

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 11. No. 6.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1896.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

DESERVE THEIR DIPLOMAS.

The Graduates of the Barrington High School Prove Themselves Worthy of the Honor Bestowed on Them.

AN AUSPICIOUS EVENT.

The Salem Church is Well Filled With an Intellectual and Select Audience, Who Could Not Do Otherwise Than Commend the Efforts of the Class of '96.

The graduating exercises of the Barrington High school at the Salem church, Wednesday evening, were of a high character, and speak well of the Class of '96 and their friends who assisted them.

The beautiful church edifice was filled by 8 o'clock, even standing room being at a premium. The altar had been beautifully decorated by a circle of beautiful flowers, palms, waterlilies and other choice plants predominating. Over the altar had been suspended, in a half circle, the class motto: "To the Stars Through Difficulties," encased in evergreen, and six stars told the number of graduates.

At 8:25 o'clock Organist Alberding played a march which was the signal for the Class of '96 to enter, and they took their seats on the platform to the right of where the Board of Education had already been seated.

Rev. Theodore Sulr then offered up an earnest appeal to the Teacher of Teachers for the guidance of the class through the journey of life, and asked Him to bless the meeting.

"Old Black Joe" was sung in a creditable manner by the quartette composed of F. E. Lines, Frank Plagge, John C. Plagge and J. E. Heise.

The honorary essay with salutatory by Miss Lizzie M. Catlow entitled "The Unseen Architect," was rendered in a very able manner. Her salutatory was given in a way that made the audience feel that they were welcome, and her essay was a meritorious one.

Miss Esther Lageschulte's essay, "Home," was a masterpiece, full of sound arguments. Her entire essay bristled with beautiful sentences, and good advice. No one could do the subject more justice than did Miss Lageschulte in her essay.

Miss Genevieve Kitson of Chicago in reciting "The Death Bridge of the Thames" played with the emotions of the audience as the wind toys with the waves. At one point in the recitation there was hardly a dry eye in the audience, while at the close, when it was discovered that the hero had not perished, undisguised pleasure was depicted on every countenance. She completely captivated the audience.

Dr. Kendall, accompanied on the organ by Mrs. Kendall, sang a solo entitled "The Holy City" in an unusually fine manner, and responding to an encore made a decided hit by singing "The St. Louis Cyclone."

The honorary essay "What Does Success Depend Upon" was a piece of literary accomplishment of a superior quality. Miss Maud Osgood's arguments were sound. The foundation of her essay was a strong one, and was contained in the following paragraph: "Whether our lives will be successful or not must be answered by ourselves alone."

Miss Carrie Kingsley then favored the audience with a solo entitled "I Heard a Song" which was splendid, and deserved the hearty applause she received.

No higher tribute could have been bestowed on the land of the Stars and Stripes than did Miss Cora A. Palmer in her essay, "Our Nation." It was a document full of patriotic sentences.

Misses Carrie Kingsley and Anna Krahn sang a duet entitled "Good Bye, Good Bye, Ye Roses Fair." To say that it was fine is putting it mildly. The ladies possess splendid voices, and have captured the hearts of the Barrington public. For an encore they sang "Ship Ahoy!"

Miss Delia Gleason's essay with valedictory, "The Thoughts of Men Have Widened with the Process of the Sun," was good. Her treatment of the subject proved her to be well acquainted with history. She took up man's progress from the primitive ages up to

the present time. She delivered the valedictory in a very graceful and touching manner.

Rev. T. E. Ream then presented the pupils of the 8th grade with their diplomas. He admonished them to look ever upward. His remarks were full of good advice, and left a deep impression.

A. J. Redmond, in presenting the graduates of the 10th grade with their diplomas, made a short address which was especially appropriate. He told them that the best was yet before them, and their aim should be to keep on studying, even if circumstances would not permit them to continue in school life. His advice should be heeded by the class.

The graduates were: Esther A. Lageschulte, Maud E. Osgood, Lizzie M. Catlow, Cora A. Palmer, Della V. Gleason and Ben E. Landwer.

Miss Kitson then rendered a recitation which was well received.

"The Old Chimney Corner," sung by the quartette, closed the exercises.

THE REVIEW congratulates the graduates, and hopes that they will make good use of their opportunities in the long journey through life. Remember that the world admires a successful man or woman, but despises failures.

Barrington can well feel proud of their efficient corps of teachers.

SPRING LAKE.

Where will you spend the Fourth?

W. H. Heath is building a new barn.

John Suchy was a Barrington caller Tuesday.

Rudolph Suchy's little son is quite ill.

Say, C—, that suit was out of sight. Where did you get it?

Mr. and Mrs. Cady called on Carpentersville friends Tuesday.

Mrs. F. A. Cady entertained her mother and sister of Elgin on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Smith entertained Mrs. Smith's sister, brother and mother, all of Chicago, on Sunday.

D. Heager is putting an addition on his barn on the farm recently purchased from R. W. Haeger.

Work has been begun on the grading Cady's hill. When finished it will be a great improvement.

Messrs. McCredie and Hubbard of Elgin passed through here on their way to Barrington.

Miss Jennie Haeger of Algonquin visited Spring Lake and Barrington friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Arkell have returned from Geneva Lake, and are "at home" to their friends at the old Miller homestead.

Say, boys, what was the matter with that serenade the other night? Can't you do better than that?

Miss Monroe has recovered sufficiently to resume the duties of her school room.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Estergreen and Misses Emily Estergreen and Mary Albright attended the Woodmen's picnic.

There was a game of ball at Barrington Center Sunday between a Spring Lake nine and the Centre team. We did not ascertain which side was victorious.

We wonder if those Wauconda gentlemen bottled up any of that perfume they discovered Saturday evening near Foreman's pavilion. If they did we would advise them not to use too much on their handkerchiefs. Did you take it for one of Johnson's cats?

Rev. Mr. Elliot of Algonquin conducted services at the school house Sunday evening, a fair-sized audience being in attendance. He will preach again next Sunday evening. Hereafter services will be conducted at the school house every two weeks.

Why buy anything but the very best flour. You always get the BEST when you use A. W. Meyer & Co's fancy patent flour. It is made from choice old wheat—giving far better results than the other brands of flour, and it costs less. Don't buy anything else.

DOWN TO BUSINESS.

The Village Board Accomplishes Good Results at Saturday's Session.

The village fathers accomplished more good at their meeting Saturday evening than at all their previous meetings combined towards bringing the litigation over opening up Station street. The Board went about the matter in a business like manner, and used good judgment and tact.

The meeting was called to order by President Boehmer, Hatje, Peters, Collen and Robertson answering the Clerk Powers' roll call with "present." Trustee Willmarth came in a few minutes later, leaving only Grunau absent.

The treasurer's bond, which had been drawn up by Village Attorney Redmond, was read and approved. The bond is for \$5,000.

A committee, appointed by the property owners along the proposed street at their meeting Wednesday evening of last week, reported that four of the property owners did not feel like settling, but that the rest were willing to settle at two-thirds of the assessed benefits.

The President and members of the Board then started in and before the meeting came to a close had a proposition from three of the objecting property owners that was satisfactory. Owing to the absence of Attorney Redmond the Board did not take any definite action, but will do so at their next regular meeting, July 1st, by which time it is expected a satisfactory settlement will be made with all the property owners.

No other business being before the house the Board adjourned until their next regular meeting.

CUBA.

Count that day lost whose low descending sun Views from thy hand no worthy action done.

W. Bronton is entertaining his brother from Chicago.

Mrs. R. Reynoldson returned from the city Monday.

Cora Davlin was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

W. Toynton was a Barrington visitor Monday.

Mr. Knigge made a business call in Cuba recently.

John Gale was a Barrington visitor this week. PEGGY.

THE FATE OF THE CUBA SWELLS.

Once upon a time, as the story goes, A couple of sports attired in swell clothes,

Went over the line to attend a ball; But the consequence was: "Pride getteth a fall."

They were jogging along at a very good rate,

When an accident happened, sad, sad to relate.

An innocent polecat while out for a stroll

Made the gentlemen wish the animal had stayed in its hole.

They entered the ball-room with elegant grace,

And delight was established in each lady's face.

The gentlemen grew bolder and mixed with the throng,

But it soon became noticeable that something was wrong.

For the pretty young ladies beginning to sniff,

Whenever their noses encountered a whiff.

The gentlemen thought it was now time to go,

And made their departure with hearts filled with woe.

They arrived at their homes, no pride to display.

And returned to their beds, to dream until day.

Their uneasy slumber was broken at ten;

Morn presented "two sad, but wiser men." —B. B.

It pays to buy your painting materials of J. D. Lamey & Co., Barrington. They are selling Shipman's strictly pure white lead at \$5.40 per hundred pounds, and the best linseed oil at 45 cents per gallon.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Bargains in SHOES.

A LADY'S FINE SHOE for \$1.39 a pair

Ladies' Fine Gondola Kid Shoes, razor toe, fancy patent tip. A shoe for which other dealers will ask you from \$1.75 to \$2.00 a pair. Our price for them only \$1.39 a pair.

Ladies' Dress Shoes

We take special care in the selection of our ladies' dress shoes, seeing that the quality of material used and workmanship are kept up to that high standard that have given our shoes such a high reputation for their beauty of styles and their perfect fit. We can give you any size or last you may wish.

Prices—\$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00 to \$3.50 per pair.

Low Shoes

Ladies' and Misses' Low Shoes, both in Blacks and Tans. Our prices are always the lowest in town.

THE STORE FOR BARGAINS:

A. W. MEYER & CO., Barrington

Something New

Clock with Alarms, by which you can tell the time at night without the use of light of any kind. They are good time-pieces. Examine them.

6 per cent. off for cash on all my goods.

Dueber Silverine Case Watch,

with a good Elgin movement, for only \$5.00. These watches are guaranteed for three years.

Hampden 17-jewel Movement in a 14-karet Gold-filled Case. Hunting-cases, that are warranted for 25 years, only \$22.50

Gold-filled Chains, not the plated stuff, but chains that are guaranteed for 20 years \$4.00

Gold-plated Chains that are beauties and are warranted for 5 years, will go at \$1.00

Watch Charms The largest and finest stock ever brought to this section, from 40c up

Fancy Clocks that are elegant time pieces, and are fit to adorn any dining-room; \$5.00 up

JEWELRY

The best line of Solid Gold, as well as gold-filled and gold-plated ware. Also fine stock of Silverware.

New '96 Styles

SPECIAL

Ladies' Gold-filled Watch, only \$18.50

Hunting case, with the best Hampden movement. The cases are warranted for twenty years. It is as good a watch as you can find anywhere

REPAIRING

Promptly attended to. I guarantee all my work for two years. Having had many years of experience I am able to give satisfaction. Rates the lowest.

I respectfully invite the public to call and inspect my stock and get my prices.

J. JAPPE,

BARRINGTON PALATINE

FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.



BULLETIN 56 of the Kansas Experiment Station says: An experiment designed to test the value of the theory often advanced that the proper way to treat the corn crop is to give it frequent and shallow culture has been tried here. It

has now been tested here for several years, and while these tests have not established just how often corn must be cultivated, they prove beyond a doubt that it is possible to cultivate it too much. The drawback to the experiment is that frequent cultivation, as for instance twice or three times a week, necessitates the stirring of the soil at times when it is not in proper condition to be stirred. In the present case, when rains fell at such times that the ground would be too wet to cultivate on the assigned dates, the cultivation was postponed or omitted altogether. There were last year thirty plats devoted to the experiment. Each plat was a long narrow strip only four rows wide, and a guard row separated adjoining plats, so that the treatment of one plant could not affect its neighbor. The rows were 3.5 feet apart and the stalks sixteen inches apart in the row. In 1892, the plats cultivated once in two weeks gave exactly the same average as the plats cultivated twice a week. In 1893, the plats cultivated once a week gave the best yield, and there was a decrease by giving either more or less cultivation. The average for three years gives the best yield to plats cultivated once a week. We have averages for four years for cultivations of twice a week, once a week, and once in two weeks, the yields from the two latter treatments being the best and almost alike.

Wide Tires for Wagons.

The introduction of broad tires upon all farm wagons and carts adapted for heavy draft purposes alone would do much to improve roads, since half the trouble seems to arise from heavy loads carting over country roads at seasons of the year when the ground is soft. At Tuxedo, where all draft wagons are prohibited an entry unless furnished with broad-tired wheels, the tremendous advantage over the ordinary tires has been plainly proved, for there, even when the roads are softest and at their worst, they never cut up through the constant carting of heavy loads of brick, stone or lumber over them; for the tires, by being so broad that they can not cut in and hence track in the same place, act somewhat like rollers in keeping the roads hard and smooth. So much might be accomplished in this way if every one living in the country, when buying a farm wagon or cart, would not only make a point of getting one with broad tires, but would at the same time exert his influence to that effect with his friends and neighbors. For could the merit of these tires as road-improvers once become known throughout the country, public spirit alone would cause their use to become general and much of the present trouble arising from the deep, rutty condition of the roads would cease as if by magic.—Gen. Roy Stone.

Forcing Plants by Electricity.

The professors in the department of horticulture at Cornell have just concluded important experiments in developing plants by electric light. Prof. Bailey said:

"We are highly gratified with the result. We have proved that by using electric light during the day time we can produce lilies fully two weeks before those that are grown under natural conditions. The effect is fully as marked in the case of lettuce, but we found that electricity is a positive detriment to peas.

"We will continue our investigation on different plants, and will ascertain the effects on vegetation of the Roentgen rays. We shall also experiment on plants by electrifying the atmosphere in which the plants are grown."—Ex.

Insecticides and Fungicides.

The season for spraying our orchards and vineyards is at hand, and it should be attended to at once.

It is estimated that the apple crop alone in Indiana, in an ordinary season amounts to approximately 3,000,000 bushels, and it is also estimated that at least two thirds of these would be classed as "seconds" in the market, owing to the defects caused by insects and fungi. This means a direct loss to the farmers of the state from this one cause, of at least \$500,000 annually. This same may be said of all other kinds of fruit to a greater or less extent, so that a set of spraying machinery has come to be just as essential to successful fruit culture as the trees themselves; for it has been thoroughly demonstrated that from 80 to 90

per cent. of the fruit crop can be saved in perfect condition by an intelligent use of the spray pump; and at a cost of not more than 30 to 40 cents per tree. In the application of insecticides it should be remembered that there are two classes of insects with which we have to deal; one takes its food by eating the foliage, fruit, etc., while the second class sucks its nourishment from the interior of the stem, foliage or fruit. The Tent caterpillar, Canker worm and Currant worm are familiar examples of the first-class, and the plant lice, squash bug, etc., represent the second class. Accordingly insecticides may be divided into two classes, viz: (1) those which must be taken into the system before becoming active, and which contain more or less arsenic, such as Paris green, London purple and White arsenic, and which should be used at the rate of one pound to 200 gallons of water; (2) those which kill by contact; such as kerosene emulsion, pyrethum, bi-sulphide of carbon, etc. The only precaution necessary here is in the use of bi-sulphide of carbon, which is very explosive when brought near the fire. It is used in the destruction of all kinds of grain insects in bins. To these may be added a third class called repellants—those which by their offensive odors prevent egg laying—such as carbolic acid, soft soap, etc., which are applied to the bodies of trees as a prevention against the attacks of borers. The numerous fungous diseases, such as the black rot of grapes, apple scab, plum rot, etc., require a different class of remedies. The one in most general use is the Bordeaux mixture, which is made by dissolving six pounds of sulphate of copper and four pounds of quick lime and adding these to 45 or 50 gallons of water. The first application should be made before any sign of the disease has manifested itself, repeating at intervals of ten or fifteen days. After the fruit has set a combination of Paris green and Bordeaux mixture will be found to serve a double purpose in destroying both insects and fungi.—James Troop, Horticulturist Indiana Experiment Station.

Soil for Strawberries.

In choosing a place for a strawberry bed, much depends upon the intentions of the grower. The early and late berries bring the best prices. Now if it is desired to have an early crop, we should choose a warm sandy soil and a southern exposure. On the other hand, if we want late berries we must choose a cooler, heavier soil and a northern slope. In general, we may say that a soil which will grow fine corn and potatoes will produce good strawberries. The best soil, perhaps, is a deep, strong, sandy loam, but no one kind of soil is equally well adapted to every variety. The soil must be moist but not too wet, and well drained. It must also be naturally rich or well fertilized. Old sod is not to be recommended on account of the presence of white grubs which attack the roots of the strawberry. Thorough preparation of the soil is the foundation of success. The strawberry is not particular as to the kind of manure applied, provided it is in sufficient quantity. Well rotted stable manure is scarcely to be excelled. A compact of muck and manure is one of the best fertilizers for light soils, ashes are also valuable, especially on sand soils. Concentrated fertilizers are sometimes used with good results, but care must be taken in applying them not to injure the plants. Plow deep. It is well to plow in the fall and re-plant in the spring, so as to get the manure well mixed with the soil. Subsoiling is recommended but is not necessary. One acre well prepared and cultivated will produce more fruit than three or four poorly prepared.—A. M. Ten Eyck.

Cost of Wheat in England.—An exhaustive discussion has been going on for some time through the columns of the Cable, Lord Winchelsea's paper, as to whether or not wheat can be raised in England with profit at 40 shillings sterling per quarter, or about \$1.20 per bushel. The statements of cost per acre vary widely, as they do in this country, mainly owing to differences in estimates of incidental expenses, wear and interest on machinery and cost of manure. Rent and taxes are included in all. Taking four quarters or thirty-two bushels as the yield per acre these statements give the cost of production at from about \$25 to \$35 per acre, or from about 80 cents to \$1.10 per bushel.—Ex.

Hotbeds.—The use of hotbeds by farmers is on the increase, especially where summer boarders are kept, and where light sales are made at near-by village stores. The frames used are simple affairs, usually consisting of a cheap board one foot high at the front and eighteen inches at the rear, giving the sash a slope towards the rays of the sun and at an angle that will give less of reflection to them than a flat surface. Common sash are used generally on the farm from some old building that has undergone repairs.—Ex.

Pinching Back Canes.—When new canes of the raspberries and blackberries are 15 or 18 inches high, pinch off the top about three inches. This will cause side branches to grow, making well formed bushes, and greatly increase the bearing surface of the canes.—M. A. Thayer.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.



THE TRADE REVIEW.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK REMAINS UNCHANGED.

Generally Dull and Conservative — Government Crop Report Said by Dun & Co. to Be Misleading — Failures for the Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Speculative reaction has not in the least changed the business outlook. The fictitious prices made for wheat and cotton meant no good except for individuals, and the change to prices more nearly in accord with actual relations of demand and supply only conforms to conditions which have been well known for months. The attack on stocks on Wednesday was so plainly artificial that its influence passed with the day, and neither in foreign relations nor in domestic business was there anything to justify alarm.

The government report as to wheat indicated a much smaller yield than anybody really expects, but that has become so much the rule that the report had no real influence, and the principal effect was the serious depression caused by large sales in anticipation of the report which seemed to be thoroughly known in advance to some speculators. While Atlantic exports for the week were 1,588,158 bushels, flour included, against only 809,539 bushels last year, the comparison is obviously exceptional and significant, while the receipts at western ports of 2,429,345 bushels, against 1,386,230 bushels last year, show persistency of conditions which have governed the movements during the whole year.

The government estimate as to cotton was unexpectedly favorable, and has caused a decline of more than half a cent in a single week, but it is only just to say that some reaction from artificial prices would have come earlier if information much more reliable than that of the government had not been persistently discredited.

It is not the time to look for marked improvement in industries, and the best thing that can be said of them is

CULLOM GIVES IT UP.

Senator Says His Name Will Not Be Presented at St. Louis.

Washington special: Senator Cullom has definitely declared himself out of the presidential race. He said Tuesday: "My name will not be presented to the St. Louis convention. McKinley will be nominated. I came to the conclusion that it was no use for me to do anything immediately the Springfield convention declared for McKinley." The senator thinks the republican convention should declare for the gold standard.

Indiana Gold Men Make No Headway.

Indianapolis (Ind.) special: The leading advocates of the free coinage of silver take it that the action of the democrats of the Second district Wednesday indicates what may be expected in every district in the state. The convention instructed delegates to the Chicago convention to vote for a free coinage plank and to support no candidate who was not committed to the free coinage of silver. Gov. Matthew's candidacy was endorsed.

The state committee, representing the gold standard wing of the party, has practically abandoned all hope of making any headway. It is predicted by representative democrats that the committee will within the next ten days decide not to oppose the free silver crowd on the floor of the convention. It is announced that the banks have begun calling in their paper on account of the free silver movement. The free silver leaders say their cause cannot be injured by any such move.

Michigan Silver Men Happy.

Detroit, Mich., special: "The Michigan delegation will be a unit for free silver in the democratic convention when the committee on credentials gets through with it," says Fred A. Baker, the leader of the silver democrats in Michigan. "The Michigan delegation," he adds, "will be contested, and as the committee on credentials has a majority in favor of silver our contests, in which we are in the right, will be settled in our favor. As the unit rule has already been adopted the delegation can be reckoned solid for silver." According to Mr. Baker the silver men will have the necessary two-thirds to

SEEN AT ST. LOUIS.



that none have as yet been seriously disturbed by the threatened labor difficulties. It seems not improbable that all such difficulties may be averted, except, perhaps, the controversy about wages of iron puddlers and tin plate workers.

The textile manufacturers are making no improvement. The accumulation of cotton goods continues, print cloths have declined to the lowest point ever reached, and a general stoppage to relieve the market is expected.

Failures for the week have been 246 in the United States, against 241 last year, and twenty-seven in Canada, against twenty-four last year.

control the national convention and nominate their candidate.

Chance to Win a Victory.

Glenwood Springs, Colorado, special: Judge Henry C. Caldwell of the United States circuit court, who is stopping here, was asked whether he would accept a nomination for the presidency from the populist and the silver conventions at St. Louis. He replied emphatically that he would not. He thought that if all friends of silver could be brought together they could win the greatest victory for the people since the days of Lincoln.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Lost, Strayed or Stolen" will receive its first production on any stage at McVicker's theater next Monday night, June 15.

"Lost, Strayed or Stolen" is a musical comedy, libretto being furnished by J. Cheever Goodwin and the music by Woolson Morse. It was specially written for production this summer at McVicker's Theater, arrangements for which were completed over a year ago. The company that is to present it will include some of the best known comedians to-day on the stage, among whom may be mentioned: Fred Wright, Jr., M. J. Kennedy, Cyril Scott, George Backus, Robert Cotton, Harry Allen, Gilbert Clayton, Charles Plunkett, Wm. Cullington, Misses Jennie Goldthwaite, Alice Holbrook, Florence Thornton, Rose Beaudet, Georgie Caine, Madge Gree, Geo. McGee, musical conductor. Rehearsals are now in progress under the stage directions of Mr. Ben Teal, and Mr. Brooks reports favorable results are assured.

The American Theatrical Syndicate Musical Comedy Company, as the organization is styled that is to present "Lost, Strayed or Stolen," will be under the direction of the American Theatrical Syndicate, of which Mr. Brooks is general manager. Mr. Brooks has given the immediate management of the company to Mr. James C. Duff, of comic opera fame. The production will in every way be a magnificent one. The stage settings, four in number, come from the brush of Walter Burdige, who is acknowledged to be the best scenic painter in this country, and some novel stage effects are promised in a scenic way. The costumes are being made by Dazian, of New York.

Commencing Monday, June 15, Miss Ada Rehan, with Augustin Daly's company, will begin a two weeks' engagement at the Columbia theater. Miss Rehan will be seen in an attractive round of her great parts, including, what is considered her greatest, Katharine in the "The Taming of the Shrew."

The repertoire for the first week is now arranged finally as follows: Monday, "The Last Word;" Tuesday night and Wednesday matinee, "School for Scandal;" Wednesday night, "Twelfth Night;" Thursday, "Love on Crutches;" Friday, "Midsummer Night's Dream;" Saturday matinee and night, "Taming of the Shrew."

For the second week she will give us the three-act comedy, "The Countess Gucki," which it seems has proved very successful. The scene of the play is at Carlsbad, in 1819, so that time and place admit of quaint and showy costumes. The characters are of the society gathered at that famous spot and the story is one of several loves and lovers. Countess Gucki has had her romance. When 16 she had refused to marry an old general, but wedded another to please her friends, and was happy when death made her a widow. Years later the general reappears and besieges her heart again, but while he is delaying his nephew wins the bride.

Countess Gucki is a woman of the world, of the Austrian type, just the sort of character which Miss Rehan plays so charmingly. She chides the foolish, engages in battle with the smart, rebukes the bores and advises the tender and timid.

On July 1 the roof garden, which is to form a pleasant part of the Great Northern theater, will be thrown open to the public, and it is promised that it will be a genuine and delightful surprise to amusement seekers in Chicago. S. E. Rork, A. M. Palmer's partner in the Great Northern theater enterprise, has arrived from New York and announces that the roof garden will be in operation by July 1 and the theater proper by the first week in September. Albert L. Sutherland, who accompanied Mr. Rork from New York, will manage the roof garden, and it may be remarked by the way that a better man for the position could not have been found. Mr. Sutherland later on will be the resident acting manager of the theater also.

On Sunday, June 21, David Henderson's new comic opera company will make its first appearance at the Schiller in "The Mikado." The company is now nearly complete, and while the full list of names cannot be given it already includes Louise Eising, who was the prima donna for the first fourteen weeks when the Castle Square theater, Boston, inaugurated about a year ago its stock comic opera company. Miss Joanna Schaumburg, the well-known German soubrette and daughter of Mrs. Schaumburg, an artist who has for years been prominent in German theatrical circles; Miss Helen von Doenhoeff, a contralto prominent in grand and in comic opera; Miss Beatrice McKenzie, who during last season was prima donna of the Wang company, and Miss Louise Willis. The scenery is being painted and the costumes are being made now.

Barrington Review.

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—BY—

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Pub.

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Free silver coinage at 16 to 1 is the short way of saying: "The free coinage of silver with sixteen ounces of silver bullion taken as equal in value to one ounce of gold bullion," when in point of fact it takes 31 ounces of silver to equal the commercial value of one ounce of gold all over the world. Under a 16 to 1 free coinage law any man who has 51 cents worth of silver bullion can take it to the mint where the government will coin it into a silver dollar for him free of charge. In other words its advocates want the law to provide that for every 31½ grains of silver—worth in every part of the world 51 cents in gold—the government shall give them back a coin that will be accepted in lieu of their claims as the equivalent of a gold dollar worth 100 cents.

The Elgin Butter company, the Elgin Creamery company, W. W. Sherwin and S. R. Udell are the firms which make more than 75 per cent of the total output of filled cheese. Under favorable trade conditions the output has run about twenty-five cars a day, or 600,000 pounds, worth at the market price of 5 cents a pound, \$30,000. Illinois dairymen have been the most active in the fight against filled cheese. Wisconsin and Iowa have laws against its manufacture and sale. Only two firms in South Water street have been handling any considerable quantity of filled cheese, S. R. Udell and E. A. Rosner & Co. They do not like the new law. Others handling dairy products favor it. Said Obadiah Sands, of the Elgin Creamery company: "We have been making more of it than anybody, but we shall stop." D. F. Barkley is quoted as saying: "The effect of this bill will be the lowering of the price of milk. Creamery owners have been enabled to pay ten to fifteen cents more a hundred for milk on account of the manufacture of this article" John Newman, president of the Elgin board of trade, says he does not think the price of milk will be lowered, and if it is it cannot be more than 10 cents a hundred less, and the skim milk is surely worth this to the farmer.

A Race of Dwarfs in America.

Interest has been awakened by Dr. A. Donaldson Smith's recent investigations among the dwarf tribes of Africa. It is sufficiently well established now that these little people are not at all like the full grown negro of Africa. The difference is not merely one of size. The dwarf people are called negritos. The real negro has large hands and feet, a long head and a smooth skin. The dwarfs are round headed, have small and delicately formed hands and feet, and their bodies are covered with a soft down. At the same time they are entirely free from the odor which so often characterizes the real negro.

Dr. Smith finds that there are different tribes of dwarfs in east, west, central and south Africa. They seldom reach a height of 5 feet, the tallest of them. The men average about 4 feet 9 inches, the women less.

It has been left for Dr. J. Weir to make the discovery that we have colonies of negritos in America identical in type in every particular with Dr. Smith's little people of Africa. Their ancestors were known in the old slave importing days as "Guinny niggers." They have never amalgamated with the ordinary negro, but have kept to themselves so that now, after a century in America, the differences between them and other negroes is distinctly traceable. Dr. Weir describes them in The Popular Science Monthly. One settlement of these peculiar dwarfs is at Charleston, D. C., another at Bayou Goula, La. Still others are along the coasts of the southern Atlantic and gulf states. It is among these little negritos that voodoo and devil worship flourish most.

The two most pitiable creatures in existence today are the Turkish sultan and General Weyer in Cuba. Both live in daily, cowardly dread of assassination, probably because both know they have done that which merits it.

Electricity From Coal.

If a successful process for obtaining electrical power directly from coal without the intervention of furnace, boiler or dynamo has not been discovered, it seems only a matter of a short time when it will be. A man in New York claims to have solved the problem. Edison has been at work on the same thing 15 years.

Finally Dr. Jacques of Boston is certain he has found the way to get a current of any needed power from carbon and washing soda. Dr. Jacques' process is simple. He puts the lump of caustic soda into an iron pot. He heats the pot to a temperature of 300 degrees. The soda melts and forms what experts call an electrolyte. He thrusts a stick of carbon into the soda; next an iron tube ditto. Through the iron pipe he forces by means of a pump a stream of oxygen. The oxygen bubbles up through the soda, and some of it comes in contact with the stick of carbon as it bubbles. That produces the electricity. Connect the carbon stick and the iron pot by a wire, and there you are. Along the wire flows a stream of electricity ten times as powerful as that obtained from the same amount of carbon or coal by the ordinary process—at least so Dr. Jacques claims. The electricity is generated by the air and carbon. The soda merely enables them to unite.

Korea has nothing against the United States anyhow. She has granted to an American syndicate the privilege of building a railroad within her borders. The road will extend from the capital of Korea, Seoul, to her seaport, Chemulpo. The American is everywhere. It is agreeable to find in connection with the concession that Russia, now the virtual controller of Korea, not only interposed no objection to the grant, but actually approved it, and the Russian minister at Seoul gave useful suggestions to the enterprising Yankees who planned the road. This shows a most cordial feeling on the part of Russia to the United States. Citizens of few other nations would have been allowed to construct a railroad in Korea. That is because Russia knows the United States minds its own business, wants no additional territory and is not the least bit of a jingo, the scolding charges of President Eliot of Harvard to the contrary notwithstanding.

The British house of lords will now have to go sure enough. Labouchere has proclaimed war to the knife against them. There is only one obstacle to the accomplishment of Labouchere's magnificent scheme of forming an advanced radical section in the house of commons which shall work to extend progressive ideas through the country and make parliament a thoroughly democratic body. That is that nobody except himself can be persuaded to take Labouchere seriously.

No less than 20,000 Americans will attend the celebration this summer at Budapest of Hungary's one thousandth year of existence as a nation. Not many nations are so rich that 20,000 of their citizens are to be seen in one city at one time. Counting Americans who will make tours in other parts of the world, not less than 150,000 Yankees will be away from home the present summer, traveling in Europe, Asia and elsewhere. This does not look as if we were having such very hard times after all.

When China borrows \$80,000,000 to pay the Japanese indemnity and that amount of money is locked up at one time in the Bank of England waiting transportation, all the world feels it, and the money market becomes tight in Europe and America.

WHAT IS CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS?

Carbolineum Avenarius is a wood-preserving oil stain and preventive of dampness in walls; a paint that will never wear out nor wash off, and neither is it inflammable or poisonous. It imparts to woodwork a neat and lasting nut-brown color, and its large covering capacity makes it the cheapest paint for all farm buildings, barns, graineries, silos, fence posts, windmill towers, etc. It is equally efficient above or below ground or in water; and wood painted with this composition will become almost as hard as stone.

The buildings on a farm situated within a few miles of Barrington were painted with Carbolineum Avenarius several years ago, and the owner of that property is well satisfied with its preservative qualities, and strongly believes that all woodwork exposed to the weather or subject to rot, should be painted with this celebrated article. In addition to its high preservative qualities, Carbolineum Avenarius will be found to be the best preventive for chicken lice when the coops are painted with this composition.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.,
Sole agents. Barrington, Ill.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—House and two lots in Parker's subdivision, cheap. Apply to M. T. Lamey, Barrington. Will not sell property should I find a tenant.

M. C. McIntosh has for sale a few good notes of \$100 to \$500 each, well secured, which will net the investor 6 to 6½ per cent.

FOR SALE—Monarch wheel, model of 1895. Only used three months. For particulars call at this office.

FOR SALE—Farm containing 40 acres, owned by James Jones, and situated two miles east of Barrington and four miles west of Palatine. For particulars call on or address M. T. LAMEY, Barrington, Ill.



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Four Styles—\$80 and \$100

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The Best of Lower Price Wheels.
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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the
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CONFECTIONERY.
Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR
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H. BUTZOW,
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H. F. KOELLING, PURE MILK.

Milk Delivered Morning and Evening.

Fresh Milk can be had at
my residence in the Vil-
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ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY
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Keep for sale at reasonable rates

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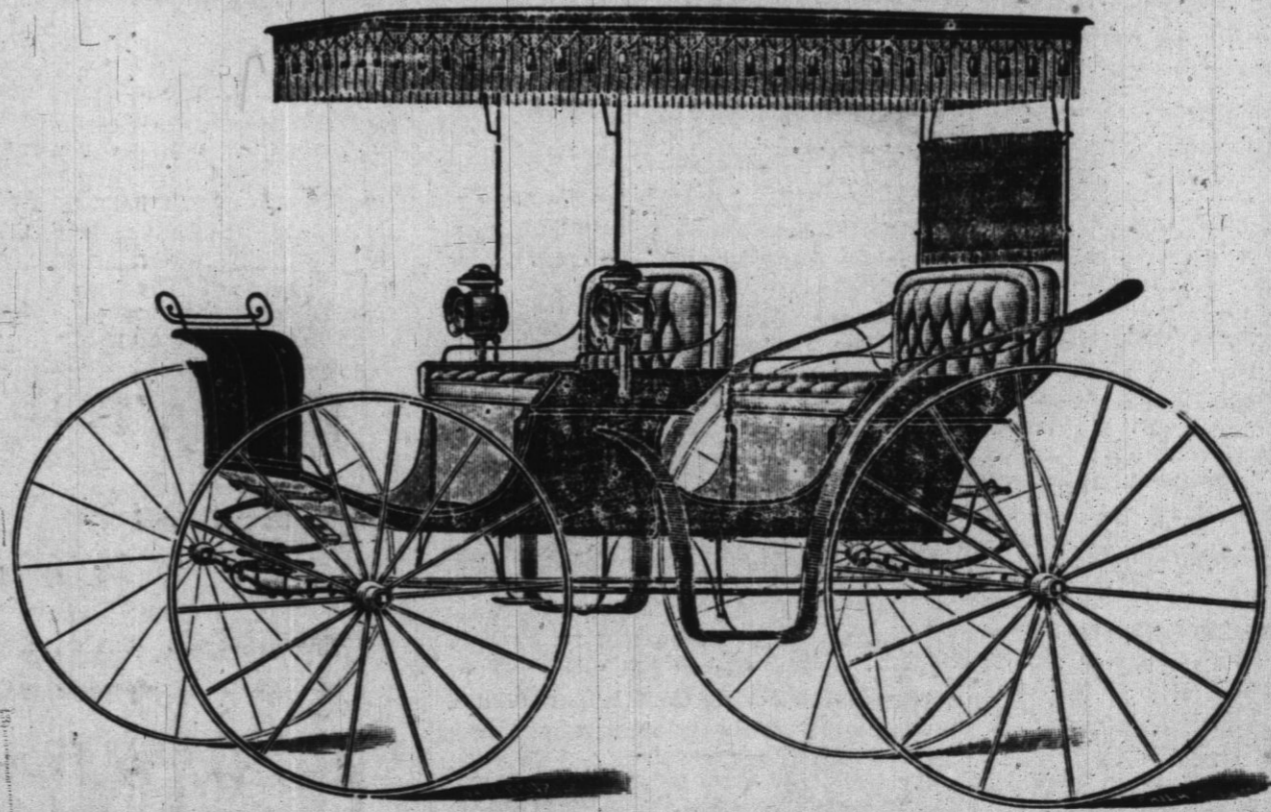
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BARREL AND LUMP SALT.

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Unsystematically

CARRIAGES



WAGGONS

BINDERS, MOWERS, RAKES

and all the other kinds of implements used on the farm, are sold by

T. V. SLOCUM

Cheaper than by any dealer in the State

HAS STOCK AT WAUCONDA, LAKE ZURICH AND NUNDA.

If you cannot catch him on the fly call on him Saturdays at Wauconda.

LAKE ZURICH.

Photo's at Al's studio.

Zurich will soon incorporate.

Subscribe for THE REVIEW.

M. Regan was seen in our burg Saturday.

J. Heimer was in our burg Tuesday.

John Stuenkel is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. J. C. Meyer entertained guests this week.

Cut your Canada thistles ere you get in trouble.

G. Walz and Henry Swerman were in Chicago Friday.

C. Drewes and wife visited here Tuesday.

H. Pepper was a Lake's Corners caller this week.

H. Swerman visited in Elgin Monday.

Trials, trubs and tribbs with some people.

H. Branding and J. C. Meyer were seen in Barrington Monday.

John Keegen and friend of Dundee called here the first of the week.

Frank Thomas of Freemont was in town Tuesday.

The Palatine school picnicked here Saturday.

Andrew Stahl of Long Grove made us a business call Tuesday.

THE REVIEW for news.

John Brommelkamp was here this week.

Wm. Conseor is spreading paint on E. Branding's building this week.

Ed Knigge of Palatine made us a visit the past week.

Otto Schmitt was in our town the first of the week.

Mrs. F. Kuckuck made business calls in the suburbs several days this week.

School has closed for the summer months.

Wm. Ernsting, sr., of Long Grove called here the first of the week.

L. Lemke and wife have bidden Zurich farewell.

Hurrah! for the grand Fourth of July celebration at Lake Zurich.

Miss Mary Shafer expects to visit Chicago friends this week.

Kuckuck, the lumberman, is stocking up his yard this week.

Miss Emma Meyer, accompanied by her niece, has returned from Chicago.

Sheriff Brown of Waukegan was observed here Tuesday.

Miss Anna Clute of Barrington was a Zurich visitor Tuesday.

Fiedeler's ponies were won by G. Pratt of Wauconda. The winning number was 75c.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Gainer are entertaining their nephew at the Elm hotel.

George Spinner took the first degree in Masonry at Barrington Saturday.

Dr. Dawson, V. Kimble and Charles Garland of Wauconda were here Monday.

Wm. Eichman and wife entertained guests from Palatine and Highland Grove Sunday.

J. D. Dymond and family of Englewood are now occupying their summer home at this place.

Many from here attended the Plum Grove picnic Saturday, while others attended the dance at Foreman's pavilion, Barrington, in the evening.

H. Sherding and J. Danielson of Palatine, accompanied by friends, took home some fine pickerel and bass, captured in Zurich lake Tuesday.

Theo. H. Ficke is expected home from Andover, Mass., next week for a visit to his folks. He is attending Phillips' Academy.

Word has been received here that Wm. Meyer, a former Zurich boy, will embark on the matrimonial ship, at Huntley, on the 24th inst.

A large, new pier is being built in the lake. Our citizens helped the matter along with liberal donations. The people of Lake Zurich are up-to-date, and no mistake.

Leave orders for any kind of card carving with Al. Price moderate. See samples. You know a card bearing your name is embellished with

flowers or scroll work, especially when it is a work of art.

Six or seven Palatine boys camped on the banks of the lake this week. They had a good time.

Come to Zurich on the evening of July 4th, and witness the greatest and grandest display of fireworks ever seen in this section of the state. No pains are being spared to make this a grand affair.

WAUCONDA.

Where are you going the Fourth?

C. E. Robinson of Chicago spent Saturday in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Ford of Chicago are spending a few days with relatives.

M. W. Hughes was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

Oram Marble visited at Harvard a few days this week.

J. Golding transacted business in Chicago Wednesday.

Leon Oaks of Chicago is visiting with relatives in our village at present writing.

The Lilah May is now undergoing repairs and will soon be in readiness to launch.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman spent Monday at McHenry with relatives.

Miss Jennie Wright of Savannah, Ill., is visiting with Mrs. G. McCollum.

Mrs. C. Hapke and Mrs. Geisler visited at McHenry Monday.

Read the advertisements of J. W. Gilbert and M. W. Hughes in another column.

Mrs. J. Baseley started for Wisconsin Sunday, where she will spend the summer.

J. D. Lamey and George Heimerdinger of Barrington visited in our village Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Spitzer of Woodstock spent Saturday here.

C. Pratt, C. Golding and H. Graham visited in Chicago a few days this week.

Linel Biggs of Chicago spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. S. Reynolds this week.

James Gainer is improving the appearance of his store by having it painted.

Miss Darrow of Waukegan spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman last week.

M. C. McIntosh has \$6000 to loan in amounts to suit. Call at his Barrington office.

Messrs. E. Harrison, M. A. Price and C. Sowles attended the Commencement Exercises at Barrington Wednesday evening.

Miss Caddie Smith, who has been spending a few days in Chicago, returned home Wednesday.

M. W. Marvin of Waukegan was a pleasant caller in our village Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton of Chicago are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Clark at present.

Miss Mary Glych will soon commence the building of a fine new residence. The material is being hauled.

Edwin Johnson, who has been working at Plano for the past two weeks was called home Wednesday on account of the illness of his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Pratt, who have been spending a few days in Chicago, returned home Wednesday.

The Alumni Association of the Wauconda High school gave their first annual banquet Thursday evening of last week at the Modern Woodmen hall. The members of the Alumni were not all present, but those who were in attendance arranged every detail with such nicety that all spent a most enjoyable evening. The Glee club sang many humorous, amusing and entertaining songs during the evening, and Mrs. C. K. Werden and Rev. Dobbins favored the audience with several select solos. The class of '96 was then put on trial, charged with trying to fly before they had properly developed wings. F. J. Grosvenor conducted the prosecution in a masterly manner, and the defendants were defended by that able jurist, J. W. Gilbert. After the pleas had been entered, and the matter had been given careful consideration by the jury, a verdict of guilty was brought in, and Judge Hubbard, in all the

glories of wig and gown, announced the sentence to be "good chickens for one year and not to attempt to fly, and to shake hands with the Alumni." After the program had been concluded refreshments were served by young waitresses, dressed in white. At the close the members clasped hands and forming a circle sang "Old Lang Sine." Many regrets were expressed for the absent ones, but it is hoped they will be able to attend the banquet next year.

CEREAL WINDSOR COFFEE SAVES HEALTH.

Nutritious as bread. Wholesome as oatmeal. Flavor similar to Mocha and Java. Exactly suits in flavor, taste and effects, those who can not use coffee. In orange red tin cans at any grocer.

It is said that Adrian Anson is the author of the lines, "I like to lie awake and hear the rain."

Mr. D. P. Davis, a prominent liveryman and merchant of Goshen, Va., has this to say on the subject of rheumatism: "I take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, as I know from personal experience that it will do all that is claimed for it. A year ago this spring my brother was laid up in bed with inflammatory rheumatism and suffered intensely. The first application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm eased the pain and the use of one bottle completely cured him. For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

Mr. Whitney seems to be one of those people who not only go through on horseback to meet trouble but supply themselves with relays.

DOES COFFEE HURT YOU.

You will find a good substitute in Windsor Cereal Coffee. It is cheaper. Goes farther. Has a delicious coffee flavor. Wholesome and healthful. In orange red tin cans of grocers.

Tom Platt may be getting walked on but there may have been better stepping-stones than that Mr. Platt is furnishing.

HOW TO TREAT A WIFE.

(From the Pacific Health Journal.) First get a wife; second be patient. You may have great trials and perplexities in your business, but do not therefor, carry to your home a cloudy or contracted brow. Your wife may have trials, which, though of less magnitude, may be hard for her to bear. A kind word, a tender look, will do wonders in chasing from her brow all clouds of gloom. To this we would add always keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. It is the best and is sure to be needed sooner or later. Your wife will then know that you really care for her and wish to protect her health. For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

Mr. Hanna seems to get along better with his chorus than most impressarios do.

A CURE FOR MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM. Mrs. R. L. Lamson, of Fairmount, Illinois, says: "My sister used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for muscular rheumatism and it effected a complete cure. I keep it in the house at all times and have always found it beneficial for aches and pains. It is the quickest cure for rheumatism, muscular pains and lameness I have seen." For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

It looks as though the pitchfork of the silverites had lost several times.

For every quarter in a man's pocket there are a dozen uses; and to use each one in such away as to derive the greatest benefit is a question every one must solve for himself. We believe, however, that no better use could be made of one of these quarters than to change it for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, a medicine that every family should be provided with. For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

POTATOES

15 cents per bushel.

\$5.00 per ton.

FOR TABLE USE, SEED OR STOCK FEEDING.

Webbe's Farm

LAKE ZURICH.

MILES T. LAMEY,

NOTARY PUBLIC and

FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

Collections Given Prompt

Attention. BARRINGTON

BETTER CALL

at the New Furniture Store of M. W. Hughes, at Wauconda, and inspect his large line of new furniture offered at such ridiculously low prices.

Oak Chamber Suits, Three Pieces—dresser, commode and bedstead. Handsomely carved, with 24x30 Bevel Plate Glass \$18.00

Woven Wire Cots, 3 feet wide, - 1.25

Woven Wire Bed Springs, per set, - 1.35

Three Bedsteads, 5 feet 6 inches high each . . 2.00

Sideboard, Antique Oak Finish, worth \$20.00, going at 10.00

M. W. HUGHES,

UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

First-class Hearse Service Furnished.

WAUCONDA, ILL.

GARLOAD of TWINE

Pure Manilla, 650 feet to the pound. 7½c per pound

Sisal, 520 feet to the pound. 6½c per pound

A COMPLETE LINE OF BICYCLES AND BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

J. W. GILBERT, Wauconda

Catch On ?

Having purchased a line of Gents' Furnishing Goods at a tremendous low figure we are enabled to offer the following bargains:

Sweaters. We have an unusually fine assortment of good serviceable sweaters from 25c up.

Stockings and Socks It takes just double the money to buy them elsewhere 4c up.

Neglige Shirts, 40c Just what you want for summer

Dress Shirts, 48c Laundered, with collars and cuffs attached, that usually retail at \$1.00 and upwards, we sell for 48c and our 78c shirts are too good values to remain long in our store, so come early and secure a bargain.

Handkerchiefs, 4c They are made of good white linen.

Neckties of every description. Windsor ties that usually retail at 15c, must go at 4c Embroidered Silk are a little more.

Undershirts, 25c up.

Suspenders, 10c up. A good sized stock to select from.

Working Pants, 75c per pair and upwards. They are well made and are of good material.

Overalls with bibs 40c

Fruits. Berries for canning purposes, by the case, will be sold at the lowest wholesale market price. Fine large bananas at 15c a dozen; good oranges cheap; extra fine lemons at 20c a dozen.

Cigars and Tobaccos. We keep in stock the celebrated Russian and Turkish Tobaccos.

Pure Candies. We keep on hand a fine stock of the best candies to be had.

These goods we have bought to sell, and being comparatively a new firm, we are striving to make your acquaintance, and in order to make it an object for you to call will slash prices right and left.

CARMEL & LIPOFSKY, Barrington, Ill.

LOW PRICES TALK

J. D. LAMEY & CO., ARE SELLING

D. B. Shipman . Strictly Pure White Lead

OR THE **\$5.40**

St. Louis - - Per Hundred Pounds.

Best Linseed Oil 45c. a Gallon.

Pretty low prices—but we find that is just what the public wants—the best at as low price as possible.

We also have a complete stock of Hard Oils, Varnishes, Colors, Heath & Milligan Mixed Paints—to be short, there is nothing in the paint line but what we can furnish the trade.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

FRANK SEARLES,

Painter and Paperhanger.

Barrington, Illinois.

First-class work at Reasonable Rates.

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

RUTHVEN'S WARD

BY FLORENCE MARRYAT.



CHAPTER X.—CONTINUED.

"Uncle is writing to Mr. Ruthven himself on the subject; but you must do all you can to persuade him to come," wrote Carmen, "for it is the peach and mulberry season, and we girls will have such a lot of fun while the guardians amuse each other. Uncle is most anxious to know Mr. Ruthven, of whom he has heard so much, and I am dying to see you. I have such a story to tell you of 'The Mysterious One.' There was an awful row just before we left. Uncle caught him sitting with me in a balcony, after every one had gone to bed, and wanted to give him in custody for a burglar. However, they explained matters and made it up again, and I believe 'The Mysterious One' has been invited to Abbotsville, but I am not sure. I don't know how it will all end, and I don't care. By which, I suppose, you will judge that my heart is not very dreadfully affected. Well, my dear, I've not made up my mind on that subject yet, so I can scarcely be expected to inform you. But he's very good looking, as I know you will allow when you see his photograph."

"Shall we go or not?" asked Ruthven with a smile, as he handed Sir Frederic's letter to Margaret.

"Will you come, too?" she exclaimed, eagerly.

"If it is agreeable to yourself. I have a fancy for seeing this grand old place you have told me so much about."

"Oh, that will be charming!" said Margaret, delightedly. "I shall enjoy my visit so much now."

And so in a few days more they left Brighton together for Abbotsville.

CHAPTER XI.

HEY were received by Sir Frederic Flower and his niece with the utmost cordiality. Carmen, who drove to the station to meet them, struck Ruthven with both interest and admiration. He was in want of a new type of heroine for a sensational drama, and this semi-Spanish young woman, with her Southern beauty, strong will, and unguided impulses, presented to him at once a character out of which he saw the capability of making great things.

She met her old school-fellow with effusion, and Ruthven with pleasant disappointment, to find him so young and so good-looking.

"My dear, I wonder you've not fallen head over heels in love with him a dozen times already," she whispered in Margaret's ear on the first opportunity; "I should, I can tell you. He doesn't look like a guardian in the least degree. He's much more like a handsome elder brother."

And when Margaret, to whom such an idea seemed like sacrilege, looked shocked, Carmen laughed aloud and declared she believed she had detected Pearl in a love affair already, and that she had only forestalled the confidence she was about to bestow on her. And she would have gone on with the joke if the sudden tears that rose to her friend's eyes had not checked her.

Sir Frederic displayed a slight return of the emotion which had affected him at the first sight of Margaret on meeting her again; but it was not sufficient to be observable, and he welcomed Ruthven with peculiar warmth to Abbotsville. He conducted him personally through the whole of the fine old house, and was delighted with the evident value his collection of paintings and other specimens of art held for Ruthven. The girls accompanied the gentlemen on this tour of inspection, which extended even to Sir Frederic's private apartments.

"There is the picture I used to tell you about," said Carmen to Margaret, as they stood in the dressing-room. "I have made two more attempts to get a look at it since coming home, but it's of no use. He keeps it locked up more securely than ever."

Margaret glanced at the place indicated, and saw a heavy, velvet curtain drawn across the wall.

"Only fancy," continued Carmen, "Webb says the reason Uncle Frederic has taken such a fancy to you is because you are something like that picture. Isn't he a queer old fellow?"

Quite cracked. I always told you so." And Carmen laughed one of those strange, unhealthy laughs she sometimes indulged in.

"Aren't you dying to hear all about 'The Mysterious One'?" she asked of her companion as soon as they had retired to rest together.

"Oh, yes, certainly—that is, I am curious to know all you wish to tell me," replied Margaret, smiling. "You're not in love with him, are you, Carmen?"

"No, I don't think I am. He is very good-looking and all that sort of thing, and uncle does not seem to object to my having him; but still, I dare say, I shall see some one I like better."

"What is his name?"

"Oh! don't you wish to hear it? I knew that would be the first question. But you don't get it out of me yet, my dear; not till you've guessed at it a thousand times."

"How can I guess what I don't know?"

"You may have heard it before, or seen him; who can tell in a big place like London."

"Does he live in London, then?"

"Yes; he was traveling, like ourselves. I met him first out walking, and we struck up a kind of acquaintance."

"Without being introduced?"

"How particular you are; well, yes, without being introduced, except by ourselves; then he followed me home, and the next day he threw a note over the garden-wall; and so it went till uncle found it out, and bundled me off home again."

"But he has asked him to Abbotsville?"

"I believe so, and he said he would come; but, meanwhile, I am not allowed to write to him, which is horribly hard."

"If you don't care for him why should you wish to write?"

"Oh, I do care in a measure. It's always nice to have a good-looking young fellow hanging after you; but I have no notion of binding myself down to marry him, or anything of that sort."

Margaret sighed and leaned out of the open window. The moonlight streamed down in a flood of radiance, and lighted up all of the unshaded portions of the park, leaving the little, leafy knolls, where the deer loved to congregate alone, in shadow. She was thinking of Hamilton, and how ready she had been to bind herself down to be faithful to his unfaith before she knew it would be such.

"Carmen!" she exclaimed, earnestly, "never marry him unless you are quite sure he will be true to you."

"Who? Hamilton Shore?"

"What did you say?" cried Margaret.

"There, now! I've let the cat out of the bag when I wanted you to guess and guess till you were tired, and then let it all come upon you as a surprise."

"Why, 'The Mysterious One' is your guardian's nephew, Hamilton Shore. I didn't know it myself till uncle caught him in my veranda and made such a fuss about it; and then the young man was obliged, in self defense, to give us his real name and address. Margaret, why don't you answer? Did you think Master Hamilton was too immaculate to go a-wooing, or are you afraid his uncle will be angry at his choosing me?"

"Oh, no! why should he be?"

"Aren't you and Hamilton friends?"

"Pretty well; that is—yes—of course we are; but I do not know what Mr. Ruthven will say to the affair. It is very sudden, and he has not been pleased with Hamilton lately."

"Oh, of course, if he sets himself against it there'll be an end of the matter," cried Carmen, not overdelighted, apparently, at the prospect; "for uncle is determined to go by Mr. Ruthven's opinion. Have you got a headache, Pearl?"

"Yes; a very bad one. I think it must be the railway traveling. It never does agree with me."

"Ah! you should have a lover like Hamilton to make you well again. I had one or two terrible headaches at Rouen, and he used to sit beside me, and fan me by the hour. It was awfully jolly. Don't you think he's very handsome, Pearl?"

"And amusing?"

"Yes."

"And agreeable?"

"Yes."

"How funny it is that other people never come to see things with the same eyes as one does one's self. Now I thought him the handsomest fellow I had ever seen; but uncle says he is only a tolerably good looking boy; and you don't appear to think much more of him. Well, goodnight, dear. I see I

have nearly talked you to sleep, so I will reserve the rest of my news for to-morrow. Only don't repeat what I said to Mr. Ruthven till uncle has broached the subject to him."

The girls were not to occupy the same room together this time, Margaret being placed on the opposite side of the corridor. As soon as Carmen had left her alone, she burst into a flood of tears. It was hard to learn that Hamilton had so soon forgotten her and all the promises he had made; still harder to find that he had deserted her for her bosom friend. Yet how glad she felt in the midst of her tears to remember that she had not confided her own bitter disappointment to Carmen; a secret which she now resolved should be forever locked in her breast. No one knew it but Mr. Ruthven and herself, and she could trust Mr. Ruthven. As the remembrance of his goodness and gentleness to her came into Margaret's mind, a warm feeling of gratitude stole over her. Even at that moment of wounded pride, she would rather be with Ruthven and without Hamilton than vice versa; and, drying her tears, she retired to rest, content in the belief that her guardian was fond of her, and would let her remain his companion to her life's end.

CHAPTER XII.



MEANWHILE the two gentlemen were occupied in earnest converse below.

"Mr. Ruthven," said Sir Frederic, after a pause, "much as I desired to see and become acquainted with one of whom the world talks so favorably,

I had another motive in asking you to Abbotsville besides the hope of numbering you amongst my friends."

"Indeed, Sir Frederic!"

"And not an unnatural one, as I think you will acknowledge. When I was abroad with my niece last month, we met at Rouen your nephew, Mr. Hamilton Shore."

"You did? What did you think of him?"

"Not very well, begging your pardon. He got up a clandestine correspondence with Carmen, who is extremely thoughtless and undisciplined, and I should never have heard anything about it, I suppose, unless I had happened to catch him, one evening, climbing up the posts of the veranda. I thought he was a thief, and was about to collar him as such when he told me his name and address, adding he was a nephew to Mr. Ruthven."

"I hope you kicked him well."

Sir Frederic smiled deprecatingly.

"Kicking is not much in my line, Mr. Ruthven, but I examined the young fellow, and finding him to be a likely lad, and that Carmen had carried her flirtation rather far with him, I invited him to Abbotsville, always subject to your approval, that I might see something more of him before I made any decision, one way or the other."

"You would not object, then, to his marrying Miss Flower?"

"Not if he is steady and honorable. My niece will have a considerable fortune. She inherits not only the united portions of her father and myself, but also the house and grounds of Abbotsville. Her husband, therefore, will have no need to work for her, and she is so uncertain, poor girl, in her caprices and actions, that I should be thankful to see her married before anything happens to myself."

"And so you want to have my opinion of my nephew, Hamilton Shore?"

"Just so. Is he a young man likely to make the girl a good husband, and the estate a steady master?"

It was on the tip of Ruthven's tongue to tell Sir Frederic the whole story of Hamilton Shore's treatment of Margaret, but he refrained. A man may use one girl ill and another well; it would be no proof of his nephew's want of affection for Miss Flower, and might injure Margaret's future prospects. No; if the lad was really unworthy, let them find it out for themselves, as he had done, and no better opportunity could be afforded them than that which brought the young traitor into contact with the girl he had deserted and the girl he had sworn devotion to at one and the same time. So he resolved to further the plan of Master Hamilton's visit to Abbotsville as much as lay in his power, and leave the result to its natural conclusion.

When he answered Sir Frederic's question, it was to this effect:

"To decide what sort of a husband a boy of nineteen will make is a difficult matter; but Hamilton Shore has a long head when he chooses to make use of it, and a keen eye to the main chance. I do not think from what I know of him that he will make ducks and drakes of your niece's property; but as to the other matter, I should think she should judge for herself."

"You would put no obstacles, then, in the way of their engagement?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A boa constrictor in Indianapolis has diphtheria. Think of the amount of throat his snake-ship has to gargle.—Chicago News.

Homeseekers' Excursions South.

On July 6, 7, 20, 21, and several dates during August, September and October, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. will sell first class round trip tickets, good 31 days from date of sale, for one fare plus \$2 for the round trip, to all points in Florida and the South. Tracks, trains, time, all the best. For further information address C. W. Humphrey, N. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. City Ticket Office, 182 Clark street, or C. L. Stone, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

The Worst of All.

"Henry!" "Yes, your excellency." "The English think they will have everything their own way in upper Egypt." "Yes, your excellency; that is the usual English idea." "But in this case, Henry, dervish is father to the thought."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Timmins—I believe Farlowe would sell his soul for \$1,000. Simmons—I don't. Whatever his faults may be, he is no bunko man.—Indianapolis Journal.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Only Hood's Sarsaparilla

Think what a long train of diseases arise from impure blood. Then keep the blood pure with Hood's Pills are always reliable. 25 cents.

The coolness is refreshing; the roots and herbs invigorating; the two together animating. You get the right combination in Hires Rootbeer.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 5c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Nature's Beauty Spots

Are nowhere so prominent as in the East.

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will take you there without fatigue or annoyance. Visit Chautauqua, Niagara, the Adirondacks, Catskills, Lake George, Thousand Islands, the Hudson or Sea Shore resorts. An ideal vacation. Refreshing rest, with variety of choice enough to satisfy every one. Booklet, giving complete information as to routes, rates, etc., FREE!

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Suffered for His Country.

THE SAD PLIGHT OF A VETERAN CRIPPLED HAND AND FOOT.

From the Chronicle, Chicago, Ill.
Charles A. Rogers, a veteran of the War of the Rebellion, and a prominent West Side citizen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., fifty-four years ago, and when a boy of scarcely fourteen came to Chicago, since which time this city has been his permanent home.

At the termination of the Civil War, Mr. Rogers, having received his discharge in July, 1865, found his health so broken by hard service, insufficient food, exposure and malaria in the desolate swamp lands of Louisiana and Mississippi, that he was almost wholly unfitted for the exacting duties of his occupation, notwithstanding his great force of will. Indeed, the first winter after his return from the field was an extremely severe and trying one for him.

He suffered from chronic diarrhoea, malaria fever and sharp shooting pains in the back and lower limbs. These pains, at the time, he attributed to rheumatism, but the disease soon proved to be locomotor ataxia (a congestion of the white matter of the spinal chord). In spite of the continued treatment by some of Chicago's leading and most skillful physicians, the malady increased rather than abated, until by rapid stages he came to use first a cane, then crutches and finally an invalid's wheel chair, which to this day is his only means of locomotion, as he has not been able to walk since 1878. Despite this terrible affliction, which would unnerve almost any man, he preserved a cheerful disposition, bearing his sufferings with a resignation amounting to heroism.

For years, at every change in the weather, or exposure to the slightest draft, excruciating, sharp, darting pains that cannot be described would occur, lasting often from ten to fifteen days at a time and without a moment's cessation. The agony he suffered at these times was almost unendurable. No sleep could come to his relief, and his case was a most desperate one.

So the years went on until the winter of 1892, then he was attacked with la grippe, which was so prevalent at that time. This complaint, added to his other malady, well nigh crazed him. He could neither eat nor sleep, and the best of medical talent that friends could suggest or money procure seemed powerless to help him, but on the contrary appeared to aggravate his disease.

At this unfortunate juncture a new light came into his life. Mrs. Rogers, his estimable wife, having read in the Inter-Ocean of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged that he should try them. He confessed, however, to having little or no faith in any so-called patent medicine, but her solicitations finally prevailed and he commenced using them by taking one at a dose. In three or four days he began to crave food, which he had not done for many years before. He increased the size of the doses to two pills at a time, and in less than two weeks wanted, as he expressed it, three square meals a day.

Gradually but perceptibly his general health improved, his bowels became regular and the horrible pains with which he had been afflicted, began slowly but surely to diminish in their intensity, until now they have greatly subsided and he feels like another man. While it is true that Mr. Rogers is far from being well and robust, yet his general health is so much improved that he is greatly encouraged and daily returns thanks to a kind Providence for the remedy so fortunately furnished him.

Mr. Rogers resides at 991 Jackson boulevard, on the corner of Western avenue, in one of the pleasantest spots on the West Side. As for Mrs. Rogers herself, who was the first to suggest the use of the Pink Pills, and the other members of the household, who are thoroughly familiar with all the details of the case, they cannot but marvel at the efficacy of the remedy and do not understand why such an apparently simple medicine should produce such wonderful results, exceeding by far their most sanguine expectations.

Having read the foregoing, I hereby certify that the facts in my case are as stated herein.

(Signed.) CHAS. A. ROGERS.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-ninth day of October, 1895.
A. F. PORTMAN, Notary Public.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Indian Hymn Writer.
An American Indian who wrote the only hymn known to have been produced by one of his race was Samson Occum, an Indian preacher of great ability. In 1766 he visited England to raise funds for an Indian school and secured \$50,000 for what afterward became Dartmouth college. His Hymn is "Awakened by Sinai's Awful Sound."

Three for a Dollar!
Three what? Three charmingly executed posters in colors, drawn by W. W. Denslow, Ethel Reed and Ray Brown, will be sent free of postage to any address on receipt of One Dollar. All who are afflicted with the "poster craze" will immediately embrace this rare opportunity, as but a limited number of the posters will be issued. The scarcity of a good thing enhances its value. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

All About Western Farm Lands.
The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the west. Send 25 cents in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams St., Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

The average man consumes twenty-five pounds of sugar every year.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE LIVTH CONGRESS.

A Brief Report of the Doings in Upper and Lower Houses of the National Legislature — The Work of a Week Condensed

Wednesday, June 10.

An enormous amount of business was transacted by the house in order to clear the desks for the final adjournment. Fifty-three bills and joint resolutions were passed, the most important of which probably was the bill appropriating \$200,000 for the trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha. The conference report on the District of Columbia bill was adopted. The senate resolution for final adjournment at 4 p. m. Thursday was passed. The house held a brief session at 9:30 to enable the speaker to sign the enrolled bills.

After some debate the senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were concurred in by a vote of 100 to 88. The speaker appointed a committee to sit during the recess of congress, to investigate the charges affecting the Leavenworth (Kan.) Soldiers' Home.

The senate passed the last appropriation bills and fixed 4 p. m. Thursday as the time for final adjournment. A number of bills were passed, including the important bill giving trial by jury and other safeguards in prosecution for contempt of court. The measure is the result of the agitation resulting from the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs for contempt of an injunction issued at the time of the Chicago strike. The bill as passed continues the power of summary punishment when an offense is committed in the immediate presence of a judge. But in indirect contempts, such as violation of an injunction, the bill provides that the accused shall be given a full hearing, with opportunities to summon witnesses and offer a defense. In case of conviction an appeal is provided to the supreme court. Senators Hill, Butler and Peffer supported the bill, and Mr. Platt opposed it as revolutionizing the judicial system.

Thursday, June 11.
Final session of the house was devoted to the house Thursday was devoid of public interest. The appropriations bill had been passed and the members simply waited for the end to come. Beyond a little misunderstanding between Mr. Bailey (Tex.) and Mr. Marsh (Ill.) the utmost good feeling prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Dingley a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee of three members to join a similar committee from the senate to wait upon the president to inform him that congress was ready to adjourn and ascertain if he had any further communication to make.

The usual resolution of thanks to the speaker for his impartial rulings was passed by a rising vote.

As the hands of the clock pointed at 4, the speaker arose and said: "Gentlemen of the house of representatives: Before pronouncing the words which close the session, I desire to offer to the house my grateful recognition of its kindness. The thanks of the house of representatives is always a high honor, but is especially so at the end of a session where the speaker has been forced to say 'no' more times, perhaps, than in the history of any other congress.

"While thanking you for your kindness to me, I must congratulate the house on its conduct of the public business. Ordinarily a majority of two and a half to one—a majority of 150—means disorganization, faction and discord. In this house 150 new men of both parties have behaved with the steadiness of veterans, and if our connection with the other branches of the government, with different ideas, has prevented us from serving the country as we might have done, we, at least, have behaved with dignity, fairness and credit.

"With the kindest personal wishes to you all, I again return thanks. By virtue of the concurrent resolution of both branches, I declare this house adjourned without day."

Vice-President Stevenson brought the session of the senate to a close at 4 o'clock after a brief valedictory expressing his thanks to senators for their courtesies to him throughout the session. The closing scene was not of the dramatic order, but was marked by the placid serenity characteristic of the upper branch of congress. The senate convened at 11 o'clock, but no business was transacted beyond the formalities preceding an adjournment. The last bill to be passed was one urged by Mr. Sherman pensioning the widow of Gen. William H. Gibson, a prominent Ohio officer. Resolutions of thanks were unanimously adopted to Vice-President Stevenson and President Pro Tem. Frye for their impartial rulings in the chair. One of the last acts was to give the important immigration bill a parliamentary status by which it secures the right of way as soon as the senate reassembles. As soon as the vice-president announced the session closed the galleries emptied and senators exchanged good-bys.

One Thousand Farmers Wanted

To settle on one thousand choice farms on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in Dakota.

These lands are located in twenty different counties, and are to be had now at prices ranging from \$7 to \$15 per acre; a few months hence their value will be doubled.

For a home or for investment no luckier chance in the West has ever before been offered. Now is the time to invest. No better farming land exists anywhere. No greater results can be obtained anywhere.

Schools and churches abound everywhere. Nearby markets for all farm products. South and North Dakota are the banner diversified farming and stock-raising states of the West. Everything grows in Dakota except ignorance and intemperance. A new boom is on. Take advantage of the tide which leads to Dakota and to fortune.

For further information address or call upon W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ills.

Autocars for Parcel Delivery.

In Paris the autocar is rapidly taking a place for business purposes. The Magasin du Louvre, after experiment with a motor driven parcel van, have decided to adopt a special form of parcels delivery van propelled by petroleum motor power, and have ordered eighteen of these autocars to be built for them.

Mr. F. E. Cosgrove of the C. B. & Q. R., Buda, Ill., writes May 21st, 1896: "I have been sick for eight years with kidney and liver trouble and malaria. I have been taking Patent Medicines and Doctor's Medicines for eight years and spent \$3,000 and got no help until I took Dr. Kay's Renovator. I had poor appetite, indigestion, sour stomach, constipation, yellow skin and eyes, tired feeling, pain in back and side, nervous and wakeful, headache and dizziness, bloating of bowels and limbs, short dry cough, chills and fever. Dr. Kay's Renovator has removed these symptoms and I feel new again. God bless Dr. Kay's Renovator." It is sold by druggists at 25c, and \$1.00 or sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send stamp for large sample and booklet.

Shower of Angle Worms.

They have all kinds of things in Tip-ton, Ind., including a shower of angle worms, which occurred one day last week. The angle worms came down in a thunder storm, and the fishermen of the locality are wishing for a similar rainfall every Saturday afternoon.

Jaysam's Weird Way.

"Jaysam Brown" of Kansas seems less eccentric when you analyze it, and discover that it is only a blame fool way of writing "James Samuel Brown."

THE STUDIO GIRL.

An Interesting Letter From a Young Ladies' College.

Race Between the Sexes for Education. Health Impaired by Incessant Study.

The race between the sexes for education is to-day very close.

Ambitious girls work incessantly over their studies, and are often brought to a halt, through having sacrificed the physical to the mental. Then begin those ailments that must be removed at once, or they will produce constant suffering. Headache, dizziness, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, nervousness and blues, with lack of confidence; these are positive signs that women's arch enemy is at hand.

The following letter was received by Mrs. Pinkham in May, one month after the young lady had first written, giving symptoms, and asking advice. She was ill and in great distress of mind, feeling she would not hold out till graduation, and the doctor had advised her to go home.

College, Mass.

You dear Woman:— I should have written to you before, but you said wait a month. We are taught that the days of miracles are past. Pray what is my case? I have taken the Vegetable Compound faithfully, and obeyed you implicitly and, am free from all my ills. I was a very, very sick girl. Am keeping well up in my class, and hope to do you and myself credit at graduation. ** My gratitude cannot find expression in words. Yours sincere friend, MARY

P. S. Some of the other girls are now using the Compound. It benefits them all. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only safe, sure and effectual remedy in such cases, as it removes the cause, purifies and invigorates the system, and gives energy and vitality.

Half-Fare Excursions.

The Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain route will sell round trip tickets on June 23, July 7 and 21, at one fare plus \$2 to certain points in Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. Tickets limited to 21 days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges. For particulars, address Bissell Wilson, D. P. A., 111 Adams street, Chicago.

X Rays on the Bullets.

John W. Niblack, of Wheatland, Ind., has gone to St. Louis to be "skia-graphed" by the X rays photographic process, in order to have located the revolver balls which he has carried in his body since his duel with a couple of burglars over a year ago. In case the balls can be located Mr. Niblack will submit to an operation to have them extracted.—Ex.

A Summer Resort Book Free.

Write to C. S. Crane, general passenger and ticket agent Wabash Railroad, St. Louis, Mo., for a summer resort book, telling all about the beautiful lake region reached by the Wabash Railroad.

Persecution.

To persecute is right; to persecute is wrong. Hundreds of men have been driven into continued crime by the dogging of their footsteps by the authorities, instead of giving them a fair opportunity to do better. Better that sin should shame us than damn us.—Rev. C. H. Fitzwilliams.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a family medicine with us since 1865.—J. R. Madison, 2400 42d Ave., Chicago, Ills.

A few years ago a Miss Tolleson of Memphis, while suffering from tonsillitis, showed a temperature of 158 degrees.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The ice cave near Decorah, Winnesheik county, Iowa, is said to be the only one in the central United States.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

The English language is spoken by only about 125,000,000 persons, while the Chinese is spoken by over 400,000,000.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

The only colored "ossified man" was Lucius Moore of Virginia, who first went on exhibition in 1890.

FITZ—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after the first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. 1-1/2 cent boxes. Send to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

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How good it looks! How good it is!..... And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of **Pill after Pie?** Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pie will please and not paralyze.

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Makes a Firm, Smooth, Non-Stretching Clasp for the Waistband. Very Desirable for Thin Dresses. A Necessity for Heavy Dress Skirts.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Do not consume. Sold by druggists.

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