxton, Ill.—Mrs. Goodell of Loda, Iroquois county, died at the age of 65 years. She was the wife of Addison Goodell.

Topeka, Kas.—Reports from the harvest fields are to the effect that Kansas will have a larger yield of wheat this season than in any former year, with the single exception of 1892.

New York.—The republican county organization has 83,209 votes enrolled on its list, a net gain of 4,337 names over the enrollment of 1896. The lists have been carefully revised, Chairman Quigg says.

Memphis, Tenn.—Colonel C. W. Frazer, father of Virginia Frazer Boyle, the poetess, is dead. Colonel Frazer was a member of the Fifth Confederate regiment, and was one of the leading lawyers of Memphis.

Milwaukee, Wis.—The Norwegian-Danish M. E. Chicago District conference elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, M. C. Hanson, Chicago; vice-president, Miss Clara Jordt, Chicago; secretary, Paul A. Olson, Chicago; treasurer, S. Olson, Racine.

New York.—Forty families of Polish Jews, numbering over 100, who were landed by the steamships Sicilia and Verudam, will be deported because they are in a destitute condition and are therefore subject to exclusion as "persons liable to become public charges."

New York.—A syndicate led by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. is reported to have purchased from the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company \$20,000,000 of the refunding 3 1/2 per cent bonds to be used in taking up outstanding obligations.

Milwaukee.—The third annual song convention of the Chicago district Norwegian-Danish Methodist Episcopal conference was held in this city.

Washington.—Estrada Palma, the head of the Cuban junta in this country, has sent a machete or Cuban battle ax to Senator Mason of Illinois, to be given to his little daughter, Winifred. Mr. Palma states that he makes this present in recognition of Senator Mason's services for free Cuba.

Akron, Ohio.—Mrs. Priscilla Spooner, mother of H. C. Sanford of this city, died in Kent, where she has been living with her daughter, Mrs. Edward Sawyer. She was 103 years old and the oldest person on the Western Reserve. Buenos Ayres.—United States Consul Edward H. Baker, who was injured in a railway accident some days ago, is dead.

Fremont, Ohio.—President McKinley has accepted an invitation to attend the Twenty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry reunion and the twentieth anniversary celebration of the laying of the city hall corner stone, to be held in this place September 2.

Montreal.—The convention of reform rabbis passed a strong resolution condemning the proposed plan of establishing an independent Jewish state in Palestine.

Lincoln, Neb.—At a conference of committees representing the democratic, free silver republican and populist state central committees a fusion agreement was entered into and the joint state convention will be held in Lincoln September 1.

Senator Cullom of Illinois has decided that he needs a long rest, and will sail for Europe August 4 to remain until some time in October.

Waukesha, Wis.—The annual meeting of the State Bankers' Association was held here. New York.—In Greater New York there were eight deaths resulting from the heat Wednesday and about a score of prostrations.

Decatur, Ill.—The thermometer registered 98 degrees Wednesday. Harvey Baker died while plowing and O. Brock was prostrated, but will recover.

Lacon, Ill.—Joseph Wink of Toluca was prostrated by the heat and died in fifteen minutes. This is the second death from heat in Marshall county this week.

Cripple Creek, Colo.—The Cripple Creek district during the first six months of the present year produced \$6,075,000 gold and it is predicted that the output for the year will have a coinage value of \$14,000,000.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

Table with market reports for Chicago, Toledo, and Milwaukee, listing various commodities like Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Eggs, Rye, Potatoes, Butter, and their prices.

DAILY WORK OF CONGRESS.

House and Senate Conferees at Work.

DISCUSS THE TARIFF MEASURE.

Death of Senator Harris Causes a General Suspension of Work in Both Branches of Congress—Good Progress Being Made on the Dingley Bill.

Thursday, July 8.

In the house Mr. Dingley's motion to nonconcur in the senate bill and send it to conference was adopted. The speaker appointed the following conferees on the tariff bill: Messrs. Dingley, Payne, Dalzell, Hopkins, Grosvenor, republicans, and Bailey, McMillin and Wheeler, democrats. The house spent the afternoon listening to eulogies on the life and public services of Judge Holman.

Friday, July 9.

The Republican conferees on the tariff bill were in session all day, and it is said they accomplished a great deal in the way of arguing upon minor amendments. They talked over the general question before them, but will not take up any of the amendments over which there is serious disagreement until next week.

Sunday, July 11.

The conferees of the tariff bill held

a four hours' session Sunday. Several hundred of the minor amendments have been agreed upon, many of them mere changes in phraseology, and on a large majority of these the house conferees naturally have yielded. None of the important problems in the bill, however, has as yet been solved.

Monday, July 12.

On account of the death of Senator Harris, as soon as the journal had been read the house, on motion of Mr. Moon (dem., Tenn.), as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased senator, suspended business.

Two Young Girls Drowned.

A sailboat carrying five young people capsized in the middle of Eagle Lake, Ind., in a high wind. The drowned are: Bertha, aged 16, daughter of Edward F. Yarnell, Fort Wayne, Ind. Georgia, aged 15, youngest daughter of Prof. John M. Coulter of the University of Chicago. The other occupants of the boat, who were saved with difficulty, were John G. Coulter, fellow in the University of Chicago; Eunice, daughter of F. W. Munson of Chicago, and Will Grey, a grandson of Editor W. C. Grey of the Interior, Chicago.

Forty Dead, Eighty-Four Hurt.

A terrible railway disaster took place at Gientofte, Denmark. The express from Belsingers ran into a passenger train standing at the station, wrecked eight carriages, killed forty persons and injured eighty-four others.

MARTIN THORN A NEW YORK MURDERER.



To those who revel in murder mysteries, Martin Thorn is the most interesting man in New York just now. He is charged with having killed William Guldensuppe. If that were all it would not be so bad; but Thorn, according to the police, afterward carved his victim's body into small pieces, made separate packages of them, and threw them into the river. It is also claimed that Thorn severed Guldensuppe's head from the trunk, put it up in a plaster cast, and tossed it into the river. The police might never have known all this had it not been for a friend and fellow barber of Thorn's, who betrayed the secret to the detectives. Thorn believed himself to be a favorite with women. This bit of vanity led to his crime, for it was to get rid of a rival that he slew Guldensuppe. And as if

to vindicate his claims as an Adonis, it is said that he induced the woman in the case to assist him in the hideous work. The woman was Mrs. Nack, with whom both men were boarding. Mrs. Nack is now in jail also, and the police say they have a confession from Thorn. Thorn always wore a beautiful blonde mustache which curled at the end. He was handsome with that mustache, but after the disappearance of Guldensuppe he shaved it off. No one seems to know anything about Thorn—who he is, when he came, or, until recently, where in New York he lived. He liked cards and talked a great deal, but never told anything of value of himself. He was known to have boasted just before the murder that he would kill a man.

Indiana Garnishee Law Invalid.

The Indiana supreme court held Thursday that the garnishee law passed by the last general assembly, which has been used as an engine of more or less extortion in the labor districts, until it has become the most thoroughly hated enactment in the statute book, was unconstitutional and void, on the ground that it interfered with the general exemption law.

Work of Universalist Convention.

The national convention of the Universalist Young People's Christian Union Thursday heard reports from the executive board, secretary, treasurer, southern missionary, "onward" committee, junior superintendent and Christian citizenship superintendent. All were significant of rapid progress in the various branches of the society.

Bank of Spain Near to Failure.

The statement of the Bank of Spain, which has been formally gazetted, has increased the adverse comment on the bank management. It shows a bank note circulation of 136,000,000 pesetas (\$27,200,000) in excess of the authorized issue.

Gen. Weyler Is Recalled.

General Weyler has been recalled by the Spanish government. He will be succeeded by General Ramon Branco, Marquis of Pena Plata, who was captain general of the island in 1878 and who held the same office in the Philippines when the revolution began there.

TEACHERS IN SESSION.

National Educational Association Meets at Milwaukee.

Thursday morning's session of the National Educational association was chiefly devoted to a discussion of rural schools and their needs. Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott addressed the delegates during the day.

The thirty-sixth annual convention of the National Educational association ended Friday night.

President-elect James M. Greenwood of Kansas City was introduced by Charles R. Skinner, the outgoing president, amid a pronounced demonstration, and the convention adjourned.

Before the final adjournment the steps were taken for the organization of a national child-study association. It will be formed by combining a number of child-study organizations.

Big Meeting of Baptists.

The seventh international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America is to be held in Chattanooga July 15 to 18, and gives promise of being fully equal in interest and profit to any of its predecessors.

Saw and Grist Mill Burned.

Fire Sunday morning destroyed a large saw and grist mill and their contents connected with the plant of the Berlin Mills Company, entailing a loss of \$100,000. Five hundred men are thrown out of work.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

If there is anything in the signs of the times says Live Stock Indicator, they certainly warrant the conclusion that the cattle business is undergoing a very general and genuine revival. From the standpoint of the breeder the prospects are better than they have been for years, nor is the encouragement entirely in prospect merely, since the sales that are taking place from week to week show a steady and continuous stiffening of prices with a very marked increase in demand. All the beef breeds are bringing good figures for cattle of both sexes and all ages. Market cattle of good quality and finish are also doing well for their feeders, while the cheap stuff without breeding or capacity for taking a finish are losing about as much money for their owners as usual. The market conditions all declare with renewed emphasis that there is a profit in good cattle and little or none in scrub "pick-ups." The range outlook is very promising, losses during the winter having been kept fairly low, and while

should be abundant, all semblance to vulture hock or stiff feathering should be avoided.

Sheep in France.
Latest official reports give France 21,163,767 sheep, of which 297,419 are rams, 3,601,039 wethers, 8,606,077 ewes, 3,690,600 yearlings, wethers and ewes and 4,968,632 are lambs. It would seem from the above that the French people have not gone daft on baby mutton, but have a very wholesome respect for big, well fed wethers, which furnish a large part of the mutton for the fastidious French taste. And strange as it may seem to many good Americans, who think Merino mutton unfit for the table, the Rambouillet Merino furnishes the choice cuts for the most exclusive tables and daintiest palates in all this land of accomplished cooks and good livers.

Careless Breeding Stopped.
Breeders of Jersey cattle must remember that the new rule about "bred in pasture" says that don't go, says Home and Farm. If you want to register a calf that was born nine months after May 1, 1897, you must give the exact day of service. Bulls are no longer allowed to run with the cows in the pasture provided you want to register the calves. This will be a decided hardship to those who have cows pastured at a distance and to poor men who work away from the cows. It will be so hard to tell just when they need the bull. This new rule will break up one very bad practice that I have seen two instances of lately—that is, running an old bull and a young one together in the field with the cows. The rule, of course, is to attribute all the services to the old bull,

CONVENTION AT AN END.

Christian Endeavorers Finish Their Work.

SUCCESSFUL MEETING CLOSED.

Enthusiastic Gathering of Young Christians at San Francisco Ends Monday—Delegates Well Pleased with Their Entertainment.

The eyes of the Endeavorers in the remotest section of the world were turned upon the great gathering that was called to order Thursday by Chairman Rolla V. Watt. Greetings were read from India, France, Japan, Germany and other alien lands.

The subject of the annual message of the president, Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D., was "A World-Encircling Religious Movement; How Shall it Fulfill God's Design?" In answering the question of the text Dr. Clark said the movement must be true to its fundamental ideas, must necessarily be unifying, must be a persuasive force, must be sacrificial, and must listen to God's voice and continually obey it.

The report of John Willis Baer, general secretary, showed a marvelous increase in membership.

Denominational rallies were held in the thirty-two churches of the city in the afternoon. All were largely attended. An incident of one of the rallies which caused long continued applause was the reading of the following telegram from the president:

"Washington, July 8.—John Willis Baer, San Francisco: Best wishes for the success of the convention.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY."
Glorious weather prevailed again Friday, and early in the morning the Christian Endeavorers crowded the various churches where prayer meetings were to be held. The topic of all these was "The Christian Endeavor Pledge."

The report of the Junior Society of Christian Endeavor showed that the first society was organized May 23, 1884, at Taber, Ia., by the Rev. J. W. Cowan. At the Minneapolis convention, in 1891, only 855 societies were represented, but in New York, in 1892, over 2,500 were represented. At the Montreal convention, only one year later, the number was almost doubled, 4,136 being represented. But the most telling effect of the organization is the fact that no less than 25,264 Junior Endeavorers have become members of the church.

The report of the Intermediate Society of Christian Endeavor proved that there are now 366 of the societies of middle-aged boys, and California leads all the states with 51 societies.

There was no decrease in the size of the audiences at Saturday morning's sessions of the great convention. At the Mechanics' pavilion there was an audience of 10,000. Other services included the early prayer services at all of the protestant churches of San Francisco and Oakland. These were concluded in time to give the delegates an hour before assembling in the pavilions. In the evening receptions and rallies were held at the different state headquarters.

Sunday was a busy day for the members of the organization. Many meet-

ings were held, all, however, being devotional in character, business affairs not interesting the Endeavorers on the Sabbath. At the regular morning services of worship the pulpits of all the Protestant Evangelical churches in the city were filled by visiting clergymen. In several instances overflow meetings were held. During the evening regular services were held in all of the city churches.

Early Monday morning began the last day's work of the International Christian Endeavor convention. The banner presentation to the local city union having reported the best progress in the last year in promoting systematic and proportionate giving to God, aroused great enthusiasm among New Yorkers, who were possessors of this beautiful blue emblem last year, and the recipients of it for the coming twelve months.

Estimates made by leading business men agree that the people brought here by this great gathering leave not less than \$1,000,000 in the city. All the leaders of the movement are pleased with the success of their efforts and with the outlook for the future of the society.

Steel Men Take Lower Pay.

The special steel schedule of Jones & Laughlin's American Iron and Steel Plant at Pittsburg was signed Monday at a conference of the workmen and firm. The workmen accepted the terms offered by the company. It is said to be a slight decrease in wages on the price per ton, but an increase on the output, which will be much greater owing to the improved machinery.

Damage to European Wheat Crop.

According to the Mark Lane Express it is said that the English wheat crop will show an average of twenty-eight bushels to the acre, which is about two bushels below the normal. The same authority says that the Russian crops have been so seriously damaged during the last fortnight that the government is preparing to take exceptional measures of relief for agricultural distress.

Hope for Mrs. Maybrick.

The chances of the release of Mrs. Maybrick from Woking prison, England, are considered to be more favorable than at any time during her imprisonment. Judge L. D. Yarrell of this city, counsel for Mrs. Maybrick, recently called on President McKinley, and the president is understood to have held out much encouragement to the prisoner.

Condition of Winter Wheat.

The following are the percentages of condition of winter wheat on July 1 in the principal winter wheat producing states: Pennsylvania, 101; Tennessee, 110; Kentucky, 101; Ohio, 88; Michigan, 78; Indiana, 65; Illinois, 40; Missouri, 52; Kansas, 89; California, 78; Maryland, 111; Virginia, 110; Washington, 105; Oregon, 92.

Tornado Hits Three States.

A week of excessive heat ended at 5 o'clock Friday afternoon with a tornado, which swept over Western Kentucky and Southern Illinois leaving destruction in its path. Metropolis and Brooklyn, in Illinois; Mayfield, Eddyville and Kuttawa, in Kentucky, and Paris, Tenn., suffered severely.

JOHN C. CLIGGETT, A GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATE.



John C. Cliggett, Clevelandite candidate for governor of Iowa, is the senior partner of the law firm of Cliggett & Rule, of Mason City. In 1892 and again in 1894 he was a candidate for judge of the supreme court of Iowa. He was born in Rensselaer county, New York, Aug. 25, 1840. He went to Mason City in 1871, where he has since engaged in the practice of law. He was brought up on a farm, receiving a common school education. He af-

terward divided his time for some years between farm work, teaching school and reading law. He attended Chicago law school, and received his first certificate of admission to the bar from the supreme court of Illinois in the spring of 1869. He is noted for his acumen and stands at the head of the bar in northern Iowa. There is a rumor that the Republicans will endorse him. They hold their state convention August 12.

Chicken Cholera.

This is an exceedingly fatal contagious disease, which is widely distributed over this country, and causes enormous annual losses, especially in the central and southern sections. The first symptoms of the disease is, in the majority of cases, a yellow coloration of that part of the excrement which is usually white, quickly followed by violent diarrhoea and rise of temperature. Other common accompanying symptoms are drooping of the wings, stupor, lessened appetite, and excessive thirst. Since the disease is due to a specific germ, it can only be introduced into a flock by direct importation of this germ, generally by fowls from infected premises. As soon as the symptoms of the disease are observed "the fowls should be separated as much as possible and given restricted quarters, where they may be observed and where disinfectants can be freely used. As soon as the peculiar diarrhoea is noticed with any of the fowls, the birds of that lot should be changed to fresh ground and the sick ones killed. The infected excrement should be carefully scraped up and burned, and the inclosure in which it has been thoroughly disinfected with a one-half per cent solution of sulphuric acid or a one per cent solution of carbolic acid, which may be applied with an ordinary watering pot. Dead birds should be burned or deeply buried at a distance from the grounds frequented by the fowls. The germs of the disease are taken into the system only by the mouth, and for this reason the watering troughs and feeding places must be kept thoroughly free from them, by frequent disinfection with one of the solutions mentioned. Treatment of sick birds is not to be recommended under any circumstances. The malady runs its course, as a rule, in one, two or three days, and it can only be checked with great difficulty. —Ex.

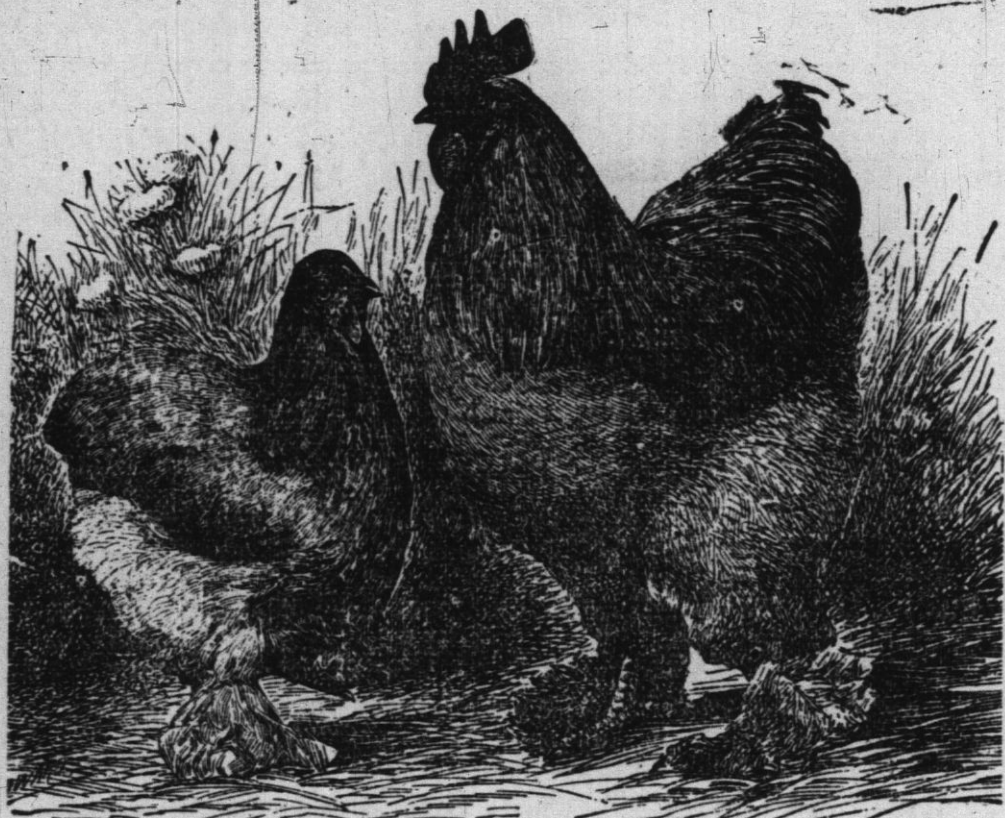
Fowls for Eggs.

One of the difficult things to learn in poultry culture is, that it is not the number, but the kind of individual hens or pullets which are kept that makes the difference in the balance to their credit at the end of the year, says a writer in Poultry Herald. Probably there are a great many who keep chickens that do not realize the vast difference in the individual hens in a flock. We can assure them if they will but take the pains to watch their fowls in this respect they will find some of the hens laying more than double the number of eggs some of the others are, and besides there being a marked difference in the size of the eggs. A very grave mistake among a great many is that of keeping all the old hens over for laying stock, and housing them and the laying stock together. The result generally is few if any eggs, as the old hens naturally domineer over the pullets and obtain the majority of the feed thus becoming fat internally, which will hinder if not entirely stop them laying; while pullets, which need the most food to develop them and bring them up to egg production, have to do with the little they can get after the hens have been satisfied, and consequently few pullets in the flock will begin laying until well along towards spring. By selecting the choicest of hens for breeders for the following season and giving them a pen by themselves, disposing of all the others and depending alone on the early pullets for the winter eggs, the result would be quite different.

Texas Fever Tests.

A recent communication from Columbia, Mo., says: The executive committee of the Missouri board of agriculture has made arrangements for extensive experiments with Texas fever. In cooperation with the experiment station, the work of last season will be duplicated. Texas cattle, freed of ticks by the use of a dip, will be placed in pastures with natives to prove the efficacy of this mode of disinfecting. Pastures that were infected last season have been burned over, and native cattle will be placed upon them to ascertain if the burning has effectually destroyed the ticks. Dr. J. W. Connaway will make further tests with serum intended to immunize native cattle. Cattle immunized last season will be tested again this year, to ascertain the length of time the serum will prove effective. Ticks hatched on immunized cows have been kept over the winter, and their progeny will be placed on natives to ascertain their ability to convey the infection.

Small Flocks of Sheep.—Sheep are the most profitable stock on the farm. Those who go into sheep extensively find it a profitable business, but a small flock on every farm is nearly all profit. There is no animal that will convert the weeds and wastes that grow on every farm into ready cash like sheep. They will eat almost every kind of weed that grows, even to thistles. They soon banish weeds from pastures where they are fed from year to year, and if they do not clean the fence corners, lanes, bush borders, fallow fields and byways it is because they do not get a chance. There is no way of checking wild mustard so effectively as by growing sheep fed on the land from year to year and allowing the sheep to feed upon it.—Ex.



PAIR OF BUFF COCHINS.

the number to be marketed will be short, the quality is such as to afford competition of a pretty active kind for good native cattle in July, when the range season opens. The feed conditions on the ranges will be quite favorable, and the rather limited number that will run on them will have a tendency to send them to market in very superior condition. The range cattlemen have been for the past two or three years paying large and increasing attention to their breeding. They don't regard anything as too good for them, and it would surprise most readers if they did not know how large has been the number of car loads of pure bred bulls that have gone West this season. This policy is having a very decided effect upon the cattle that will come from the ranges this season, and, as each season passes, the impress of pure blood will become stronger, so that in the future, in all years when they have feed on their ranges, they may be expected to be strong competitors with the market cattle grown on the farms.

which is taking great liberties with the rights of the Jersey Cattle club, to say nothing of the chances of giving a purchaser the wrong pedigree. Such recklessness in breeding is absolutely criminal, and yet I have seen two men who stand well with their neighbors guilty of this act within the past month. You must get up your bulls and build stalls for them with a small lot or paddock attached. This is the sensible way to breed, anyway, so that you know when the cow is due, and you can feed, dry her off and generally handle her with some intelligence. Besides, every man ought to use a bull that is so good that neighbors for miles around will send their cows to him, for a fee, of course, ranging from \$1 to \$5; in some instances a great deal higher, and enough to pay the cost of keeping the bull. You want your bull in hand for this work, so everyone will not turn in to him and neglect to pay.

Calling the Chickens.

In England the calls chuck, chuck or coop, coop, prevail; in Virginia, cooche, coo-che; in Pennsylvania, pee, pee. This latter call is widely employed, being reported from Germany, Spain (as pi, pi), Bulgaria, Hungary, Bavaria and the Tyrol. In the Austrian province the term is used in combination, thus, Pulla, pi, pi; the call pullele, pul, pul, also occurs there. In some parts of Germany the poultry are called with tick, tick; in Prussia, put, put, and young chickens with tuk, tuk (Grimm), and schip, schip, the latter being an imitation of their own cry. In eastern Prussia hens are called with kluck-schen, kluck, kluck; also tippchen, tipp, tipp. Grimm record also pi, pi, and tiet tiet. Weinhold reports from Bavaria bibell, bidli; pi, pul, and pul, pul. In Denmark the call is pootle; in Holland, kip, kip; in Bohemia, tyoo; in Bulgaria, tiri, tiri.

Muck.—Muck, by which is generally meant vegetable mould, is too poor in fertility to warrant carrying far or much handling. As for mixing it with stable manures, we would not advise such a practice, as the manure without the muck is none too efficient. There is one partial exception to this rule. When a heap of manure is fermenting, it saves the waste of ammonia to throw over the pile a small quantity of vegetable mould, and this when the heap is turned must be mixed with the stable manure.—Ex.

Standard Varieties of Chickens.
Cochins.—The four Cochin classes are very popular with breeders. They are second to the Brahma classes in the meat breeds, weighing but a pound lighter than the Light Brahma. Old and experienced breeders of Cochins are pronounced in praise of their qualities as profitable fowls, they being hardy, good winter layers of rich, brown, medium-sized eggs, and fairly good table fowls. The chicks grow well and develop rapidly under proper care. The Buff variety is the most bred of the Cochin class; their soft, mellow, buff tone offers an attraction to fanciers that is hard to resist. In color the Buff Cochin, male and female, are of a rich, deep, clear buff, uniform in shade throughout except the tail, which should be a deeper buff or copperish bronze, undercolor same as surface color, but of lighter shade and should extend to the skin. In breeding select females as near as possible to the desired shade of buff, as free from dark or white in wing and tail and of as even a color as can be. To such females mate a cock of deeper shade, with some little black in wing, and tail of deep buff of a coppery luster. This mating will produce good results in cockerels and pullets. The heavy leg and foot feathering so characteristic of the breed should have constant care and attention. While the feathering

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The American Negro.

The typical negro tenant arrives at a new home in a mule wagon or ox cart with a bundle of rags, a frying pan and a covey of children, and he stays with a landlord who may have saved him from destitution by advancing provisions and dry goods only so long as the caprice of the hour dictates. Landowners who have sunk into financial ruin by mortgaging their property have nearly always been dragged into the slough by the effort to help their negroes out of it. The crop made by the average negro farmer is subject to many contingencies besides those of the weather. He does not hesitate to leave his field at the most critical season if pleasure calls him. "Big meetings" he never can resist, and these take place during the important agricultural months of July and August, first at one church and then at another.

After the mules have been working hard all the week in this busy season they are often driven from 10 to 15 miles on Sundays, carrying wagon loads of men, women and children, long bright ribbons flying out from the heads of the female members of the family, whose hair has been tightly plaited and bound with cords during the week in order to produce a holiday sensation in an ample psyche knot at the back and a bushel-like roundness in front. They appear in fancy waists and big sleeves and regale themselves and their friends with a dinner of fried chicken, cake and watermelons after the meeting, rags being good enough to wear, hockeak and bacon being good enough to eat, during the week. Like his African ancestors, the American negro is miserable without jollifications and feasting. If he can have them, he will do a hard job of work between times.—Francis Albert Doughty in Lippincott's.

The Silkworm.

We owe the introduction of the silkworm into Europe to sticks.

Silk was produced in the east, practically solely in China. When Christian missionaries penetrated into that strange land, they heard much about silkworm breeding and the manufacture of silk, but although they longed to make use of such profitable knowledge in their own countries they were not able to do so, for the Chinese guarded their valued silk industry with the most vigilant jealousy.

To attempt the removal of the caterpillars or eggs across the nation's border meant death by horrible torture. Daring adventurers there were, but they met terrible fates. The prize was a great one, however, and men persevered.

The popes at Rome offered large rewards to any one who could bring them the much coveted tiny eggs. Two pilgrims at last succeeded in doing so. They made a very small cavity in their long staves, concealing therein a few eggs. These ragged and dirty wayfarers awakened but little curiosity, being resolutely docile to all formalities of searching.

They trudged on cautiously to Rome. Then they felt safe and laid their sticks, with their priceless treasures, at the feet of the pontiff. From those few eggs the silk industry was established in Europe.—Strand Magazine.

Charity in Judging Character.

Hasty judgment of the actions of others is dangerous and often unjust. We measure too much by some superficial appearance and condemn hastily, when, if we but knew and understood the motives and reasons, we would warmly approve. We sometimes say of some one, "That pain, sorrow or loss has not deeply affected him." But we do not know. It is like the death of a few of the soldiers in front of a regiment. The broken ranks close up again into the solid phalanx, and the loss is not apparent. There may be no disorganization, no surrender, no craving for pity, no display of despair. It is like the calm, dazzling play of the waves warmed by the morning's sun after a night of storm and disaster. There is no sign of the wreck. The tide has carried the debris away far out on the ocean; the treacherous water has swallowed all signs and tokens of the night's awful work. We see only the fairness of the morning, not the suffering of the night. Let us be charitable in our judgment and condemn not when we do not know.—William George Jordan in Ladies' Home Journal.

Some Chicago and Milwaukee capitalists expect to get rich working coffee plantations in the state of Jalisco, Mexico, 75 miles east of the port of San Blas, on the Pacific ocean. They have bought 3,000,000 acres of coffee lands, for which they paid 20 cents an acre in Mexican money.

The diplomats of Europe are holding daily sessions at Constantinople. Is this a congress of mothers?

MASSACHUSETTS ROADS.

The State is Teaching the People the Advantages of Improved Highways.

One of the difficult matters to control in the use of the new state highways, says the Athol (Mass.) Chronicle, is to break people of their inveterate habit of driving in one track, so that the horses always wear the surface in a particular line and the wheels tend to make ruts. An effort is being made to stop this practice, and recently the commission put up about 50 signs in various towns, reading, "Don't Drive in the Middle of the Road."

The only repairs which have been necessary for the state roads have been caused by driving horses continually in the same tracks, and about \$2,500 has had to be spent to make the damage good. In several towns, where some signs to the same effect as the above were posted last July, the good result has been apparent. If the people will only wear the road uniformly all over the surface, instead of bringing all the wear upon one spot, the roads will be vastly more serviceable and the people will get just as much good from them.

Those who have teaming to do over the state roads tell the commissioners of the advantage they find. They cannot carry heavier loads than before, for there are still so many sections which have not been touched that, as the strength of a chain is measured by its weakest link, so the load which can be drawn over a road is measured by the strength required for the worst place, but the drivers tell of the quicker time they can make over the state road and of the greater ease for their horses. The people are getting an idea of the great saving they would enjoy if all the roads were like these built by the state.

FARMERS WAKING UP.

Louisiana Agricultural Society Wants a Good Roads Convention.

The Louisiana Agricultural society has appointed a committee to wait on Governor Foster and request him to call a road convention in New Orleans at an early day. Commenting on this, the New Orleans Times-Democrat says:

We are glad to see the farmers taking hold of this matter of better roads. Heretofore nearly all the agitation in their favor has been by the bicyclists. While they are interested—for good roads mean better, longer and pleasanter rides for them—their interest is not one-tenth that of the farmers. It is a mere pleasure with them; with the farmers it is a question of dollars and cents.

The extra cost of hauling to market in consequence of the thoroughly bad and often impassable roads with which Louisiana is afflicted often represents the difference between profit and loss on a crop. The cost of hauling is increased 10 per cent, and there is another 10 per cent to be added for the supplies brought back to the farm. With good roads the Louisiana farmer's profit on his crop would be increased 20 per cent over what he is likely to get today, and in many cases even more, and many farmers who now find at the end of the year that they have not made a cent and that the cost of raising their crops has swallowed up every dollar these crops have brought them, would find a handsome balance left.

A road congress will not build roads, but it will start the agitation in their favor. It will have its influence on the legislature at its next session and assure the passage of a good road law.

GOOD ROADS IDEA.

A Proposition in New Jersey to Teach Roadbuilding in the Schools.

A novel feature of the good roads movement in New Jersey is the proposition to introduce instruction on road building into the common schools. The need of elementary instruction in that direction is seen every day. The state report says:

"The ignorance that prevails among the average rural residents regarding the proper manner of repairing even the common roads shows a striking necessity for some kind of technical instruction, guided by which our ordinary township authorities will be able to make the best use of the ever present materials for keeping the roads in proper repair."

"In traveling over the country we often see men repairing a miry roadway by throwing mud from the ditches into the middle of the roadbed. In all our communities it is a common practice to scrape the worn out material, that has been repeatedly washed from the center of the road, back into the middle of the road, only to be again washed out by the rain or to be waded through as deep sand."

"Upon our macadam highways there is a prevailing spirit of neglect. Instead of immediately repairing the little breaks, our county officials leave them until rods of the stone become unraveled, necessitating at times the expenditure of several hundred dollars per mile for repairs, where a few dollars would have been sufficient."

Du Maurier tells us in one of his delicious asides that he never found but two men willing to live their lives over again just as they had lived, and both of these were men who found their greatest enjoyment in eating.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

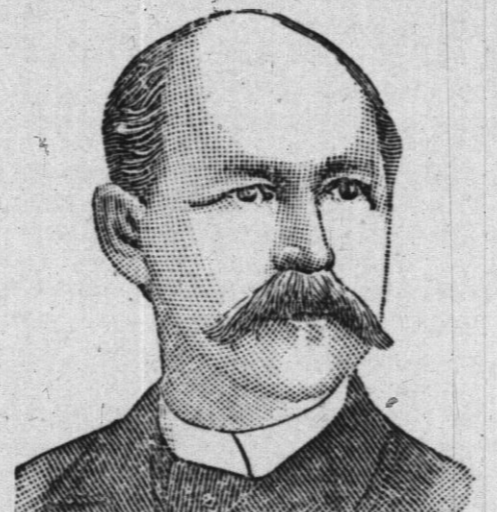
C. & N. W. R. R.		
WEEK DAY TRAINS--NORTH.		
LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'T'N.
7 30 A. M.	8 32 A. M.	8 50 A. M.
8 15		9 11
9 10	10 19	10 30
10 50	11 58	12 10 P. M.
1 15 P. M.	2 03 P. M.	2 13
3 30	4 47	5 02
5 00	5 57	6 09
6 01	7 08	7 20
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

WEEK DAY TRAINS--SOUTH.		
LV. BARR'T'N.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 30 A. M.	6 40 A. M.	7 25 A. M.
7 00	7 10	8 25
7 56	8 09	9 15
9 08	9 18	10 20
9 52	10 02	11 00
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 30
5 02	5 12	6 20
6 53	7 03	7 55

SUNDAY TRAINS--NORTH.		
LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'T'N.
4 00 A. M.		5 02 A. M.
9 10	10 19 A. M.	10 30
4 45 P. M.	5 45 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
6 35	6 00	6 12
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

SUNDAY TRAINS--SOUTH.		
LV. BARR'T'N.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
7 05 A. M.	7 15 A. M.	8 10 A. M.
7 56	8 09	9 15
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
5 02	5 12	6 20
4 25	4 35	5 45
9 10	9 23	10 25

E. J. & E. R. R.			
	NORTH.	SOUTH.	
Joliet.....	2.30am	8.40am	4.10pm 10.15pm
Barrington.....	7.00am	2.00pm	10.35am 5.15pm
Lake Zurich.....	7.15am	2.45pm	10.15am 5.55pm
Leighton.....	7.45am	3.05pm	9.20am 5.05pm
Rondout.....	8.00am	3.25pm	9.00am 4.45pm
Waukegan.....	8.30am	4.10pm	7.30am 3.00pm



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CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

PALATINE, - - ILL.

LAKE ZURICH.

Ice men are smiling a smole.
Miss Emma Ficke is visiting in the city.
Wm. Ernsting is entertaining some relatives.
Ben Wilson of Palatine was a caller on Wednesday.
Henry Luersen of Palatine was in town Saturday.
H. Weidenhofer and wife returned to the city Sunday.
R. C. Hill of Wauconda was on our streets Wednesday.
Wallie Hill has gone to Harvard, Ill., to work in a creamery.
George Baker of Fremont called here first of the week.
An arrival at the home of Wm. McDowell and wife—a son.
A. P. Jappe of Palatine made a business call here Tuesday.
Herman Meyer of Detroit, Mich., is the guest of his parents.
Chas. Shultz went to the city on business first of the week.
Mr. Fred Stott and ladies of Barrington called on Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. F. Fisher are entertaining guests from the city.
It is reported that Mrs. Niedert will rebuild at Lake's corners.
Base ball every Sunday at Oak Park grounds. Admission 10 cents.
Mr. Ritzetaler has moved into Kohl's house on Grove avenue.
Herman Helfer is getting the foundation ready for his new house.
Oscar Sinnett and family of Barrington were in Zurich Tuesday.
Wm. C. Bryant of Barrington called in town on business last Tuesday.
Fred Fisher is assisting in Eichman's blacksmith and wagon shop.
The "dagos" are all gone but the smell of garlic still remains with us.
Zurich is to have electric lights. The home plant will be at Barrington.
Some improvements were made at the creamery this week by F. E. Hawley.
There was a large barn raising on the L. Peters farm Wednesday afternoon.
The band boys it appears have taken a decided rest for an indefinite period.
Herman Harmening of Dundee with friends made old friends a call here on Sunday.
H. L. Brooks of Wauconda, agent for the Keystone fencing, was here Tuesday.
Wm. Buesching entertained a nephew from the city Monday and Tuesday.
Banker Patten of Palatine has moved into his summer cottage at this place.
Miss Augusta Eichman went to Diamond Lake to work in a hotel at that place.
The Canada thistle commissioner will be after you if you don't cut the pestering weed.
Baby christening at F. Holland's Sunday. The little fellow has the name of Arthur.
J. Adams of the Waukegan Lubricating company made a business call here on Wednesday.
Kohl Bros. will build a large store at Lake's Corners having bought a lot there of Mr. Fettler.
Miss Lena Eichman is expected home from Detroit next week, where she is attending school.
John Blaine and wife of Willow Springs called with relatives and a host of friends here last week.
The Waukegan Steam Laundry has a branch office here at Frank's barber shop, where orders may be left.
Daniel Gilfoy and wife of Chicago are guests of Mr. Felix Given's. Dan is also visiting a host of friends.
There was a very large excursion party at this place from Joliet yesterday, consisting of five coaches, over the E. J. & E.
A large advertising sign is to be put up in the ball park. Business men wishing to get space will address Manager Unions, Lake Zurich.
John Stuenkel who was taken to the Elgin insane asylum some time ago escaped last week. He was taken charge of here and returned to Elgin.

Palatine was well represented at this place Sunday. They all came to "holler" for a ball team that was supposed to hail from that place. The Unions were defeated by a score of 12 to 14.

Wednesday morning a white horse attached to a buggy came tearing down the street. The animal kept straight in the road and was finally caught about one mile out of town. No damage done.

WAUCONDA.

Cooler weather.
Frank Horton returned to Elgin on Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. Manicon made a trip to Waukegan Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hapke and family visited at McHenry Sunday.

Miss Mary Horning of West Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Gieseler.

F. E. Green of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Green.

Mr. A. Cook and daughter, Avis, went to Waukegan Sunday to spend the week.

Will Baseley who has been working at Harvard for the past few months returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kirwan of Fox Lake spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. Geo. Mills.

Mrs. Erskine Oaks and daughter, Lulu, are spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Ford.

Fred Horton of Elgin, who has been spending the past week with his uncle, M. L. Powers, returned home Sunday.

Mr. Wm. Wells and son and daughter of Sandy Hill, N. Y., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Darrell.

Mr. Fitch is doing quite an extensive oil business. He is selling a good article and his customers appreciate it.

Miss Daisy Grosvenor, who has been spending the last two weeks with relatives and friends at Grayslake, returned home Sunday.

Mrs. McCabe, who has been spending the past two weeks with relatives and friends at McHenry and vicinity, returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burton of Chicago came out Saturday to spend a few weeks with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Clark.

H. Maiman transacted business in the city Thursday. Mrs. Maiman accompanied him to Barrington, where she visited with Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sott.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Green and family of Chicago came out from the city Saturday to spend a few days with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Green.

Mr. Dobbyn and daughter, Lelah, who have been spending the past week with friends in our village, started for Canada Sunday, where they will spend a few weeks with relatives.

Don't forget the dance at the Bowery this evening, Saturday, July 17th. Good music will be in attendance and all who attend will be assured a right good time. All are cordially invited to attend.

Our quiet little burg was highly aroused Saturday forenoon, when the cry of fire ran through our streets and the firebell began to ring. Men, women and children could be seen coming from every house and the firemen hurried to the engine house for the engine. It was now that the excitement ran high. The engine and hose cart was immediately run out and started for the scene. The company had barely started when the report came that the fire was out, but Alderman A. Cook gave the order to go any way. When the place was reached it was found to be a pile of straw back of Ed Daley's residence which had become ignited by some unknown cause, producing more smoke than fire. The bucket brigade was on hand and after throwing a few pails of water on the rubbish practically put the fire out, when the hose was turned on and settled it entirely.

The medal contest at the Baptist church Saturday evening by the W. C. T. U. was excellent and all went off fine. The program was as follows:

Music.
Invocation.
Recitation, by Miss Edith Turnbull—"The Martyred Mother."

Recitation, by Harry Houghton—"The Sisters on a Strike."
Instrumental Duet, by Misses Lilah Golding and Jennie Brooks.

Recitation, by Miss Nina Pratt—"The Convict's Soliloquy."

Recitation, by Miss Lilah Golding—"The Bridal Winecup."
Music selected by Mr. Dobbyn.

Recitation, by Early Harrison—"A Call to Patriots."
Recitation, by Miss Villa Dixon—"An Old Man's Story."

Music.
Judges: Rev. C. L. Hocking, Horton Brown, Miss L. L. Gutknecht.

Referee, Mr. Dobbyn.
Presentation of Medal and Prizes by Prof. R. C. Kent.

The result of the contest was as follows:
1st. Miss Villa Dixon, silver medal.
2d. Miss Nina Pratt, one year's subscription to the Home Magazine.
3d. Miss Edith Turnbull, book entitled "Mill on the Floss."

LANGENHEIM NOTES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Klein a baby girl.

Anton Brosenke and Robert Ichler were Chicago visitors Sunday.

John Miller and Ernst Schultz were in Chicago on business Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Meyer and the baby were Barrington visitors Tuesday.

Misses Bertha and Dora Langenheim were Lake Geneva visitors Saturday.

Charley Peterson and Miss Kampert called on Mr. and Mrs. A. Meyer Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Welch are happy over the arrival of a little boy at their home.

Mr. and Mrs. August Miller and family were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Lageschulte Sunday.

Miss Frieda Biesemeier was given a very pleasant surprise party last Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Meyer. About twenty-six young folks were present. The evening was spent in playing games, etc. At eleven o'clock refreshments were served. The young folks left for their homes about midnight. All that were present reported a very pleasant time.

"Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble," says Mrs. E. G. Gregory, of Fredericktown, Mo. "Our doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief." For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

\$35 cash will buy a Monarch wheel 1896 model. Good as new. Inquire at once. M. T. LAMEY.

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All kinds of blacksmith's work given prompt attention.
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Fish, Oysters, Etc.
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HARD OILS,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL.**

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Dental Rooms in
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Prices.

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OUT PAIN** by an application to the gums. No charge when teeth are ordered. Fillings, painlessly, at half the usual rates. Set of Teeth \$5 and up.
Crowns and Teeth Without Plates a Specialty.
It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

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A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.
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One month's treatment for one dollar. Sample box 25c. Try it and be convinced.
For pains in the back and all female weaknesses. **USE SAPPHO**
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THE LIFE OF THE MIND

BY HUGH CONWAY.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

PART I.

we were in full swing of conversation.

The moment my eyes fell upon the young man I had noticed how singularly handsome he was. Charles Carriston—for this I found afterward to be his name—was about twenty-two years of age. He was tall, but slightly built; his whole bearing and figure being remarkably elegant and graceful. He looked even more than gentlemanly—he looked distinguished. His face was pale, its features well cut, straight and regular. His forehead spoke of high intellectual qualities, and there was somewhat of that development over the eyebrows which phrenologists, I believe, consider as evidence of the possession of imagination. The general expression of his face was one of sadness, and its refined beauty was heightened by a pair of soft, dark, dreamy-looking eyes.

It only remains to add that, from his attire, I judged him to be an artist—a professional artist—to the backbone. In the course of conversation I told him how I had classified him. He smiled, "I am only an amateur," he said; "an idle man, nothing more—and you?" "Alas! I am a doctor."

"Then we shall not have to answer to each other for our sins in painting." We talked on pleasantly until our bodily wants were satisfied. Then came that pleasant craving for tobacco which, after a good meal, is natural to a well-regulated digestion.

"Shall we go and smoke outside?" said Carriston. "The night is delicious."

We went out and sat on one of the wooden benches. As my new friend said, the night was delicious. There was scarcely a breath of air moving. The stars and the moon shone brightly, and the rush of the not far distant stream came to us with a soothing murmur. Near us were three or four jovial young artists. They were in merry mood; one of them had that day sold a picture to a tourist. We listened to their banter until, most likely growing thirsty, they re-entered the inn.

Carriston had said little since we had been out of doors. He smoked his cigar placidly and gazed up at the skies. With the white moonlight falling on his strikingly beautiful face—the graceful pose into which he fell—he seemed to be the embodiment of poetry. He paid no heed to the merry talk of the artists, which so much amused me—indeed, I doubted if he heard their voices.

Yet he must have done so, for as soon as they had left us he came out of his reverie.

"It must be very nice," he said, "to have to make one's living by art."

"Nice for those who can make livings by it," I answered.

"All can do that who are worth it. The day of neglected genius has gone by. Muller was the last sufferer, I think—and he died young."

"If you are so sanguine, why not try your own luck at it?"

"I would; but unfortunately I am a rich man."

I laughed at this misplaced regret. Then Carriston, in the most simple way, told me a good deal about himself. He was an orphan, an only child. He had already ample means; but Fortune had still favors in store for him. At the death of his uncle, now an aged man, he must succeed to a large estate and a baronetcy. The natural, unaffected way in which he made these confidences, moreover made them not, I knew, from any wish to increase his importance in my eyes, greatly impressed me. By the time we parted for the night I had grown much interested in my new acquaintance—an interest not untinted by envy. Young, handsome, rich, free to come or go, work or play as he listed! Happy Carriston!

Sketching has always been my favorite holiday pursuit. Poor as my drawings may be, nevertheless as I turn them over in my portfolio, they bring, to me at least, vivid remembrances of many sweet and picturesque spots, happy days, and congenial companions. It is not for me to say anything of their actual merits, but they are dear to me for their associations.

This particular year I went to North Wales, and made Bettws-y-Coed my headquarters. I stayed at the Royal Oak, that well-known little inn dear to many an artist's heart, and teeming with reminiscences of famous men who have sojourned there times without number. It was here I made the acquaintance of the man with whose life the curious events here told are connected.

On the first day after my arrival at Bettws my appreciation of my liberty was so thorough, my appetite for the enjoyment of the beauties of nature so keen and insatiable, that I went so far and saw so much, that when I returned to the Royal Oak night had fallen and the hour of dinner had long passed by. I was, when my own meal was placed on the table, the only occupant of the coffee-room. Just then a young man entered, and ordered something to eat. The waiter knowing, no doubt, something of the frank camaraderie which exists, or should exist, between the followers of the painter's craft, laid his cover at my table. The newcomer seated himself, gave me a pleasant smile and a nod, and in five minutes

doors as the temperature advised or our wishes inclined.

Great friends we soon became—inseparable as long as my short holiday lasted. It was, perhaps, pleasant for each to work in company with an amateur like himself. Each could ask the other's opinion of the merits of the work done, and feel happy at the approval duly given. An artist's standard of excellence is too high for a non-professional. When he praises your work he praises it but as the work of an outsider. You feel that such commendation condemns it and disheartens you.

However, had Carriston cared to do so, I think he might have fearlessly submitted his productions to any conscientious critic. His drawings were immeasurably more artistic and powerful than mine. He had undoubtedly great talent, and I was much surprised to find that good as he was at landscape, he was even better at the figure. He could, with a firm, bold hand, draw rapidly the most marvelous likenesses. So spirited and true were some of the studies he showed me, that I could without flattery advise him, provided he could finish as he began, to keep entirely to the higher branch of the art. I have now before me a series of outline faces drawn by him—many of them from memory; and as I look at them the original of each comes at once before my eyes.

From the very first I had been much interested in the young man, and as day by day went by, and the peculiarities of his character were revealed to me, my interest grew deeper and deeper. I flatter myself that I am a keen observer and skillful analyst of personal character, and until now fancied that to write a description of its component parts was an easy matter. Yet when I am put to the proof I find it no simple task to convey in words a proper idea of Charles Carriston's mental organization.

I soon discovered that he was, I may say, afflicted by a peculiarly sensitive nature. Although strong, and apparently in good health, the very changes of the weather seemed to affect him almost to the same extent as they affect a flower. Sweet as his disposition always was, the tone of his mind, his spirits, his conversation, varied, as it were, with the atmosphere. He was full of imagination, and that imagination, always rich, was at times weird, even grotesquely weird. Not for one moment did he seem to doubt the stability of the wild theories he started, or the possibility of the poetical dreams he dreamed being realized. He had his faults of course; he was hasty and impulsive; indeed to me one of the greatest charms about the boy was that, right or wrong, each word he spoke came straight from his heart.

So far as I could judge, the whole organization of his mind was too highly strung, too finely wrought for everyday use. A note of joy, of sorrow, even of pity, vibrated through it too strongly for his comfort or well-being. As yet it had not been called upon to bear the test of love, and fortunately—I use the word advisedly—fortunately he was not, according to the usual significance of the word, a religious man, or I should have thought it not unlikely that some day he would fall a victim to that religious mania so well known to my professional brethren, and have developed hysteria or melancholia. He might even have fancied himself a messenger sent from heaven for the regeneration of mankind. From natures like Carriston's are prophets made.

In short, I may say that my exhaustive study of my new friend's character resulted in a certain amount of uneasiness as to his future—an uneasiness not entirely free from professional curiosity.

Although the smile came readily and frequently to his lips, the general bent of his disposition was sad, even despondent and morbid. And yet few young men's lives promised to be so pleasant as Charles Carriston's.

I was rallying him one day on his future rank and its responsibilities.

"You will, of course, be disgustingly rich," I said.

Carriston sighed. "Yes, if I live long enough; but I don't suppose I shall."

"Why in the world shouldn't you? You look pale and thin, but are in capital health. Twelve long miles we have walked to-day—you never turned a hair."

Carriston made no reply. He seemed in deep thought.

"Your friends ought to look after you and get you a wife," I said.

"I have no friends," he said, sadly. "No nearer relation than a cousin a good deal older than I am, who looks upon me as one who was born to rob him of what should be his."

"But by the law of primogeniture, so sacred to the upper ten thousand, he must know you are entitled to it."

"Yes; but for years and years I was always going to die. My life was not thought worth six months' purchase. All of a sudden I got well. Ever since then I have seemed, even to myself, a kind of interloper."

"It must be unpleasant to have a man longing for one's death. All the more reason you should marry, and put other lives between him and the title."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ILLINOIS NEWSLETS.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

While attempting to board a freight train at Mendota, Fred Strayhorn of London was instantly killed and an unidentified man so severely injured that he will die.

Mayor Harrison has found places for 150 laborers in the bureau of water pipe extension. Early in the day the mayor discovered that the names on the laborers' civil-service eligible list had become exhausted. The pay of this class of laborers is \$2.25 a day. Within two hours 150 men had been put to work under the sixty-day temporary rule.

Mrs. Dr. H. C. Hopper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Phelps of Elmwood and sister of Mrs. Violet Phelps Lewis of Peoria, died quite suddenly of blood poisoning at her home in Galesburg Saturday morning. Mrs. Hopper was a charming young woman and very popular in Galesburg society, and was very well known in Peoria. She was married last October to Dr. Hopper.

Maj. R. W. McClaughray, warden of the penitentiary, left for Europe Thursday. He has been in poor health for some months past, caused by overwork, and his physicians have advised a trip abroad. He will spend some time in northern Scotland, and before returning to Joliet will visit the police and penal departments of London and Paris. Deputy Warden M. H. Luke has been made acting warden during Maj. McClaughray's absence.

The conductor of the passenger train on the Rock Island road that pulled out of the Joliet depot at 11:18 Monday night was startled out of a week's growth when his train stopped with a jerk at the west end of the canal bridge, a few hundred feet from the depot. Hurrying through the cars, setting passengers on edge over the prospect of a holdup, he met a brimman, who informed him that a man had jumped from his car step, clear over the parapet, into the foul and thick water below.

The village of Minooka was excited Monday over an attempt at robbery in daylight by a tramp who entered the country residence of J. Clennon. Miss Anna Cruse was alone in the house at the time, and at the point of a revolver the tramp demanded money and told her he would kill her if she did not tell him where the money was. She said there was no money in the house, but he replied that he knew better. Then the girl fainted away. The burglar proceeded to go through the house. The farmers soon organized into a posse and a reward of \$50 for the tramp's capture was raised.

The Chicago postoffice building is placarded with notices that there are no vacant positions in the service, and that all applications must be made to the secretary of the civil service commission. The postmaster has issued a circular to hotel proprietors, colleges, hospitals, clubs and semi-public institutions, calling attention to a recent requirement of the postoffice department that all undeliverable mail bearing the card of such institutions must be returned to the dead-letter office. The reasoning of the department is that the envelopes furnished by such places and institutions are used by the public in general, and the return card gives no clue to the identity or address of the person writing the letter. To insure the return of the mail belonging to the ordinary official business of such places and institutions the postmaster suggests the use of another envelope, in which the card is marked by the added word "office," as "Office of the University of Chicago," instead of the card on the general envelopes, "University of Chicago."

The Chicago police now have a theory that the mysterious shooting of Bicycleist Nelson, while in the company of Mrs. Staples in Washington Park, was a case of mistaken identity, that the shots were fired by a highwayman, and that robbery was the motive. Incidentally they are searching for Prof. C. E. Copeland, former principal of the high school at Delaware, Ohio, who the police think was the intended victim of the robbers. Prof. Copeland came to Chicago June 20 to visit an old friend. He was an enthusiastic wheelman and spent much of his time in the parks and along the boulevards. On June 29, the same evening Nelson was shot. Copeland had a draft of \$700 cashed at the American Exchange bank. It has been learned that the professor was followed from the bank by a roughly dressed negro. The police have also learned that the professor, after drawing the money, went to Washington Park, and that he was followed by the negro at least part of the way. The police believe the negro intended to rob Copeland in the park, but lost track of him after dark and by mistake shot Nelson.

Acquitted the Kissar.
A robust widow in New York brought a suit for damages in the sum of \$10,000 against an undertaker 70 years old, whom she accused of hugging her so violently as to injure her ribs. The jury, after considering the decorous habits of undertakers and the improbability of the alleged act arousing the resentment of a well balanced woman, brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Shake Into Your Shoes.
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

When Marriage Is a Success.
A New York philosopher figures it out that a woman who is permitted to get the best of every quarrel will consider marriage a success.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

In a recently-designed door lock the key fits into the end of the door-knob, and there is no other key-hole.

Weak Tired.
Thousands are in this condition. They are despondent and gloomy, cannot sleep, have no appetite, no energy, no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla soon brings help to such people. It gives them pure, rich blood, cures nervousness, creates an appetite, tones and strengthens the stomach and imparts new life and increased vigor to all the organs of the body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

IT KILLS
Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms, and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.
Gray Mineral Ash
Is fully warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bug Book." It may save you lots of money.
National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md.
Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
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Women Crochet
Who can have a few hours spare time can earn good wages working for us at home (city or country). Write us, L. White & Co., 142 State St., Chicago.

MANNATTAN BEACH HOTEL 15th-st. and Bond-av. Chicago. Room and board \$1.00 per day, or \$2.50 per week and up.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 29, 1897.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

SERVED FIFTY YEARS.

SENATOR HARRIS LONG IN THE PUBLIC HARNESS.

First Went to Congress in 1847 and Became a Leader from the Start—One of the Century's Most Remarkable Men.

Senator Isham G. Harris of Tennessee died at his residence in Washington July 8 at 5 p. m. The senator had been growing constantly weaker for several days, the intense summer heat which has prevailed greatly debilitating and no doubt hastening his end. There were times when he would rally slightly, which gave his family hopes that he would be able to regain strength sufficient to be removed from the city, but his vitality had become too much exhausted to withstand the strain.

There were present at his bedside when death came his son, Edward K. Harris, and the latter's wife; Representative Benton McMillin of Tennessee, Miss Polk, a friend from his native state, and the members of the household where the senator has lived for some time. Another son, Charles H. Harris, not realizing the end was so near, had left the house a short while before death came.

Last Day in the Senate.

Senator Harris was last time in the senate chamber about ten days before his death, but he was unable to stay for any length of time and had to be taken home in a carriage. During the past six months the senator had been able to attend to his duties only at intervals, having been away from the city several times and endeavoring to recuperate. Probably no man in public life had been identified with more of the history of this country than had Senator Harris. He had almost completed his seventy-ninth year, having been born in February, 1818, and first became a member of congress in 1849. His congressional career thus began earlier than that of any member of either house, antedating Senators Morrill and Sherman by seven years and Galusha A. Grow, now a member of the house from Pennsylvania, by one year. Mr. Harris had, when he was elected to the national house of representatives, already become a man of state reputation in Tennessee, having the year previously served as a presidential elector on the democratic ticket and two years before been elected a



SENATOR ISHAM G. HARRIS. member of the legislature of the state. Mr. Harris represented the ninth Tennessee district in congress for the two terms ending in 1853, when he declined a renomination. He then moved to Memphis, where he has since resided. Here he was engaged in the practice of law until 1857, with the interruption necessary to allow him to become a presidential elector in 1856.

Chosen Governor of Tennessee.

He was three times in succession before the war, beginning in 1857, elected governor of his state, and was serving in that capacity when the war broke out. He took a pronounced stand for the southern confederacy and was known as one of the southern war governors. The vicissitudes of conflict rendered a frequent change of residence necessary and he was often with the army in the field. He attached himself at different times to the staff of General Albert Sidney Johnston, Joseph E. Johnston, Beauregard and Bragg. Albert Sidney Johnston fell from his horse into Senator Harris' arms when he received his death wound. After Lee's surrender Mr. Harris was one of a small party of political refugees who escaped to Mexico, going across country on horseback. Parson Brownlow, who had become the military governor of Tennessee, offered a large reward in a characteristically worded poster for the capture of his predecessor, but the latter remained absent from this country until his return was safe. He remained in Mexico for several months, going thence to England, where he resided until 1867, when he returned to Memphis and resumed his practice of law. Mr. Harris was allowed to follow the pursuits of the private citizen until 1877, when he was elected to the United

States senate, defeating L. L. Hawkins, republican.

Long Career in Congress.

He has remained a member of the senate ever since and would have completed his twentieth consecutive year in that body on March 4 next if he had lived to that date. He had been four times elected to the senate, the last time in 1895, and his term would not have expired until 1901. Senator Harris had received almost all the honors that the senate could bestow. He was the president pro tempore during the fifty-third congress, a leading member of the committees of finance and rules and also of the democratic advisory or steering committee. He has long been awarded by common consent the front place on both sides of the chamber in parliamentary questions, and in recent years he had been more frequently heard in expounding these questions than in the elucidation of other subjects. He was possessed of a very positive manner and never failed to throw into his statements concerning parliamentary practice the fullest force of which he was capable. His language on these and other occasions was generally so uncompromising that he was regarded by those who knew him not as a man of little feeling. That, however, this was not true, and that the contrary was true, none is now so willing to testify as his opponents in the senate, who unite in attributing to him a warm heart as well as a just spirit and brilliant mind.

Last Years in the Senate.

Senator Harris has not been especially active in the senate since the passage of the Wilson-Gorman tariff act in 1894. He was one of the three democratic senators intrusted with the arduous duty of putting the bill in shape in committee and to him was delegated the control of the parliamentary work of getting the bill through the senate. Although then a man of advanced years, his energies never seemed to flag. He was at his post of duty day and night, and no man in the opposition who sought to turn a legislative point against the bill ever caught him napping but once. The senate adjourned one day earlier than he intended when he was temporarily absent, but he made the incident so disagreeable to friend and foe that the experiment was not repeated. He was a tireless worker and made it a point to be prompt in his attendance at committee meetings whenever able to be at the capitol. He was punctilious in observing the rules of the senate, regarding that body much in the light of a daughter to be cherished and protected. Senator Harris was a native of Tennessee. His father was a plasterer, who had emigrated to the state from North Carolina. He was admitted to the bar in 1841. Probably not a better parliamentarian was ever in the senate chamber. John J. Ingalls was perhaps a better presiding officer than Harris, but Harris was a better parliamentarian than Ingalls. His knowledge of parliamentary law was vast and his ability to command it wonderful. No man in the senate was more sincerely beloved by his associates than Mr. Harris. He was in reality the father of the senate and saw Sherman and Morrill and others come and go.

Senator Harris' Successor.

Owing to his feebleness the question of a successor to Senator Harris has been discussed for months, and the announcement of the death of the distinguished Tennessean only set the political gossips to going at a faster pace. The situation is decidedly interesting, as a successor to the dead senator will be appointed by the governor to serve until 1899, when the legislature will meet and elect a senator to fill out Harris' unexpired term. The fight is now on in earnest. All eyes are on Governor Taylor. The situation is complicated by the fact that it has for years been the ambition of the governor to go to the senate. A few months ago it was announced that the governor would resign, and in view of Harris' condition it was charged by Taylor's enemies that he was getting in position to receive appointment to the senate. There is little doubt that "Governor Bob" would be the most formidable candidate, were the legislature in session, though he would have lively rivals in the persons of Congressmen McMillin and Richardson.

It is said that the governor will resign now, and Speaker Thompson of the senate, who would become governor, would be so grateful for his elevation by "Bob's" stepping out that he would appoint Taylor to the United States senate. If the governor does not make this deal it is conceded that he will appoint some man like General W. H. Jackson of Nashville or M. W. Hope of Chattanooga, who would not oppose him in 1899. In all events Taylor holds the key to the situation.

One of the most costly crowns in the world is that of the king of Portugal. The jewels which ornament it are valued at \$3,500,000. Queen Victoria's crown is valued at \$1,800,000. In his state clothes, including the crown, the sultan of Johore wears diamonds worth \$12,000,000.

Educating Your Girls.

There are few better places in the United States than St. Clara's academy at Sinsinawa, Wis. It is located in the garden spot of the state, and for healthfulness and beauty it is unsurpassed. The buildings are elegantly arranged, spaciousness being a leading characteristic from cellar to dormitories. Every modern improvement is in use. The educational facilities are excellent, being under the directions of the most learned and accomplished sisters of St. Dominic.

A Little Low.

A telegram from Kansas City says that the dean of an Episcopal church there attended a vaudeville performance at one of the parks and was so shocked at one of the women performers that he hissed her and demanded his money back at the door. The dispatch says that the young woman wore "an extremely low cut dress to the knees." It is no wonder the dean was shocked. A dress so low as that would shock a bishop.

Try Grain-O.

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers. Tastes like coffee. Looks like coffee.

Good Enough for an Alderman.

The new jail in Cook county will be the finest in the country and will harmonize with the smooth character of the thieves and crooks in Chicago. The intention is to make it good enough for boodling aldermen if any of them happen to get into it.—Ex.

A FREE FARM.

The Dominion government has many publications giving facts about the advantages of Manitoba, Alberta and Assiniboia for mixed farming or ranching. One hundred and sixty acres free. For pamphlets and information write C. J. BROUGHTON, Agent, 232 Clark st., Chicago.

Mitigating Circumstance.

"Your father-in-law is quite a howling old swell, Chumpey." "Yes; but we must make some allowance. He is having a terrible attack of the gout just now."—Detroit Free Press.

Financial.

"Did you read that magazine article on 'The Working of a Bank?'" "No. Is it by an ex-bank president or an ex-burglar?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Rev. P. Slagle, of Golden, Ill., writes: "I was often almost crazed with pain in temple and eye. Have used two packages of Dr. Kay's Renovator and think it an excellent remedy."

If you are sick from any cause, there is no remedy more likely to cure you than Dr. Kay's Renovator. Send for a valuable 68-page book "Dr. Kay's Home Treatment." It has 50 recipes and treats nearly all diseases. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

President McKinley's mail averages from 1,000 to 1,300 letters a day, and several sacks of newspapers.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, a positive cure for nervousness, constipation, dyspepsia and liver disorders. See advt.

The present population of Australia is estimated at about 4,600,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Truthfulness is justice to conviction.—W. Boyd Carpenter.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and receive Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The craze for hypnotism is spreading to an alarming extent in Maine.

Educate Your Bowels with Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation, indigestion, 10c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

A Boston poet the other day made "Bacchante" rhyme with "haunt."

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

Ten regiments in the British army publish newspapers.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tendrils or Sore Feet, Chills, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Better be strong than bright.

Notwithstanding bicycles and horseless carriages, Paris still harbors 50,000 horses.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a family medicine with us since 1865.—J. R. Madison, 2409 43d Ave., Chicago, Ills.

Tennessee is looking forward to a very large blackberry crop.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

What we gain by experience is not worth what we lose in illusion.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Simplicity is a jewel rarely found.—Ovid.

THE "GROWN-UP" DAUGHTER'S DUTY TO HER MOTHER.

You can only have one mother; therefore, when her step is growing slow and her mind gloomy with forebodings, and you can see that her whole nervous system is upset, it is your filial duty and privilege to attend to her in time! Mother is approaching the most critical period of her life.



The change of life, that is what mother is dreading, and no wonder, for it is full of peril to all but the strongest women.

There are some special and very wearing symptoms from which mother suffers, but she will not speak of them to any one. Help her out; she doesn't know what to do for herself!

Shall I advise you? First, send to the nearest drug store and get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and see that mother takes it

regularly, then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., giving all the symptoms and you will receive a prompt reply telling mother what to do for herself. In the meantime the Vegetable Compound will make life much easier for her. It tones up the nervous system, invigorates the body, and the "blues" vanish before it as darkness flees from the sunlight. You can get it at any reliable druggist's.

Mrs. LOUIS STRONG, Harris Hill, Erie Co., N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with falling of the womb for years, was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took thirteen bottles and received great benefit. When the time for change of life came I suffered a great deal with faintness and palpitation of the heart. I got one bottle of the Vegetable Compound and one of Blood Purifier and was relieved again. I was thereby enabled to pass through that serious period very comfortably."



NEW PRICES

ON

Columbia Bicycles.

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

1897 COLUMBIAS The Best Bicycles Made,	Reduced to	\$75
1896 COLUMBIAS Second Only to 1897 Models,	Reduced to	60
1897 HARTFORDS Equal to Most Bicycles,	Reduced to	50
HARTFORDS Pattern 2,	Reduced to	45
HARTFORDS Pattern 1,	Reduced to	40
HARTFORDS Patterns 3 and 6,	Reduced to	30

Nothing in the market approached the value of these bicycles at the former prices; what are they now?

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Catalogue free from any Columbia dealer; by mail for a 2-c. stamp.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought *Chas. H. Fletcher* on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897:

Samuel Pitcher, D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing. R. P. Hall & Co., Props., Nashua, N. H. Sold by all Druggists.



L. N. MEAD CYCLE CO., 287 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

ST. CLARA'S ACADEMY, Sinsinawa, Wis. Conducted by the Sisters of St. Dominic. Extensive grounds. Location unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty. Elegant and spacious buildings, with all modern improvements. Every facility is offered to young ladies for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education. For terms and particulars apply to MOTHER SUPERIOR.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREGG'S 5082, Atlanta, Ga.

CANCER CURED AT HOME; send stamp for book. Dr. J. E. HARRIS & Co. Pike Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Clarence Sizer is on the sick list.

Carl Ernst is on a two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. S. S. Hageman visited Chicago Monday.

F. B. Solt was a Chicago visitor on Monday.

Mrs. J. Graybill was a Chicago visitor Thursday.

Miss Anna Rehm has been visiting at R. Purcell's.

Henry Hartz of Chicago visited his parents Sunday.

Wm. Ewing has left the employ of L. F. Schroeder.

Emil Schaefer made a business trip to Elgin Tuesday.

Thomas Dolan and family were visitors at Cary Sunday.

Mrs. B. H. Solt is visiting at Oswego, Ills., this week.

Albert and Frank Gieske make Elgin a visit Monday.

Roy Myers has a week's vacation and is spending it at home.

Miss Nellie Gray made friends a visit in the city this week.

Mrs. Minnie Krahn of Chicago is a visitor here this week.

Fred Benson has moved on the Richard Boothman farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Heimerdinger visited friends in Chicago Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Solt and Mrs. Kuhlman were Elgin visitors Tuesday.

Miss Sadie Krahn is now assisting Miss Donlea in the postoffice.

Buffalo Bill's Wild West show is billed to appear in Elgin soon.

Miss Amelia Pawelski visited friends in Chicago a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hawley of South Elgin are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. E. W. Shipman is entertaining her sister, Miss Rogers, of Chicago.

Mrs. W. A. Loomis of Chicago is the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. H. Higley.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawin are happy over the arrival of a little boy at their home.

Miss Minnie Schultz has gone to Michigan to spend the summer months.

Miss Castleman of Lombard, Ills., is visiting at the home of her uncle, S. Peck.

Mrs. George Comstock, jr., and son are making their home with Mrs. C. Fletcher.

Will McCord of St. Charles, Ills., made old friends in our village a call this week.

George Steifenhofer and family have gone to Indiana for a few weeks' visit with relatives.

Charles Hutchinson, who has been enjoying a week's vacation, went to work Tuesday.

M. T. Lamey attended the Lake County supervisors' meeting at Waukegan this week.

Mrs. R. A. John and children of Chicago are visiting at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Rahn.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jaynes of Chicago visited friends and relatives here a few days last week.

N. Olin, a prominent Chicago milk dealer, was a guest at the home of B. H. Solt, Wednesday.

The little child of Bernhard and Anna Clinge was baptized at St. Paul's church Sunday and given the name of Archibald Bernhard.

S. Peck and wife visited this week at the home of Mr. Peck's brother, Frank, at Lombard, Ill.

L. F. Schroeder completed the large job of plumbing on the Golf club house, Lake Zurich, Ill.

Miss Zoia Stott of Genoa and Miss Fannie Stott of Desplaines visited at W. T. Stott's this week.

S. W. Kingsley visited Wednesday of last week at the home of H. G. Sawyer at Carpentersville.

The Board of Supervisors held a five days' session at Waukegan this week, commencing Monday.

Stakes were driven Tuesday locating places for poles for electric lights at different street intersections.

Mrs. Charlotte Ward of St. Charles is the guest of her sister, Mrs. P. Donlea.

Walter Harrower, A. O. Coddington and Frank Searles of this place are camping at Basswood Island.

Miss Belle Domire is entertaining Miss Marie Lawrence of Jefferson Park, and Miss Tompkins of Irving Park.

The bill passed by the Legislature, putting a stop to the manufacture and sale of butterine went into effect on Thursday of last week.

Messrs. George Hansen, Frank Gieske, Wm. McCord, and Miss Mary Frye attended the Sunday school picnic at Wheeling Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Church who have been enjoying a two months' visit with relatives in Iowa and Nebraska, returned home Thursday.

A small scratch from a needle recently has caused Miss Anna Bauman to have a very sore hand on account of blood poisoning, which has set in.

W. C. Thompson, representing the Pneumatic Water Works company, Chicago, was in town Wednesday for the purpose of locating waterworks in this place.

A fine stock of jewelry, watches, clocks, etc., can be found at Ulrich's. Satisfaction not only guaranteed in the quality of the goods but prices as well. Give him a call.

The following services will be held in the Baptist church Sunday, July 18th: Morning topic, "Man Alone". In the evening a song service will be held. All are welcome.

Get your watches and clocks repaired at Ulrich's, the jeweler and watchmaker, one door north of Schaefer's meat market, and you will be sure to get a good job done at a reasonable price.

M. Kentwartz of Chicago has opened a shop in the post office building and solicits your work in the line of watch repairing, etc. His advertisement appears in another column of the REVIEW.

John Olden of Freeport who has been visiting at the home of Rev. E. R. Troyer returned to his home Thursday accompanied by Carl Ernst, who will spend a few days visiting friends.

The Grayslake brick and tile works at Grayslake, Ill., were sold at sheriff's sale Saturday. The plant was bid in by Freeman Clough, at a price of \$205.65, for a portion of the old steelholders.

A pleasant surprise party was given by Dr. and Mrs. Clausius on Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Tillie Goetz, who has been spending a few weeks at their home. Miss Goetz left for her home at Crete, Ill., Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Rouse, parents of Mrs. S. S. Hageman, are visiting at the Baptist parsonage. Mr. and Mrs. Rouse come from Barrow, Wis., and express themselves well pleased with our village and surrounding country.

W. Mundhenke of Palatine is acting as clerk for the North-Western road at this place during the absence of A. T. Ulitsch, who has gone to Champagne, Ill., with his wife and little daughter for a few weeks' visit with his parents.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

County Clerk Hendee thinks he sees a sure sign of returning prosperity as regards Lake county property. The tax list this year was printed earlier than last year's, but now that the sales are over it is found that at least 1,000 less sales for taxes were made than last year.

Efforts are being made to organize a ball team here comprising picked players from the surrounding towns. If the necessary arrangements can be made a game will be played here between the proposed Unions and the Dundees at Spinner's base ball park next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. C. L. Hasbrouck, a druggist at Mendon, Mich., says all of the good testimonials that have been published by the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy could be duplicated in that town. For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

Camp meeting commenced yesterday at Desplaines. Quite a number from here are already in attendance.

Henry Beinhoff, Chris. Waller and Mr. Austin of Chicago made a short visit at the home of Fred Beinhoff last week.

Edward Lawler returned to Chicago Monday after a week's visit at the home of L. E. Runyan. Mr. Lawler is a shoe cutter for Phelps, Dodge & Palmer.

The Climax carriage paint, manufactured by Heath & Milligan Mfg. Co., is the best paint on the market for carriages, and is already for use. Sold by J. D. Lamey & Co.

Messrs. Forbes and Foreman have about completed arrangements for the organization of a ball team in Barrington to be known as the "Unions." These gentlemen have leased the Spinner grounds and will erect seats under a large canvas, so that the people can enjoy the game. They deserve encouragement.

P. J. O'Brien of Chicago has been appointed train dispatcher on the Wisconsin division of the North-Western road with headquarters at Oshkosh to succeed C. E. Andrews, who has been transferred to Chicago. Mr. O'Brien was at one time night operator at Barrington and is a man of high character and great ability.

The North-Western road had a work train and a large force of men to work Sunday hauling dirt to complete a fill which is being made on the south side of their right-of-way between the depot and the E. J. & E. tracks. It is thought that the North-Western road intends to extend the double track to the western extremity of their yards.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Barrington, July 15th:—Henry Atwell, Gustav Ratkie, Wm. Lawrence, Wm. Lajoneed, Mr. Joe Lewis, Dick Schean, F. J. Garland, James H. Fields, Will G. Parish, John Wagner, Mr. Wm. Walsh and Chas. Wille. M. B. McIntosh, P. M.

After a conversation with a representative of the Chicago Telephone company yesterday, we believe that the prospects look very encouraging for Barrington being connected with the main telephone line already built from Chicago northward through Lake county. It is expected that Wauconda will be connected with the main line within another week.

A request has been made to property owners owning acre property within the limits of the village which is not already platted in blocks, to attend a meeting to be held at the village hall at 8 o'clock this evening to determine the most advisable way to have the same surveyed and platted so that the location of the property can be accurately described without the cumbersome descriptions now in vogue.

Good progress is being made toward the completion of the Chicago Engineering Company's electric light plant at this place. The engine and large boiler have been put in position on their foundations, and several men are now engaged setting poles along the different streets for the stringing of wires. Nearly all of the apparatus, wire, etc., necessary for the plant is now stored in the building and ready to be put up as fast as headway can be made.

M. KENTWORTZ,
JEWELER, WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
Practical Optician.
EYES TESTED FREE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry at Reasonable Prices.
Repairing Promptly Done.
All Work Guaranteed For One Year.
Shop located in the Postoffice,
Barrington, Ill.

ALBERT KUNKE,
Horse-Shoeing, Plow Work, Etc.
GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.
Carriage, Wagon and Repair Shop.
WILLIAMS AND CHESTNUT STREETS,
BARRINGTON, ILL.

For a Good Juicy Roast or Steak.....
CALL AT THE MEAT MARKET OF
GEO. M. WAGNER,
Fresh Home-made Sausages
BARRINGTON, ILLS.
OYSTERS and VEGETABLES in Season.
Highest Price Paid for Hides and Tallow

YOUR DESIRE
Is to buy good goods at as low prices as possible.

OUR AIM
Is to build up a trade in Barrington exactly on this basis. We have put in a large stock of Clothing, Shoes and Dress Goods, and ask you to call and see our stock and compare our prices with what you have been paying for them elsewhere.

Just Look at these Bargains.

Ladies' Fine Shoes,	98 cents and upward.
Men's Shoes,	98 " "
Men's Fedora Hats,	48 " "
Men's Suits,	2.48 " "
Boys' Suits,	59 " "
Misses' and Childrens' Shoes,	48 " "
Underwear,	17 " "
Sweaters,	17 " "
Straw Hats,	4 " "
Calicos and Gingham,	3c. per yd. and up.

SAMUEL LIPOFSKY,
Howarth Building, Barrington, Ill.

We are Not Such a Much!
But the line of goods we are offering you are of the kind to open the eyes of everyone as to price and quality. We do not intend to give the goods away, but will sell them to you or anyone else for the least possible cash price.

Just Look Here!
At the following figures we are making to our customers, and see if they are not lower than any house in Barrington can offer.

Calicos 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ a yard.	Mens' Suits \$2.98 up.
Boys' Suits 78c up.	Mens' Felt and Straw Hats at prices that will astonish you.
Ladies' Shirt Waists 29c up.	Mens' Shoes 98c up.
Ladies' Vests 9c up.	Table Cloth 19c per yard up.

A CHOICE LINE OF CONFECTIONERY.
FINE LINE OF TOBACCOS AND CIGARS.
BEHRSTOCK BROS.
Mrs. Parker's Building, Barrington

FARMERS, ATTENTION.
When you get ready to buy a



Mower, Cultivator or Harvester,
—CALL ON—
W. E. SCHERING, Agent,
PALATINE, ILLINOIS