

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

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BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

'MID BUDS AND BLOSSOMS

The Barrington Public Schools Close a Successful Year of Teaching and Seven Graduates Receive Their Diplomas.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES AT SALEM CHURCH

APPOINTMENT OF TEACHERS.

Thursday evening the commencement exercises of the Barrington high school were held in the Salem church, and in spite of the warm weather the house was crowded to its utmost extent with the parents and friends of the graduates.

The names of the class of '97 who received their diplomas are: Misses Lida Pomeroy, Gertrude T. Kitson and Florence J. Smith; Messrs. Floid L. Harneden, Walter E. Roloff, Ralph F. Vermilya and John A. Sizer.

There was not a hitch in the program, and the exercises were a success. The board of education and the citizens of Barrington can feel justly proud of Prof. F. E. Smith, the gentlemanly principal of the high school, and their valuable corps of instructors as Thursday night fully demonstrated the fact that they are capable of teaching "the young ideas how to shoot."

The exercises were opened with an overture by the Logan Orchestra of Chicago, who acquitted themselves most admirably in the rendition of some excellent selections.

Rev. Theo. Suhr then offered up a prayer for the blessing of all present.

The solos rendered by Harry G. Vermilya entitled "Answer," and Dr. C. H. Kendall, "Remember me to All the Folks at Home," received a hearty encore.

The hit of the evening seemed to be centered upon Prof. Chas. Sherman of Chicago, and his violin. He was called before the audience two or three times for each selection, and close as the atmosphere was, he was ready every time with his violin for another tune.

The beautiful solo, "Heart's Fancies," was sung in a very artistic manner by Miss Maud Munshaw.

During the evening, Ralph F. Vermilya, a graduate, while delivering his oration, was overcome by the heat and had to be carried from the church.

At the close of the exercise the presentation of diplomas was entrusted to Revs. Hageman and Ream, which was done in a very able manner.

The piano used was loaned by Mr. W. C. Bryant of this place.

TEACHERS ENGAGED.

The corps of teachers for the coming year in the Barrington public schools will be as follows: F. E. Smith, principal; Misses Alvina Myers, Maud Adams, Lydia Fairchild, Mary Frye.

The only change made is that of Miss Emma DeLaney, who will be succeeded by Miss Pearl Perry of Forrest, Ill.

The following are extracts from the orations delivered by the graduates:

"Science," Floid L. Harneden.

Scientific study has so richly increased the contents of human knowledge, it is so practical in its results and so fascinating in its practice, that its methods and spirit are rapidly pervading every field of intellectual activity. Science fosters the human interests. It compels the restless struggles after ideas. As a man begins to grasp the meaning of natural phenomena, his appreciation of their beauty and grandeur is increased. He is led to entertain broader views and to see more clearly the relation of past to present. He is led to a proper appreciation of this place in nature and though humbled by the certainty of his individual insignificance in the vast organization of the universe, he is strengthened by the equal certainty that in his race he is the inheritor of all that it makes for progress and advancement. We know science but imperfectly; if, then, the coming generations will modify the best expressions of knowledge which we can now formulate, it is difficult to escape the inference that science will be greatly advanced and wonderful results accomplished. The study of science has done much to elevate man. It furnishes the principles and ideas of nearly all great inventions. By it we have belied the world with our cars and steamships, have tunneled our mountains, have spanned our largest rivers with massive and enduring structures, and have brought our manufacturing systems to a high degree of perfection. No one can scientifically study nature without being thrilled with admiration and filled with a love for scientific study. He then cannot fail to trace in nature's most minute design the signature and stamp of Power Divine. The time has now arrived when we may at any hour expect startling discoveries from the army of scientific researchers after truth that now fill the grand empire of science and enterprise. Science moves not backward.

"Leaders of Industry," Lida G. Pomeroy.

One of the greatest marked features of the American people is the spirit of industry. It stands out prominently in all the past history. Is there any bread sweeter than that earned by some labor, either mental or physical? We

prize that thing which, by some labor of our own, we have obtained. Honorable industry travels the same road as duty, and Providence has kindly linked them together with happiness.

Labor enlightens the uncivilized nations, subdues the world, and not a single beneficial purpose could have been accomplished without it.

Labor is not only a duty but a pleasure to mankind, and the idler is the only one it does not please.

Time is life. Many recklessly waste time, though they would cling to life with desperation. It is not so much the number of years of life that tell as the way we use them. Jeremy Taylor says: "Laziness is the greatest prodigality in the world; it throws away that which is invaluable and when once past is irretrievable. No power or art of nature or of man can supply us with the hours we have wasted."

Unless there is a plan; an aim in a man, there is depravity, lust and passion. It is idleness that fills our jails and prisons, and causes much of the woe and misery of our land. On the other hand, industry furnishes all our joys and comforts of life. It is the first law of success.

"Art of Reading," Walter E. Roloff.

A few books, well chosen, are of infinitely more value than any miscellaneous collection, however large.

The first and most necessary preparation for making advancement in knowledge, is the habit of attention or the power and custom of keeping one's mind fixedly and continuously directed to the matter before it to the exclusion, for the time, of all other thoughts.

An author should not be valued so much according to what he has thought for us as to what he has enabled us to think; and the highest value of the best authors lies rather in what they suggest than in what they teach.

If one is to know much of the past—much of that which has been said and done in ages now gone, much of science, philosophy and the triumphs of art, much of the great series of explorations, discoveries and inventions, much of current ideas and the movements among the people of the earth at the present time—it must come through reading.

"The Art of Printing," Ralph F. Vermilya.

Printing gave an extraordinary impetus to learning—so much so that in a century it had almost revolutionized the world's intellectual condition.

Printing has made its effect on the moral improvement of men, as well as to broaden their knowledge.

By looking back at the history of the world, we find the brilliant age of civilization and enlightenment dates back only three or four hundred years.

What has been the great factor that has caused man's progress to be greater in the last five centuries than in the previous five thousand years? The answer is, Printing.

Occasionally there were natural scholars and great thinkers, but they had no means of diffusing their knowledge among men. Their grand ideas and noble thoughts rarely reached beyond the sound of their voices. Their brilliant talents and valued researches could not be hurled away to the quarters of the globe by means of the newspaper and printed page to illumine the mind, and so generation succeeded generation with very little apparent change. But through the invention of printing the mind of man began to struggle up from the dark mists of ignorance and to develop itself.

The spread of printing rended the dark veils of bigotry, ignorance and superstition, and flung open the portals of light, truth and knowledge. The press became the great motive power of human progress. But the world yet has much ignorance, envy, malice, bigotry, jealousy and superstition.

All these are to be eradicated by the dissemination of truth and knowledge, and in this great struggle the silent press has a work to perform. Its great mission has but just commenced.

"Hope," Gertrude T. Kitson.

There is not a word in our language which has more numerous or more pleasant associations connected with it than Hope. Wherever we turn our eyes among the human race we see the influence of hope. It is considered one of the dearest privileges man can possess. It begins with the first dawn of reason and ends only with life itself. It is hope that grants to youth half of its happiness, and to old age a blessed assurance.

If you look at the busy world around you you will see no one who is not influenced in one way or another by this all-powerful principle.

Hope is the connecting link between the past and future. What is the earnestness of the future, this germ of hope planted in the breast of man, he would have little to live for, and nothing for which to drag out the miserable existence he is so often compelled to endure.

Hope carries its consoling rays into the recesses of the dungeon, smiles serenity on the bed of sickness, sustains in ever perfect life, and sheds its grateful radiance around the pillow of the dying. It blooms to every season of existence and, like the ever-green, it preserves its verdure throughout the year.

"Electricity," John A. Sizer.

What is Electricity, is a question which has never been answered although the wisest scientists of the past and present time have racked their brains for a solution of the still unknown power. Its phenomena are known, although its nature is not. Chemistry can not analyze it; there are no symbols which will explain its composition. There are many ways of creating this say but mighty power into an active existence, but why any of these means should arouse its latent powers into action also remains a mystery. It is, however, produced, it is substantially the same, with the same steady flame, the nimble spark, the same murderous nature when not under control, and the same energetic servant and slave when steadily under command. The discovery of the workings of electricity and the wonderful inventions making use of it is one of the most marked advances of the nineteenth century. No force created by man equals it in power. No force of general application is so economical, so clean and so easily handled. Not only are the possibilities of electrical science almost illimitable, but its practical uses are already enormously extended. It enters into almost every department of the decorative and the useful. The science of electricity is far from being known yet, and what astounding discoveries in this important branch await the future, we know not, though, with such a universally diffused, all-powerful element, we can scarcely be extravagant in our imaginations. The end is not yet.

Honorary Oration and Valedictory, Florence J. Smith.

"An Oak is Not Felled at a Single Blow." In life the great things we would accomplish are not secured by one effort.

"The heights by great men reached and kept, Were not attained by sudden flight, But they, while their comrades slept, Were toiling upward in the night."

Many young men and women, starting on a career, are disheartened by their first failures and are impatient to run before they can walk. If many of these same young men and women would try as hard to attain success in life as they do to secure their pleasures, there would be more useful people in the world. Neglect of small things is the rock in the pathway of success on which the majority of human be-

ings have stumbled and fallen to mediocrity or failure. Human life consists of a succession of small events, each of which is comparatively unimportant, and yet the happiness and success of every man depends upon the manner in which those small things are dealt with. Success is not a bundle of merchandise which can be obtained in bulk at wholesale; it is rather a mosaic formed of little gems, each insignificant in itself alone, but grouped and combined, they form the great jewel of life. This is a stirring age. If we wish to attain success, we must work for it. There never was a time when high success in any profession demanded harder or more incessant labor than now. Men can no longer go at one leap into an eminent position. As the rarest treasures are ever guarded by one lock, and usually by many, so is the road to success guarded from all of earth's sons who do not possess both interest in their work and perseverance to continue. Perseverance require not only unceasing labor, but enduring patience. We must work, expecting to wait, it may be years, for any degree of success. If the first effort be unsuccessful, how much greater is the need that we lay not down our vigilance, but give the undivided powers of our being to the second attempt. Even though some avenging god may seem to follow our steps and endeavor to foil every plan, shall we give up? No! Let us say we will conquer, and the greater number of obstacles overcome, the prouder, the more glorious the victory.

Obituary.

Gerhardt Lambert Landwer died at his home in Barrington, Wednesday, June 23d, 1897, of pernicious anemia.

He was the son of Henry Herman Landwer and Margaret Adelaide, and was born in Schaale, Westphalia, Germany, August 3d, 1837.

He emigrated to America with his parents in 1844, and settled in this neighborhood where he later established a home of his own.

In December, 1862, he married Catherine Brommelkamp. This union was blessed by three children, one daughter who died in infancy, Lavina, (Mrs. Stiefenhofer), who died three years ago, and one son, Enoch, who still survives.

Mr. Landwer was a faithful member of the Salem Congregation for many years.

He leaves to mourn his loss a wife, one son, two brothers, Henry and August, three sisters, Mrs. F. H. Frye, Mrs. Fred Homuth and Mrs. Henry Bauman, besides three grand children, all of whom live in or about Barrington.

The funeral took place at the Salem church yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock and was largely attended.

Rev. Theo. Suhr of the Salem church and Bishop Dubs of Chicago conducted the services. The remains were interred in Evergreen cemetery.

Camp Meeting is Now in Session at Barrington.

Camp meeting commenced Thursday evening and will probably close the latter part of next week. A large number from Chicago, Edison Park, North Northfield and Elgin are already in attendance.

The following is the program of services for today and Sunday:

SATURDAY, JUNE 26.

10 o'clock a. m., preaching by Bishop Dubs D. D.

2:30 p. m., preaching by Rev. C. Roloff.

8 p. m., preaching by Rev. J. C. Frey.

SUNDAY, JUNE 27.

10 a. m., preaching by Bishop Dubs.

1:30 p. m., Bishop Dubs will preach in English.

2:30 p. m., Rev. J. C. Fidler will preach in German.

8 p. m., preaching by Rev. William Schweiker.

Prayer meeting services from 9 to 10 a. m. daily.

Young People's meeting at 1:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Song and praise service every evening from 7 to 8 o'clock.

All are cordially invited to attend these meetings.

Highway Improvement.

The commissioners of highways of the town of Barrington have awarded contracts for the following highway improvements, to be completed by October 1st, 1897:

Wm. Gieske, for graveling Dundee road, commencing at the farm house of Hawley Bros., and thence southwest one and one-half miles, \$1080.

Chas. Sheer of Dundee, commencing at Browning's corners, and from thence east 240 rods, \$420.

Ed Wiseman, commencing at Schwemm's corners, and from thence east one mile, \$225.

Wm. Gieske, commencing at Sabin's corners, and from thence east 160 rods, \$190.

Chas. Sheer of Dundee, commencing at farm house of Fred Sheering, and from thence east 160 rods, \$112.

Wm. Gieske, for excavating at Hawley's creek on Dundee road for arch bridge, \$44.

Chas. Sheer, for lowering hill on Dundee road west of Hawley's creek, \$83.

Marckhoff Bros., for building bridge across Hawley creek, \$485.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

A SOAP SALE 6 DAYS ONLY.

Commencing Monday, June 28th, and ending Saturday night, July 3d, we will sell the following brands of Soap at less than wholesale prices. It is economy to buy Soap ahead as it improves with age and does not wash away in using. Remember that these prices are good only for the coming week.

OLD COUNTRY SOAP, - - per box, \$2.25
60 full pound bars.

OUR BEST, - - - - - per box, \$2.25
60 full pound bars.

26 BARS OLD COUNTRY SOAP
16-oz. bars, - - - - - \$1.00

26 BARS OUR BEST, 16-oz. Bars,
Meyers' German Family, - - - - - \$1.00

TOILET SOAPS,
3 Bars Swiss Buttermilk Soap, - - - - - 15c.
We have a very large line Perfume Toilet Soaps of highest quality—Pear's, Cucumber, Parma, Cuticura, and other brands. It will pay you to purchase your Toilet Soaps from us at our low prices.



FLOUR.

OUR BEST or WHITE SWAN

Are the highest grades of Flour on the market and

CHEAPEST TO USE.

FANCY CAN GOODS—
You always find the best at

The Busy Big Store.

JOHN ULRICH,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER

(Formerly of the Elgin National Watch Co.)

Barrington

My specialty is repairing. All work neatly and promptly attended to and under full guarantee.

Groceries

When you buy groceries you want the best. You can wear rubber boots but you can't eat them.

It has been our aim in the past (as it will be in the future) to keep only the Best and Choicest Groceries, and to sell them at the lowest possible prices—the same price as is asked by other dealers for an inferior grade of goods. Following are some quotations:

Coffees

Good Coffee from 15 cents per pound upwards.
We also sell the Windsor Cereal Coffee. Give it a trial.

Soap

8 bars Lenox soap, - 25 cents
8 bars U. S. Mail soap, - 25 "
8 bars Mother Goose soap, 25 "

Teas

We have good tea from 15 cents per pound upwards.

Canned Goods

Our stock of canned goods is complete and FRESH. If you need anything in this line give us a call.

FLOUR. We pride ourselves as being headquarters in A1 Flour. "SILVER LEAF," per sack, \$1.05
"Silver Leaf" is an extra good Minnesota flour. A single trial of this flour will be sure to make you one of its customers. We also handle Pillsbury's Best and Pure Gold. There is no better flour made.

Wolthausen & Landwer, General Merchants, BARRINGTON, ILL.

THE MISADVENTURES OF JOHN NICHOLSON

BY ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER X.—(CONTINUED.)

There, in his father's room, at midnight, the fire was roaring and the gas blazing; the papers, the sacred papers—to lay a hand on which was criminal—had all been taken off and piled along the floor; a cloth was spread, and a supper laid, upon the business table; and in his father's chair a woman, habited like a nun, sat eating. As she appeared in the door-way, the nun rose, gave a low cry, and stood staring. She was a large woman, strong, calm, a little masculine, her features marked with courage and good sense; and as John blinked back at her, a faint resemblance dodged about his memory, as when a tune haunts us, and yet will not be recalled.

"Why, it's John!" cried the nun. "I dare say I'm mad," said John, unconsciously following King Lear; "but, upon my word, I don't believe you're Flora."

"Of course I am," replied she. And yet it is not Flora at all, thought John; Flora was slender, and timid, and of changing color, and dewy-eyed; and had Flora such an Edinburgh accent? But he said none of these things, which was perhaps as well. What he said was, "Then why are you a nun?"

"Such nonsense!" said Flora. "I'm a sick-nurse; and I'm here nursing your sister, with whom, between you and me, there is precious little the matter. But that is not the question. The point is: How do you come here? are you not ashamed to show yourself?"

"Flora," said John, sepulchrally, "I haven't eaten anything for three days. Or, at least, I don't know what day it is; but I guess I'm starving."

"You unhappy man!" she cried. "Here, sit down and eat my supper; and I'll just run upstairs and see my patient, not but what I doubt she's fast asleep; for Maria is a malade imaginaire."

CHAPTER XI.

WITH this specimen of the French, not of Stratford-atte-Bowe, but of a finishing establishment in Morey Place, she left John alone in his father's sanctum. He fell at once upon the food; and it is to be supposed that Flora had found her patient wakeful, and been detained with some details of nursing, for he had time to make a full end of all there was to eat, and not only to empty the teapot, but to fill it again from a kettle that was still singing on his father's fire. Then he sat torpid, and pleased, and bewildered; his misfortunes were then half forgotten; his mind considering, not without regret, this unsentimental return to his old love.

He was thus engaged, when that bustling woman noiselessly re-entered. "Have you eaten?" said she. "Then tell me all about it."

It was a long and (as the reader knows) a pitiful story; but Flora heard it with compressed lips. She was lost in none of those questionings of human destiny that have, from time to time, arrested the flight of my own pen; for women, such as she, are no philosophers, and behold the concrete only. And women, such as she, are very hard on the imperfect man.

"Very well," she said, when he had done; "then down upon your knees at once, and beg God's forgiveness."

And the great baby plumped upon his knees, and did as he was bid; and none the worse for that! But while he was heartily enough requesting forgiveness on general principles, the rational side of him distinguished, and wondered if, perhaps, the apology were not due upon the other part. And when he rose again from that becoming exercise, he first eyed the face of his old love doubtfully, and then, taking heart, uttered his protest.

"I must say, Flora," said he, "in all this business, I can see very little fault of mine."

"If you had written home," replied the lady, "there would have been none of it. If you had even gone to Murrayfield reasonably sober, you would never have slept there, and the worst would not have happened. Besides, the whole thing began years ago. You got into trouble, and when your father, honest man, was disappointed, you took the pet, or got afraid, and ran away from punishment. Well, you've had your own way of it, John, and I don't suppose you like it."

"I sometimes fancy I'm not much better than a fool," sighed John.

"My dear John," said she, "not much."

He looked at her, and his eye fell

A certain anger rose within him; here was a Flora he disowned; she was hard; she was of a set color; a settled mature, undecorative manner; plain of speech, plain of habit—he had come near saying, plain of face. And this changeling called herself by the same name as the many-colored, clinging maid of yore; she of the frequent laughter, and the many sighs, and the kind, stolen glances. And to make all worse, she took the upper hand with him, which (as John well knew) was not the true relation of the sexes. He steeled his heart against this sick nurse.

"And how do you come to be here?" he asked.

She told him how she had nursed her father in his long illness, and when he died, and she was left alone, had taken to nurse others, partly from habit, partly to be of some service in the world; partly, it might be, for amusement. "There's no accounting for taste," said she. And she told him how she went largely to the houses of old friends, as the need arose; and how she was thus doubly welcome, as an old friend first, and then as an experienced nurse, to whom doctors would confide the gravest cases.

"And, indeed, it is a rare farce my being here for poor Maria," she continued; "but your father takes her ailments to heart, and I cannot always be refusing him. We are great friends, your father and I; he was very kind to me long ago—ten years ago."

A strange stir came in John's heart. All this while had he been thinking only of himself? All this while, why had he not written to Flora? In penitential tenderness he took her hand, and to his awe and trouble, it remained in his, compliant. A voice told him this was Flora, after all—told him so quietly, yet with a thrill of singing.

"And you never married?" said he. "No, John; I never married," she replied.

The hall clock striking two recalled them to the sense of time.

"And now," said she, "you have been fed and warmed, and I have heard your story, now it's high time to call your brother."

"Oh!" cried John, chap-fallen; "do you think that absolutely necessary?" "I can't keep you here; I am a stranger," said she. "Do you want to run away again? I thought you had enough of that."

He bowed his head under the reproach. She despised him, he reflected, as he sat once more alone; a monstrous thing for a woman to despise a man; and strangest of all, she seemed to like him. Would his brother despise him, too? And would his brother like him?

And presently the brother appeared, under Flora's escort; and, standing afar off beside the door-way, eyed the hero of this tale.

"So this is you?" he said, at length. "Yes, Allick, it's me—it's John," replied the elder brother, feebly.

"And how did you get in here?" inquired the younger.

"Oh, I had my pass-keys," says John. "The deuce you had!" said Alexander. "Ah, you lived in a better world! There are no pass-keys going now."

"Well, father was always averse to them," sighed John. And the conversation then broke down, and the brothers looked askance at one another in silence.

"Well, and what the devil are we to do?" said Alexander. "I suppose if the authorities got wind of you; you would be taken up?"

"It depends on whether they've found the body or not," returned John. "And then there's that cabman, to be sure!"

"Oh, bother the body!" said Alexander. "I mean about the other thing. That's serious."

"Is that what my father spoke about?" asked John. "I don't even know what it is."

"About your robbing your bank in California, of course," replied Alexander.

"I!" he exclaimed. "I rob my bank! My God! Flora, this is too much; even you must allow that."

"Meaning you didn't?" asked Alexander.

"I never robbed a soul in all my days," cried John; "except my father, if you call that robbery; and I brought him back the money in this room, and he wouldn't even take it!"

"Look here, John," said his brother, "let us have no misunderstanding upon this. Macewen saw my father; he told him a bank you had worked for in San Francisco was wiring over the habitable globe to have you collared—that it was supposed you had nailed thousands; and it was dead certain you

had nailed three hundred. So Macewen said, and I wish you would be careful how you answer. I may tell you, also, that your father paid the three hundred on the spot."

"Three hundred?" repeated John. "Three hundred pounds, you mean? That's fifteen hundred dollars. Why, then, it's Kirkman!" he broke out. "Thank heaven! I can explain all that. I gave them to Kirkman to pay it for me the night before I left—fifteen hundred dollars, and a letter to the manager. What do they suppose I would steal fifteen hundred dollars for? I'm rich; I struck it rich in stocks. It's the silliest stuff I ever heard of. All that's needed is to cable to the manager: Kirkman has the fifteen hundred—and Kirkman. He was a fellow-clerk of mine, and a hard case; but to do him justice, I didn't think he was as hard as this."

"And what do you say to that, Allick?" asked Flora.

"I say the cablegram shall go tonight!" cried Alexander, with energy. "Answer prepaid, too. If this can be cleared away—and upon my word I do believe it can—we shall all be able to hold up our heads again. Here, you John, you stick down the address of your bank manager. You, Flora, you can pack John into my bed, for which I have no further use tonight. As for me, I am off to the postoffice, and thence to the High street about the dead body. The police ought to know, you see, and they ought to know through John; and I can tell them some rigamarole about my brother being a man of highly nervous organization, and the rest of it. And then, I'll tell you what, John—did you notice the name upon the cab?"

John gave the name of the driver, which, as I have not been able to command the vehicle, I here suppress.

"Well," resumed Alexander, "I'll call round at their place before I come back, and pay your shot for you. In that way, before breakfast-time, you'll be as good as new."

John murmured inarticulate thanks. To see his brother thus energetic in his service moved him beyond expression; if he could not utter what he felt, he showed it legibly in his face; and Alexander read it there, and liked it the better in that dumb delivery.

"But there's one thing," said the latter, "cablegrams are dear; and I dare say you remember enough of the governor to guess the state of my finances." "The trouble is," said John, "that all my stamps are in that beastly house."

"Ah, your what?" asked Alexander. "Stamps—money," explained John. "It's an American expression. I'm afraid I contracted one or two."

"I have some," said Flora. "I have a pound note upstairs."

"My dear Flora," returned Alexander, "a pound note won't see us very far; and besides, this is my father's business, and I shall be very much surprised if it isn't my father who pays for it."

"I would not apply to him yet; I do not think that can be wise," objected Flora.

"You have a very imperfect idea of my resources, and none at all of my efrontery," replied Alexander. "Please observe."

He put John from his way, chose a stout knife among the supper things, and with surprising quickness broke into his father's drawer.

"There's nothing easier when you come to try," he observed, pocketing the money.

"I wish you had not done that," said Flora. "You will never hear the last of it."

"Oh, I don't know," returned the young man; "the governor is human after all. And now, John, let me see your famous pass-key. Get into bed, and don't move for any one till I come back. They won't mind you not answering when they knock; I generally don't myself."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Facts About Pumice Stone.

Pumice, as is well known, is of volcanic origin, being a trachytic lava which has been rendered light by the escape of gases when in a molten state. It is found on most of the shores of the Tyrrhenian sea and elsewhere, but is at present almost exclusively obtained from the little island of Lipari. Most of the volcanoes of Lipari have ejected pumaceous rocks, but the best stone is all the product of one mountain, Monte Chirica, nearly 2,000 feet in height, with its two accessory craters. The district in which the pumice is excavated covers an area of three square miles. It has been calculated that about 1,000 hands are engaged in this industry, 600 of whom are employed in extricating the mineral. Pumice is brought to the surface in large blocks or in baskets, and is carried thence either to the neighboring village or to the seashore to be taken there in boats. The supply is said to be practically inexhaustible. Pumice is used not merely for scouring and cleansing purposes, but also for polishing in numerous trades, hence the fact that the powdered pumice exported exceeds in weight the block pumice. Between twenty and thirty merchants are engaged in the pumice trade in the island.—London News.

ILLINOIS NEWSLETS.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

Canton.—A severe storm occurred here. Joe Auld was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Several barns and residences were wrecked. Five boys in one of the barns were rendered unconscious for thirty minutes, and one may die.

Champaign.—Mrs. Nancy Hill, aged 35 years, one of the pioneer citizens of Champaign county, died at her home north Urbana. She had been a resident of the county since 1830 and could tell many interesting stories of her experience with the Indians here.

Springfield.—The board of trustees of the Lincoln home, which consist of the governor, auditor, secretary of state, treasury and superintendent of public instruction, met yesterday and elected Albert E. Edwards of this city custodian of the home. The selection is understood to be pleasing to the old personal friends and admirers of Abraham Lincoln, and especially to members of the Lincoln family.

Joliet.—Judge Dorrance Dibell has been appointed to the Appellate court for the second district of Illinois for a term of three years. The court meets at Ottawa next Monday, and the judge will begin his new duties there on that date. The information came to Judge Dibell yesterday afternoon while he was in the midst of a minor larceny case. The telegram came from Assistant State's Attorney General Hill at Springfield.

While Matthias Decker, a Chicago jeweler, was talking to two prospective customers Tuesday afternoon someone entered the store through a rear door and stole \$500 worth of jewelry and diamonds from the trays in a show case. An investigation showed that someone had entered through a rear door and made his escape in the same way. A dozen detectives are now looking for the young men who called on the jeweler.

Batavia.—The new Roman Catholic church here was dedicated yesterday by Chancellor Mooney of Chicago. Rev. Father P. A. McLaughlin of St. Mary's church, Aurora, celebrated solemn high mass of dedication. Rev. Father John Zilla served as deacon, and Rev. Father Feeley as subdeacon. Rev. Father Bangen was master of ceremonies. The sermon was preached by Rev. Father Hodnett of St. Malachi church, Chicago. The new edifice was named Holy Cross church.

Alexander Del Mar, a London economist and writer on political economy, who will make his home in Chicago while studying the economic conditions of the country, lectured before the woman's department of the American Bimetallic union at the Sherman house last week. A business meeting followed the lecture. Meetings will be held each week during the summer. Mr. Del Mar has located at 167 Dearborn street. From there he will issue several of his well-known works on bimetallicism.

Monmouth.—The faculty of Monmouth college has completed an important revision in the study course. The studies will be divided into eight groups, physical science, English, history, sociology, Greek, Latin, mathematics and biology. A system of electives is instituted for nearly one-third of the whole work. In these groups some subject is made the major and associated with it are minors to attain the degree of A. B. Seventy weeks' work in the major is required and 235 weeks in regular group. One hundred and thirty-five weeks of electives also is required to win the degree. The old literary course with the degree of B. L. remains unchanged, but with no electives and substitutions in it.

Elgin.—Miss Carrie Bisby, a seamstress in the employ of the Illinois northern hospital for the insane, who was shot by her cousin, is still alive and there is some hope of her recovery. The cousin, Charles Bisby of Aurora, called to see the woman and they walked out to one of the summer houses on the grounds. They talked for some time, and suddenly Bisby, drawing a revolver, sent two bullets into the woman's cheek, and as she fell to the floor fired a third into her shoulder. He then scaled the fence and escaped in the darkness. Miss Bisby revived and managed to make her way to the hospital, where she received prompt attention. From her story it seems that the cousin is a dissipated and worthless fellow about 21 years old. He had asked her for money to take him to South America and she sent him a month's wages. He came here to demand more, and when she told him she could not supply him further he tried to kill her. She is about ten years his senior. The man has not been caught. He is wanted by the police of three cities.

Health Strength Soon succeed weakness and languor when Hood's Sarsaparilla is taken to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels the germs of scrofula, salt rheum and other poisons which cause so much suffering and sooner or later undermine the general health. It strengthens the system while it eradicates disease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

A Matrimonial Success. "I hear Mrs. Manygirls gave a private theatrical performance for the benefit of the Charity Hospital." "Yes, there were more than forty young people on the stage when the curtain went up." "Was it a success?" "Yes, indeed; it was a howling success." "How much money did they clear for the hospital?" "They didn't clear anything; there was a deficit, but three of Mrs. Manygirls' daughters got engaged to eligible young men who took part in the play."

No Room for Doubt. "I used to think," said the man with the melancholy mien, "that many of these gibes at messenger boys were unjust. But I'm afraid that isn't the case." "What has caused you to change your mind?" "I've seen one of them practicing for hours every day this month to learn to stand still without getting off his bicycle."—Washington Star.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be gay, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Amsterdam is intersected by canals, which divide the city into about ninety islands. Communication with them is had by about 300 bridges.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The jubilee procession will for the first time see the queen's carriage fitted with rubber tires.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. $\frac{1}{2}$ the price of coffee.

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee Looks like Coffee

FUN MAKING

and health making are included in the making of HIRES Rootbeer. The preparation of this great temperance drink is an event of importance in a million well regulated homes.

HIRES Rootbeer

is full of good health. Invigorating, appetizing, satisfying. Put some up to-day and have it ready to put down whenever you're thirsty.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

IT KILLS Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms, and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.

Gray Mineral Ash is fully warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bag Book." It may save you lots of money. National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md. Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY shows quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. W. A. 5232 1/2 50th St., Atlanta, Ga.

Total Disability.
A dejected-looking Irishman entered the office of an accident insurance company not long ago, and, handing a soiled and crumpled paper to the clerk in charge, said: "There's me policy, and it's meself wants it paid up this day, sorr."
"On wha do you base your claim for total disability?" inquired the clerk, after a comprehensive survey of the sturdy though shiftless-looking man who stood leaning against the desk.
"Sure and it's meself, that came over to this country to be a butler in the furrst families," returned the Irishman, sulkily, "and havin' no ricommendation, Oi was wakes widout a place; and whin Oi got wan, the very next day me feet, bad 'cess to 'em, tripped under me, and broke folve illgant plates and three cups av coffee. And they discharged me, and niver a stroke av wurrk can Oi get since. And if that ain't 'total disability,' it's meself would like to know fwat is?"

Consult Thy Purse
And buy your tickets from Chicago via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to the following named points on June 29 and 30, and July 1, 2 and 3. Look at the figures.
San Francisco.....\$25.00
Salt Lake City..... 20.00
Denver and Pueblo..... 12.50
Sioux City..... 9.75
Omaha and Council Bluffs..... 7.75
Kansas City..... 7.50
and other points in proportion.
These are very cheap rates made for these special dates. Return tickets at approximately the same rates will be sold on various dates in July and August.
For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent or call on or address Geo. H. Heafford, G. P. A., C., M. & St. P. Ry., Chicago, Ill.

Insane.
Counsel (in will contest)—Did you see Mr. Timson, the testator, a short time before his death? Witness—"Yes; I saw him every day for a week before he died." Counsel—"What, in your opinion, was his mental condition at that time?" Witness—"I am satisfied that he was very much unbalanced. He had a singular delusion that nothing could remove." Counsel—"What was the nature of this delusion?" Witness—"Mr. Timson imagined he had made a will that could not be broken; he repeatedly said so. And he held to this delusion until the end."—New York Journal.

Between Seed Time and Harvest
Is a good opportunity to enquire about farming lands in South Dakota, only one day's ride from Chicago. Bountiful crops of wheat, corn, barley and flax reward the tiller of the soil. As a stock and dairy country South Dakota leads all the world. First class farm lands with nearby markets can now be bought for from \$10, \$12, \$15, and upwards, per acre, and this is the time to invest. For further particulars write to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Illinois.

Making Money Go.
"You know," she said with a little asperity, "that women have the reputation of being able to make money go further than men?" "That's true," replied the man of small economics, "and it's just what I object to. What I want them to do is to let it keep still where it is and rest a little now and then."—Washington Star.

Only \$25.00 to San Francisco.
From Chicago via the North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Railway), the famous "California in 3 Days" Route, June 29 to July 3, inclusive, on account of the C. E. Convention. Similar rates will be made eastbound. For full information apply to ticket agents C. & N.-W. Ry.

It Does.
The new dynamite gun wheeled into position and a moment later there was a thundering report. The big gun had spoken. "And what I say," remarked the engine of war as the smoke curled away from its muzzle, "goes! See?"—Cincinnati Tribune.

Latrielle once cut off the antennae of an ant, and its companions, evidently compassionating its sufferings, anointed the wounded parts with drops of fluid from their mouths.

"Mair at Hame."
The young fellow, having been asked by one of the many recruiting sergeants who haunt the vicinity of Westminster whether he wished to join a Scottish regiment, replied:
"Not I! I'd rather go to a lunatic asylum than enlist in a Highland regiment."
"Well," said the sergeant, "I've nae doot ye'd feel mair at hame there."—Scottish Nights.

Shake Into Your Shoes.
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Too Green To Be Cooked.
"His Majesty," said the native in paper cap, "sent me in to dress you for dinner." "Ah," said the young missionary, "You are the King's valet, I suppose?" "No, sir, I'm his salad maker."

The development of a school from small beginnings into a great educational institution, is directly traceable to a careful selection of the best ability and minute attention to the details of administration. No institution is so favorably known in this respect as the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston. With nearly a million dollars invested in its magnificent buildings, and with courses in music and elocution and practical instruction in piano and organ tuning, the advantages offered are unparalleled, and prove beyond question that the student can make no mistake who selects this school in preference to any other, at home or abroad.

The revenue of nations, raised mostly by taxation, has trebled since 1850, increasing over five times since 1810, and forty-five times since 1680.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

Several women connected with a Syracuse church have decided to remove their hats during service.

Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., Mar. 26, 1895.

No girl thinks much of the friendship of another who writes her a letter of less than twelve pages.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

It is easy to be happy in other people's happiness when we are feeling pretty good ourselves.

Coe's Cough Balsam
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

A dream about having been shaved denotes that you are soon to be jilted by your sweetheart.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Search your own house through seven times before you charge your neighbor with theft.

IOWA FARMS For Sale on crop payment, \$1 per acre cash, balance 1/4 crop yearly until paid for. J. MULHALL, Waukegan, Ill.

The feeble tremble before opinion, foolish defy it, the wise judge it, the skillful direct it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

The United States acreage in grain is greater than the entire area of the German Empire.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

Nearly every castle in England has its underground passages.

Dr. Kay's Renovator is perfectly safe, mild and yet certain in effect. See advt.

A neighbor who is helpful is better than a brother who is not.

Millet, Buckwheat and other seeds, lowest prices. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Electricity is being used by dentists to bleach the teeth.

Ether as a Plant Developer.
United States Consul Kirk of Copenhagen has forwarded to the state department the following translation from Danneberg of a lecture delivered by Mr. Johannsen at the agricultural high school recently on the results obtained by the etherizing method of developing plants earlier than is their nature, by exposing them to the influence of ether fumes. By exposing sleeping plants to the influence of ether and chloroform the result is obtained that each plant, after the treatment with ether, begins to shoot. They have thus probably been awakened from their previous condition of sleep or inactivity. Lilacs grow splendidly when placed in an air-tight compartment and exposed forty-eight hours to the effect of 500 or 600 cubic centimeters of ether, and then put in a hot house. Just before Christmas the plants had developed splendidly. The etherizing of the plants will cost 1 to 1 1/2 cents each. The main point is to get the plants to shoot at any time before Christmas, even in September and October. It can be said that some progress has undoubtedly been made, but no one can tell to what astonishing results this discovery may lead. Tulips, lilacs, etc., can be developed much earlier and have a pretty color and great durability, as the ether frees the plant of decomposable matter. To etherize the plants they are placed in an air-tight receptacle and exposed from twenty-four hours to ninety-six hours (generally forty-eight hours), to the influence of the ether. Cylindrical glasses are used for small plants, and for large plants an oil-painted box, the interior of which is lined with tin foil, 4 feet high and long, and 2 1/2 feet broad. On the lid a small hole is made, which is closed with a cork, and the ether is conducted through this hole. As ether is very inflammable, great care must be taken not to bring candles or matches near it. The ether is dissolved at from 15 degrees to 20 degrees centigrade.

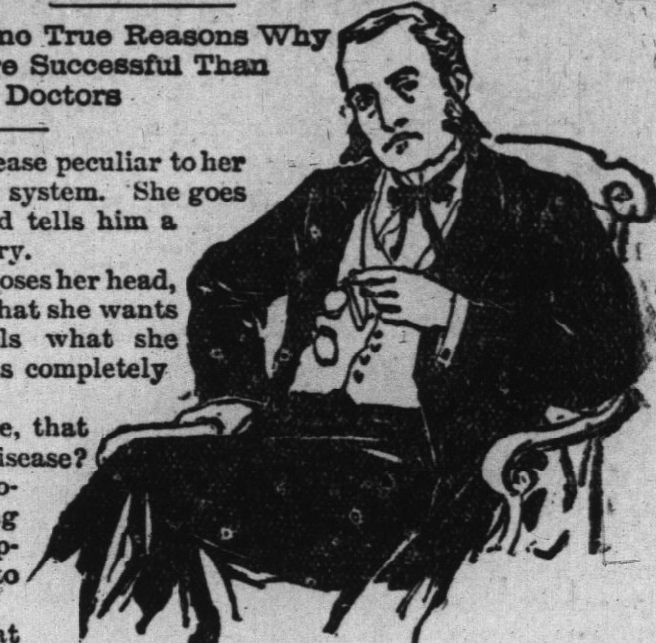
Canadian Live Stock Trade.
Writing from Montreal, a correspondent of the Meat Traders' Journal, London, said: The export live stock season for 1897 is fast approaching, and shippers have already commenced operating in the country, considerable stalled cattle having been purchased during the past two weeks for May shipment at 4 cents, 4 1/2 cents and 4 3/4 cents per pound live weight. The supply of this class of stock is estimated to be fully ten per cent larger this season than last, which is due principally to the fact that feed of all kinds has ruled remarkably low in price all winter, consequently the farmers through the western part of Canada have been well able to feed a larger amount of stock. The recent active demand from American buyers for Canadian feeders and stockers has strengthened the market here considerably, and it would not be any surprise to the trade if still higher prices than those quoted would have to be paid for choice cattle later on in the season. The supply of distillery stock is fully 3,000 head short of last season, making only about 4,500 head fed in Canada, and none of these have changed hands up to the present, but some feeders have already commenced shipping them by way of Portland. There have been no actual engagements of ocean freight, but some booking is reported, and the rate to Liverpool will likely open at 45s., without insurance.

Wet Springs and Dry Summers.
The talk about conserving the moisture that we have heard for the last three years sounds out of place now. There is a superabundance of moisture. But we must remember that a wet spring is some times followed by a dry summer, and that dry weather after a wet spring is often more disastrous than dry weather after a dry spring. The reason is that the roots spread out close to the surface in a wet spring, and run down deep in a dry spring, so the shallow-rooted plants of a wet spring suffer grievously during a dry spell. But it will do no good to spend one-third of our time in sighing for rain, and another third in sighing for it to clear off. We must take the weather as it comes and suit our actions to the weather we have. Some there are that may perhaps get rich this summer in sitting in a rocking chair and letting their cribs full of tencent corn advance in price.—Ex.

Sugar Beets in California.—The statistics of the Chino Beet Sugar factory of California show that there was 7,000 acres of beets grown for that factory last year. This produced a total of 64,000 tons of beets and gave an average of 2,280 pounds of crude sugar per acre, or a total of about 8,000 tons for the season. From this it is estimated that the net profit of the factory was about \$240,000. The average return per acre to growers of beets was \$33.75.

Japanese Plums.—J. H. Hale thinks that in Japan plums we have a race that will be profitable. They differ from the European, being hardy in the bud, more so than the peach. The skins are thick and the fruit is handsome. Burbank, Yellow Jacket (or Shabo) and Abundance are the order of merit. Norman, a yellow flesh, needs experimenting with. The Wixon is all right, but blooms rather early.—Ex.

WHY SO MANY REGULAR PHYSICIANS FAIL
To Cure Female Ills—Some True Reasons Why Mrs. Pinkham is More Successful Than the Family Doctors



A woman is sick; some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story. She holds something back, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she ought to have told, and thus completely mystifies the doctor.
Is it any wonder, therefore, that the doctor fails to cure the disease? Still, we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician.
It was for this reason that years ago Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., determined to step in and help her sex. Having had considerable experience in treating female ills with her Vegetable Compound, she encouraged the women of America to write to her for advice in regard to their complaints, and, being a woman, it was easy for her ailing sisters to pour into her ears every detail of their suffering.
In this way she was able to do for them what the physicians were unable to do, simply because she had the proper information to work upon, and from the little group of women who sought her advice years ago a great army of her fellow-beings are to-day constantly applying for advice and relief, and the fact that more than one hundred thousand of them have been successfully treated by Mrs. Pinkham during the last year is indicative of the grand results which are produced by her unequalled experience and training.
No physician in the world has had such a training, or has such an amount of information at hand to assist in the treatment of all kinds of female ills, from the simplest local irritation to the most complicated diseases of the womb.
This, therefore, is the reason why Mrs. Pinkham, in her laboratory at Lynn, Mass., is able to do more for the ailing women of America than the family physician. Any woman, therefore, is responsible for her own suffering who will not take the trouble to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice.
The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

FLUSH JOINT STRENGTH
Our Columbia 5 per cent. Nickel Steel Tubing shows a tensile strength of over 100,000 pounds to the square inch; 50 carbon tubing used in Hartford bicycles shows about 75,000 pounds to the square inch, and 25 carbon tubing—ordinarily used in bicycles—shows about 55,000 pounds to the square inch. Yet Columbia Patent Flush Joint Frame Connections are very much stronger even than our celebrated 5 per cent. Nickel Steel Tubing—a convincing proof of the extraordinary strength of Columbia Flush Joints and Frames.



COLUMBIA BICYCLES \$100
STANDARD OF THE WORLD.
1896 Columbias, \$75. Hartfords, \$60, \$55, \$50, \$40.
POPE MFG. CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

DR. KAY'S RENOVATOR. Cured of CONSTIPATION.
REV. J. B. WADE, Cured of CONSTIPATION.
"I am astonished at the mildness and yet the efficiency of Dr. Kay's Renovator in moving constipated bowels, and in producing a regular natural discharge. I have been afflicted with constipation for 2 1/2 years."—(REV.) J. B. WADE, Morrison, Colorado.
Dr. Kay's Renovator
This remarkable medicine has cured so many of the worst cases of constipation that it certainly REMOVES headache, biliousness, indigestion, as well as every other trouble which finds its cause in constipation. It strikes to the very root of the trouble and cures THE very worst cases which seem to be obscure and in which physicians and all other remedies fail to cure or give relief. It is the best medicine for impure blood, the CAUSE of which may be scrofula, erysipelas, or other troubles, all of which are treated in our new book, "Dr. Kay's Home Treatment," a 68-page treatise on diseases which will be sent to any address for stamp. Dr. Kay's Renovator at druggists or by mail for 25c and \$1. Address: Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Western Office, Omaha, Nebraska.
DR. KAY'S RENOVATOR. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

\$75 RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE \$50
Western Wheel Works
CHICAGO ILLINOIS
CATALOGUE FREE

EARN A BICYCLE
600 Second Hand Wheels. 250 New Bicycles. 250 New High Grade Bicycles, fully guaranteed. \$25 to \$35. Special Clearing Sale. Shipped anywhere on approval.
We will give a responsible person in each town free use of our bicycle wheel to introduce them. Our reputation is well known throughout the country. Write at once for our splendid offer.
L. N. HEAD CYCLE CO., 287 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

DRUNKARDS CAN BE Saved.
Don't you know one worth saving? Anti-Jag will do it. Full information gladly mailed FREE by Renova Chemical Co. 66 Broadway, New York City.

CURE YOURSELF
Use Big G for unsatisfactory discharges, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not subject to relapse. Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid. 10c, 25c, or 3 bottles, \$1.25. Circular sent on request.

ESTERLY REPAIRS Sent to Walker, 803 Hennepin Ave., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Patent Bureau.
37-38 West 4th St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

PATENTS 20 years' experience. Send sketch for advice. (L. Deane, late prin. examiner U. S. Pat. Office) Deane & Weaver, McGill Bldg., Wash., D. C.

Thompson's Eye Water.
If afflicted with sore eyes, use!

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 26, 1897.
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

Dr. Maybe and Mustbe.
You choose the old doctor before the young one. Why? Because you don't want to entrust your life in inexperienced hands. True, the young doctor may be experienced. But the old doctor must be. You take no chances with Dr. Maybe, when Dr. Mustbe is in reach. Same with medicines as with medicine makers—the long-tried remedy has your confidence. You prefer experience to experiment—when you are concerned. The new remedy may be good—but let somebody else prove it. The old remedy must be good—judged on its record of cures. Just one more reason for choosing AYER'S Sarsaparilla in preference to any other. It has been the standard household sarsaparilla for half a century. Its record inspires confidence—50 years of cures. If others may be good, Ayer's Sarsaparilla must be. You take no chances when you take AYER'S Sarsaparilla.

The Barrington Review

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

Entered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897.

This is a Great Country.

Few of us realize how great. What illimitable resources we command can only be understood by comparing them with those of other nations.

Take agriculture. Practically we are the Indian corn growers of the earth. We always shall be. We produce 80 per cent of the world's total supply. Indian corn is our greatest single crop. Last year gave the top yield in history of this cereal, the crop being 2,283,875,000. We export little Indian corn, however. Our farmers find it pays better to feed this cereal to animals and then sell the animals at home and abroad.

Our second greatest crop is cotton. Here, too, we lead the world and always shall. Why? Because the United States produces 70 per cent of the whole earth's supply, and our southern states are peculiarly adapted to the growth of cotton. The production last year was 8,255,000 bales, a yield exceeded only by the monster crop of 1894, which was 9,892,000 bales.

Then comes our third largest crop, wheat. We grow 50 per cent of the world's wheat supply. All the other wheat exporting countries combined yield annually from 800,000,000 to 1,000,000,000 bushels of wheat. Our top notch in wheat was reached in 1892, when the crop was 515,943,000. Since then wheat production and wheat export have fallen off, and for the best of reasons: American farmers do not care to compete with the pauper population of India and the hovel population of Russia in wheat growing. They have turned their attention more to dairy products and live stock production, which pay better.

Come we now to gold and silver. In 1890 the United States furnished 36 per cent of the total supply of gold mined in the world. Then our contribution declined until in the years from 1891 to 1895 it was only 23 per cent of the world's supply. But last year again it rose to 26 3/4 per cent. The discovery both of new mines and of improved mining methods is increasing our output of the yellow metal.

The output of silver from our mines is, however, decreasing, either from reduced supply or in consequence of the great depression in the silver market. From 1891 to 1895 we supplied 36.15 per cent of the world's silver. In 1896 our yield was 32.62 per cent.

There is one other product on which the United States may be considered to hold a corner thus far. This is petroleum. In the matter of petroleum the United States leads the world; in the matter of fixing its price the Standard Oil company rules the world. In 1896, in spite of the continued industrial depression, our product of crude petroleum was 57,887,596 barrels, an increase over 1895 of 8,500,000 barrels. Industrial laws in the matter of petroleum production are, however, regulated by the oil company.

For the past five years we have had steadily a great excess in value of exports over imports. If there were anything in the old axioms of political economy, we ought therefore at this moment to be as a nation in full tide of prosperity. Perhaps we are and don't know it. For the past five years our excess of exports over imports has averaged in value annually \$197,346,200. The most gratifying feature connected with our export trade is the increasing output of our manufactured goods, both absolutely and in comparison with our exports of agricultural and other crude and bulky products. In the single department of iron and steel manufactures we exported in 1875 \$17,976,000 worth of goods. In 1896 the amount was \$48,670,000. Our pig iron production has doubled since 1885. In 1870 we produced not quite 28 per cent as much pig iron as England. We have been gaining steadily since then. For the past half dozen years we have been ahead of Great Britain in pig iron production, making in 1896 16 per cent more than her output. Then the supply fell off, but in 1896 we still made 1 per cent more pig iron than England.

Figures like these show other nations, the richest of them, to be mere infants in comparison of their wealth and resources with those of the United States. No wonder they fear us. If our manhood, honesty, love of liberty and the other mental qualities that go to the making of a nation are and shall continue to be equal to our wealth of opportunity and of natural resources, then indeed we shall stand as the greatest people in history.

Hawaii.

Certainly it would be a serious misfortune if anything should occur to disturb the friendly feeling that has always existed between this country and Japan, yet if the Japanese believe the United States will look with unconcern upon the mustering of their warships in the harbor at Honolulu they are much mistaken.

The trouble between Japan and Hawaii is this: For some years Japan has been pouring a great stream of immigrants and laborers into the Hawaiian Islands. There are also many Japanese merchants and business men in the islands. The republican government of Hawaii views this great influx of Japs with apprehension. There may or may not be beneath it an ulterior intention on the part of Japan to stock the islands with her subjects, and then under some pretext take possession of the country. Whether this be so or not, President Dole's government has concluded that there are now enough Japanese in Hawaii and it has taken measures to stop their further immigration. The Japanese claim that under treaty rights they can pour all the immigrants they like into the islands. To enforce this claim is probably why they have sent two warships to Honolulu.

The United States will never consent to let Japan take possession of Hawaii. There is just one sure way to prevent Japan or any other country from doing so. That is for this government to accede to the universal desire of the people of these fair islands and annex Hawaii to the United States.

The sultan of Turkey objected to Dr. James B. Angell as minister to his country because Dr. Angell belongs to the Congregational church. It required all Minister Terrell's explanations and arguments to convince Abdul Hamid that the Congregational church was not a secret and dangerous political organization, given to plotting against sultans and their kind. An intelligent man is this Abdul Hamid whom the powers of Europe for their own jealous purposes treat as if he were a civilized person.

If the British cabinet maintain their decision that Turkey shall have no part of Thessaly, it will be the manifest thing they have done since the outbreak of the Greek war. Russia and Germany are the sultan's friends. England declares she will not let Turkey have any additional territory from Greece. If czar and emperor refuse to side with her, there might then come that general European war.

To one who has had experience of Paris cab drivers the news that the automobile carriage is rapidly supplanting the horse propelled vehicle is exceedingly satisfactory. The Paris cab driver, in his insolence, his drinking habits and his manifest desire to run down pedestrians and chase them off the earth, would be a tolerably good specimen of total depravity if there were such a thing. It tickles the mind with a sense of retributive justice to know that, at last he is getting his dues and that in spite of his protests and his organizing to defeat it, the automobile carriage will defeat him. If he had any sense he would qualify himself to be engineer of the new coach, knowing that the same number of men will be required as before to steer vehicles through the streets. But he has no sense.

One of the things the twentieth century will open its bright and smiling eyes upon will be the system of telegraphing without wires. Tesla may say that his new invention will not interfere with existing telegraphs. That may be, but when he declares positively that he has now perfected a method by which a person upon one part of this earth can telegraph to another upon any other part whatsoever, under the earth and through the sea, without the intervention of wires, it looks as though existing systems would be left unless they adapted themselves to the coming one. Peary ought to secure one of Tesla's new instruments before he starts on his trip to the north pole. Then we should be able to hear from him every day.

The hit of the London season—an American play by an American actor and author, "Secret Service," by William Gillette. The triumph in London of Gillette and his excellent company in this thrilling play goes far to balance the debt America owes to British actors and playwrights.

German Roman Catholic pastors of Cincinnati have found out that this is an English speaking country and will hereafter preach in English. Pope Leo believes that the church services should be conducted everywhere in the language of the country, whatever that may be.

C. & N.-W. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

| WEEK DAY TRAINS--NORTH. | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| LV. CHICAGO. | AR. PALATINE. | AR. BARR'T'N. |
| 3 00 A. M. | | 4 00 A. M. |
| 7 30 | 8 32 A. M. | 8 50 |
| 8 15 | | 9 11 |
| 9 10 | 10 19 | 10 30 |
| 10 50 | 11 58 | 12 10 P. M. |
| 1 15 P. M. | 2 03 P. M. | 2 13 |
| *1 30 | *2 45 | *3 00 |
| 3 30 | 4 47 | 5 02 |
| 5 03 | 5 57 | 6 09 |
| 6 01 | 7 08 | 7 20 |
| 6 35 | 7 42 | 7 55 |
| 11 35 | 12 42 | 12 55 |

* Saturdays only.

| WEEK DAY TRAINS--SOUTH. | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| LV. BARR'T'N. | LV. PALATINE. | AR. CHICAGO. |
| 6 10 A. M. | 6 19 A. M. | 7 25 A. M. |
| 6 30 | 6 40 | 7 50 |
| 7 00 | 7 10 | 8 25 |
| 7 56 | 8 09 | 9 15 |
| 9 08 | 9 18 | 10 20 |
| 9 52 | 10 02 | 11 00 |
| 12 25 P. M. | 12 34 P. M. | 1 40 P. M. |
| 3 08 | 3 19 | 4 30 |
| 5 02 | 5 12 | 6 20 |
| 6 53 | 7 03 | 7 55 |

| SUNDAY TRAINS--NORTH. | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| LV. CHICAGO. | AR. PALATINE. | AR. BARR'T'N. |
| 4 00 A. M. | | 5 02 A. M. |
| 9 10 | 10 19 A. M. | 10 30 |
| 1 30 P. M. | 2 45 P. M. | 3 00 P. M. |
| 4 45 | 6 00 | 6 15 |
| 6 35 | 7 42 | 7 55 |
| 11 35 | 12 42 | 12 55 |

| SUNDAY TRAINS--SOUTH. | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| LV. BARR'T'N. | LV. PALATINE. | AR. CHICAGO. |
| 7 05 A. M. | 7 15 A. M. | 8 10 A. M. |
| 7 56 | 8 09 | 9 15 |
| 12 25 P. M. | 12 34 P. M. | 1 40 P. M. |
| 5 02 | 5 12 | 6 20 |
| 4 25 | 4 35 | 5 45 |
| 9 10 | 9 23 | 10 35 |



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE Best in the World.

For 14 years this shoe, by merit alone, has distanced all competitors. W. L. Douglas's \$3, \$4 and \$5 shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible at these prices. Also \$2.50 and \$2 shoes for men, \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.50 for boys.

W. L. Douglas shoes are endorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers as the best in style, fit and durability of any shoe ever offered at the price. They are made in all the latest shapes and styles, and of every variety of leather.

If dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

A. W. Meyer & Co., BARRINGTON, ILL.

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OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking Business Transacted....

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Loans on Real Estate.

Insurance.

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A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

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Kenwood Bicycle

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We want bright business men to represent us everywhere.

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Chicago New York London

Send nine two-cent stamps for Monarch Playing Cards. Regular 50c cards.

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Merchant Tailor

Repairing, Cleaning, Dyeing and Altering.
First-class Work Guaranteed

Complete line of Samples of the latest patterns.
Leave Orders at Charles Dill's Barbershop, Barrington.

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Tonsorial Parlor

Ladies' and Children's Hair-cutting a Specialty.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

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HENRY BUTZOW,

BAKERY

-AND-
CONFECTIONERY.

Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

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Physicians AND Surgeons

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OVER WALLER'S DRUG STORE.

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Place your Fire Insurance

-WITH-

Miles Lamey,

Barrington.

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...OF...
SANDMAN & CO.

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H. L. Robertson, Cashier.
John G. Plagge, Vice-Prest.
.....H. C. P. Sandman.

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DENTIST

Graduate of the Royal University of Berlin, Germany, and of the North-Western University of Chicago.
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....Will be in....

Barrington

Every Thursday 9 o'clock A. M.

Reliable Work at the Lowest Prices.

TEETH EXTRACTED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN by an application to the gums. No charge when teeth are ordered. Fillings, painlessly, at half the usual rates. Set of Teeth \$5 and up.

Crowns and Teeth Without Plates a Specialty.

It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

GEO. SCHAFFER,

Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington, - Ills

LAKE ZURICH.

Summer guests are coming to Zurich.

Miss Etta Durstin is on the sick list.

Fred Kuckuck offers his house for sale.

Chewing gum at Al R. Ficke's, the Zurich.

Miss Ella Seip has returned from Chicago.

E. A. Ficke and wife now ride new bicycles.

George Lockwood of Joliet was here on Monday.

Wm. Hicks of Palatine called here Wednesday.

H. Pingle of Barrington was in town Wednesday.

Slocum's feed and grist mill seems to be closed.

Miss Annie Heideman of Dundee is visiting here.

Steve Palmer, of Barrington, was in town Thursday.

The gravel pit has been in working order this week.

Mrs. Carrie Lohman is visiting with Mrs. H. Prehm.

Henry Hillman made Chicago a business call Tuesday.

Tony Jansen and wife of Dundee called here Sunday.

The Lake County Unions have won three games straight.

Frank Gieske of Diamond Lake called here this week.

R. D. Cook of Gilmer was a Zurich caller on Wednesday.

Wm. Meyer of Arlington Heights was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Seip were Libertyville visitors last week.

Wm. Tash of Arlington Heights was on our streets Thursday.

Henry Gieska has recovered after a siege of the typhoid fever.

Luther Clifford and Chas. Sholz were at Evanston last week.

Frank Meyer is taking violin lessons of Prof. Sears at Barrington.

Myrtle Lake of Chicago is stopping with her aunt, Mrs. J. Meyer.

Wm. Eichman entertained guests from Plum Grove last Sunday.

If you want to have your pictures taken, go to the Zurich studio.

The Unions and Libertyville base ball teams play here to-morrow.

D. F. Kreuger is making his round of calls assessing your property.

Edward Nikoley is home from Champaign for a short vacation.

I. B. Fox is about on crutches. John Diekson now drives the ice wagon.

Frank Roney shipped a car of stock to the Chicago markets on Tuesday.

H. Seip is having his residence painted up. Mr. Couseor is the artist.

Orders for Hanson and Peters' livery rigs may be left at the Zurich House.

A large number of men are employed at the ice houses loading ice for shipment.

Godfreid Walz and Luther Clifford attended a Bohemian picnic at Cary Sunday.

Herman Clute of Chicago will open up a meat market in the Hillman building.

George Froelich and John Stemple, of Barrington, were observed here last Saturday.

A carload of telephone poles arrived here for the Chicago Telephone Co. this week.

Louis Peters will start to rebuild at once a new barn in place of the old one destroyed by fire.

Drs. Alverson and Muffat of Palatine, and M. F. Gruber of Barrington, were here Saturday.

George Meyer had a barn-raising last Saturday, and in the evening an old-fashion country dance.

John Meyer had an auction sale of carpenter tools that were sold for debts of one John Brient.

F. L. Carr, F. Roney, F. Dougherty, J. Harmonious and Gus Stoxen of Wauconda were observed here Monday.

Mrs. J. W. Thomas of Chicago, formerly of Zurich, visited here in company with another lady friend several days last week.

WAUCONDA.

F. E. Green was a pleasant caller here Sunday.

J. Miller of McHenry was on our streets Monday.

Ed. Payne of Ivanhoe was on our streets Monday.

Mr. F. H. Holbrook of Chicago was in town this week.

Ray Fox of Palatine was a pleasant caller in our village Tuesday.

Chas. Derry of Waukegan transacted business in our village Tuesday.

Miss Rosing Reynolds of McHenry visited here with friends Tuesday.

H. Maiman and R. Harrison transacted business in the city Wednesday.

The Fire company was out about two hours Monday evening filling cisterns.

Mrs. Kirwan is entertaining relatives from Diamond Lake at present writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kirwan of Fox Lake visited with relatives in our village Sunday.

Miss Sadie Hill went to the city Wednesday last to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Johns of Detroit, Mich., is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Baggles, and sister, Florence.

Mr. Wilbur of the Wilbur Lumber Company of Grays Lake was a pleasant caller in our village Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Hill and daughter, who have been visiting at Edgerton, Wis., returned home Friday.

F. J. Grovenor's school closed at Prairie View last Friday, and he is now home to spend his summer vacation.

Thomas Carr returned to our village Saturday after having spent the past two months working on the new telephone line.

Miss Lucy Sowles and brother, Chester, now have fallen in line with the cyclists, each having purchased a fine new Champion wheel.

The great show which was billed for our village Tuesday arrived and has gone again. It was a one-horse show and was not very largely patronized.

If you desire to subscribe for any newspaper or magazine published in any part of the world, do so through THE REVIEW. We can save you money.

Miss Ada Hicks, who has been attending school at Rockford, arrived at our village Tuesday and will spend a few weeks of her vacation here with her father, Mr. Geo. Hicks, and sister, Mrs. V. D. Kimball.

Hundreds of thousands have been induced to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by reading what it has done for others, and having tested its merits for themselves are to-day its warmest friends. For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

The Security Lightning Rod Co., of Burlington, Wis., guarantee their copper tube rod fully and will pay \$100 reward for any case made known to them of lightning striking a building having upon it their copper tube rod in circuit form. Address: A. C. STOXEN, Wauconda.

The Wauconda Alumni Association will hold a business meeting in the upper room of the school building at 8 o'clock Thursday evening, July 1st. The initiation ceremony will take place and all members are requested to be present to give a hand of fellowship to the new members.

The Heath & Milligan Mfg. Co. was the first on the market with a paint exclusively for floors. "Creolite" is the name of it and is the result of many years' experience, and they are in a position to know it is absolutely the best floor paint made, no matter what the price. This floor paint dries in 12 hours without tack. It is made in eight attractive colors and is sold by J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington.

A. H. Patter, with E. C. Atkins & Co., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I have never before given a testimonial in my life. But I will say that for three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, and my wife would as soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this remedy in the summer season. We have used it with all three of our children and it has never failed to cure—not simply stop pain, but cure absolutely. It is all right, and anyone who tries it will find it so." For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

SPRING LAKE.

Mrs. Fred Golderman is quite ill.

Just ask somebody how his bike run Saturday night.

Mrs. J. Arkell visited with Mrs. Gibson Tuesday.

Frank Macha is visiting his aunt, Mrs. A. Dvorak.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Albright called at Fred Golderman's Sunday.

John Dvorak and wife are entertaining friends from Chicago.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing for two of our prominent citizens.

Ernest Miller has left the factory and has accepted a position in Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gibson attended the funeral of Robert Marshall at Elgin Wednesday.

A number of our people attended the ice cream social at Algonquin Tuesday evening.

Among those who have purchased new wheels are John Oberst, Thomas Gibson, Clint Peebles and Frank Schumacher.

If you once use Kalsomine, you will not want to use any more whitewash. Kalsomine is mixed and applied identically the same as whitewash and will not leave streaks nor rub off. It is put up in 5 lb packages in several handsome tints. Sold by J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington.

Word has been received of the death of Robert Marshall of Marshall, Wis. Mr. Marshall was well known in this vicinity and his many friends extend their sympathy to his wife and children. The funeral took place in Elgin Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Estergreen celebrated the anniversary of their marriage Thursday with a few of their friends fishing on Fox River. Among those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames J. Arkell, C. W. Albright, J. C. Bratzler, Wm. Gibson, and L. Hager of Dundee, Misses Mary Albright and Emily Estergreen.

"There's no use in talking," says W. H. Broadwell, druggist, La Cygne, Kas., "Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy does the work. After taking medicines of my own preparation and those of others, I took a dose of Chamberlain's and it helped me; a second dose cured me. Candidly and conscientiously I can recommend it as the best thing on the market." The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

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For Good Goods Cheap

Call at **S. PECK'S CASH STORE**
Scott's Block Barrington, Ill.
where you will find a large stock of GROCERIES, the very best. DRY GOODS, full line. SHOES, the latest styles. CLOTHING, all styles. Hats and Notions in all grades and kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and get prices. **CALL OFTEN.** No trouble to show goods and give prices, as I am here for business.
S. PECK

WM. STOCKEL

is conducting a first-class
HORSE-SHOEING ESTABLISHMENT
.....at.....

Quentin's Corners, Ill.

All kinds of blacksmith's work given prompt attention.
LOWEST PRICES.

H. C. KERSTING Photographic Art Studio.

West of Schoppe Bros.
OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.
All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water colors and crayon at prices to suit.

WOMEN One month's treatment for one dollar. Sample box 25c. Try it and be convinced.
SAPPHO
For pains in the back and all female weaknesses. **USE**
PARKHAM CHEMICAL CO.,
Box 465, Station X, CHICAGO.

WHY PUT UP WITH

Chicken Lice,

the pest that cause the loss of more poultry than all other diseases combined, when one application of

Carbolineum Avenarius

WILL WIPE THEM OUT OF EXISTENCE?

We hold the agency for this celebrated Wood Preserver for this community, and, although it has been introduced in this vicinity but a short time, its wonderful qualities in the destruction of chicken lice is fast becoming widely known and wherever used the fruits of its effectiveness is being pointed out by the fact that in every case where used its fine qualities are spoken of in the highest of terms and more is asked for. Unlike lime, which merely forms a scale on the surface of the walls, Carbolineum not only destroys the chicken lice but is very penetrative and enters into the pores of the walls in which the eggs of the chicken lice are deposited, destroying them before they are hatched. In buying this preparation, please remember to bring some kind of a vessel to put it in, as we buy it in barrels only.

LOW PRICES ON LEAD AND OIL.

We have a large stock of strictly pure Linseed Oil and the celebrated brand of Shipman's Strictly Pure White Lead, and our prices on them have been placed at so low a figure that we know that you can not get them, beat anywhere, and in many places you will pay much more for the same quality of material. We want your trade, and are offering inducements in the way of low prices to get it.

LARGE STOCK of MIXED PAINTS, Etc.

We also carry a large stock of Heath & Milligan's Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Hard Oils, Turpentine, Benzine, Varnish Stains, Venetian Red, Yellow Ochre, Kalsomine Brushes, Colors, Sand Paper, in fact there is hardly anything in the paint line but what we have in stock to meet the wants of the public, and we sell them in large or small quantities to suit the trade.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.,

DEALERS IN

BUILDING MATERIAL, MIXED PAINTS, ETC.,
Barrington, Illinois.

THE OAKLAND HOTEL,

J. W. MULLEN,
Proprietor.

WAUCONDA, ILL.

Special attention given to the accommodation of fishing parties.

Rates, \$1 a day

When in Wauconda give us a call.

Everything first-class.

WE WANT NEWS

If you have a party, have visitors, go visiting, know of anyone sick, etc, inform

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If you want to sell or buy real estate, want a hired girl or man, advertise in The Review.

We do All kinds of Job Printing promptly and at the lowest price.

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E. PRELLBERG MERCHANT TAILOR

Ready-made Clothing.
Lowest Prices.
PALATINE, ILL.

DR. E. W. OLCOTT

will be at his Dental Office in **BATTERMAN'S BLOCK, PALATINE.**

on **Friday of Each Week**

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BRANDING & KIMBERLY,

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Lake Zurich, Ill.

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FRESH and SMOKED MEATS
Fruits and Vegetables.

Fresh Fish Fridays.
PALATINE, ILL.

CUTTING, CASTLE & WILLIAMS
Attorneys-at-Law.
812-13 Chamber of Commerce Building
Chicago.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accidental Record.

Decatur, Mich.: Ex-Congressman Samuel Stephenson of Negaunee announces that he will be a candidate for United States senator for 1898.

New Orleans, La.: A. B. Kenyon, a stranger in the city, who recently arrived from Mexico, committed suicide by severing an artery in his arm with a razor at his lodgings.

New York: W. P. Van Aken, who it was alleged, attempted to shoot former United States senator J. R. McPherson May 18, was tried for assault in the first degree before Recorder Goff and acquitted.

Washington: Mrs. John A. Logan is suffering from an injury received in a fall last Thursday evening. She was going down a flight of steps at her home, Calumet place, and fell, breaking a ligament in the left leg. The injury is not serious.

Paris: Francis Edouard Joachim Coppee, the French poet, now in his fifty-sixth year, is dying.

Pittsburg: An advance of 5 cents a hundred on bar iron is announced in iron and steel circles. This is the first tendency toward recuperation that bar iron has shown for months.

Blue Rapids, Kas.: At the intersection of the Central branch and Blue Valley railroad seven miles east of here a cloudburst Sunday washed out 300 feet of each road and one pier of the bridge over Vermillion river on the Central branch.

Oshkosh, Wis.: The Raddatz submarine boat was given another launch or test and with success. It is now being provisioned for an extended voyage on Lakes Michigan and Huron.

Eldorado, Iowa: Frank Wilson, aged 19 years, was drowned in Iowa river at Union while bathing.

Washington, Iowa: The two-year-old daughter of Daniel Sullivan fell into a stock water-tank and was drowned.

Decatur, Mich.: Mrs. Roxanna Townsend, aged 57 years, hanged herself from her bedpost with a ribbon at Pentwater.

Waterloo, Iowa: Mrs. Susan Lies committed suicide by jumping into a well. She was 59 years old and partially demented.

Fresno, Cal.: The Pleasanton hotel was fired in three places and Walter Furnish was arrested, charged with the crime. He belongs to one of the best families of Fresno.

Burlington, Iowa: "Matt" Madison was drowned while trying to save the life of Bert Copeland, who had fallen into the river from the steamer Nautilus. Copeland was saved.

Portland, Ore.: A. S. Austin, a California lawyer, who asserted that he could furnish evidence which would save Theodore Durrant from the gallows, has been adjudged insane and will be taken to the asylum.

Mason City, Iowa: Mrs. J. H. Ray, Mrs. Holstein, Walter Wheeler and H. Noehlelen, all of Riceville, at Plymouth attending camp-meeting, were poisoned by eating pressed chicken. All are critically ill.

Denver, Colo.: The managers of the international gold mining convention received a letter from Private Secretary Porter conveying the regrets of President McKinley at his inability to be present at the convention.

Kankakee, Ill.: Joseph Dupuis, aged 90, and Miss Josephine Huneau, aged 36, were married by Father Poissant, at St. Rose's Church. The groom is a wealthy and retired farmer. It is his third marriage, the death of his second wife having occurred two months ago.

London.—Among the recipients of honorary degrees from the University of Oxford are Wilfrid Laurier, premier of the Dominion of Canada; Sir William V. Whiteway, premier of Newfoundland, and E. L. Godkin, editor of the New York Evening Post.

Paris.—The customs committee of the chamber of deputies has adopted the proposal of M. Jonnart, protectionist deputy, to impose a duty of 12 francs per hundred kilos on foreign pork and 3 francs on pigs weighing under twenty-five kilos.

A severe cold wave swept over southeastern Idaho Wednesday. Three inches of snow fell at Soda Springs.

Daniel O'Connell, son of the Irish liberator of the same name, is dead.

Because of the enactment in Illinois of the anti-butterine law Kansas City, Kan., will doubtless become the principal headquarters for the manufacture of that article.

Lafayette, Col.—Leroy Kall and Martin Cornelius, 10 and 8 years old, were found dead in a field. It is supposed they died from eating some poisonous roots, perhaps wild parsnip.

CASUALTIES

Saratoga, N. Y.—Austin Smith, aged 18 of Sandy Hill, was killed while playing baseball. Smith was at bat when Edward McGinnis pitched a curved ball which struck Smith under the ear, causing concussion of the brain and almost instant death.

New Orleans, La.—Pickwick hotel, cafe and annex, 119 and 121 Carondelet street, and the building adjoining, occupied by W. H. Moore, fishing tackle, guns, etc., were gutted by fire, as were also the two upper stories of the Pickwick hotel. The total loss by fire is estimated at \$160,000, fully insured.

Idaho Springs, Colo.—Nathan D. Crane, an old-time miner, was killed in the Way to Wealth mine by a cave-in. He was 70 years of age and a brother-in-law of the late Jerome B. Chaffee. He leaves a widow in Adrian, Mich., and a son in Kalamazoo.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Fire damaged the home of Joseph Melenski in East Buffalo, and his five children were frightfully burned. Sophie, aged 10, died in a hospital.

Newport News, Va.—A cyclone wrecked several houses and did much damage to growing crops. Considerable damage also was done to the small craft lying at anchor in the James river.

Whitewright, Tex.—Fire destroyed five brick buildings. The loss is \$56,623, insured for \$34,070. Seven persons were injured, those most seriously hurt being H. C. Willis, overcome by heat, and W. J. Ashley, arm broken.

Decatur, Mich.—Frank Evelsizer of Gratiot county was thrown from a horse, and killed.

Brazil, Ind.—William Crawley, a miner, was killed in the Niekle-Plate mine while drawing pillars.

La Grange, Ind.—Mrs. Luella Platter of Auburn was working about an open fire when her clothing ignited. She died.

Wapakoneta, Ohio.—Peter Tabler, a farmer, was instantly killed by lightning in his house. His wife and children were seriously injured by the shock. The house was destroyed.

FOREIGN.

London.—During a volunteer parade at Liverpool the crowd, which numbered 100,000 at least, overcame the handful of police who were keeping order. Thereupon the mounted police charged the multitude and injured many, two, it is feared, fatally.

Athens.—It is reported here that Emperor William has sent a telegram to the sultan requesting him to take measures for the speedy evacuation of Thessaly.

Berne, Switzerland.—The state council, by a vote of 26 to 17, has declared in favor of the state acquiring the railroads of Switzerland.

Rome—Giuseppe Verdi, the celebrated composer, now in his eighty-third year, is seriously ill.

Paris.—The Soleil says that a fresh bomb was discovered Friday at the corner of the Boulevard St. Denis and the Rue St. Denis. The find in other quarters is declared to be only a harmless hoax.

Paris.—President Faure has consented to act as arbitrator in the frontier dispute between the Central American republics of Costa Rica and Colombia.

Berlin.—Admiral von Hollmann has resigned the post of chief of the navy department. Admiral von Tirpitz has been appointed to succeed him.

Paris.—In a fight between Italian and French workmen at Barcarin two Frenchmen were killed. The district is intensely excited, and the police are taking steps to quell further disturbances.

It is announced on the authority of one of the royal physicians attendant upon Queen Victoria, that "her majesty is almost totally blind." No details of the sad news are available.

CRIME.

Collinsville, Ill.—M. M. Powell, a young physician of this city, committed suicide in his office by shooting.

Davenport, Iowa.—John Gugelheimer murdered his wife by mixing strychnine with an eggnog and giving her the drink. He then committed suicide in the same manner.

Covington, Ky.—Immediately after family prayers Miss Amelia Baer, aged 22 years, went into parlor and cut her throat.

Milford, Pa.—Paul Herman Shultz, found guilty of killing his wife, attempted to commit suicide by strangulation, using a strip from a bed quilt. He was revived. He still refuses food and says he will starve himself to death before the day of execution.

Elgin, Ill.—Miss Carrie Bisbee, a seamstress at the insane hospital, was shot three times in the head and breast by her cousin, Mr. Bisbee. Mr. Bisbee fled and has not been caught.

Duluth, Minn.—John Promberger, local agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Hudson River Road, was arrested charged with the embezzlement of \$1,400 of the company's funds.

Kokomo, Ind.—Thomas McGovern and John Gowdy, merchants, were held up and severely beaten by highwaymen while on their way home. Mr. McGovern is in a critical condition. The robbers secured only \$11.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Colorado Springs, Colo.—The Zenobia gold mine on Bull Hill, after three years of fruitless work, struck bonanza ore, \$2,880 to the ton.

Plano, Ill.—The Enterprise Manufacturing Company of Sandwich closed its doors. Sheriff Shaftner of Dekalb County taking charge. Many residents of this city are involved for small amounts ranging from \$100 to \$5,000.

Harrisburg, Pa.—Deputy Attorney General Elkin has given out a statement to-night on the condition of the state finances, in which he shows that there is a deficit of \$3,500,000 in the state treasury.

Indianapolis.—The state board of finance has determined to take up \$200,000 outstanding 3 per cent bonds July 1, and is now negotiating to that end with a New York bank, which holds the bonds. The state is gradually decreasing its debt, and is expected to pay off at least \$1,000,000 of its bonds this year.

Newark, Ohio.—George Hughes, a farmer, assigned to William Koons of Mount Vernon. Bond for \$12,000 was given.

Clinton, Iowa.—Bannister Brothers, one of the oldest-established grain and flour firms here, failed. Assets unknown; liabilities about \$20,000.

Colorado Springs.—In the Excelsior mine, a property on Gold Hill, belonging to the Anaconda people, gold has been found in a brown quartz, mining as high as \$1,000 to the ton, and coming in the peculiar form of cubes, which are plainly discerned by the naked eye.

St. Louis, Mo.—The Udell Woodware Company filed a general assignment. Assignee Hoise states that the liabilities are \$80,000 and the assets \$83,000.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—Wesley C. Scott, postmaster at Scottsville, and the oldest postmaster in point of service in the United States, has been succeeded by Jacob Schmidt. He was appointed by President Buchanan in 1857.

Harrisburg, Pa.—State Chairman Elkin has fixed Thursday, Aug. 26, as the date for the meeting of the state republican convention in this city to nominate candidates for state treasurer and auditor general.

Frankfort, Ky.—The grand jury in the federal court indicted Cashier Youtzey of the First National bank of Newport. Congressman Berry of Newport was one of the witnesses. A special term of the federal court to try the case has been called to open at Covington Sept. 7.

Barrie, Ont.—Sidney J. Sanford, county treasurer, has disappeared. A partial investigation shows a loss to the county of about \$100,000, which will probably be increased by further investigation.

Eldora, Iowa.—The Western Iowa Veterans' association held its annual reunion at Ida Grove. Henry Watterston delivered an address before a large audience.

Delavan, Wis.—James Aram, one of the wealthiest men in this section, died leaving over \$50,000 for public charities.

New York.—There is no truth in the report that Claus Spreckels, the California sugar magnate, is interested in the construction of a coffee roasting plant in Brooklyn.

Colchester, Ill.—The wife of Thomas Jefferson, living near here, presented him with triplets—boys. Dr. C. B. Horrell, the attending physician, says the boys are all healthy, weigh five pounds each, and will live.

San Francisco, Cal.—Steve O'Donnell knocked out Alex. Greggains in the eighth round.

Madison, Wis.—The race between the University of Wisconsin crew and the Minnesota eight will not be rowed this year. Members of the Wisconsin Athletic Council claim that the Badger crew were treated discourteously at Lake Minnetonka last summer and that the newspapers were unfair to them.

St. Joseph, N. F.—Two French fishermen arrived here from Heart's Content, after being picked up by a vessel in mid-ocean. They had been four days in their dory, with just enough food to keep them alive, and had suffered extremely from cold and exposure.

Lacon, Ill.—John Southworth, of South Lacon, who kept house for himself, made up five quarts of strawberries into shortcake, ate most of it at one sitting, and died.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

Table with market reports for New York, Kansas City, St. Louis, and Peoria, listing various commodities like wheat, corn, and oats with their respective prices.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

WEEK'S PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

Debate on the Tariff Bill Occupies the Time of the Upper Branch of Congress—Good Progress Being Made on the Measure.

Friday, June 18.

The tariff bill came to a halt in the senate, less than one page of the flax schedule being disposed of. The debate drifted into political channels. It led to several lively exchanges, during which the cleaning of political "dirty linen" was frequently referred to. Mr. Tillman stated concerning the tariff that if there was to be stealing he wanted his share for South Carolina. Mr. Allison (Iowa), in charge of the bill, withdrew the senate amendment on flax, not hacked or dressed, leaving the house rate of 1 cent a pound stand. He also withdrew the commit-

NORWEGIAN LUTHERANS.

Eighth Annual Convention of the Church at St. Paul.

At Thursday's session of the United Norwegian Lutheran Church Lars Swenson was chosen treasurer. For secretary, Rev. J. Jenson, the present incumbent, was re-elected. Rev. T. H. Dahl, the present incumbent, was re-elected vice-president by acclamation. Reports of committees showed only a slight falling off in receipts, and much good work accomplished during the year.

At Friday's session of the conference of the United Norwegian Lutheran church a number of congregations were admitted into membership. Professor E. G. Lund was elected president of an English conference within the church.

In the United Norwegian Lutheran convention Monday the most important work was the election of officers. The afternoon session was set aside for the consideration of the Lutheran Daughters' Home of Chicago. The result of this discussion was that the

EX-SENATOR EVARTS OF NEW YORK NOT DEAD YET.



William M. Evarts is not going to die—at least at present. The great statesman and lawyer is as sound-hearted and healthy as ever, and the slight cold which gave rise to many expressed fears on the public's part has all disappeared. Mr. Evarts is approaching his eightieth year of life in his New York home, fully alive to all the questions of today, and as deeply interested in his country as he was in the days when his name was perpetually in the public prints and when he was one of the foremost men in the United States. He now looks back, in the calm and peaceful twilight of his life, upon a career of which any man may be proud. To the young generation he is a great name; to the generation passing away he is a living, vibrating force. More than sixty years ago he founded the Yale Literary Magazine. Fifty-six

years ago he was admitted to the bar, and so deep was his youthful wisdom that his seniors often consulted him as to the best course to pursue. In 1857 he was retained by the state to argue the great Lemmon slave case, and his opponent was the most brilliant lawyer of that time—Charles O'Connor. Evarts was a delegate in the Chicago convention of 1860 and spoke for Seward. In 1863 he was the greatest lawyer in the country, and President Johnson retained him in the impeachment proceedings. The result was that the great lawyer was attorney general of the United States. He it was who brought about the Alabama indemnity, and when Mr. Hayes became president that executive made Mr. Evarts his secretary of state. Later he was a delegate to the Paris monetary conference, and after a term in the senate he retired to private practice in this city.

tee amendment on dressed flax, leaving the house rate of 3 cents.

Mr. Morgan called attention to the singular fact that the income tax feature of the Wilson bill is not repealed, and can be enforced by a change in the personnel of the supreme court of the United States.

Saturday, June 19.

The finance committee was defeated on four important paragraphs in the flax, hemp and jute schedule of the tariff bill. These were the paragraphs relating to floor matting, plain jute fabrics, burlaps and cotton bagging. The Democrats were enabled to carry their points against these paragraphs by the assistance of the silver Republicans and Populists and by the help of Carter and Hansbrough, straight Republicans, on the paragraph relating to matting. The effect is to restore floor matting manufactured from straw and other vegetable substance to the free list. These include the Japanese, Chinese and Indian matting.

Monday, June 21.

The senate made good headway with the tariff bill, but Senator Allison was careful to steer clear of all paragraphs on which there is liable to be a disagreement among the Republicans. The paragraphs on wool, silk, hides and tea were passed by for the present, and they will not be taken up in the senate until they have been submitted to a Republican caucus. At 5 o'clock the bill was laid aside, the day's work having covered pages 135 to 190 inclusive. After a brief executive session the senate adjourned.

hospital was recommended, with the good will of the church.

PROVED A DEATHTRAP.

Four Boys Killed in a Barn at Lincoln Ill., Friday.

Lincoln, Ill., was visited by a tornado Friday. It centered its fury upon the farm buildings of the Illinois Institution for Feeble-Minded Children. Four boys were killed under the falling timbers of the main barn, in which they had taken refuge from the storm. Several of the inmates and two of the officials received serious or fatal injuries. Superintendent Jacob Wilmert received a serious wound on the head. His back was hurt and also his abdomen, and it is feared there are internal injuries which may prove fatal.

At the main building no one was injured. Over 100 windows were broken in the main building and a part of the roof was blown from the north wing. The total property loss to the state cannot be less than \$4,500. Besides this there is a loss to the park which is irreparable.

Victory for Banker Spaulding.

Charles W. Spaulding, president of the defunct Globe savings bank at Chicago, was acquitted on the charge of embezzling \$7,500 bonds belonging to the University of Illinois.

Three Men Killed.

Friday afternoon a large quantity of powder in a building of the Hazard Powder Company, at Hazardville, Pa., exploded and three men were killed.

HONORING A QUEEN.

Celebration of the Sixtieth Year of the Reign of England's Sovereign.

The celebration of Victoria's jubilee was successfully inaugurated at the city of London, England, on Monday. The queen in the evening entertained at dinner ninety of her most distinguished guests in the state supper-room at Buckingham palace. Among those present were the Prince and Princess of Wales, the royal guests, the envoys of states with the rank of ambassador and the great officers of the household, who wore full court dress.

The spacious supper-room was a fairy sight, exquisite costumes, diamonds and countless gems, the most brilliant of uniforms, stars, orders and crosses, without end.

After the dinner the queen proceeded from the grand salon to the ball-room to receive her guests, the envoys and their suites, the Indian princes, the officers of the Imperial forces and of the native Indian escorts and the officers of the queen's German regiment.

The colonial premiers, with their wives, were presented to her majesty by Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, and suites of royal and other guests were presented severally by their chiefs. The great officers of state attended in full court dress.

Mesdames Whitelaw Reid, Nelson A. Miles and Ogden Mills were presented by the queen's special command.

The colonial premiers were the guests of the city of Birmingham Monday. They were heartily welcomed by large crowds of people and were entertained at luncheon by the lord mayor. The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, and the lord mayor toasted the visiting premiers, and Mr. Wilfrid Laurier, the premier of Canada, responded. In so doing he alluded to the growing feeling that there should be more intimate connection between Great Britain and her colonies.

Mr. Chamberlain, in replying to the toasts of her majesty's ministers, dwelt upon the great significance of the visit of the premiers to Great Britain, which, he said, demonstrated to the world the unity of the empire.

The first grand function in the jubilee of Queen Victoria was the reception at Buckingham palace of the special envoys sent by foreign nations. Mr. Whitelaw Reid was received in the most cordial manner possible. Her majesty expressed her sincere thanks to President McKinley and to "the great nation of our kinsmen."

CHEER THEIR RULER.

English People Give a Royal Welcome to Queen Victoria.

London Cable: The queen is now in London. An immense crowd gathered near Paddington station in the early hours of Monday and waited with stolid patience.

The early hours were enlivened by the pealing of bells and in the morning breeze everywhere floated the royal standard. The first point of interest in the day's proceedings was Windsor, where by 6 o'clock the short route leading from the castle to the railway station was lined by a mass of people gathered to see the queen start.

Flags and flowers were everywhere and the order of the day "God save the Queen" appeared on houses and banners without end. The statue of the queen near the castle was decorated and gorgeously canopied in the

renaissance style and tall Venetian masts with their fluttering pennons lined both sides of the route.

The start for London was made at 12:10 o'clock, and for almost the entire distance the train passed between scattered groups of loyal people. Every station between Windsor and Paddington had been decorated. The railway employes everywhere stood at the salute, while the platforms were crowded with cheering people. Paddington was reached at 12:30 p. m. Owing to the recent explosion of

the morning papers contain long telegrams from the colonies describing the enthusiasm in connection with jubilee fetes.

The editorials express a rather quiet satisfaction over the jubilee honors, though the Liberal organs betray some measure of disappointment. Literature is practically ignored. There is unanimous approval, however, of the honors conferred upon colonial statesmen, and this is especially keen in the case of Mr. Laurier.

The admission of the premiers to the privy council is regarded as a sort of recognition of the right of the colonies to share in the imperial councils.

The Parsees of Bombay.

The Parsees are a great power in Bombay. These people are not Indian in origin, or in their present day religion. As their name signifies, they are the people of ancient Persia, the race who worshipped God under the



PORTRAIT OF VICTORIA, QUEEN OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, AND EMPRESS OF INDIA.

bombs in Paris and the arrival in England of many foreigners known to be connected with anarchy, the Scotland Yard authorities have been very active. The whole route of the procession tomorrow has been closely examined, especially the bridges and stands in their vicinity.



THE JUBILEE STAMP, devised by Wales to raise subscriptions for his hospital fund. Thousands of the limited edition have been sold.

THE JUBILEE HONORS.

Satisfaction in England Over Their Distribution. London, June 23.—The Times and all

symbol of the sun or of fire. To that race belonged the Magi, who 1,897 years ago went to Jerusalem, saying: "Where is he that is born king of the Jews, for we saw his star in the east and are come to worship him?" In A. D. 651, the followers of Mahomet conquered Persia, and as usual "converted" the Parsees by force. A remnant remained true to their ancient faith, and of these some fled to the mountains, and others left their native land and took shelter in India. Rajput Prince welcomed them and gave them land on which to settle, the only conditions being that they should adopt an Indian dress, and should refrain from eating beef—the ox being a sacred animal to the Hindus. To the latter condition the Parsees in India faithfully adhere, the incoming of the new British masters not seeming to them any reason for breaking their ancient promise. While Hindu rule prevailed, their religion and the absence of caste among them kept them from acquiring power in Hindu communities, and they quietly devoted themselves to agriculture and commerce. Under British rule, therefore, they naturally came more to the front, and Bombay owes much of its prosperity to their energy, enterprise, and intelligence. Most of them now speak English, and many of their sons are sent to Britain for their education, and pass in law and medicine. The Parsee women are also educated, and enjoy as much freedom as European women.

More Monsters of Olden Times.

The fossil remains of an apparently new species of the ancient reptile named by geologists the "mosasaur" have just been discovered in the chalk beds of northern France. These reptiles, which became extinct ages ago, were of enormous size, some being seventy or more feet in length. They had comparatively slender bodies, like a snake, paddles like a whale, and some of the characteristic features of the lizard. They were especially abundant in America, and their remains have been found in New Jersey and in the states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, as well as west of the Mississippi River.

A Happy Omen.

They were out driving, and had struck a fine stretch of shady country road.

"Do you believe in palmistry?" he asked, "the reading of one's fortune by the lines of one's hand?"

"I believe," she said, "that if I could see the lines in only one of your hands I could foretell that we would have a very pleasant drive."

He immediately caught on, and grasped both reins with one hand and the situation with the other.

BURIED UNDER RUINS

DISASTER AT WATERTOWN, SOUTH DAKOTA.

Many Persons Injured, Two Fatally, in a Collapsing Building—Loungers in a Saloon Hurled Suddenly Into Eternity—Five Badly Injured.

The Mullholland building, a large two-story brick building at Watertown, S. D., occupied by Berg & Olsen as a saloon on the first floor and on the upper story by roomers, collapsed without any warning Monday night at a time when the saloon was full of people. Two were killed and five badly injured.

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

Provisions of the Pact Signed and Sent to the Senate.

The following is the text of the Hawaiian treaty sent to the senate last week:

ARTICLE I. The United States of America and the Republic of Hawaii, in view of the natural dependence of the Hawaiian Islands upon the United States, of their geographical proximity thereto, of the preponderant share acquired by the United States and its citizens in the industries and trade of said islands, and of the expressed desire of the government of the Republic of Hawaii that those islands should be incorporated into the United States as an integral part thereof and under its sovereignty, have determined to accomplish by treaty an object so important to their mutual and permanent welfare. To this end the high contracting parties have conferred full power and authority upon their respectively appointed plenipotentiaries, to-wit: The President of the United States; John Sherman, secretary of state, the United States. The President of the Republic of Hawaii; Francis March Hatch, Lorrin A. Thurston and William A. Kinney.

ARTICLE II. The Republic of Hawaii hereby cedes absolutely and without reserve to the United States of America all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and over the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies; and it is agreed that all the territory of and appertaining to the Republic of Hawaii is hereby annexed to the United States of America under the name of Territory of Hawaii.

ARTICLE III. The Republic of Hawaii also cedes and hereby transfers to the United States the absolute fee and ownership of all public, government or crown lands, public buildings or edifices, ports, harbors, military equipments and all other public property, of every kind and description, belonging to the government of the Hawaiian Islands, together with every right and appurtenance thereunto appertaining. The existing laws of the United States relative to public lands shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands, but the congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition; provided, that all revenue from or proceeds of the same, except as regards such part thereof as may be used or occupied for the civil, military or naval purposes of the United States or may be as-

signed for the use of the local government, shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands for educational and other public purposes.

ARTICLE III.

Until congress shall provide for the government of such islands all the civil, judicial and military powers exercised by the officers of the existing government in said islands shall be vested in such person or persons, and shall be exercised in such a manner as the president of the United States shall direct, and the President shall have power to remove said officers and fill the vacancies so occasioned. The existing treaties of the Hawaiian Islands with foreign nations shall forthwith cease and determine, being replaced by such treaties as may exist or as may be hereafter concluded between the United States and such foreign nations. The municipal legislation of the Hawaiian Islands, not enacted for the fulfillment of the treaties so extinguished, and not inconsistent with this treaty nor contrary to the constitution of the United States, nor to any existing treaty of the United States, shall remain in force until the congress of the United States shall otherwise determine. Until legislation shall be enacted extending the United States customs laws and regulations to the Hawaiian Islands, the existing customs relations of the Hawaiian Islands with the United States, and other countries shall remain unchanged.

ARTICLE IV.

The public debt of the Republic of Hawaii, lawfully existing at the date of the exchange of the ratification of this treaty, including the amounts due to the depositors in the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank, is hereby assumed by the government of the United States; but the liability of the United States shall not exceed \$4,000,000. So long, however, as the existing government and the present commercial relations of the Hawaiian Islands are continued, as hereinbefore provided, said government shall continue to pay the interest on said debt.

ARTICLE V.

There will be no further immigration of Chinese into the Hawaiian Islands except upon such conditions as are now or may hereafter be allowed by the laws of the United States, and no Chinese by reason of anything herein contained shall be allowed to enter the United States from the Hawaiian Islands.

ARTICLE VI.

The President shall appoint five commissioners, at least two of whom shall be residents of the Hawaiian Islands, who shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, recommend to congress such legislation concerning the territory of Hawaii as they shall deem necessary or proper.

ARTICLE VII.

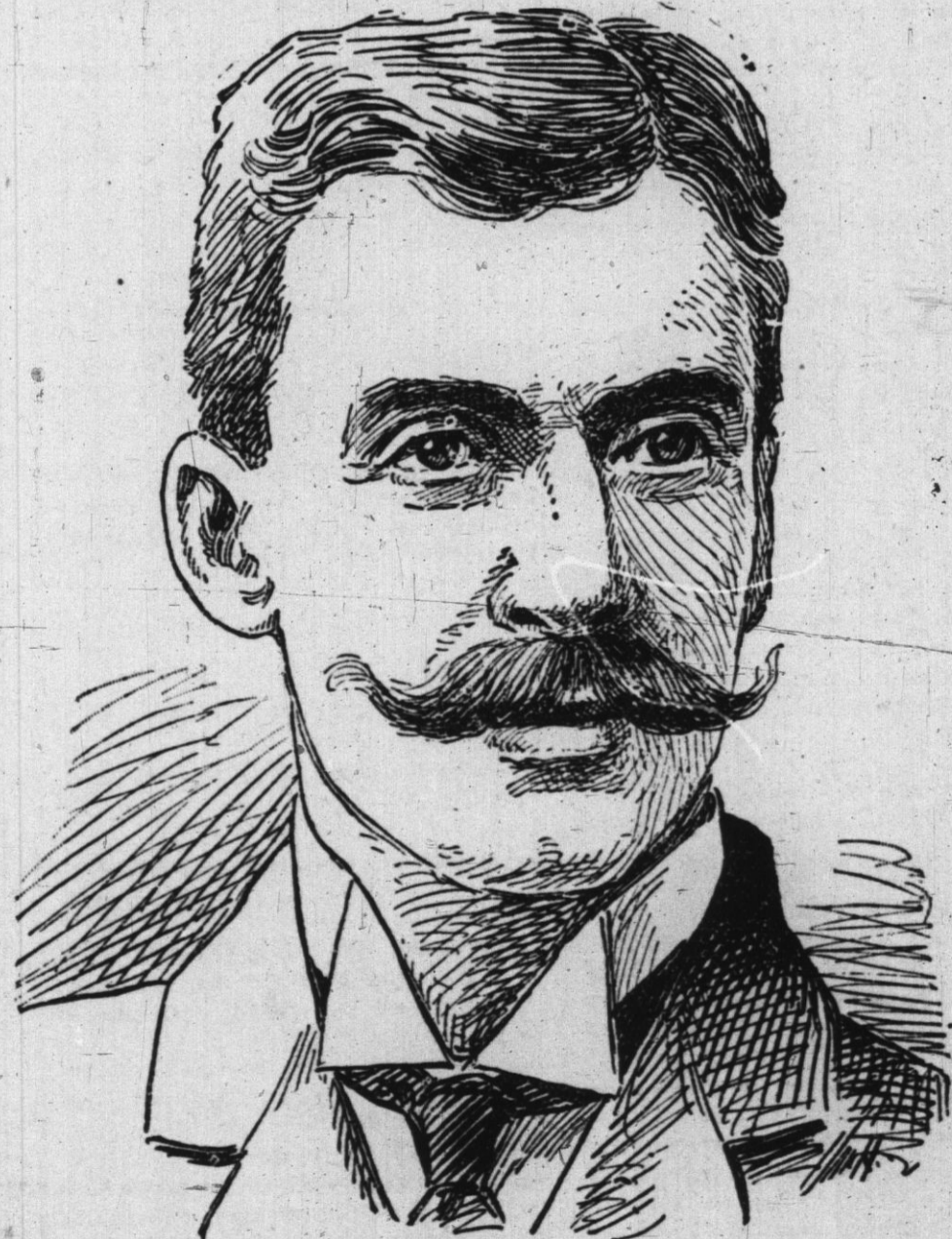
This treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, on the one part, and by the president of the Republic of Hawaii, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, in accordance with the constitution of the said republic, on the other; and the ratification hereof shall be exchanged at Washington as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles and have hereunto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at the city of Washington this sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

JOHN SHERMAN,
FRANCIS MARCH HATCH,
LORRIN A. THURSTON,
WILLIAM A. KINNEY.

HAWAII'S VIGOROUS REPRESENTATIVE IN THE UNITED STATES.



Francis M. Hatch, representative of the Hawaiian islands who signed the treaty of annexation with Secretary Sherman, is a bright lawyer who emigrated from New Hampshire to Honolulu many years ago. He at once opened a law office in the islands, and his ability, suavity and knowledge of men soon gained him a rich and remunerative clientele which included the sugar king, Claus Spreckles, and the majority of the wealthy planters of the Hawaiian group. Mr. Hatch took no interest in politics until the big revolution of 1893, when he suddenly sprang into prominence as president of the Annexation Club, member of the advisory council and vice-president of the provisional government. In 1894, when the news went to Honolulu that Pres-

ident Cleveland's purpose was to restore Liliuokalani to the throne, Mr. Hatch made a great speech in mass meeting, in which he challenged the right of the American chief magistrate to make war without the consent of congress. Once launched upon the stream of politics he went with the tide, and was very active in making preparations to repel the invasion of the forces commanded by Admiral Irwin. The republic was now organized, and Mr. Hatch became the minister of foreign affairs, and in that capacity conducted the diplomatic correspondence with the United States and Great Britain concerning the case of exiles who had complained to their governments of their forcible expulsion from Hawaii after the revolution had set in.



VICTORIA AND PRINCE CONSORT WITH THEIR TWO ELDEST CHILDREN.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Hammocks at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

Where will you celebrate the Fourth?

Buy some of those spring chickens at Wagner's.

Did you see that large eel at Wagner's market?

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Grom visited Chicago Thursday.

Choice Burbank potatoes can be bought at Wagner's market.

You can buy a new \$75 bicycle at A. W. Meyer & Co's for \$34.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Heimerdinger visited with relatives in Elgin yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ochsner spent Sunday at the home of George Wagner.

The frequent rains and continued warm weather is very beneficial to the crops.

John Hatje will soon commence to make some improvements on his residence.

Paul Schaeede and family of Elgin visited at the home of E. F. Schaeede this week.

Miss Mattie Mundhenk visited with relatives at Barrington and Palatine this week.

Mrs. J. B. Clinge and daughter, Miss Paulina, were Wauconda visitors Wednesday.

Libertyville will pay its principal of schools \$70 per month and the other teachers \$40.

Supervisor Huntington, of the town of Ela, was a pleasant caller at this office Monday.

Miss Gusta Biddel of Palatine is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Peters.

James London of Fort Dodge, Iowa, spent a few days the past week with old acquaintances here.

John Jacoby and R. C. Freckersen of Chicago visited at the home of George Wagner Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Snyder, who reside at Mayfair, are happy over the arrival of a boy at their home.

The nicest and largest assortment of pretty dress goods is at A. W. Meyer & Co's. Call and see them.

Rev. E. Rahn and Henry Reese, who attended the conference held at Chicago, returned home the first of the week.

About twenty-five people from Cary attended the graduating exercises at the Salem church Thursday evening.

You will find the best styles in ladies' shoes and slippers at A. W. Meyer & Co's. Their prices are lowest, too.

The Woodstock trotting meeting commenced yesterday. A number of Lake County horses are entered for the races.

About seventy-five scholars from Prof. C. C. Dodge's school, Chicago enjoyed a picnic at Comstock's grove yesterday.

The Lake County Unions defeated the West Ends, of Elgin, in a game of base ball at Lake Zurich Sunday. Score: 24 to 13.

FOR SALE OR RENT—House and two lots corner South Hawley and Hough streets. For particulars apply to B. Gieske, Barrington, Ill.

WANTED—100 square pianos in exchange for new uprights. Address Will C. Bryant, Barrington, Ill. or 3 and 5 Adams street Chicago.

B. Lageschulte and son, Bennie, and Willard Overhu of Chicago, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of J. B. Clinge.

The next meeting of Barrington camp, M. W. A., will be held July 6th. This will probably be the last meeting until after the hot weather.

I can place \$4500. in amounts of \$500 each at 6 1/2 per cent, payable in gold, secured by real estate in Barrington. M. C. McINTOSH.

The twenty-eighth annual meeting and basket picnic of the old settlers of the Fox River valley took place at Lord's Park, Elgin, Saturday, June 19th.

H. T. Abbott, L. A. Powers, C. H. Kendall and John Dockery attended the meeting and banquet of Palatine Chapter Royal Arch Masons Tuesday evening.

F. Hachmeister made the trip to Leyden, Monday, on his wheel, where he went to look after some improvements which are being made on his farm.

Louis Lemke has moved into the Henning's building on the south side of the track, and will be pleased to meet all of his old customers as well as new ones.

Next Sunday morning at the M. E. church, Rev. T. E. Ream will give the parents an opportunity to have their children baptized. It is Children's day in the church.

Be sure and get J. D. Lamey & Co's, prices on strictly pure white lead and linseed oil before buying elsewhere. Their prices can't be beat, quality of material considered.

Sunday morning at the Baptist church, the topic, "The Body, the Temple of the Holy Ghost", will be considered. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. All are welcome.

The Barrington Camp Meeting Association has arranged to serve meals at the camp grounds during their meetings this year. Meal tickets are sold at 25 cents each or five for \$1.

GOOD CHANCE TO BUY OR RENT.—At Lake Zurich—A good store building 18x36, two story; also one store room 14x25, suitable for meat market. Apply to M. C. McINTOSH, Barrington.

FOR THE FOURTH—Beautiful white hats and styles to suit all. Orders promptly filled. If you wish anything in the millinery line, now is the time to purchase. ALTA GREYTON.

Over Bank.

The Climax carriage paint, manufactured by Heath & Milligan Mfg. Co., is the best paint on the market for carriages, and is already for use. Sold by J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington.

Clarence Murray, proprietor of the Waukegan House at Waukegan, has been appointed postmaster. Mr. Murray filled the same position under Mr. Harrison and will make an efficient officer.

Grandma Hollister, who made her home for more than 50 years in this vicinity, has gone to live with her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Cowin, in Chicago, where she will spend her remaining days.

John Collen returned from Elroy, Wis., yesterday morning with a carload of cows. They are an extra fine lot and anyone wishing to purchase cattle will find it to their interest to see them.

There will be a picnic at Lake Zurich Sunday, July 4th. The attractions of the day will be a game of base ball between the Lake County Unions and the Chicago Dixons. Dancing afternoon and evening.

If you want your property protected by the only efficient lightning conductor, the Security lightning rod, made by the Security Lightning Rod Co., of Burlington, Wis., call on A. C. Stoxen, Wauconda, Ills.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Barrington, June 25th:—Grahams (Long Lake), E. C. Huney, Charles Janson, Herman Kaufman and Chas. Willie. M. B. McINTOSH, P. M.

The Thursday club held their last meeting for this season at the home of Mrs. J. E. Heise Thursday afternoon and elected officers as follows: president, Mrs. C. F. Meyer; vice-president, Mrs. M. C. McIntosh, secretary, Mrs. John Collen; treasurer, Miss Cora Higley.

Mrs. S. Harrower celebrated her seventy-seventh birthday last week by entertaining a number of her friends at tea. Each of the ladies was adorned with one of her lovely roses. A very pleasant afternoon was spent and all wish her many more happy birthdays.

Next Sunday evening the children of the M. E. Sunday school will give their regular annual Children's Day Exercises. A great many of the little folks will speak and sing. No pains will be spared to make the exercises most interesting. The church will be beautifully decorated with choice flowers.

Ivanhoe camp, No. 1253, M. W. A., has made complete arrangements for a grand celebration of our Independence, and annual picnic of the Woodmen of Lake County at Slusser's grove, on the banks of Grays Lake on July 5th. Speaking, singing, games, dancing and music by both brass and martial bands will be features of the day.

There will be a game of base ball between the Lake County Unions and the Libertyville team at Lake Zurich tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Unions have won every game this season, and this promise to be an exceptionally good game, as the Libertyville's is one of the best teams in the county.

Next Monday evening at the usual hour, the Chautauquan Circle will hold its last meeting of the season at the home of Mrs. Domire. It will be an important meeting, and all members are requested to be present. New officers will be elected and some arrangements made for the coming season. There are at present about twenty-five members.

The review of assessment for the town of Cuba will be held at the office of M. T. Lamey, on Monday, June 28. All persons considering themselves aggrieved by said assessment, or who wish to complain that the property of another is assessed too low, are hereby notified to appear at said meeting and show cause and have such assessment reviewed.

FRED KIRSCHNER, Assessor.

The St. Paul's Jugendverein, in connection with the Sunday school, will hold a picnic in Comstock's grove next Wednesday. The Barrington Cornet band will furnish music for the occasion and refreshments will be served. An entertaining program has been arranged and a good time is guaranteed to all who attend. If the weather should be unfavorable Wednesday the picnic will be held the following day.

The race meet which was to have taken place on the Hawley Bros.' track last Saturday by nine employes of C. F. Meyer & Co's, collecting agency, of Chicago, did not take place on account of the bad condition of the track, caused by the heavy rains of the preceding night. However, arrangements have been completed for it to take place at the same place this afternoon at 2 o'clock and it promises to be a race of interest, as several of those entered are considered speedy riders.

The commissioners of highways of the town of Cuba will meet at Conrad Kraus' store at Langenheim on Friday, July 2d, 1897, at 9:30 o'clock, a.m. for the purpose of receiving bids for graveling roads in said town of Cuba as follows: Commencing at Harry Kampert's gate, thence from place of beginning 160 rods; commencing at the slaughter house on the Lake Zurich road, thence north 60 rods; commencing at the foot of F. A. Cady's hill, thence east from place of beginning 50 rods; commencing at Fred Kampert's west line, thence west 120 rods; commencing at the creek bridge near Frick's factory, thence north from place of beginning 50 rods; commencing at Kelsey's corners, thence east from place of beginning 40 rods; commencing at Kelsey's house, thence north from place of beginning 120 rods; commencing at the north line of the town on the Wauconda road, thence south from place of beginning 40 rods.

To Have Electric Lights.

The Chicago Engineering Co., of Chicago, has purchased a lot in the Applebee subdivision and have already commenced the erection of a one-story frame power house, 30 by 40 feet and 14 feet high.

The building will be equipped with a 125-horse power engine and a 2200 volt dynamo, which is intended will be of sufficient size to supply neighboring towns as well as Barrington with electric lighting and motor power.

It is expected that the plant will be in working order by September 1st.

Prof. J. I. Sears' Eighth Annual Concerts.

The closing programs of the eighth annual concerts given by J. I. Sears and class took place at the M. E. church Monday and Tuesday evenings and were a grand success. A large and appreciative audience was present at both evenings' exercises.

The Monday evening program was given by the members of the junior class, assisted by Prof. J. I. Sears, and was rendered throughout in an artistic manner that won the admiration of the audience.

The Tuesday evening program was given by the senior members of the class, assisted also by Prof. Sears, and was carried out in a most pleasing style. The artists who took part in this program fully demonstrated the fact that Barrington possesses musical talent and a professor of music that she may well feel proud of. Every number on the program was finely executed and well encored.

The professor has devoted this week to concerts given by himself and classes in the following towns: Barrington, Algonquin, Palatine, Nunda and Cary.

Prof. Sears will leave next month for New York where he will take a high course of instruction in music from the leading professors in this country.

ALBERT KUNKE,



Horse-Shoeing, Plow Work, Etc.



GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.

Carriage, Wagon and Repair Shop.

WILLIAMS AD CHESTNUT STREETS,

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For a Good Juicy Roast or Steak....

CALL AT THE MEAT MARKET OF

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Fresh Home-made Sausages

OYSTERS and
VEGETABLES in Season.

BARRINGTON, ILLS.

Highest Price Paid for Hides and Tallow

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

I have just added to my stock a large line of

Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

I bought them at remarkably low prices and are making low prices sell them. Here are a few of my sample prices:

Calicos, 3 1/2 cents a yard.

Ladies' Shirt Waists at 35 cents up.

Straw Hats, 4 cents and up.

Fedora and Derby Hats, 25 and up.

Ladies' Black Silk Mitts, 15c up.

BOYS' SUITS, latest Styles, 74c up.

A complete line of MEN'S SUITS at equally low.

SAMUEL LIPOFSKY,

Howarth Building.

Barrington, Ill.

We Want Your Trade

And are determined to give you bargains to have it.

Below we quote you a few sample price:

Men's Suits, \$2.98 and up; Boys' Suits, 78 cents; Sweaters, 19c and up; Overshirts, 19c up; Best Straw Hats, 10c up; Suspenders, 9 cents; Table Cloths, 19c a yard; Toweling, 3c per yd up; Calico, 3c a yard; Stockings, 4c; Men's Shoes, 98c and up. A large selection of White and Wash Goods as well as Children's, Men's and Ladies' Underwear at the lowest prices. Overalls 25c and upward. Men's good pants 59c.

A CHOICE LINE OF CONFECTIONERY.

FINE LINE OF TOBACCOS AND CIGARS.

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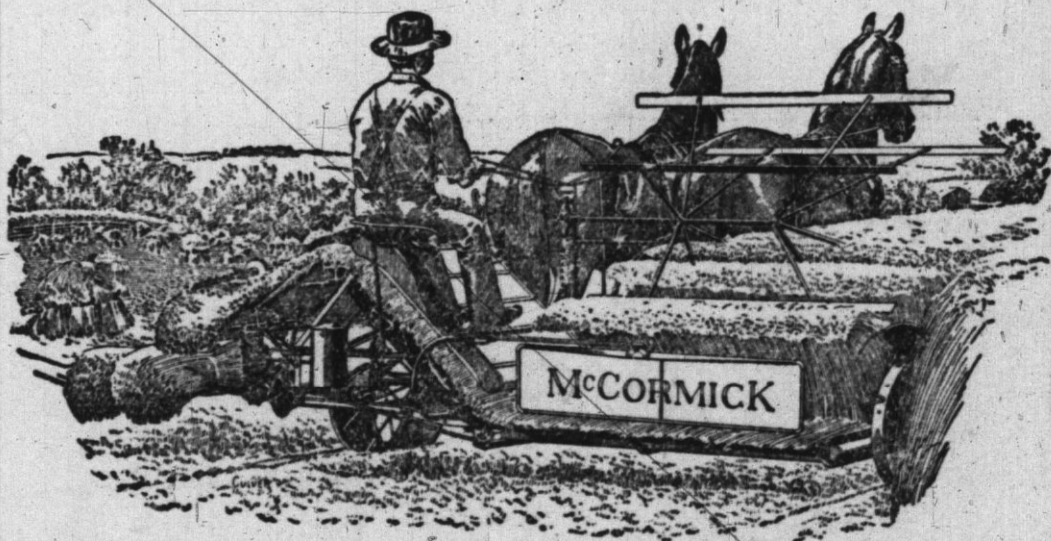
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