

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 11. No. 40.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, FEB. 13, 1897.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

PALATINE LOCALS.

A week from next Monday is Washington's birthday.

Al Ficke of Lake Zurich was in town Monday.

George Wilson visited friends at Waukegan Monday.

Yesterday was Lincoln's birthday anniversary.

There are rumors upon rumors of weddings soon to occur.

Editor A. G. Smith was a Barrington visitor Thursday.

Charles Bogart is in Barrington, doing some paper hanging.

Sleigh bells are ringing again, and sleighing parties are numerous.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gleske, Wednesday, February 10th, a son.

Fred Mosser is assisting Alfred Hanns in making out the tax bills.

Miss Deborah Cooper of Lake Bluff visited with her mother Sunday.

A little boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holste Sunday.

Dr. Howe of Woodstock was in town on professional business Tuesday.

Fred Wildhagen was in Barrington on business Thursday morning.

Charles and Walter Lytle were in Barrington on business Thursday.

Ray Gibbs and Will Mosser attended a clay-pigeon shoot at Arlington Heights yesterday.

Mrs. Gus Schultz and daughter, Clara, are confined to the house by illness.

Charles Smith of Waukegan was a visitor at the home of Mrs. H. Schierding Sunday.

The Ela Cornet Band has announced a masquerade ball to be given in Hartlett's hall next Friday evening.

A gentleman from Chicago was out Monday to look over the fire engine. He took a portion of it to Chicago for repairs.

Albert Mundhenke has been confined to the house with throat trouble this week.

A number of young people from Barrington attended the dance last evening.

Miss Foote, a former teacher in the public school, was a guest of Mrs. M. Reynolds Sunday.

The Athletic club gave a masquerade ball at Batterman's hall last evening and it was well attended. A full account will appear in our next issue.

We noticed that several of our people who work in the city enjoyed a day off yesterday on account of Lincoln's birthday.

Dr. Frank Olms of South Elgin visited his parents here the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Evanson arrived in town Wednesday, having returned from their southern trip.

Mrs. A. T. Ulitsch of Barrington and Mrs. Tesche of Arlington Heights visited their parents here Wednesday.

Chris. Blum was passing around the cigars Sunday morning in honor of the arrival at his home of a baby boy.

Rev. J. C. Butcher will preach tomorrow morning on "Temptation" and in the evening on "Thoughts."

The personal effects of Mrs. Sophie Sturm, deceased, will be sold at auction at 2 o'clock, this afternoon, to the highest bidder for cash.

Anyone wishing to send cast-off clothing to the poor in Chicago will please send same to the home of John W. Smith before next Wednesday.

The postmasters throughout the country will earn their wages in the next few days handling "love missives."

If you have anything to sell, tell the people through the columns of THE REVIEW; if you have a house for sale or rent let THE REVIEW readers know it.

Dr. Allard was out for the first time Wednesday morning. Will Williams was out Monday. W. R. Comfort has been under the weather all week.

St. Valentine's Day tomorrow.

The Young Ladies' Missionary society have gone right to work. They secured a box of clothing this week and have sent it to Chicago, where it will be distributed among the poor people.

Mrs. Charles Babcock, who went to Traverse City last week, on receipt of a telegram announcing the serious illness of her parents. When she arrived at her destination she found her mother dead and her father so critically ill that the physicians in attendance have given up all hope of saving the gentleman's life.

Two of our citizens are out with petitions for the postoffice. H. C. Matthei, who formerly held this position, again seeks the office. Ernest Beutler, sr., is also after the place. Each of the above gentlemen have a long list of names to their petitions and we are assured of having a good postmaster no matter which one wins.

Theodore Scheinheit and Fred M. Hackell of Chicago came out Saturday evening to spend a few days in the country, stopping at the home of Charles Wehrenberg. They came out to have a good time, leaving their wives in the city, as men are sometimes apt to do. Mr. Scheinheit is a baker by profession, and when some of the friends of Mr. Wehrenberg called on him Sunday they expressed a desire to taste some of the bread that Mr. Scheinheit makes, and in order to gratify them the gentleman was induced to bake a few loaves, but the range oven was too much for him. Soon after Mr. Hackell had partaken of some of Mr. Scheinheit's bread he became ill, and it required the efforts of a physician to bring him around right side up. Mr. Scheinheit became exasperated at the "guying" he received over his bread, and finally made a bet with Mr. Hackell, who is a tonsorial artist, that he couldn't handle a razor in the country. Mr. Hackell, who is noted in the city for his skilled work, accepted the challenge, and they came to town Tuesday and went into Kuebler's shop. William Garms consented to let Mr. Hackell shave him, and the crowd stood around and watched the process. Mr. Hackell is not in the habit of shaving under a critic's eye, and it made him nervous to such an extent that he sliced an opening on one side of the victim's neck; but the blood soon ceased to flow, and Mr. Hackell was "doing" the other side when the razor slid into the neck again, stopping just in time to save the victim's larynx. When Garms received this last hack he yelled the last four letters of Mr. Hackell's name, and after the wound had been dressed the spectators departed to receive "treats," leaving George to wash up the blood. Both claim that the country air and change of water (?) was the prime reason for the poor showing made in their work as baker and barber. The gentlemen returned home Tuesday evening after missing two trains, and they said they would come again when it was possible for them to leave their wives.

LAKE ZURICH.

Louis Seip has returned.

H. L. Prehm is very busy of late.

"Dick" Tonnie of Iowa is visiting here.

H. Niedert went to Chicago Tuesday.

H. Seip was in Chicago on business Friday.

H. Prehm went to the city on business yesterday.

The lumber has arrived for our engine house.

L. H. Ficke of Desplaines was here on a visit.

Wm. Buesching was a Palatine visitor on Tuesday.

A little baby has arrived at the home of C. Hockemeyer.

We are sorry to state that our sick people are not on the gain.

Frank Roney of Wauconda transacted business here Wednesday.

The death of Mrs. H. Swearman nee Mary Sholz, Thursday morning, caused

a wave of sorrow to float over our burg. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Casten.

Mrs. H. Hapke is on the sick list.

Mrs. E. C. Pagels returned to Irving Park Tuesday.

Charles Hertle transacted business here Wednesday.

Charles Steffens was at Fremont this week.

Spectators at the ice houses should be very careful.

A. B. Clark of Palatine was in our town Thursday.

Mrs. Mitchell and daughter were at Barrington Tuesday.

Contractor Kuckuck has the job to build the engine house.

George Meyer has the lumber on the place for his new barn.

Mrs. A. T. Bosse of Chicago visited with her mother, brother and sister this week.

Frank Barbian of McHenry registered at the Zurich house Thursday.

F. C. Kuckuck, sr., was injured at the ice houses of Harris & Foley.

Attorney McGuffen of Libertyville was a pleasant caller this week.

Mrs. J. Baade was taken to the insane asylum at Elgin Wednesday.

The masquerade ball was a grand success socially and financially.

TO MY FRIENDS—Call on "Billy" for a shave and hair cut.

AL R. FICKE.

An enormous amount of Lake Zurich's crystal ice is being harvested this winter.

The remains of Mr. Drexler were interred in Long Grove cemetery Tuesday, Rev. Stark officiating.

SPRING LAKE.

C. Crawford is on the sick list.

Joseph Dvorak was an Algonquin visitor Wednesday.

Thomas Gibson is slowly recovering from a severe attack of quinsy.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Golderman were callers at the home of Chas. Albright Sunday afternoon.

Miss Annie Haeger of Algonquin spent a part of last week with friends in this vicinity.

Milk Inspector Ketchum of the Algonquin factory was a caller on the farmers in this vicinity Monday.

Rumor has it that the Miller's Grove factory will in all probability be started soon.

Chas. Albright held the lucky number that drew the horse at the raffle at Mr. Zimmerman's the other night.

Joseph Dvorak left Thursday morning for Chicago, where he will take the civil service examination for a clerkship in the post-office. Joe's many friends are sorry to lose him but wish him success in his chosen profession.

Last Friday night about forty friends and neighbors of Mr. Silas Jayne, forcibly took possession of his home and reminded him that it was his natal day. After presenting Mr. Jaynes with an elegant easy chair, the company amused themselves by playing progressive euchre until called to the dining room where a sumptuous repast was served. After the good things had been disposed of, all adjourned to the sitting room where various games were played until the clock warned them that it was time to go home. Among those present were: Messrs and Mesdames Chas. Albright, Chas. Jayne, J. C. Bratzler, Fred Estergreen, Wm. Gibson and Wm. Jayne; Misses Annie Haeger, Louisa and Sophia Dericks, Minnie Wenholtz, Emily Estergreen, Sarah Gibson, Hattie Mitchell and C. Monroe; Messrs. Chas. Pahlum, Frank Meier, J. Dvorak, Harry Robinson, and C. Peebles.

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Stylish fitting shoes that are easy and comfortable on the feet—shoes that possess the very best wearing qualities—you will find here in any size or last you may wish, besides you save from 50 cents to a dollar, and often times more, on every pair of shoes that you may purchase them at our store.

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We have a very large stock of Misses' and Children's Shoes. It makes no difference whether you want a fine dressy shoe or a strong school shoe, we have them, and our prices are way below those of other dealers.

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We sell the W. L. Douglas' Men's Shoes. For style, fit and wearing qualities they have the very best reputation, and have no equal. They are sold at \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 a pair.

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Those that wear Snag Proof Rubber Boots once will buy no others. Why? Because they find them the cheapest—outwearing two pairs of other kinds. Beware of imitations. Other dealers will offer you rubber boots saying that they are just as good or like those A. W. Meyer & Co. are selling, but don't be deceived. You can only buy the genuine article—Snag Proof Rubber Boots—from us, we being the sole agents for Barrington and surrounding territory for these goods.

Rubbers

The cheapest place to buy your rubbers and overshoes is at

The Busy Big Store.

A. W. MEYER & CO., - - Barrington.

BARRINGTON CENTER.

A. H. Boehmer paid a dividend of 78 cents per 100 pounds of milk for January.

Will Pettis of Iowa was called here by the death of his mother.

Miss Louise Lane, formerly of this place, is very ill with pneumonia at her home in Elgin. Her friends from the Center visited her this week.

McCredie's creamery at this place will again be started in the near future, the ice house having been filled. The necessary repairs are now being made. Our dairymen are all pleased. GRANGER.

All parties wishing to cut ice on Honey lake will be charged 10 cents a load. W. H. SANDMAN, RAY KIMBERLY.

Business Notices.

FOR SALE—House and lot in Main street owned by Mrs. Luella Austin. For particulars, call at this office.

J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington, are headquarters for painters' and masons' materials. If you need anything in that line give them a call.

FOR SALE OR RENT—House owned by Mrs. Crabtree in Main St. Call at this office for particulars.

HENRY BUTZOW, BAKERY

—AND— CONFECTIONERY. Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

Barrington, - Ill.

WE WANT NEWS

If you have a party, have visitors, go visiting, know of anyone sick, etc, inform

The Review

BARRINGTON, ILL.

If you want to sell or buy real estate, want a hired girl or man, advertise in The Review.

We do All kinds of Job Printing promptly and at the lowest price.

PETERS & COLLEN

AUCTIONEERS

DEALERS IN

Choice Milch Cows

LIVE STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD

BARRINGTON, - ILL.

Place your Fire Insurance

—WITH— Miles Lamey, Barrington.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Amos Decker, the 18-year-old slayer of George Miles, is on trial for murder at Findlay, O.

Henry Dursham, a farmer living near Iowa Falls, Iowa, was assaulted and robbed by unknown men.

William H. Laird, a lumberman of Winona, Minn., has presented the city with a library and site, to cost \$50,000.

At Crown Point, Ind., a \$2,500,000 mortgage from the Chicago, Hammond & Western Railroad Company to E. E. Francis, trustee, has been filed.

Harry Trevert, clerk and treasurer of Clay County, Indiana, who recently tendered his resignation, has been found \$500 short in his accounts.

Monroe Johnson, the notorious burglar, was hanged at Charlotte, N. C.

The Catholic Order of Foresters met in national convention at Columbus, Ohio.

The Westerly, R. I., Woolen Company has started its mill after an eighteen months' shut-down.

Arthur W. Palmer, who killed his mother, brother and sister recently, was arraigned at White Plains, N. Y.

James Moseley, a negro, shot and fatally wounded his wife at New London, Mo. He attempted to escape, but was caught.

The mountaineers in Polk county, Arkansas, will drive out the Italian laborers imported to work on the Pittsburg and Gulf railway.

The two men arrested on the charge of murdering Charles L. Webster, of Fort Wayne, Ind., at New York, have been discharged.

The Wabash has announced a rate of 50 cents per 100 pounds on wool in car loads from East St. Louis to Boston, minimum weight, 20,000 pounds. The rate heretofore has been 87 1/2 cents, minimum weight, 10,000 pounds.

The court has ordered the receiver of the Ohio Southern Railroad to issue certificates for the payment of \$32,551.95 due employes for three months prior to the road going into the hands of a receiver, \$43,281.95 for locomotives purchased by the receivers and \$26,181.97 for fuel.

The riots at Hamburg resulting from the disappointment due to the recent collapse of the dockers strike were renewed Monday. The police finally charged with drawn swords on the crowd in the vicinity of the Schear market and several persons were injured.

Germany has declined the sultan's request to send officers and financiers to reorganize the country, as being inopportune. France and Belgium, the dispatch adds, have also declined.

There will be no court balls at St. Petersburg this winter, owing to the health of the czarina, which, although not causing anxiety, is such that she requires rest.

An ordinance introduced by Sherlock Swann in the Baltimore council which prohibits the wearing of bonnets by ladies in theaters, passed the first branch of the city council this afternoon.

A meeting of remonstrators against the proposed dredging of the Salamonia river was held at Pennville, Ind. About 2,000 persons were present. The work is estimated to cost from \$75,000 to \$200,000, and is being vigorously fought by those who will have to pay the taxes.

Mrs. William I. Fee, the aged wife of the Rev. Mr. Fee, a well-known former minister of Springfield, Ohio, fell dead in the pulpit while speaking at a revival at Felicity. Mr. and Mrs. Fee celebrated their golden wedding three months ago.

The firm of Perkins & Perkins, composed of Lester and Charles G. Perkins, proprietors of the Des Moines Fuel and Lime company, made a voluntary assignment on Saturday night. No schedule of assets or liabilities was filed, but the assets are said by the firm to be worth \$90,000, and the liabilities are about \$30,000.

Boss Parker, aged 21, shot and killed his father, Anderson Parker, aged 50, in the northwestern part of Mount Vernon county, Ky. Boss Parker was also shot twice by his father, once in the head and once in the leg. He will probably die. It is said both were intoxicated. The son was the only child.

A dispatch to the London Daily News from Brussels says that, despite repeated denials, there is reason to believe the report that the king's eldest daughter, the wife of Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg, has eloped with an Austrian officer is true.

Andrade Manro is in custody at New York, accused of having with two others stolen a package of diamonds from George E. Gall, a jeweler of New Orleans.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Union Fire Insurance Company of Indianapolis, Ind., is now in the hands of Receiver Henry L. Smith. He reports \$14 assets, with liabilities of \$13,000.

Cities all over the republic of Mexico celebrated the anniversary of the adoption of the constitution of 1857.

Chief Engineer William S. Smith, U. S. N., died suddenly at Philadelphia. Albert Merritt Billings, founder of the People's Gas Light and Coke Company, Home National Bank and the Home Savings Bank, whose wealth is estimated at \$20,000,000, died at Chicago Sunday.

A revival of industry is beginning in the Monongahela valley, which, it is expected, will result soon in placing every manufacturing plant in full operation. The Homestead Steel Works of the Carnegie Company started up full in all departments, giving employment to 4,000.

The big battleship Indiana, the crack vessel of the American navy, was unable to proceed to Charleston, with the North Atlantic squadron, owing to an accident on board.

The house committee on the library has reported favorably a bill appropriating \$50,000 to erect a statue to commemorate the services of Peter Charles L'Enfant, the engineer who laid out the city of Washington.

Cleveland capitalists have discovered along Swan creek, in Branch county, what are said to be the finest deposits of marl in the United States. Large cement works will be erected at Bronson.

The Valparaiso, Ind., council passed an anti-cigarette law, but the boys kept on smoking. After an inquiry it came out that the cigarettes were brought to the city by the Fort Wayne railway newsboys. There is no help for it.

The Onega, British steamer, outward bound from Hull, England, has signaled Cape Carvoeiro that the British steamer City of Agra, outward bound from Glasgow, has been lost. The captain of the Agra is on board the Onega.

The condition of Senator Harris is more satisfactory, he being comparatively comfortable. The patient also takes more nourishment than usual. While still very ill, the physicians believe the worst has passed.

Secretary Olney has received from President Elliot of Harvard University an invitation to fill the chair of international law at that institution after the expiration of his term of office in the State Department. The Secretary has taken the offer under consideration.

Colonel Robert A. E. Crofton, Fifteenth infantry, has been arbitrarily relieved by order of the president.

Senor Arriaga, the Guatemalan minister, has received a cablegram from his home government announcing that there is no revolution or insurrection in Guatemala, and that perfect peace prevails throughout the whole country.

The United States and Hayti Telegraph and Cable company, incorporated, with a capital stock of \$1,800,000, have certified to the secretary of state that one-half of its capital stock has been paid in.

The cotton mills of the Blackstone valley, in Rhode Island, which include the immense manufacturing estates of the Chacés and Goddards, will not enter into any agreement to curtail production for the present at least.

John Lane of Grand Rapids, Mich., in consideration of \$25, has under written agreement, sold and released his wife to James H. Hurst. All concerned are to-day celebrating the event.

Chairman W. R. Sheiby of the Michigan gold democratic committee, has issued the formal call for the state convention, to be held in this city Feb. 24, the day after the Republican convention, in Detroit. Henry Watterson has not yet been heard from, but it is hoped he will be able to come.

Harry Woods, aged 13, was declared insane by a lunacy commission at Vincennes, Ind. He became an inveterate smoker of cigarettes, and as a result, will be sent to the insane asylum.

T. Oliver Hamsher, contractor and builder, was killed by being thrown from a buggy at Monmouth, Ill.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

Table with market reports for Chicago, Detroit, Toledo, Peoria, and Milwaukee, listing various commodities and their prices.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS AT WASHINGTON.

Nicaragua Canal Bill Exhaustively Discussed During the Week—Measure to Restrict Immigration Returned to the Committee—The Liquor Question.

Wednesday, Feb. 3.

After a brief parliamentary struggle in the senate the friends of the Nicaragua canal bill were unable to hold a quorum and sit out the obstruction to that measure. Mr. Vilas (Dem., Wis.) had continued his speech in opposition, it being his third successive day. Mr. Thurston declared during the debate on Pacific railroads that the right of the attorney-general to appear in any foreclosure suit was absolutely unquestionable, irrespective of any legislation on the subject.

Thursday, Jan. 4.

The proceedings in the house were public interest. The major portion of the day was devoted to the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

In the senate Mr. Morrill endeavored to pass the bill prohibiting the use of intoxicants in the capitol building. This aroused the opposition of Mr. Hill (N. Y.), who made a fiery speech against the measure. The immigration bill was recommitted to conference, Mr. Lodge, in charge of the measure, adopting this course as a result of urgent appeals for a modification of the bill. Mr. Vilas added another day to his speech against the Nicaragua canal, and had not concluded when the senate adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 5.

Senator McMillan introduced, by request, in the senate, a bill declaring "The Star Spangled Banner" to be the national song of the United States.

The Portuguese ministry has resigned, and it is understood that Senor Luciano de Castro will be entrusted with the task of reforming the cabinet.

The Tennessee senate defeated the gold contract bill passed by the house. The bill failed to receive a constitutional majority, the vote being 16 to 13.

The noted confederate general, Joseph Shelby, who is United States marshal for the western district of Missouri, is very critically ill at his farm near Adrian, Mo.

Major T. S. Clarkson, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., is on an official trip to the eastern departments.

WHERE ILLITERATE IMMIGRANTS COME FROM.

Percentages of illiteracy among immigrants from those nations of Europe which sent upward of 2,000 immigrants to the United States during the fiscal year 1895-96.

COMING FROM NORTH-WESTERN EUROPE.



Table listing countries and their percentages of illiteracy among immigrants from North-Western Europe.

FROM EASTERN AND SOUTHERN EUROPE.

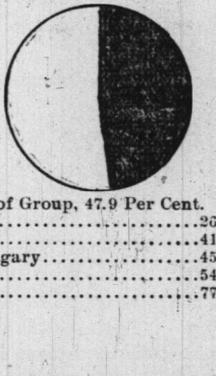


Table listing countries and their percentages of illiteracy among immigrants from Eastern and Southern Europe.

RIOTS AT HAMBURG.

Knives and Revolvers Freely Used and Many Arrests Made.

Serious riots have followed the recent collapse of the dockers' strike at Hamburg, Germany, the workmen, incensed at the failure of their cause, attacking the laborers as they emerged from the docks Saturday evening at Altona and St. Pauli. Knives and revolvers were freely used. A number of persons have been injured, including several onlookers. Nearly 100 arrests have been made by the authorities. It was 2 o'clock Sunday morning before the large forces of mounted police succeeded in clearing the streets and quieting the people.

Gold Found in Calcite Rock.

Gold has been found in limestone ten miles of Custer, S. D. Assays show the ore to run from \$16 to \$175 to the ton. During the last six weeks about 200 assays have been made from ores of the limestone. In every instance gold was found from a trace to \$9 a ton. There are at least 2,000 square miles of limestone exposed in the Black Hills.

Four Men Killed in a Wreck.

Conductor Randolph Addington and Baggage-man Frank L. Hosac, both of Huron, S. D., were killed in a wreck on the Chicago & Northwestern road near Arlington. Two others, W. L. Harrison of Arlington and John Lofaus of Desmet also were killed.

Richard R. Kenny, the silver Democrat from Delaware, was sworn in in the senate, his credentials being regular and signed by the governor. No objection was made, though Senator Chandler stated his belief that H. A. Dupont had been legally elected, adding however, that Mr. Kenny could be seated and the matter brought before the senate hereafter.

Monday, Feb. 8.

The house devoted the whole day to District of Columbia business, and two bills of more or less local importance were passed. The conference report on the immigration bill was presented, and notice given that it would be called up Tuesday.

The Anglo-American arbitration treaty was under consideration by the senate in executive session. Senator Morgan urged the prompt ratification of the treaty, with the amendments proposed, and Senators Morgan and Daniel opposed it.

Burn to Death in the House.

Seeley Wakeley's house in Grovetown, near Grayling, Mich., was destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon, and his two children, aged 2 and 4 years, were burned to death. The father was at work in the woods, and the mother was visiting relatives near by.

Mr. Bryan Reaches Home.

W. J. Bryan returned Monday from his recent trip to Texas and other southern states. The legislature of four western states have invited him to address them, but he has not yet determined to accept. He says he does not know how long he will remain home.

Long Accepts Navy Portfolio.

Ex-Gov. Long of Massachusetts has been formally tendered and has accepted the Navy portfolio. The acceptance came a few hours after the tender and the tender was made, it is said, within the last twenty-four hours.

Horizontal Cut of Wages.

The Metropolitan Iron and Land company, operating the Norrie, East Norrie and Pabst mines in Michigan, and employing at present about 700 men, has cut the wages of all employes 10 per cent.

Wants Debts Paid in Coin.

The Washington senate has passed a bill providing that all indebtedness shall be paid in either gold or silver money.

ATTRACTIONS OF COURTSHIP.

A Man Is Never So Interesting as When He's Courting.

There was a cynical fellow in the middle ages who, under the sarcastic title "The Fifteen Joys of Marriage," wrote an elaborate description of fifteen woes, which were likely, one or all, to distress the foolish man who had slipped like a fish into the great net of matrimony, says Lippincott's. It is not probable, however, that his little treatise turned a single man from the error of his way. How should it have, when the great weight and authority of Mr. Punch have not been able in these days to make any appreciable difference in the issue of marriage licenses. Yet the genial philosopher's advice, which is an everlasting shame to Mrs. Judy, was perfectly decided. The truth is, men will not take advice which they do not want, no matter who offers it. They know that all the world loves them when they are lovers, and so the vain creatures will go a-wooing. All the pretty business of kneeling and sighing is becoming; when a man is courting he is more interesting than he has ever been or ever will be again. Whether it be Jockey who dons his Sunday coat to propitiate his goddess of the hay field, or the fine gentleman who swears at his valet for a speck of dust when dressing for a certain important interview, he is worthy of notice; and even the frog, when he will a-wooing go, becomes a hero fit for poetry. The uneasy period of courtship tries the souls of men and shows what stuff they are made of, and therefore the manners of men of the fifteenth century when marrying or trying to marry indicate very fairly the refinement of society at that time.

A Modern Way to Stop a Cough

As Tried by a Prominent Iowa Minister. In a recent letter he says: "Many winters have I coughed all winter long. Twice have I been compelled to rest from my ministerial duties, for a period of several years. When I took cold in winter the coughing would be intense. Last fall I took cold about the 15th of October, and was sick with it for about a week and began what I supposed was a winter of coughing. My wife called my attention to Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, and after much persuasion on her part, and a free expression (of a not flattering character) about patent medicines, on my part, I concluded to try the Lung Balm. I felt at once that it touched a place in my malady that nothing else had ever done. I began to improve. I used about 3 boxes and can now preach without coughing. I keep it by me and if I take cold I use it. If I have a bronchial irritation after preaching I take Dr. Kay's Lung Balm. I can cheerfully say that the Lung Balm prepared by The Dr. E. J. Kay Medical Co. of Omaha, Neb., has been a great help to me. It has no bad effect upon the stomach. Respectfully yours, J. D. De Tar, Pastor M. E. Church, Spring Hill, Iowa, Des Moines Conference."

Gets All the Gold.

A process of extracting gold by which every particle of the metal in the ore is recovered is stated to be in successful operation in West Australia. It is called the ore atomic process. Gold quartz is crushed into small lumps and is then put into a closed chamber subject to the heat of a furnace, to the action of water, and of hydrogen gas. This eliminates sulphur and reduces all oxides to the metallic state. After being heated the material is suddenly cooled by jets of water; an operation repeated several times till the quartz crumbles to powder at the touch of the finger. It is then thrown into a tank and the gold is separated by washing.

Danger Lessening at Sea.

Recent statistics prove that the danger of navigation has been lessened considerably since the general introduction of steamers in place of sailing vessels. Of 50,095 sailors employed on sailing vessels, 928 were drowned during 1895, or 1 in 60. During the same period only 647 men out of 162,169 employed on steamships lost their lives by drowning, which is but 1 in 241, or just about one-fourth of the fatalities on sailing vessels.—Navigation Journal.

A Rare Occurrence.

He had a fit. He did not lie upon the sidewalk and froth at the mouth, but his friends felt inclined to do so, they were so surprised. His English clothes really fitted him.—New York Tribune.

Much More.

She—How do you account for the fact that a woman learns typewriting so much easier than a man? He—Oh, she has so much more in prospect.—Indianapolis Journal.

An Achievement.

Fillister—You've read the "Seats of the Mighty"? Bangs—Yes, and sat in one once when I got into our cook's chair by mistake.—Philadelphia North American.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A Fair Beginning.

"I can't begin to tell you all the bad things she said about you." "You've got a good start already."—Philadelphia North American.

POPE HAS ANOTHER ATTACK.

Said to Have Been Discovered Unconscious.

Despite the statement of Dr. Laponis to the contrary, the London Daily News correspondent in Rome is informed that the pope was on Friday found lying on the back of a chair. He was unconscious when discovered, and was only restored to consciousness by inhaling ether.

Says Harry St. John Is Alive.

William Canty of Springfield, Ill., is authority for the statement that Harry St. John of Oklahoma City, O. T., is still alive. St. John was the son of ex-Gov. John P. St. John of Kansas, who was reported to have died in Oklahoma City about three months ago, while under indictment for the alleged murder of his wife.

Rawlins Elected in Utah.

J. L. Rawlins has been elected United States senator on the following vote: Rawlins, 32; Thacher, 29; Henderson, 1; Brown, 1. The senator-elect has always been an advocate of the independent free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the opponent of the protection principle.

Gowdy Will Go to Paris.

State Chairman John K. Gowdy of Indiana has authorized the announcement that he has been offered the place of consul-general to Paris. He has accepted.

THE GREAT VENEZUELAN ARBITRATION VICTORY.

The four men who will arbitrate the Venezuelan question are all eminent jurists. Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme court will represent the American side of the controversy, and Great Britain's interests will be looked after by Lord Farrer Herschell and Sir Richard Henn Collins, both members of the Supreme court of judicature in England. Lord Herschell is one of the judges of the court of appeal, a branch of the Supreme court of judicature, and is the first lord of his name. He is just 60 years old, and is the son of a clergyman. Herschell passed through University College in London and the university of Bonn, and was called to the bar in 1860. In 1872 he became a queen's counsel and a bencher of Lincoln's Inn. He was appointed recorder of Carlisle in 1873, and he was elected to parliament by the liberals to represent Durham City. In 1880 Mr. Gladstone made him solicitor general, and he was knighted in the same year. In 1886 he was raised to the peerage, and at the same time became lord high chancellor. He was again made chancellor by Gladstone in 1892, and held the position until 1895, when he resigned to accept his present position on the supreme bench. He is an able judge, highly cultured, and just the man to arbitrate an international question. He has the degree of doctor of laws from Harvard and many other degrees from various universities. The other arbiter selected by England, Sir Richard Henn Collins, is a member of the queen's bench division of the supreme court and is also a member of the railway and canal commission, which is likewise a department of England's high court. Sir Richard was made a judge and a knight but recently, yet he has been one of the big guns of the law courts in Fleet street for many years. He is 55 years old, and was educated at Trinity college, Dublin, and Downing college, Cambridge, where he was graduated with high honors in the classics and the sciences. He began law practice in 1867, and was created queen's counsel in 1883. In both branches of the English law, junior and queen's counsel, he enjoyed a large practice. He has long been known as a sound and careful lawyer, and since his elevation to the bench, in 1891, he has proved himself a most cap-

able and discriminating judge. Like his associate on the arbitration board, Sir Richard won his way from the bottom round of the ladder, and owes his present lofty position to pure merit, unmixed of political influence. No less interesting, though more familiar, are the stories of the rise of the two jurists who will represent America on the arbitration board. Chief Justice Fuller is as high up as he can get in the American judiciary. From the position of a humble lawyer in Augusta, Me., he rose steadily in his profession, and continued to rise after his removal to Chicago in 1856. He was one of the profoundest jurists in the United States when President Cleveland made him chief justice in 1888. Harvard, Northwestern and Bowdoin have honored him with their degrees. Justice Brewer was appointed to the supreme bench in 1889 by President Harrison. For many years he had been a supreme judge of Kansas, and his decisions were noted for their fairness and wisdom. In 1884 he became a federal judge, and was advanced to the supreme court of the United States. The court will proceed to business at an early date. What if it should decide that England's contention in Venezuela must be satisfied? The Monroe doctrine would thereby be indirectly plac-

ed at naught, and the new difference that would arise, would go before the general arbitration treaty—if the United States senate ratifies the Pauncefote-Olney agreement. It is likely, however, that there will be no ratification. With no other treaty or alliance in the way, the Venezuelan dispute can be settled in a manner satisfactory to the defenders of the Monroe doctrine. It will be remembered that at first England refused to submit the dispute to arbitration. She would have maintained her position had it not been for President Cleveland's special and warlike message to congress. The message soon brought England to time. Had it not been for our threat to fight England would have gobbled up the disputed territory long ago. If in future, disputes in which other great questions are involved, a threat to fight it out on our part should be choked off by the existence of a permanent board of arbitration, our dignity as the leading nation would be subjected to many severe jolts.

FEUD MAY DRAW BLOOD.

Deadly Affair in Oklahoma—Whole Country Stirred Up.

Guthrie, O. T., Telegram: W. E. Lurton, E. Lurten and Charles Moore were surrounded near Stroud, sixty miles east of here, by George Graham, his three sons and four other men Thursday and taken bodily into the Creek county. A feud of long standing has existed between the men, and the abduction was doubtless made with the intention of murdering the Lurtens and Moore in revenge for depredations committed against the captors. The citizens of Chandler, in the Sac and Fox agency, have organized a posse and gone in pursuit.

Full particulars from Lincoln county show that the outlaws who terrorized the Sac and Fox agency did depredations at the town of Stroud, fifteen miles northeast of Chandler, a few hours before. The reports brought in by deputy marshals to the effect that Gen. Thomas, agent at the Sac and Fox agency, was shot, and that three men had been killed, were incorrect. On Monday the Griffiths gang, composed of six members, gathered at the town of Stroud and terrorized the citizens. They ordered everybody inside the

ICE GORGE BREAKS UP.

MUCH DAMAGE REPORTED AT LOUISVILLE, KY.

New Orleans and Memphis Packets Caught—Both the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers Are Full of Floating Ice—Coal to Be Moved.

Louisville, Ky., Special: An ice gorge fifteen feet high and twenty miles long, which has been forming for several days, gave way Sunday afternoon. Several New Orleans and Memphis packets have been caught in the ice and compelled to lie up. If these have not succeeded in finding refuge in tributaries the loss may be large. A telephone message from the scene states that the Buckeye State ran into Blue river to escape the ice. The water in Blue river quickly rose with the passing of the gorge and quickly receded, leaving the steamer stranded on the shore. Her pilot-house and smokestacks were demolished and it is now thought she will be a total loss. Her value is \$40,000.

PENNSYLVANIA RIVERS RISING.

Good Boating Stages Now Assured in the Allegheny and Monongahela.

Pittsburg, Pa., Special: Both the Allegheny and the Monongahela rivers are full of floating ice and are rising rapidly, but a dangerous flood is not apprehended. A good boating stage of water is assured, however, and between seven and ten million bushels of coal will be shipped to southern points at once. Several tows were made up and started, but had to lay up because of the ice. The Monongahela above Brownsville and the Allegheny above Kittanning are still frozen over, and as the weather is getting colder they will probably not break up at this time.

WEYLER'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Horse Shot Under the Spanish General by a Cuban Sharpshooter.

New York, Special: A Key West special to the World says: "As General Weyler was marching with his columns just before entering Santa Clara his horse was shot under him by a Cuban sharpshooter. It is supposed the shot came from a distant hillside. Throughout the march from Rodas the captain-general was assailed by missiles of this kind, and several times barely escaped being wounded. He is greatly worried over it, and large scouting parties precede the advance of the Spanish columns to capture the daring marauders. A Spanish force of 5,000 was ambushed Wednesday night near Nazar-

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE

REPORTED BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

February 2.

After the postponement until next Tuesday of consideration of Mr. Revell's bill repealing the libel law, bills were introduced as follows: By Mr. Bryan—Providing for the support of paupers by townships; also a bill providing that banks shall secure their deposits with a bond double the amount of deposits on hand at one time, to be deposited with the secretary of state, the names of bondsmen and the amount of bond to be conspicuously displayed in the bank and published semi-annually in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the bank is located, and providing that, pending the approval of the bond, banks must conspicuously display on the front door and over the receiving teller's window the words: "Depositors are not secured." By Mr. Hall of Cook—To require trust companies to keep on deposit with the state auditor a sum, in the form of approved securities, in excess of the amount of trust funds deposited with such companies. The law at present requires a deposit of \$200,000, as security in all cases. This bill provides that when the trust funds deposited with any such company reach \$200,000 an additional security deposit of \$200,000 in approved securities shall be made with the auditor, the process to be repeated as the deposits of trust funds increase. By Mr. Kohlstedt—To prohibit the coloring yellow of any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter and cheese. By Mr. Nohe—Requiring railroads chartered in other states and doing business in Illinois to procure an annual license from the railroad and warehouse commission.

In the senate the following bills were introduced: By Mr. Putnam—For the erection of workhouse beyond the limits of cities, with power to exercise police control over such places; also a bill to regulate the fees of city collectors; also a bill providing that conservators of the peace in villages shall have power to arrest violators of the law with or without process and confine them until their trial. The bill appropriating \$20,000 for an Illinois state building at the Nashville centennial exposition was ordered to third reading, as was the bill providing money for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the state government.

February 3.

Upon convening this morning the senate went into executive session to take action in appointments. A vote was taken on the confirmation of appointments to the board of West Chicago park commissioners announced yesterday, and resulted in 41 ayes and 1 no—Senator Curley voting no. Mr. Curley said he voted no because he did not approve the reasons given by the governor for removing the old board. The governor had said it was incompetency, and Mr. Curley thought it had been a faithful body and performed its work well. A vote was taken on the confirmation of the appointment of railroad and warehouse commissioners, chief grain inspector, and commissioners of the Southern Illinois penitentiary, resulting in an unanimous vote for confirmation. (These appointments are published elsewhere in this paper.) A vote was taken on the confirmation of the appointment of Robert L. Campbell as justice of the peace of the town of Jefferson, South Chicago, to succeed Oscar F. Gear. The vote resulted in 44 ayes and no noes. The senate then went into regular session. The following bills, among others, were introduced: The bill introduced by Senator Chapman Jan. 25 providing for an appropriation of \$47,000 for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the state government now unprovided for was read the third time and passed by a vote of 41 ayes and no noes. The bill introduced by Senator Bogardus Jan. 27 for the appropriation of \$20,000 for participation in the Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition was read the third time and passed. A message was received from the house, asking the concurrence of the senate in the passage of a bill for the appointment of five citizens, residents of the state, who shall act as trustees of the Eastern Illinois state normal school, two to serve two years and three to serve four years. On motion of Senator Pemberton the bill was ordered to second reading. The house passed by a vote of 114 yeas to 8 nays Mr. Craig's bill authorizing the governor to appoint a resident trustee of the Eastern Illinois state normal school at Charleston. The bill contains an emergency clause. Mr. Shelby moved that the use of the Representative's hall be granted to the Equal Suffrage club for next Monday evening. The motion was carried, though a chorus of "noes" went up from the democratic side. A half-dozen members presented petitions demanding equal suffrage. The following bills, among others, were introduced: By Mr. Boyd—Amending the garnishment law by providing that the wages of a defendant who is the head of a family and residing with the same to an amount not exceeding \$50 shall be exempt from garnishment, but that

in all cases where the claim or demand was incurred for family expenses no more than 75 per cent of such wages and services shall be exempt. This bill was prepared by the State Grocers' association. Mr. Barnett (Dem.) offered the following resolution, preceded by a long preamble: "Resolved, That we urge our representatives in congress in both branches of the national legislature to use all honorable means to secure the passage of an income tax that may in all ways conform to the constitution of the United States and render adequate revenue to supply the expenses of the government economically administered." Mr. Allen of Vermillion moved that the resolution be referred to the committee on judiciary. There was a shout of objections from the democratic side of the house, but the motion was put and carried. The house adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

February 4.

Among the bills introduced in the House were the following:

By Mr. Compton—To prohibit the taking of notes, bonds, contracts, or other obligations in writing payable in money, in any other than "lawful money of the United States." Also a bill to make 5 per cent the maximum legal rate of interest in all cases. By Mr. Mitchell—To declare express companies common carriers and to empower of railroad and warehouse commissioners to fix the charges of such companies. By Mr. Nohe—To require electric wires to be placed underground. Also a bill providing that banks shall give bonds in a sum equal to three times the average deposits. By Mr. O'Donnell—To provide for the assessment and taxation of mortgages. By Mr. Revell—To regulate the price of illuminating and fuel gas. By Mr. Salmons—Providing that in a suit for damages for an injury resulting from an accident in a coal mine the fact that a mine manager employed in such mine does not hold a certificate of qualification as required by law shall be only prima facie evidence of negligence on the part of the person or corporation owning or operating such mine, and not conclusive evidence of negligence under the present law. Also a bill providing that where more than the legal rate of interest is charged the principal as well as all interest shall be forfeited.

Many bills were introduced in the Senate, a number of which follow:

By Senator Granger—For a new judicial apportionment of the state, making sixteen judicial circuits instead of thirteen. The reapportionment changes several of the circuits so as to facilitate the holding of terms in the several districts.

By Senator Pemberton—To provide for the establishment of a banking department in the state, which shall be under control of a "superintendent of the banking department," at a salary of \$4,000 per year. In this department is to be kept the moneys now held by the auditor of state.

February 5.

The house met an hour earlier than usual. Immediately after the reading of the journal Speaker Curtis announced the standing committees of the house.

During a brief session the following bills were introduced in the senate: By Senator Fitzpatrick—To incorporate companies to do life insurance; to grant or dispose of annuities, to do endowment and tontine business and every insurance pertaining to the insurance of lives upon the fixed premium plan. Also authorizing assessment life insurance associations to do business on this state and of other states doing business in Illinois. Another bill to incorporate life or accident insurance companies on the assessment plan and to control the companies of this and other states and foreign governments doing business in Illinois. These bills were drafted by the Underwriters' association of Chicago. By Senator Dwyer—To revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics and regulate and control asylums or hospitals for the insane and to establish and maintain a state board of commissioners of lunacy. This bill was brought down from Chicago by Nicholas Petrie, who is interested in the reforms contained in the bill and will work for its passage. By Senator Lundin—Giving power to the city council in cities of 100,000 inhabitants or more to declare department stores a nuisance and a detriment to business and providing for the abolishment of department stores. Another bill classifying the different kinds of merchandise which may be retained in a store under the foregoing act without violation thereof. By Senator Munroe—Making the larceny of bicycles a felony and punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than five years.

A resolution was offered by Senator Dunlap, which was laid over under the rules. The resolution provided for the daily printing of the senate journal for the information of the members.



Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller. Right Hon. Lord Herschell. Justice David J. Brewer. Sir Richard Henn Collins. MEMBERS OF THE ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL.

house and school closed and locked, declaring that a bloody battle would shortly take place. For two days Stroud was in a state of siege and few people ventured out. Wednesday, while Deputy Jim Furber, Henry Lurten, Everett Lurten and Charles Moore were entering Stroud they were ambushed by the Griffiths gang, eight in number. Twenty shots were fired, but no one was killed.

Four of the Griffiths rode hurriedly away to Sac and Fox, where they caused the excitement already mentioned. The four remaining outlaws then captured the two Lurtens, Furber and Moore, bound them and hurried them away to the Creek country. Two posses of deputies have left Chandler to intercept the Griffiths. A report received says old man Henry Lurten has been lynched and Everett Lurten and Moore shot. At this writing the latter report cannot be confirmed. The whole eastern country is stirred up.

She Knows Him.

Servant—Shall I put the master's pipes away in the closet, mum, now that he's swore off smokin'?

Mistress—No, Jane; just put them in the corner of his desk, where he'll be able to find them the day after to-morrow.—Philadelphia North American.

ene, just west of Santa Clara, where General Weyler was then, and narrowly escaped annihilation."

Woman's Suffrage at Issue.

Lincoln, Neb., Telegram: To-day the legislature will decide whether or not women shall vote in Nebraska. The adoption or rejection of the Grimes bill is the question before the house. In the committee of the whole there were several speeches against the passage of the bill, made by those who declared themselves in favor of woman suffrage, but they were opposed to the submission of the question at the next election at which amendments can be submitted to the people. This will be at the general election in November, 1893.

Gold Found in Calcite Rock.

Custer, S. D., Special: Gold has been found in limestone ten miles west of Custer. Assays show the ore to run from \$16 to \$175 to the ton. During the last six weeks about 200 assays have been made from ores of the limestone. In every instance gold was found from a trace to \$9 a ton. There are at least 2,000 square miles of limestone exposed in the Black Hills. Gold is found so seldom in alkaline earths that this deposit is a great curiosity to mineralogists. Gold is usual in siliceous or volcanic rocks.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub

Entered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

SA TURDAY, FEB. 13, 1897.

Electricity Direct From Coal.

The exhaustion of the world's supply of coal is one of the terrible contingencies which loom up in the statistics of the scientists. Everything which will add to the life of the coalfields, then, is of paramount interest. When to this conservation of material is added a much more efficient use of it, any discovery leading to such a result becomes of decided value.

Of the possible energy of coal, from 5 to 12 per cent only can be used in heating, lighting or dynamic force. In other words, the whole surplus percentage goes to waste in the air, carrying with it more or less poisonous gases, which endanger health. The announcement recently made that Dr. William W. Jacques, formerly Mr. Thomas A. Edison's assistant, but now connected with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has discovered the secret of deriving electricity immediately from coal is news of such importance as to be worthy of thoughtful comment. It seems to be much more than guesswork or speculation. Though the idea has not passed very far beyond laboratory practice, it is likely to come into commercial use within a much shorter period than it ordinarily takes great discoverers to work out their fruition. The needs of the age are ripe for it.

On the assumption that the discovery of Dr. Jacques will substantiate the claims made for it, let us see what a few of its practical results will be. As regards power for driving machinery, it will probably at least quadruple for the industry of today what Watt's development of the steam engine did a little more than a century ago. Watt's compound engine doubled the labor product of the world, and it is computed that at present in this country alone it does the work of 100,000,000 men, or of 350,000,000 population. The new power promised will multiply this enormous aggregate energy at least four times and with vastly more convenience and economy. That is to say, one pound of coal will do the work of four.

The only obstacle to driving a railway train 100 miles an hour or to crowding a steamship across the Atlantic in three days is the impossibility of carrying enough coal, which under the present system wastes not under 92 per cent of its energy. Waste of power by steam, it must be remembered, is as easily demonstrated as the items of a grocer's bill. Electricity can be applied directly to every pair of wheels on a railroad train, and so the train would not only be propelled with greater velocity, but could be started and stopped more quickly. In the case of the ocean liner, a large portion of the space given to coal bunkers, boilers and engines, occupying much of the cubic volume of the steamship, could be devoted to profit bearing use. In augmenting the offensive and defensive activity of a warship the results can be imagined.

What a cheap electrical current means in everyday matters is at once clear. Heating, cooking and lighting would be achieved at an astonishingly low cost, with a great diminution of trouble and dirt and an absence of most of the annoyances which now complicate house-keeping and drive so many well to do city people to live in hotels.

The scientific world has only begun to grasp a few of the applications of electricity to metallurgy, such as the reduction of the refractory ores, the production of iron, steel and glass and the uses of the potter's furnace. The wonderful Siemens reverberatory furnace, pronounced by Tyndale to be the crowning triumph of science in the production, management and utilization of high temperature, would have no comparison whatever with this cheap electrical current. It is not too much to say that the claims of Dr. Jacques—and they are quite within reason—will, if fully verified, revolutionize industry and modern living to an extent not reached by any previous discovery this century.

Now, how is this wonder achieved? When we read the explanation of Dr. Jacques, one is struck dumb with the thought that it has not been previously done, the process is so simple and logical. Mr. Edison said 15 years ago that to accomplish this was the dream of his life. But it has been given to his pupil to reach the goal.

The idea can be easily explained in principle without going into detail. Heat, light, magnetism, chemical affinity and electricity are in a scientific

sense merely modes of motion. The transformation of one to the other is constant in nature and can be easily produced in or out of the laboratory. To obtain artificial electricity it has been hitherto necessary to burn coal, and at a great waste, and thus make steam to drive a dynamo at an enormous loss at every stage of the process. It entered the head of Dr. Jacques that by the chemical affinity of carbon and oxygen before the carbon reached the stage of combustion, instead of heat being the outcome, it would be electricity. After numerous experiments he succeeded in making a powerful electrical current by causing the oxygen of the air to combine with coal under the lead of a molten potash bath or some other vehicle. As soon as this was done the principle was solved. All the rest was detail, which could be easily arranged by intelligent experiments and perfectly within the compass of the expert chemist and engineer.

It is understood that Dr. Jacques has millions behind him in his project, which is rapidly assuming a commercial stage. The world will await further developments of this great discovery with curiosity.

An English newspaper states in all seriousness that parrots are to be introduced in German railway stations and trained to call out the name of the place as each train comes in.

ABOVE THE HOTEL SERVANT

New Aristocracy of Help Which Lives Apart in the Big Hostels.

With the advent of the big new hotels uptown there has arisen a new aristocracy, which is about as amusing as most American aristocracies are, says the New York World. It is the aristocracy of help. It wears its masters' and mistresses' clothing, eats in a dining room by itself and, trying to ape the manners of its employers, gives an exhibition to amuse gods and men.

Passing the dining room inhabited by these haughty ones recently a reporter heard a snatch of the conversation indulged in by the knights and ladies of the boudoir, these gentlemen's and ladies' ladies:

"Kindly pass the butter."
"Beg pardon."
"A little of the butter, if you please."

"Why, certainly. It's a little passeé, that butter."

"Indeed. Do you think so? I thought there was something off color in the taste, don't you know?"

"Anything going on in town, Tom?"

"Not a dem thing, me boy, not a dem thing."

"Your mawster goin' abroad this year?"

"Me—ch, you mean Allie. Yes, I dessay. He usually goes—to get his closet, you know. Deuced good dresser, Allie—an' just me own size, too—but don't know much. Ah! if I had his allowance, now!"

"You'd cut a wide un, James, tee hee."

"Well, I'd try and not disgrace me name, Miss Marie, haw haw."

"I heah the servants are kicking up a devil of a row over their grub. Poor creatures! I'd rather die right off than be a hotel servant. However, they're mostly Irish—them as isn't Germans—so it don't make much difference what you feed 'em. Anything with potatoes, I guess. Haw, haw."

"Hee, hee."

And so, with light converse and bright rallery, the aristocracy of help brightens the tedium of dinner.

A FAMOUS FIDDLE.

Reported to Be Worth 60,000 Francs—Great Artists Have Played Upon It.

There is a violin in the possession of Frau Grigorieff-Krudener of Lucerne, the widow of the brilliant young performer Grigorieff, which is reputed to be worth 60,000 francs, says the Westminster Gazette. Vuillaume, Bianchi, Sivori and other experts have agreed in this extraordinary estimate. The greatest artists, Paganini, Spohr, Vieuxtemps, Joachim and Sarasate, have played upon it and there is quite a collection of documents relating to its history for the last 150 years. It was originally one of the so-called "Kurfursten-geige," or Prince-Elector fiddles, twelve of which were made as presents to the electors of the holy Roman empire by Jacob Stainer Amati, and is the only one of the twelve which is still in existence. About a century and a half ago it came into the possession of Baron de Krudener, the Russian diplomatist and husband of the famous Mme. de Krudener, the singular religionist who played so great a part in bringing about the so-called holy alliance in 1815. Mme. de Krudener was a sort of German Lady Huntingdon, always surrounded by a court of clergymen. But one of her family, the last of the name, was a born musician, and delighted himself with the dusty, old neglected "Amati." He took to music as his profession, renounced the name of Krudener and adopted that of Grigorieff.

Have money to loan in amounts to suit up to \$2,000. M. C. McINTOSH, Barrington, Ill.

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where you will find a large stock of **GROCERIES**, the very best. **DRY GOODS**, full line. **SHOES**, the latest styles. **CLOTHING**, all styles. Hats and Notions in all grades and kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and get prices. **CALL OFTEN**. No trouble to show goods and give prices, as I am here for business. **S. PECK**

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Save Pain and Money

Teeth extracted without pain. Make no charge for extracting teeth when new set of teeth are ordered. **PAINLESS FILLINGS.**

Silver Fillings..... 50 cents
Gold Fillings..... \$1 and up
SET OF TEETH, fit and quality guaranteed..... \$5 and up
GOLD CROWNS, and TEETH without plate..... \$5
CLEANING TEETH, my own method, 50 Cents to \$1.

It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do your first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

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Fresh Milk can be had at my residence in the Village at any time of the day.

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Some Extra Bargains:

G. M. Wheeler 15-jewel movement..... \$5.00
17-jewel Hampden movement..... \$10.00
Elgin, Waltham or Hampden movement in screw nickel case, warranted, \$5.00
Ladies' 14 karat 20 year gold filled case with Elgin, Waltham or Hampden movement, warranted..... \$11.00



14 karat gold filled case warranted for 20-years with 15-jewel movement, \$12.00
REPAIRING—Cleaning watch \$1.00; main spring, 75c; jewels, 50c; roller jewel, 35c; screws, 10c. All work warranted for one year. Call and give me a trial.

Hair Chains Made to Order on Two Day's Notice.

A. KATZ, - Barrington, Ill.

CUBA.

Mrs. Mink is on the sick list.
James Grace was a Barrington visitor Saturday.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Redmond, Jan. 31, a girl.
John O'Neil of Waukegan is visiting his parents.
Miss Mary Courtney was a McHenry visitor Friday.
Miss Laura Pederson visited friends at Cary recently.

Rev. W. Meehan and Mr. Powers of McHenry were guests at the home of C. Davlin Sunday.

The Misses Evaleen and Priscilla Daylin left for Morris, Ill., Sunday, where they will attend school.

There will be a basket social at the Flint Creek schoolhouse, Tuesday evening, Feb. 16. The proceeds will go toward furnishing the school with books of reference. A good program will be rendered. Everybody come! Admission, 10 cents. Ladies bringing baskets will be admitted free.

WAUCONDA.

Fine sleighing again.
G. C. Roberts was a city visitor Tuesday.
P. Maiman made a trip to McHenry Monday.
E. L. Harrison was a Diamond Lake visitor Monday.
J. Miller of McHenry was a pleasant caller in our village last week.

Simon Stoffel of McHenry transacted business in our village Tuesday.
E. E. Gilbert and Mrs. A. Cook are on the sick list at present writing.

Mrs. Henry Golding visited with friends at Libertyville Tuesday.

Arthur Cook attended the supervisors' meeting at Waukegan this week.

Will Ford of Chicago is spending a few days with relatives at present writing.

E. A. Golding went to Lake Zurich Saturday last to furnish costumes for the masquerade.

L. E. Golding and Miss Ruth Neville spent Sunday with friends at McHenry Sunday.

The funeral of the infant child of Mrs. Wm. England was held in the Baptist church Sunday afternoon, Rev. Schutz officiating, after which the interment took place in the Wauconda cemetery. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved mother.

Miss Lillian Aynsley returned to her home at Diamond Lake after a week's visit with her cousin, Miss Ida Ladd.

F. D. Wynkoop spent the first of the week in the city with his brother, F. B. Wynkoop.

Miss Mary Hornung returned to her home at Turner Junction Monday after a four weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. P. J. Gieseler.

Our collector, Geo. Simpson, is now on his beat and can be found at Price Bros. store Wednesdays and Saturdays.

M. J. Rauh and Edward Lamey of Barrington were pleasant callers in our village Monday.

The following officers of the Wauconda Literary society were elected last Friday evening for the ensuing two weeks: President, R. C. Kent; Vice President, A. Roney; Secretary, E. L. Harrison. The program for the evening was short and the debating was soon taken up on the question, *Resolved*, "That the women should have an equal right to vote on all matters the same as man." Prof. Kent led the affirmative assisted by A. Roney and E. A. Golding. The negative was led by Miss Spencer assisted by G. Fitch and H. E. Maiman. The question was very well handled by both sides but was decided in the favor of the affirmative.

The dime social held at the home of Dr. C. R. Wells last Saturday evening was a very pleasant affair. The attendance was not as large as could have been expected, but those present were very sociable and enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent. Various games were indulged in, but the main feature of the evening was the study of the penny. This is a very interesting study, but some gave up the contest when they saw the list of questions, while others worked very diligently. The first prize was awarded

Rev. Mr. Schutz for the largest number of questions answered correctly. It was a hand painting by Miss Hattie Wells, protected by a neat little frame, and was elegant to say the least. The consolation prize was awarded John Blanck and consisted of a neat little package of court plaster with the inscription "Heal thy wounded heart."

Report in algebra and arithmetic for the four weeks beginning January 4th, and ending January 29th.

ARITHMETIC.	
Homer Cook	73
Ida Ladd	84
Sanford Bennett	80
Arthur Monahan	65
Chester Sowles	81
Fred Griswold	61
Frank Murray	67
William Dillon	75
Albert Roder	85
Priscilla Davlin	68
Avis Cook	66
Emma Welch	80
Sattie Hill	63
Lisle Houghton	74
Jennie Brooks	64
Lilah Golding	68
Vera Geary	72
Laura Harris	80
Ethel Duers	82
Lola Turnbull	84
Florence Grace	61
Edith Turnbull	86
Minnie Roney	98
John Welch	67
Ray Wells	62
Everet Wells	61
Harry Houghton	91
August Hapke	75
Nina Pratt	81
Daisy Grosvenor	87
Otto Potter	41
Geo. Harris	57
Frank Wragg	55

ALGEBRA.	
Minnie Roney	100
Edith Turnbull	100
Priscilla Davlin	51
Sattie Hill	61
Avis Cook	80
Emma Welch	68
Chester Sowles	71
Fred Griswold	35
Lilah Golding	60
Frank Murray	67
Albert Roder	71
William Dillon	59
Jennie Brooks	65
Sanford Bennett	59
Lisle Houghton	51
Vera Geary	69
Arthur Powers	87

ORDINANCE NO. 58.

An Ordinance governing the sale of liquors and licenses.

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Barrington:

Section 1. That it shall not be lawful for any person in said village, either by himself, herself or agent, or agents, nor for any agent, bar-keeper, clerk, or servant, or any person, either directly or indirectly to sell, retail, or give away any spirituous, vinous, or mixed, malt or fermented liquors, or to keep what is termed by the laws of this State a "dram shop," without having first obtained a license so to do, as hereinafter provided. This ordinance shall include druggists and all sales of liquors by them, except when the same is upon a physician's prescription, and incorporated with other medicines. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section, whether principal, agent, bar-keeper, clerk, or servant as aforesaid, shall on conviction forfeit and pay, not less than ten (10) dollars, nor more than one hundred (100) dollars.

Sec. 2. The Village Board is hereby authorized to grant license to keep "dram shops," for the sale of spirituous, vinous, fermented and intoxicating liquors, to any person who shall apply therefor to the Village Board in writing, upon such person executing to the Village of Barrington, a bond with at least two good securities, to be approved by the Village Board, in the penal sum of five hundred (500) dollars, conditioned that the party so licensed shall faithfully observe and keep all ordinances heretofore passed or to be passed, during the period of such license, and that he will not keep open his bar or place for the sale of such liquors nor sell, give away, or in any manner deal in by himself, servant, or any other person, any spirituous, vinous, or mixed, fermented or intoxicating liquors on Sunday, or any other general or municipal election day, and that he will prohibit all gaming by means of any cards, dominoes, dice, or other articles for playing games of chance, and paying for such license in advance to the Village Clerk the sum of five hundred (500) dollars per annum. On compliance with the foregoing requirements, a license shall be issued to the person or persons therein named, to sell, barter, give away, and deliver wines and other liquors, in quantities less than one gallon in the place designated in the application. PROVIDED, That the Village Board shall not grant a license to any person or persons in pursuance to this ordinance, to keep a dram shop for the sale of spirituous, vinous, fermented, or intoxicating liquors, of any kind, unless he, she or they shall first give a bond in the penal sum of three thousand (3,000) dollars, payable to the people of the State of Illinois, with at least two good and sufficient sureties, freeholders of the County of Cook, to be approved by the Village Board, conditioned that he or she or they will pay to all persons all damages that they may sustain, either in person or

property or means of support by reason of the person obtaining a license, selling or giving away intoxicating liquors. The Village Board before approving such bond, may examine any person offered as security upon any such bond, under oath, and may require him or her to subscribe and swear, to his or her pecuniary liability to become such security.

Sec. 3. That no license to sell spirituous liquor within the Village of Barrington shall hereafter be granted to any person who, from habits of intemperance or gambling, would be deemed incapable of keeping an orderly house.

Sec. 4. All licenses granted under this ordinance shall set forth the name of the person licensed, the place where said liquors are proposed to be sold, and the terms and conditions upon which said license is granted, as required to be set forth in the bond of the applicant, and such license shall not authorize such person to sell any of said liquors at any other different time or place, nor upon any other terms and conditions than such as are stated therein. That any person who may obtain a license, or who shall have heretofore obtained a license from said village to sell any of said liquors, or to keep a "dram shop," shall not be permitted either by himself, herself or agent, to keep such house, shop, "dram shop," or place for the sale of said liquors, open on Sunday nor suffer any person to frequent the same on said days, or drink any of said liquors therein, whether they pay for the same or not; nor shall any such house, shop, "dram shop," or place be kept open during the week days later than eleven o'clock P. M., nor opened sooner than five o'clock A. M., on any such day; nor shall any such licensed person, either by himself, herself, or agent, sell or give away any of said liquor to any minor under the age of twenty-one years, nor permit any minor in or about his premises, unless the same is employed as a clerk, by such person; nor sell or give away either by himself, herself or agent, any of said liquors to any person who is intoxicated, or to any person who is in the habit of getting intoxicated, or who is an habitual drunkard, or permit any person who is intoxicated in or about such house, shop, "dram shop," or place; nor permit any gambling or riotous, disorderly, indecent, or offensive conduct of any kind whatever to be practiced in or about any premises occupied by him or them for the purpose of selling of any of said liquors; nor to permit any card playing, or gaming by means of cards, dice, dominoes, or other article or thing of luck or chance, either with or without betting, in or about any such house, shop, "dram shop," or place aforesaid; and any person convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this section shall be fined for each offense not less than five (5) dollars nor more than one hundred (100) dollars.

Sec. 5. All persons licensed under this ordinance for the sale of said liquors shall immediately cause said license to be and remain posted upon some conspicuous part of the room, or place kept or used for the sale of said liquors; and any person so licensed, who shall not cause said license to be, and remain posted as aforesaid, or who not being so licensed shall cause or permit any document or paper purporting to be a license, to be, or remain posted, as aforesaid, shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred (100) dollars, nor less than (3) dollars.

Sec. 6. In all cases where, in the opinion of the President of the Village Board, the public peace is likely to be endangered by the keeping open of licensed "dram shops," or houses for the sale of any of said liquors, it shall be lawful for the President to issue his proclamation, under the seal of the village, commanding and enjoining all persons licensed by said village to sell any of said liquors, and their servants and agents, to close their shops and places of business for such time as the President of the Village Board shall deem necessary; and neither to sell, give away, or suffer to be drunk, any of said liquors in or about their premises during the time mentioned in said proclamation; and if any person shall disobey said proclamation by keeping open his shop, "dram shop," or place of business, or by selling, giving away, or suffering to be drunk, on or about his premises any of said liquors, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred (100) dollars; and the license of such party so convicted may be revoked by the Village Board.

Sec. 7. That any ordinance or parts of ordinance which may have been passed heretofore, and which are in conflict with this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage.

Passed, February 3d, 1897.
Approved, February 11th, 1897.
Published, February 13th, 1897.
HENRY BOEHMER,
President of the Village of Barrington.
ATTEST: L. A. POWERS,
Village Clerk.

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CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED.)

We went down to a quiet watering-place on the south coast. Here we stayed for a fortnight. Oh, those sweet summer days! Shall I ever forget them? For the time there seemed no cloud which could possibly shade our joy. All the cynical, suspicious, misanthropical elements seemed swept out of my nature. I told myself that the constant society of the wife I loved was making a better as well as a happier man of me.

At the end of our stay by the sea it was our intention to return to London for a couple of days, and then start for Switzerland. Here, or in what country we chose, we were to spend months. In fact, I had as yet no home to offer my wife. The tenant of Herstal Abbey would not turn out without six months' notice so, for the time, we must be wanderers.

Eustace Grant—I had by now almost forgotten him—wrote once to my wife. She seemed overjoyed as she saw his handwriting, but vexed at the ceremonious way in which his letter began. It lies before me now. I copy it: "My Dear Mrs. Loraine:—You will remember that next Tuesday is your twenty-first birthday.

"As I am going abroad very shortly, I am anxious to submit the accounts of the trust to you, and, of course, Mr. Loraine. I hear that you will be in town on Tuesday. Can I call upon you anywhere, or would it be more convenient for us to meet at my solicitor's—Mr. Monk, 36 Lincoln's Inn Fields? Please let me know. Yours sincerely, "Eustace Grant."

"He might have sent a word of congratulations," said Viola, in a vexed tone. "How shall I answer this Julian?"

"Say we will meet him at Mr. Monk's at twelve o'clock on Tuesday." To which effect Viola wrote. I did not read the letter, but I wondered at the length of it.

CHAPTER V.

WE REACHED town on the Monday night, and slept at an hotel. Thursday morning we were to start for the Continent. Besides the interview with Eustace Grant, there were many business matters to which I was bound to attend. I had to see my own solicitor and give him instructions about the settlement which I wished to make on Viola. I had also to make my will, a matter which until now I had neglected; so that Tuesday and Wednesday promised to be fully occupied. Viola also wished to pay a visit to her old friend, Miss Rossiter. The prim spinster would never forgive her if she passed through town without calling. She did not press me to accompany her. Perhaps, in the present changed and unexpected state of affairs, she had much to say to her old friend which could not be well said in my presence.

So I suggested she should go alone to her old home, spend an hour with her friend, and meet me at Mr. Monk's at twelve o'clock. In the meantime I would go to my own solicitor's and arrange my business, the purport of which I did not make known to my wife. I hired a private brougham for her, placed her in it, and stood at the window saying adieu. It was the first time since our marriage that we had been parted for an hour. It was, moreover, her twenty-first birthday, and on her hand was a ring which I had just given her—a ring the value of which had startled her, for she had not yet realized what it was to be a rich man's wife.

As I wished her good-bye, I remembered that my own business would take some time. "If I am not very punctual, you won't mind waiting?" I said. "No, I shall like it. Eustace will be there, and I have so much to say to him—so much to ask him. Don't hurry, Julian."

I fancied that Viola wanted to see Eustace Grant alone, if possible, in order to persuade him, as she had tried to persuade me, that we had only to know more of each other to be like brothers. She could not understand the gulf between two men who love the same woman. I thought it was well she should see him. He would make clear to her the impossibility of anything like friendship between us. Just as I was about to bid the coachman drive off, Viola looked at me with a little pout. I knew its meaning. I passed my head through the carriage window. My shoulders insured strict privacy. Then a light kiss fell upon my lips, and a word of love passed be-

tween us. I linger on these trivial evidences of affection. It will soon be seen why.

I watched the carriage which held all I loved join in the broad stream of traffic. Then I lighted my cigar, and, the happiest man in England, walked over to my solicitor's.

My business took even longer than I expected it would. There was much to discuss. What stock could be settled as it stood—what should be sold out—who were to be trustees—what was to happen in the event of Viola's death; was she to have power of appointment or not? All sorts of questions like these had to be ventilated. The consequence was that when I glanced at my watch, I found it was nearly one o'clock. I told my solicitor I must defer giving instructions for my will until to-morrow. I jumped into a cab, and drove to Lincoln's Inn Fields, No. 36, ready to make the fullest apologies for my unpunctuality.

I went up stairs, found Mr. Monk's office, and sent my name in to him by his clerk. I am invited to enter his private room. Mr. Monk was busy with some papers.

"You will find your friend in the next room, Mr. Loraine," he said. "I will join you in a moment."

The clerk opened a green-baize door, through which I passed, and found myself in another office. In it, however, was no sign of Viola and Grant. I returned to Mr. Monk, and told him they were not there.

"Then they must have grown tired of waiting for you, and have gone for a stroll. There is a door which opens into the passage. No doubt they went that way. You must sit down and take your turn at waiting, Mr. Loraine."

I waited half an hour, then determined to go in search of them. It was possible they had gone to look for me; so I went down into the street, and asked the driver of the brougham if he had seen the lady.

"Yes, sir; she went by about an hour ago with a tall gentleman."

"Which way?"

"I don't know sir. I saw them hail a cab and drive off. I didn't notice in which direction they went."

Why in the world should they have taken a cab, when the brougham was at the door? I was very cross at the thought of Viola's driving about London in a cab with Eustace Grant; but, as the brougham was still waiting at No. 36, it was clear that they meant to return. After all, the best thing that I could do was to wait. As yet, not a thought of the truth had ventured to invade my brain.

So I waited on the pavement outside Mr. Monk's office for at least an hour longer. Still no sign of my wife. I grew nervous and anxious. Surely some accident must have happened—something that obliged her to go straight to the hotel. But even then Grant would have come to let me know it. Still not a thought of the dreadful truth! But where could she be?

I jumped into the brougham, and drove to the hotel. No; Mrs. Loraine was not there.

I drove to Miss Rossiter's. Viola had been there in the morning, but had left about half past eleven o'clock. I did not see Miss Rossiter, who, I was sorry to hear, was ill in bed. As a last resource, I drove to Grant's house, and asked for him. He was out. Had not been home since the morning. Quite uncertain when he would return.

It was now past three o'clock. Anxious and annoyed, I could do nothing but go back to the hotel and wait for my wife's return. Still not a thought of the truth.

I spent the rest of the afternoon and evening passing from the hotel to Miss Rossiter's, from there to Grant's lodgings, and from Grant's lodgings back to the hotel. Only at one of these three places could I hope to find tidings of Viola. Repeatedly as I had called, it was not until nearly eleven o'clock that I found Eustace Grant at home.

But by now I was in a different mood. Shall I be blamed for saying that this long and unexplained absence of Viola's, in company, it seemed, with Grant, brought a horrible dread which I scarcely dared to breathe to myself? The news that Grant was at last at home lifted a weight from my heart. He would be able to tell me when and where he parted with Viola. No doubt he had a message for me that would clear up everything.

But although Mr. Grant was at home, the servant informed me that he would see no one to-night. I made no comment on this denial. I simply forced the door open, and putting the frightened servant aside, strode through the hall and entered the sitting-room in

which Grant had, on the night when I first met him, interrogated me. It was empty. I threw myself into a chair, and waited until some one made my presence known to the man whom I was bent upon seeing.

No doubt he heard the noise of my forcible entrance. In a minute the folding-door, which, as is often the case in lodgings, divided the sitting-room from the bed-room opened, and Eustice Grant appeared. As he did so, I caught a glimpse of the bedroom from which he emerged. An open portmanteau, apparently half-packed, was lying on the bed, and there were other evidences of preparation for a journey.

Grant advanced toward me, but he made no pretense of greeting me. He neither offered his hand, nor bade me good-evening. I rose and faced him.

He was pale, almost ghastly pale. His brows were bent, and a slight twitch of the nostril told me he was suffering from some great, though suppressed emotion. He looked at me haughtily and angrily; but whatsoever he had wherewith to reproach himself, there was neither fear nor triumph in his gaze. I looked at him and wondered; but I felt certain that he knew all about Viola's absence.

Still, as that absence might even now be satisfactorily explained, I resolved that I would not, by evincing premature distrust or suspicion, let this man triumph over me. So I spoke with forced composure:

"Mr. Grant, I have missed my wife, somewhere. Can you give me tidings of her?"

"I can not," he replied coldly. "Where did you part with her? You left Mr. Monk's with her, in a cab. Where did you leave her?"

"I can not tell you, Mr. Loraine." "Do you mean that you are ignorant of her whereabouts?"

"You have had my answer." My blood boiled. "You mean you will not, dare not tell me, you utter villain!" I cried. "I will know, or I will kill you!"

The table was between us, or I should have sprung at his throat.

"I care nothing for your threats, Mr. Loraine," he said, with galling contempt. "Wherever Mrs. Loraine is, she is there of her own free choice."

"She is here—in this house with you!" I exclaimed.

"Look for her—search every cupboard and cranny. I will ring; you shall be conducted over the whole building. Make it public property that you are a jealous husband looking for a faithless wife. No; that shall not be done for her sake. Wherever she is, she is not here."

He spoke as if expecting me to believe him. Strange to say, I did believe him. The thought that this house would be the last place in which he would hide Viola from my search, no doubt conducted to this belief. But now I could no longer doubt the horrible truth. This man, by some devilish craft, had torn my wife from me—had taken away the woman who, a few hours ago, pressed a Judas kiss on my lips, even as she was going to meet her lover.

Stay! perhaps he had killed her. Such things have been done before now by men who fail to win the woman they love. Perhaps he had decoyed her away, and was detaining her against her will. Even now she might be longing for me to come and free her.

All these thoughts whirled through my brain, and for a moment unmanned me. I sunk upon a chair, cold and trembling in every limb. Grant stood like a statue until I recovered myself.

"You villain!" I gasped. "I will know—I will see her! Tell me where she is!"

He leaned forward. He looked at me sternly.

"Listen!" he said, in a fierce voice. "In this room I said to you, 'Take her, and make her happy.' Have you done so?"

I laughed wildly. "If being willing to shed one's blood for her can make a false woman happy, she should have been happy. Does she expect to find bliss in a life of shame with you?"

His eyes blazed. "You had better go," he said. "Go at once!"

I laughed mockingly. Now that I had lost all hope, now that my one desire was vengeance, I could speak calmly.

"I shall stay here," I said, "until you leave to join her, I shall follow and be with you. Surely a bridegroom can claim the right of bidding his bride Goodspeed! Here I stay."

For reply Grant rang the bell. "Leave the front door and this door wide open," he said to the servant; "then go out of the way."

He came toward me. I started to my feet, and struck fair and full at his white, set face. He parried the fierce blow, and in a moment his arms were around me.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Worse.

"There's a rumor in the congregation," said the deacon, "that you went slumming when you were in Albany." "It is a cruel slander," replied the parson. "I merely attended one meeting of a legislative investigating committee."—Truth.

To Olden Valentine.



HE fingers of Time have encrusted with gold The page that I cherish for memories old; I gaze at the couplet that's homely and true. "The rose it is red and the violet blue;"

And here is the heart that was lovingly drawn By one sleeping now at the gates of the Dawn, And oft as I linger o'er picture and line A tear lies empearled on the old valentine.

'Twas wafled to me in the long, long ago, When the world sweetly slept 'neath its blanket of snow, When high on the mountains and deep in the dells We heard the clear notes of the silvery bells; But fairer to me than the feathery fleece, As white as the wings of the Angel of Peace That covered the earth in the winter sunshine, Was the once snowy page of my old valentine.

A thousand have smiled at its quaint little rhyme Who know not the story that clings to its time; It brought to my cheeks then a healthier hue, Love's roses are red and its violets blue— As red as the cheeks of the sender, I know, As blue as the eyes that I loved long ago; No wonder I cherish in shadow and shine The fast fading truths of the old valentine. Whenever this page and its rhyming I see The portals of Memory open for me, And back from the years with their shrouding of snow Come a hand and a voice that I missed long ago; And over a picture that hangs on my wall Rays that are golden a moment doth fall, And beautiful grows in the winter sunshine The wee, crumpled page of the old valentine.

Her Valentine.



The postman pulled the bell with vim; The watching maid blushed rosy red; "It's a valentine from him!" With dimpling smiles she softly said.

She tore the envelope in twain, Her eyes the missive seized upon; Her face grew drawn with pallid pain—

'Twas nothing but a tradesman's dun! —Susie M. Best.

Why He Did Not Start.

A lazy man is seldom so very lazy as not to be able to invent some excuse for his inactivity. Harper's Round Table tells a story in point.

Patrick was the captain of a schooner that plied between New York and Haverstraw on the Hudson. One day his schooner was loaded with bricks, ready to start for New York, but Patrick gave no sign of any intention to get under way. Instead of that, he sat on deck smoking a pipe.

The owner of the brickyard, who was also the owner of the schooner, and who had reasons for wishing the bricks landed in New York at the earliest possible moment, came hurrying on board and demanded of the captain why he did not set sail.

"Shure, your honor," said Patrick, "there's no wind."

"No wind! Why, what's the matter with you? There's Lawson's schooner under sail, going down the river now."

"Yis, I've been watchin' her, but it's no use my gettin' under way. She's got the wind now, and, faith, there isn't enough of it for two."

Decidedly Wrong.

He—Do you think it wrong for a man to kiss a girl he is not engaged to? She—I think it would be wrong for him to be engaged to all the girls he kisses.—New York Journal.

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The Newest Thing in Watering-Carts. An improvement in watering carts is the invention of a Minnesota lady who has devised a machine for watering growing crops and pastures, and also for fighting prairie fires. It is designed especially for corn, but is applicable to all crops planted in rows or hills. It consists of two sets of truck wheels (narrow enough to pass between the rows of corn), connected by planks upon which is mounted the water tank, which may be elevated by jack screws to any height required by the corn. A sprinkler attached to the rear of the tank sprinkles three rows at once, and the sides sprinkles water two rows each.

The largest estate in England's Probate court last year was that of Sir Charles Booth, whose fortune had its source in breweries. His estate was valued at \$9,650,000.

GIRLS IN STORES,

offices, or factories, are peculiarly liable to female diseases, especially those who are constantly on their feet. Often they are unable to perform their duties, their suffering is so intense.

When the first symptoms present themselves, such as backache, pains in groins, headache, dizziness, faintness, swelled feet, blues, etc., they

should at once write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., stating symptoms; she will tell them exactly what to do, and in the meantime they will find prompt relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which can be obtained from any druggist.

"My DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am so grateful to you for what your Compound has done for me. For four years I suffered such pains from ovarian trouble, which caused dreadful weakness of the limbs, tenderness and burning pain in the groins, pain when standing or walking, and increased pain during menstruation, headache and leucorrhoea. I weighed only 92 pounds, and was advised to use your Vegetable Compound, which I did. I felt the benefit before I had taken all of one bottle. I continued using it, and it has entirely cured me. I have not been troubled with leucorrhoea for months, and now I weigh 115 pounds."

—LILLIE HARTSON, Flushing, Genesee Co., Michigan. Box 69.

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OPIUM HABIT AND DRUNKENNESS CURED IN 10 TO 20 DAYS. No Pain. Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds, and throat diseases

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

PLANETARY GOSSIP. ILLINOIS NEWSLETS.

HOROSCOPIC READINGS OF PROBABLE EVENTS.

Instructions to Applicants for Free Readings in These Columns—Name, Address, Date and Hour of Birth Important Requisites.

THE free readings now being given in these columns are so popular that it will take some time before those on hand will be answered. Every letter sent in will be answered in its regular order.

Those who do not wish to wait their turn can get their readings by mail for twelve two-cent stamps. In all cases full name and address of applicants must accompany requests for free readings. Also place, date, hour and place of birth. If the hour is not known send two two-cent stamps for special instructions. Address all communications to Prof. G. W. Cunningham, Dept. 4, 194 South Chinton street, Chicago, Ill.

Following are the readings for this week:

Minnie W. Maukato, Kan. According to the data you have the zodiacal sign Virgo which Mercury rules with a lingering indication of the sign Leo, which the Sun rules rising at your birth, therefore, Mercury and the Sun are your ruling planets or signifiers.

You are medium height; medium dark complexion; hair and eyes.

You are rather of a studious nature and take delight in unraveling some mystery and are easily interested in chemistry and electricity. You are very intuitive at times, but your intuition works uneven or spasmodically. You will not generally be appreciated by people until they are well acquainted with you. Love affairs and marriage will not be more than average fortunate. You are liable to accidents and injuries to your feet. You will also be subject to some odd nervous ailment of the heart, this will not be organic or at all dangerous.

E. A. I. X., Owensville, Ind.

According to data furnished you have the zodiacal sign, Scorpio, which Mars rules, rising at birth, therefore Mars is your ruling planet or signifier. Saturn is on the ascendant, and is co-signifier. You are medium height, with a well-set, strong, plump figure; medium to dark complexion; dark eyes; a luxuriant growth of dark hair. The face is rather full and broad. You are one of the stirring, energetic kind of people, and have the desire and ability to push your business, yet you do this in such a quiet way that others will hardly know anything about it until it is all over. You are secretive and deliberate in your actions, and lay your plans first and work them out afterward. You are fond of chemistry, soldiers, firemen, and all kinds of military affairs. Love affairs never run smooth with you long at a time. The last half of your life has been the most fortunate. You are under evil transits now, especially for health, and should be careful.

Miss Marie H., Detroit.

According to data furnished the zodiacal sign Aquarius, which Uranus rules, was rising at your birth, therefore Uranus is your ruling planet or signifier. The sign Pisces, which Jupiter rules, was intercepted, and Mars was on the ascendant, therefore Jupiter and Mars are co-signifiers. You are of medium height, or slightly above; medium to light complexion, hair and eyes; when small your hair was flaxen. You are quite energetic and ambitious, and do not like to be opposed; anyone that undertakes to control your independent actions will be likely to get the benefit of your opinion of them. You are very independent in your ideas of dress, and will wear anything you think is right and proper, no matter if it suits the four hundred or not. You have a good intellect, and should make a great effort to overcome the obstacles that are hindering your education. Your husband will be one of those bright, refined, kind and obliging men, with dark eyes, that have a peculiar sparkle and sharp sight; marriage will be far more than average fortunate.

Note.—Those who have sent in their stamps (26 cents) for readings by mail, will usually be promptly answered. In cases where there is an apparent delay the astrologer should be notified at once and the mistake will be rectified.

The Number of Asteroids.

In October last a small planet, or asteroid, discovered by photography in Berlin, was set down in the list of these bodies as No. 424. Since the application of photography to the stars the discovery of asteroids has been very rapid, no less than one hundred having been found between February, 1892, and October, 1896. Up to 1845 only four asteroids were known. Since then not a year has passed without the discovery of one or more.

We make 3,800,000,000 cigarettes a year.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

Decatur is operating a charity store similar to one in Peoria.

Mrs. Amelia Todd died at Decatur Monday morning, aged 97 years.

The marshal of Lamont in under arrest on the charge of illegal parentage.

The McLean County authorities have already paid bounties on 13,999 sparrows.

Some of the members of the Legislature think the bill to consolidate the session.

The Postal Telegraph Company will probably soon extend its lines to Quincy.

The grape juice factory at Warsaw was burned a short time ago, causing a \$6,000 loss.

The Texas Legislature has a bill before it to make both gold and silver legal tender.

The Missouri Legislature has declared all gold contracts null and void in that state.

There is talk of closing the opera house at Decatur on account of lack of patronage.

Galesburg is to have civic reform with a vengeance this year. All of the preachers are in it.

The Kansas Legislature is worrying with a bill to have convicts labor on the public highways.

John F. Rust, aged 80 years, a farmer of Randolph township, McLean County, died Monday evening.

The Indiana Legislature will probably pass a law making the sale of tobacco in any form to minors illegal.

P. W. Gallagher has declined to allow the use of his name in connection with the Circuit bench from Fulton County.

A Niobrara man wants \$15,000 to recompense him in part for a few days spent in the town bastille at the complaint of the Union Stock Yards people.

Two big warrants for sparrow scalps were recently made out at Decatur. One was for \$12.80 and the other for \$17.21. This means more than 2,000 sparrows.

Joliet has already partially recovered from the loss of its electric light power house by fire, and Saturday night the commercial arc circuit was again turned on.

Monmouth people are spending some time in talking up funds for the coming firemen's tournament. Unless they secure enough money the tournament will go elsewhere.

The Illinois Central branch reports that 4,000 tons of broom corn are still in farmers' hands along their road. The price ranges from \$40 to \$50 per ton, according to quality.

Otto Moore and Mrs. Florence were married at Newman, Ill., last week. They were married once before, but divorced. After Otto had married a second woman and she died he met his old love and they have again been married.

Amanda Hagan has begun action for damages for \$500 against the city of Champaign for losses sustained by the closing of her hotel by quarantine, June 1, 1895, when it was discovered that there were inmates in the hotel afflicted with smallpox.

Elmer Gibson, Charles Miller and Walter Andrews, sons of people of high standing at Burnside, were arrested, charged with the burglary of a store in Burnside. They are now under \$1,000 bonds each to appear at the March term of court.

Martin Sheahan, an inmate of the Macon County, Ill., poor farm for twenty-six years, and who has been insane all of that time, gives evidence of returning reason. His recovery seems to be the direct result of a recent spell of sickness.

One hundred Italian laborers reached Texarkana, Ark., over the Iron Mountain Railroad Sunday morning direct from Chicago, at which place they were secured under contract by a Chicago employment agency to do grade work on the Texarkana & Fort Smith Railroad, north of here, between Mena and Horatio. They are to work on the grade, from which negro labor was forced to leave some months ago. It is possible the mountaineers may object to their appearance and drive them away also. A second consignment of 100 more from the same spot is scheduled to reach here within the next ten days.

Edwin Harvey, formerly a preacher in Kansas City, was arrested on complaint of Ella Peterson of Chicago, a beautiful girl of 19, who charges that he gained her confidence by pretending that he was a single man and would marry her. Harvey has been employed for a year by the Illinois Tract Society. While in the elevator Saturday he was confronted by the wife and child he had left in Kansas City. The woman threw her arms around his neck, the child cried and Harvey was so overcome that he burst into tears.

FROM EXPOSURE

DURING THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Veteran's Own Version of His Troubles.

(From the Commercial, Mattoon, Ill.)

Henry Clegg is a well-known real estate man in Mattoon, Ill., who, of course, is a Grand Army man, having seen honorable service in Co. C., Sixty-seventh Indiana Infantry during the war of the rebellion.

Like many other old soldiers, Mr. Clegg did not pass through the ordeal of soldier life seamless, having twice during his service been in the hospital from illness brought on by exposure, the seeds of which he carried into private life, the same taking exceedingly deep root, in the shape of rheumatism and disease of the stomach.

During an interview with Mr. Clegg he made the following statement to a reporter, which we print as given:

"Four years ago my disabilities assumed an aggravated form, and I began to think the last roll was about to be called. All my limbs and organs were affected, and the pain of the rheumatism was intense. There was not a square inch of my body free from the pain, and my stomach gave up doing its rightful work. For years I was under the care of physicians, having had ten different doctors, allopathic, eclectic and homeopathic. I used every remedy suggested or that I saw advertised, but none of them, doctors included, did me the slightest good.

"It is now nearly two years ago since I heard of and began to use Pink Pills, and before I had used up one box I began to obtain relief. I continued to take them for three months regularly, according to the directions of Dr. Williams', and by that time my appetite was good, my stomach acted as a well regulated stomach should, and my rheumatism troubled me no more. I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by me, and occasionally if indisposed take one or more, and I am all right again. I always recommend them to persons suffering with similar disorders to what I had and when my advice is followed benefit invariably results.

(Signed) HENRY CLEGG.

Witness: T. ATTERBURN.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Proving Her Case.

Mrs. Emerson (of Boston)—"You shouldn't use slang, Susie. Your favorite old English authors do not countenance it." Susie—"Oh, yes, they do, mamma. Don't you remember what Colley Cibber says about the youth that fired the Ephesian dome?"—New York Tribune.

NO-TO-BAC FOR FIFTY CENTS.

Over 404,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

The number of new books, including pamphlets, published in Great Britain in 1896 was 5,234. Besides these there were 1,329 new editions of old books.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

When a little man is lifted up, everybody finds out that he is little.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, the finest liver and bowel regulator made.

The first mention of the Siamese is by Portuguese travelers in 1511 A. D.

"Down Brakes, and Reverse!"

When a train is discovered rushing on to a frightful collision, it is a thrilling instant as the engineer whistles "Down brakes!"

and reverses his lever. Brakes alone are not enough; the whole propelling power of the engine must be reversed and made to work in the opposite direction. That is how it is sometimes with disease.

There are times when the system is flying along the track of disease at such a frightful pace that no ordinary methods will prevent disaster. There are plenty of medicines which act merely as brakes to "slow up" the disease and put off disaster for a little while; but that isn't enough. What is needed is a medicine that will instantly reverse the entire wasting, degenerating process.

When people are losing flesh and strength and vitality, with the life oozing out of them day after day, they need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which acts directly upon the vital forces, completely transforms the entire nutritive organism and totally reverses the wasting, debilitating process which is at the root of all diseases.

It enables the digestive and blood-making organs to supply the circulation with an abundance of pure, healthy, red blood. It stops the wasting of tissue, builds up solid muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

Miss Mary Whitman, of East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y., writes: "For nearly ten months I have had a bad cough, and instead of getting better, it grew worse, until I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I hesitated at first, for it seemed to me nothing would give relief only death. My parents were anxious about me, and I was said to have consumption. I tried your medicine, and before I had taken many doses there was a great change. When the second bottle was empty I had no cough and was a great deal stronger."

PATENTS, TRADE MARKS

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent." O'FARRELL & SON, Washington, D. C.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An Illustration.

"There's lots o' min," said Mr. Rafferty, "thot attracts a gred deal av attention widout much thot's substantial to show fur it."

"Thru for yez," replied Mr. Dolan. "The lightest man runs up the ladder fastest. But it do be the wan that brings a hod o' bricks wid 'im that raly counts."—London Figaro.

264 BUS. CORN PER ACRE.

It's marvelous how we progress! You can make money at 10 cents a bushel when you get 264 bushels corn, 230 bushels oats, 173 bushels barley, 1,600 bushels potatoes per acre! Salzer's creations in farm seeds produce.

\$10.00 WORTH FOR 10 CENTS!

Just Send This Notice and 10 Cent to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get 12 farm seed samples, worth \$10, to get a start. w.n.

Recipe Furnished.

Charitable Old Lady (to little beggar girl)—"There's some bread for you. It's a day or two old, but you can tell your mother to take three or four fresh eggs, a quart of milk, a cup of sugar, some good butter and half a grated nutmeg and she can make a very excellent pudding of it."—Dublin Times.

Doubles the Pleasure of a Drive.

A fine carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or harness can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Bad temper is its own scourge. Few things are bitterer than to feel bitter. A man's venom poisons himself more than his victim.—Charles Buxton.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

South Dakota has 181 cheese factories.

Whoever chooses to use St. Jacobs Oil for Hurts or Bruises Will feel a CURE so SURE, Why—sometimes it amuses.

Not to Be Expected. Tourist—How long will it take me to reach the ferry, me good man? Policeman—I ain't no mind reader. I'm a policeman.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggists to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

One hundred and twenty firemen are required to feed the furnaces of a first-class Atlantic steamer.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 24 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Observation balloons are now used in all maneuvers of the German army.

We will forfeit \$1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

Youth should never think itself too wise to listen to the advice of age.

Hegeman's Campher Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. G. G. Clark & Co., N. Haven, Ct.

A man or woman out of temper is like an instrument out of tune.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

There are more than 3,500 blind persons in London.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

Silkworms are sold by the pound in China.

Naked Pills are fit only, for naked savages. Clothes are the marks of civilization—in pills as well as people. A good coat does not make a good pill, any more than good clothes make a good man. But as sure as you'd look on a clothesless man as a mad one, you may look on a coatless pill as a bad one. After fifty years of test no pills stand higher than AYER'S Cathartic Pills SUGAR COATED.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 7, 1897.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS but have sold direct to the consumer for 24 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 50 styles of Harness, Top Buggies as low as \$25. Phaetons as low as \$55. Spring Wagons, Road Wagons, etc. send for large, free Catalogue. No. 606. Surrey—Price with curtains, lamps, shade, apron and fenders, \$40. As good as sells for \$60. ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

ALABASTINE. IT WON'T RUB OFF. Wall Paper is Unsatisfactory. KALSOHINE IS TEMPORARY, ROTS, RUBS OFF AND SCALES. ALABASTINE is a pure, permanent and artistic wall-coating, ready for the brush by mixing in cold water. For Sale by Paint Dealers Everywhere. FREE A Tint Card showing 12 desirable tints, also Alabastine Souvenir Book sent free to any one mentioning this paper. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

ANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION REGULATE THE LIVER ALL DRUGGISTS ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 21c.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Miss Amanda Troyer is ill.

Will Barnett spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. E. M. Blocks is on the sick list.

Lambert Tasche was a Dundee visitor Thursday.

Miss Myrtle Dixon is again able to be around.

Miss Nellie Lines was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

Miss Ida Landwer is now employed at the home of J. E. Heise.

Will Brockway of Palatine was a visitor here yesterday.

Miss Clara Sodd is visiting at Milwaukee for a few days.

"Big Joe" is still holding out at Plagge & Co's.

Miss Nellie Dawson spent Sunday at home.

"Monnie" Regan of Chicago visited here Sunday.

James McCabe of Palatine was in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Cutting of Austin visited here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Richmond of Palatine were callers here Sunday.

Fred Renich of Woodstock was a pleasant caller at this office Thursday.

Wm. Elsner and John Collen left for Iowa Sunday evening.

Mrs. Addie Lines of Woodstock is visiting her father, S. W. Kingsley.

The W. R. C. initiated a number at their meeting Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Theodore Beahler of Algonquin visited here Monday.

Wm. Peacock of Rockford visited at the home of W. T. Stott last week.

Mrs. P. J. Carney of Kankana, Wis., is a guest of Mrs. Flora Lines.

Mrs. S. G. Seebert returned home Sunday after a visit with friends at Nunda.

Wm. Lock, Harry Koelling, Emil and Harry Frick were Chicago visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kuhfall are happy over the arrival of a little son Sunday morning, February 7th.

Madeline, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Blocks is suffering with the whooping cough.

Mr. Dunning and wife were guests at the home of S. Peck during the past week.

Miss Grace Lawrence of Aurora and Mrs. L. Pierce of Chicago are visiting at the home of S. Peck.

John Welch has let the contract of carpenter work for his new barn to Gleason & Lines.

Wm. Meister and family visited with relatives at Crystal Lake Sunday.

J. O. Selleck of Janesville, Wis., made us a pleasant call Wednesday. Mr. Selleck is now engineer on the Barrington turn around and makes daily trips to Barrington.

FOR SALE.—New milk wagon. A bargain. Inquire at the meat market of George Wagner, Barrington.

Jacob Burritt of New York was a guest at the home of Mrs. Flora Lines Wednesday of last week.

Mesdames E. A. Golding, H. J. Dixon and A. Landwer of Wauconda were guests at the home of Mrs. Flora Lines, the latter part of last week.

Next Sunday evening the Rev. Geo. H. Hoover, a former pastor of the M. E. church, will fill the pulpit. Mr. Hoover is at the head of the Illinois Childrens' Home society of Chicago.

Asa T. Beverly, a former Barrington township resident, died at his home in Yorkville, Kendall county, this state, at 1:30 o'clock in the morning of Monday, February 1st.

PAY YOUR TAXES.—August Rohlmeier, tax collector for the Town of Barrington, will be at the bank on Tuesdays and Saturdays, commencing with Saturday, February 13th.

Mrs. Henry Sawyer and daughter, Clara, and Mrs. Lora Harvey, of Carpentersville, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Powers the past week.

There will be an entertainment given by the pupils of the White school, Dist. No. 4, on Thursday evening, February 18th. All are cordially invited. Admission 10 cents.

Peters & Collen will on next Monday dispose of a car load of fresh milchers and springers at public auction at their sale yards in Barrington. The time of sale will be 9 o'clock in the morning, and everyone in need of a first-class cow should not fail to attend this sale if a genuine bargain is wanted.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiseman spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wiseman. Mrs. Henry Wiseman is dangerously ill.

The Elgin, Joliet & Eastern company has opened its new line from Hammond to Whiting, Indiana. The company expects to have from fifty to one hundred car loads of oil a day from the new extension.

Janesville has been beaten in another sidewalk case. This time Mrs. Victoria Hyer was awarded damages to the amount of \$2,500 claiming to have been seriously injured while walking on a defective sidewalk. The city will undoubtedly carry all these cases to a higher court.

A large proportion of our citizens have taken the hint and are cleaning their sidewalks in a remarkably short time after snow has fallen. This is praiseworthy. Keep the good work up.

The topics at the Baptist church tomorrow, Sunday, February 14th, will be: morning, "The Unbroken Relationship of Christ and God;" evening, "The Direct Cause of Many Evils." Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. All are invited.

F. O. VanGalder, editor of the Modern Woodman, the official organ of the society, states that 65,000 new members were added during the year 1896. During the month of December 5,300 new members were added to the roll.

The case of Chas. Lytle vs. Fischer, which was tried before Justice Frank Plagge Thursday morning, resulted in a verdict of \$12 in favor of the plaintiff. The action was brought to recover the price of 200 bushels of oats which Lytle claimed was due him at the time he left Mr. Fischer's farm as a tenant.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Barrington, February 12th:—Chas. A. Colson, Miss Janet Carmichael, Wm. Dorsen, John Heavy, O. M. Huggins, Wm. Jaynes, Mrs. Martha Miller, Dan McBride, Anton Norgaard, Frank Palmer, John Plote, Ida Robinson and F. T. Spaulding.
M. B. McIntosh, P. M.

The milk shippers of Lily Lake met recently and determined to strike for higher prices and contracts in advance. John J. Read was appointed to communicate with the shippers at other points to promote a general strike if reasonable terms are not secured.

The cultivation of the sugar beet is proving very profitable in Nebraska. Farmers in the vicinity of Grand Island sold their crops this year for sums more than equal to the value of the land on which they were grown. Farmers would do well to turn their attention to producing other commodities than grain and stock.

An entertainment will be given at the Deer Grove school house on next Saturday, February 20th. The admission has been placed at the low price of 10 cents. The pupils promise an exceedingly fine program. All our citizens who can possibly arrange to be present that evening should do so. Encourage the boys and girls.

The Evergreen Cemetery association met Tuesday, and elected the following trustees: M. B. McIntosh, Wm. G. Waterman, C. P. Hawley, Robert Nightingale and John C. Plagge. Mr. McIntosh was elected President and Mr. Waterman was given the offices of secretary and treasurer. The secretary-treasurer was instructed to communicate with Mrs. Frances James of Milwaukee, with a view to complete the purchase of the land recently surveyed.

The Board of Supervisors of Lake county met in special session at Waukegan, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. A franchise was granted to the Bluff City Railway company to build an electric line from the south corporate limits of Lake Forest to the north corporate limits of Fort Sheridan. It is the intention of the company to construct the line with the Northwestern elevated which is soon to be completed to Evanston.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Maude Fitzgibbon, nee Gray, died at her home in Waukegan, Ill., February 8, 1897, of septic fever consequent upon child-birth.

She was born in Chicago, Ill., November 21, 1872. Some time after her birth her parents removed to Boone county, Ia. From here they located in this village in 1885, where her maiden days were spent, and where she took a prominent part in social events among our younger society people.

Maude was united in marriage to Frank Fitzgibbon at Janesville, Wis., May 15, 1892. They resided at Barrington until August 1895, when they removed to Chicago, from whence they moved to Waukegan, which was their home until her untimely death.

The funeral was held in Trinity church, Janesville, Wis., Feb. 9. Interment took place in Oakwood cemetery at the same place.

Her father and a sister, Artie May, preceded her. Those remaining to mourn her loss are her husband, mother and two sisters—Mrs. Robert Purcell and Miss Nellie Gray.

THE REVIEW joins with the many friends in extending sympathy to the bereaved ones.

Mrs. John Pettis died quite suddenly at the home of her sister at Jefferson Park, February 5th.

She was born at Fonda, N. Y., May 1828, being 68 years of age at the time of her death.

In 1847 Mrs. Pettis moved into the township of Barrington where she has lived ever since.

She leaves a husband, four sons, and three daughters who mourn the loss of a devoted wife and kind mother.

Tuesday afternoon the remains were brought from Jefferson Park and the funeral services were held at Barrington Center where the deceased was buried.

Rev. T. E. Ream of this place was called upon to officiate at the service.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McIntosh Entertain the Thursday Club.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McIntosh entertained Tuesday evening in honor of the members of the Thursday club and their husbands.

The company enjoyed a literary game arranged for the occasion by Mrs. McIntosh, which consisted of one hundred questions on the subjects of books, art, music, history, etc.

The prizes were awarded to Mrs. Carl Meyer, Mr. Wm. Howarth, Mrs. W. H. Snyder and P. A. Hawley. The prizes for other games were received by Mrs. Lyman Powers and Mr. Carl Meyer.

At 11:30 o'clock a luncheon was served. The decorations of the tables were in white and yellow, the colors of the Thursday club.

Those present were:

Messrs and Mesdames:—
Thos. FitzSimmons Lyman Powers
E. W. Shipman S. Peck
Wm. Howarth Frank Hawley
Phillip Hawley Chas. Hawley
Thomas Dolan C. F. Meyer
W. H. Snyder

Misses:—
Cora Higley Eugene Hutchinson
Mr. Daniel Lamey

I will be at the office of J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington, on Saturdays of each week, commencing with Saturday, Feb. 6th, 1897, to collect taxes for the Town of Cuba. ROBERT FRICK, Collector.

A dangerous counterfeit of the \$20 U. S. silver certificate has been discovered. The note is of the series of 1891, check letter B. The most noticeable defect is in the treasury numbers, which, although of good color, are too heavy and out of alignment. The paper is good and the silk threads of the genuine are cleverly imitated by pen and ink lines on the back of the counterfeit note.

Origin of the Cocktail.

Many theories have recently been advanced in the New York Sun as to the origin of the cocktail, but one has been omitted. A Toltec nobleman of Mexico once sent to his king by the hand of his beautiful daughter a decoction of pulque of his own invention. The king was as much delighted with the one as with the other. He drank the last and married the first. The name of the maiden was Xochithl, a designation ever after applied to the drink. When our troops under Gen. Scott invaded Mexico they took kindly to the beverage and corrupted its name into cocktail, by which name it has ever since been known by the world at large. Of this concoction we have invented so many forms that the United States has come to be considered its place of origin.

AMERICAN PLEASURE GROUNDS

Idea of a National Parkway from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In America all pleasure grounds of large extent have, from the beginning, been planned for the people, says the Atlantic; they are a constant source to them of pleasure and pride, and it is our boast that on this continent, with its unrivaled resources and its host of generous citizens, parks have been created in our generation which today can be favorably compared with the most famous ancient resorts of Europe; and when the schemes now begun have had time fully to be carried out we shall have reservations for the public of unparalleled extent and beauty, reaching perhaps unbroken from the eastern seaboard to the shores of California. The idea of such a reservation, a national parkway from the Atlantic to the Pacific, leading from one beautiful pleasure ground to another, and passing through great tracts of woodland patrolled by government foresters, is not inconsistent with the genius of our country, which ever seeks a closer union between its parts; while the gradually enlarging park systems of our cities indicate the way in which it may be brought about in the linking together of suburb after suburb by great boulevards which tend to bring civilization to distant homes by affording safe and easy communication between them.

Refused the Wrong Beggar.

"I never refuse the plea of a beggar," says a leading member of congress. "You must not use my name and advertise me as a philanthropist, for I am not. It is simply a matter of necessity with me. I am obliged to give something to every beggar, or I could not sleep at night. I made a bad mistake once, and I would rather give occasionally to the unworthy than to ever deny assistance to the worthy. "Once upon a time I was in St. Louis on business. It was winter, and you know how cold that town can be when it tries hard. I was out on the street at 11 o'clock one bitter night when a chap struck me for a dime. He was poorly clad, looked hungry and sick, and I ought to have handed out the money at once. I was just brute enough not to do it. He followed me a hundred feet, begging and pleading, and I finally threatened to have him arrested. He turned away with a sob in his throat, and I went on to the hotel. There was a big snowstorm that night, and next morning they found him in a drift, frozen stark and stiff. I saw the body and recognized it. The pale face was pinched and drawn with hunger and suffering, and the eyes were as wide open as yours—great big blue eyes, sunken back in their sockets, and staring at me in an awful way. Yes, sir, they seemd to be fastened on me alone, and to follow me as I moved. When I heard car drivers, draymen, bootblacks and newsboys, saying how gladly they would have given the poor wretch a quarter to buy lodgings and food, I sneaked away, feeling that I was a murderer. It hurt me more than I can tell you. I don't want to be asked for alms. I give to some who are, no doubt, undeserving, but I take my chances on that. That thing rests like a murder on my conscience, and nothing like it shall happen again."—St. Paul Globe.

Read THE REVIEW for news.



Prize Winner at the World's Fair.
A. W. MEYER & CO.
Barrington, Ill., sell "White Swan" Flour

C. & N.-W. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAY TRAINS--NORTH.		
LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'T'N.
3 00 A. M.		4 00 A. M.
7 30	8 32 A. M.	8 50
8 15		9 11
9 10	10 19	10 30
10 50	11 58	12 10 P. M.
* 1 30 P. M.	* 2 45 P. M.	* 3 00
3 30	4 47	5 02
5 00	5 57	6 09
6 01	7 08	7 20
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

WEEK DAY TRAINS--SOUTH.		
LV. BARR'T'N.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 10 A. M.	6 19 A. M.	7 25 A. M.
6 45	6 55	7 55
7 10	7 22	8 20
7 55	8 09	9 15
9 10	9 23	10 30
9 52	10 02	11 00
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 20
5 02	5 12	6 15

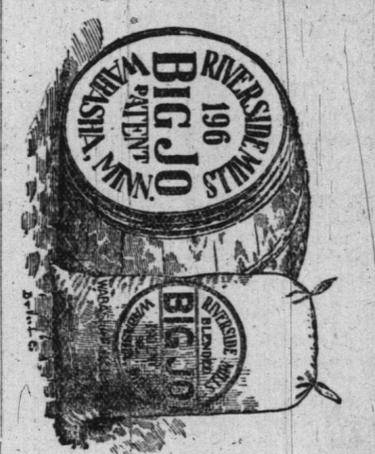
SUNDAY TRAINS--NORTH.		
LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'T'N.
4 00 A. M.		4 02 A. M.
9 10	10 19 A. M.	10 20
1 30 P. M.	2 45 P. M.	3 00 P. M.
4 45	6 00	6 12
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

SUNDAY TRAINS--SOUTH.		
LV. BARR'T'N.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
7 10 A. M.	7 19 A. M.	8 10 A. M.
7 55	8 09	9 15
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 20
4 25	4 35	5 35
9 10	9 23	10 35

Farm land in the vicinity of Morton, Tazewell county, Illinois, has increased in value all the way from \$115 to \$150 per acre. The reason for the rapid rise in real estate is assigned to the fact that a settlement of believers in the Omish religion, has located there. The members of the church make good farmers and never dabble in politics, not even participating in village elections.

The Waukegan Gazette says: "Good roads would be easy of achievement if townships would take up short sections at a time and keep at it, and keep in order what they build. If this policy had been begun during the prosperous decades of the last third of a century, when country productions of all kinds brought good prices, the principal thoroughfares throughout the country would now be in splendid condition. The thing is to make a beginning and keep at it."

The Best Flour



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