

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

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BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1896.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

THURSDAY CLUB VS. THE POST

When the supply of natural gas is exhausted in Indiana the people of that commonwealth need not resort again to the use of expensive fuel to heat their buildings and run their industries, for they can get enough gas—cheapest kind, too—to last them for the next century by importing a few of the reporters of the Chicago Post.

For reference we refer our readers to the following article, which appeared in that "enterprising" paper on Monday evening:

Barrington, the quiet village thirty-two miles out on the Northwestern Road, is in the throes of a mighty social upheaval.

In the French revolution the Bastille was the cynosure of all attention; in Barrington it is the Thursday Club. There are the conventional Jacobins and Royalists within its roster of twenty members, who represent the elite of Barrington's 1,500 inhabitants.

The revolutionists came out boldly last Thursday and declared their platform. They were headed by Mrs. Flora Lines, who is one of the two principals in this epoch-making dissolution. The Thursday Club is essentially a feminine organization. Its constitution is ingrained with eloquent biblical texts about golden rules, love and kindred topics. Barrington is not so far isolated but that it can claim literary accomplishments. Weekly, sometimes oftener, the ladies gathered from house to house, and between sips of tea controversy waxed warm over the relative merits of domestic characteristics of great men. Sometimes these controversies assumed a closer and more personal turn, and gatherings broke up rather abruptly. The club has kept clear of breakers since the fall of 1894, when it was organized with Mrs. Thomas FitzSimmons as prime factor. The present season was opened with the first of a series of discussions on the "Life of Lincoln." At all the subsequent meetings Mrs. FitzSimmons was the sole star of the club. Naturally there was not a little secret rivalry, but it was kept well under cover until the aforesaid Thursday.

The opponents of the crown sought high and low for some excuse to cause mutiny. Finally the opportunity presented itself in the shape of an agent who claimed to represent the People's Institute University Extension Lecture Bureau. He also sold magazines and endeavored to secure subscribers for both the bureau and the magazine.

"We'll have a university extension lecture course," said the belligerents.

"What do we want with an extension course?" impatiently demanded the crown.

That was the cue for the anti-royalists and no loophole was left uncovered to force this lecture course arbitrarily upon the society. It came to a vote and the anti-royalists were sustained. The last Thursday in February the pledges were taken for subscription to the bureau and magazine, which cost each member \$3.75. Nobody cared a pin's head for either the lecture course or the magazine. It looked like a game of some kind and before the women would consent to give their pledges they consulted their lawyers. They found out, they claim, that the People's Institute Lecture Bureau is practically defunct and that the magazine issued from the same source is hardly worth the taking at gratis rates. It was not known whether the agent had received any money from the members individually, but at any rate the anti-royalist way was soon forsaken by many of its leaders.

When the ballot was taken it was found that Mrs. FitzSimmons was vindicated. The fate of the club still remained uncertain. The parting propositions last Thursday were: "Shall we disband or take the lecture course?" The few adherents of the anti-royalist faction have done considerable electioneering since last Monday and the situation has become more critical. Late dispatches from the scene of the outbreak say that a meeting of both factions is in progress to-day, but what the outcome will be is still conjectural.

The Thursday Club was organized by Mrs. Thomas FitzSimmons, who is the president. The charter members are: Mesdames E. W. Shipman, Leroy Powers, M. C. McIntosh, Thomas Dolan, and [Miss] Eugenie Hutchinson.

As the Thursday Club is the representative and only [?] social club of Barrington the whole town is trembling at the possible outcome of the pending crisis.

A REVIEW reporter who went out on a tour of investigation yesterday gathered the following facts:

The above mentioned agent arrived in Barrington sometime ago, and after talking with a number of the ladies individually in regard to the institute and magazine he represented he requested that he be allowed to attend a meeting of the club so that he could explain the merits of the work to the members. He was granted the privilege, and the club decided by a vote

of 14 to 3 to take up the study next fall, this year's meetings being taken up with other work. No pledge was exacted from the members, and none was given. The agent requested that the ladies give him a reference to the effect that they had favored the work, and the ladies favored him with the following: "The ladies have discussed the work, think favorable of it and decide to take it up in the fall."

All the ladies seen by the reporter declared in plain English that no hard feelings existed among the members, and that there was no foundation for the story whatever. They all, with one accord, regret very much the publicity, and especially the injustice done the members of the club by this untruthful article in The Post.

The Chicago Post can rest assured that the Barrington Thursday club has yet many years of usefulness ahead of it, and there never was a dream of disbanding. There are no dictators in its ranks, but the majority rules in all cases.

The president, Mrs. FitzSimmons, being out of town, THE REVIEW sent her a note requesting her views on The Post's write-up, and received the following:

"Oshkosh, Wis., March 12th.—Mr. Editor: In reply to your request for a statement in regard to the reported rupture in the Thursday Club, I will say that during its two years of existence our meetings have been most harmonious; they have been instructive as well as social, and ENTIRELY FREE FROM GOSSIP.

"The question of taking the University Extension course naturally brought up a difference of opinion, and a little unpleasant discussion.

"At the meeting called for Monday, March 9th, it was decided to drop the question, and neither side take any action upon it until our last meeting of the year—as in any case we would not have taken it up until the beginning of our next year. Perfect harmony and the best of feeling existed at this meeting, and we parted with the understanding that our meetings would continue as heretofore.

"I am deeply grieved that publicity should have been given to an affair that could have been amicably settled amongst ourselves."

MRS. THOMAS FITZSIMMONS,
President.

THANK-OFFERING SERVICE.

The thank-offering service held in the M. E. church Sunday evening by the Woman's Foreign Missionary society was well attended, and the following program was rendered:

Organ Voluntary.
Anthem by the choir.
Prayer by Rev. Ream.
Hymn by congregation.
Recitation, "Come Over and Help Us"—By five girls.
Music by the Choir. "Songs That My Mother Sang."
Recitation, "Trouble in the Church"—by Mrs. M. C. McIntosh.
Duet, by Ruth Myers and Lulu Rieke.
Reading, "Testing the Promise"—by Miss Myers.
Duet, "The Two Lives"—by Mrs. Sherwood and Miss Kingsley.
Short sermon by the pastor.

A collection was then taken up for foreign missions, after which the choir rendered a selection, followed by the Doxology and benediction.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

F. J. Landwer announces himself a candidate for the office of Collector for the Town of Barrington, and solicits the support of the voters at the coming caucus.

Mr. G. H. Landwer announces himself a candidate for the office of Town Collector for the Town of Barrington, at the coming election, and solicits the support of the voters of the town.

August Rohlmeier announces himself as a candidate for the office of Collector for the Town of Barrington. He desires your support.

Wm. Paddock announces himself a candidate for the office of Collector in the Town of Cuba, and desires the support of the voters of the town.

TOWN OF CUBA CAUCUS.

There will be a Union caucus in Lamey's brick building, Saturday, March 21st at 2 o'clock, to place in nomination candidates for the following offices for the Town of Cuba: Town Clerk, Assessor, Collector, Road Commissioner, two Justices of the Peace, and two Constables. All the voters of the town are requested to be present at the meeting.

M. T. LAMEY, Town Clerk.

MORTUARY RECORD.

WILLIAM SHARMAN.

William G. Sharman was born in Lincolnshire, England, May 15th, 1828, and died at the home of Dr. G. Jackson, at Cary, Sunday, March 8th, 1896, after an illness of only a week.

Mr. Sharman was an old settler in Barrington, living in this vicinity since 1851. He has held the offices of assessor and also town clerk of the Town of Cuba, and performed the duties of his offices with credit to himself and his constituents.

Mr. Sharman leaves 5 children—Martha, Frances, Jennie, Major and George, all of them residing at Chicago.

The funeral services were held from the late residence, in Ela street, Tuesday at 1:30 o'clock, the services being private. His remains were laid to rest in Evergreen cemetery, Rev. T. E. Ream officiating.

The deceased leaves a host of friends in this vicinity who join with THE REVIEW in extending sympathy to the bereaved family.

TRIBUTE OF A FRIEND.

The Chautauqua Circle loses another member in Mr. Sharman. He had been a regular attendant all winter, and his white head and pleasant face will long be missed. His genial manner, the knowledge gained from books and travel, his love of stories and genius in telling them, his fondness for and ability in debate made his presence always as welcome as that of the youngest member in the society.

He has more than once been heard to quote from Tom Paine: "The world is my church; to do good is my religion." A broad church and a broad creed! How well he lived up to his profession is not for us to judge. Suffice it to say he was vastly more consistent than many an adherent of a narrower church and a narrower creed. And since something of the divine is implanted in every nature, let us believe he is "Like one who wraps the draperies of his couch about him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

MRS. E. J. LINES.

LAMBERT MEINERS.

Lambert Meiners died at his residence in South Limits Road at 12 o'clock yesterday, (March 13th) at the age of eighty-four years, after a protracted siege of illness. The funeral will take place from the residence at 11 o'clock Monday morning.

Mr. Meiners was born in Germany in 1810, son of John and Anna Meiners. He came to America at the age of twenty-seven, and after six months spent in New York State came to Chicago, where he worked for eleven years as teamster. In 1849 he removed to Barrington Township, two miles south of the village, where he located a farm on which he resided for twenty-eight years. In 1877 he moved to the village of Barrington, where he resided up to the time of his demise.

Mr. Meiners was married in 1836 to Miss Catherine Willmus, by whom he had one child, Catherine. Mrs. Meiners died in 1842, and in 1843 Mr. Meiners was united to Miss Mary Fransen, who died in 1866. Four children were the result of this marriage, two of whom survive—John L. and Hannah. In 1869 he was married to Miss Charlotte Rieke, who survives him.

Among other public offices held by Mr. Meiners was that of Commissioner of Highways in 1865. He was also very prominent in the early history of the Evangelical Association, having been a member for about 47 years. He, together with Peter Rieger, Henry Elfrink and Lambert Lisharke, formed the first board of trustees of the Deer Grove society of this association, which was organized about 1849 and whose church was built in 1854. Later he transferred his allegiance to the Zion's Society of the Evangelical Association, which was started at Barrington in 1866, and retained his membership in the same up to the time of his death.

AUCTION SALE!

The M. E. Parsonage situated in Barrington, will be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, March 19th, at 10 o'clock, to the highest bidder. Terms of sale will be stated at the sale. By order of the Board of Trustees.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Our large sales of Dress Goods in the past three weeks shows that the public is not slow in taking advantage of the big bargains in dress goods.

NEXT WEEK . . .

We will make a special run on all high priced

Dress Patterns.

We have also slashed the prices on Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks and Jackets. Now is the time to buy.

APRIL Delineators NOW ON SALE. FASHION PLATES FREE.

A. W. MEYER & CO., Barrington

Reduction

In the Price of

Hardware

By April 1 expect to be established on Main Street, but before I move call in and

See Me 'Slaughter Prices!

Dishes and Tinware of all kinds and description; Woodenware; Granite Teakettles, Coffee pots, etc.

GREAT BARGAINS IN BARB WIRE

Steam Fixtures; Pumps and Pump Supplies. "Garland" Stoves Reduced Prices from a Stove to a Tack

Be sure to give me a call while in town.

Yours for business,

J. W. GILBERT,

Wauconda, - Illinois

Barrington Review.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

Fifteen thousand Spanish soldiers in Cuba are reported missing and it is feared the Cubans may find them.

Enemies of Hetty Green have been telling around that she has bought a new dress. Times must be getting easier.

By the time the robbers nest again Iowa may have a curfew law. And it will effect good boys and girls just the same as it will bad ones.

Think of five young women (sisters) being so fascinating as to be ordered to leave Germany. Their fortune is certainly assured, don't you think?

Johanna, the Central Park chimpanzee, has been taught to smoke cigarettes. Has New York no society for the prevention of cruelty to animals?

The king of Abyssinia is said to fear his wife. In both savage and civilized life there seems to be a certain feminine terrorism quite common in matrimony.

A letter from Paris says that the high toned butcher shops in the French capital are now selling camel's meat, many preferring it to horse. They'll be selling dogs yet.

With more than 40,000 immigrants who can neither read nor write coming to the United States in a single year, our illiteracy may be said to be growing alarmingly.

A dozen dime museums are bidding for the Philadelphia fireman who threw Corbett down. At the nearest saloon for a dime any one can also see what has thrown Sullivan down.

A Kentucky barber is said to have lived fifty-one days on buttermilk exclusively. But any man who would drink so much buttermilk in Kentucky isn't worth saving, anyway.

It is said that the Russian government is about to attempt the regulation of the servant girl problem. In such a contest between autocrats our money goes on the kitchen mechanic.

Gold has been discovered in Minnesota and Kansas and a rush is being made for the new fields. It is nothing to get excited about. Three weeks ago over \$500,000,000 in gold was found in stockings.

Mrs. Mary A. Livermore has an article in the North American Review entitled: "Does the Ideal Husband Exist?" The trouble is, Mary, that there are too many ideal and too few real husbands.

From Utica, Mich., comes the story that an agriculturist of that locality, whose weight is about 300 pounds, built him a flying machine and proceeded to flutter about the gables of his barn. The latest reports are to the effect that his relatives are still excavating and that an arm and shoulder have been already recovered.

The story that the Boers intend, on the anniversary of their victory over the British at Majuba Hill, to proclaim their independence of England, publicly denouncing the suzerainty which Great Britain claims, is probably intended as an offset to the announcement of decisive military operations by John Bull in South Africa. We shall now see how much the protection of Germany is worth to the valiant descendants of the Huguenots.

It is singular what an exaggerated idea of their own worth some men get. For example, a Chicago contemporary prints a letter from a young man who makes the following offer: "For \$5,000 I will sell myself to anyone wishing a slave. I will do anything the buyer asks—drudge as his slave or kill myself, insured in his favor. I will kill or steal, taking all the responsibility myself." Perhaps the young man regarded this as a very liberal offer. But a little reflection ought to convince him that it is not; that, on the contrary, he asks a most outrageously high price for himself. Young men of his kind are really worth about 4 cents a dozen.

F. J. Chipman, a blind farmer, living at Niles, Mich., was badly fleeced by a Chicago man, who induced him to trade a fine farm for Chicago property. He took advantage of his affliction to make out the papers so that Mr. Chipman was compelled to pay \$800, whether the deal was consummated or not. Rather than lose the \$800 Chipman closed the deal and went to Chicago. Tiring of city life, he soon bought the farm back, paying \$1,000 more than he got for the property. He now learns that the Chicago man fleeced him again by placing a \$5,000 mortgage on the farm. Such cases frequently result from a desire to escape the expense of legal advice.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

The Sherman county, Kansas, bank has closed its doors. Assets are placed at \$60,000; liabilities, \$30,000.

United States officers arrested Elwood Anderson at Wheeling, W. Va., on a charge of raising old 3-cent pieces to dimes.

J. W. Pace and son shot and killed Allen Lewis at Hyden, Ky. Young Pace had been convicted of stealing cigars from the store of Lewis' mother-in-law.

Eugene Bezenah, of Covington, Ky., and Oscar Gardner, the "Omaha kid," fought fifteen rounds before the West Covington Athletic club for \$300. It was a tame affair and was declared a draw.

The house of County Treasurer L. C. Miles of Akron, Ohio, was entered by burglars in the absence of the occupants, and \$1,500 worth of diamonds and jewelry was taken, the property of Mrs. Ernest A. Pfleger.

The cases of J. Watson Hildreth, Theodore Hibbard and Herbert Plato, the alleged boy train wreckers, came up in the Supreme court at Rome, N. Y., before Judge William E. Scripture, and the boys' counsel entered a plea of "not guilty" in each case. The trial has been set for April 20.

The Bloomfield, Neb., State bank is closed and the bank examiner is in charge.

The Guetzkow Brothers of Milwaukee, manufacturers of sash, doors and blinds, have made an assignment. The bond of the assignee was fixed at \$50,000.

Miss Sarah Dobbs of Canton, Ill., has commenced a suit for \$10,000 damages against Willard Fidler, a prominent farmer, living near that city, for alleged breach of promise.

The dwelling of H. D. Chaffin, near Clay City, Ill., a prominent farmer and tax collector of Stanford township, was entered by burglars, who took Mr. Chaffin's trousers, in the pockets of which was \$12.

It is stated that Colorado republicans are practically unanimous for Senator Teller for president.

Free silver men in Benton Harbor, Mich., have put a municipal ticket in the field. It will be opposed only by a republican ticket.

The Scott county republican convention to select state, senatorial and congressional delegates will be held in Winchester, Ill., April 6.

Several hundred republicans organized a McKinley club at Guthrie and planned to take similar action through out Oklahoma Territory.

Sixth Louisiana district republicans elected General L. J. Souer, of Marksville, and William Duplessis, of Baton Rouge, as delegates to St. Louis. They are uninstructed.

Missouri free silver democrats will try to have "Silver Dick" Bland nominated for president if the white metal men are in control at the national convention in Chicago.

James Matters, a wealthy business man of Arcola, Ill., after a careful canvass, has issued a circular declaring that ninety-nine out of 100 republicans in that vicinity favor Major McKinley for president.

In the jail of San Francisco Murderer Durrant has written a history of his life and is studying law.

The twentieth annual meeting of the Cattle Raisers' association of Texas opened Tuesday in Fort Worth.

Rewards aggregating \$3,000 are offered for the arrest of the murderer of Stephen Powell at Hempstead, L. I.

Eight hundred painters went out on strike in San Francisco for an increase of 50 cents a day, making their wages \$3.00.

Henry Irvin, collector at Presque Isle, Maine, is reported missing, and his accounts are said to be short several thousand dollars.

Toronto tailors, who have been on strike for eleven weeks, have called out the entire membership of the union in that city, which is over 600.

The American Sugar Refining company has declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1% per cent on the preferred stock and 3 per cent on the common stock.

By a powder explosion Saturday in the convict coal mines at Durham Junction, Ga., Warren Crawford, Frank Eckles and John Morris, all convicts, lost their lives.

George Boetz, aged 16, shot and killed himself in Floral Park, Union Hill, N. J., because he had been accused by his stepfather of stealing two rings and selling them.

Charles Montgomery, said to be the leader of a gang which robbed the Santa Fe passenger train near Hutchinson, Kan., a year ago, has been arrested and placed in jail at Perry, O. T.

J. W. Rosenberry, aged 45, a well-known citizen, was killed at Kendallville, Ind., by the accidental discharge of his revolver.

CASUALTIES'

Five workmen employed by the Standard Oil Company at Bayonne, N. J., were severely burned by the overflow of boiling tar from one of the big tanks at the company's yards.

Mrs. I. Oden, a farmer's wife in the western part of Alabama, was burning some trash Saturday when a spark ignited her skirt and burned her so that she died. While she lay suffering agonies she was forced to witness three large hogs devour her 2-months-old child, which she had laid on the ground while she worked.

The southbound Sunset limited, the Southern Pacific transcontinental flyer, was wrecked near Puente. The train was running at a high speed on the down grade when it struck a horse. The engine and five of the six coaches were derailed.

The shovel factory of Hubbard & Co. was destroyed by fire at Pittsburg, Pa., Loss about \$100,000; insurance, \$50,000. The origin of the fire is a complete mystery. The factory was one of the largest in the country.

The dry goods and clothing establishment of J. D. Curran at Stevens Point, Wis., was practically wiped out by fire. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$13,000.

The Marion, Ind., canning factory was destroyed by fire. A large amount of canned goods was in stock. The factory canned tomatoes and sweet corn, and 300 people were employed during the busy season.

As the result of the disobedience of orders by J. A. Aiken, a motorman, a terrible head-end collision occurred Sunday between two cars of the newly completed Kirkwood Electric Railroad, which connects the suburban town of Kirkwood with St. Louis. Both cars were wrecked, four men were probably fatally injured, twenty-nine were badly hurt, and between twenty and thirty others were less seriously injured.

Oliver Karschbaum, the 16-year-old son of a farmer near Osgood, Ind., while cutting trees, was struck on the head by a falling limb, crushing his skull and killing him instantly.

FOREIGN.

The city of Valencia, Spain, was again in a turbulent state Sunday over the condition of the relations between Spain and the United States. A mob gathered and was proceeding toward the American consulate with the intention of causing a disturbance there, but a force of police and gendarmes opposed their passage through the streets. A state of siege was proclaimed.

It is announced that the Marquis di Rudini has succeeded in forming a cabinet at Rome with himself as Premier and Minister of the Interior; General Ricotti, Minister of War; Signor Brin, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Senator Perazzi, Minister of the Treasury, and Admiral Raccchia, Minister of Marine.

Maceo is now at Cano, five miles from Havana, with 8,000 men. The insurgents say that if the United States recognizes them they will win within a year; if not they will ultimately win, but the end will be delayed.

The historical society at Passy, France, on Sunday placed a tablet on the house which Benjamin Franklin occupied there in 1776. M. Faye, the distinguished astronomer and member of the French institute, made an address, referring to Franklin's career as a scientist.

There have been renewed demonstrations of hostility to the United States at Valencia, Dolores and Alicante. There was also a demonstration of sympathy made before the French consulate at Valencia. The French consul appeared upon the balcony in response to the acclamations of the crowd and saluted them.

Premier Greenway and Attorney General Sifton, of Manitoba, are arranging to leave at once for Ottawa. They have been summoned there by Sir Charles Tupper in the hope of making an amicable settlement of the parochial school question.

CRIME.

Alexander Miller was arrested at Omaha, Neb., charged with attempting to pass a check for \$150 to which he had, it is said, forged the name of Drabo & Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., of which firm he says he is a member. He admits having passed forged checks in other places, and is wanted in Pittsburg and other eastern cities.

At Arapahoe, Okla., a fight took place between the officers of G. D. and Washita counties and the outlaws Redback and George Miller, in which Redback was instantly killed and Miller mortally wounded.

Carefully concealed in a barrel and covered with a mass of old rags and cotton, the dead bodies of two human beings were found in an alley in Chicago. In consequence, the police are working on what they consider a case of double murder.

A futile attempt was made March 1 to rob the safe of the county treasurer at Creede, Colo. Robbers worked the combination, but secured nothing, \$6,000 having been removed to the bank.

Six prisoners in the Newport, Ky., jail secured an ax, and, breaking open a door, escaped.

Louis Pernot, a farmer, hanged himself in his barn near Fort Wayne, Ind. He was 40 years old and single.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Minnesota's democratic convention to select national delegates will be held June 11 in St. Paul.

Cass county prohibitionists will select state, congressional and senatorial delegates March 16 at Virgiana, Ill.

Fifty-one ballots without result were taken in the eighth Ohio district republican congressional convention at Delaware, five out of the six counties in the district having each a candidate.

Congressman Foss was named for reelection by a vote of 68 to 22 over W. D. Boyce at Chicago by the Illinois Seventh district republicans. The delegates to the national republican convention were instructed to vote for William McKinley for president.

Senator Vest favors the proposition to have the state convention elect the Chicago delegates irrespective of the choice of districts, to the end that Missouri may send to the democratic national convention a solid delegation for free silver.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A mass meeting was held in Aurora, Ill., to secure aid for the afflicted Armenians. Resolutions were adopted calling on the United States government to combine with other powers and stop the outrages.

The National Association of Embalmers has been formed at Pittsburg, Pa. One of the principal objects is to force undertakers to raise prices for practical men and to keep these prices uniform all over the country.

The Iowa Masonic grand lodge will meet at Boone, Iowa, May 29 and continue in session until June 5.—A school of instruction will be held the first three days.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's big liner, the City of Rio de Janeiro, which left San Francisco for the Orient heavily laden on Feb. 6 last, should have arrived at Yokohama on Feb. 23, yet not a word has been heard of her. At least the agents of the company declare they have received information of no sort regarding the steamer's welfare or whereabouts since she glided out of the bay on the afternoon of Feb. 6.

Rear Admiral Henry Walke died at his home in Brooklyn Sunday afternoon.

Charles B. McMichael, appointed to succeed Judge Henry Reed, of the common pleas court of Philadelphia, is the youngest son of a former mayor of Philadelphia.

Three inches of snow around Hayward, Wis., has stopped the breaking up of lumber camps in that region.

The entire capital stock of the Singapore mining property on Bald Mountain, South Dakota, was purchased by Robert Mackay, of Montreal, Canada.

J. C. Dunham, of Paxton, Ill., is suing Edwin Bear, of Wateka, for alleged libel, claiming he was called a black-mailer through the columns of Bear's paper.

Health Officer Routh's ultimatum to the ice companies at Duluth, Minn., has had the desired effect. All of the companies have gone out over a mile from the shore to secure ice.

Supreme Chancellor Richie of the Knights of Pythias has issued a proclamation that the supreme lodge will meet in Cleveland Aug. 25, and saying that if satisfactory arrangements can be made locally and with the railroads the encampment of the military branch of the order may be held there.

Gen. Harrison has returned to Indianapolis from New York. He confirms the announcement that his marriage to Mrs. Dimmick will take place April 6.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
Cattle—Com. to prime	1.50	@ 4.65
Hogs—All grades	2.70	@ 4.05
Sheep—All grades	2.85	@ 3.70
Wheat—No. 2	.65	@ .66
Corn—No. 2	.28	@ .29
Oats	.19	@ .20
Rye	.42	@ .43
Eggs	.14	@ .15
Potatoes	.25	@ .30
Butter	.08	@ .19

MILWAUKEE.		
Wheat—No. 2 spring	.64	@ .65
Corn—No. 3	.27	@ .28
Oats—No. 2 white	.21	@ .22
Barley—No. 2	.33	@ .34
Rye—No. 1	.42	@ .43

PEORIA.		
Rye—No. 2	.38	@ .39
Corn—No. 3	.27	@ .28
Oats—No. 2	.20	@ .21

KANSAS CITY.		
Cattle—All grades	2.00	@ 4.25
Hogs—All grades	3.10	@ 4.05
Sheep—All grades	2.75	@ 3.40

TOLEDO.		
Wheat—No. 2	.72	@ .73
Corn—No. 2 mixed	.29	@ .30
Oats—No. 2 mixed	.21	@ .22

NEW YORK.		
Wheat—No. 2 red	.83	@ .84
Corn—No. 2	.37	@ .38
Oats—No. 2	.26	@ .27
Butter	.10	@ .20

ST. LOUIS.		
Cattle—All grades	2.00	@ 4.50
Hogs	3.75	@ 4.10
Sheep	2.60	@ 3.40
Wheat—Cash	.72	@ .73
Corn—Cash	.26	@ .29
Oats—Cash	.20	@ .21

BUFFALO.		
Wheat—No. 2 red	.74	@ .75
Corn—No. 2 yellow	.33	@ .34
Oats—No. 3 white	.25	@ .26

THE TRADE REVIEW.

GENERAL FEELING OF CONFIDENCE REPORTED.

Cuban Resolutions and Baltimore & Ohio Trouble Had No Bad Effects on Business—Failure of Proposed Tariff Bill Affects Wool—The Week's Failures.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"The Cuban resolutions and the appointment of receivers for the Baltimore & Ohio were events of sufficient importance to affect almost any genuine market, especially for securities. It therefore argues either remarkable strength of condition or an entire want of life and genuineness in the market that the prices of the sixty most active railroad stocks, which averaged \$49.74 per share Feb. 1, have never fallen since that date lower than \$49.36, nor risen above \$50.85 per share.

"The industries all report a slightly lower range of prices, except for iron and steel products. The bar combination which advanced prices not long ago finds an increasing part of the business absorbed by outside works. The demand for no class of iron products is at this time brisk, but large structural business is expected in the spring, and there is still much hopefulness about railroad orders, as earnings continue to improve.

"Prices of wool have declined, according to the quotations printed by Coates Bros. of Philadelphia, an average of 2.4 per cent within the month of February, presumably because of the failure of the proposed tariff bill, which included duties on wool. At present the sales are the smallest recorded for years, at the three chief markets only 3,303,000 pounds the past week, against 4,858,300 pounds a year ago, and 6,310,600 in 1892.

"There is no improvement whatever in the demand for woollen goods, and a number of establishments have closed, or reduced working force. Reports are frequent that many of the largest mills are about to stop production for a time, in order to give the market opportunity to clear itself.

"Speculation in breadstuffs has not been particularly active, nor has the change in prices been important. Western receipts of wheat were 2,311,333 bushels, against 1,824,933 for the same week last year, having been in February 1,059,144 bushels, against 4,419,446 last year. On the other hand, Atlantic exports again fall behind those of last year, amounting for the week to 1,541,435 bushels, flour included, against 1,880,222 last year. With continuing large receipts corn remains substantially unchanged in price.

"The cotton market has continued its downward movement, spot has fallen 3-16 cent again, and the May option 20 points. The receipts continue as before, so large as to render quite inadmissible the low estimates of the crop of 1895, and at the same time the preparations for planting this year go on at such a scale that it is believed by many conservative observers that the crop, with favoring weather, may prove one of the largest on record.

"Failures for the week have been 285 in the United States, against 234 last year, and 68 in Canada, against 58 last year."

KENRICK IS NO MORE.

Archbishop of St. Louis Passes Peacefully Away. Peter Richard Kenrick, who, for fifty-five years prior to three years



ARCHBISHOP KENRICK.

ago, was the Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of St. Louis, Mo., died at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon in the 90th year of his age. His death was peaceful and painless. For several years the aged prelate had been in very feeble health, and about three years ago Bishop John J. Kain, of Wheeling, was elevated to an archbishopric and sent there to relieve him.

Shot by Discharged Employee.

Wehawken, N. J., special: Willie Watson, superintendent of the Hudson river division of the West Shore railroad, was shot in his private office at the West Shore passenger depot, Wehawken, Thursday, by Detective Edward Clifford of the Wehawken police and formerly an employe of the railroad. Clifford, it is said, shot his former employer because he lost his position. The injured man was removed as soon as possible to New York city, where it was thought his wounds might prove fatal.

NEWS OF ILLINOIS.

A RECORD OF THE DOINGS OF SEVEN DAYS.

Some Social, Religious, Political, Obituary, Matrimonial, Criminal and Miscellaneous Happenings That Have Taken Place Since Our Last Issue.

James Matthews committed suicide at Mount Carmel. He is a son of J. H. Matthews of Arcola.

The First Lutheran church has expressed a preference for the Rev. C. Seedhoff of Stillwater, Minn., to succeed the late Rev. Joel Haff, and he will be extended a call.

G. V. Johnson, proprietor of Johnson's Bank, of Normal, has announced that he will permanently close the bank next Saturday, having determined to go out of the banking business. The business has not paid. Reports are that the country banking business is not what it has been.

Mrs. Twinham King of Moline at Christmas time received a scratch on her finger while opening a tomato can which has resulted in blood poisoning and the amputation of the finger. The lady was taken to a hospital, and it is now thought it will be necessary to take the arm off at the shoulder.

Judge Gibbons, in Chicago this week, decided the Phillips land case, awarding forty heirs in New Jersey and Pennsylvania about \$1,000 each. The technicality upon which they were given the award was brought out as the result of a quarrel between George Phillips and his father, aged 80. The old man desired to dispose of some property, and, being opposed by the son, who supposed himself the sole heir, was suddenly undeceived by Phillips, Sr.

In an election for major of the Sixth Regiment, I. N. G., held in Moline, Captain W. E. Baldwin, of Dixon, was chosen to succeed the retiring Major Ingalls, of Sublette. Colonel D. J. Foster and thirty of the field and line officers were in attendance. Immediately following the election the colonel read the riot act to the company commanders for the laxity and insufficiency of their reports. The regimental officers were tendered a banquet following the election by Company F, of that city.

A mere accident is all that prevented the death of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Litt at Arcola, Monday. The couple prepared to go to a neighboring town to spend the day, and Mrs. Litt cooked the hired man's dinner and placed it on a shelf in the pantry. A plate of fried chicken was among the several articles cooked. The hired man, it appears, did not eat much of the chicken, and when Mr. and Mrs. Litt returned home in the evening the latter prepared lunch. The house dog, which was whining for his supper, was tossed a piece of the chicken, and died in great agony in a few minutes. This aroused the suspicion of Mrs. Litt, and she decided to investigate further by calling in the cat. The cat ate of the chicken and died in ten minutes. It is thought some one entered the house after the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Litt and put poison in the victuals with the intention of killing the couple.

Mrs. Grant Atterbery, widow of the man who was lynched at Sullivan for the alleged outrage upon his sister-in-law, Mrs. Roxy Atterbery, is now in Decatur, visiting a Mrs. M. E. Young. She may go to St. Louis to reside permanently. She believes implicitly in the innocence of her husband, stating that she knows he was at home all night long January 22 and 23. She states that she will bring suit for damages against Moultrie county for not giving her husband proper protection from mob violence. The last coroner's jury has recommended the arrest of the Hoke brothers and John Miller as three members of the mob. The warrants were issued, but the feeling was so intense against any proceedings of that nature that at last the coroner did not act, but there is a general feeling that the next grand jury will act promptly, and in the dragnet will rake in nearly every member of the mob. No one, however, expects a conviction.

The report of the State bureau of labor statistics on the mining industry in the state has been in the course of preparation for several months. The figures involved are of great interest and great importance and the report is awaited with considerable anxiety in those localities where the mining interests are in a precarious condition. The mining industry in the state, since the great strike of about three years ago, has been undergoing a gradual change, and there are new lines of effort being planned. It is to be noted that the great fields at Braidwood and other points in the northern districts have been abandoned, and the miners in many instances have left to go into other work where it could be found. The development of machine work has been such as to change the entire class of work in many places. The result of the work in the Illinois, also, is of great interest to the miners of other states, whose remuneration has long depended upon the situation in Illinois.

Alexander Hutton, an aged miner and an employe of the Randolph Coal company, was found dead in his room at Percy.

By an act of the last legislature counties are obliged to pay to industrial schools \$10 a month for each dependent child committed to it by the county court.

Insurance Commissioner Durfee has prepared a statement showing the amount of fire and marine insurance business done in Illinois during the year ending December 31, 1895.

Deputy Factory Inspector John Martin, of Chicago, has commenced the prosecution against the secretaries of a number of Rockford furniture companies, including the Rockford Chair, Royal Mantel, Union and Forest City, who are charged with the employment of child labor. The defendants will fight the cases.

The will of George Fielder, who died near Thomasboro recently, has been probated in the county court at Urbana. It provides that within a reasonable time after his death the executor of the estate shall cause the body to be taken to a crematory and reduced to ashes. His wife was appointed his executrix, and it is said that she was ignorant of this provision till a few days ago. Fielder's body was buried in the Catholic cemetery.

Judge Gibbons, of the Cook county Circuit court, entered an order the other morning compelling a wife, who is complainant in a divorce suit, to pay alimony to her husband pending the suit. The case is that of Emille Groth against Heinrich Groth, and the wife has filed a bill, charging cruelty and non-support. Both the parties are old, and were married in 1893. Last July the rupture occurred. At the time in question affidavits were filed by the attorneys for the husband, who is contesting the suit, alleging that he is 65 years old, feeble and destitute, and would be obliged to apply to the county for support unless the wife came to his aid.

The fire which threatened to destroy Clifton on the night of December 17 has been traced to Phillip Fournier. He has been arrested by Matt Pinkerton's detectives from Chicago and held in \$3,000 bail to the March grand jury. The accused denies his guilt. The fire broke out in the butcher shop of Chas. Rochelle, on which there was no insurance. Fournier had married the sister-in-law of Rochelle and she owned the property adjacent. Both buildings were in the heart of the one street of the town and if the fire had not been discovered almost at its start the village would have been destroyed. Kerosene was used to start the fire and the detectives claim that they have a strong circumstantial case against the accused.

By virtue of the Torrens land-transfer system, the vote of the sovereign people of Chicago, and an accommodating money-lender, Mrs. E. E. Hobbs, Tuesday afternoon was enabled to break the record for a rapid transaction in borrowing money. Two weeks ago through her attorney she filed her application for a certificate of land title under the new system. The afternoon mentioned she received her title at 2 o'clock and a few moments after 3 her attorney returned with a representative of C. T. Reynolds & Son, who had a trust deed on the property recorded as security for an \$8,000 loan. Under the old system she could not have obtained the money under two weeks, and the cost probably would have been doubled. The transaction is the fastest on record and entitles Mrs. Hobbs to the championship for rapid borrowing on real estate. The business of the registrar has increased since the quarters in the recorder's office were opened. The merits of the system are fast being realized.

In the annual report of the stockholders of the Chicago and Alton railroad just issued President Blackstone takes occasion to declaim against what he terms popular control of railroads. He sets forth that the Supreme court of the United States long ago held that the charter of a railroad corporation is a contract within the meaning of the contract clause of the constitution, but that the people have failed to remember their side of the contract. One of the provisions of such contracts is that railroads shall always have power to collect reasonable rates, but this state has passed a law enabling a state board to limit the railway rates at their discretion. Such contracts, he claims, also bind the state to keep railroad taxes on a par with other taxes, yet since 1887, the assessed value of other property in Illinois has been reduced 15 1/2 per cent, while the assessment of railroad property had been increased 113.56 per cent. Such contracts he also claims, provide for such public highways as railroads are held to be, would cause no more of them to be constructed than it intended the people should support by payments for their use, yet the policy has been to give franchises to all comers. This has brought on a ruinous competition, in which solvent roads have been forced, until all have been embarrassed. The Alton's net earnings for the past year were \$2,819,493, an increase of \$155,994 compared with 1894.

NEW ITALIAN CABINET

RUDINI AT THE HEAD OF THE GOVERNMENT.

He Is Opposed to a Continuation of the War with Abyssinia—Rumors that King Humbert Contemplates Abdication in Favor of His Son.

There was much difficulty found in the task of forming a new ministry by King Humbert. Signor Saracco declined the responsibility, while an attempt to form a Saracco-Rudini combination equally failed. King Humbert conferred with Gen. Ricotti at 7 o'clock Sunday and charged him with the formation of a cabinet. Gen. Ricotti yielded the premiership to the Marquis di Rudini, and himself assumed the portfolio of war. The cabinet as formed will be:

Marquis di Rudini, premier and minister of the interior.
Gen. Ricotti, minister of war.
Sig. Brin, minister of foreign affairs.
Senor Perazzi, minister of the treasury.
Admiral Racchia, minister of marine.
Sig. Guicciardini, minister of finance.
Sig. Granturco, minister of Justice.

honor, and they hint that Germany and Austria will support this policy. The Boersen Courier, on the contrary, contends that Italy's position would

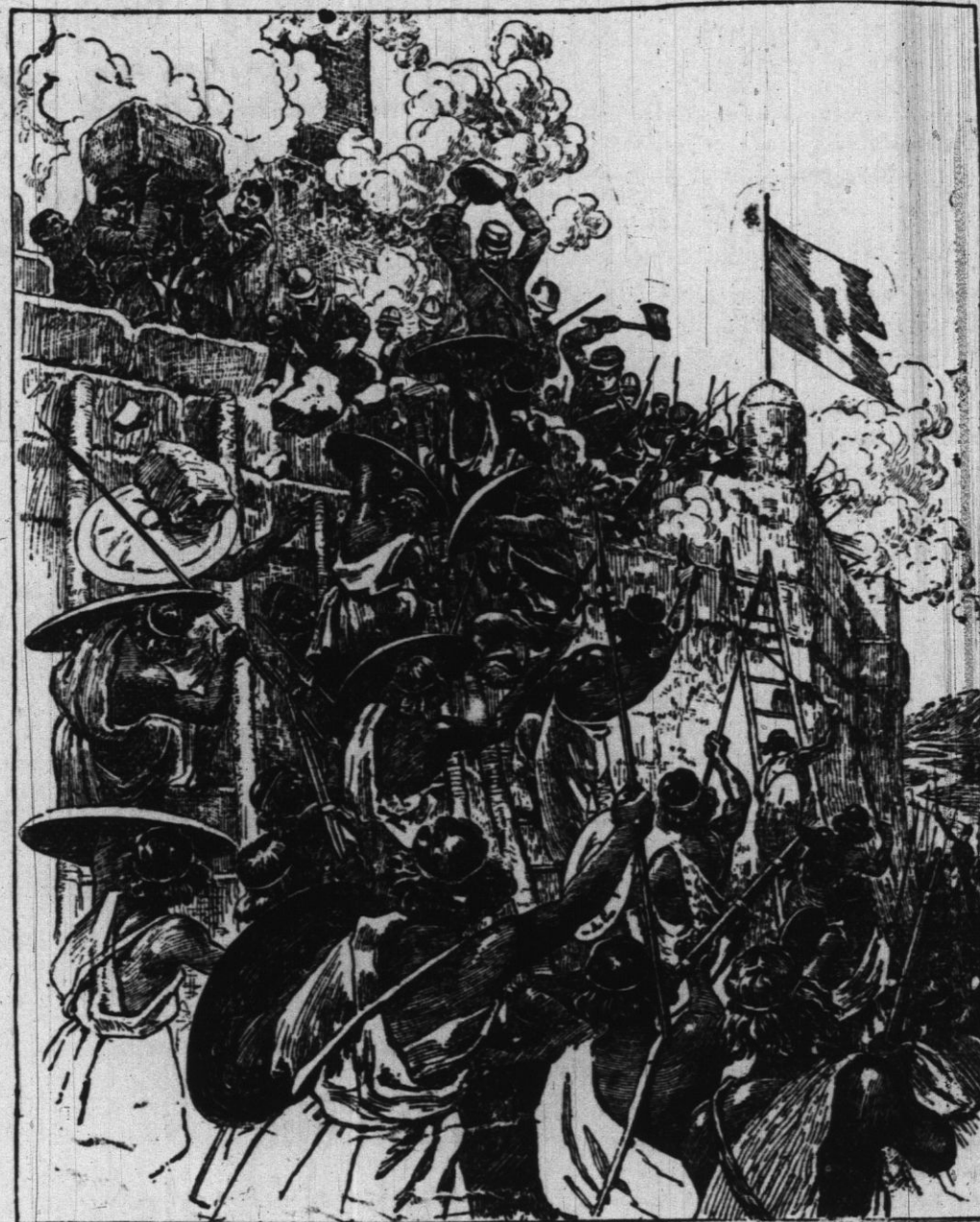


KING HUMBERT.

not be weakened if she withdrew from the African adventure.

The Vorwaerts leads the democratic section of the press with a ferocious attack on Italy and Sig. Crispi, dubbing

CAPTURE OF FORT MAKALEH BY THE ABYSSINIAN FORCES.



Gen. Baldissera has been authorized to withdraw the Cassala garrison should their position become endang-

ered. The report that Cassala is surrounded by dervishes has not been confirmed. Dispatches from Milan and Florence announced a very threatening state of affairs among the troops in garrison in those two cities. The soldiers became so excited by the attitude of the populace that they almost broke out into open mutiny, threatening to leave their quarters and join the rioters. With difficulty the officers in command succeeded in calming the soldiers.



MARQUIS DI RUDINI.

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HUMBERT MAY ABDICATE.

Rumors at Berlin that Such an Action Is Contemplated.

Berlin Cable: The long visits of Emperor William to Chancellor von Hohenlohe, Baron von Biberstein, minister of foreign affairs, and the Austrian ambassador on Saturday have given an impulse to speculation in the press and in political circles on the subject of the visit this week to Berlin of Count Goluchowski, the Austrian minister for foreign affairs, and the future relations of Italy to the dreibund, which are undoubtedly the subject of Count Goluchowski's mission. The papers generally counsel Italy to make the utmost sacrifice to save her

J. H. M'VICKER DEAD.

Veteran Manager Passes Away at His Home in Chicago.

James H. McVicker, for nearly forty years manager of McVicker's theater in Chicago, is dead. Last Saturday afternoon at his residence, 1842 Michigan avenue, he passed away, leaving a



J. H. M'VICKER.

widow and a son, and a host of friends, in and out of the theatrical profession. He was 74 years old.

A jury at Galesburg, Ill., awarded Mrs. Moses Libey \$3,000 for the death of her husband, a brakeman, who was killed on the Burlington railroad.

"THE WOODEN HEN"



Hatches chickens from hen's eggs. It is 10x15x8 inches; will take care of 28 eggs. Write to Mr. Geo. H. Stahl, Mfr., Quincy, Ill., for a copy of his booklet "W," describing the "Wooden Hen," also large catalogue. Both sent free. Mention this paper.

Bird's Nest of Steel.

A striking illustration of the skill of birds in building their nests is in the museum of natural history at Soleure, Switzerland, where there is a bird's nest made entirely of steel. There are a number of clock-making establishments at Soleure and in the yards of these many broken clock and watch springs of all sizes are scattered about.

One day a clockmaker noticed in a tree in his yard a swallow's nest of peculiar appearance. He climbed up to it and found that a pair of wagtails had built a nest almost entirely of clock springs. It was more than four inches across and perfectly comfortable for the birds.

In the fall, after the young birds had grown up and the whole family had flitted southward for the winter, the nest was carefully taken down and removed to the museum.—Exchange.

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS ANNUALLY.

And more could be made by the farmers if they would plant Salzer's big cropping seeds, because Salzer's seeds sprout, grow and produce, giving you from 4 to 6 tons of hay per acre, over 200 bu. of corn, 116 bu. of barley, 1,200 bu. of potatoes, 209 bu. Silver Mine Oats and the like per acre. These are positive facts, all of which can be substantiated by oath. Now, the editor asks why sow poor seeds and get poor yields, when such big, bountiful yields are possible? Salzer's catalogue tells you all about it.

If you will cut this out and send it with 10 cents postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and 10 samples of grain and grass seeds, worth \$10 to anybody to get a start from. Catalogue alone, 5 cents postage. W.D.

Why and How Thread Is Numbered.

The question: "Why is spool cotton numbered as it is, and why are the figures not used in regular order?" is often asked. The explanation is this: The numbers on the spools express the number of "hanks" which are required to weigh a pound. The very finest spinning rarely exceeds 300 hanks to the pound, while in the very coarsest there is about a half-pound in each hank. The more common qualities, however, those from which sewing thread is usually made, run from ten to fifty hanks to the pound, and the spools on which it is wound are numbered from ten to fifty in accordance.—St. Louis Republic.

Catarrh Can Not Be Cured

With local applications as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists; price, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Limit of Earthly Existence.

Buffon, Flourens, Humboldt and a great many other eminent naturalists, scientists, etc., were of the opinion that the natural limit of earthly existence among the animal creation is five times as long as the time expended by them in reaching maturity. Buffon gives the following table to substantiate that peculiar belief: The camel grows for eight years, lives forty; the horse grows for five years, live twenty-five; the ox grows for four years, lives fifteen to twenty; the lion grows for four years, lives twenty; the dog grows for two years, lives ten to twelve; the man grows for twenty years, lives 100.

There is money to be made in Cripple Creek. When you go take the "Rock Island Route" to Colorado Springs.

This is the only direct line—saves several hours' time to Cripple Creek. Send for full information.

JOHN SEBASTIAN,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

The pugilist may get himself arrested but it is a hard matter to shut him up.

For Lung and chest diseases, Piso's Cure is the best medicine we have used.—Mrs. J. L. Northcott, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

To find fault with another is to expose a greater one of your own.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are unrivalled for relieving Coughs, Hoarseness and all Throat Troubles. Sold only in boxes.

Frugality is founded on the principle that all riches have limits.

LAKE ZURICH

Lake Zurich Golf Club.

Lawyer Wood was out from the city Sunday.

Movers are moving.

Frank Meyer expects to go to Huntly soon.

Chas. Kohl went to Frankfort, Ill., to visit his mother Wednesday.

A little bud of nature arrived at the home of H. Clipp last week.

Miss Mary Schafer has returned from Chicago.

Miss Amelia Kuckuck returned to Living Park Monday.

F. P. Clark and Wm. Hutchinson were in Waukegan Tuesday doing jury service.

E. Branding was a Barrington visitor Wednesday.

H. L. Prehm was in Chicago on business Tuesday.

The name of our new station agent is Mr. Mitchell.

Chas. Steffens redeemed his team of black horses Tuesday.

Our photographer will open up his studio about April 1st. to take pictures.

Johnnie Dickson jr. is on the sick list.

Al R. Ficke transacted business in Chicago Friday.

The worktrain on the E. J. & E. has been here all this week repairing bridges.

Tax Collector Kukuk will soon turn in his book. If you have not paid yet do so at once.

George Graber moved upon his newly purchased farm this week.

Joe Heimer of McHenry was in our burg Monday.

Messrs. Forbes and Lemke of Dundee have moved here and will engage in business.

The overcoat sale on Thursday by Wauconda merchants did not pan out very well.

John Wilmer of Gilmer has been assisting at the creamery this week.

The Ela Cornet Band give a dance tonight at Quentin's hall. A pleasant time is anticipated.

Elegant Carved Cards at Al's Studio.

Patronize John the barber for first class shaves and hair cuts.

Take THE REVIEW each week by paying for one year's subscription, and be happy.

An agent representing Champion Reaper Co. did business here several days this week.

G. A. Fiedler of Holland, Mich., will arrive next week and conduct a first class butcher shop in the Dymond building. He comes well recommended, and no doubt will enjoy a good trade.

J. D. Lamey & Co. are headquarters for window glass, mixed paints, oils, varnishes, etc. They have a large stock; therefore you can always find just what you want there.

Kohl Bros. will soon engage in the grocery business in Lake Zurich. We wish them much success.

H. Swerman has been very busy of late, owing to the increase in the receipt of milk at the factory. Hank is a hustler when at work. We are sorry to say Henry will soon take up his abode at the Lake's Corners factory.

M. C. McIntosh has money to loan. Small amounts on short time preferred. Call at his Barrington office.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

On Sunday, March 8th about 100 ladies and gentlemen took possession of the home of H. Branding and tendered him a grand surprise, it being the occasion of Mr. Branding's birthday. After greetings were over with, refreshments were served from a bountifully spread table, after which the guests amused themselves with all kinds of social games. An orchestra of four pieces furnished elegant music. The young folks took possession of the front parlor, while the elder one's were not at all behind the times in the spacious rooms. Among the games indulged in, we will mention: "Postoffice," "Rats," "Fruit Basket," "Nut Basket," "Roll the Plater," "Whisperings," "O. I. C.," "Who Was It," etc., etc. Among those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames C. L. Hoke-

meyer, H. L. Prehm, Wm. Buesching, A. Cunningham, Wm. Prehm, H. Seip, C. H. Seip, Frank Sholtz, Fred Holland, D. Laufner, H. Hillman. F. Kukuk.

Misses Emma Meyer, Anna Meyer, Amella Kuckuck, Lizzie Kuckuck, Ella Seip, Maud Wells, Edith Seip, Lida Hokemeyer, Minnie Hokemeyer, May Wells, Jennie Deliver, Emma Seip.

Messrs Al R. Ficke, J. C. Meyer, C. W. Kohl, Wm. Herschlage, Ben Searns, Otto C. Ficke, E. Branding, L. Clifford, Bert Seip, H. Schwerman, Louis Seip, Chas. Scholtz, G. Waltz, F. Meyer, and Fred Renard.

Our blind friend, Birt, is to be credited with the way he had the game of "Digging a Well," arranged in the animated parlor. Well, it was so dark for Birtus.

LANGENHEIM.

Snow for a change again.

Mrs. L. Langenheim accompanied by her daughter, Miss Bertha, visited friends in Chicago this week.

Miss Mary Wolff of Glen Ellyn spent Thursday at the home of L. Langenheim.

Miss Katharine Wiewmuth has returned to Chicago after several days visit with her mother.

Joe Bloner was a caller in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Peter Beck and Miss Lizzie Goodrich called on Mrs. Richard's Wednesday.

Miss Laura Kirmse who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. C. Riedel, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Weimuth and family expect to move to Cary in the near future.

Mr. Henry Kirmse and wife are visiting at the home of Mrs. Bock, in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Meyer were Barrington visitors Sunday.

We are all invited to a surprise party. Who is the victim? Not me.

Mrs. J. Welch made Barrington a business call Tuesday.

T. V. Slocum was in town recently. The Misses Langenheim and Mrs. A. Wolff were Spring Lake visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Strobach accompanied by Miss Clara Hill were Chicago visitors recently.

Mrs. Ben Clemmons of Breathitt county, Kentucky, is 35 years old, and weighs a trifle over 900 pounds. She is still increasing in weight.

Zola would not take honors as a gourmet. He employs a cook, but eats sparingly himself and is careful as to wines. His dinners are daintily served.

A canvass among the druggists of this place reveals the fact Chamberlain's are the most popular proprietary medicines sold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, especially, is regarded as in the lead of all throat trouble remedies, and as such, is freely prescribed by physicians. As a croup medicine, it is unexcelled, and most families with young children keep a bottle always handy for instant use. The editor of the Graphic has repeatedly known Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to do the work after all other medicines had failed.—The Kimball, S. D., Graphic. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by A. L. Waller, Druggist.

Mary Anderson Navarro has declined an offer of more than \$100,000 for a brief series of dramatic performances. She says she is done with the stage forever.

All last winter Mr. Geo. A. Mills, of Lebanon, Conn., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. At times it was so severe that he could not stand up straight, but was drawn over on one side. "I tried different remedies without receiving relief," he says, "until about six months ago I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. After using it for three days my rheumatism was gone and not returned since." For sale by A. L. Waller, Druggist.

Evangelist Moody, who has not visited the Pacific coast within the past ten years, is soon to conduct a series of revival meetings in San Francisco.

Last season Ike L. Hall, druggist of West Lebanon, Indiana, sold four gross of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy and says every bottle of it gave perfect satisfaction. For sale by A. L. Waller, Druggist.

A 70-year-old citizen of Ellsworth Falls, Me., has had a severe attack of whooping cough during the past week and is slowly recovering from it.

The Barrington Bank

....OF....

SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres.
A. L. Robertson, Cashier.
John G. Plagge, Vice-Prest.
.....H. G. P. Sandman.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. First-class commercial paper for sale.

Barrington, - Illinois

POTATOES

25 cents per bushel.

\$8 per ton.

FOR TABLE USE, SEED OR STOCK FEEDING.

Webb's Farm.

LAKE ZURICH.

HENRY BUTZOW,

BAKERY

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.

Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

H. BUTZOW,
Barrington, Ills.

H. F. KOELLING,

.....Dealer in.....

PURE MILK.

Milk Delivered Morning and Evening.

Fresh Milk can be had at my residence in the Village at any time of the day.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

H. F. Koelling, Barrington

GEO. SCHAFER,

Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington, - Ills



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

In Writing.

A written guarantee of excellence goes with everyone of the



and it's a guarantee you can hold us to.

Quick Bakers,
Superior Cookers,
Powerful Heaters.

Ask for the Peninsular brand and be determined to get it.

SOLD BY L. F. SCHROEDER,

Barrington, Ill.

The Wauconda Studio

Will be Opened

Wednesday, April 1st.

Special Prices on all size Photos, Crayon Portraits, and Picture Frames on April 1, 2, 3, and 4th.

12 Of our Best Cabinet Photos and a 14x17 Crayon Portrait only \$3.

GOOD NEGATIVES MADE IN ALL KINDS OF WEATHER.

Give us a call. Satisfaction guaranteed

M. W. HUGHES, Photographer,

WAUCONDA, ILLINOIS.

Plagge & Co.

Keep for sale at reasonable rates

COAL
FEED, FLOUR,
Paints

Dry Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding, Pickets, etc., Building Papers, Tile, Glazed Sewer and Culvert Pipe, Cord Wood.

BARREL AND LUMP SALT.

Barrington

GOING TO BUILD, OR MAKE ANY IMPROVEMENTS?

If so, don't fail to give us a call and let us figure on your Building Material. Our stock in this branch contains a large assortment, therefore there is nothing in this line but what we can furnish. We want to figure with you.

SOMETHING ABOUT PAINT

In selecting your materials for painting, to insure the best results, it is essential that only the best be used. It is our aim to keep a select line of this class in stock, which always proves the most satisfactory in the end to the consumer. If you intend to paint,

LET US TALK WITH YOU.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.

BARRINGTON, - ILLINOIS.

Barrington Review.

ESTABLISHED IN 1885.

Published Every Saturday at

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

—BY—

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Pub.

Entered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1896.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

G. H. Comstock is quite sick.

Wm. McCredie of Elgin made a visit here yesterday.

Geo. T. Comstock was in town this week.

Mrs. Zebina Hawley is on the sick list.

Black overalls at Wolthausen & Landwer's.

Miss Anna Clute is visiting in Iowa for a few weeks.

Mrs. John Hatje has been very ill, but at last reports she was improving.

Mrs. Flora Lines was a Desplains visitor Friday.

Mr. L. F. Schroeder is on the sick list.

Mr. Ed Breining expects to return to Barrington in the near future.

Wm. Leonard collector for the Town of Cuba went to Waukegan today with the tax books; there is about \$430.00 delinquent.

We received a letter from Mr. W. H. Selleck yesterday. He is located at Kalso, British Columbia, and says he likes the place quite well.

L. F. Elvidge will return his books Tuesday; out of \$1675.14 to be collected he has collected all but about \$565.

Big drive in wall paper now on at A. W. Meyer & Co's, to make room for the large spring stock. Bring the sizes of your rooms.

Rev. T. E. Ream will preach on the subject: "Hope and Help" next Sunday evening. All are invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. FitzSimmons left Tuesday for Oshkosh, Wis., where they are visiting relatives.

A. E. Hawley and wife of St. Charles visited at the home of Mrs. Hawley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Seebert.

A letter dated Pacific Grove, Cal., Feb. 29, was received by THE REVIEW from A. W. Meyer, and will appear in our next issue.

A full line full line of spring goods in the way of shirts, pants, jackets, etc., at Wolthausen & Landwer's.

Aug. Turnan of Parkersburg, Ia., is visiting with his nephew F. H. Plagge this week.

Mrs. Laura S. Dammerman, who formerly lived near here, sent THE REVIEW a letter from Los Angeles, Cal., which will appear in our next issue.

Mrs. August Haak, who has been here with her mother for some time, returned home Sunday.

The meeting of the W. R. C. Wednesday evening was well attended, and one application for membership was read.

The finest flour in town is A. W. Meyer & Co's Fancy Patent. Every sack guaranteed. Prices the lowest.

Mrs. Richmond and children, of Palatine, visited at the home of J. E. Heise yesterday.

Quarterly meeting at the Salem church Sunday. Rev. J. Schneider of Chicago will be here.

A very interesting program is being prepared for the Easter exercises at the Salem church.

The spring term at the White school, No. 4, Cuba, will begin Monday, with Miss Effelyn Runyan as teacher.

John C. Plagge has added one more feature to his already well equipped store, namely, a carpet department. He has some elegant samples to select from.

A republican caucus will be held next Saturday, March 21st, from 2 to 3 o'clock, at the village hall in the Town of Barrington.

Ed. Thies of Plum Grove is now employed in Mr. Heise's creamery.

James McKelvie of Beaver Dam, Wis., is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gieske. Mr. McKelvie three years ago worked in Mr. Heise's creamery.

F. Kampert has sold his meat market to a gentleman from Roselle, who will take charge Monday.

Arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wolthausen Friday, March 6th, a little girl.

L. E. Runyan who has been serving on the Grand Jury at Waukegan, returned home Friday.

If in need of carpets and curtains don't forget that Wolthausen & Landwer have a complete line.

The entertainment given by the Arlington Heights Burnt Cork club at Arlington Heights Thursday evening was a decided success. A number from here were in attendance.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Salem church met at the home of Mrs. E. Cannon this week. The ladies are very busy in piecing a quilt to help the good cause along. Let's all lend a helping hand by buying a ticket.

We agree with the Cuba correspondent that it takes two to make a bargain; also for the bargain referred to, a minister and ten dollars to clinch it. Too expensive, for leap year.

Mr. J. J. Arnold of Chicago preached at the German Evangelical Zion's church Sunday morning. In the evening the gentleman gave a lecture on Alliance work. Mr. Arnold is an earnest, christian worker, and his visit was very much enjoyed by the Zion congregation.

Principal Powers of the Metropolitan Business college, Chicago, will give a lecture illustrated by stereopticon views, at the M. E. church next Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The proceeds go towards the purchasing of books for the school library. The gentleman donates his services on this evening, and should be greeted by a large audience.

D. F. Eselyn was here yesterday in the interest of the Chicago Chronicle. The Chronicle is one of the best papers published in Chicago, and is fast gaining in circulation. Eldie Ernst is their local agent in Barrington and will furnish the paper for 6 cents per week without the Sunday edition, or 11 cents per week with it. Copies of the paper can be had at Wm. Grunau's barbershop.

One of the best enterprises now on foot in our village is the erection of a new M. E. parsonage. This building is greatly needed in our town, and all in the place feel an interest in the movement. The parsonage will cost exactly \$1574. Messrs. Gleason and Lines have secured the work. Rev. T. E. Ream has on his subscription list \$1400 promised, and hopes for the full amount soon. He desires to heartily thank all subscribers.

The latest styles in ladies' fine shoes are always found at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

Beginning Wednesday, April 1st and running through to Thursday, April 30th inclusive, there will be a special conference for ministers and all Christian workers at the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

Chapel Day will be observed at the Baptist church on Sunday evening, March 15th with appropriate exercises. The Sunday school will render a program, consisting of recitations, songs, etc. All are cordially invited to attend. A contribution for home missions will be taken up.

HONEY LAKE SCHOOL.

Following are the names of the pupils having the highest marks for the month of February 1896: Sixth grade, Myrtle Burtis, 97 1-2; Fifth grade, Henry Sandman, 91; Third grade, Dottie Sinnett, 95; Second grade, Grace Young, 96; First grade, Clarence Newman, 94 4-5. Those who have not been absent during the month are: Louis Wienecke, Charley Wienecke, Henry Sandman and August Wienecke.

ESTELLA M. GRACE, Teacher.

Advertised Letters.

The following letters remain in the postoffice at Barrington as unclaimed: G. E. Alverson, Chas. Freye, Mrs. Bella Held, Mrs. Kennicott, Harry Russell, John Schultz, Hernian Wendt, Mrs. Lizzie Wagner, M. B. McIntosh, P. M. March 13th, 1896.

Industrial Progress in America.

Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright's new book, "The Industrial Evolution of the United States," traces the history of wages in this country from 1790 to the present time. He finds from the best data obtainable that the wage of a laborer in 1790 ranged from 43 cents to 60 cents a day. That the introduction of machinery does not reduce the laborer's pay directly is shown by the fact that during the war, when prices went up unprecedentedly, the wages of labor, measured by the gold standard, actually fell, that, too, with one out of every five northern men away in the army. Mr. Wright might have especially illustrated this point by the pay the soldier got during those years. The Union volunteer left all that made life worth having and stood in the ranks to be shot year after year for \$5 a month, measured by the gold standard. After the war wages rose rapidly till 1873, then went down again in consequence of the panic, but more than recovered themselves after the depression following that panic was over.

Commissioner Wright sees in the increased use of machinery increased prosperity for the workingman. He finds truly that "low grades of labor are constantly giving place to educated labor." Skilled workmen today fill the places of those who formerly did the most menial drudgery. This comes in the nature of things, because a higher degree of intelligence is required to tend the machines which have displaced mere brute force. Mr. Wright's reasoning is that more intelligence is required to be a cable or electric car motorman than to be a mere driver of horses.

Let it be remembered that two London newspapers, The Chronicle and an afternoon paper, The Westminster Gazette, have been the consistent friends of justice and of the United States throughout the discussion of the Venezuelan question. The Westminster Gazette has gained a favorable standing in our country among people who never heard of it before. The advertisement will do it no harm.

So far as heard from, no woman has yet announced herself as a candidate for the presidency, although apparently nearly all the men are doing so.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Get your auction bills printed at this office.

M. C. McIntosh has for sale a few good notes of \$100 to \$500 each, well secured, which will net the investor 6 to 6 1/2 per cent.

Anyone holding orders against the treasurer of the Commissioners of Highways of the Town of Cuba, are requested to present them at once.

GEO. J. HAGER, Treas.

FOR RENT—house containing seven rooms. Apply to M. T. LAMEY.

FOR RENT—May 1. Saloon with adjoining property. For particulars call or address, H. DIEKMAN, Barrington, Ills.

FOR RENT—the first floor of a residence consisting of five rooms, 2 1/2 acres of land and barn. For particulars, inquire at this office.

Don't forget that THE REVIEW can print your wedding invitations at the lowest figures. Work done with new type, and the stock is the finest obtainable.

The Health Floor Oil, is the name of a new floor finish now handled by J. D. Lamey & Co. It is a positive dust preventer and disinfectant. It is guaranteed to not oxidize or become hard like varnish, but always retains an almost imperceptible moisture that effectually draws, catches and retains all dust particles and germs that the air contains.

If you intend to paint this spring, talk with J. D. Lamey & Co. They have just what you want.

FOR SALE—Meat market, in Barrington, doing a good business. Owner has other business that needs his attention. Enquire of F. Kampert, Barrington.

FOR SALE—Farm known as the Gibney farm, containing 40 acres. Farm is situated 2 1/2 miles north of Barrington. For particulars apply to M. T. Lamey, Barrington, Ill.

FOR SALE—Monarch wheel, model of 1895. Only used three months. For particulars call at this office.

THE REVIEW will consider it a special favor if our readers will mention our paper when they make a purchase of goods advertised in this paper.

The better element among the Philadelphia republicans is bound to purge politics of Quayism if it costs \$5,000 a vote to do it.

Let it be recorded: An Indiana man whose wife wore his trousers had the temerity to elope.

When the saloonkeeper and the growler fall out some people may have more bread and butter.

For the first time the Finister-Aarhorn, the highest of the Bernese Alps, has been climbed in winter. Professor Fischer, with the guide Almer, accomplished the feat a couple of weeks ago.

HANSEN & PETERS.
Livery.

First class turnouts furnished at lowest figures.

BUGGIES, CUTTERS

And other Vehicles for sale.

Horses Bought and Sold.

Barrington, - Ills.

R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



ONE GIVES RELIEF.

HAVE YOU ENOUGH COURAGE

To read a Sample Copy of the.....

WAUCONDA LEADER?

If so, send your address to us and we will cheerfully send you SAMPLE COPIES FREE. A good advertising medium....

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All the News of Lake County.

REVIVO



FRENCH REMEDY,

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in every package. For free circular address **ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.** For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington.

LOCAL AGENT WANTED BARRINGTON

FOR **METROPOLITAN ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION.** Oldest and Best Accident Co. in The West. Has paid over 6000 claims. Good pay to active solicitors. address **C. H. BUNKER Sec'y, Chicago, Ill.**

M. C. McINTOSH,
Estate and
Commercial Lawyer
Office, Room 32
95 Washington St. - Chicago
Residence, Barrington, Ill.

MILES T. LAMEY,
NOTARY PUBLIC and
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

Collections Given Prompt Attention. BARRINGTON

Your Face



Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, after you invest in a

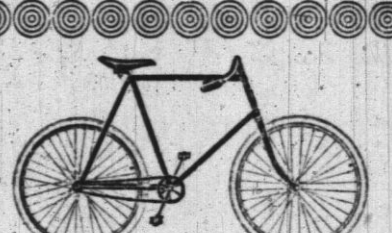
White Sewing Machine

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW
PINCH TENSION,
TENSION INDICATOR
—AND—
AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER,
The most complete and useful devices ever added to any sewing machine.

The **WHITE** is
Durable and Handsomely Built,
Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment,
Sews ALL Sewable Articles,
And will serve and please you up to the full limit of your expectations.

ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoccupied territory. Liberal terms. Address,
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.

—FOR SALE BY—
J. C. PLAGGE
Barrington, Illinois.



RIDE
A
MONARCH
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KEEP
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Four Styles—\$80 and \$100

DEFIANCE BICYCLES

The Best of Lower Price Wheels.
Eight Styles—\$40, \$50, \$60 and \$75.
Fully Guaranteed.
Send 9-Cent Stamp for Catalogue.
Monarch Cycle Mfg. Co., Chicago.
15 Bond Street, New York.
3 and 5 Front St., San Francisco.



SPORTS ON THE ICE.

SKATING IS THE GREATEST WINTER AMUSEMENT.

How the Boys and Girls of Our Northern Climes Enjoy Themselves—Delightful Exercise and an Ideal Sport Generally.

As an ideal winter sport, skating is pre-eminent. This, of course, has no reference to roller-skating, which bears the same relation to the splendid sport on ice that an apologetic tallow dip does to a brilliant incandescent light. There is an exhilaration in its enjoyment that makes the whole world seem very merry and which sends the blood tingling with pleasure through your veins. This is the case when you know how. If you don't—well, it might not seem so very merry, but your blood will tingle just the same, though, perhaps, not exactly from pleasure.

It has been said that no exercise except swimming gives a free motion to all the muscles simultaneously. While this, no doubt, is perfectly true, the same may be said in no less degree of skating. Not only this, but a very important point in the latter's favor is that while skating the body is kept in its normal position, which is not the case in swimming. When skating, even while learning the art, there is not a muscle in your entire anatomy that is not in almost constant action, and this condition obtains so long as the blades are fastened to your feet.

When sufficient skill is gained so as

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Something About the Greatest Institution of Its Kind in the World.

On the 27th of last July the Bank of England reached its 200th birthday, says the Bank Register. It is the greatest bank in the world. In its early days the bank employed fifty-four clerks, and the yearly salary list amounted to but little over \$20,000, the chief accountant receiving \$1,225 a year. At the present time the number of employes is 1,500. No note of the 50,000 or so issued daily is ever issued again. Each note as it is paid in is cancelled and an account kept of its filings. One of the curiosities of the bank is a 25-pound note which was paid in after being out 111 years. In the bank album for large notes and other curiosities is a 1,000,000-pound bank note which was once issued for convenience in a transaction involving a large amount of money. Whether lost or stolen, the bank's notes will always be paid. Once a clerk ran away with \$100,000 worth of notes. For six months the theft and number of notes were advertised, and at the end of that time a Jew appeared with them and demanded that they be paid. On being refused he went to the exchange and raised such an outcry, saying that as the bank refused to pay its own notes, it must be insolvent, that the bank called him back and paid him the full amount of the stolen notes. Another time one of the directors deposited \$150,000 and took a single note. He put the piece of paper on the mantle-piece and fell asleep. On waking he found the note gone. He thought it had fallen into the fire, and got another note, giving a guaranty that if the first note ever turned up he would be responsible for it. Thirty years later, the man having died in the meantime, the first note was presented for payment at the bank, and the bank stood the loss. The man's estate had been

ALL GODSONS OF EUGENIE.

Frenchmen Born the Same Day as the Prince Imperial Are Lucky.

Three thousand eight hundred and thirty-four male children were born in France on March 16, 1856, the same day that the ill-fated prince imperial came into the world, says the New York World. His mother, ex-Empress Eugenie, became a godmother to them all. It is said that the ex-empress has recently made her will, and in it has bequeathed a trifling legacy to each of her godsons, whose names and addresses she still preserves. The original number, however, must have been sadly depleted by death in the nearly forty years which have elapsed, and of bearded men who will claim their bequest when Eugenie dies there may be less than half a thousand.

The contrast between that March day nearly four decades ago and the ex-empress' present fortune is striking. Then the reign of Napoleon III. was in the heyday of its power, and the nation, drunken with military glory, wished as heartily as its ruler for an heir to the throne. Early on the morning of the 16th the cannon boomed from the Invalides, announcing the deliverance of the empress. Paris bent an anxious listening ear, counting the guns. A hundred and one. It was a boy. "Conquerer in the Crimean campaign, the arbiter chosen by Europe at the congress of Paris," says Andre Martinet in his history of the prince imperial, "Napoleon III. felt more firmly placed on his brow by this birth the crown which had been given him by nearly 8,000,000 votes. France, radiant in her rejuvenated glory and her reconquered prestige, drowned with the noise of fetes the first cries of the imperial infant."

More than 20,000 admiring people viewed at the Hotel de Ville, before the birth of the royal baby, the cradle

A GREAT FRENCHMAN.

ALFRED PICARD, HEAD OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION FOR 1900.

One of the Greatest Engineers of Modern Times—Participated in the Franco-Prussian War—A Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor.



ALFRÉD PICARD, impersonating work and science, has assumed supreme direction of arrangements for the Paris universal exposition of 1900. Commissioner general is his title. He has already perfected the organization of his staff for preliminary work, and construction of the buildings, which will line the Seine, will soon begin. Mr. Picard is one of the greatest of modern Frenchmen. An Alsatian by birth, in the early '60s he had passed through the polytechnic school and was graduated from the school of engineers. In the Franco-Prussian war he was called from Metz, where he had settled, to command a battalion of engineers. His various services in the war and later labors for the government were awarded with the decoration



ALFRED PICARD

of the Legion of Honor, of which order he is a grand officer. As engineer at Nancy, M. Picard accomplished much important work throughout the east of France. He built reservoirs, canals and railroads. Called to Paris to the central department of public works, he was successively director of roads, of navigation and of mines. In 1881 he became a state councillor. Since 1885 he occupies the high post of president of the section of public works, agriculture, commerce and industry, in the state council. M. Picard is something of an author, too. His official history of the Paris exposition of 1889 is an encyclopedia, in ten volumes, of arts and industry. A treatise on railways, in four volumes, and a history of the French railroads, in six volumes, and a treatise on water ways, are also among his productions.

Emily Vanderbilt Sloane.

It may be that one day the house of Vanderbilt will rival that of the Astors in a literary as well as a social way. William Waldorf has taken his family name out of commerce and stocks and written it on the roll of authors. Emily Vanderbilt Sloane has compiled a volume of extracts, which is entitled "Ideals." The young woman recently entered society, but did not permit routs and balls and such affairs to keep



EMILY VANDERBILT SLOANE.

her from the literary work she had marked out, which is partly represented in "Ideals." Miss Sloane is the daughter of William Douglas Sloane, and a granddaughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt. Her sister, Adele, was married to James Abercrombie Burden, Jr.

Note from the Bottle.

Frank A. Kolmel, a baker of Shelbyville, Ind., received a bottle containing a note which he threw overboard in the middle of the Pacific ocean, Dec. 10, 1894. An accompanying letter stated that Dr. R. A. Packwood picked up the bottle in the sand on the Bermuda coast some weeks ago.

ARNOLD AND OXFORD.

Did Not Mind Severe Criticism if Neatly Done.

Visiting Oxford in May, 1861, a writer in the National Review observes that its intellectual atmosphere seems more perturbed and exacerbated than of old, and ends by observing: "If I was disposed to fly for refuge to the country and its sights and sounds against the rather humdrum life which prevailed here in old times, how much more am I disposed to do this now, convinced as I am that irritations and annoyances are not only negatively injurious to one's spirit, like dullness, but positively and actively." I have often thought he was never quite just to Oxford, and sometimes he seemed almost ungrateful to his alma mater, from, I suppose, some unconsciousness of how much he owed her. Perhaps those only who have been denied the happy privilege of being among her sons are aware of the value of such high parentage. Oxford sends her children into the world with credentials which she alone can bestow; and, if they happen to distinguish themselves in any walk of life, she at once remembers they are of her rearing, shows herself proud of them, sedulously fosters their reputation and ministers to their fame by unceasingly extolling their achievements. Oxford did this for Matthew Arnold, as she has done it in our day for others of her alumni, and they have thereby enjoyed an almost incalculable advantage over their less fortunate fellows in the honorable race for distinction. While showing himself, as we have seen, not insensible to praise when administered in the right manner, Matthew Arnold was commendably free from the too common literary foible of touchiness in respect of adverse criticism. What he objected to was rudeness in criticism, what he characterizes as grosserité. Therefore he writes to his sister: "You will have seen the amenities of the ———— it seems affected to say any one does not care for such things, but I do really think my spirits rebound after them sooner than most people's. The fault of the reviewer, as of English criticism generally, is that, whereas criticism is the most delicate matter in the world, and wants the most exquisite lightness of touch, he goes to work in such a desperate heavy-handed manner, like a bear (sic) in a china shop, if a bear can be supposed to have hands."

MISS TUTTIETT.

As Maxwell Gray She Has Won Destination in Literature.

"Maxwell Gray," whose progress in the literary world has been as rapid as her position and popularity are now



MISS TUTTIETT.

firmly established, is known in real life as Miss Tuttiett, and resides in the Isle of Wight. Eight years ago she published her first novel, "The Silence of Dean Maitland," which attracted widespread, popular attention and made the writer famous. Since then she has written and published "The Reproach of Annesley," "In the Heart of the Storm," and "The Lost Sentence," each of which shows great power and originality, and many sketches of rustic life.

Edna Lyall's "Dream Children."

The famous English authoress, Edna Lyall, writing of her life and early literary influences and work in Ladies' Home Journal, says: "From the early days of my authorship up to the present time there has always been a story on hand and writing has become so much a part of my life that it is difficult quite to understand what life without a vocation would be like, or how people exist without 'dream children.' They cost one much suffering, and bring many cares and anxieties; they are not what we could wish, and we are conscious of their faults. Still they are our 'dream children,' and when they cheer the dull or interest the overworked there comes a glad sense that it has all been worth while, and we are thankful that the gift was given us."

He Knew His Business.

The late Doorkeeper Bassett always knew when to conduct a United States senator to his committee-room, beyond the vulgar gaze of people in the capitol, and put him to sleep on a lounge. In this way the venerable man endeared himself to the senators, without distinction of party and threw a veil of secrecy over the eccentricities of those statesmen who occasionally indulge in too much cold tea of the senatorial brand. —Boston Herald.



A NIGHT SCENE AT A CHICAGO SKATING PARTY.

to be in repose while in motion, which paradoxically expresses the exact condition, there is nothing that so closely approaches the much talked of "poetry of motion" as a graceful skater. It is when swiftly gliding over the shimmering surface of a good bit of ice that one so keenly enjoys an indefinable exuberance of spirits. This bubbling over of good feeling is as spontaneous as it is infectious, and accounts for the irrepressible, bolsterous merriment that characterizes a skating crowd.

It is indeed a pity that such an invigorating and delightful sport as this should in any way have a touch of the freakishness of fashion. There is, when moderately indulged in, no more health-giving sport in the world than skating, and it is very gratifying to note that it is becoming more popular than ever. Never before in its history has skating been in such favor as during the present season. This does not only apply to Chicago, or the rest of the United States, but in all countries where ice is available the same condition holds, good, says Chicago Chronicle.

Skating in the open air is absolutely essential to the highest enjoyment of the sport. A skater's greatest delight is to have a good-sized sheet of gleaming ice set in the picturesque frame of a snow-covered landscape, with an occasional frost-bejeweled tree or clump of deep green pines to break the monotony of the dazzling whiteness. Our picture shows a party of skaters on the lake at Lincoln park, Chicago.

Some one has written a poem on "The Tongue of Liberty." The tongue of liberty generally belongs to a married woman.

divided and nothing could be recovered. Clerks of standing and character are selected to remain at the bank every night of the year and on Sundays and bank holidays. A guard of soldiers is on duty every night, and they are assisted by a body of watchmen, consisting of porters and workmen, fully trained to act in case of an emergency.

The Supreme Political Question.

At a meeting in Exeter Hall, London, Cardinal Manning eloquently said, concerning the liquor traffic:

"What are all our politics compared with this great question? We want a good helmsman at the wheel, and we want a sober crew on board! And if there be one thing which demoralizes a people more rapidly than any other, it is that which makes the brains of men reel and their hearts to be passionate and inflamed, and the wills of men to be unsteady and weak, in the hour of temptation; and when I know that intoxicating drink is doing all this, and that in the great centers of our industry, just there where the people are crowded together, where the national life is intensified, as it were, into a focus—when I know that the evil is spreading itself with the greatest intensity, I ask, what are we about? How is it that men who profess to be statesmen and politicians, waste their time and the time of the legislature before they take this subject in hand?"

An Importation of Bumble Bees.

The New South Wales department of agriculture recently received a consignment of bumble bees by steamer from New Zealand. They were liberated in the Botanic gardens and in the Linnaean society's grounds at Elizabeth.

where he was to lie. It was in the form of a boat, made of rosewood, and at its head stood the image of a beautiful woman, personifying the City of Paris, with drawn sword, and holding aloft a protecting shield. March 15 the cradle was taken to the Tuilleries. That night the soldiers waited, with lighted matches beside the cannon. At 3:10 in the morning the roar of the guns awoke the city.

Some time previous the emperor had issued a proclamation announcing the fetes that would be held when his child was born, and closing with these words: "The emperor has decided that he will be godfather, and the empress godmother of all the legitimate children born in France upon the auspicious day." Napoleon II. intended, that the title of "godson" which he thus bestowed should be a purely decorative one, but many of the fond parents did not so understand it, and applied to the emperor for a more substantial endowment. There are a few instances on record where the quest was not in vain.

No end of poetry was written on the occasion, and one quatrain of Theophile Gautier has survived. In it the poet says that the royal heir is a blonde Christ child, who bears in his little hand for a globe the peace of the world and the happiness of human kind. "The Song of the Godsons" was the title of another interesting bit of verse that was printed and sold on the boulevards at that time and was extremely popular.

"Does position affect sleep?" asked a medical writer. It does when the man holds the position of night watchman.

ORDINANCE NO. 54.

Sidewalk Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Barrington.

Section 1. That a local improvement shall be made within the Village of Barrington, Counties of Lake and Cook, and State of Illinois, the nature, character, locality and description of which local improvement is as follows:

That sidewalks four (4) feet in width built of sound one-inch pine boards not less than eight (8) nor more than ten (10) inches wide, cut to the length of four (4) feet, set crosswise upon and securely nailed to three (3) sound pine stringers two (2) inches thick by six (6) inches wide, set at a distance of thirteen (13) inches apart, and built up to the established grade by six (6) inch posts.

That said sidewalks shall be built in front of and along the lines of the several lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of lands hereafter more particularly described as follows:

Sec. 2. On the south side of Main Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), and eleven (11) in Assessor's subdivision; on the north side of lots three (3), four (4) and five (5) in block eleven (11); on the north side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block twenty (20), in the original town subdivision to this village. On the north side of Main Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots nine (9) and ten (10) in block three (3); the south side of lots ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fifteen (15) in block two (2) in Applebee's subdivision to this village; the south side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4) and three (3) in Parker's subdivision to this village. On the south side of all property lying between and adjacent to lot three (3) in Parker's subdivision and lot two (2) in Richardson's subdivision; on the south side of lots two (2) and one (1) in Richardson's subdivision to this village; on the south side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block A, of the original town of Cuba.

Sec. 3. On the north side of Station Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block one (1); on the south side of Station Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots eight (8), seven (7), six (6) and five (5) in block two (2), all of said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 4. On the south side of Lake Street in front of and adjoining the north side of block twenty-three (23) in Assessor's subdivision; on the south side of lots twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22); on the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block three (3); on the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block eight (8); on the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block thirteen (13); on the north side of lot four (4) in block eighteen (18). On the north side of Lake Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), eight (8) and nineteen (19) in the Assessor's subdivision; on the south side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block two (2); on the south side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block nine (9); on the south side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), in block twelve (12), said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 5. On the north side of Hawley Street in front of and adjoining the south side of block twenty-three (23); the south side of lots twelve (12), eleven (11), ten (10), nine (9), eight (8), seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), twenty-two (22) and two (2), all of said property in McIntosh's subdivision to this village. On the north side of Hawley Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block three (3); the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block eight (8); the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block thirteen (13); the south side of lot one (1) in block eighteen (18), in the original Town subdivision to this village. On the south side of Hawley Street in front of and adjoining block twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25) in McIntosh's subdivision to this village; the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block four (4); the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block seven (7); the north side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block fourteen (14); the north side of lot four (4) in block seventeen (17), said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 6. On the north side of Russell Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block four (4); the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block seven (7); the south side of lots one (1) and eight (8) in block fourteen (14) and the south side of lot one (1) in block seven (7). On the south side of Russell Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots two (2) and three (3) in block five (5); the north side of lots two (2) and three (3) in block six (6); the north side of lots two (2) and three (3) in block fifteen (15), and the north side of block sixteen (16), all of said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 7. On the west side of Spring Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lot four (4) in block twelve (12); the east side of lots five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in block thirteen (13); the east side of lots five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in block fourteen (14); the east side of

lots three (3) and four (4) in block fifteen (15). On the east side of Spring Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in blocks eighteen (18); on the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block seventeen (17); on the west side of lots two (2) and one (1) in block sixteen (16), all of said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 8. On the west side of Grove Avenue in front of and adjoining the east side of lots five (5) and four (4) in block nine (9); the east side of lots five (5), six (6), and seven (7), and eight (8) in block eight (8); the east side of lots five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in block seven (7); the east side of lots three (3), four (4), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) in block six (6); the east side of blocks forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40). On the east side of Grove Avenue in front of and adjoining the west side of lots five (5) and one (1) in block twelve (12); the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block thirteen (13); the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block fourteen (14); the west side of lots two (2) and one (1) in block fifteen (15); the west side of block thirty-seven (37); the west side of blocks thirty-eight (38) and thirty-nine (39), all of said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 9. On the west side of Cook Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lots five (5) and four (4) in block two (2); on the east side of lots five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in block three (3); on the east side of lots five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) in block four (4); on the east side of lots three (3) and four (4) in block five (5); on the east side of blocks thirty-two (32) and forty-three (43). On the east side of Cook Street in front of and adjoining the west side of block ten (10); on the west side of lot one (1) in block nine (9); on the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block eight (8); on the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block seven (7); on the west side of lots two (2) and one (1) in block six (6); on the west side of blocks thirty-five (35), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40); all of said property in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 10. On the west side of Hough Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lots eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), and nineteen (19) in Assessor's subdivision; on the east side of lots twenty (20), twenty-one (21), one (1) and two (2) in McIntosh's subdivision; on the east side of blocks twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30), in the Assessor's subdivision to this Village. On the east side of Hough Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot one (1) in block one (1); on the west side of lots eight (8) and one (1) in block two (2); on the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block three (3); on the west side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block four (4); on the west side of lots two (2) and one (1) in block five (5); on the west side of blocks thirty-two (32) and forty-three (43), in the original town subdivision to this village.

Sec. 11. On the north side of Chestnut Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block E; the south side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block F. On the south side of Chestnut Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block G; the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block H; on the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block I; on the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block J; on the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block K. On the north side of Liberty Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block L.

Sec. 12. On the south side of Franklin Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block C; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block D; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block E; on the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block F. On the north side of Franklin Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block G; on the north side of Washington Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block D; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block E; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block F; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block G; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block H; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block I; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block J; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block K.

Sec. 13. On the south side of Washington Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block D; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block E; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block F; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block G; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block H; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block I; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block J; on the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block K.

Sec. 14. On the north side of Liberty Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block N; the south side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block M; the south side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block L. On the south side of Liberty Street in

front of and adjoining the north side of lots five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block I; the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block J; the north side of lots seven (7), six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block K, all of said property in the original Town of Cuba to this village.

Sec. 15. On the west side of Hawley Street in Lake County in front of and adjoining the east side of lot one (1) in block L; on the east side of lot one (1) in block K; on the east side of lot one (1) in block G; on the east side of lot one (1) in block F; on the east side of lot one (1) in block A, all of said property in the original Town of Cuba to this village.

Sec. 16. On the west side of Ela Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lot one (1) in block M; the east side of lot one (1) in block J; the east side of lot one (1) in block H; the east side of lot one (1) in block E; the east side of lot one (1) in block D. On the east side of Ela Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot seven (7) in block L; the west side of lot seven (7) in block K; the west side of lot seven (7) in block G; the west side of lot seven (7) in block F; the west side of lot seven (7) in block A, all of said property in the original Town of Cuba to this village.

Sec. 17. On the west side of William Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lot one (1) in block N; the east side of lot one (1) in block I; the east side of lots three (3) and one (1) in block D; On the east side of William Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot six (6) in block M; the west side of lot six (6) in block J; the west side of lot six (6) in block H; the west side of lot six (6) in block E; the west side of lot six (6) in block D, all of said property in the original Town of Cuba to this village.

Sec. 18. On the east side of Walnut Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot five (5) in block N; the west side of lot five (5) in block I; the west side of lot seven (7) in block D; the west side of lot five (5) in block C, all of said property in the original Town of Cuba to this village. On the west side of Walnut Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lot one (1) in Parker's subdivision to this village.

Sec. 19. On the west side of Harrison Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and ten (10) in block three (3). On the east side of Harrison Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot six (6) in block one (1); on the west side of lots six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block two (2) in Applebee's subdivision to this village.

Sec. 20. On the south side of Applebee Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3) and one (1) in block two (2). On the north side of Applebee Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots six (6), five (5), four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block one (1), all of said property in Applebee's subdivision to this village.

Sec. 21. On the west side of Garfield Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lots fifteen (15), fourteen (14), two (2) and one (1) in block two (2); on the east side of lot one (1) in block one (1), all of said property in Applebee's subdivision to this village. On the east side of Garfield Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lots six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in Parker's subdivision to this village.

Sec. 22. That sidewalks eight (8) feet in width built of sound two (2) inch pine planks not less than eight (8) nor more than ten (10) inches wide, cut to the length of eight (8) feet, set crosswise upon and securely spiked to four (4) sound pine stringers two (2) inches thick by six (6) inches wide, two of said stringers set at or near the outer lines of said sidewalk and the other two at equal intervals between, all of said stringers being blocked up to grade with six (6) inch posts shall be built in front of and along the lines of the several following described lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of land situated in the Village of Barrington, to-wit:

On the north side of Main Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots five (5), four (4), three (3) and two (2) in block C; the south side of lots four (4), three (3), two (2) and one (1) in block B in the original Town of Cuba to this village. On the south side of Main Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots eight (8), seven (7) and six (6) in block one (1) in the original Village of Barrington; on the north side of lots one (1) and two (2) in block eleven (11) in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 23. On the north side of Station Street in front of and adjoining the south side of lots one (1) and two (2) in block ten (10) in the original Village of Barrington. On the south side of Station Street in front of and adjoining the north side of lots eight (8), seven (7), six (6) and five (5) in block nine (9) in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 24. On the east side of Cook Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot eight (8) in block nine (9); on the west side of lot one (1) in block ten (10) in the original Village of Barrington. On the west side of Cook Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lots four (4) and five (5) in block one (1) in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 25. On the east side of Hough Street in front of and adjoining the west side of lot eight (8) in block one (1) in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 26. On the east side of Walnut Street in front of and adjoining

the west side of the south one-third (1/3) of lot five (5) in block C in the original Town of Cuba to this village.

Sec. 27. On the west side of William Street in front of and adjoining the east side of lot one (1) in block C in the original Town of Cuba.

Sec. 28. On the northwesterly side of North Railroad Street in front of and adjoining the southwesterly side of lots six (6) and five (5) in block B in the original Town of Cuba to this Village.

Sec. 29. On the southwesterly side of South Railroad street in front of and adjoining the northeasterly side of lots six (6) and five (5) in block one (1) and the northeasterly side of lots one (1) and two (2) in block ten (10) in the original Village of Barrington.

Sec. 30. That the owner of any lot or piece of ground fronting on said contemplated sidewalk shall be allowed fifteen days after written notice by the superintendent or committee on streets of the Village of Barrington, in which to construct said sidewalk opposite his land, and thereby relieve the same from taxation. Said sidewalk to be done under the superintendency of the superintendent or committee on streets, of the said Village of Barrington.

Sec. 31. That so much of said improvement as shall not be made by said owners, within the time aforesaid, shall be made by the said Village of Barrington and the whole cost thereof, paid for by special taxation of lots, blocks, tracts or parcels of land touching upon the land where said sidewalk is herein ordered to be built, by levying a tax of the whole cost of such labor, material, and all other expenses attending same upon said lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of land.

Sec. 32. That the superintendent of streets or committee on streets, of the Village of Barrington, shall make an estimate of the cost of so much of the said improvement as shall not have been made by said owners within the time aforesaid, including labor, material, and all other expenses attending the same, and shall immediately file in the office of the village clerk a certified invoice, showing the cost of labor, material, and all other expenses attending the same and the name or names of the owners of such lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of land touching upon the land of such sidewalks respectively.

Sec. 33. The village clerk of said village upon the filing in his office of the aforesaid invoice, mentioned in section 32 hereof, shall at once issue his warrant to the village marshal of said village, authorizing him to receive the amount of special tax so ascertained and appearing due from each of the said owners of said lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of land respectively.

Upon receiving said warrants from the village clerk it is hereby made the duty of the village marshal to demand of, and he is hereby authorized to receive, from the said owners of lots, blocks, tracts and parcels of land, the amount of said special tax from them thereon respectively, and to make due return thereof, on or before sixty days after receiving such warrants, to the village clerk; and thereupon the village clerk shall, on or before the first day of March next thereafter, report in writing to the county treasurer of Cook or Lake Counties, Illinois, where said property is situated, all of such special tax so unpaid of each lot, block, tract and parcel of land upon which such special tax shall be unpaid and the name of the respective owner or owners thereof, if known, and the amount due and imposed upon each lot, block, tract or parcel of land together with a copy of this ordinance, so ordering the construction of the aforesaid sidewalks in manner and form as provided by law.

Sec. 34. That any ordinance or parts of ordinances which may have been passed heretofore and are in conflict with this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 35. That this ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 4th, 1896.
Published March 14th, 1896.

F. E. HAWLEY,
President of the Village of Barrington.
Attest: M. T. LAMEY,
Village Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 55.
Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Barrington:

Section 1. No railway company, railroad engineer, train conductor or other person shall cause or allow any locomotive engine, car or cars, or train of cars, to stop in, or remain upon any street and railroad crossing within said village for a longer period than five (5) minutes at any one time; provided, however, that in case of collision or other accident, on any such crossing, a reasonable time shall be allowed to remove any obstruction that may be caused thereby.

Sec. 2. Should any street and railroad crossing in said village be and remain occupied and obstructed, in whole or in part, by any train or railroad cars, for and during the period of five (5) minutes, it shall be the duty of the railroad company on whose line of road such obstruction may occur, its agents and employes, on or before the expiration of said five (5) minutes, to cause such cars as may be on or near said crossing to be uncoupled, and some one division of such train removed from the aforesaid street and railroad crossing, in such manner as to leave said street entirely free and unobstructed; and said train, when again coupled, shall be removed forthwith from any such crossing.

Sec. 3. Any railroad company or

corporation which shall of itself, its agents or employes, violate or fail to observe any of the foregoing provisions of this ordinance, or any engineer, conductor, agent or employe of any railroad or corporation, or any other person who shall violate or fail to observe the provisions of this ordinance shall, for each violation or failure to observe the same, be fined in a sum not less than five dollars (\$5), nor exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100), to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 4. That any ordinances or parts of ordinances which may have been passed heretofore, and which are in conflict with this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Passed, March 4th, 1896.
Approved, March 4th, 1896.
Published, March 14th, 1896.

F. E. HAWLEY,
President of the Village of Barrington.
Attest: M. T. LAMEY,
Village Clerk.

CHURCH NOTICES.

THE EVANGELICAL SALEM.—Rev. T. Suhr, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:15 a. m. Teachers' meeting Sunday at 6:45 p. m. Children's Mission Band meets every first Sunday in the month at 2:30 p. m. Young people's meeting Tuesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meetings Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Choir practice Friday evening at 7:30. On Saturdays the pastor holds school for the children of the congregation. Young People's Missionary Society meets first Tuesday in the month at 7:30 p. m. Women's Missionary Society first Thursday of every month 1:30 p. m. Mission Prayer meeting first Wednesday of every month at 1:30 p. m.

ST. ANN'S CATHOLIC.—Rev. J. F. Clancy, pastor. Services every alternate Sunday at 9 o'clock a. m.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL.—Rev. J. B. Elfrink, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:00 a. m.

BAPTIST.—Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at 12 m.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL ST. PAUL'S.—Rev. E. Rahn, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. T. E. Ream, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at 12 m.; Junior League at 3 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:15 p. m.; Sunday school teachers' meeting Fridays at 7:30 p. m. at the parsonage; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. in the church.

NOT TO BE TRIFLED WITH.
From Cincinnati Gazette: Will people never learn that a "cold" is an accident to be dreaded, and that when it occurs treatment should be promptly applied? There is no knowing where the trouble will end; and while complete recovery is the rule, the exceptions are terribly frequent, and thousands upon thousands of fatal illnesses occur every year ushered in by a little injudicious exposure and seemingly trifling symptoms. Beyond this, there are to-day countless invalids who can trace their complaints to "colds," which at the time of occurrence gave no concern, and was therefore neglected.—When troubled with a cold use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is prompt and effectual. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. L. Waller, Druggist.

It is related of Millais, the Royal academy's new president, that when as a boy he took his first prize for drawing he had to stand on a chair to make himself visible to the audience.

HAVE YOU A COLD?
If so then, instead of taking so much quinine and other strong medicines, take a pleasant and mild stomach and bowel remedy, which will cleanse the system, and you will be surprised how quickly the cold will leave you. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will do this better than any other. Trial size 10c (10 doses 10c), larger sizes 50c and \$1. at A. L. Waller, druggist.

A boy weighing seven pounds, and having a heavy head of hair and two rows of teeth, was born to the wife of Samuel Megoin, a merchant of Lexington, Ky., a few days ago.

MRS. M. P. O'BRIEN,
Ivesdale, Ill., writes: "I have used Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin as a family medicine with the best results. For derangements of the stomach and a general laxative I like it better than anything I have used. It is so pleasant to taste my children are always anxious to take it." Sold by A. L. Waller, druggist.

Lord Dunraven has been re-elected president of the Solent Classes Racing association.

FEMALE LOVELINESS
May be obtained by intelligent women. A well regulated system must of necessity show its fruit in the face. To regulate the system and keep it in perfect condition there is nothing so good as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin—Constipation and indigestion absolutely cured. 10 doses 10c. Larger size 50c and \$1., at A. L. Waller, druggist.

FOR ANOTHER'S SIN.

(By Parkin the Butler.)

IR MORTIMER

Barbican was an old man, one of the old types of English aristocracy, fiery, imperious and inordinately proud of the integrity of his name and ancestry. At the time I went into his employ, years ago now, he was living alone with his only daughter at his family seat in Gloucestershire.

A strange-looking, tall lady was Miss Linda Barbican, with large black eyes and pale, hard-set features, bearing the traces of some inward sorrow.

Sir Mortimer, I learned, had had a son, whom he had disinherited and disowned, owing to some act which had brought dishonor on the name of Barbican, and he forbade all mention of the scapegrace of the family.

One evening some few months after I had been there I was summoned to the door by the clanging of the front door bell.

A young man, shabbily dressed, with a reckless, albeit a handsome, face, stood on the doorstep and scanned me nervously as I looked questioningly at him.

"Is my—sir Mortimer Barbican disengaged?" he asked, huskily.

"Yes, sir," I answered, "Will you please come in?"

"Is there any one in the library?"

"No, sir."

"Then show me in and tell your master I must see him."

"Very well, sir! What name shall I give?"

"Oh, never mind the name! He'll know me fast enough," he added bitterly.

Sir Mortimer looked up in a surprised way when I communicated to him that a visitor had arrived and wished to see him. He opened the door and strode into the room.

"Father!"

That was all. One short, despairing cry, and father and son stood face to face once more.

A gray, drawn look stole over my master's face, as for a brief moment he stood eyeing the prodigal who had so mysteriously appeared. Then he found his tongue.

"So it is you, you hound?" he said, his features working strangely, while there was a tone of suppressed rage in his voice; "it is you, is it? Have you



"MY SIN HAS FOUND ME OUT."

forgotten how we parted? Have you forgotten," his voice rising ominously, "how I cast you off and forbade you ever to step in my house again? Be off before I forget myself and whip you out, as you deserve."

"I will speak," cried the young man. "As there is a God in heaven, I am innocent! But since you will not hear me, I will not try to save you. May it be on your own head, and may you reap as you have sown! But you will have the comforting assurance that you have sent me to the devil, and I curse you!"

and, striding from the room, the younger man passed out into the hall. I hastened to open the door for him. As he was passing out into the night he turned.

"You are a stranger to me," he said, after a brief space, "but your face looks like an honest one. If you can, contrive to meet me to-morrow, about this time, at the drive gate. It is a matter of life and death."

The next morning after breakfast Sir Mortimer turned to me and said: "If you value your situation here, Parkin, you will bear this in mind. Not a word of what you saw and heard last night, and never mention my—my son's name to me again under pain of instant dismissal. That is all."

It was with some feeling of trepidation that I repaired to the trysting place that same evening to await the arrival of the disinherited son. Having inquired my name, he began:

"You must know how I came to be in this plight. Some years ago a forged check in my father's name was discovered. Suspicion at once fell on me and, though innocent, I was at once branded as guilty by my father. He did not wish to have the family name dragged into court, so he took the easier course of disinheriting me and casting me off entirely. My enemy, who-

ever he was, and heaven knows I thought I had none worth speaking of, had done his work well. I became a frequenter of the turf, a gambler, and nearly—but, thank heaven! not quite—a thief. I was tempted some few weeks ago to join a band of burglars who contemplated robbing my father's house. But though I had sunk low I was not quite bad enough for that, and overcome with remorse I determined to seek an audience with my father and warn him of his danger. The result of that interview you know and—"

Here he broke off abruptly, a queer break in his voice.

I will pass over the rest of our conversation and merely state the plan which the remorse-stricken man had formed to checkmate the robbers.

I must explain that at the back of the house was a courtyard, shut in on three sides by the kitchen premises of the house. It was a small window—that of the pantry—which was to be the mode of ingress. Young Mr. Geoffrey—that was the son's name—was to lead the burglars in their enterprise. He would conduct them through the window, and then, with the aid of myself and Sir Mortimer, whom I was to apprise of the robbers' advent, would help to overpower the others, two desperadoes, for they had not wished to have too many concerned in the job.

Friday came, and it was, I am bound to confess, with no slight feelings of apprehension that I looked forward to the work which was before me, for I am no fighting man. Of course I had not mentioned the meditated robbery to the old baronet, for that would have spoiled everything.

At 12 o'clock I stole noiselessly down to the kitchen and quietly waited till the burglars should arrive. I had not long to wait. I heard the muffled sound which warned me that they had commenced operations, and, slipping away as noiselessly as I had come, I departed to apprise my master of the outrage on his property.

I found him sitting in his bedroom on a chair, clad in his dressing-gown and slippers. His face was buried in his hands and he was evidently lost in thought. At my entrance he started violently and gazed with wonderment, not unmixed with anger, at me as I intruded myself on his solitude. I at once came to the point.

"Sir," I said, "there are burglars trying to force an entrance at the back."

Now, my master's bedroom was at the extreme wing of the building, so had it not been for the fact that I already knew of the contemplated robbery he would probably have heard nothing of the burglars, taking it for granted that they succeeded in reaching the dining-room, where the family plate, their object, was secured.

He gazed at me curiously for a few seconds and then calmly walked across the room to his chest of drawers, which he opened, taking therefrom a small revolver, which he slipped into his pocket, handing another to me at the same time.

Sir Mortimer took the lead, and, following close behind him, I noiselessly stole along at his heels. Arrived at the kitchen door, the sounds inside told us we had come on the scene at the right moment. The baronet threw open the door. The gas had been lighted and, standing in the middle of the room were three men, young Mr. Geoffrey, apart from the other two, pallid and haggard-looking.

And then I do not rightly know what happened, it was all done so quickly.

Sir Mortimer, stepping calmly into the room, raised his revolver and fired at his son, who was waiting for me, who had lost all presence of mind, to act on the initiative. With a groan he threw up his arms and fell forward with a dull thud on the stone floor. The other two did not wait for more, with incredible swiftness darted through the pantry, and, locking the door behind them, made good their escape.

Just then a white-robed figure appeared at the open kitchen door and gazed wildly about her. As her eyes fell on the body of a man lying prone and lifeless on the floor Miss Linda Barbican, for it was she, rushed forward and with a moan threw herself down beside her brother, apparently dead, killed by his father!

"My sin has found me out!" she moaned. "My sin has found me out!" And then, her eyes wandering to the little pool of blood, which was crimsoning the cold flags, she cried out: "I can bear it no longer! Father, father, the forgery was my work!"

Casting one look of concentrated hate and anguish on the wretched girl at his feet, he brushed her tremblingly aside, and knelt down, moaning softly to himself, beside the body of his apparently lifeless son.

Mr. Geoffrey did not die. His father had shot somewhat high, and the ball had glanced down the collar-bone, making a long jagged wound. But still he was seriously ill, brain fever setting in afterward, and for some time he lay hovering between life and death.

I explained fully to the baronet the scheme his son had formed for thwarting the burglars, who, by the way, were captured some weeks after the attempted burglary, and Sir Mortimer's feelings of remorse and sorrow at the way in which he had wronged Mr. Geoffrey were terribly poignant.

As for Miss Linda, her story can be briefly summed up in the following: Years ago she had a worthless lover, with whom she was completely infatuated. Gambling and other forms of excess had left him in low water, and his sweetheart had forged the check to give him the money he had needed so sorely, laying the blame on and weaving her subtle net of accusation around her innocent brother. What ultimately became of her I never knew.

If I had only kept my presence of mind and carried out my instructions the baronet's hand might have been stayed, and Mr. Geoffrey would not have been shot. But, then, perhaps Miss Linda would not have confessed. Thank heaven, there are not many women like her in the world.

EX-GOV. BROWN IN MEXICO.

A Mexican Paper Attempts to Interview Him on Venezuela.

The Hon. John Young Brown, who, until ten days ago, occupied the post of governor of the Blue-Grass state, arrived in this city last night via the Mexican Central, in special officers' car, says the Mexican Herald. Though the governor was feeling rather tired after days of railway journeying, he courteously gave a short interview to a Herald representative. The governor bears some personal resemblance to Isaac Pusey Gray, who, until his lamented death, acceptably filled the position of United States minister here.

"Well, governor," said the Herald representative, "what is your opinion of President Cleveland's special message?"

"I have not yet read it. Our party saw the Mexican Herald of today, but not yesterday. I would rather not express an opinion on the subject until I have read the message and other information bearing on the case. I am heartily in favor of the Monroe doctrine, but I decline just now to talk further on this subject. Wait till I've read the message."

"What are your impressions of the country as far as your opportunities of observation have gone?"

"Very favorable. What we have seen on our journey south through this historical and picturesque land has interested all of us very much. We started from Louisville last Saturday, and arrived in Eagle Pass night before last by way of Mobile and New Orleans. We stopped off twenty-four hours at the latter city. We intend to stay a week in this city taking in the sights. I look forward to meeting the progressive and able chief of the Mexican executive, as well as my old and valued friend, Gov. Crittenden. We are going to-night to a hotel, but probably we shall make our car our headquarters. I wish to say that we have been treated with every courtesy by the officials of the roads over which we have traveled, and by the Mexican custom-house officers at Ciudad Porfiria Diaz, who passed our baggage without examination."

Gov. Brown came to Mexico for rest and change after the cares of office.

This Dog Runs a Bake Shop.

August Abert, an enterprising baker doing business down near the French market, owns an intelligent dog (Fifine) that keeps his master's shop for him, writes the New Orleans correspondent of the Philadelphia Times. Abert has a little bake room behind the shop and as he always gives his personal attention to the oven Fifine proves invaluable in waiting upon customers. The dog carries strapped about her neck a little bank whose slot is arranged to receive nothing more nor less than a nickel.

The customer may help himself to a loaf from the counter but woe betide one who tries to depart without depositing the requisite nickel in Fifine's bank. If more than one loaf is taken an equal number of deposits must be made in the bank or Fifine will know the reason why. She knows very well how to use her teeth in case of necessity, though she is usually as mild as a lamb and quite a favorite with her customers, but if her master should be needed she has only to pull the bell rope which communicates with the bake room and he is on the spot. Occasionally an ugly customer comes along. Recently, for instance, a tramp tried to work Fifine for a supper, but the dog grabbed his ankle as he was making for the door without the formality of a deposit, pulled the bell and kept him safe and sound till Abert appeared and a policeman could be summoned.

Black Snow.

Bolquet, Servia, and vicinity was treated to a real meteorological phenomenon on the night of the 9th ult., in the shape of a "black snow." In ancient times such occurrences would have been thought to be a presage of a visitation of the plague or some other dire calamity. Nowadays it is known to be due to a species of fungus spore which is caught up by the wind and carried across a wide expanse of country before being finally deposited along with snow or rain.

Theban mummies have been found which give proof that in the days of the Pharaohs there were dentists who filled decayed teeth with gold.

The Newspaper in School.

The growing influence of newspapers in school education was illustrated the other day at a conference of the Public Education association in New York, when Miss Josephine C. Locke, supervisor of drawing in the public schools in Chicago, told how the children are being trained to search the columns of the press in working on topics of a public nature. It should be one of the functions of every school to teach the children how to read a newspaper to the best advantage—and also what newspapers should be read.—Springfield Republican.

FATTENING HOGS COSTS ONE CENT

The editor recently heard of a farmer fattening hogs at less than one cent a pound. This was made possible through the sowing of Salzer's King Barley, yielding over 100 bu. per acre, Golden Triumph Corn, yielding 200 bu. per acre, and the feeding on Sand Vetch, Teosinte, Hundredfold Peas, etc. Now, with such yields, the growing of hogs is more profitable than a silver mine.

Salzer's catalogue is full of rare things for the farmer, gardener and citizen, and the editor believes that it would pay everybody a hundred-fold to get Salzer's catalogue before purchasing seeds.

If you will cut this out and send it with 10 cents postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., they will mail you their mammoth seed catalogue and 10 samples of grasses and grains, including above corn and barley, Catalogue alone, 5c postage.

About Eclipses.

It is a fact well known to astronomers that the average number of total and partial eclipses in any one year is four; that the maximum is seven and the minimum two. Where only two occur they are always both of the sun. There are a great many more eclipses of the sun in the course of a year or 100 years than there are of the moon. This fact notwithstanding however, London, the metropolis of the world, seems to be a place where such obstructions of the sun's light seldom occur.

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Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over-eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

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The Wonderful New African Bunch Yam Early Sweet Potato, as yellow as gold and sweet as honey, earliest and most prolific known; a bonanza for the north, on account of its rapid growth and early maturity; matures in the extreme north long before frost; easily cultivated, as it grows right up with no vines to bother with; an immense yielder.

Large Free Catalogue containing over fifty new varieties seeds, including my New Home-Grown Coffee, with testimonials from patrons all over the Union who have tried it. It costs only 2 cents per pound to raise this coffee. Potatoes sent, post paid, 35 cents per pound by C. E. COLE, Seedman, Buckner, Mo. Free sample of Coffee and Large Catalogue for 5 cts. stamps.

THE ARMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/3 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than elsewhere. It makes Pumping and Gear, Steel Galvanized-After-Completion Windmills, Tilling and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/20 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

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GIVES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.



THE DOCTOR—"One layer of paper is bad enough, you know this here. Ah, my, you can't rub it off."

WAUCONDA.

J. W. Gilbert was on the sick list this week.
H. Maiman will sell his stock of clothing at auction next Saturday afternoon.
Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Bangs will return to their home in Odebolt, Ia., soon.

Charley Myrick and daughter visited with friends here this week.
The Masonic Lodge in this place is having quite a revival.

Miss Hattie Wells has returned from an extended visit in Chicago and Waukegan.

Miss Sadie Myrick visited the school last Monday.

Myron Hughes is making improvements in his gallery.

A. J. North moved into Geo. Hubbard's house.

We understand the boys were very noisy and rude last week, at the rink.

The Wauconda Leader has changed hands. Mr. Frank Carr has purchased the plant of Mr. Mullen and will run the paper at the old stand. Mr. Carr is a capable man and the "Colt" wishes him success in the journalistic sphere.

The following list of words taken from the Waukegan Gazette, were correctly used in sentences; the sentences were read and the proper words indicated to be spelled. The words were written with ink, no second trial being permitted:

To	Tail	Fly's
Two	Tale	Flies
Too	There	Bow
Here	Their	Bough
Hear	Dear	Hopped
See	Deer	Hoped
Sea	No	Boys
Fore	Know	Boy's
Four	New	Rose
So	Knew	Rows
Sow	Sail	Where
Sew	Sale	Robin
Buy	Bear	Rabbit
By	Bare	Running
Of	Led	Wagon
Off	Lead	Water
I	Pane	Swimming
Eye	Pain	Which
Son	Flour	Seem
Sun	Flower	Stopping
Any	Blue	Until
Ate	Blew	Rode
Eight	Would	Road
Sum	Wood	Rowed
Some	Haul	Write
Red	Hall	Right
Read	Fair	Lamb
Ant	Fare	Many
Aunt	Our	Through
Pail	Hour	Threw
Pale	Meet	Limb
Nose	Meat	Wednesday
Knows	Rains	February
	Reins	

This test was tried with twenty-two pupils in the Wauconda school with the following result. One paper all words spelled correctly. Average per cent. of correctly spelled 97. Let other teachers try this and report through the REVIEW columns.

CUBA.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McAndrews of Wisconsin, are visiting with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Courtney.

Frank Murray of Wauconda was a pleasant caller in Cuba Saturday.

James Murray of Volo was seen on our highways recently.

Mary O'Neil is home from Waukegan.

Myrtle Murray is on the sick list.

Estella Grace is visiting with her parents.

Vincent Davlin returned from Chicago Monday.

Shell Mills is stopping with his uncle, John Gale. DAISY.

SPRING LAKE.

Miss Esther Weseman spent Sunday with her parents at Barrington.

O, Ed, the bluffs are very pleasant. Why is it?

Arthur Runyan is taking a vacation. G. Parson is filling his position at F. A. Cady's.

Wm. Harris of Chicago visited Wm. Gieske's Saturday.

A. L. Runyan spent Monday at the home of Ed Weseman.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith made a business trip to Dundee Thursday.

Miss A. Bignold spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Chicago.

Will Dunning of Dundee was a recent business caller here.

Miss Lydia Weseman is staying with

her sister, Mrs. F. Benson, at Oak Glenn.

J. Schwemm was seen on our high ways Tuesday.

Wm. Gibson and J. Suchy were Barrington visitors Thursday.

DR. MAX CLAUDIUS SURPRISED.

When Dr. Max Claudius finished eating his evening meal Wednesday at his residence in Ela Street he was congratulating himself on having finished his day's labor, but alas, it was not to be.

For a short time later about 40 of Barrington's elite wended their way towards the cozy cottage of the popular healer of physical ills, and tendered him a surprise party, in honor of his 44th birthday anniversary; but the genial doctor and his estimable wife were not to be outdone, and entertained their guests in a most enjoyable manner.

During the evening the happy congregation was served dainty and highly appreciated refreshments. It was at a late hour when the last of the guests had bidden their hosts an affectionate farewell, wishing the Doctor many future birthdays. Among those present were:

Messrs and Mesdames Rev. E. Rahn, G. Heimerdinger, H. Butzow, Fred Meyer, Aug. Gottschalk, Aug. Krueger, H. Diekmann, G. Barnes, Aug. Jahn, Henry Miller.

Messrs Emil Schaefer, Robert Frick, Herman Frick, Max Gottschalk, Gus Blum, Herman Koelling.

Mesdames C. Miller, U. Frick, H. C. P. Sandman, G. Froelich, F. Sandman, J. Stempel

Misses A. Powelski, Anna Krueger, Mary Krueger, Frieda Gottschalk, Minnie Meyer, and Annie Schultz.

A GOOD PROGRAM.

The Literary Club No. 1 gave the following entertaining and instructive program in Prof. Smith's room at the Barrington High school last Friday afternoon:

PART I.	
Song.....	Club
Recitation.....	Lida Pomeroy
Biography.....	Etta Kerns
Recitation.....	Myrtle Runyan
Reading.....	Johnny Stzer
PART II.	
Song.....	Club
Charade.....	Myrtle Runyan and Lella Lines
Paper.....	Charles Mansfield
Query Box.....	Clara Silker
Geographical Catastrophe.....	Grace Otis
Reading.....	Lella Lines
Debate.....	Maude Osgood and Ralph Vermilya
Song..... Club	

The young ladies and gentlemen did themselves great credit in the rendition of their respective parts.

MUSICALE.

The piano and violin recital given by J. I. Sears and class at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Robertson Monday evening was well attended, there being about fifty present. One new feature in the program was the recitation of history and rudiments of music by the class. The answers were well given and show that the class had spent some time and study upon their assignments. Since the last annual recital we note the rapid advancement of the pupils, for which great credit is due the talented teacher, Prof. Sears. In place of the selections to be given by Misses Myrtle Comstock and Helen Waller, who were unable to attend on account of sickness, Prof. Sears rendered a piano solo and violin solo, with Miss Maude Otis as accompanist.

The following was the program, as given:

PART I.	
Piano Duet.....	Grieg
J. I. Sears and Miss Lydia Robertson	
Piano Solo—"Nearer My God to Thee".....	Wynans
.....	Miss Lella Lines.
Violin Solo—"Cavalleria Rusticana".....	Mascagni
.....	"Kobold"..... Nurenberg
J. I. Sears.	
Piano Solo—"Hillarity".....	Lichner
Miss Alta Powers.	
Piano Solo—"Lion du Ball".....	Gillet
Will Mundhenke.	
Piano Solo—"Home, Sweet Home".....	Gottschalk
.....	J. I. Sears.
Piano Solo—"Juni Barcarolle".....	Tschalkowsky
"Loure".....	Bach
Miss Lydia Robertson.	
Rudiments of music by class.	
PART II.	
Violin Solo—"Legende".....	Wientawski
J. I. Sears.	
Piano Solo—"Danse Ecossaise".....	Baker
Miss Mina Robertson.	
Violin Solo—"Guomentanz".....	Gobenhardt
J. I. Sears.	
Piano Solo—"Polish Dance".....	Stebman
"Perdita" Gavotte.....	H. Watt
Miss Myrtle Robertson.	
Piano Solo—"Jugendlust".....	Th. Espen
Miss Ethel Austin.	
Piano Solo—"The Storm".....	Kunkel
Miss Olga Waller.	
Violin Solo—"Ungarische Tanze".....	Brahms
Allegro Molto, Allegretto. Allegro.	J. I. Sears.

King Menelek of Abyssinia is very fond of champagne.

Celvin Flint of Williamstown, Vt., who was 88 years old last January, has split forty cords of tough firewood this winter.

Mexico and Cuba.

Seventy-five years ago the 24th of this February, Mexico finally declared her absolute independence of the Spanish government, so that Feb. 24 is to Mexico what July 4 is to the United States. Being a tropical land, Mexico's proclamation of independence was made in winter. In colder climates most revolutions begin in summer. We congratulate our sister republic with all sincerity and heartiness. In some respects she is doing better financially than we are. Her government is just as wisely administered and her president is just as patriotic as ours. Mexico is building railroads and developing her wonderful resources in a way that must in time make her as rich as she was in the days of the ancient Aztecs. Best of all, she is striving to lighten the dense cloud of ignorance that envelops and weighs down her common people. In this may she be most successful!

Mexico's happy celebration of her natal day brings to mind the suffering and struggle of her sister Spanish colony, Cuba. Today Cuba's only regret is that she did not throw off the Spanish yoke when the other colonies did. Mexico was the first. Mexican revolt against Spain was begun by one man, a "country priest," of blessed memory, Don Miguel Hidalgo. This was in 1810. Hidalgo was overthrown. Tender and merciful Spain put him to death after she caught him. But Hidalgo's cause lived. With varying results the brave Mexicans struggled on till 1821, when they issued their second declaration of independence, Feb. 24. Thereafter the war was waged more fiercely than ever till 1824. In that year Mexico's liberty was finally established, and in 1825 every country of Europe except Spain acknowledged her independence. Thus it will be seen that it took Mexico 15 years to free herself wholly from the bloody yoke of Spain. In 1868 Cuba rebelled and fought ten years for freedom, till 1878, then was defeated by Martinez Campos, the man who has just been sent home to Spain because he was not cruel enough. This time it looks as if Cuba were going to gain her independence.

That portion of the British public who read the news from America will undoubtedly discover from late dispatches whether Americans hate England. The latest movement in favor of a high court of arbitration to settle all difficulties between the two countries began, not in England, but in America.

It is interesting to note that those engaged in it are among the best citizens of this country. In Chicago, in Philadelphia, New York and other cities meetings have been held at which were appointed committees to meet other similar committees at a conference soon to be held in Washington. The object of the conference will be to take measures looking to the appointment of a permanent commission for arbitrating all differences between Great Britain and the United States. Such joint commission would have to be established by acts of congress and of the British parliament. It is quite true, as the London News declares, that such a court of arbitration would be a distinct advantage for Great Britain in case of disputes with South American countries. In any case it is certain the English speaking two countries have mutually so much at stake commercially that even the possibility of a war between them ought to be put out of the question so far as is honorably possible.

The people of this country hope that no obstructive tactics over financial legislation in congress will prevent the immediate favorable consideration of Representative Dingley's bill for either the protection or the extermination of the Alaska seal herd as other nations may elect. Mr. Dingley's bill provides that, unless Japan, Russia and Great Britain speedily agree with the United States on adequate measures for the protection of the Alaska seals and see besides that these measures are rigorously executed, then the United States shall proceed with as much dispatch as possible to kill the whole herd, sell their skins and get as much money as possible out of them before it is too late to get anything.

For all practical purposes the principle of Bulgaria may now be considered Russian. The assassination of Stambuloff was the removal of the great obstacle that lay in the way of this consummation. That bloody deed finished, the next thing to be done was to "convert" Boris, the 2-year-old son of Prince Ferdinand, the nominal ruler of Bulgaria, from Lutheranism to the Greek church. The weakling German Prince Ferdinand, who lives much of the time away from Bulgaria, is no obstacle in the way of Russia's ambition. Bulgaria is a long step for Russia toward Constantinople.

FOR RAILROAD MEN AND ALL OTHER MEN



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EVERYTHING NEW, NEAT and CLEAN

The table supplied with everything the market affords.

The patronage of the Traveling Public solicited.



Greeting.

I wish to call the attention of the citizens of Barrington to the fact that I have opened a first-class Watch-Repairing and Jewelry establishment in Barrington, 2 doors south of the postoffice.

A Complete and Elegant Assortment of Jewelry Always Kept in Stock.

My Prices Are Very Reasonable.

REPAIRING—Having had over thirty years' experience in repairing, I am enabled to Guarantee Satisfaction.

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WATCHMAKER and JEWELER. BARRINGTON

Cash Store of S. Peck

I have rented a store in Stott's building, Barrington, which I have filled with a large stock of **Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Clothing, Carpets, Notions,**

in fact, everything that makes up a No. 1 stock, and which I will sell at prices that are far below those of my competitors.

MY STOCK IS MOSTLY NEW AND BRIGHT, also have a line of goods which we have had on hand, which will be closed out **AT YOUR OWN PRICE.**

Come in, see our stock, get our price-list and be convinced that we can save you money. We are here for business and mutual benefit, by selling good goods at low prices. **Will not be undersold,** many of our goods selling at one-half what others ask. I will be glad to see all my old customers, and as many new ones as I can get. I once more extend the invitation—Come and see me.

Yours respectfully,

S. PECK, Barrington, Ill.