# BARRINGTON REVIEW

Vol. 10. No. 12.

REVIEW.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, AUG. 3, 1895.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

Threshing has commenced.

Buy your bicycle of L. F. Schroeder. M. J. Rauh is now working on THE

Christ. Drewes was at Des Plaines Tuesday.

Ladies' slippers 69 cents a pair, at A. W. Meyer & Co.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Maynard

a girl baby. George Spunner is home on account

of ill health. Theo. Schutt has moved into the

Parker building. Mr. Frank Clark visited with I. B.

Fox Sunday. Mr. Charles Beinhoff spent last Sun-

day in the city. Hammocks at reduced prices at A.

W. Meyer & Co.

Miss Nettie Lombard is enjoying a month's vacation.

M. T. Lamey transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

The young daughter of Mr. A. T. Ulitsch is very sick.

Miss Carrie Meyer is entertaining

Miss Hawley, of Dundee. Miss Fischer, of Chicago, is visiting

the family of Rev. Rahn.

Try a pair of A. W. Meyer & Co.'s \$3 ladies' dress shees.

Mr. R. A. Webb made a business trip to Green Bay Thursday.

James Decker, of Benton Harbor, Mich., is visiting friends here.

A nicely finished ladies' fine shoe

\$1.45, at A. W. Meyer & Co.

Miss Emma Diekman is visiting with friends in Chicago

Mr. August Haak was in the city on business Thursday.

Timothy, clover and red top seeds

are sold at J. D. Lamey & Co. s. Several from here attended the picnic at Plum Grove last Sunday.

FOR SALE-A good second-hand bi-

cycle cheap, at L. F. Schroeder.

Attorney Spitzer, of Woodstocd, was here Saturday on a business errand.

Oscar Maynard, who was on the sick

list this week, has returned to work. Miss Emma Pomercy is visiting with

her aunt, Mrs. Knopf, at Hyde Park.

Miss Lydia Weseman spent last week visiting with friends in Chicago.

Miss Nettie Lombard, of Barrington, was a recent visitor at Carpentersville.

Five gallons best threshing machine

oil for \$1.25, at A. W. Meyer & Co.

Master Eddie Martin is spending his vacation with his father in Chicago.

Mrs. Julia Gardner, of Barrington, was a visitor at Carpentersville last

Fred Kampert has put up a new windmill on his property in the vil-

WANTED-Good correspondents in Lake and Cook counties to write for THE REVIEW.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Catlow are spending a few weeks at St. Louis,

Missouri. Mr. Fred Meyer has been entertaining company at his home the past

The Misses Davlin entertained a number of their friends Thursday eve-

Bicycles are on the increase in number. Several of our young boys now

Mr. and Mrs. Garbisch, of Palatine, spent Sunday with Mr. H. Gieske and

Charles Dill has a barber from the

city assisting him in his tonsorial parlor.

find it to your interest to see L. F. Zurich last week, worn by some of Bar- ing the preliminary work on the water-Schroeder.

THE REVIEW office has been equipped with several hundred pounds & Milligan's buggy paint sold by J. D. of new type this week. When you Lamey & Co. You will be astonished want a good job of printing don't for- at the excellent appearance made by get that this is the place to get it.

Use A. W. Meyer & Co.'s fancy patent flour and always have good bread.

Henry Winkler had an infant child christened Sunday, July 28th.

visited at W. C. Widmayer's, at Hampshire, last week.

Miss Ida Schultz has gone to Hobart, Ind., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. D. Kelly.

J. D. Lamey & Co.'s is the place to buy strictly pure white lead, oils, etc. Their prices are always low.

of days this week with friends in South | Flora Lines this week.

Miss Edna Hawley has returned home after two week's visit with relatives in Chicago.

Chas. Fletcher returned to his home this week. at Sharon, Wis., Friday evening, after a visit with Richard Earith.

If you want to buy the best grade bicycle and save money call and see them at L. F. Schroeder's.

Mrs. P. Donlea is entertaining her daughter-in-law and children, Mrs. Geo. Donlea, of Iowa.

A number of Barrington people attended the excursion to Lake Geneva last Saturday.

Mrs. Barnett has moved into her new residence, recently purchased of Mr. Charles Senn.

Wolthausen & Landwer are receivgood, stylish shoes you will find them always glad to receive them.

Mr. William Wienert, of Chicago, spent a few days here visiting with friends.

Peters & Collen had a sale of cattle at their stock yards last Thursday. When in want of stock you will do well in giving them a call.

guest at the home of Mr. A. V. H. favored and are now acting as bag Kimberly.

Miss Mollie Flury, of Palatine, visited with the Misses Ida Diekman and Martha Hennings the first of the week.

A fine stock of canvas shoes can be found at Wolthausen & Landwer. They are selling them at 85 cents per

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willmarth have returned home after a few week's visit with Mrs. Willmarth's parents at Moreland.

Jabez Newcomb died Saturday, July 20th, at his residence of apoplexy. The funeral was held Sunday, at 2 o'clock, in White's cemetery.

Heimerdinger went to Palatine on son. their wheels last Wednesday evening.

The fourth quarterly conference of the M. E. church will be held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the class

room of the church.

Now is your chance, L. F. Schroeder will close out his fine line of gasoline stoves at cost.

Rev. W. H. Haight will preach next Sunday morning, Aug. 4th, at the M. E. church. Sacramental services of the Lord's Supper will be observed.

Mrs. A. Knopf, Mrs. H. Bosch and the Misses Frederica and Josephine VanBesay, of Hyde Park, visited Mrs. F. P. Pomeroy this week.

Messrs. J. C. Plagge, F. H. Frye, S. G. Seebert and D. F. Lamey went to Romeo, Ill., Saturday, and took in the age your neighbors, if they do not alsights along the line of the big ditch.

Baptist church Sunday evening, Au- former the latter would amount to but gust 4th. A review of the proceedings little. will be given and the convention songs will be sung.

Working shirts and blouse jacketsjust the thing for threshing-at Wolthausen & Landwer.

If you want to buy a bicycle you will could be seen on the beach at Lake are doing: "The village board is rushrington's leading ladies.

> Give your old buggy a coat of Heath the use of this paint.

Misses Nellie and Leila Lines are visiting friends at Janesville.

Mrs. M. C. McIntosh is visiting reltives and friends at Avonale.

Miss Nellie Donlea is visiting at the Misses Emma bnd Gertrude Meyer home of Mr. Charles Davlin this week. Miss Ella Sherwood is visiting with her brother, Elmer DeVol, in Chicago.

Mr. E. F. Schaede went to Elgin Friday to see his brother who is quite

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Connor, of Waukegan, are visiting at the home of Mr. J. B. Harrower.

Mrs. Dr. Butterfield and family, of Mrs. E. M. Blocks visited a couple Belvidere, were the guests of Mrs.

Prof. J. M. Thrasher, our optician, made a professional trip to Cary hursday.

Prof. Hart, principal of the Marengo schools, is the guest of, Prof. Smith

Attorney McIntosh and Constable Reiley of Wauconda made a sixty-mile trip in Lake county on legal business. Children's shoes that cannot be beat

for quality and prices, at A. W. Meyer

Waukegan is to have a new daily paper to be called the Waukegan Daily Herald, Senator Coon will be chief.

Wolthausen & Landwer have just received a new line of neckties. They are the finest to be found anywhere. Call and see them.

Remember that there is a REVIEW box at R. Burton's meat market in which you may drop your news items any time up to Friday morning for ing shoes every week. If you want publication the same week. We are

The annual picnic of the Geneva Lake Picnic association of the M. W. A. will be held at Kaye's Park on Wednesday, Aug. 21st, and all4 Woodmen are requested to make arrangements to attend. One fare for the round trip.

Mr. Ezra Cannon has been promoted. and is now collector on one of the Barrington trains. Messrs. C. M. Ver-Mr. Harry Burridge, of Boston, is a milya and Ebb Wilmer have also been

> The Thursday Reading club held their annual picnic with Mrs. John Robertson last week. Boat riding and bathing were enjoyed, and all returned home talking about what a delightful time they had on the banks of beautiful Lake Zurich.

> A camping party consisting of the Irving Park St. John's Episcopal church choir and their friends, arrived last Tuesday, enroute for Wauconda where they will spend ten days rusti-

The Wauconda baseball nine will cross bats with the Palatine nine at the Wauconda ball grounds, to-day, at 2:30 o'clock sharp. The Wauconda Messrs. M. T. Lamey and Edward boys have not been worsted this sea-

> The Columbia hotel will be re-opened the first of the week with Mr. Collen in charge. The building is being newly painted and kalsomined, and will present a much improved appearance. The rooms are large, and will be neatly furnished.

Fred Heimerdinger, engineer on the special Geneva train, made the home trip from Crystal Lake to Barrington in 12½ minutes, a distance of twelve miles. A number of Barrington passengers were satisfied that it was the fastest ride they enjoyed for some time,

To make a success of any paper it requires the hearty support of the community in which it is published. Everyone should lend as much aid as pos sible, in the way of local news to make its columns interesting and to encourready take the paper, to subscribe for it. Build up your home paper and you There will be a Baltimore Echo at will build up the town. Without the

The little town of Algonquin is not far behind the times, for they believe a good water system is the most essential part in the protection of their homes by fire, besides the many other advantages to be gained thereby. Here The latest thing in bathing suits is what that town says of what they works movement, having purchased one-half acre of land near the cemetery for a reservoir site and leased the voluminous springs on the Richard Gillilan farm for a long period of years. They expect to advertise for bids within a few days."

OLD SETTLERS' PICNIC.

One Thousand People Enjoy the Outing-A Success in Every Way.

The old settlers picnic given on the Plum Grove picnic grounds by John Bergman last Sunday was a huge success in every way.

The oldest settlers on the grounds, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Helfrisch, were presented with badges commemorating the occasion.

The prize for the best dancers among the old settlers was proudly carried off by Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bergman.

The Palatine Mænnerchor and the Palatine Military Band entertained the audience with some fine selections, while a Chicago orchestra delighted those that wished to trip the light fantastic.

Prominent among the other sports was the game of baseball between the Bronchos and the Palatine nines, which resulted in a score of 15 to 3 in

favor of the Bronchos. Among the Barrington people present were: Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Powers, Alderman Hatje and family, Mr. and Mrs. G. Heimerdinger; the Misses Diekman, Ulitsch and Beinhoff, and Messrs. F. E. Hawley, Fred Beinhoff, Geo. Heimerdinger, E. J. Heimerdinger and M. T. Lamey.

A Reward of \$100

will be paid by the Standard Salt Co., of Chicago, for a case of dry murrain mond Lake August 15, or a case of black leg among cattle: \$25.00 for a case of abortion among McHenry, were on our streets Wedmares or cows, unless caused by injury; \$25,00 for a case of colic with horses or sheep, provided the stock have free access to Restof Rock Lump Salt and common barrel salt is kept from them; \$50.00 for a case of sore tongue or sore

mouth caused by Restof. Restof Salt does not contain slate or gypsum (gypsum is cement) and in this respect is unlike other rock lump salt | Palatine nines. on the market. Do you want to prevent stock from scouring, worms in built for Ed. Golding's already large horses, horses from beginning cribbers fleet. or getting hidebound, tags on sheep. The dance at Gould's Corners Satursickness and cholera in hogs, and have day evening was not very well atcows keep up flow of milk, have milk tended, there being only sixteen couple stay sweet longer and butter churn present. quicker? then use Restof Rock Lump Salt and quit the use of common barrel salt, which contains so much lime, is here Tuesday, and are now camped on swallowed in grains, and is generally the cause of all this trouble and loss. Practical tests prove this salt to be cheaper in the end than barrel salt. Do not use rock lump salt that contains slate or gypsum, and crumbles. The Restof is the only rock lump salt fit to use, the only pure and solid rock salt on the market, and is for sale by PLAGGE & Co., Barrington, Ill.

Dedication of Emanuels Church of Plum

The new church of the United Evangelical church at Plum Grove, which was constructed upon the site of the old church which was struck by lightwere conducted by Rev. Landwer, of ling the church. Northfield, in the English language, assisted by Rev. Smith, of Palatine. The meeting was again resumed in the evening. All the services were well attended. There is still a debt of day, August 13. Round trip only \$1.50. about \$300 on the church, for the defrayment of which a free-will offering a. m. Reach Madison 10:45 a. m. and was taken up.

Many visitors from Barrington and Palatine were present. All in attendance went away assured of the fact that they were bountifully repaid for their trouble in going.

Stomach Not Just Right?

Here's what will cure it: Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin-a palatable, certain remedy for constipation, indigestion, chronic sick headache, summer complaint or any trouble of the stomach or bowels, For sale in 10c, 50c and \$1 sizes by A. L. Waller.

Several from here witnessed the marriage of Miss Nina E. Rogers to Rev. E. W. Ward, at Evanston, Wednesday. Among those in attendance from here were: Misses Carrie Kingsley and Belle Clark.

A petition has been circulated which will be filed in court at the August term by property owners along that part of Station street which has been ordered opened. The petition is an appeal from the decision of the commissioners who were appointed to assess the proposed street.

WAUCONDA - Lecture - Baseball - Benefit for the Band-W. R. C. Entertainment-Locals and Personals.

Changeable weather.

Another circus will be here Aug. 6. A. L. Mullen was a Waukegan visitor Monday.

The M. E. church is undergoing re-

John Golding made a business trip to Chicago Thursday.

M. C. McIntosh, of Barrington, was in the village Sunday. John Ainsley, of Gilmer, paid our

village a visit Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Philip Gieseler spent Sunday in our city.

K. V. Werden made a trip to Barrington the forepart of the week.

Mrs. Geo. North, of Denison, Iowa. is visiting at the home of C. D. Barker. The Wauconda nine won the ball game at Libertyville last Saturday.

Leroy Hughes left for Dixon, Ill., Tuesday, where he will open up an

Messrs. A. R. Johnson and J. E. Pratt were McHenry visitors last Monday evening.

V. D. Kimball and W. S. McClane were McHenry visitors Wednesday evening. The Wauconda Military Band will

play at the Woodmen's picnic at Dia-Frank Barbian and J. D. Lodtz, of

Quite a number of our people attended the matinee at Libertyville last Saturday.

J. D. McCabe, who has been on 'the sick list, is now able to be around There will be a ball game here on

August 3d between the Wauconda and A number of new boats have been

The choir of the St. John's Episcopal church, of Irving Park, arrived the Point. A lawn social for the benefit of the

Wauconda Military Band will be given

Saturday evening, Aug. 3d. Peaches,

cake and melons will be served. All are cordially invited. R. H. Hendershot, the "Rappahannock Drummer Boy," and his son will be here August 8th, to give an entertainment for the benefit of the W. R.

C. of Wauconda. The lecture at the Baptist church last Saturday evening, by Rev. Alger, was not as well attended as it should ning last fall, was formally dedicated have been. The subject, "Talking last Sunday, Rev. Theo. Suhr, officiat- and Talkers," was handled in a spicy, ing. Rev. Hallen, of Chicago, was also interesting and instructive manner. in attendance. The afternoon services. The proceeds went towards re-shing-

Only excursion of the year to this wonderful and mysterious lake Tues-Leave Barrington 7:25 a. m., Cary 7:35 Devil's Lake 11:45 a. m. Returning leave Devil's Lake 7 p. m., Madison 8 p. m. Remember this is a strictly first-class excursion run by the C. & N. W. Ry Co. No delays. No change of cars and positively no crowded cars.

Tickets for sale by station agents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts. bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. L. Waller.

It is reported that the Barrington and Cary Gun Clubs will soon meet to decide which is to get off the earth.

Don't miss it. For the next 30 days A. W. Meyer & Co. will give 20 per cent. off on regular prices of wall paper to clean up before invoicing.

Mrs. Rhoda Lombard and daughter, Miss Nettie, attended the funeral of Chandler Lombard, at Elgin, last benefits to property owners, along the Tuesday. Mr. Lombard was formerly a resident of Barrington.

### FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof-Horticulture. Viticulture and Flori-



ELOW WE GIVE an article from the en of S. C. Gordon in the Ohio Farmer. It is of great imortance, as scienists have asserted that moles live only on animal food. If this man be right, the mole is a public enemy. The article is as follows:

I read the article of Mr. Cranz, in regard to moles. In a late issue of The Ohio Farmer and am pretty certain that any farmer who has been growing corn, potatoes or sweet potatoes for a number of years cannot agree with him. From my own experience (and that of other farmers with whom I have conversed on the subject), I have found that where a mole-run is found in a sweet potato ridge, or in a potato hill, the potatoes have departed. Some-times I have found them partly eaten, the surface still fresh.

In regard to corn, it is considered to be of little use to plant where it has been taken by moles, unless cultivation can commence immediately, and farmers frequently commence cultivation when they find the moles at work, before the corn is up, cultivating deep.

Some sixteen or seventeen years ago I had a field of corn badly injured by moles, in places nearly all gone, and in other places a pretty good stand. knew it was of no use to put corn in the same places as I could not then commence plowing, and if I waited much longer the replant would do little good, so I got a boy to drop two grains of corn on each of the missing hills, and a couple of men and myself covered it by drawing dirt over the hill with a hoe; the result was a good field of corn. I did not see the moles take the corn, but wherever the run went through the hill the corn was missing and where there was no mole run the corn grew all right.

I once read in an agricultural paper of a man in New York, I believe, buying moles at five cents apiece to put into his ground to loosen the earth and I presume to catch grubs. | 1 never heard the result of his experiencehis theory was the same as that of Mr. Cranz. I expect when he undertook to put his theory into practice he

changed his mind.

Some years ago I was hauling in a foot of snow with a hard crust on it; I took a hoe to loosen the butts of corn stalks; in the center of the last shock I found some half dozen cobs, still in the husks with no corn on them; I thought a rat had been at work, but the earth had not been worked up among the stalks, so I concluded it had been a rabbit. As I was cutting the tie stalk I saw what I took to be a rat among the blades, although it moved rather too slowly for one. gave it a clip with the hoe, when, lo, and behold, it was a mole. That settled the matter, not only with the mole, but with me, that moles do eat corn. I went to the barn, unloaded my corn and put my team away, thinking about the New York man whose moles never bothered vegetation, and who bought up all he could, and thought that in the spring when the insectivorous mole was circulating in the agricultural papers I would give my experience.

But hold on-the fact isn't proven. You don't know that the mole did eat the corn; it's only circumstantial evidence. A rat might eat the corn and the mole just happened in after the mischief was done and it was getting late in the day, and turning much colder, and it was quite a distance from the barn, a deep snow with a heavy crust to tramp through, I was satisfied myself, but that didn't prove it. I sharpened my knife and waded back. cut the mole open and found its stomach filled with finely ground corn.

A neighbor told me that he had made

a strong decoction of Mayapple root and seaked corn in it and put in their runs in the cornfield and thus killed them. He said the year before a man who had corn on his farm complained about a mole taking the corn in one particular place, that he tried the remedy at his suggestion and the next day or so after putting the corn in the run, he plowed out the dead mole. I have never tried it myself, however.

# Growing Granberries.

Last week we had something to say about cranberries and the soil on which they could be best grown. The soil best adapted to the growing of this fruit is a mixture of sand and muck. One way to obtain this desired soil is to haul onto the ground designed for cranberries large quantities of muck. After this has decomposed cover it with fine sand from the beach. In a few years the two will become incorporated, making a fine, black, sandy soil, On ground pre-eminently fitted for the growing of cranberics the soil rarely becomes dry except on the surface. Stagnant water is to be avoided, as it usually proves fatal. Running brooks in such a meadow are of value, but they must be under fuil control. The ground must be in such shape that it can be drained from one to two feet below the surface. The streams are to be used for winter flooding and summer irrigation. Some people advise planting vines upon uplands, but such locations are not advisable. True, the vines will sometimes live and bear,

but it is an unusual state of affairs and should not be encouraged; for instance, writers on cranberry growing say that vines upon dry lands are short-lived, blossoms are blasted, and the fruit is dwarfed or badly worm eaten, the ravages of the fruit worm being greatest upon dry soils.

According to the opinions of some growers, soil heavily impregnated with oxide of iron should not be selected. Nearly all of our readers will readily recognize such soil by the "iron rust" that collects in the little stagnant pools. The main objection to such soil is that it freezes in a different manner from most other soils, the ice and frozen earth forming long crystals, and these latter have a tendency to throw out of the ground the little roots of the cranberry. It is true that such lands can be used, but they will need to be kept flooded in winter, and if by any reason the water becomes drawn off, a disaster may follow.

The same objection is urged against pure muck, as it will heave out the vines during the freezing and thawing process, if not covered by water or sand. One or two inches of sand over the muck will prevent this. Coarse or flakey mucks are also to be avoided, as they neither retain moisture, nor act as a capillary sponge to draw up water in dry seasons. Such soil can be used

only with irrigation. Preparing a Swamp.

First dig a draining ditch about two feet deep lengthwise of the swamp and wide enough to take all the storm water that comes. The next move is to remove the turf, which may be sometimes more easily done by first burning off the dry grass. After the turf has been removed, the branch drains may be dug. The distance apart of these drains will depend much upon the condition of the soil, but some place them at two rods apart. After this comes the plowing and sanding. As to the depth of sand everything will depend on the conditions. The depth must vary according to the depth of the muck and condition of the bottom, most sand being required on those meadows that have the deepest muck, for the reason that a layer of one or two inches of sand on a bed of deep, soft muck would settle down and be lost in the black mass underneath. Where the muck is six or eight feet deep the sand may be put on to the depth of five or six inches, but when only a foot or two in depth, two or three inches of sand will be sufficient. Summer, when he swamps are dry, is the proper season for preparing cranberry swamps.

More on this subject will appear in a subsequent issue.

# Raising Turnips.

The turnip is a native growth of Asia, growing in a wild and uncultivated state in the woods. But centuries ago it attracted the attention of the farmer, and was appropriated, improved and cultivated, and used for food for both man and beast, and today it bears but slight resemblance to the original stock. In many parts of the world, and in both cold and temperate climates, it is extensively cultivated and used for feeding sheep and cattle, and also for the table, and I am thoroughly convinced that if farmers would give it more attention, and grow it more extensively than heretofore, it would prove to be quite a valuable

When the soil and season are favorable the yield per acre is immense. From 300 to 500 bushels have been grown on a single acre, and at 20 or even 15 cents per bushel, they pay better than corn, wheat or tobacco.

The Swedish or rutabagas are considered the best for stock. To insure a crop for the approaching fall or winter the soil should be partially prepared in March or April. The soil should be fresh and rich as possible. and thoroughly broken and harrowed both ways and left until the season for sowing the seed. From the 1st to the 15th of July is the best time to sow. Then the soil should be broken the second time, and harrowed, and seed sown, provided there is sufficient moisture to bring them up. Last season I sowed on the 15th of July, and for three successive weeks the weather was extremely hot and droughty, and the crop a complete failure. The better way is to wait for moisture, even if it delays the sowing, for the seed are very tender and easily affected by drought. The guicker and more rapid the growth the more brittle and highly flavored the turnip, so much depends on the soil and season.

Drills are sometimes used for sowing, but I have generally sown broadcast by hand, and if they come too thick, which they often do, I thin out with the hoe. If early turnips are desired for marketing they should be sown in March or April, and in the garden, where they can be cultivated. which insures a quick growth.

There is another advantage in raising turnips that is generally overlooked by farmers; they are an excellent exterminator of the weeds and leave the soil in excellent condition for any other crop. Heavy, tough soils are not adapted to their growth. They are but little trouble to keep during the winter, as they are not seriously injured by a slight frost.-Journal of Agriculture.

The Christian Register prints the saying of a little girl whose doll's arm had come off, exposing the sawdust

"You dear, good, obedient dolly, I knew I had told you to chew your food fine, but I didn't think you would chew it so fine as that."

To prevent drain pipes from stopping pour a hot solution of potash down every month.

With sheep, as with other stock, when everbody wants to sell nobody wants to buy.

# IN FASHION'S GLASS.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN WOMAN'S WEAR.

Give Character to the Bodice--The Not Yet Put in an Appearance-A Model for Your Gown.



ITH most women it is safer to give character to the bodice by some unique accessory or novel cut than to shorten its top rashly, and there is now a fine selection from which to choose. Here is one in this picture, a

fancy waist of dark blue crepon, furnished with a yoke of white guipure underlaid with pale blue surah and finished with a stock collar of blue satin ribbon, ornamented with pale blue chiffon rosettes. At either side of the front are bretelles of folded pale blue surah fastened with big blue satin bows, the latter repeated at the waist. Between bretelles and shoulders are jet bands which end in fringes at back and front. The sleeves have big puffs of the pale blue stuff.

### Low-Necked Dresses.

The low-necked dresses that June promised for July's outdoor wear have not appeared as yet in numbers sufficiently large to make them seem altogether pleasing at first glance. The slight V is well enough for those who like it and where throats can bear the display, but the occasional cases of overdoing the cut are nothing less than dreadful. Low neck, except for elaborate functions, is not in good taste, and dresses for afternoon wear or for evening home use should be cut out but a wee bit. Truth to tell, this is a trying cut, for often a neck that makes a good showing if exposed well toward the shoulders is a little awkward about the rise of the throat and the portion that includes, "salt cellars" and "col-

dot the summer promenade, but few of them are as attractive as this example, which is well worth keeping in mind.

Wraps That Are Men's Despair. Summer wraps are for the most part mere flufferies of frill with foundation of delicate silk or a bit of rich brocade. When they are off they resolve themselves into a bewildering frou-frou that is the despair of the unfortunate man, who has to adjust the wrap on the pretty shoulders waiting for it. Once on the shoulders it takes shape, though the outline is none too severe. A favorite model shows a bolero, cut very long, the points coming below the waist in exquisite brocade, traced with cashmere colors. All around the bolero's



edge is a tiny little frill of yellow old lace. The new butterfly sleeve comes to the elbow and is full yellow tissue heavily weighted with tiny spangles in bronze, dull green, copper, gray and black, mixed sparingly with gold and silver. About the neck goes a triple ruche, the inner one of closely plaited yellow thread lace, the next pleating of the spangled tulle, and the last a series of pale dull rose ribbon loops. So wide is the ruche that it sets away out on the shoulders, and here is a knot of the ribbon that falls in long loops over the sleeves. A similar knot is under the

the Geneva Conseil d'Etat, have been denouncing a very serious abuse which is creeping into the rites or functions of baptism. M. Wirz has a grievance against the owners of horses and races in bis own and other lands, and M. Monnier writes to denounce anarchists and socialists who will persist in civilly, christening their children Beelzebub, Lucifer and Satan. On the other hand, M. Wirz complains that stallions and race horses are monopolizing the names of all the saints, and "that it cannot but be a grievance to devout minds to hear, for example, that St. Paul is suffering from spavin, or that Nazarene, one of a sect who might drink nothing stronger than water, has been guilty of the strange solecism of straining his hock." Colleges, too, rejoice in the names of saints, and, if M. Wirz had visited Oxford or Cambridge during the eights' season, he would have heard of stranger things than these. In the present case, however, a slight exchange would quite meet the difficulty. The anarchist babes should take the names of the saints, and try to live up to them, while, if a stallion is christened Lucifer, that, too, would be a compliment. The highest praise the French can give a horse is to say he has "le diable au corps."

Abuse in Functions of Baptism.

M. Wirz and M. Monnier, members of

THE FARMER IS HAPPY!

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What a sense of relief it is to know that you have no more corns. Hindercorns remove them, and very comforting it is. 15c. at druggists.

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# ADIES...

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ARTIFICIAL Free Catalogue, Geo. R. kuller, Box 2146, Rochester, N. Y.



lar bone." This fact merely constitutes a greater inducement for a women

# A Model for Your Gown of Linen.

who has a pretty upper throat and she

may safely adopt the cut if she wishes

A jaunty dress of pale blue grass linen is shown below and is an exceedingly tasteful model for outing wear, being at once serviceable and dressy. Its godet skirt has a panel of white pique, embroidered with dark blue



linen, while the fitted bodice includes a gathered yoke of blue stuff and girdlelike portions of the lighter material, besides embroidered straps of the latter. Narrow galloon edges the girdle and the puffed elbow sleeves are completed by embroidered bands, but the standing collar is plain. Linens of many kinds are found in the host of summer fabrics and gowns from them | didn't get .- LAURA.

chin, the spangled tulle falling in fluted plaits to below the bust line. The entire effect is so harmonious that the details noted are all blended into an exquisite crush of cashmere coloring and glint of barbaric glitter. Such a wrap will serve to good purpose in topping off a conventional gown, but it would hardly do for the dress shown here, whose novelty is all in the arrangement of its upper part. Made of white satin, it is trimmed front and back with three plaits, and whenever the satin shows between the plaits, it is garnished with sequins. The blue collar is finished with a turned down one of white satin, and the sleeves are trimmed at the top with six white loops and with sequined bands at the wrists.

Silk Lining.

Plaid silk lining still makes the demure rig dazzling in unexpected places. To be just right the silk petticoat should be of the same plaid. That you may be proved above the economy of one eton jacket dress that is to be worn with a change of shirt waists you may have the eton lined with silk to match that of the silk shirt waist. But you won't do that if you are wise, and it is much nicer to be wise than to be rich.

Brevities.

The gout is a lame excuse for pro-Women are said to be always look-

ing in the glass. Men seldom do unless there is something to drink in it. Men are very much inclined to accept a pretty woman at her face value. The young man's resolutions to quit

using tobacco usually end in smoke. The principal reason why those thin wafers you get at 1 church supper are called syster fritters is because you fritter away so much time looking for

the oyster. A married woman's description of an ideal man is a picture of the kind she

THE IMPERIAL ORGAN OF THE HUMAN SYSTEM.

"The All-Seeing" the Subject of Last Sunday's Discourse-"He That Formed the Eye, Shall He Not See?"-Psalms 94 : 9-A Wonderful Camera,



EW YORK, July 28, 1895 .- Rev. Dr. Talmage, who is still absent on his summer preaching tour in the West and Southwest, has prepared for to-day a sermon on "The All-Seeing," the text selected being Psalm 94:9, "He that formed the eye,

The imperial organ of the human system is the eye. All up and down the Bible God honors it, extols it, illustrates it, or arraigns it. Five hundred and thirty-four times it is mentioned in the Bible. Omnipresence—"the eyes of the Lord are in every place." Divine care

-"as the apple of the eye." The clouds -"the eyelids of the morning." Irreverence-"the eye that mocketh at its father." Pride-"Oh, how lofty are their eyes!" Inattention-"the fool's eye in the ends of the earth." Divine inspection-"wheels full of eyes." Suddenness-"in the twinkling of an eye at the last trump." Olivetic sermon-"the light of the body is the eye." This morning's text-"He that formed the eye, shall he not see?" The surgeons. the doctors, the anatomists and the physiologists understand much of the glories of the two great lights of the human face; but the vast multitudes go on from cradle to grave without any appreciation of the two great masterpieces of the Lord God Almighty. If God had lacked anything of infinite wisdom, he would have failed in creating the human eye. We wander through the earth trying to see wonderful sights, but the most wonderful sight that we ever see is not so wonderful as the instruments through which we see it. It has been a strange thing to me for forty years that some scientist, with enough eloquence and magnetism, did not go through the country with illustrated lectures on canvas thirty feet square, to startle, and thrill, and overwhelm Christendom with the marvels of the human eye. We want the eye taken from all its technicalities, and some one who shall lay aside all talk about the pterygomaxillary fissures, and the sclerotica, and the chiasma of the optic nerve, and in common parlance, which you and I and everybody can understand, present the subject. We have learned men who have been telling us what our origin is and what we were. Oh! if some one should come forth from the dissecting-table and from the class-room of the university and take the platform, and, asking the help of the Creator, demonstrate the won-

ders of what we are! If I refer to the physiological facts suggested by the former part of my text, it is only to bring out in a plainer way the theological lessons of the latter part of my text, "He that formed the eye, shall he not see?!' I suppose my text referred to the human eye, since it excels all others in structure and in adaptation. The eyes of fish, and reptiles, and moles, and bats, are very simple things, because they have not much to do. There are insects with a hundred eyes, but the hundred eyes have less faculty than the human eyes. The black beetle swimming the summer pond has two eyes under water and two eyes above the water, but the four insectile are not equal to the two human. Man, placed at the head of all living creatures, must have supreme equipment, while the blind fish in the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky have only an undeveloped organ of sight, an apology for the eye, which, if through some crevice of the mountain they should get into the sunlight, might be developed into positive eyesight. In the first chapter of Genesis we find that God, without any consultation, created the light, created the trees, created the fish, created the fowl, but when he was about to make man he called a convention of Divinity, as though to imply that all the powers of Godhead were to be enlisted in the achievement. "Let us make man." Put a whole ton of emphasis on that word "us." "Let us make man." And if God called a convention of Divinity to create man, I think the two great questions in that conference were how to create a soul and how to make an appropriate window for that

emperor to look out of.

See how d honored the eye before he created it. He cried, until chaos was irradiated with the utterance, "Let there be light." In other words, before he introduced man into this temple of the world he illuminated it, prepared it for the eyesight. And so, after the last human eye has been destroy in the final demolition of the world, states, are to fall, at the sun is to cease its suming, and mon is to turn into blood. In other words, after the human eyes are no more to be profited by their shining, the chandeliers of heaven are to be turned out. God, to educate and to bless and to help the human eye, set in the mantel of heaven two lamps-a gold lamp and a silver lamp-the one for the day and the other for the night. To show how God honors the eye, look at the two halls built for the residence of the eyes, seven bones making the wall for each eye, the seven bones curiously wrought together. Kingly pale ce of ivory is considered rich, but the halls for the residence of the human eye, are nicher by so much as human bone is more sacred than elephantin

tusk. See how God honored the eyes when he made a roof for them, so that

the sweat of toil should not smart them; and the rain dashing against the forehead should not drip into them;

the eyebrows not bending over the eye,

left, so that the rain and the sweat should be compelled to drop upon the cheek, instead of falling into this divinely protected human eyesight. See how God honored the eye in the fact presented by anatomists and physiologists that there are eight hundred contrivances in every eye. For windowshutters, the eyelids opening and closing thirty thousand times a day. The | the man born blind who is to die blind. eyelashes so constructed that they have their selection as to what shall be admitted, saying to the dust, "Stay out," and saying to the light, "Come in." For inside curtains the iris, or pupil of the eye, according as the light is greater or less, contracting or dilating. The eye of the owl is blind in the daytime, the eyes of some creatures are blind at night, but the human eye so marvel-ously constructed can see both by day and by night. Many of the other creatures of God can move the eye only from side to side, but the human eye so marvelously constructed has one muscle to lift the eye, and another muscle to lower the eye, and another muscle to roll it to the right, and another muscle to roll it to the left, and another muscle passing through a pulley to turn it round and round-an elaborate gearing of six muscles as perfect as God could make them. There also is the retina, gathering the rays of light and passing the visual impression along the optic nerve, about the thickness of the lampwick-passing the visual impression on to the sensorium, and on into the soul. What a delicate lens, what an exquisite screen, what soft cushions, what wonderful chemistry of the human eye! The eye washed by a slow stream of moisture whether we sleep or pebble of the eye and emptying into a bone of the nostril. A contrivance so wonderful that it can see the sun, ninety-five million miles away, and the point of a pin. Telescope and microscope in the same contrivance. The astronomer swings and moves this way and that, and adjusts and readjusts the telescope until he gets it to the right focus; the microscopist moves this way and that, and adjusts and readjusts the magnifying glass until human eye, without a touch, beholds the star and the smallest insect. The

wake, rolling imperceptibly over the it is prepared to do its work; but the traveler among the Alps, with one glance taking in Mont Blanc and the face of his watch to see whether he has time to climb it. Oh! this wonderful camera obscura which you and I carry about with us, so to-day we can take in our friends, so from the top of Mount Washington we can take in New England, so at night we can sweep into our vision the constellations from horizon to horizon. So delicate, so semi-infinite, and yet the light coming ninety-five millions of miles at the rate of two hundred thousand miles a second is obliged to halt at the gate of the eye, waiting for admission until the portcullis be lifted. Something hurled ninety-five millions of miles and striking an instrument which has not the agitation of even winking under the power of the stroke. There, also, is the merciful arrangement of the tear gland, by which the eye is washed and from which rolls the tide which brings the relief which comes in tears when some bereavement or great loss strikes us. The tear not an augmentation of sorrow, but the breaking up of the Arctic of frozen grief in the warm gulf stream of consolation. Incapacity to weep is madness or death. Thank God for the tear glands, and that the crystal gates are so easily opened. Oh! the wonderful hydraulic apparatus of the human eye! Divinely constructed vision! Two light-houses at the harbor of the immortal soul, under the shining of which the world sails in and drops anchor. What an anthem of praise to God is the human eye. The tongue is speechless and a clumsy instrument of expression as compared with it. Have you not seen it flash with indignation or kindle with enthusiasm, or expand with devotion, or melt with sympathy, or stare with fright, or leer with villainy, or droop with sadness, or pale with envy, or fire with revenge, or twinkle with mirth, or beam with love? It is tragedy and comedy, pastoral and lyric in turn. Have you not seen its uplifted brow of surprise, or its frown of wrath, or its contraction of pain? If the eye say one thing and the lips say another thing, you believe the eye rather than the lips. The eyes of Archibald Alexander and Charles G. Finney were the mightiest part of their sermons. George Whitefield enthralled great assemblages with his eyes, though they were crippled with strabismus. Many a military chieftain has with a look hurled a regiment to victory or to death. Martin Luther turned his great eye on an assassin who came to take his life, and the villain fled. Under the glance of the human eye, the tiger, with five times the perpetual production of sin in opa man's strength, snarls back into the Africal jungle. But those best appreciate the value of the eye who have lost it. The Emperor Adrian by accident put out the eye of his servant, and he said to his servant: "What shall I pay you in, money or in lands? Anything you ask me. I am sorry I put your eye out." But the servant refused to put drinks and to intemperance. J. C. Holany financial estimate on the value of the eye, and when the Emperor urged and urged again the matter, he said; "Oh, Emperor, I was nothing but my lost eye." Alas for those for whom a thick and impenetrable vail is drawn across the face of the heavens and the faces of one's own kindred. That was a pathetic scene when a blind man lighted a torch at night and was found parting along the highway, and some one side along the highway, and some one did to the why do you carry that torch, en you can't see?" "Ah," said he al can't see, but I carry this torch that others may see me and pity my helplessness and not run me down." Samson, the giant, with his leves but out by the Philistines, is me e hables that the smallest dwarfful. I an index get All the sympathies one rist stirred when he saw Barthagus with arkened retina, and the only salve ever made that we read of as a mature of dust and saliva and a prair, with which he cured the eyes of a man blind from his nativity. The value of the eye

is shown as much by its catastrophe as by its healthful action. Ask the man who for twenty years has not seen the sun rise. Ask the man who for half a century has not seen the face of a friend. As in the hospital the victim of ophthalmia. Ask the man whose eyesight perished in a powderblast. Ask the Bartimeus who never met a Christ, or Ask him. This morning, in my imperfect way, I have only hinted at the splendors, the glories, the wonders, the divine revelations, the apocalypses of the human eye, and I stagger back from the awful portals of the physiological miracle which must have taxed the ingenuity of God, to cry out in your ears the words of my text, "He that formeth the eye, shall he not see?" Shall Herscope? Shall Fraunhofer not know as much as his spectroscope? Shall Swammerdan not know as much as his microscope? Shall Dr. Hooke not know as much as his micrometer? Shall the thing formed know more than its master? "He that formeth the eye, shall he

It passes out from the guess into the positive when we are told in the Bible that the inhabitants of other worlds do come as convoy to this. Are they not all ministering spirits, sent forth to minister to those who shall be heirs of salvation? But human inspection and angelic inspection and stellar inspection and lunar inspection and solar inspection are tame compared with the thought of divine inspection. "You converted me twenty years ago," said a black man to my father. "How so?" said my father. Twenty years ago," said the other, "in the old school-house prayer meeting at Bound Brook you said in your prayer, Thou, God, seest me,' and I had no peace under the eye of God until I became a Christian." Hear it: "The eyes of the Lord are in every place." eyelids try the children of men." "His eyes were as a flame of fire." "I will guide thee with mine eye." Oh! the eye of God, so full of pity, so full of power. so full of love, so full of indignation, so full of compassion, so full of mercy! How it peers through the darkness! How it outshines the day! How it glares upon the offender! How it beams upon the penitent soul! Talk about the human eye being indescribably wonderful -how much more wonderful the great, searching, overwhelming eye of God? All eternity past and all eternity to come on that retina!

But you say, "God is in one world and I am in another world; he seems so far off from me; I don't really think he sees what is going on in my life." Can you see the sun ninety-five millions of miles away, and do you not think God has as prolonged vision? But you say, "There are phases of my life, and there are colors, shades of color, in my annoyances and my vexations that I don't think God can understand." Does not God gather up all the colors and all the shades of color in the rainbow? And do you suppose there is any phase or any shade in your life that he has not gathered up in his own heart? Besides that, I want to tell you that it will all soon be over, this struggle. That eye of yours, so exquisitely fashioned and strung, and hinged and roofed, will before long be closed in the last slumber. Loving hands will smooth down the silken fringes. So he giveth his beloved sleep. A legend of St. Frotobert is that his mother was blind, and he was so sorely pitiful for the misfortune that one day in sympathy he kissed her eyes, and by miracle she saw everything. But it is not a legend when I tell you that all the blind eyes of the Christian dead under the kiss of the resurrection morn shall gloriously open. Oh! what a day that will be for those who went groping through this world under perpetual obscuration, or were dependent on the hand of a friend, or with an uncertain staff felt their way; and for the aged, of dim sight, about whom it may be said that "they which look out of the windows are darkened," when eternal daybreak comes in. What a beautiful epitaph that was for a tombstone in a European cemetery: "Here reposes in God, Katrina, a saint, eighty-five years of age and blind. The light was restored to her May 10th, 1840."

The Nation's Curse.

Dramshops may be compared to Pandora's boxes-John Adams in 1781. The liquor trafic is a storm center in

finance as in politics.-A. G. Haygood, Women only can make wine drinking unfashionable and heal the nation of its

curse.-J. G. Holland. O thou invisible spirit of wine, if thou hast no name to be known by let us call thee devil.-Shakespeare.

The very existence of the distillery is position to the gospel.-George B. Chee-

ver, D. D. You can no more run a gin mill without using up boys than you can rus a sawmill without using up logs. Rev. C. H. Mead.

The use of wine must inevitably be a stepping stone to that of stronger brook, D. D.

Temperance Notes.

In one year over a million dollars' worth of property was destroyed by the failures of beer-drinking engineers and switchmen.

The W. C. T. U. of Fremont, Neb., are said to have paid in full for their Temerance Temple, which was built at a cost of \$10.000.

but reaching to the right and to the from his nativity. The value of the eye ance.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TRILBY ON THE BICYCLE.

Sensation Caused by Costume for Slender Wheelwomen.

It is hard to believe, but there is actually a new costume out for wheelwomen. It is the Trilby, and of all the queer things that poor Trilby O'Ferrell has given her name to, this garment is the queerest. A very tall girl with a Trilby figure "scorched" around in a costume of this make in one of the academies the other day, says the New York Sun, and provoked no end of merriment and comment. The women who are of such figure that they cannot adopt bloomers insisted that it looked just too lovely and modest for anything; the bloomerites said that they would just as lief ride in fleshings as in the new rig, because it showed every curve in the wearer's figure; and the wheelmen insisted that if they didn't know that Barnum's circus was out on the road they would be willing to wager two to one that Evetta, the only woman clown, had taken to wheeling. After the wearer of something new in picycle clothing had shown off to her satisfaction she dismounted, and immediately the wheelwomen gathered around to examine her costume and ask questions about it. .

"I wear a Trilby heart and Trilby shoes, and brush my teeth with Trilby tooth powder, and eat Trilby pie, but you'd never, never get me on a wheel in a Trilby costume," said a bloomerite as she went off in a fit of laughter. But several very thin women made a second examination of the girl's suit, and seemed to think it a pretty good one.

Tobacco Tattered and Torn.

Every day we meet the man with shabby clothes, satiow skin, and shambling footsteps, holding out a tobacco palsied hand for the charity quarter. Tobacco destroys manhood and the happiness of perfect vitality. No-To-Bac is guaranteed to cure just such cases, and it's charity to make them try. Sold under guarantee to cure by Druggists everywhere. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

Women Who Support Themselves. In 1890 there were nearly 4,000,000 women and girls among the class called wage-earners in the United States. Their number has increased in ten years over 1.200,000, or more than 40 per cent. In the various brances of trade the increase in female employes was 263 per cent. This is due to the rapid utilization of women as accountants, cashiers, clerks, stenographers, typewriters and the like. During the same period the number engaged in the profesisons show a great increase, in many instancs the percentage being for larger for women than for

THE ADVICE OF A FRIEND.

"Breakfast over! And the work all done? What is the secret of your success? And your children so happy and full of fun: Show me the charm that you possess."

"Thee lives to high," the Friend replied. "Eat our simple meal and thee will boast, The charm is thine when thee has tried "FRIENDS' OATS" and cream and buttered toast."

In Europe, England and the States, "FRIENDS' OATS" have reached the goal; And each new customer relates, A trial placed him on the roll.

Utah proposes an innovation in jury trials. Juries are to consist of eight members, and six of them are competent to render a verdict.

The song of the nightingale can be heard a mile distant.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfirt and improvement and tends to per inal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Atts excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasure.

in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and waly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from

every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottle out it is man ufactured by the Califer in Fig. Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed of very package, also the name, Syrup Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Gas from petroleum is very extensively made and used in Russia, Austria and many parts of Germany.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lozz, 1805 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

When first taken from mines opals are so tender that they can be picked to pieces with the finger nail.

PITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. K line's Gree Serve Restorer. No Fits after the first day's use farvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free it cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Phila., Pe

two thousand acre farm near the Delaware Water Gap is devoted entirely to the cultivation of celery.

"Hanson's Magie Corn Salve."
Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your
druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

The only dyes impervious to the bleaching power of the sun's rays are Prussian blue and chrome yellow.

ALBERT BURCH, West Toledo, O., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Rose Pyle of Columbus, O., whipped a constable who essayed to levy on her wheel. Miss Pyle wears bloomers.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ob

Species of snakes that are enemies to one another in captivity will coil up into their winter sleep in the same

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mas. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething-

This in Russia.

Experiments are being made in Russia with cowcatchers for locomotives designed to catch up persons or animals getting in the way of trains. An invention tried on the Vitchsk line is said to be a success.



LEAVES ITS MARK

very one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time.

Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the womanly functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

You see them everywhere. olumbia Bicycles =\*100=

COLUMBIAS are the product of the oldest and best equipped bicycle factory in America, and are the result of eighteen years of successful striving to make the best bicycles in the world. 1895 Columbias are lighter,

stronger, handsomer, more graceful than ever-ideal machines for the use of those who desire the best that's made. HARTFORD BICYCLES cost less-\$80, \$60. They are the equal of many other higher-priced makes, though.

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W. N. U. CHICAGO, VOL. X NO. 31 

PISO'S CLERE FOR CONSUMPTION

Published Every Saturday at

BARRINGTON, - - - ILLINOIS

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at Barring ton, Ill., as second class matter.

THE REVIEW has put in its own plant and hereafter will be printed at its office in Barrington. We have made this move in order to give our readers more local news. We also intend to give all the local happenings of our sister villages. We will publish local happenings up to Friday noon. M. J. Rauh, who was one of the Barrington News founders, has been employed and will give his entire time inthe interest of THE REVIEW.

Hoping that our readers will overlook the deficiencies of this issue, and resuring them that we will improve, wa remain respectfully.

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

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Marskall and Street Commissioner

### SOCIETY NOTICES.

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BARRINGTON CAME N . 89. M d rn Woodmen of America me its at their half the first and third fues by evenings of each month. F. E. smith, V. C. J. & Thresher, E. B. Thr sher, E. B.: Litin Recetts at B. M. T. Lamey, Clerk; E H. Sodi, E. drt: Wo. Astholtz, Witch

man H P Ask w Scotty: L. A. Powrs
John Harf an Fred Brighoff, Managers.
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Mans a twichill the second and fourth The shays of each in m.h. T. H. Creet. P. C.

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W. R. C. N . 35. Meets at G. A. R. Hall the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Mrs. Emby Hawley, Pres.: Mrs. Jucy Tow sent. 2d V. P. Mrs. Arietta. Sizer, J. V. C.: Mrs. Robe Broskway, Treas.: Mrs. Kat Rusyan, Chaplain Mrs. Emma

## RAFL WOADS.

# E. J. & E. RY TIME TARLE.

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## C. & N. W. R. R. TIME TABLE

GOING SOUTH. 6:10 a. m., except Sunday. 6.45 a. m., except Sunday. 6.55 a. m., Sunday only 7:00 a. m., except Sunday. 7:56 a. m., daily. 9:00 a. m., except Sunday.

9:56 a. m., except Sunday. 12:25 p. m., daily. 3:08 p. m., except Sunday.

4:25 p. m., Sunday only. 5:02 p. m., daily. 6:52 p. m., except Sunday.

8.44 p. m., Sunday only. 8:50 p. m., Sunday only. GOING NORTH.

4:00 a. m., except Sunday. 5:02 a. m., Sunday only. 8:20 a. m., except Sunday. . 9:11 a. m., except Sunday. 10:30 a. m., daily.

12:10 p. m., except Sunday. • 2:13 p. m., except Sunday. 3:00 p. m., Saturday and Sunday only. 5:02 p. m., except Sunday.

6:09 p. m., except Sunday. 6:12 p. m., Sunday only. 7:25 p. m., except Sunday. • 7:55 p. m., daily.

12:50 a. m., daily. . \* To Barrington only. Crops in Good Shape.

The weather-crop bulletin for Illinois, issued Tuesday, says:

The general and heavy showers of the past week, together with temperatures slightly below normal, have proven highly beneficial to growing crops. Severe storms occurred in the Illinois river and northwest counties on last Friday, but while great damage was done it is not irreparable. The water famine has been generally relieved and springs, wells and streams are filling. Pastures, late potatoes, gardens, millet and fodder crops are doing well, and late potatoes promise a good yield. Corn has made marvelous growth and roasting ears are plentiful in early fields, with a large crop practically assured. Threshing of wheat, rye and oats has been retarded by the rains and some damage has resulted by sprouting and smut in the shock. Fall plowing is general in central and southern counties with the ground fine and mellow. Fruit is exceedingly plentiful in all southern and central counties, with fair crop in northern. Trees are bending under the load of fruit and early markets are glutteds

Indianapolis, July 30.-Fine, warm growing weather continued with several rains in most localities much to the benefit of the crops, but the rains delayed harvesting and threshing from shock. In the central portion the rains were very local and badly distributed, while in the northern portion no rains fell in a few counties; in some localities the rains were so heavy as to do injury. Corn continues to growrapidly; in many fields it is in silk and tassels and earing; under continued averable circunistances it will be the greatest crop for years in most localities. Late potatoes are advancing nicely; the heavy tops and heavy bloom indicate a large yield in many fields. Millet looks very well and buckwheat is coming up nicely. The second crop of clover is growing fast, promising a good yield; in some localities it is too rank. Beans are growing fine; so also vegetables, where good rains fell; melons promise a fair crop and tomatoes are in good condition; meadows and pasturage have improved in most localities and they are getting green again. Tobacco is doing fairly well F. H. Soll, C. Sill, M. Chrasher, K.: Rev. Robert, S.: M. Chrasher, K.: Rev. and growing nicely in some counties: Ine an iceberg with nine hundred feet. A ther Javie M. A. Bennett, Ist M. Where very heavy rains fell it has been of its bulk below water. One captain Gestroyed in low fields. Oats is nearly of ice at least three hundred feet high the month at their hall. Charles Senn, threshing is nearly done. Much fall, upper portion was full of sharp angles plowing is done, with the ground in and points, and the water was trickling fine condition.

DES MOINES, July 30.—The average temperature of the past week was about normal. Nearly all sections of the state have had sufficient rainfall for present needs, and considerable damage has been caused by severe local storms, accompanied by wind and hail. On the whole, however, the week has been highly favorable for the growing crops and for harvesting and threshing the ripened small grain. The oats harvest is about completed. and threshing is in progress, with many reports of phenomenally heavy most equally learned Harriet Martineau yields. The cutting of spring wheat is in progress and some early fields of tlax are ready for harvest. Corn is steadily maintaining its lead and bids part of two such women. And yet, why fair to beat all previous records in the districts where the rainfall has been imple. Potatoes and the minor crops re doing well.

Counterfeiting Postage Stamps.

For some time past collectors of and dealers in postage stamps have been in the habit of handling fac similes of the stamps of the various countries. The preparing of these has become a regula: business, and is an advantage to dealers and collectors, in that it enables them to become familiar with the various issues. But of late the idea has been gaining ground that this is a form of counterfeiting, and as such is subject to pains and penalties, and must be stopped. It would certainly seem that no other name than counterfeiting could be applied to such a practice. Unsophisticated people, those who write only an occasional letter, and those who find it necessary to send foreign letters but half a dozen times in a lifetime, maybe. could very easily be imposed upon and led to purchase stamps that were of no value whatever. If counterfeiting bank notes is an indictable offense, surely the putting out of postage stamps, which are in many cases used as legal tender, must be subject to the same criticism.

Ha f of Happiness A. L. Waller.

A Century Ago These Unfortunates Were Cruelly Treated.

Little more than a century ago prisoners of war were treated with systematic brutality, says the London Standard. That gave John Howard his first task. Providence made him suffer in his own person, and thus pointed out the special field in which his philanthropic impulses were to find employment. Howard's pity was aroused by tales of wretchedness he heard from Lisbon after the great earthquake. He took passage on the Hanover brig, with the intention simply of helping those unfortunates. But the Hanover was captured by a privateer, which carried its prize into Brest. Forty hours the crew, with Howard, lay in the bare and stifling hold. A biscuit each was thrown to them, but no drop of water did they receive. On arrival at Brest no one heeded their cries. They were thrust into a dungeon under ground, damp and filthy beyond description, and "several hours" passed before the jailers brought food or drink. Opening the door, then, they actually "pitched" a leg of mutton among the throng, to be scrambled for and torn to pieces with the teeth. Six weeks Howard remained in this fearful place with the sailors, men of peace, be it observed, following their lawful business, but in time of war. Relieved then on parole, he applied himself to ransom his fellow sufferers, and afterward traveled to other forts and stations where Englishmen were confined. It seems impossible that any of them could have been more horrible than Brest, but Howard found such at Diuan for example, where thirty-six poor wretches were buried in one day. Returning home, he investigated the English arrangements for prisoners of war, and found them not less horrible. It is well to recollect that when Howard appealed to the royal commissioners for the sick and wounded, sending a detailed report without a moment's delay, orders were issued to correct the abuse. Moreover, the commissioners transmitted his statement to France, and the French government was not less prompt in acting upon it. But for how many generations had that awful state of things continued!

### Some Peculiarities of Icebergs.

Derelicts and icebergs are among the dangers to which vessels are constantly exposed, the latter being, perhaps, the more formidable of the two, because there are more of them at certain seasons, and there is no telling when one of these monsters may heave in sight. An ordinary iceberg shows oneninth of its bulk above water. During the present season a number of these masses of ice, at least a hundred feet high, have been encountered by steamships. It is scarcely possible to imagdown its side. One of the greatest dangers from icebergs is being in their vicinity when they turn over. The sea currents wash and melt them into all sorts of fantastic figures and points. tremendous force. Sometimes the disturbance is almost equal to a tidal wave and is sufficient to upset any small craft that may be in its way.

## Learned Talk About Dress.

It is related that the learned astronomer, Mary Somerville, was once overheard earnestly discussing with the alas to whether a certain gown should or should not be dyed to match a certain shawl. It somehow seems incongruous to learn of such trivial interests on the should it follow that because women educate the brain they must therefore forbear to attempt pleasing? Why, because they learn science, must they unlearn the arts, and especially the art of being beautiful and well dressed? There really isn't the remotest logical se-

It is now conceded that even a woman suffragest may be beautiful! A delightful woman speaker of high repute among friends upon one occasion declared it to be her conviction that God meant women to adorn the world as much as he meant the birds and flowers to serve that end, and that so far from sin, there was positive virtue in attractive dress. The sin lay in giving time, money and thought to it which rightfully belonged elsewhere.

## Advertised Letters.

The following letters remain in the postoffice at Barrington as unclaimed: Maria Correll (2), Mrs. Mary Cugo, John C. Clay, A. T. Kinne, Theodore Schenning, Oscar Vanderhoof and Fred M. B. McIntosh, P. M.

### August 1, 1895. Knights of the Maccabees.

The state comin nder writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what lepends upon the stomach. If you seemed to be a very obstinate cough have no constipation, indigestion, in our two cildren, we tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and at the end chronic sick headache, summer com-plaint or any other trouble of the stom-them. We will not be without it ach or bowels, you ought to be happy hereafter, as our experience proves you of to try it. Sold in 10c bottles as trial bottles are free at A. L. Waller's well as 50c and \$1 sizes For sale by 1rug store. Regular size, 50 cents and

# A. W. MEYER & CO.

# CROCKERY DEPARTMENT

If you intend buying a Complete Dinner Set or making the smallest addition to your present service we ask you to visit us before making your purchases, as ours is the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN TOWN.

# Ne Carry the Very Latest Patterns in China and Porcelain Ware Those desiring table ware of pure white of a better and more modern style than regular Iron Stone we recommend the fine white English Semi-Porcelain Ware

55-piece Dinner Set, Princess Gilt Pattern, plain white and gold. The gilding is traced on the embossed work which adorns the edges of the ware. This is stock pattern, which may be had in sets or separate pieces, and match-up for years.

100-piece Dinner Set, Superior grade of porcelain with a neat border design of small flowers and leaves of full gold line with stippled gold trimmings. All the pieces are shapely. Plates are scalloped on the edge which makes it a very

complete line of Decorated Chamber Sets PRICES, \$2.50 UPWARDS.

handsome table set.

Parlor Chandeliers, Library Lamps, \* Banquet Lamps and Decorative Table Lamps that MUST be sold quick.

John Strocchi, P. all out and in shock, and threshing has and two thousand feet long. It had evidently but just turned over, as the evidently but just turned over, as the We carry a very nice line of Silverware. Call and get prices.

# They melt below so much more rapidly than above that the center of gravity becomes disturbed, and they turn with

# HOWE'S

Will Positively Appear at

# BARRINGTON, ILLS. WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7th. 1895.

Afternoon and Evening.

Admission has been Reduced to 25 Cts.

Doors Open at 1 and 7; Performance begins one hour later. If you can afford to see but one show this season, this is the one. Don't miss it.

# ADVERTISING

Is the keystone of prosperity in any business, and the thing to consider is not whether to advertise, but in what me dium. We invite the attention of advertisers to the circulation of

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

TAXES IN ITALY.

How the People There Are Ruined by Government Officials.

In Italy any unfortunate who owes 10 per cent finds his little debt run up by sheriffs' officers, tribunal expenses, and all the manifold charges of notaries, attorneys, and advocates to 200 per cent before he has time to breathe or realize the situation, and the forced sales are so conducted that the property sold produces nothing for any one except the state and the autioneers. The state takes its percentage first, before even the creditors, and thus is caused the avidity with which all state officials and myrmidons drag to ruin, by intrigue and extortion, a large majority of the Italian tax-paying public. Note the salaries paid to the officials of the tribunals in Italy and judge if such officials are not invited and forced to ruin the mass of the people.

Where a county judge in England has £1,000 or £2,000 a year he receives here the equivalent of £40, or perhaps £30, per annum. All the lesser functionaries are paid in proportion. The Gludice Conciliatoire, who answers to the Juge de la Paix in France and to the police magistrate in England, is paid sometimes at the rate of £20 per annum, sometimes not at all; the pockets of the appellants at his court must maintain him. It can readily be understood that all these hungry functionaries of the law, big and little, live on the public perforce, and that almost any iniquity or injustice may be obtained under their rule if money be largely enough and secretly enough expended. spleador is my dishonor," said Bacon to his magnificent liveried serving men, who rose to meet him when he entered court to stand upon his trial.

The Italian functionaries may say to the Italian Themis: "That we have coats to our backs and rings en our fingers is your dishonor, for you do not pay us enough to enable us to get either honestly." Notwithstanding this miserable pay which they receive, Italy spends on the administration of law 135,000,000 francs-i. e., 7,000,000 francs more than France (in comparison to the population) and 12,000,000 francs more than England. The public which contributes all these millions gets little or nothing for its money.

Cun't (comprehend Our Worsh'p of the Cuspidor.

A communication received from Sheik Dirdari, an Egyptian commissioner to the recent United Presbyterian general assembly, gives various views he formed of Pittsburg and of the assembly. He says Americans, and especially Pittsburgers, live in a filthy manner. Our time?" hands and faces are quite dirty, he says, but this is because the air is contaminated with a fine black dust. The sheik found it difficult to keep himself clean. He says: "The pavements are very filthy, owing to the habit all the people, men and women, have of expectorating. I think most of the people must be of a class about equal to the Berbers, used in Cairo and Alexandria as doorkeepers and servants. I do not know, though, for many of these people seem to be very rich."

Of the trolley cars the shelk declares: "It is very strange to see the people riding about in wagons that look like the railroad cars of Egypt, but they run without either steam or horses. They are run with a buzzing sound, and I think must be possessed of demons."

In the assembly sessions the shelk says he saw commissioners at times reverently bow their heads very low. He discovered a sort of vessel in front of them on the floor, which they guarded carefully with their feet. This was strange to Dirdari, but he found that "the people regard these vessels with the same reverence that the Italians manifest toward the pictures of the Virgin. I learned that this peculiar idol, the like of which I never saw in my life, is called 'cuspidor,' but my limited knowledge of English has made it difficult to learn what peculiar traditions are associated with him."

The shelk expressed thankfulness that his people will never take into an Egyptian church this "Cuspider god."

Age of the Earth. In a recent lecture before the Glasgow Philosophical society, Lord Kelvin discussed the thermal conductivity of the rocks. He said that there was a definite limit to the age of the earth, tracted quite a large crowd of spectaand that this might be gathered by measuring the temperature underground. He argued that the earth was they secured a couple of horses from a 100,000,000 years old, while Prof. Perry said in a recent article that it was 400,000,000 years old. For his own part, he believed that it was certainly less than that time since the earth consolidated so as to give its present temperature, which, on the average, was one degree Fahrenheit per fifty feet of descent in a bore,

Everything which had been learned had rather gone to reduce the age of the earth from the larger limit. The conductivity of the earth diminished with temperature, and did not decrease with temperature. In concluding Lord Kelvin said it was impossible, scientifically, that the time since the earth consolidated could be as much as 500,000,-000 years ago, or 1,000,000,000 years ago.

The Man

or woman who once gives Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin a fair trial becomes so fully satisfied with its great any good result. About a year ago merit as a cure for indigestion, constination and other forms of stomach and bowel trouble that it ever afterwards takes front rank on the closest shelf as a family med cine. For sa'e in 10c bottles and in 50c and \$1 sizes, by A. L.

SPORTS ON SHIPBOARD.

Amusement Afforded to Seafarers by the

Tricks of a Ventriloquist. "Steamship passengers frequently resort to practical jokes to relieve the monotony of voyages," said a retired sea captain to a San Francisco Post reporter recently, "and while the pranks as a rule, are perfectly harmless, they sometimes have a boomerang effect. Three years ago we were crossing the Atlantic and both the owners and myself were exceedingly anxious to make a speedy trip, as a rival liner had the week before lowered the record held by our company. On the third day out, just about dusk, the cry of 'Man overboard!' rang through the ship, and a hurried investigation elicited the information that several of the passengers had heard a splash, followed by piteous appeals of 'Help! help-save me!' The engines were stopped and the steamer put about, a close watch being kept meanwhile for the drowning man. A half hour was spent in cruising about without results, and we started on our journey under the belief that the poor fellow had gone to the bottom. The inquiry that followed proved puzzling. No one was missing, and we came to the conclusion that a stowaway had committed suicide. The next day, however, an explanation came. We had a ventriloquist aboard, in the person of a very smart young man, who was too tickled over the success of his joke to keep the secret. Then the laugh was on him. As he had caused a serious delay and much annoyance I notified him that I had made an official entrance of the circumstance on my log and the loss of time, and that on approaching shore I would detain him until a sufficient guarantee had been put up that he would answer in court to reply to a demand for financial restitution. I talked of \$50,000 being the penalty under the government mail contract, and it is needless to say he spent the balance of the voyage on tenter hooks. He disappeared before we docked, leaving his baggage behind."

Resisting Arrest.

A police officer was under cross-examination in the police court yesterday, says the San Francisco Post. The de-AN ECYPTIAN ON AMERICANS. fendant was charged with using vulgar language, battery, disturbing the peace, drunkenness and resisting an of-

"You put the handcuffs on this man, didn't you?" asked the attorney for the defense.

"Why did you do that? Was he re-

sisting or attempting to escape at that "No, sir."

enough, wasn't he?"

"Then why did you handcuff him?" "He was using vulgar language." "But why did you put those things on his wrists?

'I couldn't but them on his mouth." "What did be do then?"

"He tried to run." "And what did you do?"

"I broke his jaw for him." "Why did you break his jaw?"

"Well, I couldn't break his leg, could

"Then, as I understand it, you put handcuffs on him to keep him from using vulgar language, and broke his jaw to keep him from running."

'Yes, sir; that's right; that's what I

"Did the handcuffs stop his vulgar language?

"That's what they did." "How?"

"Well, he's deaf and dumb, and he was swearing with his fingers." "Did breaking his jaw stop his run-

"Yes, sir. When he came to he was where he couldn't run."

Lassoed a Drowning Compunion.

There are quite a large number of young Indian boys who have been placed on the farms in Bucks county, particularly in the vicinity of Penn's Manor, says a Philadelphia newspaper. Every Sunday they are given an afternoon off, and on these occasions it is their custom to get together and give amateur wild west shows. Last Sunday a party of the young bucks went in swimming in the river, and attors by their antics. The thrilling feature of the program occurred when neighboring pasture, and, driving them into the water, mounted them and made the animals swim about. One of the youngsters, who could not swim. slipped from his horse when about 50 or 60 feet from the bank, and was in imminent danger of drowning. Previously to going into the water the boys had been practicing with a lasso, and, seeing the danger, one of those on shore started in to lasso the drowning boy. After two of three ineffectual attempts the rope settled down over the struggling youngster's body, and he was safely landed.

It May Do as Mach for You. Mr. Fred Miller of Irving, Ili, writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but without ne began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial

will prove our statement. Price only

50 cents for large bottle. At A. u.

Waller's drug store.

THE BARRINGTON BANK

OF SANDMAN & GO., Illinois Barrington,

A general banking business transacted interest illowed in time deposits. Firstclass e minere al paper for sale.

JOHN ROBERTSON, Prest.

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L. C. P. SANDMAN.

# GEORGE A. LYTLE. Veterinary Surgeon

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary Coll-ge.

Night and day office with J. M. Thrasher one door south of H. T. Abbott's drug store.

BARRINGTON, : : : ILLINOIS.

Te der Seaks.

Tender Foasts

R. BURTON.

Is the piace to set all kinds of choice tesh means at lowest prices, quality considered...

Best Sausage, Sait and Emoked Meats FISH AND OYSTERS IN SEA ON

BARRINGTON.

M. C. McINTOSH, Estate and Commercial Lawyer

Residence, BARRINGTON, ILL.

OFFICE, Room 32 95 Washington st., - CHICAGO

H. F. KOELLING.

-DEALER IN-

MILK. PURE

MILK! DELIVERED MORNING AND EVENING.

"He was walking along quietly Fresh Milk can be had at my residence in the Village at ary time of the dry. ALL UKDERS LAOMPTLY FILLED.

A. F. K); ling. Barrington

HENRY BUTZOW.

# BAKERY

CON-ECTIONERY. Fruits, 6 gars, Tobacco, Etc

Lee Cream and Oyster Parlors 11 Connection.

H. BUTZOW.

Barrington, Ill.

# CHARLES DILL.

First-Class Work Guaranteed

A nice line of CIGARS and TOBACCOS always on hand. Agency for

Give us a call.

Charles Dill, - - Barrington. III.

MILES T. LAMEY. Notary Public and

Fire Insurance Agent,

Collections Given Prompt Attention

BARRINGTON. ILL.



Write to T. S. QUINCEY, Drawer 156, Chicago, Secretary of the Star Accident Company, for information regarding Accident Insurance. Mention this paper. By so doing you can save Has paid over \$600,000.00 for

accidental injuries.

Be your own Agent. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED.



Sold by T. V. Slocum, Agt. Wauconda, Ills.

We desire to call your attention to our very complete stock of general merchandise As we watch the markets closely, and buy in large quantities at lowest cash rates, we can give our patrons the best possible value for their money.

# CARPETS.

In this department we are making preparations for the immense stock which we have purchased and which we are now receiving daily. It is our intention to carry a stock so that we can give you the carpet the same time you select it, while at other places you must wait until they can get it from the city. All carpets bought of us will be laid without charge by an experienced carpet layer.

In LACE and CHENILLE CURTAINS we can also show you the newest patterns at very low prices. Shades made to order to fit any window

# DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

We have secured some bargains in this line, and can sell Dress Goods cheaper than ever offered before. We have some handsome Novelty Dress Goods, also new Wash Goods, Linens, Muslins and Laces, Underwear and Hosiery, Carpets Oilcloths, and Lace Curtains. We also have a full line of Notions.

# Groceries.

This department embraces all kinds of Canned Goods, Laundry, and Toilet Soaps, Coffees, Teas, Evaporated Fruits, Spices, Extracts, Sugars, Syrups, and everything usually kept for sale in a well-stocked Grocery, and which we sell on a close margin of profit. Produce taken in Exchange.

# CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

We carry a full line of Cigars. There are no better cigars for the money than our leading LaGarciosa 5-cent Cigar, and there are many 10-cent cigars that are not so good. We have all the popular brands of Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

# BOOTS and SHOES.

We purchased a large stock while prices were low, and we beleive lower than they will ever be again, and we can give you some real bargains in this line.

As our expenses are much less than city stores, and we only ask a moderate profit on our goods, we can and do sell for less than city prices, and we hope by fair, square business methods to merit your patronage.

# Barrington Acview.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub

BARRINGTON, - - - ILLINOIS.

California claret is at last proven to be a good fire-extinguisher. How about California brandy?

Henry Labouchere has always been a warm admirer of this country. And his keen delight in lampooning our Crokers may be taken as another evidence of his friendship.

The men accused of murdering Scott, the Treasurer of Holt County, Nebraska, have been acquitted. Nothing else was expected. Among savages the taking of human life is regarded lightly.

The marriage under the trees at Ridge Lawn, Bay Ridge, L. I., of Miss Bertha C. Perry and Pierre Lorillard Ronalds, Jr., attracted much attention from its apparent newness. Many years ago, in Central Park, Henry Ward Beecher united a couple underthe trees, and at another time, in the same place, a Swedenborgian or New Church wedding made the parties happy.

Have women a sense of humor? During the meetings of the American and British temperance women in London our friend Lady Henry Somerset, who was to have presided on one occasion, was absent, owing to illness produced by overwork. Mrs. Ormiston Chant, in taking her place, said: "Dear Lady Henry has been overworked, and we must, of course, be careful not to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs."

A New York exchange remarks the advancement of the new woman. One of its reporters testifies that he saw a specimen of the genus new woman descend from an elevated railway depot and pause at the curbstone. She there seized her nose between the thumb and forefinger, in one time and two motions, and blew taps with a resonance that would have made the performer the envy of the Bowery. From this it is manifest that the new woman is under strict surveillance in New York.

Mrs. Leland Stanford will dispose of her collection of jewels, valued at over \$500,000. Among the jewels is the famous Empress Eugenie diamond necklace, for which Mrs. Stanford paid a fabulous price. Mrs. Stanford's action is her desire to make the Stanford university a success. The litigation with the government over the Stanford estate has tied up the income, and funds are badly needed to maintain the university. In order to raise the necessary money Mrs. Stanford will sacrifice her jewels.

Bridgehamption, L. I., is not to be envied. A meeting held to erect a monument to the soldiers and sailors of the town broke up without effecting the object. There were some present who opposed including the seldiers and sailors of the Revolution, but in favor of honoring those of the Mexican and the late war between the states. The Tory feeling is not creditable to any American. But it has survived in some quarters the hundred years and more of American freedom. Among our fashionables there are descendants of Tories who still ape everything English, you

Since Bishop Fallows' success in changing saloons into temperance resorts in Chicago an enterprise somewhat similar has been undertaken in Buffalo. The famous "Gold Dollar Saloon," with its gorgeous fitting, its bar inlaid with \$50 gold pieces and its floor studded with \$20 gold coins, has now been transformed into a home for temperance advocates, and is owned by a stock company of ministers and business men. The former proprietor of the establishment has also been retained, at his own desire, and now dispenses harmless beverages instead of ruinous liquors. Twelve hundred incandescent lamps illuminate the interior, and its walls are hung with works of art.

In the address at the commencement exercises of the New York Trade school ex-Mayor Hewitt said: "If you ask whether it is right of the workmen to associate together for the general welfare, and to increase the rate of labor. then I say yes. It is not only their right but their duty. But it is when the trades-union steps between the pale of the law, and assumes the right to compel of prevent labor, that it violates the fundamental principle of human liberty and Christianity. So also has the employer the right to combine with others, but when he oversteps the law then he has violated the principles upon which the constitution rests. But I seen the dawn of harmony between the employer and the employe. When that time comes questions will be discussed and considered by honest men. The workman will not be deprived of his individual liberty. These late disturbances are among the last, and the time is at hand when there will be absolute equality to every man who breathes beneath the flag of the union.

# HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers-The Accident Record.

The Manhattan rolling mill at New York announces an advance of 10 per cent in the wages of the men in its employ.

The New York republican state central committee has called the state

convention for Sept. 17 at Saratoga. The coroner's inquest in the case of Lillian Low, who was found dead in the woods near Washington Heights, resulted in a verdict of suicide.

It is estimated that the total number of tailors on strike in New York, Brooklyn and Newark is 16,500. Forty contractors are reported to have accepted the operatives' terms.

The Nicaragua canal commissioners met for the first time since their return from Colon. The commissioners are at work on their report, which will be submitted at Washington on or before

The rod mill strike at Cleveland was settled by the agreement of the mill owners to an advance of 5 per cent.

The coal heavers on the fuel docks at Cleveland struck for higher wages. A settlement was at once made granting an increase of 1 cent per ton.

The Reading Iron company increased the wages of its puddlers to \$3 a ton, an advance of 25 cents. The 275 employes of the company's rolling mill also received a 10 per cent advance.

The Sullivan county, Indiana, operators who agreed to give their miners work at 60 cents, have reduced the price to 51 cents and the men are out. All sides expect a general strike in the several states.

A call has been issued for a convention of all the puddlers in the sixth district to be held at Youngstown, Ohio, Aug. 10, to consider a proposition to surrender the charters of their lodges in the amalgamated association and formulate plans for a new organiza-

Isale Gauthier shot to death his sweetheart, Celina Causingy at Montreal,

Quebec. The Roloff expedition, which left Florida early in June, has arrived in Cuba. Sanford Duncan, of Nashville, was elected director-general of the Tenessee Centennial exposition, which will be held in 1896.

D. K. Barrett, who accused himself of the Emanuel church murders, was released from jail at Santa Cruz, Cal., having recovered from his hallucina-

Representatives of the farming and shipbuilding interests met at Philadelphia and adopted resolutions in favor of protective tariff laws suited to their necessities.

H. W. Langenour, a member of the California legislature who disappeared from Woodland, Cal., after drawing \$10,000 from a local bank, is said to have left for Chicago.

Antonio Bennet, collector of customs at San Quentin, Cal., was shot in the head and killed by Juan Borrozo at Rosario. Policarpo and Espinezas, justices of the peace, retaliated by killing

Walter Austin and Willie Gould were drowned on one of the principal streets of Fort Scott, Kas., during the flood. Heavy rains have caused all streams in that section to overflow, and heavy loss of property is reported.

Alonzo Beard, of Chicago, representing a number of Chicago and New York capitalists, will hold a conference with the Delavan heirs in Albany, N. Y., relative to the proposed scheme of erecting a large modern hotel, superior to any now existing between New York and Chicago, on the site of the Delavan house, recently burned.

The Kansas City delegation of business men arrived at Nashua, N. H., from Lowell.

A competitive examination to select a candidate from the Tenth Indiana disa candidate from the tenth Indiana district for appointment as cadet to West Point was held at Logansport.

The eastern heirs of Mrs. Eliza C. Cook, who died at Oakland, Cal., last June, leaving an estate valued at \$50,-000, are endeavoring to gain control of the property.

Samuel May, deputy United States marshal at Coeburn, Va., shot and killed Mr. Nash. The jail at Wise Courthouse is being guarded to prevent the lynching of May.

A suit for \$500,000 is to be brought against San Francisco and the Spring Valley Water company by owners of property destroyed during the great fire south of Market street four months ago. The inadequacy of the water supply, inconvenient location of hydrants and smallness of mains is the basis of the suit.

Judge John Dean Caton, one of the oldest settlers in Chicago, died at his home in that city Tuesday.

A deadly race war has broken out at Birmingham, Ala. Three white men and seven negroes have been killed and the trouble is not yet over. A dispute between white and colored miners was

Joe Reeder, a night watchman employed at Cincinnati, has told the police authorities of that city a startling story of wholesale murders committed at a hotel at Rantoul, Ill. The story is not believed, but an investigation will

H. H. Edwards, a photographer, of Los Angeles, Cal., poisoned himself, his wife, and two children in a hotel at San Francisco. He was out of work and

The Roloff expedition, organized in New York, has landed safely in Cuba. The expedition consists of at least 2,000 men, all thoroughly armed.

### CASUALTIES.

Clyde Rants, aged 16, of Portland, Ind., was seized with cramps while swimming and drowned.

Adolph Kniepkamp, aged 32, residing at Belleville, Ill., was drowned while bathing in the Okaw river.

Henry Roak, a prominent Seneca business man, and owner of Roak's hall, was drowned in the Illinois and Michigan canal.

Isaac Grimes was gored by an en-

raged bull near Elkhart, Ind. The injuries will result in his death. He is a member of the firm of Grimes & Moran, contractors. Two men named Jaltas and Seik were

run down by a handcar by a Chicago and Northwestern special train between Gurnsey and Deep River, Iowa, and both killed.

John Dunn, a farmer, was struck by a west-bound Pennsylvania railroad train near Logansport, Ind. The body was rolled under the engine, breaking nearly every bone in it.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bogel, aged 62, and Mrs. F. Drake, aged 22, of Brazil, Ind., were driving down a hill when the buggy upset. Mrs. Drake was fatally injured internally, while Mrs. Bogel received a broken arm and several serious

Two pegroes and a white man, names unknown, were killed in a wreck on the Montana Central at Helena. A dozen cars were demolished. A wheel broke on one of the cars, causing the wreck.

Mrs. William Pearce and her son Franklin, were drowned at Ceredo, W.

William Rees of Edinburg, Ill., was killed by a Chicago and Alton train at Chatham, Ill.

Harry Willett was drowned while wimming in the Sangamon river at Springfield, Ill.

Adolph C. Siegel, a bicyclist, collided with another wheelman on National avenue, Milwaukee, and broke his arm.

J. Walters, Waters Blundon and Charles Lynch, 13 years old, and J. Guy Brown, 15 years, were struck by an express train at Hyattsville, Ind., and instantly killed.

M. Curtis made a balloon ascension at Whitefish Bay and fell to the ground, breaking several of his ribs. He will recover.

Stephen A. Losh, a farmer, of Kechi, Kan, was killed in a runaway. He was dragged a mile and a half.

Lawyer Breckons, of Cheyenne, Wyo., prominent in the state, was accidentally shot while hunting.

S. I. Eppstein, a clothier at Decatur, Ill., was killed by a trolley car. Eppstein resided formerly in St. Louis.

Ray Mundhenk was struck by a train on the Panhandle railway bridge at Dayton, O., and instantly killed.

The house of John Hicks at Big Stone Gap, Va., was burned down and four of his children burned to death.

George Wise, a carpenter, fell from the roof of a house at Omar, O., striking on his head and fracturing his skull.

# CRIME.

Edward Connelly of Lorain, O., is under arrest at Alyria charged with assaulting two women.

Dr. Thomas Edgar Rogers, 34, of Waco, Ga., was brought to Atlanta, charged with making counterfeit \$10 null and void. gold pieces.

George Suanka, the St. Louis boy who disappeared suddenly June 13, has not been heard from. It is believed by his parents that he has been stolen.

A prisoner in the Colorado prison at Denver gives away a plot to break out, when it was discovered that all the prisoners were armed with iron bars, knives and pistols.

The only feature of the Durrant case at San Francisco Monday was the defendant's application for a judicial order to prevent the production of a play, 'The Crime of a Century,' based on the

Holmes has given out a statement for publication, in which he says Benjamin Pitzel, for whose murder Holmes is under arrest, committed suicide, and that he attempted to use the body to defraud insurance companies.

A posse of Indiana farmers chased a gang of thieves who had robbed and burned houses. Two of the band were caught and are said to have been lynched.

Simon Adam stabbed George Eguar to death in a quarrel at a dance at Birmingham, Kv.

Henry Bradshaw, a wealthy farmer near Paris, Tex, killed his wife and daughter and himself.

Felix Murray is under arrest at Omaha, Neb., charged with robbing the mails on the Elkhorn road.

Richard Cooley, of Fairview, Ky., attempted to kill his wife while crazed because of a religious revival.

Thomas Sexton, a Mitchell, S. D. farmer, committed suicide by sheoting himself. He was temporarily insane. Charles Burwell, colored, 65 years old, was lynched near Meridian, Miss. It is supposed he was murdered by persons

who had assaulted Lewis Farmer and his wife July 4. Burwell had evidence which would implicate them. John Heard, a prominent citizen of Waller county, Texas, was found dead Hogs..... 4.80 @5.10 by the railroad track at Howeth sta-

tion on the Houston & Texas Central. He had been shot and indications point to a foul murder. Four complete skeletons were discovered in the cellar of Holmes' house at Chicago Saturday. The police claim

to have an almost complete chain of evidence against Holmes and his accomplice, Quinlan. Three masked robbers at Springfield, O., held up a motorman and shot him. Lot Calvert fatally stabbed Joe Kroe-

lich, a barber in Cincinnati, O., because he would not shave him. Witnesses testified in the investigation of Mayor Starkweather of West Superior, Wis., that he received money

from other city officials. Miss Elma Busch, the 19-year-old daughter of E. L. Busch, a wealthy citizen of Kansas City, Kas., committed suicide by drowning.

### FOREIGN.

John C. New of Indianapolis, and formerly consul general for the United States in London, is ill in London with rheumatism.

Cardinal Gibbons is expected to return to Paris from Rheims. He will spend a few days at the St. Sulpice seminary before returning to the United

The directors of the Russian petroleum companies at St. Petersburg say they have not arrived at an agreement with the American petroleum syndicate to partition the petroleum market.

Dr. E. C. Thompson, the defeated Unionist candidate for Middle Tyrone, announces that he will petition against the return of Mr. Munnaghan to parliament on the ground that the latter is a naturalized American citizen.

Andrew Boyd, at Montreal, has confessed that he conspired with firebugs to destroy his business building to get the insurance.

Lord Aberdeen, Canada's governorgeneral, arrived at Winnipeg. It is known the Dominion has made another proposition for a compromise on the Catholic school question.

A report from Havana, Cuba, says the Spanish troops are surrounded by insurgents and in a position of great

The survey of the land to be turned over to Mexico by Guatemala has been finished. It is to be settled, it is said, by European immigrants.

The Valkyrie III. will be navigated by Capt. Harrison of the Allan liner Corean, who was granted special leave

for that purpose. Three Americans have been appointed Chevaliers of the Legicn of Honor-Messrs. Bartlett, the sculptor; Stewart, the artist; and Odet, director of the

Sulphides Society at Lyons. A train loaded with Japanese troops returning from China left the rails and plunged into the sea. Fourteen soldiers

were killed. Five thousand deaths have occurred in Japan from the cholera epidemic. It

### is still raging with unabated violence. MISCELLANEOUS.

Forest fires are raging northwest of Gladstone, Mich. It is feared farms may be invaded.

A reception was given the visiting business men of Kansas City in the City Hall at Lowell. Mass.

The Standard Oil company has bought 2,000 acres of land in Ohio to develop for oil fields.

P. F. Rothermal, the artist, is. not dead as reported erroneously Sunday night. He is in a critical condition in his home near Norristown, Pa.

Thomas Carroll of Bridgeport, Conn., has gone to Cuba under contract with the insurgents to furnish a large supply of high explosive which he has the secret formula for making.

The debate between Messrs. Harvey and Horr on the silver question came to an end at Chicago Monday.

It is said the Weir Plow company of Monmouth, Ill., employing 500 men, has decided to locate its plant in East Moline, Ill.

The Supreme Court of Oklahoma has again declared that Probate Judges have no right to grant divorces and that all divorces granted by them are

Elder Hiram Munger, a leading Adventist at Springfield, Mass., in a sermon at the camp grounds prophesied the end of the world would come in

1897. The sixth biennial convention of the Grand Lodge of Theatrical Mechanics' Association is in session at St. Louis. Over forty constitutional amendments

were filed at the opening session. In the Democratic primaries at St. Louis to elect delegates to the State convention August 6 the free silver men carried twenty-seven of the twentyeight wards. In every other county in which conventions were held the gold

men made no contest. The Bellaire, O., Nail Company has voluntarily increased its furnace employes' wages 10 per cent. This makes

the second increase since May 1. Twenty, iron moulders employed at the Racine, Wis., Malleable and Wrought Iron Company have struck for

### an increase in wages. LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO. Cattle-Common to prime.\$1.50 @5.90 Hogs..... 3.00 @5.20 Sheep-Good to choice.... 1.00 @3.60 Wheat-No. 2...... .671/4@ .711/2 Corn-No. 2..... .44%@ .44% Oats...... .22%@ .231/8

Rye...... .49½@ .49¾ Potatoes-New-Per bu.... .45 @ .48 Butter..... .07 @ .17 BUFFALO. Wheat-No. 2 red...... .73 @ .771/2 Corn-No. 2 yellow ..... .50 @ .511/4 Oats-No. 2 white ...... .301/2@ .31 Oats-No. 2 white...... .251/2@ .26 ST. LOUIS.

Cattle ..... 2.00 @5.75 Sheep...... 2.50 @3.50 MILWAUKEE. Wheat-No. 2 spring...... .72 @ .72% Oats-No. 3 white ...... .251/2@ .25% Barley-No. 2...... 47 @ .471/2

KANSAS CITY. Cattle ...... 1.50 @5.60 Hogs...... 4.60 @5.10 Sheep..... 2.40 @3.50 NEW YORK. Wheat-No. 2 red ........ .75 @ .751/2 

TOLEDO.

Corn-No. 2 mixed ...... .46%@ .46%

Oats-No. 2 mixed ...... .23 @ .2314

Thursday, July 26.

as to the Neccessity for the Coinage of Silver.

FOR SILVER OR GOLD?

CHAMPIONS OF BOTH METALS

IN DEBATE.

Ex-Congressman Horr and W. H. Har-

vey Defend their Respective Positions

The seventh session of the Horr-Harvey debate opened this afternoon at the Illinois club promptly at 1 o'clock and both disputants seemed the better after day's rest. Interest was given to the discussion at an early stage by Mr. Harvey calling attention to his opponent's omissions in the matter of failing to produce the books from which he cited. This was to a certain degree an attack on the bona fides of the authorities quoted by Mr. Horr. Mr. Harvey also intimated that a fuller examination of the authorities would guard against mistake, and might in some cases change the bearing of the citations. Mr. Horr concluded that the omission was simply a matter of expediency. He simply wished to avoid the trouble of handing in every document relied on as if he were pleading a court of law. After this slight passage the debate was continued without any noticeable jar. Both champions seemed to aim at more exactions in their quotations, and this, while no doubt increasing the value of the discussion, added in no small degree to its prolixity. Ratios, values, cost and prices were to be found in every sentence, and the man who could carry away anything like an intelligible idea of what he had heard would be fully qualified for the position of civil-service

Saturday July 27.

examiner.

Long tables and an imposing array of figures formed conspicuous features in to-day's session of the Horr-Harvey debate. Both champions, after their day's intermission, appeared in firstclass order when the eighth day's discussion was declared open Saturday afternoon at the Illinois club. Figures were employed to prove or disprove everything that could find a place in the literature of the currency question. Tables of wages and prices were quoted by the foot, only to be hidden by statistics produced by the cubic yard. There were tables telling the numbers of criminals and lunatics in the United States, the number of suicides, the prices of wheat at different periods, the number of business failures, and the purchasing power of the different kinds of money. There was little that was novel in the manner of treating the questions at issue. Many of the old arguments were trotted out to be assailed or defended. Mr. Harvey found it necessary to support the Sauerbeck compilation of prices and values, and he did it in a perfect manner. Mr. Horr took his customary fling at "Coin," and Mr. Harvey's defense of his progeny was about the most interesting part of the discussion.

# Monday. July 20.

The great currency debate came to an end this afternoon. Much of the discussion centered around the debated points of the perplexing question. Mr. Harvey advocated independent action by the United States in the matter of free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. He showed that the commercial condition of Europe would be changed to the benefit of America and that the drain of gold and the trade boycott

were among the impossibilities. All the details of the closing session were happy and pleasant. Resolutions were passed at the close of the debate thanking the Illinois Club, the stenographers, and the presiding officers. A vote of thanks were also accorded the

# ELECTIONS CAUSE RIOTS.

Police Called on to Quell Turbulent Frenchmen.

Paris, July 30.-The elections of members of the councils general have resulted in the republicans gaining threequarters of the seats. There were several election fights at various places in the provinces. At Roubaix, in the department of the north, there was a collision between the republicans and the collectivists and the gendarmes had to charge repeatedly before the disturbances were quelled. A number of persons were injured and a few arrests were made. Serious riots accompanied by bloodshed are reported to have occurred at Branbantine near Marseilles. The troops have been dispatched to the scene of the rioting.

# Alibi for the Taylors.

Carrollton, Mo., July 30 .- Dr. Craig of North Salem, Linn county, was the first witness for the defense in the Ttylor murder trial yesterday. He was relied upon to impeach John Harris, a witness for the prosecution. Albert Taylor, a brother of George and "Bill" swore that George Taylor went to Browning about 1 or 2 o'clock on the afternoon of May 10, 1894. He next saw his brothers at his home after the murder. They were on horseback, but they soon after disappeared in the woods. Albert saw no blood on the wagon in which George drove to Browning. Mrs. David Gibson, George's mother-in-law, was at her daughter's house the night of May 10, and said George was there all night.

After Stolen Money.

Sacramento, July 30 .- John Brady, the train robber, will go to Marysville with two detectives to endeavor to show them where Browning, his companion, buried \$53,000 which they stole from the Wells-Fargo Express company a few months ago. Brady says he does not believe the money will ever be found, as he has but a faint recollection of where it was buried and Browning was killed while trying to commit another train robbery.

Minor Events Condensed for Our Read Telegraphic Brevities All Sections-Political, Religlous, Social and Criminal Record.

John Olson, a carpenter of Chicago, was arrested charged with attempting to murder his family.

Sheriff Wiesemann, of Hancock county, has purchased a couple of blood hounds to track thieves.

Savoy-George Barnhart, a young son of Chauncey Barnhart, a farmer living near here, was kicked to death by a

The annual Sunday school convention of Vandalia presbytery of the Cumberland Presbyterian church met today at

Bills will be introduced in the legis-

lature for laws for the taxation of the gross receipts of every corporation in the state. The bodies of Dr. Hogan and Rev.

Father Hogan, of Elgin, who were drowned at Lake Geneva, have been recovered. The committee of inquiry into the affairs of the United States Cordage Com-

pany has issued a circular to the secur-Champaign is stirred up over telephone rates. A new company is to be started and the citizens are hopeful of

lower rent. The Santa Fe officials have been taking a run over the J. S. & E. They contemplate making that road a part of

their system. Sycamore-Prof. Edwin H. Edwards of Rockford and Miss Mary Lloyd were married here at the bride's home by the

Rev. George Rexford. The President has issued an order extending the classified civil service to 125 offices heretofore excepted in the United

States geological survey. The new Supreme Court of Honor, organized by the seceders from the Home Forum, met at Springfield, thirty-six

local courts being represented. In attempting to mount his blcycle from the railing of a bridge the Rev. Hinds, of Pearl City, lost his balance and fell a distance of twelve feet, in-

juring himself seriously. Shelbyville H. J. Hamlin, republican, and John W. Fantis, democrat, both of this city, are avowed candidates for congress in the 18th district. Hamlin is for "sound money," while Yantis favors the free coinage of silver. The latter is now secretary of the railroad and warehouse commission.

The mystery surrounding the murder of Lewis McAfee was solved at Lincoln. A tramp caught in a cornfield Monday evening and forced to surrender at the point of a shotgun has weakened and Compounded." admits being in the vicinity of the mur- | Spring Valley-The miners of Nos. 2 der Sunday morning and having escaped through the fields.

Champaign.-It is understood that John R. Linson, the man under suspicion for the murder of Ida Gashard at Indianapolis last Saturday morning, was in this city and Urbana the same day and left for Indianapolis Saturday evening. Very little, if anything, is known of him here, though he had quite a number of acquaintances in both

It is intimated that Attorney General Moloney is getting ready for some further harassing move in fregard to Chicago Gas. This was held to be responsible for the selling of the Fidelity certificates, the market opening at 561/2, advancing to 56%, breaking to 53%, and closing at 51%, against 56% Wednesday. A director of the company was quoted as saying that no plan of reorganization has yet been decided on so far as he knew, and he did not think anything would be done in this direction forth-

Galva.-A double wedding occurred here the other morning-that of W. L. Wiley and Miss Kate Carey and his daughter, Miss Jennie Wiley, and Alfred Hare, recently of Belleville, Mich. Mr. Wiley was one of the founders of Galva. He is an ex-member of the state board of equalization and has always taken a prominent part in municipal, church, and educational affairs and at present is the president of the board of education. The cereamony was performed by the Rev. A. J. Young of Barry, Ill., formerly pastor of the Baptist church of this place.

Danville.-Farmers in the neighborhood of Georgetown, this county, are much excited over a new and strange disease that attacked the four horses of William Richards. The horses' legs gave way and they were unable to Two died within a few State Veterinary Surgeon Trumblower came from Springfield and ordered the two horses shot and the barn burned. He pronounced the disease to be similar to spinal meningetis and contagious. The damage to Mr. Richards, which the state will have to pay, was assessed at \$275.

The bill introduced by Representative McCarthy to tax baseball games makes the following provisions: There shall be paid into the state treasury a tax of 2 per cent upon the gross receipts of all games of ball, commonly called baseball, played within an inclosure, and to which an admission fee is charged. The owner or owners or person or persons having charge of such inclosed grounds shall make an annual report on Nov. 20 of each year, under oath, of the gross receipts from games of balk commonly called baseball, played therein, to the county treasurer of the county wherein said grounds are located, and shall pay to said county treasurer 2 per cent of the gross receipts so reported. Such county treasurer shall immediately remit the amount received to the state treasurer. No game of ball, commonly called baseball, to which an admission fee is charged, shall be played in ch inclosure on Sunday.

Mrs. Robert Allanson was fatally hurt BLAMES CATTLE MEN. near Elgin by a fractious horse,

North Plato-The postmaster at this place resigned and the office has been INDIAN TROUBLES A PLOT TO discontinued.

David Fulcher died at Sycamore from STEAL LAND.

injuries received when he was struck by a train last Friday

The Claim Street Baptist church of Aurora has extended a call to Rev. Mr. Heiner, of Downer's Grove.

Springfield-John R. Tanner, chairman of the Republican state central committee, has decided to call a meeting of that committee in Springfield July 30. The call reads as follows: The members of the Republican state central committee are hereby called to meet at the Leland Hotel, Springfield, Ill., at 10 o'clock a. m. July 30, 1895, to consider the conditions which obtain by reason of the death of Hon. Fred Remann, congressman from the 18th district. The committee will also take appropriate action on other matters of moment which will be brought to its attention.

Decatur.-Four thousand people were present at the national prohibition camp meeting at Oakland park. After a parade with 400 children in line a musical program was given. President Alfred F. Smith of the association made the opening address. Contestants and subjects in the oratorical contest were: Claude D. Hall of DePauw university, "The New Slavery and the Prohibition Party;" William D. Atkinson of Illinois university, "The Liquor Traffic the Greatest Foe to Civilization;" J. T. Allsup of Eureka college, "The Economics of Prohibition;" Albert R. Jones of Northwestern university, "The Saloon a Hindrance to National Prosperity." The judges marked Hall and Allsup just the same and they divided the prize. M. L. Daggy of De Pauw university delivered a lecture on "The Politics of the Sermon on the Mount." Forty families are in tents on the grounds.

Peoria-Nearly 300 delegates attended the second day's session of the sixteenth annual convention of the Illinois Pharmaceutical association which convened here Wednesday. Two business sessions were held and in the evening a large number of the delegates and their friends enjoyed a banquet at the convention hall. The business of the day included hearing reports from different committees. R. C. Hattenhauer of La Salle reported for the committee on legislation, Professor C. S. Hallberg of Chicago for the committee on the United States pharmacopoeia, Emil Thiele for Chicago for the committee on trade interests. At the afternoon session J. E. Huber of Peoria reported for the committee on adulterations, Frank L. Fleury of Springfield for the committee. on deceased members, W. P. Boyd of Arcola for the committee on board of pharmacy records. A report was also had from the state board of pharmacy and Professor C. S. Hallberg of Chicago read a paper on "Tablets, How They are

and 4 mines of the Spring Valley Coal company went on a strike today and decided to remain out until a committee they appointed to act with the city sealer of weighs and measures called them together in mass meeting. The inspector claimed to have tested the scales and found them inaccurate, giving the advantage of from one to four hundred pounds of coal in a ton to the company. The miners refused to go to work until the committee of six assures them they will receive 2,000 pounds weight for each ton they mine. The men on strike number about 500. This afternoon the suits growing out of the arrests of Superintendent J. B. Stone and the three check weighmen for having coal weighed on scales condemned by the city inspector were dismissed by Justice McLaughlin on the grounds that the late legislature passed a faw which gave exclusive jurisdiction to the state inspector of the district in the matter of inspecting the scales of all coal companies, and that the inspection and arrests made by City Inspector Frackey were in conflict with this law, and therefore void. The city gave notice of appeal from this decision. The strike will no doubt be called off on account of the justice's ruling.

Taylorville.-Alfred Entrekin, a farmer living near Morrisonville, in this county, came into town at 4 o'clock the other morning and gave himself up to the sheriff, stating that he had shot and killed Dr. Reasoner the night before. Information in regard to the shooting had reached here before and Entrekin was locked up. He did not appear to regret the shooting and declared that the physician deserved death. The shooting of Dr. Reasoner was deliberate assassination, or at least it will so prove. Entrekin had long before made up his mind to kill Reasoner and he awaited him at his home last night for the purpose of shocting him. The doctor had been called away from his home, which is near Morrisonville, and got back about 11 o'clock. He went to his barn to put up his horse and in the lot was confronted by Entrekin, who carried a double-barreled breech-loading shotgun. Without warning Entrekin raised the shotgun and fired at the doctor with both barrels. The shots took effect in the shoulder and side and the doctor fell. The members of his family ran out and the neighbors were summoned. Every one suspected at once that Entrekin was the assailant and a pursuing party was organized. They searched all night and were still out when word was sent from Taylorville that Entrekin bad given himself up. The man who shot Dr. Reasoner had been threatering to do so for a long time. Last fall his wife had a severe attack of typhoid fever and Dr. Reasoner attended her. She became insane as a result of the fever and Entrekin blamed the doctor for her condition. Some one had impressed him with the sidea that the medicine given by the doctor was so strong that it caused insanity and Entrekin had brooded over the matter until his desire for revenge

had become a mania.

Deliberate and Systematic Attempt Being Made to Provoke the Indians to an Uprising-Settlers and Not Indians

are the Cause of the Trouble.

J. A. Southern, of Wardner, Idaho, who is in Kansas City, Mo., speaking of the reports from Jackson's Hole, pronounces them false, and charges that reckless correspondents are responsible for them.

"The truth of the matter is," he said, that the cattle barons with ranges in Wyoming and Idaho are determined to secure the Bannock reservation for pasturage for their cattle. With this object in view they have systematically and deliberately provoked the Indians for the past three years. If they can cause an uprising they will strive to secure the Indians' removal to another district. Perhaps some settlers have been killed, but you will eventually learn that not one murder was done by the Lemhi or Bannock Indians.

"It is a notorious fact among the people of Idaho and Wyoming that the cattle barons of the Teton valley country have caused all the trouble in that section. Their robberies are not entirely confined to stealing land and cattle from Indians. It is invariably the case that when a white man settles in that country under the homestead law, in a few months the news will be sent out that he is a 'rustler,' or cattle thief. The final outcome will be that his neighbors, all in the employ of the large cattle owners, will ride up and fill him full of lead. His claim is again open for settlement, and his small herd of cattle is lost among the countless herds of TROOPS HEMMED IN.

Spanish Soldiers in Great Danger in

Havana, July 30.—It is asserted here that Antonio Maceo, at the head of 6,-000 insurgents, is attacking the town of Jiguani, near Bayamo, in the province of Santiago de Cuba. General LaChambre, with 2,000 troops, has gone to the relief of Jiguani. No further details are obtainable at present.

The guerrilla forces of the Songo district and a detachment of men from a Cuban regiment numbering 100 soldiers have dispersed the insurgents near Songo, province of Santiago de Cuba, the enemy leaving two killed on the field.

Lieutenant Colonel Talavera, in command at Baracoa, hearing that the insurgents had burned the village of Sabana, not far from Baracoa, in order to force the garrison to surrender, left Baracoa on a steamer recently, having on board 300 soldiers, and landed at Mataabay under the protection of the guns of the cruiser Alsedo, which shelled the woods and other spots likely to shelter the insurgents. The troops then started for Sabana and met and dispersed the insurgents, who left eight men killed upon the field. On the side of the troops only four men were wounded. The garrison of Sabana made a heroic defense and was many hours without water. Lieutenant Colonel Talavera, fearing that Baracoa might be attacked, re-embarked his troops, after having destroyed the fort at Sabana.

Antonio Maceo, with 3,000 insurgents, recently attacked the fort at Bayare. The garrison, consisting of forty men, made a gallant resistance until they had fired their last cartridge, after which the soldiers broke their weapons into pieces, so that they should not be fit for use when they fell into the hands of the insurgents. It is rumored that a filibustering expedition has landed at Cartunes:

A detachment of soldiers from the Co-

PORFIELLO

MAP SHOWING WHERE THE UPRISING IS IN PROGRESS.

cattle of the barons. You may think this is a wild story, but it is the history of hundreds of murdered settlers.

"My brother, Clarence L. Southern, was one of the recent victitms. He was killed six weeks ago near Smith's Fork, about twenty-five miles from Fort Bridger. I am now on my way to Crary's Mills., N. Y., to break the news to our mother."

SETTLERS, NOT INDIANS.

Students Give a Different Version of the

Troubles in Wyoming. Baltimore, Md., July 29 .- John A. Garrett of this city, E. R. Othernan of New York, and L. P. Pease of Germantown, Pa., members of the Princeton college geological expedition, that was thought to have been annihilated by the Indians, arrievd here last evening. Mr.

"We left Dubois, Wyo., just two weeks ago for Yellow lake. We crossed a recently traveled Indian trail, evidently made by the band of Lemhis who had gone to join the Bannocks. Later we came across a small party of Shoshones and camped with them one night. They seemed to be in bad humor, but did not tell us that they were on the war-path.. We passed within sight of Jackson's Hole. From what we heard, the Indians had more cause to be afraid of the settlers than the latter had to be afraid of the Indians. The impression prevailed that the white people were very anxious to fight the redskins."

Advance of the Troops.

Market Lake, Idaho, July 30 .- A courier from the United States troops near Canon Creek, Idaho, brings news that the impossibility of settling the present Indian trouble in a day grows more apparent all the time. If the Indians are inclined to be hostile they are located in a position from which all the troops in this department could not dislodge them before next winter. They cannot be starved out by being surrounded, for with them would be enough elk and small game to last them for years.

Nine Men Drowned.

Queenstown, July 30.-The lugger Zenith has been burned off Baltimore, Cork county. The flames broke out shortly before midnight and spread rapidly in spite of the efforts of the crew. Nine men are missing and eighteen others were rescued by the coast guard.

lon regiment has had a skirmish with the insurgents near Gibara, the coast town of Holquin, with which it is connected by rail. The insargents left nine killed and fourteen wounded on the field. The troops captured one prisoner. The expedition has been landed under the command of Roloff and Sarafin San-

LYNCHING IN INDIANA.

Mob of Infuriated Farmers Deals Out Summary Justice.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 30 .- Reports have reached here from Crawford county that the residence of John King, a wealthy farmer, was robbed and then burned to the ground Sunday night, the family narrowly escaping cremation. Friday night the residence of County Commissioner Willis Harvey was plundered. Bloodhounds were sent from Seymour and turned loose and immediately took the trail. A mob of infuriated neighbors followed the hounds for several miles, when two men were caught. It is claimed these two men were lynched. If caught, the rest of the gang will also be lynched.

Suspect a Missing Man.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 30 .- The detectives have taken up several new clews to-day in the Ida Gebhard case and hope for success. Two men who lived in the neighborhood have disappeared since the crime was committed, and the detectives are inclined to believe that one of them is guilty. The father of the murdered child has returned from Michigan where he went to bury the child. He brought with him testimonials as to his character and that of his wife. He was led to do this by the circulation of a report that they had perhaps disposed of the child them-

Band of Outlaws Routed.

Hennessy, O. T., July 30. - Sunday night six men, heavily armed and moun's ed, rode to the store at Parvin and bought ammunition. The vigilantes started in pursuit and were ambushed, the outlaws fatally wounding one named Nickerson: Marshal Johnson's horse was wounded. Later fifty vigilantes came upon the six outlaws where they were preparing to camp. The bandits escaped, leaving seven horses, most of the ammunition, part of their clothing and all their provisions. Some are barefooted and one is badly wounded. One bandit was captured.

OF PITZEL'S DEATH.

Helmes Declares That His Confederate Committed Suicide

The Philadelphia Bulletin prints the

"An entirely new statement has been made by H. H. Holmes, the supposed murderer of the Pitzel children. In it the man of many crimes gives in detail his version of how Pitzel came by his death last September and also states his (Holmes') connection with the trag-

"Holmes says that on the Saturday night preceding the death of Pitzel the latter came to his house on North 11th street, where he was living with 'Mrs. Howard.' Pitzel told Holmes a heartrending story of his pecuniary difficulties and of the sickness of his daughter in St. Louis. 'I must have money,' he said, or words to that effect, 'to send to my wife in St. Louis.'

"Holmes remonstrated with Pitzel as to his spendthrift habits and spoke substantially to him as follows: 'Ben, you have been a good friend of mine. I'll admit I have made lots of money through you, but I cannot keep this thing up. Where is that \$50 I gave you the other day? If you don't quit drinking you and I will have to separate.' Pitzel exclaimed: 'I am of no benefit to any one. I will soon get rid of my difficulties. Life has become a nuisance

"Holmes then avers that he jokingly remarked to Pitzel: 'Well your body is as good as any other, but I would not advise you to do anything rash.'

"Holmes accounts for making this remark by saying that he and Pitzel had under consideration the defrauding of the Fidelity Mutual Insurance company. Holmes says Pitzel then became angry and again vowed that he would commit suicide.

"Holmes then explains that Pitzel left him with the intention of going home. Holmes says he gave Pitzel no money that night, but promised to meet him at the Callowhill street house the following morning.

"It was about 10 o'clock the following day (Sunday), Holmes goes on to say, that he went to visit Pitzel at the Callowhill street house. When he reached the place no one apparently was about. Holmes sat in the kitchen for almost twenty minutes waiting for Pitzel to appear. The latter, Holmes supposed, had gone out for breakfast.

"Time wore on and 'Een' was not to be seen. The conspirator then says that he became anxious about his friend's whereabouts and began to search the house for Pitzel. . 'As I arose to go upstairs,' says the criminal, 'I noticed a note lying on the counter in the front part of the house. It was ad-

dressed to me. "Then Holmes explains that he opened the note. It directed him to go up to the second floor and open a closet, in which he would find a large blue bottle containing another letter addressed to him. Holmes followed the directions. He found the note in the bottle as de-

"It was from Benjamin Pitzel, and advised Holmes that his (Pitzel's) dead body could be found in the house. The letter pleaded that Holmes look after Pitzel's children, and suggested that there would be no difficulty in gatting the insurance money from the /Tidelity company now that the dead body

of Pitzel could be produced in evidence.

"Holmes then told his friend of the appearance of the corpse, and said that he sat in the room with the body for over an hour. He was dazed and hardly knew what course to pursue. He finally made up his mind that since Pitzel had taken his life there would be no harm in destroying any evidence of suicide, so that he might be able to get the insurance on Pitzel's life without any

SEVEN WERE KILLED.

Bolt of Lightning at Three States

Causes the Death of Seven Persons. Cairo, Ill., July 30 .- Seven persons were killed by lightning at the village of Three States Saturday. The dead are:

M'CLELLAN, GEORGE. M'CLELLAN, MRS. GEORGE. THREE M'CLELLAN CHILDREN.

THOMAS. THOMAS, MRS. -The cyclone passed over the village,

which is situated on the Mississippi River, forty-five miles south of here on the Missouri side. The air was charged with electricity. The lightning struck a shanty boat tied at the bank, killing the owner, George McClellan, and wife and fatally injured their three children, who are since reported to have died. Their home was said to be Kenosha, Wis.

At Barnes' Ridge, three miles west of Three States, the lightning struck a farm-house, killing a man and The wind blew wife named Thomas. down a smokestack of the Three States Milling Company's mill. Fortunately the chimney fell lengthwise with the building, doing no damage. About thirty persons who sought safety in the mill were badly frightened. They escaped without injury, but had their nerves badly shaken. The cyclone literally cut a swath through the woods; about 100 yards wide, uprooting trees and in some instances carrying them considerable distance. The air was filled with flying trees.

Killed During a Storm.

Keokuk, Iowa, July 30.-Lightning yesterday killed Charles Crum and destroyed Charles Vanarnurus' barn with sixty tons of hay and two mules. A heavy rain prevailed here all day.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 30.—Consider-able damage was done in and about the city by a violent wind and rain storm about 3 o'clock last night. A number of small buildings were unroofed and trees blown down in all parts of the town. In the business part of the town the water was a foot deep in the streets and many basements

A HAND-SHAPED ORANGE.

Belongs to the Osage Variety-Even the Finger Nails Are There.

The five-fingered orange is a queer thing, says Pearson's Weekly. It grows in exactly the shape of a human hand, with a thumb and four fingers. It is a half-open hand, that of this curious fruit, and the close resemblance to the lean, long-nailed hand is startling. Even the nails are identical, hard pointed and clawlike, tipping the orange fingers with a length equal in some cases to three inches.

It is no interloper in a well-regulated family of oranges, but a regular member, belonging to the osage variety. It has a family name and Christian name of its own, but its pet name is "five-fingered orange," and nobody but the

botanist cares to call it by the one, which means the same thing.

The tree itself is a ragged little shrub that does not average more than five or six feet in height in its native Japan. It does not grow straight as a properly behaved tree is supposed to do, but is curved exerywhere. It would be very difficult to find two consecutive inches in the entire tree whose line of direction is the same.

Even the branches grow in spiral forms, so that the width of the tree is often as great as the height. The fruit itself is of a light-yellow color, a pure lemon hue, growing greenish toward the stem. The size is immense, considered relatively to other oranges or to the size of the tree, the largest ones measuring when mature fully ten inches from the wrist to the point of the middle finger, including the nail.

The fruit is not edible-none of the osage variety is-but what it lacks in being unable to tickle the palate it more than makes up in good perfume. The strangest thing connected with the porfume is that it is the fruit and not the flower that is most odorous. The fruit when ripe is so redolent that its scent can be recognized a full mile from where the orange is growing.

WHAT IS LUCK?

The Wise Generally Read in the Stars.

There is scarce an intelligent human being who does not recognize the element called "luck" in shaping our destinies. There is a family in Philadelphia that has been rich since 1830 and the third generation is now basking in luxuries won for them by a "fluke" as pro nounced as winning in the lottery. There was a firm there of three partners do ing a large western business; two of them were excellent business men. he other a mere dead weight, and his partners resolved to get rid of him. So they dissolved the firm, and, taking the cash and bills receivable, made him take his share in 100 acres of land in partnership, went on getting richer and richer, while the other partner was making a poor living trucking on his city land. Then times changed. Lots in Cincinnati began to sell; the rich partners failed and died poor, while their victim grew into a millionaire. No forethought or sagacity could have under the circumstances brought about such a result. Mathematicians have for a century striven to make a law governing chances, but such illustrations as the following beat them: The writer was once present at the following trial: A gentleman picked up a lottery list containing the winning numbers, some 3,600 out of 100,000. He invited two others to put up \$10 each, write a number, and if it came on the list it would take the \$30. One man wrote these three successive combinations-227, 7,261, and 18,418. Each of these groups were found on the list, so he won \$90. He put it all into \$1 tickets and drew all blanks. Certainly no human prescience nor sagacity could order these things or change them.

Rare Georg a Joke who is a well-known clerk, an amateur tonsorial artist and a practical joker as man from the country down upon his shaven head by one of his pranks. Last Saturday, says the Constitution, this which he is clerking and asked him to clip his hair for him. Having a new pair of clippers, the clerk readily assented and soon had the mate of his rural friend almost as cleam and sleek occurred to the young artist, however. while cutting the locks of his friend, to leave a space on the top of his head round and about the size of a quarter. Unaware of this fact, the young man whose hair had been cut some hours later pulled off his hat to show his wife how well his hair had been cut, when to his chagrin and amazement she dis- the change. covered the "scalp lock" which had been left. Livid with rage, the young farmer sought the young gentleman who had played the joke upon him, and hot words passed between them, but friends prevented a fight. And now the young man from the country swears vengeance against his former friend. When they do meet there is likely to be trouble, as each has blood in his eye.

Statistics have been accumulated which reveal the fact that in respect to color blindness there is a remarkable difference between the two sexes. About 31/2 per cent of men are color blind to a marked extent, while not more than four-tenths of 1 per cent of women are thus affected. This difference in color perception will strike most bushands who have been sent by their wives to match ribbons as understated, if . . . ing.

SHE ARRIVED ON TIME.

Crossed a River on One Stringer and Rode Staty Miles.

Mrs. Minnie Hickox, who has just entered upon the discharge of her duties as teacher of the public schools of Cooke City, left Livingston to open the Cooke school on Thursday morning a week ago. Upon arriving at Cinnabar, the terminus of the raffroad, she found that the stage would not leave that day on account of the washing out of the bridge across Gardiner river. The stream was so swollen that the stage driver dared not undertake to make a ford, says the Anaconda Standard. This was a dilemma not counted on by the plucky school teacher. She had given her word that she would be in Coule on Monday and she determined to make it good even if she had to continue her journey on foot and swim the streams. There was no time to be lost, and so she started out. All there was left of the Gardiner bridge was a single stringer. Nothing daunted, the lady stepped boldly on to this and walked across the raging river. It was a perilous undertaking even for a man and a woman less brave and cool-headed than Mrs. Hickox would have been very likely to have become dizzy and lost her balance. Mrs. Hickox, however, proved herself equal to the emergency and reached the opposite bank of the roaring mountain torrent in safety. As luck would have it, she found a family en route to Cooke encamped close by, and, securing a horse, mounted it and continued her journey. It was a pretty long ride for a woman who had never ridden a horse -the distance being sixty miles over a rough mountain road-but Mrs. Hickox kept on her weary way until she reached her destination. Upon arriving at Cooke she was so badly used up with her long ride that when she got off her horse she had to be assisted to the hotel. She had the satisfaction, however, that she had kept her appoint-

VASSAR GIRLS.

What Becomes of the Gr duates of That Institution?

"Do Vassar girls marry?" has been asked, and an authority of that college has answered: "A large proportion of the girls marry. Many of them become teachers, others take advanced courses of study in American and foreign universities, and a number of girls are interested in history, economics, sociology and systematic philanthropy. A college educated girl is not a 'faddist.' She does not take up one idea to the exclusion of all others. That is one benefit of her education. One young woman who left college went to her own home in a small western town. There were 9,000 inhabitants and they were spending \$8,000 a year for their charithe northern part of the town site of ties. She was very much interested in Cincinnati. He kicked, but was bullied sociology and was asked to prepare a into compliance. So they made a new paper up on the system of associated youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly charities. Her ideas were so practical that they commended themselves to those who heard her and a movement was immediately made to reorganize affairs. College girls seem to be interested in everything and to become leaders in everything but gay society. They do that sometimes, but seldom. Miss Hinman Abel, under whose supervision the New England kitchen was organized, is a Vassar woman. Another thing she has done is the reform of the dietary in an insane hospital. There are 2,300 patients and caretakers. She has taken the whole charge of that part of the hospital's management. Mrs. Ellen Richards, whose work in dietetic chemistry and the practical chemistry of all housekeeping is well known, and who is a professor in the Massachusetts Technol institute, is also a Vassar grad-

The Heat of the Desert.

The great Sahara desert of Africa is regarded as the hottest region in the world. The vast plain which exten-2,000 miles from east to west, and i, " from north to south, has a temperature of 150 degrees Fahrenheit in the hottest At Madison, Georgia, a young man days of summer. This is about the temperature of the hot room in the Turkish bath. It is said that the carawell, has brought the wrath of a young vans, which usually consist of from 500 to 2,000 camels, with their assistants, experience great suffering through the intense heat and the deprivation of wafriend of his walked into the store in ter, as the distance between wells very often exceeds ten days. There are numerous instances on record where whole tribes have perished from thirst, as the wells and springs to which they had journeyed had been dried up by as a peeled onion. The happy-thought the heat. It would be impossible for any one but the acclimatized Moors, Berbers and Arabs to live, even for a day, in the heart of the rainless Sahara, In spite of the fact that the days are extremely hot, the nights are nearly always uncomfortably cold, and the travelers are obliged to burden themselves with blankets in order to endure

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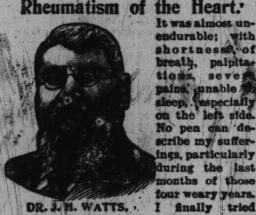
Bick at druggists, or mailed free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph street; New York, lu Spruce sweet.

A report to the English parliament shows that from 1877 to 1893, inclusive, 353 English convicts were sentenced to be flogged under laws which allow this punishment to be inflicted in certain gross cases of assault. In England the 'cat-o'-nine-tails" is only used on criminals who commit "robbery with violence," and it is said that the crime has increased instead of diminished under the supposed "reformatory" effect

### YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to him-self and fellow-practitioners; believes that

heart disease is curable. He writes:
"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was



It was almost un endurable; with shortness of pains, unable as sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can de-scribe my sufferings, particularly during the last

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured. me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health. I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy.
Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS. Hursboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit-All druggists sell it at \$1.6 bottles for \$5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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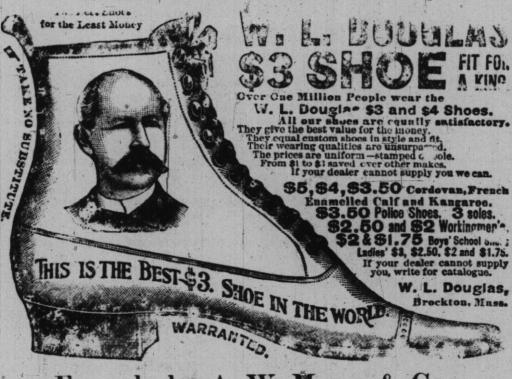
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