

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 11. No. 41.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, FEB. 20, 1897.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

LAGESCHULTE--WISEMAN NUPTIALS.

Two Prominent Young People Are Made One.

On Wednesday evening at 7:00 o'clock Mr. Fred Lageschulte, jr., and Miss Lydia Wiseman were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiseman.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. R. Troyer of the Zion's Evangelical church and took place beneath a beautifully constructed arch, which was handsomely embellished by the lavish use of roses and evergreens. Only immediate relatives were present.

The bride was attired in cream crepe with lace and pearl trimmings, and carried a bouquet of beauty roses.

At the conclusion of the ceremony an elegant banquet was served.

RECEPTION.

On Thursday evening a reception was given the newly married couple at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lageschulte, two miles south of Barrington.

Nearly 125 guests responded to the invitations.

After the guests had assembled, Mr. Samuel and Miss Esther Lageschulte, brother and sister of the groom, rendered a cornet and organ duo, after which Miss Luella Plagge played a march on the organ as the bride and groom came into the beautifully decorated parlors. Then came a quartet consisting of Messrs. and Mesdames John Kampert and Frank Landwer; next a recitation by Miss Esther Lageschulte, and finally Reuben Plagge rendered a violin solo.

At the conclusion of this program the guests were invited to partake of a most elegant banquet. The menu comprised all the delicacies that would tempt the appetite of a mortal being, and the guests were continually urged on to renewed assault on the toothsome viands by the efficient and charming waitresses.

The rooms and tables were profusely decorated with roses, carnations and other choice flowers, and the gay costumes and beaming faces presented a most pleasing picture to a spectator.

It was sometime after midnight before the last of the guests bade their reluctant farewells.

THE REVIEW joins with the guests and friends in wishing the happy couple a prosperous and happy life.

The following is a list of those present:

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| Messrs. and Mesdames:— | |
| H. F. Landwer | Fred Benson |
| Ed Wiseman | Frank Landwer |
| John Kampert | Enoch Landwer |
| Sam Landwer | Herman Garbisch |
| George Freye | George Stiefenhofer |
| Rev. Theo. Suhr | F. L. Lageschulte |
| F. A. Lageschulte | L. Listnarke |
| H. Gieske | G. Landwer |
| J. C. Plagge | J. L. Meiners |
| A. W. Landwer | H. S. Meier |
| E. Naeher | George Bauman |
| Sam Gieske. | |
| Messes:— | |
| Mary Frye | Sarah Kampert |
| Grace Landwer | Ella Meiners |
| Amelia Beinitich | Rose Sadt |
| Luella Plagge | Emma Kampert |
| Laura Kampert | —Colb— |
| Clara Meiners | Mary Schaefer |
| Esther Lageschulte | Cora Landwer |
| Emma Wiseman | Amanda Schroeder |
| Clara Meiners | Della Wiseman |
| Roda Wiseman | Linda Wiseman |
| Hulda Suhr | Alma Stiefenhofer |
| Mabel Stiefenhofer | Ada Landwer |
| Martha Landwer | Ira Gieske |
| Laura Landwer | Grace Landwer |
| Ida Landwer | Rose Niemeier |
| Esther Wiseman | Rose Landwer |
| Annie Listnarke. | |
| Messes:— | |
| Fred Bauman | Fred Schaefer |
| Ed Brandt | Sam Lageschulte |
| John Schaefer | Frank Bauman |
| Ezra Meier | Chas. Schaefer |
| Ed Lageschulte | Charles Peterson |
| Ed Bauman | Henry Schroeder |
| George Hansen | M. J. Rauh |
| Henry Landwer | C. Schaefer |
| Albert Gieske | Ezra Suhr |
| Reuben Plagge | Ed Landwer |
| George Lageschulte | C. Meyer |
| Simeon Meiners | Herbert Meiners |
| Wilbur Naeher | Julius Landwer. |

Mr. and Mrs. Lageschulte will make their home in Nebraska.

Mortuary Record.

MRS. CATHARINE BARTH.

Mrs. Catharine Barth died at the home of her daughter, 551 West 15th Place, Chicago, February 14.

Mrs. Barth was born near Mainz, Germany in 1816; married to George

Barth in 1839, and came to Illinois in 1852; lived near Diamond Lake until 1873, then moved to Chicago, where her husband died in 1884.

Of the nine children born to them, the following still survive: Edward Barth, Mrs. John Rehm, Mrs. E. Leadingham, Mrs. T. J. Grey, Mrs. J. Kiehl, and Mrs. Kate Gray.

The funeral was held at 551 West 15th Place, and interment took place in St. Boniface cemetery, Chicago.

MRS. JANE McCOLLUM.

On Sunday morning, February 14th, occurred the death of Mrs. Jane McCollum at her home at Wauconda.

Mrs. McCollum was born in Wauconda township, Oct. 20, 1847, and died Feb. 14, 1897, aged 49 years 3 months and 25 days. She was the daughter of Curtis St. John and wife, Clarissa, nee Wright, both of whom are deceased.

On the 8th of October, 1865, she was united in marriage to Mr. Geo. McCollum, a highly respected gentleman. They lived a very comfortable life until a few years ago, when death called her husband away.

For the past few years Mrs. McCollum has been in a very poor state of health although her sickness was not considered serious until this winter, when it developed into dropsy, which caused her death.

The funeral services were held at the residence, Tuesday, February 16th, at 10:30 a. m., Rev. Schutz, officiating. The interment took place in the Wauconda cemetery.

THE REVIEW and her many friends extend their sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

WAUCONDA.

Read THE REVIEW for news.

H. E. Maiman was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

B. H. Sadt of Barrington spent Wednesday at the home of H. Maiman.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Werden, Tuesday, a little girl.

Perle Pratt made a short stay with his parents last week.

George Freye of Nunda was a pleasant caller in our village Monday.

L. E. Golding and E. L. Harrison made a trip to Waukegan Monday.

James Sensor of Algonquin spent a few days with his parents last week.

Jos. Freund of Big Hollow was a pleasant caller in our village Monday.

E. L. Harrison attended the debate at Diamond Lake Saturday evening.

William Tidmarsh and J. E. Gainer transacted business in Chicago Wednesday.

Rumor has it that a dancing school will be organized here in the near future.

Miss Irene Roney of Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday at home with her parents.

Miss Zoa Nimsgearn of Fairfield is spending a few days with Miss Laura Harrison.

Ben Sherman is now the proud papa of a little girl born Sunday morning. Mother and child are doing nicely.

The town paid out nearly \$900 Monday and Tuesday for work done on the roads in our township during the past year.

Mr. Wentworth of McHenry has purchased Mr. Sherman's half-interest in the Cash Store changing the firm name to Fuller & Wentworth. We wish the new firm success.

Will Wragg and sister, Nina, came out from Chicago to attend the masquerade dance Friday evening of last week.

F. E. Green went to Chicago Sunday where he has secured a good position. Frank is a good, reliable man and the firm which secured his services can congratulate itself upon securing so competent an employe.

Fire was discovered in the residence of Frank Garland at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The fire department responded promptly and had the fire extinguished within a few minutes.

Three boys broke into Golding Bros.' store about 12 o'clock Thursday night. They made their entrance by way of

the basement, and secured about \$8.00 in cash. The boys are known, but up to a late hour yesterday no arrests had been made.

While fooling with a rifle last Saturday, Albert Basely, jr., had the misfortune of accidentally shooting himself in the foot. From last reports, we understand that it is not serious and we hope he will be out again in the near future.

The masquerade ball at the Oakland last Friday evening, was fairly well attended, and quite a number of our young men took part in dancing for the first time. They say it is lots of fun and are now patiently waiting for the next one to come.

Next Monday evening, February 22d, a school entertainment will be held at the Oakland hall in honor of Washington and Lincoln's birthdays. Considerable time has been spent in preparing the program and it will be without doubt, a very pleasant affair. The receipts will be used for the purchase of additional books for the library. Come one, come all and spend a pleasant evening. Admission to all, 15 cents.

Why not be up to the times as well as our neighboring towns, Libertyville and Grayslake? We have never stood behind in anything heretofore, and why should we now. Our streets and sidewalks are in first-class condition and our fire protection is not equalled in the county, Waukegan excepted; but there is one thing which we should and could have as well as the two villages mentioned above and that is electric light. All that is necessary is the co-operation of our citizens. We would ask you to give this your careful consideration and then start the ball a-rolling.

CUBA.

Then in life's goblet freely press
The leaves that give it bitterness,
Nor prize the colored water less,
For in thy darkness and distress,
New light and strength they give.
—H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Practice what you preach.

Mrs. A. Redmond is ill with erysipelas.

Miss Nellie Donlea visited friends in Cuba Sunday.

Miss Mamie Prouty is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Donnelly of Chicago are the guests of M. O'Neil this week.

Miss Heintz of Chicago is the guest of Robert Reynoldson this week.

Ed Haben of Wheeling was the guest of C. Davlin Friday and Saturday.

There is a young man in this town,
Who has a remarkable gown,
So short and so scant,
And the bottom so slant
That he daily is gaining renown.

One day this young man of our town,
Went forth for to show this strange gown.
He traveled afar
Over bank, bush and scar.
Till his coat made him look like a clown.

He reached his love's home just at noon
And his face it resembled the moon,
And she laughingly said,
While he wished himself dead,
"Way, John, dear, your coat fits too soon."

LANGENHEIM.

Herman Zemler was a Barrington visitor Sunday.

Harry Frick was a Barrington visitor Friday.

Miss Clara Langenheim, who has been ill, is improving.

Miss Obee left for her home at Highland Park Thursday.

Miss Laura Kirmse is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Readel.

James Kotlauer, who has been on the sick list, is slowly improving.

Mrs. Strobach was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Schwartz, at Cary.

Mrs. J. Kirmse, who has been visiting in Chicago, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Schwartz of Cary called on her sister, Mrs. C. Kraus, Sunday.

Miss Dora Langenheim, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Peters in Chicago, has returned home.

Miss Bertha Langenheim, who has been visiting with her father and sisters, returned to the city Saturday.

A. W. MEYER & CO. Dress Goods Sale

A Clearing Sale of Wool Dress Goods at marked-down prices that will move them. We want to make room for Spring Dress Goods, and will sacrifice profits and cost prices to do so.

New Dress Goods.....

You will find here some pretty new patterns in novelty dress goods, and we are selling them very cheap. It is our aim to give you the very finest qualities in dress goods at prices that are less than you can buy elsewhere. You will not find cheap, shoddy stock in our store. We have no room for that class of goods. **WE BUY FOR CASH,** and can give you the benefit of close cash buying.

Grocery Department



- | | |
|-----------------------|--------|
| 5 Dozen Clothes Pins, | .05 |
| 1 Dozen Clothes Pins, | .01 |
| 7 Pounds Rio Coffee, | \$1.00 |
| 12 Pounds Oatmeal, | .25 |

Low Prices in Flour.....

- | | |
|---------------|------------------|
| OUR BEST, | per sack, \$1.10 |
| SNOW FLAKE, | " 1.05 |
| BAKER'S BEST, | " .95 |

We sell WHITE SWAN Flour.
Do you use it?

The Busy Big Store.

A. W. MEYER & CO., - - Barrington.

PALATINE LOCALS.

Will Brockway was a Barrington visitor Sunday.

Herbert Filbert and George Matthei were in Chicago Tuesday.

Miss June Julian has returned from her visit with her sister in Evanston.

Miss Myrtle Smith has been confined to the house for several days.

Miss Anna Matthei visited friends in Barrington the first of the week.

Mrs. D. W. Schiel and Miss Agnes Schiel of Austin were guests at the Wilson House over Sunday.

Mesdames Al Smith and Frank Wilson spent Tuesday with Mrs. W. Taylor.

The Athletic club will give another dance in Batterman's hall next Saturday evening.

M. J. Rauh of the BARRINGTON REVIEW was in town on business the first of the week.

Miss Stella Austin of Woodstock was the guest of the Misses Stroker over Sunday.

Mrs. Edna Heise of Colvin Park visited her parents in this place over Sunday.

Herman Kublank is taking orders for books for the National Mfg. Co. of Boston.

Mr. Stiles of Chicago visited his children at M. D. Brown's on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Smith and baby of Evanston visited relatives here Tuesday and Wednesday.

A large crowd attended the masquerade ball given by the Athletic club in Batterman's hall last week Friday. The affair was the best of its kind that has been gotten up in a long time, the costumes being of a great

PETERS & COLLEN AUCTIONEERS

DEALERS IN

Choice Milch Cows

LIVE STOCK BOUGHT
AND SOLD

BARRINGTON, - ILL.

HENRY BUTZOW,

BAKERY

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.

Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR
IN CONNECTION.

Barrington, - Ill.

variety, and representing all classes of people. Angels, tramps, Dutchmen, negroes and many other classes were represented. The hall was lined with spectators, and the club had the satisfaction of putting something into their treasury.

Business Notices.

FOR SALE—House and lot in Main street owned by Mrs. Luella Austin. For particulars, call at this office.

J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington, are headquarters for painters' and masons' materials. If you need anything in that line give them a call.

FOR SALE OR RENT—House owned by Mrs. Crabtree in Main St. Call at this office for particulars.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

T. Edward Cooper, aged 52, committed suicide at his home at Nelson, Mo., by shooting.

Mrs. Charles E. Cramer of Andrews, Ill., while nursing her baby fell over dead of heart failure.

Ex-United States Marshal William Lewis, himself the slayer of several men, was killed at Wynewood, I. T.

Charles Lembrich was caught in the freight elevator shaft at the Blatz brewery, Milwaukee, Wis., and his head was crushed.

Gilbert Brock was killed by his son Willis in Leslie county, Ky. The father objected to Willis' proposed marriage.

Dr. C. N. Dill of De Soto, Ind., died of blood poisoning contracted by injuring his shin-bone while climbing into his buggy.

Thomas B. Williams, for eighteen years chief operator of the Western Union telegraph company in Pittsburg, is dead.

At Franklin, Ind., Charles Sparr entered a plea of guilty to the charge of forgery and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

James Elder, a coal miner at Brazil, Ind., has received information that his uncle is dead in Melbourne, Australia, leaving a large estate to him.

Near Nicholasville, Ky., Charles Taylor, a negro, assaulted Mrs. Charles Thompson. Thompson and his neighbors are pursuing the negro in Mercer county, and will lynch him if caught.

W. Grayson, a Sevier county, Tenn., farmer, was called from his house and shot to death by a gang of White Caps. Pat Mathews, a brother-in-law of Grayson, was arrested.

John D. Corcoran, accused of the murder of Fireman Redmon at Indianapolis, and later released, is again in the hands of the authorities, charged with highway robbery at Pomeroy, O.

G. L. Morris was shot by Irving Rigg at Deep Water, W. Va., and is dead. Rigg's wife was visiting a neighbor, with others, including Morris, when Rigg entered and fired without warning.

While returning from a rabbit hunt, driving down the Mississippi, the ice broke, and J. H. Schneider of Lyons, Iowa, and Charles Smith of Chicago had a hard struggle for life. They reached the shore, but lost their entire equipment.

The tollgate raiders blew up the tollgate on the Lawrenceburg, Ky., pike with dynamite. The previous night a mob wrecked all of the six tollgates on the Kinney turnpike entering Vanceburg.

Prof. S. E. Harwood of the Southern Illinois Normal University, was shot by a burglar at Carbondale, Ill., Sunday morning. His wound is not considered fatal. The burglar escaped.

By the death of William Lampson, a banker of Leroy, N. Y., a large property, said to be valued at about \$1,000,000, has been bequeathed to Yale university, of which Mr. Lampson was a graduate about 1860.

The Jackson company has decided to add extensive improvements to its cotton manufacturing plant at Nashua, N. H. The number of employes will be increased.

The Roburn mills, at Fall River, Mass., which manufacture cotton goods, will start up March 1. The mills have been closed for many weeks.

On Monday Dan Stuart handed the sheriff of Carson, Nev., a check for \$1,000 and received the necessary permit. Now nothing in a legal way can prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

The president is to be asked to pardon Capt. Howgate, who was convicted of embezzling public funds while disbursing officer of the signal office fifteen years ago.

Rev. W. A. Foster, pastor of the First Christian church of St. Louis, Mo., has resigned from that pastorate to accept a call from the West London Tabernacle of London, England, which is the largest church of the Christian denomination outside of the United States.

There is scarlet fever in the children's home in Elgin, Ill. One death has occurred and nine children are sick. The disease was first pronounced measles.

William Cornell, a laborer at Olivet, Mich., has had left to him a legacy of \$40,000 from a relative in England. He is unable to read or write and has a large family.

Charles F. Dreher, who was to have been hanged in St. Louis Feb. 16, has been reprieved by Governor Stevens until March 18. Inquiry will be made

MISCELLANEOUS.

At Sharon, Pa., Miss Morgan and Miss Evans were drowned in the presence of a number of spectators while skating on the canal.

Fred Schale is dead of apoplexy, aged 48 years. He had been a resident of Menominee, Mich., for twenty-five years. Mr. Schale was a veteran of Custer's cavalry.

Warden Reynolds died at Green Bay, Wis., aged 84 years. For twenty-five years he was chairman of the committee of correspondence of the grand lodges of Odd Fellows of Wisconsin and was grand master in 1873.

The State Trust and Savings bank of West Superior, Wis., capital \$25,000, passed into the hands of W. H. Stack as receiver. The bank was owned by the Fowlers, who are alleged to have used it for their enterprises.

A company has been organized to complete the canal of the St. Mary's Falls (Mich.) Water Power company at an expense of nearly \$3,000,000. The Cramps propose to establish a lake shipping industry at the falls.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker, wife of Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvation army, became so ill in Brooklyn that she had to give up her work there. It was later announced that Mrs. Tucker had not improved, and that it probably was a return of the Indian fever.

The condition of Mme. Modjeska is greatly improved, and all intention of performing an operation for appendicitis has been abandoned, unless her condition changes for the worse.

United States Minister Ransom is on his way back to North Carolina, having been summoned by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his wife.

Cardinal Gibbons has received from Rome official advices confirming the report of the appointment of Rev. J. J. Monaghan of St. Patrick's church, Charleston, S. C., to be bishop of the see of Wilmington, Del.

The inventory of the estate of the late Joseph B. McCullagh, editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, has been filed with the clerk of the probate court. The personal property is returned at \$876,127.46. The real estate is not valued.

J. D. Rockefeller has promised to contribute \$250,000 toward paying off the total indebtedness of \$486,000 resting upon the Baptist Foreign and Home Missionary societies.

Mme. Modjeska is suffering from an attack of acute colitis, necessitating the cancellation of her present engagement at the Los Angeles, Cal., theater. Her speedy convalescence is considered doubtful.

The comptroller of the currency has given authority for the organization of the Cambria National Bank of Johnstown, Pa., capital \$100,000.

The Missouri senate has passed Senator Gray's anti-trust bill, which nullifies all contracts for sales with trusts and provides that persons purchasing under contract from trusts need not carry out the contracts thus made.

Mrs. Stanford has deeded to Stanford University the splendid mansion on California street in San Francisco, with all its contents. The deed has been signed, but does not take effect until her death.

The steamer Germanic brought nine bags of mail from Bombay to New York. Under the supervision of a post-office inspector they were removed from the steamer at quarantine and transferred aboard the disinfecting steamer James W. Wadsworth and thoroughly disinfected.

It is flatly denied at the White house that President Cleveland, in company with Mr. Thurber, is to start on a tour of the world after his retirement from office next month.

Marion, the youngest of the three daughters of President and Mrs. Cleveland, was christened at the White house Thursday.

According to the tables of the bureau of statistics the total exports of domestic products during the seven months ended Jan. 31 last amounted to \$422,986,802, against \$334,849,611 for the corresponding period in the preceding year.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

Table with market reports for Chicago, New York, Milwaukee, and St. Louis, listing various commodities like Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Eggs, Rye, Potatoes, and Butter with their respective prices.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS AT WASHINGTON.

Senator Morgan Abandons the Nicaragua Canal Bill for This Session—House Passes Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill.

Wednesday, Feb. 10.

The house has passed the senate bill relating to the carrying of obscene matter by express companies, and it went to the President for his signature.

Senator Morgan, the champion of the Nicaragua Canal bill, announced in the senate his abandonment of that measure for the present session of congress, and thereupon it was displaced by the bankruptcy bill. The senator gave notice that he would renew his advocacy of the bill at an early day of the coming extra session.

Thursday, Feb. 11.

The house passed the fortifications appropriation bill with but a single amendment and made some headway with the postoffice appropriation bill, but the major portion of the day was consumed in a debate on the financial question, which was precipitated by a provision in a bill providing for funding the debt of territories. The bill provided for gold bonds and the payment of interest in gold or its equivalent.

Friday, Feb. 12.

The house discussed the necessities of the postal service and passed the postoffice appropriation bill.

Monday, Feb. 15.

The sundry civil appropriation bill carrying \$50,644,743, was passed in the house without opportunity for amendment just as it came from the committee. The main opposition was directed against the river and harbor items in the bill.

The senate was in executive session most of the day, discussing the resolution introduced by Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The executive session lasted until 4 o'clock, when the doors were opened and the legislative work resumed.

The senate was taken up, and the measure read at length. Mr. Nelson (Rep., Minn.) offered an amendment for the entire senate amendment, and then the bill went over. The conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was agreed to.

A farther conference on the agricultural appropriation bill was directed. The senate then turned to private pension bills, and twenty-four bills were passed, thus clearing the pension calendar.

Dr. Arthur Duestrow, the young millionaire who murdered his wife and child, was hanged Tuesday in the town of Union, Franklin county, where he was tried on a charge of venue from St. Louis. On the afternoon of Feb. 13, 1894, Arthur Duestrow shot his wife, Albertine, and his 2-year-old son, Louis, at the family mansion in Lafayette avenue, near Compton avenue, a fashionable residence district of St. Louis. The child was killed outright, and the wife, after lingering a few days, died without regaining consciousness.

The double murder was apparently without incentive save a brain disorder by the excessive use of liquor.

It can be set down for a fact that the Postmaster-Generalship has been offered C. C. Shayne of New York. C. C. Shayne is 52 years of age, and was born in Galway, Saratoga County, N. Y. He has been a resident of New York City since 1872, during which time he has been in the furrier business. Previous to that time he was engaged in the same business in Cincinnati. He has accumulated a large fortune, and during the time he has been identified with politics, which dates from the death of his only son and child in 1889. He has been a liberal contributor to Republican campaign funds. He has been a prominent figure in the reform element of the party, and could, it is said, have had the Republican nomination for Mayor in 1894.

Revolt His Theme. Sensational Letter Written by Head of Knights of Labor. J. R. Sovereign, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, has written a sensational letter to the Denver Industrial Advocate. He declares secret revolutionary societies, known as the Iron Brotherhood and the Industrial army, are being organized in every part of the country, with their members leagued together to resort to civil war as a means of obtaining "remedies for the populace" which they cannot secure by the ballot.

Million Dollars for Yale. Leroy, N. Y., Feb. 17.—By the death of William Lampson, a banker of this place, a large property, said to be valued at about \$1,000,000, has been bequeathed to Yale University, of which Mr. Lampson was a graduate about 1860.

Blow to Iowa Saloons. State Supreme Court Holds the Mulets Law Does Not Apply. The Iowa Supreme Court rendered a surprising decision Wednesday, when it declared that the mulets law does not apply to cities under special charters. The court held that saloons have no legal existence in these cities—Dubuque, Davenport, Cedar Rapids and Keokuk—because the mulets law under which they are incorporated does not affect these cities. The decision will raise a question of the application of other statutes where these specifications are likely to follow.

Susan B. Anthony Celebrates. Miss Susan B. Anthony on Monday celebrated the seventy-eighth anniversary of her birth. Miss Anthony is a joying the best of health and is as vigorous and enthusiastic over the cause she champions as she was many years ago.

ON IOWA RAIL RATES.

The feature of discussion of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty by the senate was the general effort to reach a basis of agreement whereby the treaty could be disposed of and other business taken up. The foreign affairs committee agreed to make an amendment to be presented, to the senate Saturday. Senator Sherman announced that he would not ask the senate to devote more than one day to the question this session.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Correspondence Chicago Times-Herald.—W. W. Field of Odebolt, president of the State Agricultural society, anxious to enlighten its members on the merits of the railroad question, sought for information from the state board of railroad commissioners on the following points: What is the average rate of fare in Iowa? What does it cost the railroads to carry a passenger a mile? How are the (agriculturalists) to ascertain what rate would be fair on both sides? What is the opinion of the commissioners on the question? In reply an open letter has been written by W. W. Ainsworth, secretary of the commission, saying in part: "The questions suggested by you have recently been considered by the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners of Illinois in response to an inquiry made by the state senate of that state. Its conclusion was that it would be unwise, unwarranted and unjust to the railroad interests of the state to comply with the request."

The regular report says: "Some of the great trunk lines in Illinois might be able to stand such a reduction, yet the smaller roads and those which do almost wholly a local business, and which are now and have been for the last two years struggling for existence, would be most seriously affected by it. Such action on our part would simply increase the heavy burdens under which they are struggling now."

Decrease in Passenger Business. "It is a well-known fact to those who have taken the trouble to investigate the amount of passenger business done by the railroads in Illinois during the last two years that there has been a large decrease in the number of passengers carried. This is due, in our judgment, not to the amount charged for such service, but to the general depression in all lines of business, the low prices of farm products and the unsettled financial conditions which have had their effect on the passenger as well as the freight business. This question was before us when we revised the freight schedule in 1895 and the whole question was thoroughly considered. We did not think then, and neither do we now, that in justice to both the public and the railroads this reduction should be made at this time. If the country was prosperous our conclusions might be different. The statistics in our office show that for the last three years, 1894, 1895 and 1896, the average amount charged by the railroads per passenger per mile is a fraction above 2 cents, although the maximum allowed them was 3 cents. For the reasons above stated we do not feel that this reduction should be made by law. The character of the business renders it impossible to make any rate that will be absolutely uniform. The Iowa report for 1895 shows only ten roads which returned the average cost of carrying one passenger one mile. The average cost of these companies was 2.14 cents. This result is less reliable than if it were founded upon returns made by all the roads, which would probably increase it. In arriving at the cost of carrying one passenger one mile, as above given, nothing is charged on account of the expenses of the railroads for interest, rents, taxes and miscellaneous fixed charges, and, of course, nothing for dividends on stock. The passenger traffic should, of course, bear its proportion of these expenses, which constitute part of the cost of doing the business. From statistics compiled by the interstate commerce commission it appears that to charge the passenger business of the railroads with its proportionate share of the fixed charges, not including anything, however, on account of dividends on stock, would give us the actual cost 2.57 cents.

DUESTROW IS HANGED.

St. Louis Millionaire Murderer Dies on the gallows.

Dr. Arthur Duestrow, the young millionaire who murdered his wife and child, was hanged Tuesday in the town of Union, Franklin county, where he was tried on a charge of venue from St. Louis. On the afternoon of Feb. 13, 1894, Arthur Duestrow shot his wife, Albertine, and his 2-year-old son, Louis, at the family mansion in Lafayette avenue, near Compton avenue, a fashionable residence district of St. Louis. The child was killed outright, and the wife, after lingering a few days, died without regaining consciousness. The double murder was apparently without incentive save a brain disorder by the excessive use of liquor.

C. C. SHAYNE FOR POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

It can be set down for a fact that the Postmaster-Generalship has been offered C. C. Shayne of New York. C. C. Shayne is 52 years of age, and was born in Galway, Saratoga County, N. Y. He has been a resident of New York City since 1872, during which time he has been in the furrier business. Previous to that time he was engaged in the same business in Cincinnati. He has accumulated a large fortune, and during the time he has been identified with politics, which dates from the death of his only son and child in 1889. He has been a liberal contributor to Republican campaign funds. He has been a prominent figure in the reform element of the party, and could, it is said, have had the Republican nomination for Mayor in 1894.



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Blow to Iowa Saloons. State Supreme Court Holds the Mulets Law Does Not Apply. The Iowa Supreme Court rendered a surprising decision Wednesday, when it declared that the mulets law does not apply to cities under special charters. The court held that saloons have no legal existence in these cities—Dubuque, Davenport, Cedar Rapids and Keokuk—because the mulets law under which they are incorporated does not affect these cities. The decision will raise a question of the application of other statutes where these specifications are likely to follow.

Revolt His Theme. Sensational Letter Written by Head of Knights of Labor. J. R. Sovereign, grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, has written a sensational letter to the Denver Industrial Advocate. He declares secret revolutionary societies, known as the Iron Brotherhood and the Industrial army, are being organized in every part of the country, with their members leagued together to resort to civil war as a means of obtaining "remedies for the populace" which they cannot secure by the ballot.

Million Dollars for Yale. Leroy, N. Y., Feb. 17.—By the death of William Lampson, a banker of this place, a large property, said to be valued at about \$1,000,000, has been bequeathed to Yale University, of which Mr. Lampson was a graduate about 1860.

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Susan B. Anthony Celebrates. Miss Susan B. Anthony on Monday celebrated the seventy-eighth anniversary of her birth. Miss Anthony is a joying the best of health and is as vigorous and enthusiastic over the cause she champions as she was many years ago.

PASSENGER SERVICE AND RATES COMPARED.

Reply of the State Railroad Commission to Inquiries by Agriculturists Regarding Average Receipts and Expenses.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Correspondence Chicago Times-Herald.—W. W. Field of Odebolt, president of the State Agricultural society, anxious to enlighten its members on the merits of the railroad question, sought for information from the state board of railroad commissioners on the following points: What is the average rate of fare in Iowa? What does it cost the railroads to carry a passenger a mile? How are the (agriculturalists) to ascertain what rate would be fair on both sides? What is the opinion of the commissioners on the question? In reply an open letter has been written by W. W. Ainsworth, secretary of the commission, saying in part: "The questions suggested by you have recently been considered by the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners of Illinois in response to an inquiry made by the state senate of that state. Its conclusion was that it would be unwise, unwarranted and unjust to the railroad interests of the state to comply with the request."

The regular report says: "Some of the great trunk lines in Illinois might be able to stand such a reduction, yet the smaller roads and those which do almost wholly a local business, and which are now and have been for the last two years struggling for existence, would be most seriously affected by it. Such action on our part would simply increase the heavy burdens under which they are struggling now."

Decrease in Passenger Business. "It is a well-known fact to those who have taken the trouble to investigate the amount of passenger business done by the railroads in Illinois during the last two years that there has been a large decrease in the number of passengers carried. This is due, in our judgment, not to the amount charged for such service, but to the general depression in all lines of business, the low prices of farm products and the unsettled financial conditions which have had their effect on the passenger as well as the freight business. This question was before us when we revised the freight schedule in 1895 and the whole question was thoroughly considered. We did not think then, and neither do we now, that in justice to both the public and the railroads this reduction should be made at this time. If the country was prosperous our conclusions might be different. The statistics in our office show that for the last three years, 1894, 1895 and 1896, the average amount charged by the railroads per passenger per mile is a fraction above 2 cents, although the maximum allowed them was 3 cents. For the reasons above stated we do not feel that this reduction should be made by law. The character of the business renders it impossible to make any rate that will be absolutely uniform. The Iowa report for 1895 shows only ten roads which returned the average cost of carrying one passenger one mile. The average cost of these companies was 2.14 cents. This result is less reliable than if it were founded upon returns made by all the roads, which would probably increase it. In arriving at the cost of carrying one passenger one mile, as above given, nothing is charged on account of the expenses of the railroads for interest, rents, taxes and miscellaneous fixed charges, and, of course, nothing for dividends on stock. The passenger traffic should, of course, bear its proportion of these expenses, which constitute part of the cost of doing the business. From statistics compiled by the interstate commerce commission it appears that to charge the passenger business of the railroads with its proportionate share of the fixed charges, not including anything, however, on account of dividends on stock, would give us the actual cost 2.57 cents.

Receipts and Cost Per Mile. "From the statistics given in the report of this commission for 1895 it appears the average amount received by the railroads doing business in Iowa for carrying one passenger one mile during the year was 2.27 cents. The returns from which these figures were obtained do not include any passengers carried free. The large number of passengers who have traveled upon reductions of rates as permitted by our statutes—ministers of the gospel, organizations on account of the business on holidays, special rates to meetings of many organizations, state and county fairs—are factors that reduce the average fare to the amount above stated. It is obvious, therefore, that the average must always be lower than the rate fixed by law. The character of the business renders it impossible to make any rate that will be absolutely uniform. The Iowa report for 1895 shows only ten roads which returned the average cost of carrying one passenger one mile. The average cost of these companies was 2.14 cents. This result is less reliable than if it were founded upon returns made by all the roads, which would probably increase it. In arriving at the cost of carrying one passenger one mile, as above given, nothing is charged on account of the expenses of the railroads for interest, rents, taxes and miscellaneous fixed charges, and, of course, nothing for dividends on stock. The passenger traffic should, of course, bear its proportion of these expenses, which constitute part of the cost of doing the business. From statistics compiled by the interstate commerce commission it appears that to charge the passenger business of the railroads with its proportionate share of the fixed charges, not including anything, however, on account of dividends on stock, would give us the actual cost 2.57 cents.

Figures on Reduced Traffic. "The statement of the Illinois commission that there has been a general reduction of passenger business is undoubtedly confirmed by the statistics. For the whole United States the number of passengers carried one mile for each mile of railroad in 1890 was 7,711; in 1895 it was 68,572. Though the number of passengers carried was less, the passenger car mileage was greater in 1895 than in 1890, which, of course, increased the cost per passenger. In 1890 the total number of miles run by passenger trains in the United States was 285,575,804; in 1895 it was 317,565,615. In 1895 the revenues from passenger service in the United States decreased \$33,103,378 as compared with 1894, though the figures for 1895 include 2,055,000 miles of road more than in 1894. The foregoing statements, which are based upon the most accurate statistics obtainable, at this time indicate: 1. That at the present time the average fare charged in Iowa is less than the actual cost of transporting the passenger. 2. That within the last one or four years passenger earnings have decreased without a corresponding decrease in the cost of doing the business. Unless changes have been recently made that have not come to the notice of the commission the following are the rates prevailing in the countries named: England—First class, 4.2 cents; second, 3.2 cents; third, 2 cents. France—First class, 4 cents; second, 3 cents; third, 2 cents. Italy—First class, 3.6 cents; second, 2.6 cents; third, 1.8 cents. Holland—First class, 3.2 cents; second, 2.6 cents; third, 1.6 cents. Belgium—First class, 2.4 cents; second, 1.8 cents; third, 1.2 cents. Except in England no baggage is carried free.

Density of Population a Factor. "The density of population also affects the volume of passenger traffic. Where the population is dense there will be more travel than in sparsely settled districts. In Iowa the population per square mile is about 38; in England, 541; Belgium, 514; Holland, 250; Italy, 268; France, 187; New York, 139; Ohio, 99; New England, 83; Illinois, 75; Missouri, 43; Wisconsin, 34; Nebraska, 15; Kansas, 19; South Dakota, 5. The population per mile of railroads in Iowa is about 247. In Illinois it is about 395; New York, 813; New England, 719; Missouri, 447; Wisconsin, 206; Nebraska, 209; Kansas, 108; South Dakota, 129. The average passenger earnings per mile, as shown by the last reports to this commission, of the roads operating in Iowa are: 1896, \$1.15; Kansas report for 1895 shows \$844, the Illinois report \$1,582, and, as shown by the report of the interstate commerce commission, they are \$4,422 in New England, \$4,513 in New York and in Ohio \$1,951.

SOUTHWEST BREEZES. There are some men who would not be happy if they could. You can't tell the size of a man by the noise he makes. Live to do good, and you will never tire of your employment. There is not in the world a mask that can disguise vulgarity. The eye of ambition is an orb that can be closed by no opiate. It is far easier to see through a stone wall than through prejudice. A baby suggests a soul a good deal less than it does curdled milk.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE

REPORTED BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

February 8.
The house met at 5 o'clock this afternoon, with less than a quorum present. The session continued only a few minutes. Bills were introduced as follows: By Mr. Barnes—To legalize the judicial proceedings of the March terms of 1886 and 1887 of the Clay County Circuit Court. By Mr. Blood—To prevent a person about to become insolvent from designating a preferred creditor. Also a bill providing that in an attachment proceeding where goods seized are liable to waste or deterioration the court may cause the same to be sold and hold the proceeds subject to the determination of the suit.

There was no business transacted in the senate this afternoon. As usual at the Monday sessions there was not a quorum present. Immediately after the reading of the journal an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Ex-Representative W. H. Greene of Mount Vernon arrived here this afternoon and will appear before the house committee on judicial department and practice to-morrow in opposition to Dr. Miller's bill, providing for the consolidation of the supreme court at Springfield. It is expected that several other attorneys from Mount Vernon will arrive in the morning to aid in the effort to defeat the measure.

February 9.
Representative Weidmaier introduced a two-cent railroad fare bill today. It requires railroad companies to sell thousand-mile tickets at two cents a mile, good on all railroads in Illinois. These tickets are transferable and can be used by any one who wants to have them in his or her possession. Mr. Revell's bill repealing the libel law came up immediately after the reading of the journal, as a special order on second reading. "Gentlemen of the House," said Mr. Revell, "for certain reasons I will request that this bill be laid over two weeks from Wednesday morning, to be made a special order for 10:30." Mr. Revell's motion to postpone was lost, and the bill, without objection, was ordered to third reading. Several equal suffrage petitions were presented. The House adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

In the Senate to-day Senator Crawford presented two petitions, one from the judges of the Superior Court of Cook County, and one from a large number of the members of the bar of Chicago, asking for the repeal of the mechanics lien law, on the theory that the law is too complicated and asking that a more simple one be enacted. The following bills were introduced: By Senator Anthony—Providing that the court, upon the granting of a divorce to a woman, may allow her to resume her maiden name. By Senator McKinlay—Providing for the construction and maintenance of hard roads by petition of a majority of the land holders. By Senator Humphrey—To amend the Torrens land bill so as to overcome the ruling of the Supreme Court against it, by providing that the initial registration proceedings be made through a court, the appropriations being docketed in a land registration docket. Under the old law, the functions of the registrar were held unconstitutional. Also providing for the consolidation of territory of the cities in a county under township organization, having five or more Congressional townships, into one township and providing for the appointment of a board of auditors.

February 10.
Immediately after the reading of the journal in the senate a message was received from the governor, asking that he be authorized to borrow the sum of \$250,000, with which to meet the current expenses of the state. The same message was read in the house.

Among the bills introduced were the following:
By Senator Kingsbury—To provide for the protection of the lives of railroad employes and the general public and the protection of railroad property, providing that anyone who shall walk or drive on a railroad track shall be guilty of trespass and be fined to not exceed \$25 and costs. Also anyone who shall be guilty of riding on the outside of any passenger coach or car without a ticket shall be deemed guilty of petit larceny and fined not to exceed \$25.
By Mr. Hammers—To establish a board of school book commissioners for the state and to establish and maintain a uniform course of text-books for use in the public schools. By Mr. Johnson of Fulton—To prohibit the playing of baseball on Sunday outside of incorporated cities and villages. By Mr. Merriam—Repealing the law passed in 1893 requiring the custodians of public funds to loan the same and account for the interest thereon. By Mr. Needles—Authorizing the borrowing of \$250,000 to meet the existing treasury deficit. The bill was advanced to second reading without reference, on Mr. Needles' motion. By Mr. Selby—To repeal the anti-trust law. Also a bill revising the law relative to surety companies. By Mr. Thiemann—To provide for the consolidation of all the townships within the city of Chicago.

February 11.
Senator Templeton's bill authorizing

the governor to borrow \$250,000 was favorably reported by the appropriations committee, with the amendment that the money be borrowed for not longer than two years. The bill was read a second time and advanced to the order of third reading. The following bills were introduced: By Senator McConnell—Appropriating \$67,000 for the ordinary expenses and repairs on the buildings of the Illinois institution for the blind at Jacksonville. By Senator Fitzpatrick—Providing that buildings four stories in height be provided with fire escapes, and that the Governor appoint a fire escape commissioner at a salary not to exceed \$3,000 per year and an assistant at a salary not to exceed \$1,500. By Senator Payne—To indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs. The new canal commissioners, Snively, Byron and Hilton, were confirmed.

Bills were introduced as follows in the House: By Mr. Avery—Appropriating \$192,000 for a new cellhouse and for other improvements at the state reformatory at Pontiac; also a bill appropriating \$313,423 for the maintenance of the same institution for two years. By Mr. Hart—Providing a penalty of from \$10 to \$100 for failure to stop the disseminating of Canada thistles and other noxious weeds. By Mr. Laub—To prohibit trusts, pools, and combinations for the lessening of free competition in the manufacture, importation, or sale of articles of merchandise or raw material. By Mr. Merriam—Providing for the election of aldermen in cities, adopting the minority representation plan. The bill applies only to the City of Pekin. (Mr. Merriam is evidently wandering in the jungle of Populism.)
The Senate bill appropriating \$900 to defray expenses already incurred by the state board of arbitration was passed. Mr. Needles' bill to authorize the Governor, auditor, and treasurer to borrow \$250,000 to meet "casual deficits or failures in revenues of the state" at a rate of interest not exceeding 5 per cent, came up on second reading. After a long debate, it was on motion of Mr. Shanahan put over till next Tuesday morning, and the House adjourned till next Monday at 5 p. m.

State Items
Six thousand rabbits have been sold in the little town of Gridley this winter.

Harry Thomas Benton has started a paper in Bloomington called the Tribune.

Hardie Masters will be presented by the Democrats of Fulton county for the circuit judgeship.

The Methodists at Manito are laying plans for building a new church, having outgrown their present edifice.

Dennis Kavanaugh has taken possession of the Phoenix Hotel and fixtures at Pontiac under a mortgage.

There are 4,700 pupils enrolled in the schools of Piatt county, and the attendance in the various rooms ranges from sixty-four to four.

Alice Page, of Jewett, Ill., is the name given by a girl, probably 18 years of age, who was laid out for dead Monday last, at the house of one Ida May Simpson, in the west part of Urbana, Ill., and put under the care of Undertaker Fox to be prepared for burial. Soon after the undertaker began his work the girl opened her eyes and was found to be alive, but suffering severely.

The general opinion expressed by experienced horticulturists at Mount Vernon, Ill., is that the recent cold snap did but little injury to the fruit buds in this section of southern Illinois. They say that while the freeze killed many cherry, peach and plum buds, there will be enough left, barring later unfavorable weather, and that the fruit will be larger and of a better quality than would have been the case had the full crop been left to mature.

J. J. Montgomery, alias Hugo La Grange, etc., in jail at Quincy for playing a confidence game on Mrs. Isabella McCloud and securing from her \$10 under the misrepresentation that he was a lawyer, worked Mt. Sterling a week ago. He is said to have played the McDonnell family to the tune of \$30 by the same game played in Quincy, pretending to be a lawyer in a position to turn over to the family \$9,000 from a New York estate in which they are interested.

Howard Van Decar died in Chicago Saturday, and thereby hangs a strange story, for this man, aged only 38 years old, ran through a fortune. His father, Thomas Van Decar, was a wealthy lawyer, who lived at Ellisville and died a number of years ago, leaving a large estate. It is said that Howard's portion was \$200,000. The young man does not appear to have settled down but to have led a roving life and to have been free with his money. He was generous and open-hearted and companionable. He took to drinking and his death ended a career of dissipation that otherwise might have been a career of honor and usefulness.

THE TRADE REVIEW.

Steel Pool Disruption the Great Event of the Week.
R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: No other event of the week approaches in importance the disruption of the steel-rail pool. In two days after it a greater tonnage of rails was probably purchased than the entire production last year, reported as 800,000 tons, and instead of \$28 in December and \$25 in January, \$17 is now the price at which works east and west are seeking orders, the Carnegie company even selling at \$17, Chicago delivery. These sales will employ many thousand hands, with an important decrease in the cost of track-laying or renewals to railroads.

Another event of influence is the purchase of 750,000 pieces of print cloths by M. C. D. Borden at 2.56 cents, which has already caused an advance of 2.63 cents, with a stronger tone for prints and other cotton goods. Speculation in products has hardly been more active than of late, and prices generally tend downward. Wheat rose 1 cent to Tuesday, but has since declined 2.37 cents. Western receipts are increasing, but for two weeks have been 3,191,395 bushels, against 5,823,213 last year.

Failures for the past week have been 267 in the United States, against 321 last year, and sixty-one in Canada, against sixty-seven last year.

GOES AGAINST DUNLOP.

United States Supreme Court Decides He Is Guilty.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Unless the President of the United States intervenes with a pardon, Joseph R. Dunlop, publisher of the Chicago Dispatch, must within thirty days begin to serve the sentence of two years' imprisonment and a fine of \$2,000, as pronounced by Judge Grosscup, for sending obscene literature through the mail. Such was the effect of the decision of the Supreme court Monday in unanimously refusing to entertain any of the exceptions raised by W. S. Forrest, defendant's counsel, on appeal.

Justice Brown read the opinion, to which there was no dissenting voice, and it required only three minutes to dispose of the case. Out of sixty-one errors assigned by Dunlop's attorney only four received attention, the others being dismissed as frivolous. It is not believed here that President Cleveland will interfere in the execution of sentence.

ANTI-FUSION LAWS.

Iowa Republicans Suspect that They Ought to Act Cautiously.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 17.—A fight will probably be made by Republican senators to reconsider the amendment to the election law that kills fusion. Senators Healy, Cheshire, Garst, Ellis and others will attack it in the hope of having it reconsidered.

It is now seriously alleged the Australian ballot law does not apply to cities under special charters in Iowa. Since the Supreme court decided that the mult law was void, the belief is unanimous that the Australian ballot law would not stand the test of the courts, as to its application in these cities. The defect will be remedied.

WIPED OFF THE MAP.

Every House in Mars, Pa., Said to Have Been Destroyed.

Pittsburg, Feb. 13.—Intelligence reached this city last night that the little town of Mars, on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, was burning.

The place is about twenty miles west of here, but no particulars were available because of the poor telegraph and telephone facilities. The nearest telegraph office is Downeyville, with but one wire, and that a railroad circuit, which is being used exclusively for railroad business. The town of Mars has only about 800 inhabitants, and it is understood every house has been consumed.

Bank Fails at Minneapolis.

A receiver has been appointed for the Bankers' Exchange Bank at Minneapolis, with a bond fixed at \$20,000. The bank is a small institution, which closed last December, and was reopened in January. All its deposits except \$13,000 have been withdrawn. The officers of the bank say that there are assets of \$40,000.

Burglar Shoots a Professor.

Carbondale, Ill., Feb. 17.—Prof. S. E. Harwood of the Southern Illinois Normal University was shot by a burglar who entered his room about 1 o'clock Sunday morning. His wound is not considered fatal. The burglars escaped.

Andrew Sauer Found Not Guilty.

Andrew Sauer, ex-cashier of the famous Defiance, Ohio, Savings Bank, did not commit perjury when he made his report of the bank's condition April 3, 1893, to State Auditor Poe. This was the verdict of the jury in the case.

Lyman Gage Resigns.

Lyman J. Gage severed his connection with the First National bank of Chicago, after a service in various capacities extending over a period of nearly thirty years. He is succeeded as president by Samuel M. Nickerson.

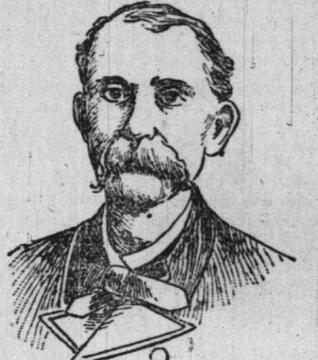
GOMEZ IS IN DANGER. PLANETARY GOSSIP.

GEN. WEYLER CLOSING IN ON HIS FOE.

Spanish Forces Being Concentrated with the Evident Intent to Storm the Strongholds of the Cuban Chieftain—Task Will Be Difficult.

A special correspondent of the Chicago Record sends the following dispatch:

Santa Clara, Feb. 12.—Gen. Rolas, with half his army, is near Santo Espiritus, and it is supposed that Capt. Gen. Weyler is near Placetas. This advance of Spain's lines cuts the space between the Santa Clara lines and the trocha squarely in half, and greatly circumscribes the space in which Gen. Gomez may wander at liberty. His rat-trap is now seventy miles long,



GEN. MAXIMO GOMEZ.

north and south, and thirty miles wide, east and west. In this territory the two hard fights reported last week occurred.

Assuming that Gomez is there in the mountains, it must be of interest to know how Weyler is going to get him out. The peaks are very high and steep, and the foothills are broken by hundreds of rich little valleys, each a natural fortress, in which the insurgents have camps, raise quick-growing crops and pasture cattle. These strongholds may be stormed one by one when they are not defended by machine-guns, but the loss of men to the attacking force must be fearful. It is not possible to starve out the rebels, as there is plenty of water, and food grows on every bush.

POTTER CHOSEN PRESIDENT.

American Wheelmen Select the New Yorker for Their Chief.

At the annual election of officers of the League of American Wheelmen Thursday, Isaac B. Potter of New York received 155 votes to his opponent's 115. The name of V. A. Connolly of Illinois was not presented. A. C. Morrison of Milwaukee was elected first vice-president, C. F. Kierker second vice-president, and J. W. Clendinning of Covington, Ky., treasurer.

Treasurer Hartwell's report showed that the league had received, during the year, \$14,834.95 and expended \$8,603.22, leaving a balance of \$6,231.73.
At 2:30 o'clock Thursday morning the upper stories of the group of handsome parliament buildings in this city were practically in ruins, a fierce fire having been raging in them since the middle of the afternoon. The loss will reach over \$300,000. Thousands of dollars' worth of valuable reports have been destroyed. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

Secretary Bassett's proposed amendment making colored men eligible to membership in the league was defeated: Yeas, 153; nays, 100. Two-thirds is required for the adoption of any amendment. The proposition to admit professional riders to associate membership in the league was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

Gold Democratic Call Issued.

The formal call was issued Monday for the "sound money" Democratic convention to nominate regents and a judge in Grand Rapids, Mich., March 3, when National Chairman W. D. Bynum will deliver an address. The call says that all voters in sympathy with true Democracy and the Indianapolis platform are entitled to seats.

Idaho Banking House Troubled.

The banking house of C. Bunting & Co., Blackfoot, Idaho, was placed in the hands of a receiver Monday. The liabilities are estimated at \$200,000, and the assets will probably be sufficient to pay in full. The bank was one of the oldest institutions of the state.

Killed by His Brother.

Michael Negaunup, living at Gordon, a small station near Superior, Wis., murdered his brother, John Negaunup, by stabbing him with a hunting knife early Sunday morning. The dispute arose over a woman. Negaunup was captured.

Allison Favors Torrey Bill.

Senator Allison of Iowa has declared himself in favor of the Torrey bankruptcy bill now pending in the senate and will probably be one of the leaders in the forthcoming debate on that measure.

WHAT THE STARS SAY OF THE EARTH'S INHABITANTS.

It is a Good Idea to Consult the Astrologer When About to Enter Into Matrimony—Answers to Requests—Instructions for Applicants to Go By.



IF PEOPLE should consult an expert astrologer before falling in love, marriages would be more harmonious. The astrologer is often requested to compare the horoscopes of man and wife to find out the cause of the existing inharmonious and assist in patching up their differences, etc. He often sees that Saturn in one is afflicting the Venus of the other, denoting that love affairs do not invariably thrive well; yet improvement can be made from a better understanding of each, which can only be determined by the careful comparison of both horoscopes. It would be well to do this previous to marriage. Those wishing free character delineations from their zodiacal sign and ruling planet published under their initials, should send: Sex, date, month, year and place of birth, also the time a. m. or p. m. If you do not know the time of birth send two two-cent stamps for further instructions. If you prefer the delineation sent by mail send twelve two-cent stamps to cover expenses. Address Prof. G. W. Cunningham, Dept. 4, 194 S. Clinton St., Chicago.

I. S.; Leroy, Ill.
According to data furnished the zodiacal sign Virgo, which Mercury rules was rising at your birth, therefore Mercury is your ruling planet or significator. You are medium height or above; with slender figure; dark complexion, hair and eyes; the eyes have a peculiar brightness and quick restless movement. You are endowed by nature with a kind and obliging disposition; you are kind to animals and humane in all things. You are very industrious and energetic; you make up your mind quick and every move you make is quick. You are too impulsive and if you will be a little more conservative you will find it to your advantage. You are rather too modest and do not push yourself forward as you should, consequently you are not appreciated to the extent your ability should command. If you had been born twelve minutes earlier it would have changed these indications very materially, for the sign Leo would have been more or less considered.

Miss Mae, Glenville, Iowa.
According to data furnished the zodiacal sign Aquarius, which Uranus rules, was rising at your birth; therefore Uranus is your ruling planet or significator. The sign Pisces, which Jupiter rules, was intercepted on the ascendant. You are naturally the possessor of two kinds of temperaments. At times you are very cheerful, happy, jolly and jovial; then again you will be subject to spells of the blues and will brood over an injury that is either real or imaginary. You are kind to animals, and especially fond of a fine horse; you are quite a leader in anything you may become interested in, yet it will be in a very modest way and without boasting. You are fond of water and enjoy a good glass of it at any time in preference to almost any other drink. You are very fond of the mystical and take delight in unraveling a mystery. Marriage is only average fortunate for you, however you will have more than average wealth and will always be provided for.

Mrs. H. B., Holton, Kan.
According to data furnished, the zodiacal sign Gemini, which Mercury rules, was rising at your birth, therefore Mercury is your ruling planet or significator. You are medium height or above; medium to dark complexion, hair and eyes; the eyes have a peculiar sparkle and sharp sight. You are quick in all your actions and oftentimes change your mind too quick for your own best interests, and it would be better for you to deliberate more on important business matters. You are very fond of books and everything relating to literary attainments, and will always admire a person that has a fine mind. You do not think that wealth is the only thing to live for and will spend a fair portion of your money for books and papers. You will make more money through a salaried position than in any other way. You are somewhat lacking in confidence in your ability and should cultivate self-esteem.

Note.—Those who have sent in their stamps (26 cents) for readings by mail, will usually be promptly answered. In cases where there is an apparent delay the astrologer should be notified at once and the mistake will be rectified.

WORDS OF GREAT MEN.

Who can define the bounds of future improvement? Who will venture to allege that men have not yet as much to learn as they have already learned?—Noah Webster.

The Barrington Review

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub

Entered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

SA TURDAY, FEB. 20, 1897.

The Cubans.

Two years ago the 24th of this February, at Santiago de Cuba, began the revolution in Cuba. It is no nearer its end, except in the simple matter of time, than it was in February, 1895. The Cuban soldiers are more numerous than they were then. They needed little clothing, and they could live by chewing sugar cane. They can do and are doing the same now. They have many more cannon and rifles than they had then.

Let Spain and those who hope still to see the fair island remain a part of the decrepit and cruel monarchy make no mistake. "The Cubans are fighting for liberty, not for reforms," says Maximo Gomez, the splendid old soldier, who, at the age of 72, accepted the post of commander in chief of the patriot army. Even if the patriots should be overwhelmed by superior numbers and by discouragement at the failure of the United States to say one sympathizing word to them, still they would be only temporarily downed. Cuba is bound to be free, if not sooner, then later on. It is her destiny.

There is no evidence that Spain, after having spent millions of dollars and having sent 200,000 soldiers to the island in the attempt to subdue the rebellion, has advanced one foot toward her aim. In the province of Pinar del Rio, which Weyler claims to be "pacified," there are this day not less than 5,000 revolutionist soldiers stationed at various points.

The need of the Cuban patriots is now for arms and ammunition. General Gomez, a cool headed, moderate speaking man, says he has soldiers enough available if he had sufficient arms and ammunition. That supplied, he declares, "I could march into the province of Havana with 75,000 men in a month, and that would mean the almost immediate freedom of Cuba."

Cabinet and Congress.

A gentleman who lies awake nights to think out new schemes for his country thinks he has discovered a defect in our government in the fact that the president's cabinet advisers are not also members of congress, preferably of the senate. He points out the fact that in all the parliamentary governments of Europe except Germany the cabinet is made up of members of the legislative branch. If the governments of Europe were the perfect models for this republican country to follow, perhaps he might be justified in putting them before our attention. But when we need to apply to them for our models instead of developing our own models we shall be far gone indeed. What time would a president's advisers have for cabinet meetings if they had to attend congress daily? And if they did not attend meetings of congress, what would be the good of their being members? The suggestion is foolishness. The president's cabinet officers are already free to attend all the sessions of congress and hear the debates and learn from them. The reports of the deliberations of the committees and in the main the committee meetings themselves are open to the cabinet officers. What more do they need? The writer mentions that the best cabinet members in each administration are those who have had congressional experience. This is true and as it should be. Let a man give his country true and tried service in congress several years, and then let him be graduated into the presidential cabinet.

At least the cruisers of the United States navy are stanchly built and can weather any gale they will be likely to encounter. This was proved by their behavior in the terrible storm off Hatteras. They will probably never be caught in a fiercer storm than that. Our battleships are doubtful in rough weather, but the cruisers are certainly safely built.

The Daily Stock Ledger is of opinion that to make the agriculturists of this country prosperous requires a good, thorough system of trade reciprocity, so that in exchange for the grain, meat and dairy products we export we get duty free from the nations receiving these goods such of their wares as we most need.

Dr. Lyman Abbott is entitled to all the comfort he can get out of the fact that Colonel Ingersoll sympathizes with him and approves of him in his views of Jonah and the whale.

THE TABLES TURNED.

Now Captain Palmer Was Finally Revenved on General Butler.

Captain John Palmer tells the following good story of the late General Benjamin F. Butler:

"I served in the Louisiana campaign. Ben Butler's headquarters were in New Orleans. One day I was told that I had been detailed to go to New Orleans, some 90 miles away, and present a report to Butler. I was a very young man then, and to be thus detailed I considered a tremendous honor. After long deliberation I concluded that I would be expected to make a speech in delivering the report. I worked over that speech until it was a masterpiece.

"Of course I had an idea that if I could make an impression upon the general it would be a good thing for me. Finally the day of my departure came, and I started for the city. On the way I rehearsed my speech. I had it letter perfect and felt satisfied that nothing but stage fright could knock it out of my head. When I reached New Orleans, I lost no time in finding headquarters and getting into the presence of General Butler.

"After I had saluted him I stepped back, threw out my chest and started in on the speech. Before I had spoken a dozen words Butler looked up from his desk. I saw that I was making an impression. A dozen words more, and the general began to move uneasily in his chair. There could be no doubt of the fact that I had caught his fancy. Visions of promotion began to float before me as I warmed up with the speech. Suddenly old Ben thumped the desk savagely with his fist and roared:

"Young man, if you have anything more to say to me, say it quick."

"If he had hit me in the head with an ax, he could not have knocked me out more completely. The thought that instead of creating a favorable impression I had incurred the displeasure of the general made my head reel. All of my hard work had been in vain. I dropped the report on the desk, saluted and walked away. My home in Albany was farther away that night than it had ever been since I marched with my regiment into Louisiana.

"Many years after the close of the war I was elected commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. I was in Washington arranging the details of the great parade of Union veterans. I had a room in the Ebbitt House. All day long I had been receiving delegations. Evening was at hand, when the door opened, and in walked General Butler. Striding to the middle of the floor, he struck an attitude and began a vehement speech in which he intended to prove to me the right of the Massachusetts veterans to the right of line. I listened to him for probably two minutes, and then, smashing the desk as hard as I could with my fist, I yelled:

"General, if you have anything more to say to me, say it quick."

"The old warrior fairly gasped his astonishment. His ponderous jaw fell. Seizing the back of a chair to steady himself, he asked in a voice which showed how keenly I had hurt him:

"Captain Palmer, do you mean that?"

"General Butler, did you mean it when you said the same thing to me at New Orleans?" I asked.

"What do you mean?"

"I told him. Butler walked up and down the room while I was telling the story. When I had finished, he came over and put his hand on my shoulder.

"Palmer, I had forgotten all about it. So you are the young fellow who wanted to fire a speech at me? Well, you have had your revenge."

"And then he sat down, and, hugging his right knee in his clasped hands, he fought over with me the whole Louisiana campaign. The Massachusetts veterans had the right of line in the parade."—New York Mail and Express.

Zoologists regard Aristotle as the founder of their science, although the scientific classification of the animal world was not made until the time of Linnaeus, who in 1741 divided the animal kingdom into six groups. The classification of animals into four divisions was made by Cuvier in his great work, "The Animal Kingdom," published in 1816.

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Call at **S. PECK'S CASH STORE**
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where you will find a large stock of **GROCERIES**, the very best. **DRY GOODS**, full line. **SHOES**, the latest styles. **CLOTHING**, all styles. Hats and Notions in all grades and kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and get prices. **CALL OFTEN**. No trouble to show goods and give prices, as I am here for business. **S. PECK**

C. & N.-W. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAY TRAINS--NORTH.

LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'TN.
3 00 A. M.		4 00 A. M.
7 30	8 32 A. M.	8 50
8 15		9 11
9 10	10 19	10 30
10 50	11 58	12 10 P. M.
*1 30 P. M.	*2 45 P. M.	*3 00
3 30	4 47	5 02
5 00	5 57	6 09
6 01	7 08	7 20
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

* Saturdays only.

WEEK DAY TRAINS--SOUTH.

LV. BARR'TN.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 45 A. M.	6 19 A. M.	7 25 A. M.
7 10	6 55	7 55
7 56	8 09	9 15
9 10	9 20	10 20
9 52	10 02	11 00
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 20
5 02	5 12	6 15

SUNDAY TRAINS--NORTH.

LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'TN.
4 00 A. M.		5 02 A. M.
9 10	10 19 A. M.	10 30
1 30 P. M.	2 45 P. M.	3 00 P. M.
4 45	6 00	6 12
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

SUNDAY TRAINS--SOUTH.

LV. BARR'TN.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
7 10 A. M.	7 19 A. M.	8 10 A. M.
7 56	8 09	9 15
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
5 02	5 12	6 15
4 25	4 35	5 45
9 10	9 23	10 35

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Estate and Commercial Lawyer

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Residence, Barrington, Ill.

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at the office of the Columbia Hotel

Save Pain and Money

Teeth extracted without pain. Make no charge for extracting teeth when new set of teeth are ordered. **PAINLESS FILLINGS.**

Silver Fillings.....50 cents
Gold Fillings.....\$1 and up
SET OF TEETH, fit and quality guaranteed.....\$5 and up
GOLD CROWNS, and TEETH without plate.....\$5
CLEANING TEETH, my own method, 50 Cents to \$1.

It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

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Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

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Special attention given to the accommodation of fishing parties.

Rates, \$1 a day

When in Wauconda give us a call.

Everything first-class.

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Ornamental Glass

Window Glass

and Plate Glass

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and get their prices.

They sell Mason's and Painters' Materials, too.

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John C. Plagge, Vice-Prest.
.....H. C. P. Sandman.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. First-class commercial paper for sale.

Barrington, - Illinois

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,000 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Place your

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Miles Lamey,

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Modern Methods

In New Merchandise at the
Dundee Cash Store
of C. F. Hall.

Unquestionably the Largest Stock,
the Lowest Prices and the Best
Values Ever Offered by this Well
Known Establishment. Let Him
That Heareth Come and Get the
Benefit.

The inventory has passed; the odds
and ends of last year's business have
been gathered up, placed on our center
tables and prices cut to make a
closing sale.

NOTE PRICES ON DOMESTIC GOODS.
Standard prints, full variety, 3 cents
a yard; standard sheeting 5 cents a
yard; 10-4 sheeting 16 cents a yard;
Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale
bleached muslin 6 cents a yard; dress
cambrics 3 cents a yard; elegant out-
ing flannel 5 cents a yard; very fancy
dress goods in staple styles. All cot-
ton fabrics at 5, 6 and 6½ cents—half
values guaranteed on these items.
Coats' thread 3 cents a spool. The
largest stocks of fancy shirtings, per-
cale, prints, etc., to be found in any
store in northern Illinois.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN NOTIONS.
Best sewing silk 1 cent a spool;
fancy toilet soap 2 cents; infant's all
wool hose 5 cents; pins 1 cent a paper;
lead pencils 4 cents a dozen; celluloid
collars 6 cents; elegant silk ties 12
cents.

A FEW DRAWING CARDS.
Men's overcoats 98 cents; boys' over-
coats 69 cents; boys' suits, double
breasted, ages 9 to 14, 79 cents. Fancy
baskets 6, 8 and 12 cents. Our entire
stock of men's overcoats at one-fourth
off from regular prices; a superb line
of boys' long pants 39 cents, value up
to \$1.00; misses' cape cloaks 38 cents;
full width red table linen 15 cents a
yard.

OUR GREAT SHOE SALE.
Following our inventory we have
been cutting prices in our shoe depart-
ment regardless of cost or value, the
disposition being to reduce stock.
Please note the prices. Boys' shoes,
sizes 3 to 5½, absolutely the best for
service, 49 cents a pair; men's shoes
in lace and congress, absolutely solid,
98 cents; men's English grain, value
\$2.00, at 1.29; misses' fine dongola
shoes 98 cents and \$1.29; misses' shoes
in lace and button 69 and 75 cents;
rubber boots, size 3 to 5½, 69 cents.
No such values ever offered as are
now offered in our shoe department.

UNHEARD OF VALUES IN PANTS.
We offer bargains which we cannot
repeat in men's working pants from
the Rockford Company, Beloit Manu-
facturing Company and Rosene Manu-
facturing Company. See the values
at 39, 49, 59, 69 and 79 cents—worth
double. Very fine all wool dress
pants, best make, \$1.00 a pair. Excep-
tional values at \$1.29 and 1.49, worth
\$2.00 and 3.00. Fine dress pants at
\$1.98 and 2.69, worth \$3.50 and 4.50.
We have the call on the pant deal—
see us.

CLOTHING.
Our clothing stock since inventory
has been carefully looked over, prices
have been made to move the stock and
the values we offer in men's suits at
\$2.98, 3.98, 4.98 up to 6.48 cannot be
duplicated at from \$6.50 to 10.00. We
make a specialty of fine dress suits,
offering \$15.00 values at 9.50. See us
on clothing.

GENERAL ITEMS.
Our business for the past two weeks
has been to buy cheap and with cash
in hand. We have availed ourselves
of the best values the market affords.
We are sole agents in this vicinity for
the celebrated Jamestown dress goods
for ladies wear, and show the finest
stock in this section at prices cut be-
low credit rates. The line this spring
is very beautiful and worthy of your
attention.

**VERY FASCINATING PRICES ON STAPLE
GROCERIES.**

Best navy beans 95 cents a bushel;
extra fine California prunes 5 cents;
soda crackers, by box, 4 cents; corn
starch 3 cents; Gold Dust, 15 cents a
package; Bluff City soap, 9 bars for 25
cents, or \$2.65 a box of one hundred
bars; pure leaf lard, 3 pounds for 20
cents; Armour's best picnic ham 54
cents a pound; ground pepper 10
cents a pound. We are setting the
pace on prices for people who pay as
they go.

FINALLY.
We want to see during the season

of 1897, a representative of every
household within a radius of thirty-
five miles of Dundee. We've estab-
lished and shall maintain the repu-
tation of big sellers for little profits.
Buy your round trip tickets to Dun-
dee from within a radius of thirty
miles, trade \$5.00 with us and your
fare will be refunded. Come with
your teams and trade like amount and
we will stable and feed your horses.
The roads are good and every road
leads to the Dundee Cash store of C.
F. Hall Co. In your own interest
come and see us. Yours truly,
C. F. HALL CO.

LAKE ZURICH.

Did you get a valentine?

Elmer Fisher has returned.

J. H. Forbes was in Elgin Tuesday.

"Bob" Hudson has returned to Cuba.

F. P. Clark of Chicago was here this
week.

Fred Kuckuck is able to be about
again.

Wm. Pepper entertained relatives
Sunday.

A little son arrived at the home of
Wm. Greber.

Al R. Ficke sells first-class cigars
only. Try them.

The Zurich livery barn has been
very busy of late.

Mrs. Ben Clinge visited in Chicago
Thursday.

H. Lohman was in Barrington this
week.

WANTED—at Lake Zurich, a hair
restorer.

T. Foley made a flying trip to Joliet
Saturday.

Al R. Ficke was at Desplaines
Thursday.

Fred Berghorn and father were in
Barrington Thursday.

H. Buesching of Chicago visited
here this week.

Mrs. A. T. Bosse returned to the
city Wednesday.

Henry Seip was the auctioneer at
two large sales the past week.

Wm. Zimmer of Long Grove was in
Zurich Wednesday.

J. C. Hans visited at Long Grove
Sunday.

Fred Kuckuck visited at Volo several
days this week.

Our photographer took many pic-
tures this week.

Much excitement prevailed in town
the first of the week.

L. Krahn and friend of Barrington
were at this place Tuesday.

Wm. Tasche of Arlington Heights
was on our streets Saturday.

Mrs. E. A. Ficke visited at Proviso
and Fullersburg.

H. Branding and C. Steffen were at
Rockefeller on business.

Arthur Smith of Fremont was here
Saturday pasting up his sale bills.

H. Hillman and wife visited as the
home of his mother Sunday.

Many of the workmen employed at
the ice houses returned to Joliet.

Roney shipped a car of swine and
cattle to Chicago the first of the week.

J. Bryan had one of his fingers badly
crushed Wednesday at the ice houses.

Fred Hawley and Wm. Ewing trans-
acted business here Monday.

L. Clifford, J. H. Forbes and Al R.
Ficke were at Barrington Wednesday.

John Kaiser was in town the first of
the week with his Word's Fair pacer.

A large number from here attended
the funeral of Mrs. Swearman nee
Sholtz at Fairfield Sunday.

Frank Clark was here Friday to at-
tend a special meeting of the Village
Board.

Mrs. Wm. J. Bartholf of Chicago is
visiting with relatives at the Zurich
house.

C. Olson has been on the sick list for
a few days the past week, but is able
to be around again.

We are pleased to chronicle that all
our sick people are improving in
health.

A goodly number from here will at-
tend the masquerade ball at Arling-
ton Heights this evening.

A lot of Fleke's subdivision, on Main
street, has been leased by the Village
Board, on which a two-story city hall

will be erected. The structure will
be 30x48 feet, and will be used as a
jail, headquarters for the fire and pol-
ice departments, and as council
chambers.

Mr. Prehm has only a few more
tickets left on his wheel. Get one be-
fore they are all gone.

Those persons who ought to be in
jail will be accommodated just as soon
as our "cooler" is completed.

Under the skilful treatment of Dr.
Clausius of Barrington Miss Emma
Ficke is making rapid progress in her
recovery.

Spinner Bros. shipped a car of hogs
this week to the Chicago markets, and
next week they will ship a car load of
cattle.

George Wagner of Barrington was
a guest at the home of Gustav Fiede-
ler one day this week.

Henry Lohman, jr., and wife, of Di-
amond Lake, were in Zurich Satur-
day.

Gone—Dan. Also some furs and
other articles too numerous to men-
tion.

TO MY FRIENDS—Call on "Billy"
for a shave and hair cut.

AL R. FICKE.

Charles Sholz of Chicago attended
the funeral of his sister at Fairfield
Saturday.

Master Emil Eichman had two
fingers very badly crushed in a cutter
recently.

Many from here attended the mas-
querade at Palatine Friday evening,
while others went to Wauconda.

J. C. Meyer and sisters, Emma and
Annie, were among those who took in
the call at Palatine Friday evening.

The petit jury list for the March
term of the circuit court has been
drawn. Al R. Ficke represents Ela.

The case of C. W. Kohl vs. A. B.
Mitchell, which was tried before Jus-
tice of the Peace Huntington, Satur-
day, resulted in favor of the plaintiff.

The men employed at the ice houses
of Harris & Foley were laid off Satur-
day afternoon on account of a break
in the machinery, but were put to
work again Monday morning.

It is reported that Charles Meyer of
Huntley will erect a building here
which will be occupied as a machinery
and hardware store. His brother,
William, is to have charge.

E. A. Golding of Wauconda will as-
sist in drilling the fire company. Four
cisterns, located in different sections
of the village, will be built. The right
place for the location of the engine
house has been secured.

The parties who made a mistake in
taking a black fascinator at the last
masquerade dance will confer a favor
by returning same to Miss Emma
Meyer.

We noticed the following persons
transacting business in Zurich Mon-
day: Fred Thies of Long Grove, J.
Brommelkamp of Barrington, Paul
McGuffen of Libertyville, Mr. Ander-
son of Gilmer, J. Palmer and son of
Barrington, Frank Roney of Wau-
conda, Al Heft of Fremont, H. Litch-
field of Rockefeller and Wm. Zerson
of Gilmer.

The boys in this town appear to be
awfully bashful when in the presence
of the fair sex. Some of our brave ice
men were stirred with sympathy for
some of the lassies last Friday even-
ing and volunteered to convey them to
the masquerade ball, when lo, no con-
veyance was obtainable. Too bad all
the rigs were out.

Choosing a Life Partner.

The Washington Star tells the fol-
lowing tale of a girl with an eye to the
main chance:

"It was a difficult matter to make
up my mind which to accept," said the
girl with a practical mind.

"I understand that both are very
bright."

"Yes. They're inventors."

"There is something noble in that
profession. I cannot think without the
profoundest admiration of these men
who harness the giant forces of nature
to do the bidding of the human will."

"Yes. That sentiment applies to
William. He's at work on a flying ma-
chine and a new kind of electric en-
gine. But one can't buy moquette car-
pets and dining-room chairs with fine
theories, you know?"

"Aren't you going to marry Wil-
liam?"

"No. I accepted John. He's going to
be a rich man. He has an invention
under way for fastening on suspender
buttons so they can't come off."

The Way to Sell Merchandise

Is to advertise it through the col-
umns of a paper that goes into the largest
number of the homes in your vicinity.
You can tell that paper at a glance by
looking through the different papers
and see which paper contains the most
LOCAL news.

We respectfully invite you to com-
pare the number of columns of local
news in

The Review

inspect its subscription list and com-
pare both with those of our contempo-
raries, and after weighing all the evi-
dence we know your verdict will be that

The Review Tells the Truth.

In Business or Out of Business

There are times when you need something in the way of
printing, such as business cards, visiting cards, envel-
opes, note heads, letter heads, bill heads, statements,
invitation cards, programs, wedding stationery, circu-
lars, auction bills, pamphlets, lawyer's briefs and ab-
stracts, etc. To cut a long story short we will say
that THE REVIEW office is equipped with the latest
and best type, and printing material in general, and is
prepared to turn out promptly and in as neat and work-
manlike manner as can be secured anywhere. There
is no limit on the size of the printing.

We print anything, from a Small Card to a 1000-page Book.

Our prices are cheerfully furnished, as they will do
more towards soliciting your work for us than all the
drummers we could send out. The prices are **AS
LOW AS THE LOWEST.**



CHAPTER V.—(CONTINUED.)

Although physical strength is an accident, or at the most an inheritance, no man likes to confess that another is immeasurably his superior in muscular power. So, it is with feelings of keen annoyance that I am obliged to relate the result of that hand-to-hand struggle. I was strong, and had measured my strength with many, but never with such a man as this. The moment we closed I felt that I should be conquered; that right does not always gain the victory. Grant's arms were like bars of iron, the girth of his chest almost abnormal; moreover, he stood two inches taller than I did. Had I been told that any man could have lifted me from my feet, carried me through two open doors and finally thrown me staggering, into the center of the roadway, I should have laughed the idea to scorn. But Eustace Grant did all this, and shut and bolted the outer door before I could recover myself.

Mad with the rage of defeat, I grasped the railings and panted for breath. I cursed Eustace Grant. I cursed my faithless wife. I cursed myself and my impotence. Such was my state that, could I have obtained a pistol, I would have waited on that door-step and shot the man who had betrayed me, as soon as he had emerged from his place of safety—shot him dead without compunction. Nor was my mind any way soothed by hearing the window thrown up, and seeing my hat tossed out contemptuously. I was fain to stoop and pick it up, in order to save myself from becoming an object of curiosity to passers-by.

What was I to do? My mind at present could only grasp one fact—that Grant had, by some diabolical means, induced Viola to leave me and give herself to him. For awhile my course seemed limited to one issue; I must wait here, outside his house, until at last he came forth. Then I must dog his footsteps until they led me to the faithless woman who had ruined my life and brought me to shame. I groaned at the thought of what little more than twelve hours had done. This morning I was the happiest man in England; to-night I was the most miserable!

So for hours I walked up and down in front of the house which held the traitor. I saw the lights extinguished. Once or twice I saw the blind drawn aside, and guessed that Grant was looking out to see if I had left my post. No, you traitor! you villain! I am still there, and shall be there until you come out. Then I will dog you to the bitter end.

The hours went by, the dawn began to break. Still—an object of curiosity, if not suspicion, to the policeman—I kept my post, and should have kept it for hours longer; had it not all at once occurred to me that so long as I was there, so long would Grant remain where he was. I must perforce keep watch until I could find some one to whom the task might be deputed.

At 7 o'clock I was able to gain admission to an old-fashioned family and commercial inn which stood some short distance off. The bay window of the coffee room commanded a view of Grant's house. Here I seated myself, and, having obtained a London directory, wrote and dispatched a letter to a well-known private detective, requesting that a clever, trustworthy man might be at once sent to me. Then, from the window of the hotel, I resumed my watch.

At 9 o'clock the man whom I had summoned arrived. I told him what to do. He was to wait until he saw Grant depart. He was to follow him, and, having ascertained his destination, was to telegraph to me at once. Then I left the accursed spot, went back to my hotel, and tried to sleep.

As I entered the room which Viola and I had occupied, I could almost persuade myself that I had dreamed the events of the last twenty-four hours. All her personal effects were as she left them; her gloves, her brushes, her toilet indispensables were all there. Even her watch she had left behind her. She broke the spring at the seaside, and there was no time to get it repaired before we started for the continent; besides, I had intended buying her a new one in Paris. To-morrow—yes, to-morrow would be Thursday—to-morrow we had proposed crossing to France. Heavens! what did it all mean?

Sleep with my mind in this whirl was unattainable. Later in the day, more for something to do than in pursuance of any hope, I went to Viola's old home, and asked if she had been there to-day. No, not since yesterday morning. This the servants rather wondered at, as Miss Rossiter was very ill; two doctors were with her now.

In my present state of mind, I cared nothing for the old lady's illness; but I knew that the motive which kept Viola from her side when suffering must be a strong one. Yet, little a woman who could leave her husband, as she had left me, would rock for the ailments of a friend!

Curses on her false, fair face! The hours passed, somehow. At three o'clock a telegraph message was brought me. I tore it open. It was from Folkestone, and ran so:

"Followed him here. He left by Boulogne boat. Was joined on pier by lady. Tall, closely veiled, fair hair. Wore costly ring of diamonds. Seemed ill and upset. Did not follow to France, having no instructions to leave England." The last, the very last hope was gone! Viola and Eustace Grant had fled together! I ground my teeth. I bit my lips until the blood came. I cursed the detective's stupidity at not having followed them, if needs be, half over the world. Surely I had given the fool ample instructions! For the future I would trust no one but myself. I threw a few things into a portmanteau; I rang for a time-table. Was there a train I could catch, was there a steamer which crossed to-night? Perhaps, at Boulogne, I might get once more on the track of the fugitives.

But before I had solved the doubt about trains and steamers I had changed my mind. Why should I follow! Let them go, and my curse go with them. I will not take, at present, one step in pursuit. I will have vengeance, but vengeance by waiting will be the more complete. See! she must love this man madly, even as I loved her, or she would not have done this thing. He, too, must love her. Let my silence, my quietness, lull them into false security. Let them dream their dream of happiness, even as I dreamed mine. Then I will find them and strike!

For I swore that sooner or later, by fair means or foul, Eustace Grant should die by my hand!

CHAPTER VI.

HATE the task of describing what a manner of life I led during the next two years. I hate the memory of everything connected with that time. I wish it could be blotted out from my mind. Two years which hold no action, no thought of my own, to which I can look back with any pleasure. I must write of that wretched time, but I will make its record as short as possible.

Nevertheless, I will be candid, and show myself in as bad a light as truth compels. I do not seek to excuse myself by saying that many another in my place would have acted as I acted. I hope there are few in the world who have passed through such grief and shame as mine.

At first, without for the moment losing sight of the vengeance I meant to take on the traitor, Eustace Grant, I set myself the task of forgetting the false woman who had fled from my side. I vowed I would destroy the love I bore her and learn to look upon her with scorn and contempt, as the basest of her sex. If the thought of suing for a divorce entered my head I banished it at once. I cared not to resume my freedom. So long as I was bound to one woman, there was no chance of my being cajoled and deceived by another, if ever I could be fool enough to love and trust another woman as I had loved and trusted Viola.

Besides, I shrunk from the exposure; I shrunk from the thought of being made a public laughing stock, as a man whose wife had left him a fortnight after her marriage. No; I would teach myself to scorn, loathe, forget her—that was all.

But how to forget? If I cursed her by day, I dreamed of her by night. Then she came to me, sweet and pure as I thought her on the day when I made her my wife. I saw her soft eyes, her graceful form; I heard her fresh young loving voice, and in my dreams was happy, for I could never dream evil of her. But again and again, when I awoke, and remembered what she now was, I sobbed as few strong men permit themselves to sob, and then only in the dead of night, when none can hear or see them.

I would forget! I swore I would forget! So, in search of forgetfulness, I plunged into a whirl of fierce dissipation. I became to all appearance the most reckless of a reckless set. I gambled for large sums. I lost or won thousands at a sitting; yet only proved to myself that I was as indifferent to money as I was to everything save the

loss of Viola. Curiously enough, I did not ruin myself at the gambling-table. On the whole, I won largely, and so constantly that my luck became a by-word. My luck! I smiled bitterly as men spoke of me as "lucky Loraine." I tried in every way to force the memory of Viola from my mind. For awhile—I blush to say so—I drank to excess; perhaps I hoped to kill myself. In these and other unworthy ways I passed half the year.

Then came the reaction—the loathing of self—the disgust of the life I was leading. I sickened at the sight of my boon companions. Everything was weariness; nothing brought the flush of excitement to my cheek or carried me for a moment away from my grief. Suddenly I turned my back upon all my pursuits. I went down to Herstal Abbey, which was now at my disposal, and, with as supreme a contempt for mankind as ever my predecessor felt, I buried myself even as he had done.

And people around said that eccentric ran in families, and that young Mr. Loraine was following in his father's steps.

But why during these months had I not sought the excitement of revenging myself upon the man who had wronged me? Why had I not kept my vow of killing him when his dream of joy was at its height? Simply because I knew not where to look for him. He and his no less guilty companion had left no trace behind them—no clew that might be followed until it brought me face to face with them. I had made inquiries, and inquiries were still being made on my behalf; but as yet I had not discovered Grant's hiding place. He seemed to be a man with, so far as I could ascertain, no friends or connections. Miss Rossiter, with whom he or Viola might have corresponded, died two days after the elopement. Her brother I found, but he could give me no intelligence. Mr. Monok, the solicitor, acting, he said, on instructions, refused to give me any. So I could do nothing but grind my teeth, and long for the hour when my path might once more cross Eustace Grant's. I was fatalist enough to believe that, sooner or later, this must happen.

I lived on in the dreary solitude of Herstal Abbey. Each day found me more cynical and misanthropical; but each day I renewed my vow of vengeance. Its accomplishment was the only thing in life to which I could look forward. When Grant lay dead at my feet, life for me would be at an end. So the months passed. If the original Julian Loraine could have seen me, as I sat hour after hour brooding in his chair, he would have thought the son of his adoption well worthy of his choice. So the long months passed. Spring, summer, autumn, winter came and went, making little difference to me. Once or twice I forced myself to quit my seclusion, and pay a visit to London or Paris, in hope of finding distraction and forgetfulness. My efforts availed nothing, and I returned to my home more moody and miserable than when I left it.

I had, for the sake of occupation, performed a task until now postponed. I went through my reputed father's letters and private papers. I found nothing that in any way bore upon myself, except a written account of the shipwreck, and my birth on the barren rock. It was signed by the narrator. Although the existence of this paper made no difference to me, I put it away under lock and key. Yet, for all I cared, the whole world might know that Julian Loraine was not my father. Such trivial things as accidents of birth were now matters of indifference to me.

The other papers I burned. I did not read one-half of them. They clearly showed what manner of man was Julian Loraine before he bought Herstal Abbey and settled down to the life of a recluse. My life, I told myself, was spoiled—spoiled by a woman's treachery! And yet I could not bring myself to hate her. No—let the truth be known—I loved her even now—loved her, although she was living in shame with my enemy. I hungered, I craved for a sight of her face. The touch of her hand would have thrilled me as of old. Although I told myself that were she at my feet praying for pardon I would spurn her and cast her from me, I knew that I lied. I knew that if Viola came to me—if my eyes once more met hers—I should throw all manhood's pride to the winds, and—such was the strength of my passion—take this faithless woman to my heart, and hold her there until, as I told myself bitterly, some fresh lover robbed me again.

Such being my true feeling, picture my emotion when, one morning, I found a letter lying on my table—a letter addressed to me in Viola's handwriting! I tore it open with a cry of delight; I pressed it to my lips. Had not her fingers touched it? Then I read. It was but one line:

"If you knew all, you might forgive."
"If I knew all!" What more was there to know? I knew that she had left me without a word or sign of warning that she had fled, accompanied by a man who had loved her passionately long before I ever set eyes upon her; that they were, somewhere or other, hidden from pursuit. Heaven! what more could I wish to know?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

ILLINOIS NEWSLETS.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

The associated charities of Quincy distributed up to January 31, \$543.85. "Aunt Betsy" Weaver died at Monmouth, Saturday morning, aged 95 years.

Chicago workmen claim that Valens & Co.'s cigars are made in filthy sweat shops.

At the recent term of court in Pontiac there were six criminal trials without a conviction.

A local sportsman of Kinney claims recently to have killed four rabbits at one shot with a target rifle.

L. White, the oldest man in Spring Lake township, Mason county, died there last Friday at the age of 83.

Captain Frederick J. Maxwell, chief of police and one of the best known citizens of Bloomington, died at 3:30 Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Marie Villeneuve died at 11 o'clock Friday night, at the home of her son-in-law, Charles Raymond, in Aurora, at the age of 88 years.

Petitions are being circulated in Ford county, asking the commissioners to levy a tax of 50 cents on \$100 for three years for a system of hard roads.

Four students have been expelled from the Monticello high school for attempting to dictate to the principal how the school work should be carried out.

William Canty of Springfield, Ill., claims to have seen Harry St. John, supposed to have been dead, son of the ex-governor of Kansas, in Springfield a few days ago.

The privates of Company E, Fifth Regiment, I. N. G., at Petersburg, are hot over the fact that Major Cabanis gave a ball and invited none but the commissioned officers.

Urbana has contracted \$12,000 worth of paving to be done this spring. In the twin cities—Champaign and Urbana—there will be a continuous street of paving for about six miles when this contract is completed.

S. F. Connor is organizing a telephone exchange at Alton, which promises cheaper rates than those given by the present telephone company. Already 150 names have been secured, and it is intended to open the new exchange just so soon as 250 names are secured.

O. J. Boyer and J. H. Dewolf have agreed to meet in a series of six debates on economic subjects at Canton. The questions for discussion will be definitely formulated within a day or two. It is expected to have the first debate some time next week, probably at the Auditorium, and one each week thereafter until the series is completed. The intention is to charge fifteen cents admission, and give the profits to the poor.

George Jacob Schweinfurth, bogus Messiah, will move his heaven south in the spring. He returned from a trip through Arkansas and is greatly pleased with the climate. When asked whether or not he would transfer his heaven he replied that he was favorably impressed with a location near Salem Springs, Ark., and might decide to move. It is hoped by Rockford citizens that the fakir will forever desert the state.

A large body of land left by Nicholas Maurer, near Geneva, was sold at legal sale at prices ranging from \$6.75 to \$41.55 an acre. Only eighty acres out of the 800 sold brought the last named figure, the next highest price being \$31.50 per acre. It seems incredible that any land in Woodford county should sell as low as \$6.75 an acre. Only eighty acres were allowed to go as low as that, the next highest price being \$9.25. The total amount received for the 860 acres was \$21,249.

The oldest person whose parents were born in Illinois is said to be Supervisor A. C. Scroggin, of Mt. Pleasant. He was born May 14, 1842. His father, L. K. Scroggin, was born in Gallatin county, near Shawneetown, January 25, 1819, and his mother, Lavona Buckles-Scroggin, was born April 30, 1826, four miles west of Mt. Pleasant, in what was then a part of Sangamon county. His grandparents were married in Illinois Territory. Thus Mr. Scroggin antedates and wears the honors heretofore held by Judge Creighton, of Springfield, who was born in 1845.

Thomas D. Karnes has until April 1, 1898, to serve as postmaster of Fairbury, provided he is given the four years usually allowed. The office is of the third-class and the salary of the postmaster is \$1,700 per year. Besides this the department allows \$256 for rent, fuel and lights. Clerk hire must be paid by the postmaster out of his salary. Mr. E. J. Merritt, of Fairbury, a traveling man for the Pontiac Shoe company, is the only person who has so far announced his candidacy for the position of postmaster under President McKinley. Among other persons whose names are mentioned are Messrs. C. F. Carithers, Z. T. Hanna, J. W. Morris, G. W. Bennett and B. E. Robinson.

Pure Hood's Sarsaparilla

Blood is what everyone should have at this season. Therefore purify and enrich your blood now with a thorough course of

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier, Hood's Pills, easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

Lots of Fun.

"Do you really enjoy shooting?" "Why, yes, of course," said the dear girl, who had lately bought a light little rifle and a lovely pair of hunting bloomers. "Every time I manage to kill a rabbit or a poor little bird I have just the loveliest cry imaginable."—Indianapolis Journal.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggists to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

A Ghostly Collection.

A French professor is the owner of a collection of 920 human heads, representing every known race of people on the globe.

NO-TO-BAC FOR FIFTY CENTS.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

The favorite foods of the Kaffirs are locusts, ant eggs and various insects.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

All of the mummy cats unearthed in Egyptian tombs have red hair.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

The cats of the Isle of Man and those of North Borneo are all tailless.

Love has a long way to go to reach the heart of the modern up-to-date young man. When he looks for a wife, he expects a good deal. Probably he expects more than he deserves. He wants good looks, good sense, good nature, good health. They usually go together.

An observing man learns that a woman who is physically weak and nervous and incapable, is likely to be ill-natured too. The sweetest temper is ruined by continual sickness.

A woman whose nerves are constantly racked and dragged by debilitating drains and inflammation, cannot be a genial companion or happy wife; and she is totally unfitted to be a mother.

These troubles prevail almost universally among women largely because of carelessness and neglect. There is no real need of them. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive specific for the weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

It cures them radically and completely. It heals, strengthens and purifies. It is the only scientific remedy devised for this special purpose by an educated, skilled physician. It is the only medicine that makes motherhood easy and absolutely safe.

Miss Lauretta McNeess, of Reno (P. O. Box 723), Washoe Co., Nev., writes: "I have discontinued taking the 'Prescription' and will not take any more (at present). Last month I had no pain at all and worked every day without any inconvenience whatever. It was the first time I never had pain during that period. I cannot say too much for your medicines, especially the 'Favorite Prescription' and Pleasant Pellets." I know of a lady who took one bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' and she says she was not sick like she was with her first baby. This was her second baby. She thinks it a grand medicine. So do I."

Dr. Pierce has had a life-time of experience in this particular field. His 1000-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" contains several chapters devoted to woman's special physiology. A paper-bound copy will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a cloth-bound copy send 31 stamps.

FOR 14 CENTS. We wish to gain 100,000 pleased customers in 1897 and hence offer

1 Pkg Bismark Cucumber	15c
1 Pkg Round Globe Beet	15c
1 " Earliest Carrot	15c
1 " Kaiser Wilhelm Lettuce	15c
1 " Earliest Melon	15c
1 " Giant Yellow Onion	15c
1 " Day Radish	15c
1 " Brilliant Flower Seeds	15c

Worth \$1.00, for 14 cents. Above 10 pkgs. worth \$1.00 we will mail you free together with our great plant and seed catalogue upon receipt of this notice and 14c. postage. How can we do it? Because we want new customers and know if you once try Salzer's seed, you'll never, never get along without them! Catalogue alone 5c. postage, N. W. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

HOW TO GET A \$100 BICYCLE FREE. NO mystery to solve, tedious word contest, orders to take. Only some writing in your own home. For particulars send stamped address envelope Household Pub. & Pr'g Co., 56 Bleecker Street, New York

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Do in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.

BETTY WASHINGTON.

THE ONLY SISTER OF THE GREAT COMMANDER.

Beautiful Interior Decorations in Her Home at Fredericksburg, Done in Raised Stucco on an English Prisoner—Locks of Vast Proportions.



In the outskirts of the little town of Fredericksburg, Va., stands a house of peculiar interest to all Americans. It is Kenmore, the home of George Washington's only sister, Betty, which was built by her husband, Colonel Fielding Lewis, to gratify the ambition she often expressed of "being mistress of a fine house." Few, if any strangers, visit Fredericksburg without seeing this historic old mansion, which is considered the "show" place of the town.

The interior of Kenmore is severely simple, but very imposing, and its high sloping roof, tiny paned windows and quaint doorways, with huge brass knockers, carry one back to a time now nearly a century and a half past. The doors are high and narrow, of elaborately carved oak. The first thing that strikes the eye on entering the small, square hall, is a high clock of the kind popularly known as "Grandfather's Clock," which was once the property of Mary Washington.

Interior of Kenmore.

Few houses have such an extremely handsome interior as Kenmore. The ceilings and mantels alone are worth a visit to see, being the most beautiful of their kind in the state. The ceilings are stuccoed with raised plaster in elaborate designs of wreaths and garlands of flowers, sheaves of wheat, etc., and over the mantels are large ornate portrayals of the fables of Aesop, done in the same beautiful work. The one over the drawing room mantel is said to have been designed by George Washington for his sister. We are told by an old chronicler that this ornamentation of ceiling and mantel was the chief thing that pleased Mistress Betty Lewis in all her fine house. It was the work of an English soldier, who was captured during the revolution and sent for safe keeping to the home of Colonel Lewis, where he thus employed his time more profitably than most of the other English soldiers then in America. The drawing room, which is lofty and of unusual size, presents a faithful picture of the apartment in which the luxurious Virginian of that day liked to gather his family or entertain his friends. The high walls are paneled to the top, the deep windows furnish seats almost as large, though hardly so comfortable as armchairs, and on the doors are immense brass locks, containing keys of ponderous size. It would almost seem from these cumbersome locks which are found on so many old homes, that our forefathers were wont to have a sense of security in proportion to the size of the locks on their doors. If this be so, we cannot help thinking how very free from fear must the good folk of Kenmore have been. The drawing-room opens at one end on a massive stone porch and on the other into a smaller, but remarkably beautiful parlor, where we find again the same elaborate work on ceilings, mantels and walls. Crossing the halls, we come to the dining-room, the brightest room in the house, and here George Washington often sat, drinking a cup of tea with his sister, or attending as an honorary guest one of her stately midday dinners. During

that she died in her own more humble home not far away. When she had been ill for some time with an incurable malady, Mrs. Lewis persuaded her to be moved to Kenmore, and it was here that she spent the last few weeks of her life. Not far from the house and within sight of the windows of this room arises the tall granite shaft which was erected to the memory of Mary Washington by the women of America. This is the only public monument to a woman in the United States. It is a handsome shaft, fifty feet high, on the face of which is inscribed in raised letters, "Mary, the Mother of Washington." On the reverse side is cut in the stone, "Erected by her Countrywomen." An amusing incident happened in connection with the latter inscription. Among the crowds of people who attended the unveiling of the monument were many whose lives were passed on farms in remote parts of the country. One of them, an old woman, after giving a long, appreciative look to the monument, and carefully spelling over the inscription, fairly beamed with delight. "Thank goodness!" she said, "here is one thing them everlasting city women ain't had a hand in. Shows what country folks can do when they have a mind to!"

Lavish Hospitality at Kenmore.

Kenmore was always the scene of lavish hospitality, and within its walls were entertained many of the men who assisted in making our country's history. In the spacious drawing-room, in days gone by, stately dames have courted low to their partners in the time-honored minuet, and coquetish damsels, in dainty short-waisted gowns, tripped gayly through the Virginia reel. These were the women who later became the wives and mothers of the heroes of the revolution. Most of the men of note of the time just previous to the revolution, were received as guests at Kenmore, and during the war which ensued the house



MRS. FIELDING LEWIS. (Only Sister of George Washington.)

became known far and near as the abode of patriotism. Colonel Lewis, who was a man of prominence, and proprietor of nearly half the town of Fredericksburg, was an ardent patriot, and though ill with consumption (of which he finally died before the close of the war), managed to render much service to his country. When he became too feeble to go on horseback, he had himself carried in his chariot to the neighboring Court House, where he uttered patriotic words which, by reason of his prominence and popularity, had much effect on the young men of the surrounding country, and many were inspired by him to become soldiers. Portraits are still preserved of himself and his wife.

It seems somewhat strange that while more, probably, has been published of George Washington's mother and wife than of any other American woman, so little should have been written of his only sister. Mrs. Lewis bore a likeness to her brother so great that it was startling, and when, as was sometimes done in joke, a military hat was placed upon her head and a cape thrown over her shoulders, it was almost impossible to distinguish between them. George Washington Parke Custis, in his "Memoirs of Washington," says that on these occasions so strong was the resemblance that "Battalions would have presented arms and senators risen to do homage to the chief." In character and disposition, also, there was the same remarkable likeness between the brother and sister.

The Little Maid's Reply.

(A True Incident.)
The little maiden opened wide the door To let the honored Washington depart; The great-souled General, her mother's friend—
The first in war, in peace, in every heart.

"A better office to you, wear," said he, And placed his hand benignly on her head. With curtesy quaint and reverent, smiling glance—
"Yes, sir; to let you in," she archly said.—Charles Lee in St. Nicholas.

Light requires eight minutes and eighteen seconds to pass from the sun to the earth when at its mean distance; therefore, when we look at the sun we see him, not where he actually is, but where he was about eighteen minutes and eighteen seconds ago; his true place is then always in advance of his apparent place.

A STRANGE FREAK OF NATURE.

We hope to sell 1,000,000 packages Golden Rind Watermelon, the most wonderful freak of nature—smooth, shiny, yellow rind, crimson flesh, delicious! Its sensational. Took 500 first prizes in 1896. You must have it to be in the swim. Melons go like wild fire at \$1.00 apiece. We paid \$300 for one melon! \$100 prizes for earliest melon—ripened in 1896 in 41 days. Lots of money made in earliest vegetables. Salzer's seeds produce them. Thirty-five earliest sorts, postpaid, \$1.00.

Send This Notice and 15 Cents for a Package of Golden Rind and wonderful seed book, 146 big pages, to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.

Sure to Be Remembered.

"That man will need no monument to make him live in the memories of people after he is dead."
"Indeed! Is he, then, a great poet?"
"No; he is not a poet."
"Perhaps an artist?"
"Nor yet an artist."
"Ah, then, he must be a statesman."
"Again you are wrong. He is just leading a \$5,000 life on a \$2,000 income and owes nearly everybody in town."—Cleveland Record.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Commerce Prevails.

Schoolmaster—Master Isaac, what wrong did the brothers of Joseph commit when they sold their brother?
Isaac—They sold him too cheap.—New York Tribune.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Mov the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A St. Paul judge has awarded a citizen \$5 damages because a motorman refused to stop a car for him.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

The great man of to-day shows us what all men may be by and by.

"WORN OUT."

A COMMON EXPRESSION USED BY AMERICAN WOMEN.

Many do not Realize the Full Significance of Those Two Words.

When a woman is nervous and irritable, head and back ache, feels tired all the time, loses sleep and appetite, has pains in groins, bearing-down sensation, whites and irregularities, she is not "worn out," but feels as if she were. Such symptoms tell her



that a womb trouble is imminent, and she cannot act too promptly if she values her future comfort and happiness.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America, go to prove beyond a question that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., as thousands of women do.

Here is a lady who says:—

"Let me add my name to your list of testimonials. For years I suffered with such a weakness of the back I could not stand straight. I had terrible pains in my womb. The doctor said an operation must be performed, as there was no other way to be cured. I was afraid to have the operation performed, and kept trying the medicines that I saw advertised. At last I tried yours. After taking three bottles I felt like a new woman. I recommend it to every woman, and cannot praise it enough, for it saved me from the surgeon's knife."—Mrs. MARK BUCH, Dolgeville, N. Y.



COLONEL FIELDING LEWIS.

the visit of Lafayette to Fredericksburg to meet Mrs. Washington, his friend's mother, he too, dined in this room, and it is said the gallant Frenchman expressed himself as being more than charmed, with not only his fair hostess, but her handsome home.

Where Mary Washington Died.

On the upper floor of the house are the bed-rooms, which are unusually large and bright, but the chief interest pertains to the one on the left hand of the corridor. Here we are told is the room in which Mary Washington breathed her last. This fact is not generally known, as it is usually supposed

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine used in my house.—D. C. Albright, Mifflinburg, Pa., Dec. 11, 1895.

The Industrial Aid Society of Boston found work during the year just passed for nearly 3,700 people.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Egyptians considered the cat a sacred animal and usually mummified its remains.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Aroostook's (Me.) champion wheat report is forty-seven bushels to the acre.

Coe's Cough Balsam Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Kangaroo farming is to be an established institution in Australia.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, the finest liver and bowel regulator made.

We are always in great danger when we hold on to a little sin.

"It will go away after awhile."

That's what people say when advised to take something to cure that cough.

Have you ever noticed that the cough that goes away after awhile takes the cougher along? And he doesn't come back!

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Cures Coughs.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 8, 1897.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Like rust on polished metal **NEURALGIA** Blights and Crimps the Nervous System. Like oil on rust **St. Jacobs Oil** removes the blight and cures the pain.

She Told the Truth.

Mrs. Newly, in her modern male attire for women, was addressing a select audience. "I wear no man's collar," she shouted.

"You have one of mine on now," squeaked her husband.

"I said 'no man's collar,'" she retorted, and Newly sneaked out the back way.—Detroit Free Press.

Too Cheap.



Isaacson—Jakay, hof you readt der story of Joseph undt his bretheren?
Jakay—Yes, fadder.

Isaacson—Vell, what wrong tid tey do?

Jakay—Tey sold him too cheap.—Up to Date.

McKinley's Inauguration.



Tickets will be sold from all points west and north-west over the Big Four Route and Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. to Washington, D.C. and return at one fare March 1, 2 and 3, good returning until March 8. This is the scenic line through the mountains, river canons and battlefields. The track is a marvel of smoothness and stability. All trains are vestibuled, electrified and have dining car service unsurpassed. For further particulars address

H. W. SPARKS, Trav. Pass. Agt., or J. C. TUCKER, Gen. Nor. Agt., 234 Clark St., Chicago.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 37 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, etc. since.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEANOR, OHIO. Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured.

PATENTS. 20 years' experience. Send sketch for advice. (I. Deane, late prin. examiner U.S. Pat. Office) Deane & Weaver, McGill Bldg., Wash. D. C.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds, and throat disease.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. E. WOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.



1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

GUARANTEED to cure the worst coughs. We mean every word we say and to convince you of this we offer to send you by mail a 25c box of Dr. Kay's Lung Balm on receipt of three stamps to pay postage and after you are cured and satisfied it is all we claim for it you can send the balance after deducting postage. Never has there been a cough medicine that equals it. It never has failed to cure the worst coughs, even when all physicians and all other remedies have failed. We guarantee this. Why do you continue to suffer without testing it? **LA GRIFFE** and its after effects are speedily cured by it. It is also a sure cure for Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Catarrh, Consumption and all Lung and Throat troubles, whether acute or chronic. Send for testimonials and other positive proofs. It is not only **GUARANTEED TO CURE** but it is guaranteed not to contain any Ipecac, tartar-emic, lobelia or any other nauseating or dangerous drug. It does not cause sickness like ordinary cough medicines but is pleasant to take and children like it so well as to cry for it frequently.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

The following is an extract from a letter just received from a prominent Iowa clergyman: "Many winters have I coughed all winter long. Twice have I been compelled to rest from my ministerial duties for a period of several years. When I took cold in the winter the coughing would be intense. Last fall I took cold about the 15th of October and was sick with it for about a week and began what I supposed was a winter of coughing. My wife called my attention to Dr. Kay's Lung Balm and after much persuasion on her part, and a free expression (of a not flattering character) about patent medicines on my part, I concluded to try the Lung Balm. I felt at once that it touched a place in my malady that nothing else had ever done. I began to improve. I used about 5 boxes and can now preach without coughing. I keep it by me and if I take cold I use it. If I have a bronchial irritation after preaching I take Dr. Kay's Lung Balm. I can cheerfully say that the Lung Balm has been a great help to me. It has no bad effect upon the stomach. Respectfully yours, J. D. DE TAR, Pastor M. E. Church, Spring Hill, Iowa, Des Moines Conference. Send for pamphlet and circulars. Also "Womanhood," a special booklet for ladies, free. Address, Western Office, Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

SOLE BY DRUGGISTS.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER ALL DRUGGISTS
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or scribe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

H. A. Drewes was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Ed Thies made a trip to Chicago Monday.

"Big Joe" is still holding out at Plagge & Co's.

Jeweler A. Katz has removed to 75 Wets Eleventh street, Chicago.

Fred Brasel was a visitor here yesterday.

H. Gieske and son Albert, were Elgin visitors yesterday.

John Broemmelkamp lost a valuable horse this week by disease.

Wm. McCredie of Elgin was in town on business yesterday.

Ed Hachmeister visited in Chicago several days this week.

George Wagner spent several days the first of the week in Chicago.

A little son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Schutt.

Mrs. Charles Freeman of Elgin is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. Wood.

Anna and Norma Dolan spent Sunday with their grandparents at Cary.

Miss Rieke Landwer and Elmer Hartz visited at Palatine yesterday.

Mrs. E. Law of Long Grove was the guest of Mrs. Henry Gieske Thursday.

Miss Lillian Ellison of Chicago is visiting at the home of W. H. Thorp.

Mrs. E. M. Blocks, who has been quite ill the past two weeks, is improving.

Just received a fresh stock of chow chow, pickled onions, etc., at George Wagner's meat market.

E. Zarndt of Roselle was a guest at the home of George Wagner on Friday of last week.

Misses Minnie Ahlgrim and Bertha Jahnholz visited in Chicago the first of the week.

Don't fail to attend the school entertainment at Deer Grove this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

George Freye has sold his interest in the hardware store at Nunda to his brother, Herman.

Miss Edith Freeman of Chicago was a guest at the home of Mrs. M. Wood Sunday.

Mrs. Louise Runge of Elgin is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Wolthausen.

It is reported that some novel sleighs were used by a certain coasting party the other evening.

Wm. Thies of Plum Grove was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Landwer Thursday.

John Thies of Plum Grove was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Landwer yesterday.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Antholtz Tuesday.

FOR RENT.—Four rooms, suitable for small family. Inquire at this office.

Miss Nellie Graybill was a guest at the home of her grandmother in Chicago Tuesday.

Max Gottschalk, Palatine's hustling tonsorial artist, was here Monday evening.

Have money to loan in amounts to suit up to \$2,000. M. C. MCINTOSH, Barrington, Ill.

Will Brockway and Miss Annie Matthei of Palatine were guests at the home of Ezra Cannon Sunday.

Miss Martha Sharman of Chicago spent several days during the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Cannon.

FOR RENT.—Gibney farm, containing forty acres. Good buildings. For particulars apply to this office.

FOR RENT.—House and lot with barn, located on the north side. Rent, reasonable. For further information, call at THE REVIEW office.

Since the E. J. & E. railroad has entered Whiting, Ind., a great many oil tanks are transferred to the North-Western road at this place.

Frank Sweeney and Mike Sweeney, formerly of the Barrington "turn-around," have been transferred to the Chicago run.

John Brasel now holds down the job of heating the cars of the Barrington trains at night, the situation formerly held by Wm. Spriggs.

Abe Combs left for Waukegan Monday morning to be at the bedside of his grandfather, who is very ill.

If you desire to subscribe for any newspaper or magazine published in any part of the world, do so through THE REVIEW. We can save you money.

Dame Rumor has it that a wedding will take place a little southwest of Barrington next week. Who it is? Guess.

Surveyors of the North-Western road have been at work some time surveying and making plans for the continuation of the double track to Cary.

John Froelich, of the Town of Elma made us a pleasant call yesterday and renewed his subscription for THE REVIEW.

Rev. Schmus of Chicago will conduct quarterly meetings at Zion's Evangelical church over Sunday. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.—All correspondence must hereafter be mailed that we shall receive it Thursday morning at the latest to insure publication the same week.

Miss Emma Mund of Chicago is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Blocks. Miss Mund is a cadet in the American Volunteers, the new Salvation Army.

Barrington camp No. 809, M. W. A., will give an entertainment at Stott's hall next Friday evening. One hundred invitations have been issued.

PAY YOUR TAXES.—August Rohlmeier, tax collector for the Town of Barrington, will be at the bank on Tuesdays and Saturdays, commencing with Saturday, February 13th.

Rev. T. E. Ream will tomorrow evening preach on the topic: "Men as God's Messengers." "George Washington an Example," from the text found in I Peter ii. 9: "Ye are a peculiar people."

Miss Amanda Meyer was tendered a surprise party by a number of young friends, at the home of J. H. Hawley last evening. A pleasant evening was spent by those attending.

Mr. and Mrs. George Freye of Nunda spent several days during the past week at the home of Mrs. Freye's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Freye.

P. N. Wollaver constructed a shotgun for John Wandrack of Algonquin which weighs 30 pounds and takes 14 drachms of powder, with 60 buckshots, at a charge.

Order your auction bills printed at THE REVIEW office. Prompt service, extra heavy paper which the rain will not destroy, and a free notice in a paper which goes into nearly 1,000 homes are some of the reasons why it is to your interest to place your order with THE REVIEW. Besides, THE REVIEW office is the cheapest in price.

The approaching spring election promises to be very lively. Already candidates for the different offices in the Towns of Cuba and Barrington and the Village of Barrington are coming out and are making preparations to capture the prizes. In order to be on top candidates should insert an announcement in THE REVIEW at least two weeks before the caucuses.

Sam Gieske and Frank H. Plagge attended a meeting of the Knights of the Globe at Arlington Heights Saturday evening, and saw how the Sir Knights of that place do business. Messrs. Gieske and Plagge were each called upon for a speech, and responded with some very appropriate remarks, which were well received.

The 10th annual state convention of supervisors, county commissioners, and county clerks, was held at Ottawa, Ill., February 16, 17 and 18. There were about 300 delegates in attendance. Lake county was represented by County Clerk A. L. Hendee, Supervisors Easton of Deerfield, Neville of Grayslake, and Lamey of Barrington.

P. J. Maiman of Wauconda, Ill., general agent for the Cooper Baking Powder Co. of Waukegan, Ill., will be in Barrington the first of next week with that well known brand of baking powder which is without doubt the finest, purest and most wholesome ever produced and will be pleased to show it, or have any chemist, who may choose to do so, analyze it. Furthermore, he offers a reward of \$100 to anyone who will find any alum, lime or ammonia in its composition.

The Plattdeutsche Gilde will hold a meeting at Sott's hall tomorrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a lodge of that order in Barrington. Everybody is cordially invited to attend this meeting.

I will be at the office of J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington, on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week, commencing with Saturday, Feb. 6th, 1897, to collect taxes for the Town of Cuba. ROBERT FRICK, Collector.

The students of the high school room of the Barrington Public Schools will give an entertainment next Monday afternoon, the occasion being Washington's birthday. A debate is on the program, and the way the combatants are preparing themselves it promises to be an extraordinary affair.

About thirty young friends of Master Willie, the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Wagner, gave him a pleasant surprise party Thursday evening. Social games of various kinds were indulged in and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all. Delicate and substantial refreshments were served, to which ample justice was done. Willie is very popular among his young comrades.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Barrington, February 19th:—John Arndt, Geo. Helm, John Healy, O. M. Huggins, Lizzie Kellerman, J. D. Lindstrom, E. W. Pike, John Plote, Frank Palmer, and F. T. Spaulding. M. B. McIntosh, P. M.

The Milk Shippers' Protective association held a meeting at Dearborn Hall, Chicago Tuesday of last week. Another meeting, with permanent organization of the association for its object, will be held at the Briggs House club rooms at 10 a. m. on Monday, March 1st. It is proposed to have every milk platform on the different lines entering Chicago represented by one delegate.

H. A. Drewes will organize a mandolin class next week. All those desiring to learn how to play on this sweet-toned instrument should take the earliest opportunity of informing Mr. Drewes. He will follow teaching music as a profession, and will give private lessons on the mandolin, guitar, cornet and banjo. For further particulars call at the Columbia hotel office.

Married, at the home of Presiding Elder Busse, at Chicago, Thursday, Mr. William Schnitlage to Miss Minnie Schwemm. The bride is a sister of Messrs. John and Herman Schwemm, Barrington's hustling farm implement dealers and livery men, and also of Mr. Fred Schwemm, and is quite popular with Barrington's young people. The groom follows the profession of painting, and is one of the best-known young men in our town. THE REVIEW wishes this new couple all the success to be desired.

An unusual good treat is in store for our citizens. On March 12th will occur the annual piano and violin recitals given by Prof. J. I. Sears and class. The entertainment will be of an unusual high character, and the Professor has decided to make it a public function, no admission being charged, and everybody to be invited. The recital by the junior class will be given at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, while the advanced class will hold forth in the evening. In our next issue we will publish further particulars.

On Saturday while Miss Ethel Harrower was handling a revolver belonging to her father the weapon was accidentally discharged, narrowly missing hitting her mother. It was one of those "didn't know it was loaded" kind of accidents, and should prove a lesson to all persons to refrain from handling revolvers, or leave them lying around where children can reach them. Better take a warning. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

Bower City Division No. 113, Order of Railway Conductors gave their annual ball at the armory, Janesville, Wis., Thursday evening, February 11. Conductors Thos. Dolan and P. Davie of this place were on the reception committee. Among others known here there were present: Mr. and Mrs. Graybill of this place, and Conductors T. J. Crowley, J. F. McCaffrey, J. W. Hodgins, F. J. Giles, Geo. Hodgins, J. P. Sughrau, J. Robling, L. M. Thomas, M. O'Brien, C. F. Ring, J. F. Nightengale, J. H. Leahy, E. J. Carr, and W. A. Coss; Superintendent W. D. Cantillon of Milwaukee, and I. Rosenblatt of Beloit, Wis.

P. H. Miller is on the sick list.

Rev. E. Rahn was a Plum Grove visitor yesterday.

Miss Genevieve Kitson of Chicago is visiting here this week.

Rev. and Mrs. E. Rahn visited at Palatine Wednesday.

A little son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kuhfahl.

Gustav Blum is now news agent on the second Barrington train.

Charles Hacker, who broke his leg a few weeks ago, is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. Mertens, who has been suffering from an attack of Bright's disease, is improving.

W. R. C. No. 85 of this village will give an entertainment in the M. E. church, Thursday evening, March 11, at which the Rev. Dr. Harding, late colonel of the 38th Ind. Infantry, will deliver his famous lecture on "Army Reminiscences," or "The Shady Side of Army Life During the Late War." There will also be given a varied and interesting program by local and imported talent, after which an elegant supper will be served in the parlors of the church, which alone, will be worth more than the price of admission. Remember the date, and do not fail to attend, as the object is a worthy one. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord."

One of the most pleasant private parties given the past season, was that given at the home of Mrs. Barbara Frick on Monday evening. A good-sized wagon conveyed the merry-makers from Barrington to the palatial home of Mrs. Frick, near Langenheim, and the time at the house was spent in a very agreeable manner. Refreshments were served. Among those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames Henry Butzow, Emil Schaefer, Dr. Clausius, Chas. Frick; Mrs. L. G. Pedersen; Misses Anna Schultz, Emilie Pawelski, Mary Krueger, Emma and Mary Spiegel; Messrs. Wm. Lock, Max Gottschalk and H. F. Koling. It was at a late hour when the guests reluctantly bade their entertaining hostess "good night."

Install New Officers.

An unusually well-rendered program was given at the February meeting of the St. Paul's church Jugendverein Sunday evening. The following was the program:

Installation of new officers. Address by Rev. E. Rahn. Dialogue—Emil Frick and Louis Gottschalk. Zither Solo—Miss Alma Fischer of Chicago. Recitation—Miss Ida Jacobs. Song—Miss Carrie Miller. Dialogue—Misses Emma Meier, Minnie Hertz, Rieke Erueger and Julius Schauer. Zither Solo—Miss Alma Fischer. Song—Miss Pauline Clausius.

Especial credit is due Miss Fischer for the excellent manner in which she entertained the large audience with her solos on the zither.

Junior League Entertains.

The entertainment and supper given by the Junior League at the M. E. church Friday evening of last week



Prize Winner at the World's Fair. A. W. MEYER & CO. Barrington, sell "White Swan" Flour.

was a success both financially and socially. About \$14 was cleared, and will be used for the cause of missions. About 150 people were present to enjoy the occasion. The following program was rendered in an unusually excellent manner:

Welcome song by League. Prayer by Rev. T. E. Ream. Recitation—Sadie Blocks. Dialogue—Nora Plagge and Mabel Wagner. Duet—Alta Powers and Ethel Kitson. Recitation—Walter Cannon. Recitation—Melinda Wiseman. Recitation—Charles Rachow. Song—League. Recitation—Leo Clute. Recitation—Irene Alberding. Recitation—Ernest Stark. Duet—Nora Plagge and Mohl Wagner. Recitation—Herman Crofts. Recitation—Ida Hutchinson. Recitation—Grace Foreman. Recitation—Iva Runyan. Recitation—Roy Wagner. Recitation—Willis Runyan. Recitation—Ella Hatje. Recitation—Lydia Sott. Recitation—Earl Barnes. Recitation—Ruth Myers. Song—Junior League.

CARY WHISPERINGS.

A. O. Hack is working as operator at Ravenswood.

Misses Mayme Boomer and Mary Tomisky are on the sick list.

Mrs. McMillan of Woodstock is visiting at the home of James Nish this week.

The North-Western railroad company is repairing the river bridge at this place.

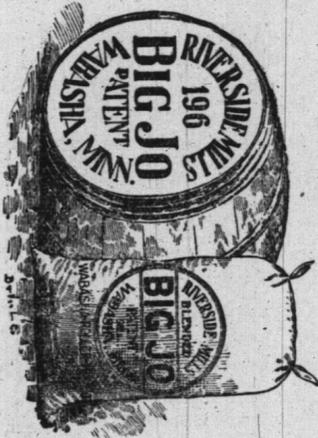
Mrs. James Nish attended the funeral of Mrs. Murphy at Ravenswood Monday.

Mrs. Fackelman of Janesville spent Tuesday and Wednesday with her mother, Mrs. Generaux.

Miss Grace Generaux, who has been working in Elgin, returned to her home here last Saturday. She departed for Berlin, Wis., Wednesday morning.

About thirty young people helped Miss Myrtle Kitz celebrate her sixteenth birthday last Friday evening. The evening was spent in playing games until about half-past ten, when an elegant lunch was served. All report a fine time.

The Best Flour



SOLD BY

Plagge & Co., Barrington, Ill.

WOMEN One month's treatment for one dollar. Sample box 25c. Try it and be convinced. USE SAPHO PARKMAN CHEMICAL CO., Box 465, Station X, CHICAGO.

For a Good Juicy Roast or Steak.....

CALL AT THE MEAT MARKET OF

GEO. M. WAGNER,

Fresh Home-made Sausages

OYSTERS and VEGETABLES in Season.

BARRINGTON, ILLS.

Highest Price Paid for Hides and Tallow