Church Directory.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH-Catholic -- Services every other Sunday at 9 a. m .- REV. FATHER J. F. CLANCEY, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 o'clock.-REV. E. RAHN, pas-

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH-Services Sunday morning 10:30 a. m. Sabhath School 12 m. Evening service 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7:30 p. m. -REV. R. BAI EV, pastor.

THE EVANGELISCHE CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service fresh market. 10:30 a. m., Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.-Rev. J. B. ELFRINK, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE SALEM CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service from New York. vice 7:30 p. m. Young Peoples' meeting, Tuesday, 7:30 p. m.; tion at present. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening . 7:30. - KEV. THEODOR SUHR, pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.-Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 11:45 a. m Junior League 3 p. m. Epworth League 6:15 p. m. Bible Study Thursday evening at 7;30. Prayer meeting, Friday, 7:30 p .m.-E. W. WARD, Pastor.

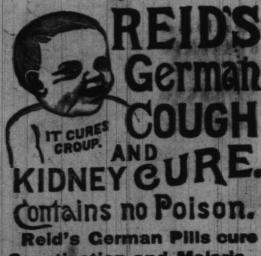
W. H. Nelson, who is in the drug business at Kingville, Mo., nas so turned fron Nebraska. much confidence in Chamberlain's Colie, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he warrants every bottle and offers to refund the money to any customer who is not satisfied after using it. Mr. Nelson takes no risk in doing this because the Remedy is a certain cure for the disease for which it is intended and he knows it. It is for sale by A L. Waller, druggist.

F. D. Haves' CELEBRATED

$\Pi(0)$ (1(0)

A restorative and dressing for the hair, being composed of purely vegetable ingredients; promotes the growth of the hair by supplying to the roots of the same the natural nourishment which it needs and by its steady use prevents and cures baldness; removes dandruff and diseases of the scalp. The Celebrated is not a hair dye, which is always injurious, but restores the natural color of the hair and imparts lustre and beauty. F. D. Hayes, sole manufacturer, 13 River Street, SOLD BY

Wood. Wallace



Constipation and Malaria. Sylvan Cum purifies the breath.

Lake Zurich.

- -Indian Summer.
- -The pastures are looking fine.
- Pleasant moonlight evenings. -Last Tuesday was registration sheriff, sure pop.
- -The political pot is boiling
- -The farmers are busy husking
- Beautiful autumn weather we are having.
- -H. Lohman was a Barrington caller Friday.
- -Al R. Ficke went to Chicago Thursday.
- Geo. lanes, of Elgin, called here recently.
- -A. Cunningham called Chicago, Sunday.
- -Frank C. Clark has returned
- -The roads are in fine condi-
- -Coal dealers are now on top
- of the poor ice man. -If you want pictures of your-
- self call at Ai's studio. -Ed Shurdleff, of Marengo,
- called here last week.
- Chicago visitors Tuesday. -H. Kaufman, of Chicago was
- here on business Friday. -W. Shultz and wife have re-
- H. Prehm is now prepared to serve you as undertaker.
- Louis Ficke called here Monday on his way to Harvard.
- H. Branding and L. Clifford called at Barrington Tuesday.
- -Mrs. Cunningham entertained guests from Indiana last week.
- -Dance on the pavilion Saturday evening Oct. 20.
- -Rices' livery team, ot Arlington Heights, was in town Tuesday.
- -The creamery ships cheese and butter Wednesdays.'
- Have you seen Hobby Dickson the comming champion club swing-
- -Thomas McKinney called over
- frow Waukegan on business Satur-
- -The traveling agent of the U. S. Express Co. was in town Mon-
- -Geo. Prouty and wife have taken a wedding tour to Nebbraska.
- -Please do not bother neighbors for the loan of paper.
- -Take in the grand ball Saturday evening and have a good D ndee, called on friends here time.
- -F. Kukuk will build a large barn for Mrs. Slocum at Slocums'
- H Swerman and E. Branding
- -Our sole pounder took several days off this week on pleasure and visiting her sister, Mrs. Warner, stove. If so, call at the News business combined.

-Miss Annie Meyer has returned from Chicago, where she has been visiting relatives.

- -Cut this out and paist it in
- -Louis Laurson and wife, of Plum Grove, were guests of W. Eichman and family Sunday.
- -Prehm and Brending now have a large Mastiff to watch their place of business during sleeping hours.
- -The roof of the building at the days. exchange corners has been treated to a coat of that celebrated roof
- -- Wm. Ahlers accompanied by several others friends, of Glen -For meats call at Schultze's Ellyn, spent several days at this place hunting.
 - -Fred Holland and Henry Rienka started for the Chicago market Monday evening with several loads of produce.
 - -Now if the farmers would turn out and gravel the roads up a distance from the school house East there would be no harm done .-
 - -Look out for burglars. Brending and Prehm say they were visi ted twice last week. 'The thieves effected an entrance through the cellar.
- -You do not need to wait three or four weeks before you get your photo's when you have them taken -E. A. Ficke and wife were at the Zurich Studio, same as at other studio's.
 - -The Hon. Geo. Foss, Geo. R. Lyon, James Murrie and Geo. Brown, Republican nominees for various offices, were in town Friday.
 - -Reports has been received here from River View that John Heller was recently visited by burglars and releaved of over a hundred dollars in cash money cigars and tobaccos.

Gary.

- -Our cyclers enjoyed a fine ride Sunday.
- -Miss Annie Sims spent Sunday at Hebron.
- -Miss Grace Parkes in entertaining her nephew at present.
- -Fred Totell is visiting Chicago friends this week.
- -Fred Nunshaw, of Chicago, pent Sunday here.
- -Miss Julia Brown visited Nunda friends last week.
- -Mr. and Mrs. J. Tomisky spent Sunday at Ridgfield.
- -Mr. and Mrs. Crabtree and son Guy, are visiting at Elgin.
- -W Burton, of Elgia, spent Sunday with his parents.
- -F. Thomas returned howe from Missouri, Thursday week.
- Dan Werner and whe, Sunday.
- -Mrs. McCarty, of Elgin, spent last week with Miss Mary Lowe of this place.
- -Mr. and Mrs D. N. Thomas, ing made their best girls a call of Algonquin called on friends here Sunday.
 - at Dundee.

- Miss Annie Nish returned home Sunday after spending two weeks with Elgin friends.
- -Mrs. Osmun, of Nunda, was your hat. H. Seip is our next the guest of Mrs. I. N. Powell one day last week.
 - -Misses Dora Dodd and Nellie Ford, of Algonquin, were the guests of M. B. Weaver's Sunday.

Spring Lake.

- -All kinds of weather now-a-
- -Andrew Forn visited Dundee Wednesday,
- -To be in the swim these days you must have a hard cold.
- -Miss Annie Able, of Elgin visited her parents Sunday.
- -Chos. and Fred Willie are husking corn for Andrew Forn.
- -Frank Cady and family took in the sights at Dundee, one day last week.
- -John Kanakie is houling a carload of bran from Algonquin this week.
- -Mr. Joe Able and daughter, attended church at Barrington Sunday.
- -Mrs. J. C. Growf's horse indulged in run-away Sunday down Cady's hill. Fortunantly no damage was done.
- -Spring Lake base ballists are crowing because their apponents failed to show up Sunday. What was the matter boys?
- -Spring Lake was well represented in Barrington last Saturday night, and Mr. Forema he their objective point.
- -W. H. Heath traded horses one day this week. There must be some inducements when a man will come thirty miles to trade horses.
- -S. C. Jaynes seems to be having hard luck with his hired men he having three leave in two weeks. He has succeded in getting a good man now we hope.
- -Two of our neighbors-a man and a womon-had quite a lively time over a dog, Monday. It is said that neither were very choice in use of good language during the melee.

Waukegan.

- -Beautiful fall weather.
- -The carpenters have finished John Lee's house on Broad Street. and returned to Indiana
- -Mrs. W. L, Conner is on the sick list,
- -The Opera House was crowded to its limits Tuesday night at the big Republican Rally. Hon. A. J. Hopkins delivered the ad-
- -The base ball boys are getting ready for indoor games. The first is to take place Thonksgiving eve.
- -There is more building going on than would be expected these hard times. But the facts of the case is that carpenters are warking cheap, material is low in price, and the masons are not charging, fancy prices. Mow is the time to build or repair.
- -Do you want to trade aheat--Miss Phronie Nunshaw is ing stove for a first-class cook office and get a bargain.

WALLACE WOOD TONSORIAL &

Under Bank Bilding.

I Guarantee Good First-class Work in Every Particular and Best Material.

LADIES HAIR-DRESSING a specialty.

Laundry Office in connection.

WHEN IN WANT OF A first-class livery team call on HANSEN & PETERS....

First-class conveyances always on hand. Horses boarded by day or week. BARRINGTON, ILL

C. B. OTIS. DENTAL # PARLORS

First-class Work Guaranteed At Reasonable Rates....

BARRINGTON, ILL.

- I have at all times a Fine Line of Millinery, Wedding and Mourning
- Goods. Also a Nice Assortment of Ribbons, Trimmings, Flowers, etc.
- HATS PRESSED, CLEANED AND DYED TO ORDER. My prices are as low as the lowest. Call and judge for yourself.
- Miss Dina Bauman. BARRINGTON, ILL.

CHEMICALS, FINE TOILET SOAPS

BRUSHES, COMBS, ETC. Perfumery and Fancy ! oilet rticles in a great variety. Cigars and Tobacco.

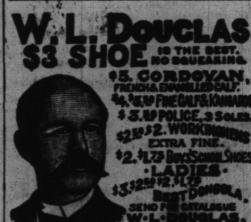
PURE BRANDY, WINES and LIQUORS for Medicinal Purposes.
Physicians' Prescriptions Accurately Compounds.

For Fall Advertise

in the

Barrington

News



THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

A MOB broke into the jail at Irvine, Ky., and lynched Alexander Richardrested for murder and attempted as-

THE South Carolina supreme court handed down an opinion upholding the constitutionality of the Tillman dis-

THE National Horseshoers, association convened at Boston.

In his annual report Gov. Hughes protests against the return of Geronimo to Arizona and the proposed withdrawal of troops. During the past year the gold output was \$2,050,250; silver, \$1,700,300, and copper, 42,376,500

THE engineer and two of the crew of a runaway train near Asherville, N. C., were killed

THE fire losses in the United States for the week ended on the 6th aggregated \$1,288,000, of which those entailing a loss of \$10,000 or more made up \$958,000 and the smaller fires \$330,000.

Four persons were killed in a wreck on the Rock Island road near Harvard, bribe, shot himself fatally.

THE acting attorney general has rendered an opinion that the word "wool" in the tariff act refers to the hair of making the last one in 2:03%. sheep only.

the Hennepin canal have been confirmed by the government and the work will be pushed.

Beziek at Scranton, Pa., because she large bo would not marry him. The girl ar sailors. rived from Germany only a day or two before.

THROUGH its minister the Chilian government has paid into the state department at Washington \$245,564.35, in satisfaction of war claims.

Four miners were hemmed in by flames in a colliery at Shamokin Pa The carpenter whose carelessness

caused the fire was suffocated A HURRICANE struck Pensacola, Fla., wrecking many buildings and forcing a suspension of business. Several ves-

sels were wrecked. GEORGE REAMS, a farmer living near. Charles City, Ia., murdered his wife make collections. with a razor and then cut his own

THE wholesale business in New York of Hilton, Hughes & Co., the old house | can be secured. of A. T. Stewart & Co., is to be closed

BENJAMIN MUSGRAVE, of Terre Haute, Ind., while drunk fatally injured his mother with a hatchet.

THE corner stone was laid of the commercial travelers' home at Binghamton, N. Y.

WILLIAM BICK and Richard Brown were sentenced to two years' imprist ident to protect colored men. onment each at St. Louis for attempting to wreck a Missouri Pacific train

during the recent labor troubles. ALL the cloakmakers in New York, some 12,000 in number, went on strike for a ten-hour day and abroga

tion of piece work. IT was reported that during a heavy wind in New York city two houses were blown down and twelve persons

killed. JAMES CHAMBERS, a democrat, shot and killed William Weaver, a populist, in Early county, Ga., in a quarrel over the election results. Both were promi-

nent farmers. THE National Association of Agricultural Implement manufacturers met in annual convention at the Grand

Pacific hotel in Chicago. GOVERNMENT returns for October show a slight gain in the percentages

of all crops excepting cotton. IT was reported that forty old soldiers had been robbed and murdered at the national military home in Day-

ton, O., in the past few years and only passing notice taken of the crimes. FIRE destroyed the establishments of the Cleveland Foundry company and

the Enterprise Desk and Stamping company in Cleveland, the loss being THE annual meeting of the American

board of foreign missions commenced in the Congregational church at Madi-

TROOP L, the last of the Indian companies, has been disbanded, the government considering them poor sol-

THE twentieth annual convention of the American Banker's association was opened in Baltimore with 300 members present.

Much excitement prevailed at San Pedro, Col., over the loss by drowning of a party of four citizens, including

the postmaster.

An explosion in a mill at Dexter, Mo., killed three men and seriously wounded another. The killed were

brothers named Johnson. THE twenty-fifth annual convention of the North American Beekeepers'

association met at St. Joseph. Mo. TWENTY-FIVE railroad men, including E. V. Debs, were indicted by the

federal grand jury in Milwaukee. THE American Debenture company of Chicago, one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country, went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$1,500,000.

THE eighteenth annual meeting of the American Humane association con-vened at Evansville, Ind.

An unfinished building in New York was blown down by the wind, killing six persons and injuring thirteen

MRS. MILLER, wife of Lon Miller, a wealthy farmer near Liberty, Ill., and her 10-year-old daughter were killed by robbers.

AMES MYSON for the murder of Dudley Carrey and Jackson Hicks for the murder of James Preel were hanged at Union Springs, Ala.

AT an incendiary tenement house son, a white man, who had been ar- fire in Boston two men leaped to death and two others were fatally

hurt. THE Lakeport stage was held up by a lone bandit near Pieta Station, Cal., and the Wells-Fargo express box stolen.

FIVE men were killed, two fatally

hurt and several more seriously burned by a boiler explosion at Shamokin, Pa. CORBETT and Fitzsimmons signed articlee to fight after July 1, 1895, at Jacksonville, Fla., for a purse of \$41,-000 and \$10,000 a side.

THE steamer Hartford went upon the rocks near Woodville, N. Y., and Capt. O'Toole and his crew of six men were lost.

MAJ. GEN. SCHOFIELD, in his annual report to the secretary of war, asks for an increase in the national forces, says state troops are not enough and that the government should be all- Mayo is the populist candidate for the powerful against uprisings.

JULIUS LICHTENBERG, a Detroit school inspector indicted for receiving a

In a pacing race between Robert J. and Joe Patchen at Sioux City, Ia., the former won three straight heats,

AT the annual session in Evansville, CONTRACTS for the second section of Ind., of the American Humane so-he Hennepin canal have been con-ciety J. J. Shortall, of Chicago, was reelected president.

FURIOUS gales swept Lake Erie and MARY KERSEE was killed by Frank lower Lake Huron, disabling several large boats and injuring a number of

J. J. P. ODELL, of Chicago, was elected president of the American Bankers' association in session at Baltimore.

CHARLES B. ALLEN, alias Harry Conway, leader of a gang of bank swindlers, was arrested in Chicago and confessed his crimes.

NATHAN GREEN, Elsworth McAfee and William Green perished in a burning hay mow in Mercer county.

OFFICIAL estimates of the wheat erop in Ohio place it at 50,852,433 bush- land. els, the largest in the state's history.

THE First national bank of Kearney, Neb., suspended because unable to

crop all the hogs in Nebraska were being shipped into states where feed

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 12th aggregated \$927,428,877, against \$999,555,127 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in

1893, was 3.0. NEGRO Catholies, in national convention at Baltimore, petitioned the pres-

THE report of Commissioner of Pensions Lochren for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, shows that the number of pensioners on the rolls at that time was 959,544. The amount paid for pensions during the year was \$139,804,461. leaving a balance in the treasury of \$25,205,713 of the appropriation.

THERE were 231 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 12th, against 219 the week previous and 393 in the correspond-

ing time in 1893. Online paced an exhibition mile at Sioux City, Ia., in 2:04, lowering his own world's record of 2:07%.

THE striking spinners at Fall River.

Mass, voted to accept a reduction of 10 per cent. and return to work.

Gov. MITCHELL says he will convene the Florida legislature if necessary to prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. in that state.

PROF. DAVID SWING's death ends the organization in Chicago of the Central church. No successor will be named.

A LABOR parliament will be held in Chicago on November 13, at which the relations of labor and capital will be discussed by leading thinkers from all standpoints with a view to bettering present conditions.

THE Buffalo county national bank at Kearney, Neb., closed its doors.

THE schooner Sea Foam capsized at Shears, in the Delaware bay, and the captain and crew of five men perished. DECEMBER wheat sold down to 56% cents in New York, the lowest price in the history of the market there.

SEVEN masked robbers held up a fast mail train near Quantico. Va., and rifled the express car and mail pouches, securing probably \$50,000.

FURTHER advices state that the two bandits who robbed the Overland express near Sacramento, Cal., secured between \$50,000 and \$75,000.

WHOLESALE grocers of Chicago are leaders in a revolt against the sugar trust which is spreading over the entire country. THE will of Richard Smith, the

wealthy typefounder, leaves more than \$1,000,000 to the city of Philadelphia G. W. Howard, vice president of the American Railway union, had his

containing forty railroad passes. THE federal grand jury at Madison, Wis., found indictments against fiftyeight persons charged with stealing

pocket picked in Chicago of a book

ARMED tramps took possession of a freight train in Ohio and terrorized the crew and passengers for an hour.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

CAPT. WILLIAM COBA, the oldest captain in the employ of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, died at San Fran-

LEVI P. MORTON has written a letter formally accepting the republican nomination for governor of New York.

FUNERAL services of the late Andrew Gregg Curtin, the war governor of Pennsylvania, were held in Bellefonte. THE funeral services of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes were held in Boston. They were simple and largely at-

Nominations for congress were made as follows: New Jersey, Sixth district, T. D. English (dem.); Eighth, C. N. Fowler (rep.). Rhode Island, First district, Melville Bull (rep.); Second, W. O. Arnold (rep.). New York, Seventh district, Franklin T. Bartlett: Eighth, James J. Walsh; Ninth, Henry C. Miner; Tenth, Daniel E. Sickles; Eleventh, William Sulzer; Twelfth, George B. McClellan; Thirteenth, Amos J. Cummings; Fourteenth, John Connolly; Fifteenth, Jacob A. Cantor, all democrats.

PERRY MAYO, of Calhoun county, has been placed on the Michigan democratic ticket for lieutenant governor to succeed J. Milton Jordan, declined same office.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOLONEY rules. that Illinois women must furnish their own ballots and not vote with the men. CHARLES F. DURSTON, aged 54, warden of Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison, died after two weeks' illness with malignant typhoid fever.

UNCONTRADICTED rumors were to the effect that Nellie Grant Sartoris was to marry Gen. H. K. Douglas, of Balti-

FOREIGN.

Prof. ZACCHARIN was said to have informed the czar of Russia that his malady was incurable, though his life might be prolonged.

DISPATCHES from Shanghai state that 40,000 Japanese troops had been landed on the Chinese boundary.

In a railway accident at St. Anne, Que., three men were killed and three others fatally injured.

THIRTY persons lost their lives and many vessels were wrecked in a gale which swept the coast of Newfound-

An alleged plot to kill the czar was discovered in Russia and many arrests were made among army officers.

KAFFIRS entered the port of Louren-On account of the failure of the corn | zo Marquez, burned several buildings and murdered seventeen persons. ENGLAND was endeavoring to enlist

> other powers in an effort to stop the Chinese-Japanese war. Owing to the abrogation of the reci-

> procity treaty with Brazil, importers of that country will sue the United States for duties which have been paid.

LATER.

DURING a riot among drunken Slavs at Maltby, Pa., a boy was shot dead, two girls fatally wounded and two persons badly hurt.

a collision in a fog near Antwerp and six of her seamen drowned. Col. Breckingidge was suspended

THE French boat Alice was sunk by

from communion by the congregation of Mount Horeb (Ky.) Presbyterian church until February.

FRANK MCINTYRE, James Ford and Frank Britton, of New Brighton, N. Y., were drowned by the capsizing of

Snow fell in many counties of Pennsylvania to the depth of 3 inches.

OSCAR MORTON, a wealthy resident of Stanton, Ky., shot and killed Sheriff William Simms as the result of an old feud. A mob took Morton from jail and hanged him.

ORAN FOLLETT, a prominent official and newspaper writer of Ohio, died at Sandusky, aged 95 years.

MRS. ADA WEINER, who shot and killed her husband at San Francisco while he slept, was sentenced to life imprisonment.

RADICALS and Irish were moving to crush the English house of lords and would force Rosebery to act or re-

In the Fourth New York district the democrats nominated W. J. Coombs for congress and in the Sixth James R. Howell.

TWENTY-ONE persons were seriously injured and property worth \$40,000 destroyed by a train collision at New Orleans.

HENRY W. GREEN, a classmate of Gen. Grant at West Point and a Mexican war veteran, died at Mora, N. M., aged 71 years.

Two young daughters of John N. Scatcherd and Miss Emily Wood, Mrs. Scatcherd's sister, were killed by an engine at a crossing in Buffalo, N. Y. EXPERIMENTS at an Omaha distillery of making spirits from beet sugar mo-

lasses proved very successful. INVESTIGATION showed that the soldier's home at Dayton, O., was haunted by thieves who rob the inmates on peu-

EXPERTS discovered that Stark county, O., had been robbed of \$17,000 by dishonest officials. AT Ogden, U. T., De Camp, Mc-

Connell and King were found guilty of attempted train wrecking during the A. R. U. strike and King was sentenced to four years and De Camp and McConnell to twelve years each in the penitentiary.

on the Nickel Plate Road.

Improvements on the Nickel Plate Road.

A New Through Car line has been established over the Nickel Plate Road and D. L. & W. R. R. between Chicago and New York City. With the former through car line to New York via the West Shore R. R. and a Boston Car run over the West Shore Fitchburg Route unchanged, this Line will beyond a doubt become an important factor in the eastbound passenger business.

A Matchless Dining Car Service has been rearranged so as to best accommodate its patrons, and with their old motto "A Perfect Passenger Service at the Lowest Available Rates" they will no doubt secure the patronage of the traveling public. When contemplating a trip East, write Mr. J. Y. Calahan, at 199 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., or any Agent of the Nickel Plate Road, for rates, maps and full particulars.

Foge—"Poverty is a misfortune, not a crime." Figg—"I don't know about that; at any rate poverty has been the cause of much poetry writing." Fogg—"You mean the writing of poetry has been the cause of much poverty."—Boston Transcript.

The Oldest System of Telegraphy
Is that established between the brain and
the nerves, which transmit instantaneously
to the great organ of sensation and thought
every shock they experience. These electric
shocks are very vivid, painful and disturbing when the nerves are weak. Hostetter's
Stomach Bitters strengthens, soothes and
renders the nerves tranquil. It induces
sleep, sound digestion and appetite, and conquers biliousness, malaria, rheumatism and
kidney trouble.

MR. TROTTER—"I told you that Cholly's attentions to Emily Brown would never amount to anything." Mrs. Trotter—"Well, you were wrong again; they frightened Dick Faster into proposing at last, and Emily has accepted him."—Harper's Bazar.

McVicker's Theater.

Mr. Jefferson will begin his annual tour on October 15, at McVicker's Theater. It is more than likely that he will this year be seen in more characters than one.

BECAUSE a man is industrious is no reason why we should choose him for an associate.

Much as we admire the industry of a bee we
do not care to cultivate his acquaintance.—
Young Men's Era.

"Now I know why the milk we get here is so weak," said the agricultural editor to the farmer with whom he was boarding; "I just this minutesaw you give those cows water to drink."—Philadelphia Record.

"Why can't there be a fight without the shedding of blood?" asks an opponent of war. If he will ask any prominent pugilist he will find out exactly how the thing can be done.—N. Y. Tribune.

"Doctor," said Mrs. Weeds, "I can't get it out of my head that possibly my poor dear husband was buried alive." "Nonsense!" snorted Dr. Peduncle. "Didn't I attend him myself in his last illness!"—Life.

He—"And am I really and truly the only man you ever loved?" She—"Well—er—I never had it seem so easy before."—Indian apolis Journal. From a Legal Document.—"His only fault is that he has no money; but it must be added in extenuation that he never had any."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Frag—"Did I understand you to say that Impecune was meeting his bills nowadays?" Fogg—"Yep; on every corner."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

"Cholly seems changed since his trip away, doesn't he?" Frances—"Indeed he does—seems like another girl almost."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"GARLAND" Stoves and Ranges are no higher in price than the worthless imitations. Ask to see them.

EVERT young man should be taught that he cannot win his spurs in a game of poker. Don't Neglecta Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar instanter. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"This," said the bachelor as he paid for sewing on a button, "is what is meant by a single tax."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

No amount of cultivation can make a this-tle bear fruit.—Ram's Horn.



ASSIST NATURE a little now and then in removing offend-ing matter from the stomach and bowels and you thereby avoid a multitude of distressing de-rangements and diseases, and will have less frequent need of your doctor's

Of all known agents for this pur-pose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best. Once used, they are always in favor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as

ther constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements. The "Pellets" are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. No care is required while using them; they do not interfere with the diet, habits or occupation, and produce no pain, griping or shock to the system. They act in a mild, easy and natural way and there is no reaction afterward. Their help lasts.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. In proof of their superior excellence, it can be truthfully said, that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial. Put up in sealed, glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildy cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, or to relieve distress from overeating, take one after dinner. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will eating, take one after dinner. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, because of paying him a better profit, but he is not the one who needs help.

A LITTLE boy, on returning from Sundschool said to his mother: "This catechis is too hard; isn't there any kittychisms folittle boys?"—Tit-Bits.

Is fully as important and as beneficial as Spring Medicine, for at this season there is great danger to health in the varying ature, cold storms, malarial ge and the prevalence of fevers and other serious diseases. All these may be avoided if the blood is kept pure, the digestion good, and the bodily health vigorous, by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

ood's sarsaparilla "My little boy four-teen years old had a terrible scrofula bunch on his neck. A friend of mine said Hood's Sarsaparilla cured his little boy, so I procured a bottle of the

medicine, and the result has been that the bunch has left his neck. It was so near the throat, that he could not have stood it much longer without relief." Mrs. INA Hoop, 324 Thorndike St., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

5. CORDOVAN, 4. 3.50 FINE CALF& KANGAROO \$ 3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMENS

\$2.51.75 BOYSSCHOOLSHOES.

LADIES.

\$3.250 \$2.51.75

BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

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It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more exo-

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Ely's Gream Balm Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Heals the Sores.



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anteed. The 'great nurseries' save you Millions of the best trees 70 years' expegrow; they "live longer and bear bet Morton. STARK, B21, Louisiana, Mo., Ro OF NAME THIS PAPER every time you write

A. N. K-A

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MY LOVE.

It my love were like a flower It might perish in an hour; Gazing upward, toward the sky. It might yield its heart and die.

If my love were like a gem It might leave life's diadem, Shaken out and lightly tost, Trampled under foot and lost.

If my love were like a star ; Fair 'twould be, but all too far; Stars may guide, but cannot warm Hearts that brave life's bitter storm

This my love is like them all: Starlike, not to fade or fall: Flowerlike, yielding sweetest breath; Gemlike, mocking change and death

This my love is more than these enly, warm with fire divine arling, take this love of mine! Alice B. Wood, in Boston Watchman



UBREY EVER-DENE looked up Sackville street and yawned. Only an instant before he had written "finis" to an article with a dash of the pen across

the last sheet, and now the MS. lay ready for the post among the debris of printers' proofs, new novels awaiting review, etc., with which the writing table was strewn.

One of the best known litterateurs in London, and a brilliant conversationalist-his tongue could be as scathing as his pen, and it was said of him, with regard to the latter weapon of warfare, that in half a dozen polished sentences he could do more toward damning a book than any two of his compeers. A big, loosely-made man, Mr. Everdene, with shrewd gray eyes and the pessimism of a modern. Studying his face as he lounged by the window, his hands in his pockets of bis smoking jacket, one could see that he had a lively sense of humor combined with his other characteristics, and understood the interest his personality aroused.

Presently a servant brought him a visiting card on a salver.

"The lady would be obliged if you

would grant her an interview, sir." "Lady Hilyard," muttered Everdene, reading the inscription. "I can't recall the name. Bother the woman; what does she want? However-ask her to come up, Blake."

When she entered, a fair, elegant woman of perhaps five-and-twenty, in an irreproachable Parisian toilet, he was still more convinced that he had

not the privilege of her acquaintance. "Mr. Aubrey Everdene?" she queried. Mr. Everdene bowed.

"Pray take a seat, madam." "No," she said. "I have come to

quarrel with you, and I don't sit down in the houses of my enemies." "To quarrel with me!" His eye-

brows went up. The thought came to him that his visitor was not in her right mind. "Yes. Perhaps I had better explain

myself at once. I am the author of 'Fashion and Footlights!'"

Mr. Everdene, standing perforce because she would, pulled his mustache, while the fair stranger tapped her No. 8 shoe on the carpet with impatience and looked pitchforks and daggers.

"Fashion and Footlights," he reflected aloud. "'Fashion and Footlights.' Ha!"

Comprehension stole over his face, and with it a slight amusement. He fished among a pile of volumes and brought out three bound with an elegance destined to win the hearts of suburban circulating libraries.

"Here it is. I reviewed it in the Centurion, didn't I?"

"No," she said, "you hanged and quartered it!"

"I am sorry! May I ask how you

found out that I was the enlprit?" "Oh, by accident. It's a long story,

and unimportant, since you don't deny the imputation. Now, Mr. Everdene, I know it is very impudent of me, a stranger to come to your private address and worry you. I am doing a very unusual thing, I am afraid, and Mrs. Grundy would be horrified. But 'fools rush in,' you know, and widows are privileged! You must have a little patience with me because-" for the first time her lips relaxed and she smiled a smile that was sweetness itself-"well, just because I'm a woman and you're a gentleman! Acknowledge the truth, now, on your honor. Don't you think you were unnecessarily harsh to my poor little literary effort?"

"No," he said, bluntly, "I always give my true opinion of things, and I consider your books had many faults."

If she had been a man he would have said: "I thought it was excessively bad," with the brusqueness of friends? As a token of good will, per-conviction, and probably declined to mit me to give you the prosaic English discuss the matter. But to a lady it was impossible to be rude. He regarded her absurdly unconventional presence with a tolerant kindliness.

faults, but upon one or two points in ful sweetmeats from Bond street

cuss them with you. May I?"

"Certainly." His mouth was twitching under his mustache. "But don't you think, pending the verdict, that you had better sit down? You will be fatigued. If you'll permit me to wheel in his home. this arm chair nearer the fire for you

Having carefully arranged it so that she should face the light, he seated himself opposite to her—the A B C of diplomacy-but she did not appear to notice it. She was drawing arabesques on the carpet with the point of her ivory-handled umbrella.

"I should very much like to know," she said, "what you think of me for coming here?"

"I think you are plucky-yes, and recklessly unconventional."

"Candid, at any rate! And I like that." She looked up. "Now for the first indictment on the list, Mr. Everdene! You accuse me of improbability. I deny it."

His manner bordered upon preoccupation. In truth he was thinking what wonderful lashes she had, and how becoming a flush of excitement sould be to a clear, pale skin.

"You assert," she continued, warmly, "that is ridiculous to suppose that a man and woman of the world could fall in love at first sight, as I make my hero and heroine do, and that such proceedings are limited to boys and girls in their teens and the pages of penny fiction. I should have thought that Mr. Aubrey Everdene would have shown wider sympathies."

"Then you really believe, Lady Hilyard, that adult, sensible people do conceive such abrupt attachments?"

"I am convinced that it happens fre-

"Oh, come, not frequently." "Well-sometimes," she amended.

"I could give you a dozen instances." He lacked the heart to argue with her. It would have been like breaking a butterfly on a wheel. And after all there might be more sentiment in fin-de-siecle humanity than he thought: women have wonderful intuition in these matters.

"Well, suppose we let that slide for the moment, and proceed to indictment No. 2. What other phrase of mine do you take exception to?"

"You said that I had not the remotest idea of construction, and that 'Fashion and Footlights' was evidently a specimen of that objectionable class of fiction which you regretted to



see was growing so prevalent—the amateur novel, born of vanity and a lack of wholesome occupation.

Her voice had died away with a tremor. He had only stated the truth, but the fact did not prevent the speechless Mr. Everdene from feeling as if he had committed a particularly brutal murder and the ghost of the victim had come to arraign him before all the people whose opinions he valued most.

"I-I cried," she murmured, pathetically.

Her lips quivered. Beads of perspiration rose to the man's forehead.

"Good heavens, if I had only guessed how much I should hurt you! It was harsh, monstrous. No doubt I was in a bad temper and your unfortunate book was the first thing that afforded me an opportunity to vent my spleen."

Lady Hilyard applied six square inches of cambric and lace on the corner of an evelid.

"If you'll only believe me, my dear Lady Hilyard, when I tell you that I'm sorrier than I can say."

"Then you acknowledge that you were needlessly cruel?" "I was brutal." He would have committed blacker perjury as she

wiped that tear away. "And that I had just cause for indig-

nation?" "You are perfectly right." A smile broke like April sunshine

over her face. "In that case I suppose I must forgive you."

He was ridiculously grateful. He heaved a sigh of relief and hesitated with his hand on the button of the electric bell.

"Lady Hilyard, you know the Arab custom of taking salt with one's equivalent of a cup of tea."

The offer was tempting, the weather was hot and she had talked a great deal. She yielded. When the refresh-"Of course, I admit that there are ments came, accompanied by wonderyour criticism I cannot agree with around the corner, she asked permis- Press.

you. I should very much like to dis- sion to pour it out for him, with a winning graciousness which charmed him. It afforded him an odd sense of pleasure, too, to see her white fingers moving about the china. He was unaccustomed to the presence of women

> With the Japanese tables between them they chatted for awhile, and then the clock on the mantlepiece struck six. She rose with a pretty gesture of dismay, like a second Cinderella.

> "Do you know, Mr. Everdene, that I have been here a whole hour wasting your valuable time?"

> "I thought it had been ten minutes," he answered, "and the pleasantest of my life."

> "Very pretty," she said, blushing faintly. "And in return for it let me tell you that my address is on my card, and that my 'day' is Thursday. Also, I must thank you very heartily for your kindness and courtesy to an impertinent intruder. Very few men would have been so considerate."

"Please don't thank me. It is I who owe you a debt of gratitude. You have taught me something I never expected to learn." "What?"

"That the conduct of your hero and peroine was not improbable at all."

Their eyes met-the woman's drooped self-conscious, pleased. "You really mean that?"

"On my soul I do." The most delicious softness was in her voice:

"It makes me so proud and happy to think I have convinced you." There was a silence. She smoothed

wrinkle in her suede glove. He twisted a button on his coat. Then she aroused herself with a little laugh and extended her hand.

"Well, good-by, Mr. Everdene, and once more thank you." He pressed her fingers ever so lightly

her proselyte. "Not good-by," he murmured. "Au revoir."—Black and White.

WRECK OF THE CASHMERE. The Crew Had Nothing to Eat But Raw

After their comrades had gone the five men left on board the Cashmere crawled up under the topgallant forecastle, which was the only dry spot in the vessel. As the night settled down they were left in darkness and terror. The water thundered against the bulk, nearly crushing the ship at each blow. The vessel rocked and pitched, then settled back in the trough of the sea, and again plunged headlong into the foaming gulf left by the waves. The captain's boy was brave, but not even the old sailors could find words to co

sole or encourage him.

No provisions could be obtained from the hold. As the sea became less vio lent the men were enabled to move about a little, and they found a few yams stored away in the forecastle. Eaten raw, these taste very much like uncooked sweet potatoes, and allayed the pangs of hunger, but their thirst was still intense, their throats being parched and swollen. Then one of the men noticed a jug partially filled with some liquid floating around in the scuppers. With caution he sec ured it, but found that it contained vinegar. At first no one thought of drinking it, but as their suffering grew worse the hated vinegar was eagerly drunk in small portions.

For some days and nights after the departure of the life-boat, the poor creatures remained upon the vessel crowded in the narrow space under the forecastle. The raw yams gave them no relief and it soon became impossible for them even to sip the vinegar. All were in a state of despair, while the poor boy was so weakened by suffering and grief that he little cared what happened, and seemed almost unable to move or exert himself in any way. After the storm, the sea grew comparatively calm, giving them their one chance of life. Every man knew that even moderately rough waters would in a few moments beat their shattered hulk to splinters.

Upon the morning of the seventh day a feeble cry of "Land!" burst from the earliest watcher. With the loose planks and some pieces of rope and rigging the men managed to construct a raft. This accomplished, and the few remaining yams collected, their preparations for embarking were made. On the morning of the eighth day they set sail. With such rude makeshift oars and paddles as they had been able to secure, they tried to propel the raft towards the shore, but with little success. Night closed in, and left the weary voyagers far out at sea. The next morning they found to their great relief that they had drifted much nearer, and redoubling their efforts they reached the beach.

It was the shore of Tanega-Shimathe very island on which their comrades had been cast! They, too, were treated with the utmost kindness and ten days later were sent to Kobe. -St. Nicholas.

What the Teacher Wanted.

"Papa," said little Tom one day when he came home from school, "teacher says you must have me 'sassinated."

"Assassinated?"

"Yes, sir. She says every child must be 'sassinated before he comes back to school, because smallpox is in town." "Oh. vaccinated?"

"Yes, sir; that's it."-Detroit Free

TWO MORE BATTLES FOUGHT. Japanese Troops Have Captured Chee Foo

and Wi Ju London, Oct. 11 .- It is believed that a decisive battle has been fought between the Chinese and Japanese armies on the plains north of the Yalu river, about 50 miles south of Mouk-

den, one of the objective points of the Japanese invaders. When the last authentic advices were received the northern wing of the Japanese army had just crossed the Yalu and a battle was momentarily expected. At the same time news comes that

the southern wing, operating on the western shore of the Yellow sea, had surrounded and captured Chee Foo, a large town on the bay of Pi Chi Li. In this successful attack the army was aided by the Japanese fleet, which had been cruising in Pi Chi Li bay for several days. Chee Foo is a treaty port of China, on the Shan-Toong promontory. It has a population of over 30,000 and a good harbor.

A third division of the Japanese army is reported to have effected a landing on the shores of Leaotong gulf, which is to the north of Chee Foo and between it and Moukden.

Thus Pekin is being encircled with a net of armed men without, while rebellion against the Tartar emperor and his dynasty rages within. If, as reported, the battle at the Yalu river resulted in favor of the Japanese, it is almost certain that Pekin will be captured within a week.

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch received here from Shanghai says that a second Japanese army is reported to have crossed the Yalu river and to be advancing upon Moukden, which, it is believed, will soon fall, as the Chinese are reported to be in a state of demoralization.

London, Oct. 12.-A dispatch from Tokio says that a detachment of Japanese cavalry and infantry has made an attack upon and routed a force of 2,000 Chinese at Wi Ju and that the place remains in the hands of the Japanese. It is reported to the Japanese officers that 10,000 Chinese troops occupy the north bank of the Yalu river, where they have completed eight batteries and are building more.

Field Marshal Count Yagamata has established his base of operations at Ping Yang, which is near the sea and easy of access to the supplies. It is generally hoped that the Japanese will be in possion of Moukden by the early part of November. Other important military operations are under way, but their objects are as vet kept secret. Early results, however, are expected.

the surrender and dispatch to Nagasaki of the steamship Tenkyomaru, tocrew. A state of siege has been declared in the district of Hiroshima under article 14 of the Japanese constitution.

TWO OF A KIND.

A Pair of Bold Train Robberles Net the Thieves \$100,000.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 13.—The northbound passenger train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac railway which left here at 7 o'clock Friday night was held up near Quantico. The engineer and fireman were forced from their engine and the engine was cut loose and sent ahead. The express car was then entered, the messenger covered with pistols and forced to open the safe. The runaway locomotive was stopped at Quantico by obstructing the track. It is stated here that there was an unusually large amount of money on the train, probably \$50,000. The robbers, seven in number, were masked. The railway company has offered \$1,000 reward for the arrest of any of the robbers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13 .- The bandite who held up a Southern Pacific overland train a few miles west of Sacramento late Thursday night and looted the Wells-Fargo company express car secured over \$50,000. They seem to have eluded the officers and escaped with their plunder, which was nearly all in gold coin, and consequently a heavy burden. The astounding success of the hold up was not known until Friday afternoon. Earlier reports of the robbery gave the amount of money taken at \$1,500.

The robbery was a daring one. Four sacks of coin were secured from the express car, and Messenger Paige barely escaped with his life. Three hundred pounds of coin were taken. Engineer Bill Scott, of the Oregon Overland, and his fireman were forced at the muzzle of a revolver to carry coin sacks from the express car to the engine. There the robbers uncoupled the engine and rode off with their booty.

FOES TO DRINK.

Chicago Temperance Organizations Honor Father Matthew's Memory.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.-The birthday of Father Matthew, the originator of total abstinence societies, was celebrated here by a grand parade com-posed of Catholic and Protestant temperance organizmions and Catholic and public school children. After marching southward on Michigan avenue to Eighteenth street the procession turned and marched northward to the Auditorium, where it was reviewed by Gov. Altgeld, Mayor Hopkins, Bishop Watterson, of Ohio, Rev. Dr. Henson and others. In the evening a large meeting was held at the Auditorium theater which was addressed by Bishop Watterson, of Ohio,

THE FLORIDA STORM.

Reports from Stricken Towns - Street

JACASONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 12.-Com munication has been reestablished with all points on the west coast visited by the storm which raged Monday night and Tuesday morning, and dispatches to the Times-Union tell woeful tales of the destruction caused by the wind and water. Cedar Key has just experienced the most disastrous storm which has visited her for twentyfive years. The main business street is filled from one end to the other with debris, consisting of wreckage from boats, wharves, fish houses and logs of every description. The storm began at 8 o'clock Monday morning with a heavy wind, increasing in vioence and continuing until Tuesday morning. The damage and loss of property is very great. The city hall has the roof blown off and one entire side knocked out by logs. The city jail cannot be found. The five bridges on the shell road leading to the mainland are washed away. A great many small boats were wrecked and fish camps demolished. One sloop came in Tuesday morning with five men who had clung to a single palmetto tree since Monday night. Another came in Thursday afternoon with three men who were wrecked Monday night and had been on a shell bank ever since, without food or water. It is reported that five sponge vessels went ashore during the storm and were driven 7 miles into the woods.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Oct. 13.-Never before in the history of this town was so much havoc and destruction played by storm and tide as Monday night between 7 and 10 o'clock. Water, Commerce and Market streets are a mass of logs, boats. lumber and debris. So far two lives are reported lost. Two residences were carried half to threequarters of a mile and placed in the marsh near Cypress mill uninjured.

TWO HUNDRED LIVES LOST.

Record of the Recent Gale Off the Newfoundland Coast.

St. PIERRE, Miquelon, Oct. 12.-Two hundred lives are believed to have been lost by the terrible gale which raged here Tuesday night and all day Wednesday. More than fifty vessels are ashore and damaged, and several ships are missing. A fleet of about 300 vessels were forced to abandon the fishery by the gale on the banks on September 29 and 30. These vessels have returned here during the last few days with heavy losses of cables, anchors, lines and dories. It China has been formally notified of will be some days before the full extent of the disaster caused by the two storms can be learned. There is gether with her European and Chinese | mourning in all the fishing villages on the banks and here at St. Pierre. More than 800 men were at sea during the gales and more than 200, perhaps twice that number, have not been heard from.

Oswego, N. Y., Oct. 13.-About 5 o'clock Thursday evening a vessel, supposed to be the Hartford, went upon the rocks near Woodville, 35 miles east of here. Capt. O'Toole, of Clayton, the owner, his wife and child and four men were on board. The big sea commenced to break the vessel up, and it is reported that the captain and entire crew were drowned. The Hartford was freighted with corn from Detroit. No bodies are reported to have been recovered.

That the gale was not accompanied by loss of life is due entirely to the heroic work of the various life-saving crews on the two lakes. In spite of the furious gale these brave men succeeded in every case in taking off the crew of each wreck without the loss

of a man. UNCLE SAM'S WARDS.

Synopsis of the Report of the Commis-

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 .- The report of Commissioner of Pensions Lochren for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, has been submitted to the secretary of the interior. The report states that the number of pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1893, was 966,012; that during the year 39,085 new pensioners were added to the rolls, 37. 951 were dropped for death and other causes and 2,398 previously dropped were restored. The number of pensioners upon the rolls of June 30, 1894, was 969,544. The number of pension certificates issued during the year was 80,218, and 132,873 claims of all classes were rejected. On-July 1, 1894, there were undisposed of and in different stages of preparation and advancement claims for pensions and for increase to the amount of 619,027, of which 287,209 claims, originals, widows' and dependents', are on behalf of persons not already on the rolls. These claims, save some recently filed, have been examined more than once and found lacking. The amount paid for pensions during the year was \$139,-804,461, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$25,205,713 of the appropriation. American Corn.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12. - The agricultural department has received from Joseph Mattes, Jr., one of its representatives in Europe, a letter showing a satisfactory increase in the use of American corn in Germany. The correspondent says the prejudices formerly existing against maize as fodder for horses and cattle is daily growing less, and, while there has been no progress made to induce the Germans to eat maize bread, the work to induce feeders to utilize it in place of other fodder substitutes has been more suc-

Advertising Rates made known upon application.

Entered at the Postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER,

PRESIDENT Cleveland is not in a talking mood. If the fishing is not good he will likely run over to New York and vote the Tammany ticket.

"REFORM" in New York does away with football on Thanksgiving Day. It is genuine reform that will reduce the price of arnica and sticking plaster.

lead of Iowa a vicious class would brought against these train wrecksoon learn a lesson. One of her courts recently convicted a man of sending obscene matter through the mails and sentenced him to eight years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$4,000.

, 'I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of," Says Mrs. Hattie Mason of Clinton Carter Co, Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by A. L. Waller.

It would be just as well to let Japan and China settle the controversy, as for Russia, England, and France to do it. They will be open to suspicion the moment their fingers are in it. They will not engage in it without a hope of spoils. They are not made that

THE Philadelphia North American calls Cleveland and Wilson "the for the railroad corporations to heavenly twins, playing to fast issue such favors to the men who emptying benches." It might are conducting the warefare against have added that Senator Hill seems to be equally successful in playing Mephistopheles in a side show.

THE Eiffel Tower is to be removed from Paris to Baltimore at a cost of \$500,000 and set up ove the latter city as an ornament and speculative enterprise connected with the fair to be held there in 1897. It paid well at the Paris Exposition.—Ex.

THE Kenosha Courier says that the contractor who is grading at Twin Lakes has struck what would seem to be a bottomless marsh. Eight thousand cubic yards was the estimate to make the fill, but to date 10,000 yards have been dumped in and the surface of the marsh is two feet lower than it was before the work started. It's as easy as pie to figure out how many more vards of dirt it will require to complete the job -Ex.

An exchange in commenting on individuals has the following to say of the good fellow: What is generally known as a 'good fellow" is the neutral man. He provokes no opposition, is never the subject of criticism or the object of censure. He is liked for what he doesn't do. There are scores of these "good fellow's" they can be found in almost any comunity. But they are not the men who lead the publie enterprises, head the subscription list or build up a town, party or church. They aren't the kind of men that boys should imitate or emulate. The man with the sharp corners of individuality protuding, is worth a host of these 'good and you will never regret it. ellows" in any walk of life. - Ex. ale by A. L. Waller.

The Train Wreckers.

The arrest of Stanley J. Knowels and John C. Bodewig as two of the principals who wrecked the Grand for use etc. Trunk express train at Battle Creek Mich., July 16, is a very important beginning in ferreting out that crime, which was one of the natural results of the lawlessness of President Eugene V. Debs and Vice President Geo. W. Howard in the railroad strike last summer. The agents of the American Railway Union encouraged all kinds of lawlessness in the fight against the railroads, and the cofession of the men arrested for wrecking the Grand Truck express show that the men were inspired to engage in that attempt of wholesale murder. by the incendiary talk of the American Railway Union agents at Battle Creek.

The crime committed resulted in McIntosh and Phil Hawley. the death of Thomas Crowe, the fireman, and the injury of several Ir other States would follow the passengers. The charge to be ers is therefore that of deliberate and wilful murder.

The investigation should not however, stop with the men who wrecked the train. It should not lose sight of the agents of the A R. U. Who counseled such methods of warefare, and the courts will be justified in calling for the dispatches of Debs and Howard to see how far they were responsible.

It may be that no legal responsibility can be fixed on Debs or Howard, but if the facts are as reported they certainly are morally responsible for the excesses of the men whom they urged on in that unreasonable and malicious strike.

But Mr. Howard boasts that he agitators at war with the railroad as unclaimed companies are the receipients of annual passes over all, the great taunk lines of the country. Could anything be more rediculous that them? The public suffered great inconvenience and great loss from the strike last summer. The Chicago people are to be called upon to pay large damages for the losses of the railroads in property burned at that time. When Chicago comes to foot this bills the people who are to pay the taxes will want to know why the cheif conspirators responsible for the loss are favored above all others by the railroad companies. Will some of the officials of these forty companies explain why they issued these annual passes to Debs and Howard.

There is no medicine so often needed in every home and so admiraply adapted to the purposes for which it is intended as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Hardly a week Gleason Q. M.; A. S. Henderson, passes but some member of the family has need of it. A toothache or headache may be cured by it. A touch of rheumatism or neuralgia quieted. The severe pain of a burn or a scald promptly relieved and the sore healed in much less time than when medicine has to be sent for. A pain may be promptly treated before inflamation sets in which insures a cure in one-third of the time otherwise required. W. R. C. No. 85.-Meets the Cuts and bruises should receive immediate treatment before the parts become swollen, which can only be done when Pain Balm is kept at hand. A sore throat may be eured before it becomes serious. A lame back may be cured and several days of valuable time sayed fourth Saturdays of each month. or a pain in the chest or side reliev ed without paying a doctor bill, man, S. W.; C. H. Kendall, J. W.: Procure a 50 cent bottle at once C. B. Otis, Treas.; A. T. Ulitsch,

At the meeting of the Barrington Fire Department, July 13, 1894 F. H. Frye was appointed general overseer to keep apparatus ready

The following divisions were appointed to act in case of fire. Fire Marshal; J. C. Plagge.

Hose Cart. P. H. Miller, E. M. Blocks, T. Meier and H. A. Harnden.

Engine. A. Schauble, John Brimkampi, F. Johnholtz, Wm. Meier, Ed Peters and E. Naeher.

Nozzel; Karl Naeher.

and F. H. Frye. Axes; Frank Plagge.

Pails; B. H. Sodt. Chemical Engine's. T. H. Creet, Wm. Howrath, A.

W. Meyer, C. C. Henning, M. C. Lanterns,

Wm. Grunau, Hawley, W. T. Stott, Ed. Hockmeister, M. B. Mc-Intosh and J. E. Heise.

The first person in each division is the head of that division.

Moved seconded and carried that in case of fire the Fire Marshaf have sole command, and the heads of the various divisions look to him for orders. and if the Fire Marshal be absent the head of the Hose Cart division act as marshel. and if he be absent the head of the Nozzel division act as Mar

D. H. Richardson Sec.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following is a list of the let ters remaining in the post office at and Mr. Debs, and all other labor Barrington, Ill., September, 1st.

> Mrs. Page Balkley. Miss Hannalı Bennett. Rudoli h Corshic 2. Enward Doane. Joseph Givish. Joachim Hertz. Richard Johnson. Prter Jacobson. Miss. G. Knott. Miss Bertha Lawrence. Miss Anna McMahon 2. Mrs. Henry J. Meyer. Adolph Minllentien. Mrs. Paulina Otto 2. Mrs. Addie Sherman. H. D. Watgen. William Witchman. Willie Williams. Miss Amelia Waldhansen

> > M. B. McIntosh,

P. M.

BARRINGTON POST No. 275, G. A. R., Department of Ill.—Meet every second Friday in the month at Abbott's Hall. L. E. Runyan, Com.; G. W. Johnson, S. V. C.; Wm. Humphery, J. V. C.; A. O. D.; L. H. Bute O. G.; Henry Reuter, Sergt.; Chas Senn Chap.

M. W. A. CAMP 809 .- Meets first and third Tuesdays in each month at A. Meyers' Hall. F. F. Hawley, V. C. P. A. Hawley, W. A.; John Robertson, B.; M. T. Lamey Clerk; Wm. Aatholts, W.; J. M. Thrasher, E.; H. P. Askew,

second and fourth Wednesdays in each month Mrs. Lucy Town send, Pres. Miss Allie Meyer,

LAUNSBURY LODGE No. 751 .-Meets at their hall the second, and L. A. Powers, W. M.; H. A. Sand-For Sec.; F. B. Bennett, S, D.; J. P. Brown, J. D.: A Gleason, Tyler.

OPENED!

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HENRY DIEKMANN, PROPRIETOR.

DEALER IN

G. H. Landwer, C. P. Hawley Fine Wines, Liquors, Etc.

A Choice Lot of First-class Bottle Goods

Always on Hand.

THE BEST LINE OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO IN THE MARKET.

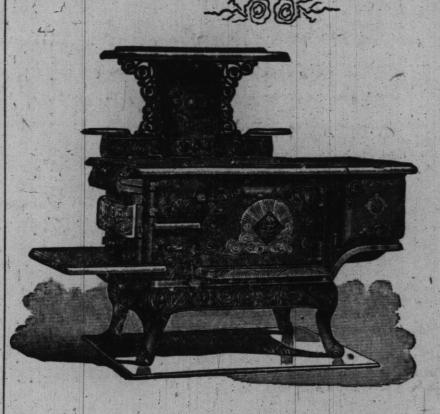
POOL ROOM IN CONNECTION.

BARRINGTON,

ILLINOIS.

IN

Heating Stoves, Cook Stoves Stoves, Furnaces, Etc.



Stock Of

Hardware General

Is Complete

Guns and Aminition Always On Hand. General Repairing A Specialty

D. A. GREBE, Barrington, Ill.

HARDWARE.

Have Your

Taken

Studio

Lake Zurich,

Facts Worth

Remembering i

That for its ability to cover block of marble and a chisel, and the Local News thoroughly & Tit Bits. cleverly, all the news of the week and present the same to the public in the most entertaining manner.

The Barrington News

Is easily the best all around him. home paper you have. This is not buncombe. Watch its columns closely and when you birthday comes on Thanksgiving have any items of news send them in

Our Claim Is Well Founded

And that we have simply stated the fact. We get our greatcirculation among the thinking classes-those who, having tried all papers, take Buffalo Curier. the best-which is THE BAR-RINGTON NEWS.

Are You Reading It Regularly?

Try it for a while, and if you read our advertisements carefuly you can find where you can buy the best goods at the tle. lowest prices. The man who is a liberal advertiser is sure to be a liberal business man.

Job Work Have Your Done At Home.

Dont send it away when you can get the same work done at home at a muchless price. We are doing job work for all This picnic youth with the pale, sweet face our leading men who have had their work done in the city until we came, and they are more than satisfied with our work. Give us a trial and be convinced that we do the best work, and of all kinds.

Send in your orders and receive a prompt and neat job at a low rate. Advertising rates reasonable.

Subscription \$1,50 Per year-

Smiles

Persistent suitor-I daink, smoke, nor play cards. Dear girl-Do you think I am going to marry a freak?—Life.

An artist being, "Is sculpture difficult?" answered: "Why bless you no! You have only to take a knock off what you don't want."-

"This" said the bachelor as he for sewing on a button' "Is what is meant by a single tax."

Father—He says he loves you. but can he support you in the style you have been accustomed to?

Daughter-Even better, father dear, if you will only furnish the money; that is all that discourages

Papa—What did you learn at Sunday school to day?

Teddy-That Tommy Jones' this year, and he's going to give just a dandy dinner.

Nice Old Lady-Will you kindly tell me if the lady who writes "The Mother's Page" in your paper is in? I want to tell her how I enjoyed reading her articles "The Evening Hour in the Nursery."

Office Boy-That's him over there wid de pink short, smokin' a cigaroot - Printer's Ink.

While one can follow his own judgement in a goodmany things, when it comes to literature it is just as well to go buy the book .-

First Convict-You don't mean to say you have got a watch? What did it cost you?

Second Convict-Two years .-

"I am having great difficulty in settling a bet." "What are your circumstances!"

"I lost."-Puck.

Second husband-You needn't growl because I don't work. your first husband did was to whit-

Weary wife-Yes; but I always found shavings enough after he got through to build the fire in the morning. - Syracuse Post.

Johnson-Say, Bill, I didn't see yo' takin' up de collection las, night as usual?

Bill-No; dey dun insult me by wantin' me to wear one o' dem cash registers. - ruth.

Germany-What's the difference between Japanese and Chinese solaiers?

France-Wh'y; The Japansse are dressed to kill. While the Chinese are dressed to run.

She fell upon his neck, In wild affright shrieked he. A caterpillar she.

-Detroit Tribune

Mr. --- Can I read the NEWS when you get through with it?

Neighbor-No. You see, borrowed it from Mrs. Nextdoor and she is going to send it to her neighbor on the other side of the street when I get through.

,'I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of," Says Mrs. Hattie Mason of Clinton Carter Co., Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhœa Remedy. For sale by A. L. Waller.

opening.



Of Fall and Winter.....

Willinery Goods.

Having purchased my FALL and WINTER stock I offer for sale, at prices and styles, that will suit every one.

Call and See

My fine stock of latest style Hatsand Bonnets. Also a line of Feathers, Plumes, Buckles, Ribbons and everything in the trimming line.

.Particular attention paid to Hats trimmed to order.... Infant and Childrens

MISS DINA BAUMAN,

Hoods Made to Order. BARRINGTON, ILL.

REMOVED

TAILORING Department

To The Old PARKER Stand.

Where I Will Keep a Fine Line Of Fall and Winter SAM-PLES.

Also a Choice Line Of

Ready-made Clothing.

I Request ALL To Call and Inspect These GOODS.

Respectfully Yours.

H. Walter,

Barrington, Ill.





JUST OPENED!

A FIRST CLASS

IN THE LAGESCHULTE BLOCK.

Where I will have at all times on hand a Fresh Line of Bread, Pies, Cakes, Bunns and everything in the Bakery Line.

Ice Cream & Oysters In Season.

FIRST CLASS LUNCH AT ALL HOURS. CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

H. Butzow, - - Barrington, Ill.

LABOR PARLIAMENT.

An Important Conference to Be Shortly Held in Chicago.

The Relations of Capital and Labor to B Discussed from All Standpoints— Prominent Speakers Who Will Participate.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—The parliament of labor which has been called by the Civic federation to meet in Chicago November 13 promises to be a most notable gethering. Replies to the cir-cular letter of invitation have been reecived from a great many men of prom-inence as thinkers on economic subects, or as employers or leaders of la-bor. There is a striking consensus of opinion in favor of making the conference as practical as possible. The suggestion comes from all sides that the employers of labor and the represen-tatives of labor, as the ones best knowing the actual conditions to be met, should be brought to the front in such

The plan of the parliament is mod-eled on that of the parliament of re-ligion, so successful last year. There is to be nothing in the nature of controversy. Each speaker is to present his own views, not to antagonize or controvert those of others. There is to be the utmost catholicity tolerance and every speaker is expected to respect this tolerance. Differences of opinion are not to be allowed to appear as hos-tilities of thought. Into this parliament is to be poured the reof the individual thinkers and investigators of the country. It will form, as it were, a comparative exhibit of all that has been accomplished along the lines of the prevention and settleTHE DISPENSARY ACT.

ath Carolina Supreme Court Says It Is

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 10.—The dispensary act of 1893 was declared to be con-stitutional Monday by Justices Gray and Pope of the supreme court, Chief Justice McIver dissenting. The case upon which the decision was rendered is known as the "Aiken case," which originated in the town council of Aiken attempting to fine the local dispensers for selling liquor without license. The local dispenser applied to Circuit Judge Aldrich for an injunction restraining the town council of Aiken from fining him.
Judge Aldrich on a technicality granted the injunction against the town council of Aiken, but held that the act of 1898 was null and void, as the supreme court of the state had already so declared an act passed in 1892 al-most identical in wording and identical in effect with the act of 1893. An appeal was taken to the supreme court from that ruling of Judge Aldrich.

The question as presented to the su-preme court involved principally two questions—the decision of the lower court and the constitutionality of the act of 1893. Since the rendering of the decision declaring the act of 1892 unconstitutional the complexion of the supreme court has been changed. Justice McGowan has been retired and Mr. Eugene B. Gary, formerly lieutenant governor under Gov. Tillman, has taken his place.

Justice Gary was known to be favorable to the dispensary law when he was elected to succeed Justice Mc-Gowan. Immediately upon his taking his seat on the bench Gov. Tillman reopened the dispensaries throughout the state. He had closed them immediately upon the rendering of the adverse decision on the act of 1899

PRINCIPAL AND A SERVICE AND A SERVICE SAFETY SAFETY

THE BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY.

This magnificent structure has just been completed at a cost of something like \$2,500,000. Though now second in size, it is still first in rank among the libraries of America. It was established in 1852, though projected in 1841. The library now comprises over 600,000 volumes. Over a million books are taken out every year for home circulation, and over 700,000 periodicals are read in the reading rooms. The new library was begun in 1888. The style of the new edifice the Roman, and the St. Genevieve, the gr at library of Paris; was taken as the type. The edifice expresses in its exterior the organic character of the structure as formed by its internal somposition and arrangement, as well as its purpose as a great library. The entire building has room for at least 2,000,000 volumes.

turbances. It will be a collation of in purpose and effect and only differ the work of many men striving for the in title and minor provisions. same end by different means.

Among others who are expected to discuss various topics are the follow-

Prof. E. A. R. Gould, of Johns Hopkins university; A. H. Walcott, of the Massachusetts board of arbitration; D. J. Ryan, of the Ohio board of arbitration; Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor; Mrs. Josephine States commissioner of labor; Mrs. Josephine Shaw Lowell, of New York; Archbishop Ire-land, Felix Adler. Washington Gladden, Gov. Peck, Aldace F. Walker, Marvin Hughitt, P. M. Arthur, F. P. Sargent, Congressmen Springer, McGann and Tawney, Chauncey M. Depew, T. V. Powderly and Samuel Gompers.

A MINE DISASTER.

Wive Killed and Much Damage Done by a

Boiler Explosion.
SHAMOKIN, Ps., Oct. 13.—Five men were killed, two were fatally injured and several others painfully burned by a disastrous boiler explosion at the Henry Clay colliery at Thursday. The entire steam-supplying plant of the mine, consisting of thirtysix boilers, was totally demol-ished, and in addition to the monetary loss, which will aggregate \$30,000, the Henry Clay, Big Mountain, Sterling and Peerless collieries will be unable to resume operations for at least a month. The explosion is the worst of its kind that has ever occurred in this region, and its cause is a mystery.

WONDERFUL SHOOTING.

Phenomenal Performance by Eiliott and Carver-Elliott's World Record.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 15.-Never in the history of pigeon shooting have the lovers of the sport been treated to so wonderful a contest as was given by J. A. R. Elliott and Dr. W. F. Carver at Exposition park Friday. Mr. Elliott won by the remarkable score of 100 out of a possible 100. Dr. Carver got 99. Mr. Elliott has probably established a record with 50-yard boundaries that will never be equaled. The only bird lost out of the 200 was Dr. Carver's fourth, a black straight-away driver. Even this one, which decided the match, fell dead just as it reached the fence.

ment of labor troubles and labor dis- | The acts of 1892 and 1893 are identical

Justice Gary writes the decision of the court in the Aiken case. The court decides that the former decision was not the proper one; that the dispensary law is not unconstitutional, and that it is a proper exercise of the police power of the state in controlling the liquor traffic.

BURGLARS' BLOODY WORK. A Wife and Daughter Found Murdered in

Their Hom QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 11 .- Mrs. J. C. L. Miller and her 10-year-old daughter, wife and daughter of a wealthy farmer living 20 miles east of Quincy and 2 miles from the village of Liberty. were brutally murdered Tuesday night. There is no clew to the perpetrators, but the bloody work is sup-posed to have been done by burglars. Sheriff Vancil, of this county, upon learning of the crime sent half a dozen deputies to the scene of the murder and telegraphed Gov. Altgeld, asking him to offer the usual reward. He also telegraphed to Sheriff Jones, of Lewis county. Mo., the owner of a pack of bloodhounds, and Wednesday night Sheriff Jones and three ferocious bounds arrived in Quincy and left immediately for Liberty. There is no railroad telegraph or telephone there, and all the news is brought in by courier. Mrs. Miller was 35 years old and a beautiful woman.

Sugar Men Beaten.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 .- Judge Mc-Comas, of the district supreme court, has denied the application of the Miles Sugar Manufacturing company of Louisiana for a mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to appoint inspectors to ascertain the sugar production of the company. The object of the suit, it is understood, was to test the legality of the recent repeal of the sugar bounty provision of the McKinley law and also to lay the foundation for an appeal to congress for payment of bounty for the current

MORE TROOPS NEEDED.

Recommendations Made in Maj. Gen. Schofield's Annual Report

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.-The annual report of the major general commanding the army discusses widely the use of the military forces of the government in maintaining the federal laws against domestic resistence, and the necessity of coast fortifications for defense against foreign attack. A synopsis follows:

opsis follows:

Referring to national dangers, Gen. Schofield alludes to the recent employment of the army in suppressing domestic violence and to the necessity of concentrating at Chicago, for that purpose, of nearly all of the forces that could be made available from all parts of the country, while on the Pacific coast the navy department placed at the disposal of the department commander the naval and marine forces at the Mare island navy yard. The prompt suppression of the insurrection and the enforcement of government authority everywhere without unnecessary loss of life, was by these means, a result which would have been impossible except for the judicious disposition of the troops under officers faithful to the national interests and having profound respect for civil authority and the laws of the land. "The people of the United States," says Gen. Schofield, "may well be proud of their little army, so thoroughly devoted to the public interests."

After devoting some attention to the circum-

After devoting some attention to the circumstances under which the military forces of the United States may be lawfully employed in connection with domestic disorders and the manner in which the troops may lawfully act in the suppression of such disorders, the general says:

"It would seem unnecessary to point out the fact that any force like the militia of a state or the police of a city, acting primarily under another authority, though highly efficient in their appropriate service, cannot be made a reliable instrument for the prompt and effective execution of the laws of the United

"The country is now for the first time squarely confronted with the necessity of making adequate provision, not only for demaking adequate provision, not only for defense against any possible foreign aggression, but also for defense against domestic violence in the form of forcible resistance to the laws of the United States. A just estimate of these means of defense requires consideration of the vast extent of the United States and the great amount of property widely dispersed throughout this territory, either belonging to the United States or in such condition as to be under the material of the national government. When protection of the national government. When these facts are duly considered it becomes manifest that the present strength of the army is not adequate to the performance of the service which may at any time be required.

"It is certainly manifest that the presen condition of the country, with a population of near 70,000,000, under the danger of disorder now known to exist, cannot be met by the same force that was deemed adequate twenty-five years ago, when the population of the country was less than half its present amount, and domestic violence was not appre-

It is also worthy of remark that more than once in the last summer an infuriated mob in a single city was twice as formidable in numbers and capable of doing vastly greater injury to life and property than the most formidable combination of Indian warriors that ever con-fronted the army in this country. In other words, the army has recently been required todeal with an enemy more numerous and dangerous to the country than any savage enemy which it has heretolore been called

"The effective strength of the army should be considerably increased. This can be done at a very small comparative increase in cost. The present regimental organizations need not be largely increased. Two additional regiments of artillery for the necessary seacoast defense; two additional regiments of cavalry to patrol the long lines of railroad undergovernment pro-tection, and the present twenty-five regiments ot infantry converted into three battalion or-ganizations, would, it is believed, be a just, conservative estimate of what is now actually needed. For this the existing number of com-missioned officers is nearly sufficient. But a considerable permanent increase in the en-listed strength of the army should be made and a still surther increase authorized to be made by the president, when in his judgment an emergency requiring it may reasonably be

"It is not a good military system in which the executive has no authority whatever to in-crease the effective strength of the army in time of need, but must await the slow process of legislation for that purpose.

"In respect to the military necessities which may possibly arise out of a conflict with foreign powers it has for many years seemed impossi-ble to impress upon the people of the United States in general the view entertained by all thoughtful military students. However humil-lating it may be to this confident self-esteem it fating it may be to this confident self-esteem it is nevertheless; a simple duty to point to the great military lesson which is now being taught to the entire world. The most populous and one of the most wealthy of all the nations of the earth is subjected to the extreme humiliation and disgrace, to result possibly in the overthrow of a dynasty, at the hands of a little nation of one-tenth its population and about one-tenth its territorial area. And why is this? It is not because that great people are this? It is not because that great people are lacking in talent or general education or courage, but because they have failed to develop their military strength or resources. The relation of the United States to the great military powers of Europe now exhibits a far greater disparity in respect to preparations for war than that which has existed between China and Japan. Will the people of the United States and their representatives have the modesty to appreciate and the wisdom to profit by this lesson?

Gen. Schofield recommends the increase of the supply of modern arms for regular troops and organized militia, and appropriations for heavy armament for sea-coast defense and provision for additional cavalry for service in the territories traversed by the railroads for transportation of government troops and carrying the mails. He commends the work of the regular military establishments and approves the recent changes of law regarding terms of enlistment in the army.

BEATEN BY ROBERT J.

Joe Patchen Easily Defeated by the Great Pacer-Last Heat in 2:03 1-2.

Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 13.—The largest crowd that ever gathered at a similar event in the northwest witnessed the race between the two great pacers, Robert J. and Joe Patchen, at the interstate fair Thursday. Fully 25,000 people were on the grounds. The contest was in a certain sense a disappointment to the big crowd, as Robert J. won all three heats so easily that the result was a foregone conclusion before the second heat was half over. The time for the first two heats was 2:06; that of the third heat, 2:08%. Robert J. will go against his own record of 2:01%

PROGRESS IS SLOW.

R. G. Dun on the Situation in Trade Circles-Not Very Encouraging. NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .- R. G. Dun &

Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Business is still waiting for the develo "Business is still waiting for the development of retail trade. There is a little bette demand in some industries, but not so goo in others. Wholesale dealers in nearly albranches are halting because business doe not yet show distinctly what it is to be. Lowe prices for the great farm staples and lowe wages in some establishments, hinde purchases for consumption, while political interest and uncertainty also have some retarding influence. Meanwhile large imports and small exports of merchandise, with inadequate employment for money here, are raising the rates of foreign dise, with insdequate employment for money here, are raising the rates of foreign exchange so that possibilities of gold exports somewhat affect the stock market. The halting attitude for the moment is disturbing to those who have looked for continued gain, though rightly considered it is the natural consequence of conditions which were to be expected at this season.

"The government

pected at this season.

"The government crop reports are not greatly trusted and yet have an influence and actually exaggerate the tendency toward lower prices because they are supposed to report all the crops too low. Men calmly reckon that if the government report indicates over 400,000,000 bushels of wheat the crop must be over 500,000,000 bushels and the price is slightly lower. Corn has been stronger, for receipts are hardly a quarter and exports barely an eighth of last year, and the question is whether the actual yield, if above the government estimate, may not prove lower

the government estimate, may not prove lower than has been supposed.

"The iron industry records larger production in September than in any other month this year, but as prices are gradually weakening because of insufficient demand for finished products, some works are preparing to close or shorten time.

"The woolen mills still have numerous be-lated orders for fall goods, but the demand for spring does not increase, though in nearly all the lower priced products domestic makers ap-pear able to command most of the business that exists.

"Failures for the week ending October 4 show liabilities of \$1,714.276, of which \$805,885 are of manufacturing and \$892,391 of trading concerns. There have been 231 in the United States, against 393 last year, and 63 in Canada, against 42 last year."

BLOWN DOWN.

Eight Persons Killed and Sixteen Injured in Falling Building.

New York. Oct. 12. - While the storm which has raged here for twenty-four hours was at its height just before 4 o'clock Wednesday morning a new eight-story building at 74 Monroe street collapsed, bearing down with it the house at 72 Monroe screet and the rear extension of the building on the other side, 76. Both places were filled with sleeping tenants, who were buried under the tremendous mass of ruins. The crash of the falling walls aroused the neighbors, who, scantily clad, began the work of rescue, which was continued well into the day by police and firemen. They mined far under the bricks and beams and mortar and from the ruins they took the dead and injured

As a result of this horrible catastrophe eight persons are known to be dead, one is missing and sixteen others are more or less seriously injured. There have been many complaints that the structure was a weak and flimsy affair.

Mr. Aaronowitz, who was the owner of the new building at 74 Monroe street, was arrested during the afternoon and arraigned before Justice Hogan in Essex Market police court. In spite of the fact that Aaronowitz was charged with homicide, Justice Hogan discharged him. He, however, issued subpœnas for Aaronowitz and David Molski, the contractor who put up the building, to appear before him this afternoon and explain what their responsibility, if any, was for the

WORK OF LIFE SAVERS.

Their Record During the Late Storm Highly Creditable.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 .- The record made by the life-saving service during the recent storm is most creditable, there having been not a single loss of life where the wrecks took place within the range of life-saving stations. The following is a list of the wrecks and the number of persons saved from each by the life-savers as far as reported:

Norwegian bark Ogir, wrecked near Cape Fear, N. C., crew of eleven all saved. Schooner Lorana Reed, wrecked near Ocea City, N. J., crew of three all saved. Schooner Maria Louisa, wrecked at High-lands, N. J., crew of ten all saved.

Schooner Leonessa, wrecked near Narragan-sett pier, crew of five all saved.

Two scows wrecked near Narragansett pier, crew of five saved.

Schooner Lauracoy, wrecked near Cape Elizabeth, Me., crew of six saved.

Schooner Rosa and Adria, wrecked near Cape Elizabeth, Me., crew of six saved. Steamer Columbia, perilous position near Fairport, O., crew of seven taken off in lifeboat at 10 o'clock at night. Schooner John Wesley, waterlogged off Sagi-

naw bay, crew of seven saved.

Three schooners, names unknown, off Jerry's point, vessels and crew of eighteen saved.

Total wrecks reported, 13; lives saved, 78; lives lost, none. Nearly all the rescues were effected at night.

SWAMP LAND BURNING.

Gigantic Peat Bog Near Hornick, Ia., Being Slowly Consumed by Fire.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Oct. 15 .- Near the little town of Hornick, 20 miles from this city, the ground is burning and an area of 320 acres is covered from 6 inches to as many feet with ashes. Five years ago this land was the bed of a swamp, but has since been drained and part of it has been under cultivation, while the balance has been reserved for hav land. The fire was first discoved in June and heavy rains. since have failed to extinguish it. At times it appears to have gone out, but by prodding with pitchforks it is found to be burning beneath the surface at red heat. At other times it gives forth great clouds of smoke. An area containing about 2,000 acres is threat-

A NEW INDUSTRY.

Revelation Regarding the Future of Arid Lands in the West.

The portions of the west which years ago were considered desert land, incapable of any utility to man, have grown less and less in extent under the tient, intelligent skill of the farmer. until to-day waving green and evident prosperity reign where once the scorching sand proclaimed only a dreary waste. In western Kansas, south-western Nebraska and the Cherokee Strip, as well as Colorado, New Mexico and further west, though by no means a desert waste, the land is still menaced and harassed by protracted droughts each summer which scorch and burn vegetation and cause the farmer to despair of eking out a bare existence. To the relief of this existing condition of affairs intelligent thought and skill have come. not in the shape of revolutionizing the natural conditions but in successful adaptation to those conditions. Where heretofore the farmer has been obliged to struggle along with the discouragement of seeing his crops in part burn up, he is now promised success and prosperity. The conditions which mean failure to the raising of the customary crops proclaim life and ma-turity to the plum, prune and tart cherries, for these can be grown on plains without irrigation water. simply by intense cultivation, and these, it would seem, will be the future crops of the sections named.

On this point the president of the leading Nursery company of Missouri

"After having observed the west for some years and noticing the fruit grown, not only on a commercial scale, but trees here and there, I am convinced that there is a great future for western Kansas, southwest Nebraska and the Cherokee Strip, as well as Colorado, New Mexico and further west. in the growing of the stone fruits, chiefly plums, prunes and cherr'es: of the latter such varieties as Montana. Suda Hardy, Ostheimer, etc.. the Lombard plum, the gages, prunes, etc. Some of the advantages are, favorable climate, a soil wonderfully rich, fifteen hundred miles nearer the market than the Pacific coast, cheap land, cheap rates, cheap labor, and the greatest advantage of all, in shipping green fruit, is that it may be allowed to come to maturity instead of picking green as they do on the coast; this fruit will for the same reason sell one-third higher on the Chicago markets, as Colorado peaches for the same reason sell onethird higher on the Denver markets

than California sorts. "The plum, prune and cherry need little water comparatively; it is too much rain that makes the growth of these finer sorts hazardous and uncertain in the east. The country named belongs to the arid region. Sufficient rain falls there during the early spring to insure crops, and the one thing to do is to plant on a commercial scale. Success will follow. Half-way work and neglect will not insure success there nor elsewhere. What has been done on the plains of Colorado can be done

in western Kansas. "The apple and pear may also be grown in the same belt if enough work is done, but not so successfully, for the reason more water is required than for stone fruits which come to perfection in dry seasons. This year the plums and prunes throughout Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, in the rain belts, are coming to maturity. If there had been the usual summer rains the fruit would have rotted more or less, unless sprayed. These fruits must

have a dry climate.

"Struggling farmers of western Kansas, who are trying to grow corn burnt out with the usual annual drought, should know and realize the possibilities in the culture of these fruits. If they get a crop of corn it may net them ten dollars per acre; the stone fruit will net them several hundred dollars per acre, and a ten-acre. orchard worth more than a quarter section devoted to general farming. Think of it; try it. But start right, cultivate right, and be sure and plant the best trees, the best sorts. The majority of the failures are made from planting wrong sorts, a mistake that ought to be avoided. The annual drought that burns out the corn, is just the weather needed for maturing and insuring good crops of plums and prunes, especially for curing the prunes. Some of our friends in these very regions may be surprised to know that some of the finest fruit lands of the Pacific coast, only a few years ago, were considered a barren desert."

A Warning from the Past. "And did you have a love affair once,

auntie?" The pale face of the spinster aunt flushed, her eyes filled with tears. "Yes, dear," she answered. "I loved a noble, handsome young man, and he loved me; but we were parted by a cruel falsehood."

The young girl bent forward, listening eagerly.

"Yes," resumed the old maiden aunt in a tremulous voice; "we were parted by a cruel lie. A false friend, a girl who wished him for herself, basely told him I was studying elocution."

That night a maiden's golden tresses were put up in curl papers torn from the leaves of a volume entitled: "Twenty Standard Recitations." A young girl nowadays does not need to have a house fall on her.—Puck.

A ROPE ENDS IT.

A Desperado's Career Brought to an Abrupt Close.

While Under Bonds for Murder He Wan-tonly Kills the Sheriff of Lee County, Ky., at Beattyville, and Is Lynched.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 15.—Oscar Morton was lynched at Beattyville Sunday morning. The particulars as related by an eye witness are as follows: Morton, who was a desperate young fellow about 23 years old, killed a man named Wilson in Breathitt county several months ago. He was out on bail and came to Beattyville Saturday, where he drank considerable liquor. He did a good deal of talking about having killed one man and said he intended to kill another before he left town. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon he concluded he would go to the fair which was being held at Beattyville. He had no ticket and the gatekeeper refused to let him in. This made him very angry and he began talking loud, threatening to kill the keeper, when Sheriff William Simms stepped up and asked him to be quiet.

Without a word of warning Morton

drew a big revolver with each hand and began firing at the sheriff. The first shot struck him in the heart. One went through his arm and the third lodged in his abdomen. The officer fell to the ground a corpse. At this juncture Jailer Cort Jones rushed up with drawn pistol and demanded the surrender of the murderer. Instead of surrendering he tried to shoot the jailer, but his pistol snapped twice and the jailer be-gan shooting at him, one shot taking effect in the jaw, one in the side and one in the leg. By this time several persons had come to the jailer's assistance, and Morton was overpowered and taken to jail. The body of the murdered man was taken to his home and prepared for burial.

During the remainder of the evening threats of lynching were freely made, and when night came nearly every able-bodied man in town had decided to assist in avenging the murder of the sheriff. The news having spread to the surrounding country, a score or more of the friends of the dead man came into town to assist in the taking

off of Morton. A little after midnight the mob gathered at a point not far from the jail, and after a quiet consultation the crowd, numbering about 150 persons, marched to the prison. The best of order was maintained. Not a loud word was spoken nor a firearm discharged. Arriving at the jail the avengers were met with a peremptory refusal on the part of the jailer to give up the keys, but he was quickly over-powered and the keys were taken

away from him.

The doors were unlocked and Morton was told to come forth. He did not seem to be alarmed, but went with his captors without saying a word or uttering protests. He was taken to a bridge which spans a little creek not far from the jail and a rope was placed around his neck. The spokesman of the party asked him if he wished to pray and he said that he did. He knelt down and in a perfectly clear voice prayed to God to forgive him for the sins he had committed. The prayer was very brief and when he arose the spokesman asked him why he had killed Sheriff Simms. He replied that he had no reason to give for his murderous act and repeated that he hoped God would forgive him for

He was then taken out on the bridge, the rope tied to the end of the beam and the murderer of the sheriff was quickly launched into eternity. No shots were fired into his body and it was left for the rope alone to do its

LOST IN THE HURRICANE.

Four Vessels Wrecked and Eleven Persons Perish Off San Domingo.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .- The hurricane that passed over the island of San Domingo on the night of September 21 did considerable damage, especially at the capital Many houses were unroofed and the streets and cellars were flooded. The poor suffered greatly. The surrounding estates were much injured by the storm, particularly the plantations La Fe and Francia. The former was damaged to the amount of \$25,000. Not a single sugar estate escaped. Several small coasting vessels suffered, four being being lost. On one vessel bound from San Domingo to San Chez eleven persons lost their lives, including a German family of five, mother and four children.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

A Woman and Two Girls Killed at El-mirs, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Dorothy, aged 11, and Emily, aged 5, daughters of John N. Scatchard, president of the Bank of Buffalo and republican state committeeman from the Thirty-third district, and Miss Emily B. S. Woods, aged 30, sister-in-law of Mr. Scathard, were struck and, killed Sunday by a freight engine on the New York Central Belt line. at the Parkside crossing. The side curtains of the carriage were up, and it is probable that Miss Woods, who was an expert horsewoman, did not Lang was arrested on suspicion, but see or hear the approach of the train. after the inquest he was released.

WOMAN CONFESSES MURDER. Wife of Clarence Robinson Says She Killed Montgomery Gibbs. CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 15.—A woman

19 years old, who represents herself to be the wife of Clarence Robinson, a burglar in the county jail awaiting sentence, told the detectives a few days ago she knew who committed the mysterious Montgomery Gibbs murder in Buffalo. The Buffalo police were notified and on Saturday Deputy Superintendent Cusick arrived. Mrs. Robinson was produced, but declined to talk until they threatened to prosecute her husband for the murder when she became much agitated and declared she killed Gibbs herself. Further than this she refused to talk until she was taken to Buffalo. Robinson and the woman claim to be variety theatrical people out of work and confess there were in Buffalo when the murder was committed last April.

The motive of the crime was robberly. Robinson and his wife had been driven to desperation by circumstances, and they decided to patrol a lonely, poorly-lighted block on Delaware avenue, in the most fashionable neighborhood, and hold up the first well-dressed man who came along. Montgomery Gibbs happened to be the man. There was a low hedge fence near the spot where he was shot, which was the next door to the home of a man who had long been under suspicion for the crime, but who established an alibi. Gibbs probably allowed the couple to approach close to him. If he had any suspicions they were probably allayed by the fact that the man was accompanied by a woman. He made a strike at the robber when asked for his valuables, and the two men grappled with each other. The woman, who was dressed in men's clothing, then took a hand, and forcing herself between the men she placed her revolver to Gibbs' head and pulled the trigger. He fell with-out a groan and must have died instantly, the shot fired by the woman being the fatal one. Husband' and wife then stooped over their victim and began to relieve the dead man of his valuables. At that moment they heard the sounds of hurrying footsteps and Robinson and his wife dashed away and across the street. Still with the idea of robbery in their minds they did not leave the immediate scene of the murder. Making a detour of a block they came back to the opposite side of the street on which Gibbs' body lay. As they came opposite they say a man leaning over the body, and compre-hending that robbery was now out of the question and fearing detection they returned to their rooms. Soon after the murder was committed they left Buffalo and came to Cleveland where they resumed their nightly prowling till arrested for committing a burglary.

Bert Snyder, an inmate of the county jail, gives the above account as the details of a story told him by Robinson in a burst of confidence. Robinson will be more closely questioned in an effort to make him confess the crime. Mrs. Robinson was taken to Buffalo and officers are on their way here after her husband.

ATTACKED BY CHINESE REBELS. Two Mandarins Killed and Government Buildings Stormed.

LONDON, Oct. 15 .- A dispatch from Shanghai dated Sunday confirms the report that rebellion has broken out 100 miles from Hankow. The rebels were fairly armed and very reckless. They attacked the government buildings, which were feebly defended by loyal troops. The latter were defeated, many of them were killed and others joined the rebels. Two mandarins were killed. The province is almost denuded of troops and the rebels are daily gathering strength. It is expected that they will advance on Woo-Chang, province of Hoo-Pee, of which Hankow is the capital. The garrison at Woo-Chang has gone to the coast and the place is therefore practically defenseless.

OYSTER SUPPLY DECREASES. Maryland's Crop Has Fallen Off Nearly a Half in Fourteen Years.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 15 .- The oyster dredging season on the Chesapeake bay opens this week. The supply has fallen off nearly one-half in fourteen years. What was one of the largest industrial interests in the state has declined, for want of a system of cultivation, like that in New England, which has proved so successful. In 1880 the Chesapeake bay was supplying 17,000,000 of the 27,-000,000 bushels of oysters consumed in one year by the people of the United States. Now it does not furnish 10,-000,000 bushels. The natural beds in some places have been scraped clean.

A VETERAN'S FATE.

Murdered and Robbed of His Pension Money at Alton, Ill.

ALTON, Ill., Oct. 15.-Harrison W. Harris, aged 58 years, was murdered and robbed early Sunday morning. He was last seen in Dawson's saloon Saturday night about 11 o'clock in company with Paul Lang. Harris' body was found back of Dawson's saloon and he had evidently been struck in the head with some blunt instrument. He drew his pension money Saturday and had between \$50 and \$60 on his person before he was murdered.

of eight coaches well loaded with pleasure seekers, a large proportion of them being women and children, pulled out on time. As the train approached the crossing of the Northeastern tracks Engineer Hanley brought the train to a stop and whistled, as the law requires. He then gave the signal to go ahead and proceeded across the track of the Northeastern.

excursionists to points in Saint Tammany parish, was booming along its tracks and with a shrill shrick from its whistle for "down brakes" it crashed into the sixth coach of the Louisville & Nashville train. The collision threw a crowded coach completely into the ditch, while the attacking engine was derailed and buried its nose several feet in the soft

train were uninjured except for the shock of the collision. Those on the other train, however, were hurled into the ditch by the collision, and eight-een of them were badly hurt. The greatest indignation and anger prevailed among the witnesses of the collision against Engineer Simpson, who had ruthlessly disregarded the law requiring him to stop and had caused the frightful wreck. Simpson escaped to the swamp.

PLOTTERS CAPTURED.

A. R. U. Men Arrested for Causing a Fatal Wreck.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15 .- Four members of the American Railway union have been arrested by Mooney & Boland's railway detectives on warrants charging them with murder, train robbery and conspiracy to rob trains. The principal charge against them relates to the wrecking of train No. 6, the Atlantic express on the Chicago & Grand Trunk road at Battle Creek, Mich., July 16, when the fireman, Thomas W. Crowe, was killed and nearly a score of persons more or less seriously injured. The wreck was caused by the removal of a fishplate, thus loosening a rail and ditching the train. The men are Stanley J. Knowles, John Bodewig, George W. Johnson and Ernest Jewett.

All of these men had been in the employ of the Chicago & Grand Trunk road. The wreck occurred at 2 o'clock on the morning of July 16, when the great railroad strike was practically lost. The Grand Trunk's trains had been tied up near Battle Creek for several days, but had resumed business a few days before. American Railway union meetings were being held every day in Battle Creek and incendiary speeches were the rule rather than the exception.

Knowles and Bodewig in their confessions say all the men interested were members of the American Railway union and that the plan of wrecking the train was made in and about the meetings held by the men in the midst of the excitement incident to the strike. The men claim they were induced to do the deed by the incendiary speeches made at the meetings.

LEFT NO TRACE.

Men Who Held Up a Train in Virginia Make Their Escape.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.-Not the shadow of a tangible clew to the identity of the men who accomplished the remarkable feat of train brigandage in Virginia Friday night has yet come to light. The little town of Quantico, which consists of half a dozen houses, almost isolated from civilization, was overrun with detectives Sunday-officers from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. There are almost as many theories affoat as there are detectives. It is now thought that the robbers secured at least \$150,000. The rewards offered for the apprehension of the bandits are considered small in view of the importance of the case and the amount of money said to have been taken.

THREE DROWNED.

Lives Lost by the Capsizing of a Cathoat Off Coney Island.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 15.-About 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon a catboat containing four men was struck by a squall off Coney Island and capsized. The accident was witnessed by a number of persons on shore, and John and Daniel Bailey, of Coney Island, immediately started to the rescue in a small boat. They succeeded in rescuing one of the party, who was clinging to the overturned boat, and brought him ashore in an uncon-scious condition. He was finally resuscitated. He said that his name was Walter Booth, and that his companions who were drowned were Frank Me-Intyre, James Ford and Frank Britton, all of New Brighton.

A CARELESS ENGINEER.

Smash-Up in Which Eighteen Persons Are Hurt.

New Orleans, Oct. 15.—Engineer Simpson of the East Louisiana railroad is responsible for a frightful accident that occurred Saturday morning at the crossing of the Louisville & Nashville and the Northeastern roads about 2 miles from where the Louisville & Nashville road leaves Elysian Fields street, an accident that will in all probability result in at least one fatality, while eighteen passengers on the Louisville & Nashville railroad received severe injuries.

The Louisville & Nashville "across the lake" excursion train, consisting

The East Louisians train, carrying

mud.
Passengers on the East Louisiana

ABSOLUTELY

PURE.

JILISON says the girl whose adorer tells her he loves every hair in her head will be fooled if she thinks he won't kick like a bay steer if he should happen to find any of them in the biscuit after they are married.—Buffalo Courier.

A MAN who used to keep a cigar store recently went into the butter business. He staggered his first customer by asking if he would have it "medium, mild or strong."—Credit Lost.

It is a pity that mirth is not as contagious as misery.—Milwaukee Journal.

THE MARKETS. NEW YORK, Oct. 15. \$3 50 @ 5 00 1 50 @ 3 25 5 90 @ 6 25 LIVE STOCK-Cattle..... Hogs 5 90 @

FLOUR-Minnesota Patents 3 10 @
City Mills Patents 4 00 @
WHEAT-No. 2 Red 551/2@
No. 1 Northern 663/4@
CORN+No. 2 551/2@
October 531/2@
OATS-No. 2 311/2@
RYE 49 @ PORK—Mess New
LARD—Western
BUTTER—West'rn Creamery
Western Dairy
CHICAGO
BEEVES—Shipping Steers Cows.
Stockers.
Feeders.
Butchers' Steers. All Hurl 100 60 @120 00
POTATOES (per tu.) 50 6 66
PORK—Mess 12 85 @ 13 12½
LARD—Steam 7 65 @ 7 70
FLOUR—Spring Patents 3 20 @ 3 50
Spring Straights 2 20 @ 2 60
Winter Patents 2 80 @ 2 90
Winter Straights 2 40 @ 2 60
GRAIN—Wheat, No 2 Red 51 @ 52
Corn. No 2 49½@ 49¾
Oats. No 2 23½@ 28¼
Rye, No 2 47¼@ 48
Barley, No 2 53½@ 55½
LUMBER—
Piece Stuff 6 00 @ 9 25 Barley, No. 2 53%@ 55%

LUMBER—
Piece Stuff 6 00 @ 9 25

Joists. 12 00 @ 12 50

Timbers 10 00 @ 11 00

Hemlocks. 6 00 @ 6 25

Lath. Dry. 1 40 @ 1 70

Shingles ST. LOUIS

CATTLE—Texas Steers \$2 50 @ 3 10

Native Steers 2 20 @ 4 70

HOGS. 5 00 @ 5 40

SHEEP 2 00 @ 3 80

Feeders 2 25 @ 2 65

HOGS. 4 50 @ 5 15

SHEEP, 2 50 @ 3 10

Officially reported, after elaborate competitive tests made under authority of Congress by the Chief Chemist of the United States Agricultural Department, Superior to all other Baking Powders in Leavening Strength.

The most Careful Housewife will use no other.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

"Parker uses a great deal of cologne, its seems to me. Awful bad form!" said Hawkins. "It would be in you," said Hicks, "but it's family pride with Parker. He comes of old colognial stock."—Harper's Bazar.

You may safely love all men, but you may not safely tell all men so—unless you have left your purse athome.—Young Men's Er



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy. Syrup of Figs. emedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kid-neys Liver and Bowels without weekneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is man-ufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

***** If It's a Sprain, Strain, or Bruise Will Cure It

WISE ADVICE



THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

THE BARRINGTON NEWS. J. B. COYKENDALL, EDITOR-

LOCAL NEWS.

-S. Peck visited the city Wednesday.

-I. C. Dobler visited Chicago, 411. Monday.

from Chicago.

-Chet Persell spent Sunday with his parents.

-Wm. Dawson returned from of us, the premises for sale. Texas Saturday.

dee, Wednesday.

-Rev. T. E. Ream took a trip to Elgin this week.

-Mark Bennett, of Chicago, called here Monday. -Every body and his dog went

out sniping Sunday.

into the Thiece house. The croquet players are fixing

up the Otis grounds." -A. L. Robertson made a flying

trip to Chicago Saturday. -M. Clark, of Wanconda, was on our streets Sunday.

-Geo. Spinner, of Evanston, was seen on our streets Sunday.

-J. M. Thrasher made a business trip to Chicago Thursday.

-H. Golding, of Wauconda, was on our streets Thursday.

-Don't fail to read the display ad of Miss Baumans this week.

-Mrs- J. K. Bennett finished moving to Woodstock this week

-M.C. McIntosh made a busi- home to molest them, ness trip to the city Tuesday.

was a pleasant caller Wednesday.

- Peters and Hanson flid a rush-

-Another big drop in the price of carpets at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

-H. Thomas, of Lake Zurich. transacted business here Friday last.

H. T. Pixley was the guest Mr. and Mrs. Hill one might this week.

A. W. Meyer & Co., are selling a gents tine shoe for \$1,35 a pair.

-Mrs Gillaman, of Hanover, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lageschulte.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. John Wesolowiskey, a daughter, Sunday Chicago Tuesday and purchased. evening.

-Mrs. John Page, of Deer Grove visited Elgin friends on Monday.

-Mrs. Kennicott, formerly of Barrington, called on friends here recently.

-H. Branding and L. Clifford, of Lake Zurich, was on our streets Monday.

-Twenty-two pounds of granulated sugar for \$1 at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

-The sale of Mrs. Bennett's Saturday, was well attended and goods sold well.

-Miss Marguerite Kimberly was calling on Barrington friends Wednesday.

-C. J. Schmidt and wife, of Elgin, were the guests of Mr. and ing machine that has the Rotary Mrs. Dobler Sunday.

-Wm. Spriggs sold his market Co. stand to Wm. Peters, who sold it again to Lageschulte.

son here during the past week.

EXECUTORS SALE.

We the Executors of the estat of G. A. APPLEBEE having had the property of said estats, lying in the Village of Barrrigton, Surveyed and laid off into Lots and caused the same to be Platted and Re--A. L. Waller spent Sunday at corded under the title of APPLE-BEES SUBDIVISION In the Village of Barrington, Lake Co., We most respectfully announce and offer for sale any and

-Miss Anna Krahn has returned all of said lots including the one where Mr. Townsend now lives, also 76 acres of timber land. And will with pleasure show, any and all parties who may call on either

I. W. KINGSLEY and A. K. -John Schwemm visited Dun- TOWNSEND, Executors.

Barrington, Ill., August 1st. 1894.

Every mother should know that croup can be prevented. The first symtom of croup is hoarsness. This is followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough remedy is given freely a soon as the child becomes hoarst -J. M. Thrasher has moved or even after the cough has developed it will prevent the attack. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. L. Waller.

> -Don't fail to attend the grand Republican Rally at Stott's Hall, Oct. 25, 1894. The speakers are as follows: Hon., Geo. Foss, Col. Stemming, Geo. Struckman, Jas. Pease, Phil. Knophf and Wm. Thieman, Republican nomences for various offices. Come everyhody.

-Thieves broke into the house Barrington Acc. ar. 7:25 p m, " of Mr. Lewis, Elfrink's at Deer Grove, last Sunday afternoon and helped themselves to clothing and other articles to the amount of about \$30, and made good their escape as there was no one at

-The wise housewife use's A. H. Hillman, of Lake Zurich, W. Meyer & Co's... fancy patent flour, \$, a sack.

-Our Village was chuck full of Menowince ing business on oats Monday night. Republican nominees Tuesday morning looking up their enterests in the political field and shaking hands with triends.

> -When in want of any TILE go to Plagge & Co's., and examine the celebrated Joliet tile. The best in the market. Size from 3 to 12 inches. The best is always the cheapest.

\$10 REWARD.

Is offered for any information leading to the arrest of the party who pulled up the tence, at the Zion church, Friday evening, Oct. 12, 1894.—By order of Trustees.

-Miss Dina Bauman visited her fall and winter stock of Millinery goods of the latest styles and paterns. Call and see them.

-A. W. Meyer & Co., received another new lot of Ladies Jackets, price's very low.

-FOR SALE. -80 cords of best second growth full 4 ft. cord wood. Will deliver in quantitiet to suit at once, Inquire of, J. W. Bennett, Lake Zurich, or M. C. McIntosh, Barrington.

-Conductor Shipman is spending a week's vacation at Suamico, Wis., shooting duck. Conductor Giles is runing in his place.

firm of Conner & Harrower, of Waukegan, spent Sunday with his brother, W. T. Harrower.

-The Standard is the only sew-Motion, sold by A. W. Meyer &

-Mrs. Benj. Neuman, an em-Mrs. W. Harrower, of Wan- ploye of the Boston Store, Chicago, kegan spent several days with her visited her parents North of town Sunday.

WE ARE ALL GOING TO



For First Class Wines, Liquois and

BARRINGTON STATION.

North Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. ar. 8:20 am, Sunday Ex. Minnesota Pa. " 9:13 a m, " Menowinee Pa. "10:30 a m, Daily. Barrington Acc. ar. 12:10 p m. Sun'y Ex. 3 p m, Sunday only. Woodstock " " 5:02 p m, Sunday Ex.

Watertown Pa. 6:12 p m, " 7;55 p m, Daily. 8 K p m, Sunday Ex.

Dakota Pa Barrington Acc. ar. 12;50 a m Daily.

South Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. Lv's 6.10 a m, Sun'y E 6.55 a m. " Woodstock Acc." 7.56 a m, Daily. Berrington Acc. Lvis 9, M. Sund y E.

Barrington Acc. " 12. 25 p m, Daily. 3.08 p m, Sun'y Ex. Barrington Acc. " 4. 25 p m, " onl " 5.02 p m, Daily. 8. 30 p m, Sun,y only Barrington Ly's 8.35 p m Sun'y only

INCREASE YOUR INCOM

L. A. POWERS, Agent.

Seed your orders in grain and provisions to us. We ex ecute or iers in grain in 100% bushells and upwards on mar gin of ONE CENT per bushel Frompt service. Low commision. Market letter free Write us for instructions. "How To TRADE."

PERKINS & CO. 214 Railto Bldg. Chicago.

-Hon. Judge Burrett, of Watconda, was on our street: Monday.

-Wm. Hobein is all smiles now over the arrival of a to 1-2 pound boy, Wednesday morning.

-Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Decker spent a few days in Michigan, looking for location, this week.

□=A. W. Meyer & Co., will close out their Boy's suits at cost. | Secure these bargains. -The Northwestern pay-car

passed through Wednesday after unloading part of her wealth.

-Hansen & Peters hauled 15 -Mr. P. I. Harrower, of the hunters to the river Saturday night that arrived on the midnight train. George Otis. Miss Sodt. Guy

> Fisher and Miss Dawson took a pleasure drive to Elgin Sunday. -Go to I. C. Doblers for News

Boy tobacco and receive a fine

photograph with each plug. -Herman says that he would just as soon hitch up horses in day-time as to be routed out at

midnight.



For the Best

MENS, BOYS,

LADIES,

MISSES and CHILDREN'S

SHOES.

IN LACE; CONGRESS AND BUTTONS.

Tans,

Chocolates,

Patent Leathers

or Plain



~-- GO TO~-

B. H. SODT & SONS.

Boots and Shoes, Clothing

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BARRINGTON. ILL.

E. M. BLOCK.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

thre & Upholstering.

Furniture

Repairing

PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.



UNDERTAKING FMIAIMING

All goods positively sold at Chicago prices. My line consists of BED-ROOM SETS, MATTRESSES, WOVEN WIRE SPRINGS, all kinds

PICTURE FRAMES, CHAIRS, TOILETTE and CENTER TALLES and the

celebrated household SEWING MACHINES. E. M. BLCCK,