

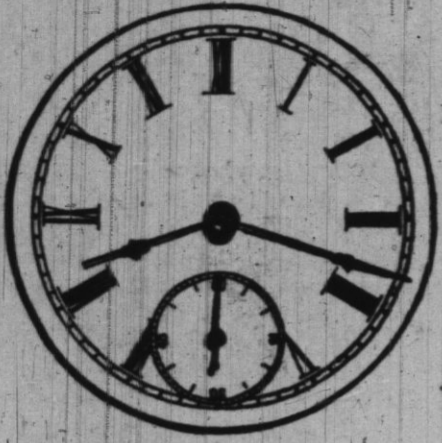
BARRINGTON NEWS.

VOL. 1. NO. 20.

BARRINGTON, COOK CO., ILL., SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1894.

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SPRING LAKE.

Milo Heath visited Elgin Sunday.

John Suchy is repairing his windmill.

Miss Louisa Schultz is working for William Gibson.

No. Way Back is not dead, he has only been on a spree.

Charlie did you try John's receipt for whetening your knife.

L. Hai. ht visited Dundee and Carpenterville, one day last week.

The Masons have nearly completed the wall for August Kleins new barn.

If you are fond of dancing you must come to Spring Lake, or Algonquin.

J. Growf is building a new barn, and A. Smith has his completed. We wonder when the dance will be.

Dame Rumor has it that the condensing factory will stop next week unless a supply of coal can be obtained.

Clint what makes you look so now a days, has your beloved gone back on you, or what is the matter.

Algonquin's road commissioners with a gang of men, and the road scraper have been grading the roads in the vicinity.

Mike if we were you we would take a different girl to the next dance instead of the one you took to the last dance, she was too much for you.

WAUKEGAN.

Is it warm enough for you?
Tramps are every day callers here.

Nothing much will be done in this city on July 4th.

Mr. Walter Harrower took a trip to Lake Zurich Wednesday.

This is the kind of weather that makes the girls spend money for soda water.

Miss Emiline Carter has returned from school in Pennsylvania.

The Policemen have begun to catch the dogs that have no license. It is hoped that Waukegan will be minus about a hundred dogs before long.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Conner returned home Monday. Mr. Conner and Mr. P. I. Harrower expect to start in business in this city soon.

Mrs. James Hobbs is to build and furnish an Orphanage at Lake Bluff, which will be in charge of the Methodist order of Deaconesses. It will contain eighteen rooms with accommodations for seventy five, and will be built this summer.

It is expected that there will soon be lots of work in town as there are eight new stores to be built besides lots of repairing.

The Epworth League, of the M. E. Church held a social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. N. Neiber-gall's Tuesday evening. There were many there and of course they all had a good time.

Turnmen Wilkinson, the Belt Line brakeman who was burned by oil died Tuesday night. There was a car of Naptha in the train and it is supposed that the jarring of the train caused the leak. Mr. Wilkinson was going along with his lantern and fire started and exploded the tank. He suffered such terrible agony that he begged some one to kill him to relieve the pain. He has a wife and child in Joliet.

LABOR CONDITION.

It is a serious offset to the pleasant news of the return to work on Monday next of 151,000 miners that the Ohio operatives threaten to prolong their strike, and still more serious is the rumor that some hot-headed leaders of the Knights of Labor propose a strike of all the organized dobies of labor throughout the Union. Such a strike would be of the kind known as "sympathetic." That is to say, it would not be for the purpose of securing higher wages or better conditions to the workmen called out, but for the purpose of creating such a stagnation of business, which means entailing so great suffering on all parts of the body politic and social, as shall compel the employers of the workmen on strike prior to the inauguration of the universal strike to make such concessions as the leaders of the labor organization may demand. In plain words the object of the proposed universal strike would be to demonstrate that "Labor is King," and to enthrone it.

This will never do. This is not a country of kinsmanship, as certain persons who once believed that cotton was king found out. Labor is neither king nor subject in the United States. It is the condition of a large body of citizens who are a minority of the whole. No dictation of any class—laborers, preachers, capitalists, or lawyers—will be tolerated in this country. It will be resisted to the death. No organization, nor any conclave of organization, will be permitted to decree an embargo on all the trade and manufactures of the country. No minority will be permitted to impede or prohibit the free production and movement of domestic products necessary to the life or comfort of the majority.

We do not believe that the projected universal strike will be seriously discussed by the great labor conference now in session in St. Louis. We solemnly and kindly assure the trades union that no more suicidal movements could be made than one in the direction of a universal strike. There is not an industry that cannot be carried on by men who are not unionists, and an attempt to prevent all trades and manufactures from progressing by non-union aid, after all union had been refused, would be resisted by all the force at the command of the Nation.

Depressed as the condition of American labor now is it still is the best condition in which labor exists throughout the world, and it shares the condition of depression with all classes of society. When times mend, which will be when intelligent labor aids all other intelligent forces in the firm and perpetual reestablishments of the doctrine of protection to American industries, the condition of labor will improve in equal step with the conditions of all other parts of the public body. But any attempt toward forcible assertion of the falsity of the kingship of labor is sure to be met with just such resistance as would be offered to any forcible assertion of the kingship of capital.

The three barrels of apples in the Chicago market were cornered last week, and the bulls had their own way. People who had not cared for an apple before suddenly were hungry for apples.

LAKE ZURICH.

Hot! Hot!! Hot!!!

Give us rain and less dust.

Wm. Phrem is on the gain.

Don't grumble about hard times.

Hurrah for the 4th, Zurich will celebrate.

There was only a small attendance at the dance.

Al R. Ficke has another pneumatic safety bicycle.

Albert Wolf is having a new residence built.

Fred Greber had a new barn erected on his farm Monday.

To keep cool, eat ice cream and try the McGinty act in the lake.

Peter Seip, the blind boy, has returned from Jacksonville.

Eddie Green and mother are visiting friends in Chicago.

H. Schwerman recently had the misfortune to sprain his ankle.

August Pepper was adjudged insane and taken to Elgin Monday.

Mrs. F. Wilke and Miss L. Clipper are visiting relatives in Minnesota.

A new house is being built on the bank of the Lake by Chicago, parties.

The colored barber found that his gal was not appreciated and took a sneak.

The families of C. L. Hokeymier and Wm. Eichman Sundayed at River View.

Don't forget the glorious Fourth at Lake Zurich. See large poster and programme.

James Dymond recently had a large job of hay pressing done by Half-day parties.

Editor Mullen of the Wauconda Leader, and H. C. Paddock of the Independent, were on our streets Saturday.

H. Hillman expects to move in to his new house soon. Mr. Happe will occupy the house vacated by him.

Among those who visited the city this week we noticed C. L. Hokeymier, Al R. Ficke, H. Seip, H. Phrem, H. Schwerman, H. Branning and H. Schultz.

Hustler.

CARY

Miss Sime has returned to her home at Hebron.

Miss Julia Brown spent Sunday with friends at Woodstock.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Raue, of Nunda visited S. Browns' Sunday.

A number of our citizens attended the ball game at Algonquin Saturday.

Miss Jennie Boomer has returned to Janesville.

Geo. Arps and Will Thompson of Valpariso, Ind., are visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. McNett have moved to Depere, Wis., and will make their home there.

Misses Mattie and Anna Nish are visiting friends at Baraboo, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spencer, of Janesville Wis., attended the funeral of Wm. McNett, Monday.

Miss Bertha Weaver and Miss Laura Wilber of Chicago, visited friends here Sunday.

WHEN

IN NEED OF ANY WATCH, CLOCK or JEWELRY REPAIRING Remember That

J. M. THRASHER.

The
BARRINGTON JEWELFR,
In the Post Office will do you good work. Prices as Low as the Lowest.

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→ **PARLORS.**

Next door to Post office.

I Guarantee Good First-class Work in Every Particular and Best Material.

LADIES HAIR-DRESSING a specialty.

Laundry Office

in connection.

WHEN IN WANT OF A first-class livery team call on

.....**HANSEN & PETERS**.....

First-class conveyances always on hand. Horses boarded by day or week.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

C. B. OTIS.
DENTAL & **PARLORS,**

First-class Work Guaranteed At Reasonable Rates....

BARRINGTON, ILL.

For the Next

60 Days

You can get One Life-like Crayon Portrait and Frame and One Dozen Cabinet Photographs for \$5.50

—AT—

W. W. BENEDICT.

Also Water Colors, Pastels and Solar Prints solicited.

BARRINGTON, - ILLINOIS.

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Tonsorial Parlor

Also Dealer in

CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES,

and a Fine Line of

FRUITS AND CANDIES

always in stock.

—A First-class—

—o— **LAUNDRY OFFICE** —o—

in connection. —o— Give him a call.

MILLINERY STORE

I have at all times a Fine Line of Millinery, Wedding and Mourning Goods.

Also a Nice Assortment of Ribbons, Trimmings, Flowers, etc.

HATS PRESSED, CLEANED AND DYED TO ORDER.

My prices are as low as the lowest. Call and judge for yourself.

Miss Dina Bauman,

BARRINGTON, ILL.

H. T. ABBOTT

BARRINGTON, ILL.

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

FINE TOILET SOAPS,

BRUSHES, COMBS, ETC.

Perfumery and Fancy Toilet articles in a great variety.

Cigars and Tobacco.

PURE BRANDY, WINES

and **LIQUORS** for Medicinal Purposes.

Physicians' Prescriptions Accurately Compounded.

ENFORCING DEMANDS.

Desperate Men Resort to Desperate Measures.

Wood Runs as a Result of the Strike—Militia Has Its Hands Full—The Mob in Complete Control at McKeesport, Pa.

OUTWITTED BY THE MINERS.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 7.—Early Tuesday morning the militia in the Sullivan county mining district learned they had been outwitted and that five cars of coal had been stolen from them by strategy. Early in the morning the captured coal was burned on a branch road to the Alum Cave coal mine.

Bloodshed in Illinois.

PEORIA, Ill., June 7.—Strikers to the number of several hundred on Wednesday charged the mine of E. Little & Co., a short distance from Wesley City, drove the workmen away with loss of life and limb, and completely destroyed the plant. The trouble which culminated in the tragedy has been anticipated for a long time.

The killed and wounded are: Ed Bloomer, killed; shot through the neck; Jas. Little, fatally injured; Wm. Dickson, fatally shot, has since died; Peter Little, eye shot out. Others of the miners were injured, and several strikers were undoubtedly wounded, but they were removed by their friends before their identity could be estab-

lished. The mine is a complete wreck. All the buildings have been destroyed by fire.

The trouble was the outgrowth of threats which have been made for a long time. The Little mine is one of the most prominent in this section and supplies its entire output to the Peoria & Pekin Union Railroad company, a contract being made by the year. This mine refused to suspend at the time the great suspension was ordered, April 21. The miners were getting what they desired and announced that they would remain at work, come what might. The strikers immediately began making threats and have visited the place, compelling the men to quit work. The Littles were determined to continue operations, and purchasing a number of rifles placed them in the tower of the building, fully 30 feet high, and commanding a fine view of the mine. Recently the strikers again visited the mine, but at the sight of the arms fled precipitately.

Engineer Killed by Strikers.

BRAZIL, Ind., June 9.—William Barr, engineer of freight train No. 1 extra, west-bound on the Vandalia road, was killed at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon by being hit on the back of the head by a large stone thrown from a mob of strikers. Conductor W. J. Harshman was badly hurt and one brakeman was slightly injured, being hit by a rock.

Strikers Shot Down.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., June 9.—Fighting is in progress on the Ohio side at Kenova bridge, the Norfolk & Western railroad structure, guarded for several days by a large force of deputies. Two men have been killed and four wounded. The guards on the bridge were compelled to shoot into a crowd of men who approached suspiciously from the Ohio side. A miner says the killed were John Kessler and an Englishman named Redmond.

Will Stop Coal Traffic.

ASHLAND, Ky., June 8.—The organized miners of this district, in session near Kilgore, decided to use force, if necessary to prevent the further delivery of coal to local mills and furnaces. The warnings will be sent out at once and will likely be respected.

The strikers have obtained three large cannons, two of which were used by the Homestead strikers two years ago and the other from Duquesne. They were planted in a commanding position on the river bank about 200 yards apart and manned by eight men each. It is definitely known that at least one of the guns is heavily loaded with railroad iron. The position is such that the guns can be trained on the Riverton bridges and the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston and Pittsburgh

McKeesport & Youghiogheny railroads. The men at the guns have orders to fire if any attempt is made to bring deputies into the city. The excitement over the situation is intense.

At 2:30 o'clock 6,000 strikers carrying pit lamps left here for Duquesne, bent upon destruction. When the mob reached Duquesne it had increased to 8,000 strikers and sympathizers. With yells they attacked the Duquesne tube works, drove all the men at work out of the plant, drew the fires and ran the hot metal from the furnaces out on the floors. The reason the strikers gave for their actions was that the works were using "black sheep" coal. The assault was witnessed by thousands of spectators thronging the summits of surrounding hills.

Geher Is Captured.

PEORIA, Ill., June 11.—John L. Geher, leader of the striking miners in the attack on the Little mine Wednesday, was arrested at 2 a. m. Friday at his home at Edwards Station. Geher is district president of the Mine-workers' union and was a democratic member of the legislature from Peoria county six years ago. He has always counseled peaceful measures and advised against attacking the Little mine, but when the men voted to go he went with them and led in the attack.

Armed Mob at Brazil.

BRAZIL, Ind., June 11.—Much excitement prevails in this city over the appearance at the county jail of a crowd of armed men, claiming they came to

prevent violence to the prisoners arrested charged with complicity in the murder of Engineer Barr.

IN ROYALTY'S HOME.

V. M. C. A. Delegates Inspect Windsor Castle—Adjournment.

LONDON, June 9.—At the invitation of Queen Victoria, the delegates to the international V. M. C. A. conference visited Windsor Castle, and were conducted through the historic building and grounds by a number of gentlemen-in-waiting, also being served with light refreshments in a tent erected in the great park. All of the private grounds attached to the castle were, for the first time in its history, thrown open for public use and inspection.

Before returning to London the delegates held a farewell meeting at which addresses eulogistic of the queen's courtesy were delivered by representatives of every country in the delegation.

John Wanamaker proposed that a message be sent to President Williams. The motion was carried with enthusiasm. Howard Williams, thanking the assembly on behalf of his father, said that happily his father's illness was not of a serious nature, and he hoped to meet them all again three years hence; Rev. Dr. Cuyler pronounced a benediction and the conference was declared dissolved.

TROUBLES OF A TRUST.

Receiver Named for a Concern Which Controls Property Worth Millions.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Chancellor McGill, of New Jersey, has appointed Asa M. Dickinson receiver for the Union Warehouse company, which is the corporate name of the big warehouse trust. This trust controls all the big stores and warehouses on the Brooklyn water front from Fulton street to the Erie basin. Its property is worth millions of dollars in the aggregate. Along with the assignment of the trust came the news of the failure of E. B. Bartlett & Co., who are practically the same as the trust.

WON THE DERBY.

Lord Rosebery's Wonderful Colt, Ladass, Victorious at Epsom Downs.

LONDON, June 8.—Lord Rosebery's good colt Ladass won the 115th derby at Epsom Downs, and the premier's prediction made in 1871—that he would marry the richest heiress in Europe, be prime minister of England and win the derby with his own horse—has been fulfilled.

Ex-Judge John M. Broomall, whose speech in congress on the civil rights bill has become a classic, died in Media, Pa.

MORE BLOODSHED.

Another Battle Between Officers and Coke Strikers.

It Occurs at Lemont, Pa.—Three Men Are Killed and Another Is Fatally Wounded—Strikers Burn Bridges in Ohio.

SHOT DOWN.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 11.—The bloody and riotous scenes of a few weeks ago are being repeated throughout the coke region and terror reigns on every hand. A fierce battle occurred about 9:30 Sunday forenoon between deputies and strikers at the Lemont mines of the McClure Coke company, located 3 miles north of here, in which one man was shot dead and three others fatally injured, two of whom have died since and another will die within the next twenty-four hours. All are Slavs and strikers from the Lemont plant, where the conflict occurred.

The battle was one of the fiercest in the history of the strike, about fifty volleys being fired. The strikers had assembled, nearly 400 in number, and had in their possession four workmen from the Valley plant of the H. O. Fricke Coke company, whom they had captured Saturday afternoon and were holding prisoners at the company houses. A posse of deputy sheriffs under Matt Allen attempted to rescue the workmen and were fired on by the strikers, who were well armed with revolvers, clubs and stones. This precipitated the battle, which lasted fifteen minutes. Volley after volley was fired at a range of only 75 feet, and the shots were fired to kill. The deputies were all armed with Winchesters and revolvers, while the strikers were equipped with nearly fifty revolvers. In addition to those killed and wounded by bullets from the Winchesters the clothes of the deputies were shot full of holes and several of them were badly injured with stones and clubs.

The dead are still lying in the road where they fell. Hundreds of persons were there all day looking at the bodies and the scene of the battle. Twenty-five deputies are now in possession of the grounds and are making wholesale arrests of the strikers who participated in the trouble.

MARSHILL, O., June 11.—There are indications that the lawlessness stamped out by the military on the southern division of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad is about to crop out at this point, 92 miles from the seat of the original difficulty. The miners are assembling here very rapidly, 600 now being present. They have out pickets and warn off all outsiders. Inflammatory speeches are being made. They have adopted a resolution calling upon railroad operatives to refuse to handle non-union coal and another denouncing Gov. McKinley for having called out the militia.

Early Sunday morning an attempt was made to blow up a bridge 1 mile north of town. Two dynamite cartridges were used, and the report shook the city. The work was clumsily performed and little damage was done. One cartridge was found unexploded. The charge was sufficient to have accomplished the object twice over. Obstructions were placed in switches and on crossings. Near Midvale a bridge was burned by 300 strikers Sunday morning. Traffic was suspended four hours in consequence. The miners captured the bridge guards and did their work methodically. One of the guards escaped and they shot at him.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., June 11.—Fifteen coal companies met the Iowa mine workers here Saturday and reached an agreement which restores rates in the Centerville and Des Moines districts so far as this meeting can do it. No Des Moines nor Centerville operators were present. The scale is to be the same as in 1893 and is to stand to April 1, 1895. No men were to be blacklisted for having struck.

It is ordered that all miners in the state shall return to work commencing Wednesday, June 13, at all mines willing to resume on the agreed basis. The Paul Whitebreast Fuel company was a leading factor in bringing about the result. Fifteen coal companies, headed by the Whitebreast company, are found on the list.

MICHIGAN VILLAGE DESTROYED.

An Area a Mile Wide and Five Miles Long Devastated in the Lumber Regions.

MARQUETTE, Mich., June 11.—Destructive forest fires are raging in the neighborhood of Nestoria, 50 miles west of here. Two bridges on the West Shore road, near here, were burned late Saturday, stopping traffic to Duluth, and a hard fight was necessary to protect the company's property at Nestoria. The burning district covers an area 1 mile wide and 5 miles long, and the destruction to timber must be enormous. Similar big fires extend southward at intervals for many miles. Sagola, a lumbering village of 400 inhabitants, was completely wiped out Saturday night and a freight train on the Milwaukee & Northern passing through there was set on fire and several cars burned. Only the most meager reports can be received, as in many places wires are down and travel suspended entirely.

WATCHED BY TROOPS.

Invading Strikers Held in Check at Pana, Ill.

PANA, Ill., June 11.—The critical point in the coal miners' strike here is expected to be reached this morning when the employes of the mines go to work. Should the strikers attempt any interference the First regiment, which arrived here Sunday from Chicago in obedience to orders from the governor, has instructions from Adj. Gen. Orendorff, who arrived from Springfield at noon, to shoot to kill. If the chance is offered, and many prominent citizens think it will be, it is expected the coal troubles will be brought to a head and the anarchistic elements silenced here. The impression among the officers of the First regiment is that there will be little if any trouble and many think a call to arms highly improbable.

Wonderfully changed is the situation here since the First regiment arrived from Chicago early Sunday morning. Up to that time all was excitement in and around this town, guards of citizens were carrying rifles and shot-guns, patrolling the streets and the surrounding country and stationing pickets at possible points of attack. Rumors of angry mobs of anarchists, Huns, Poles and Italians coming to attack the town from all quarters placed everyone in such an excited frame of mind that no effort was made to ascertain the truth. Reports were to the effect that the mobs were carrying arms of all kinds, powder, dynamite and bombs, and the town might be blown up at any moment. The town council was called into special session, women and children were ordered indoors and martial law prevailed. All this is now changed. The advent of the troops had such a quieting effect that from all outward appearances a casual observer would hardly suspect such excitement had prevailed but a few hours before.

The striking miners were quietly resting in the camps formed at several points outside the city limits. Reports vary as to how many are encamped, some placing the number at 200 and others at 500. The former number is probably nearer correct. These men, 150 at Pope's grove, forty at the water pumping works, and twenty-five to thirty miles west along the Big Four road, seem to constitute the army of 2,000 reported as marching towards Pana. Reports still come in that 200 men are 5 miles south. They are said to come from Centralia, Hillsboro and surrounding towns, but the alleged mobs are not yet in sight. Those that are in existence have toned down considerably since the soldiers gathered, and all looked peaceable lying under the shadow of their chosen camp ground trees. They deny any intention to do violence and only request a conference with the men at work in the mines. The question of wages does not seem to be involved in the matter except as a pretext. The Pana strike is termed a "sympathy strike" and not a contest between capital and labor as far as labor is concerned. It is to help McBride elsewhere.

Sheriff Johnson says he has 250 deputies and can count on 200 in an emergency. Sixty of them have rifles and 100 of them have shotguns. He considers the situation serious. The miners of the country are looking for the fight to be lost or won here, he says. He fears the action of the 250 strangers among the local strikers, and also expects trouble this morning. He says had not the troops been called out the town would have been in a state of anarchy and in possession of a mob before now.

PEKIN, Ill., June 11.—With two companies of militia and fifty armed deputies Sheriffs Frederick and Berry succeeded in capturing twenty-three of the strikers engaged in Wednesday's riots. They were brought to Pekin and lodged in jail with the others previously arrested. The sheriffs and their forces visited Wesley City, Pottstown, Edward Station and Kingston.

BRAZIL, Ind., June 11.—There are now twelve suspects under arrest in the Barr murder case. All were placed under \$300 each save Rankin and Booth, whose bonds are \$1,000 each. Nine gave bond, but the rest are in jail awaiting trial.

BASEBALL.

Games Won and Lost by Clubs of the Leading Organizations.

The following table shows the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball league so far this season:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Baltimore	24	9	72
Boston	25	14	64
Pittsburgh	24	14	63
Cleveland	22	13	62
Philadelphia	22	13	62
Brooklyn	21	15	58
New York	19	19	50
St. Louis	18	21	46
Cincinnati	13	22	37
Chicago	11	26	29
Washington	11	28	28
Louisville	10	28	26

Western league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Sioux City	25	8	76
Kansas City	22	13	63
Toledo	22	14	61
Minneapolis	20	15	57
Grand Rapids	18	22	45
Indianapolis	15	24	38
Milwaukee	10	28	26
Detroit	9	27	25

Western association:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
St. Joseph	21	11	66
Rock Island	19	12	61
Omaha	17	14	54
Lincoln	16	15	51
Peoria	16	16	50
Jacksonville	15	17	46
Des Moines	13	20	39
Quincy	10	22	30

A CLOUDBURST.

It Causes Great Devastation in Fraser River Valley.

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 9.—A terrible cloudburst occurred up the Fraser river at Lytton. It swept the railroad for 9 miles from the sawmill flats, where the approaches to the government suspension bridge on the old Cariboo road were carried away. The iron bridge at Ashcroft and the Canadian Pacific railroad bridge near Spencer Station were also swept away.

A messenger from Nelson reports that Kaslo, B. C. was swept almost entirely out of existence Sunday by a flood and wind. It is said the wharf and stores were carried into the lake and that several persons are missing. No particulars are obtainable. The telegraph wire is down and trains are not running.

The people of Wharlock told numerous tales of wholesale havoc and ruin. At Hatzic two houses and a store floated out toward the steamer, but the people of the town never spoke, never moved, and they were too desperate to ask for assistance.

A newspaper correspondent, who has returned from a trip above Port Haney, on a rescue steamer, reports a terrible state of affairs in the upper river. Herds of half-starved cattle tied on rafts with no one to guide the journey of the insecure craft were seen. Two houses tied to swaying rafts glided by. Families were at the doors with excited faces, but apparently safe.

At Sumas the greatest suffering was reported. Many requests for assistance were made. As the steamer swung out of Sumas a band of Indians were seen holding a barbecue. An ox had been dragged from the river and the half-starved red men were devouring it. At Chilliwack City nothing can be seen but the tops of the houses. The entire population met the steamer at the foot of the principal street.

COXEYITES DROWNED.

Industrials Traveling East by Water Over-taken by Disaster.

DENVER, Col., June 11.—At least fifteen members of the Denver contingent of Coxeys' army lost their lives by drowning in the Platte river Thursday night.

The industrials started on Thursday with about 300 men who had taken passage in twenty-six boats, which had been built of light material by the Coxeites here. The storms had greatly swollen the streams, and a very high wind made navigation extremely dangerous. The first boats to arrive at Brighton made no report of the dangers they had passed through, and it was late at night before reports of trouble began to come to this city. It was McKay's bridge that caused the most trouble. The flood poured under it with the speed of a millrace, and there, hidden by the stream, were barbed wires stretched across to prevent the passing of stock under the bridge at low water. The wire caught many of the boats and overturned them.

TO MEET ON THE FOURTH.

Call for the Convention of the National Reform League in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 8.—A call has been issued by the National Reform league for a mass convention to be held in this city on the coming Fourth of July to inaugurate measures for "restoring peace, concord and prosperity to the inhabitants of the country by readjusting its affairs upon its time-honored principles of liberty, justice and equality." The call suggests "the propriety of all the various organizations being called together by their respective officers to meet for a great common good, upon one common ground, and agree upon a platform, concise, brief and to the point, that the people may choose between the English idea of government, or that instituted by our illustrious forefathers." The call declares that "the paramount necessity at this time is patriots to preserve and perpetuate our republican institutions."

Perished by Fire.

RANSOM, N. D., June 7.—John Louden, a monomaniac from an attack of the grippe, and a recent inmate of the Jamestown asylum, from which institution he was discharged about a week ago, jumped from an upper window and made his escape to a barn, of which he was the owner. He closed himself in and fired the building, perishing in the flames.

Bill Dalton Dead.

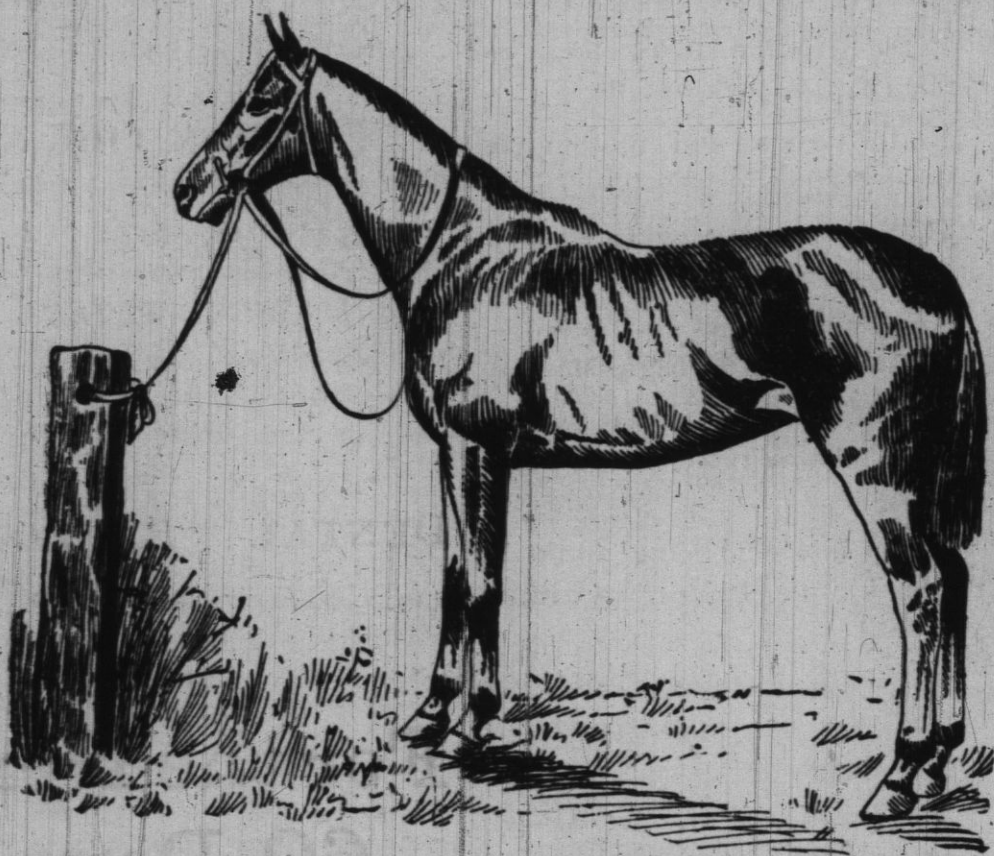
ARDMORE, I. T., June 11.—Bill Dalton, the noted outlaw and leader of the Longview bank robbers, is dead. Deputy marshals had surrounded the robbers. Dalton attempted to escape but was shot and instantly killed by an officer.

Town Washed Away.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 7.—Ruby City, Wash., 10 miles below Conconully, has been wrecked by the flood. No loss of life is reported. From the destroyed town for a distance of 25 miles to the Okanogo river nothing is left, where there were many valuable ranches.

The National Grange.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 9.—The special committee of the Illinois state grange has perfected arrangements for the annual convention of the national grange of the United States, which will be held here commencing November 14 and lasting ten days.



"LADASS," Lord Rosebery's Three-Year-Old Colt, with which the Premier Won the Recent Derby at Epsom Downs.

FARM AND GARDEN.

DESTRUCTIVE FUNGUS.

Many Orchards Are Being Destroyed by the Black Knot.

The black knot is the worst enemy with which plums and cherries have to contend. In many sections, especially in the east, large sections of the country have been given up to the ravages of this pest, while in Michigan many valuable orchards have been entirely destroyed.

The time has come when most large plum and cherry-growers are posted on this fungus and are seeking its suppression with tireless energy. The mass of small growers, however, are indifferent or careless as far as the black knot is concerned and watch its development on their trees with little or no concern. Some of the states have recognized the seriousness of this pest and have enacted stringent laws providing for its destruction. However, some of the states as well as the great mass of smaller fruit-growers in many localities, treat this fungus with criminal indifference.

The spores (Fig. 1 shows a sprouted spore greatly magnified) from the black knot are spread by the wind to healthy trees where some of them lodge and lose no time in entering the tissue of the tree. When once established in the bark the fungus grows unnoticed the first year, spreading through the green layers of the bark.



BLACK KNOT.

The following spring it causes a swelling in the affected parts, and in a month or two the swelling becomes much enlarged and the bark broken. Over the injured surface of the bark the parasite spreads in the form of numerous threads—that later give rise to spores—which impart to the whole bunch a green, velvety appearance—Fig. 2.

The spores, each supported on a stalk, soon developed on the bunch (Fig. 3, represents a few of them greatly magnified), where they ripen and are blown by the wind in every direction.

In the fall a black crust forms over the knot, containing numerous bunches—Fig. 4—each of which contains numerous spores developed in several oval bodies called spore sacs. Fig. 5 shows a sac with spores greatly magnified. In the latter part of the winter the spores escape from the sacs and pass into the open air to help carry on their work of destruction. These, like the summer spores, lodge on the bark of healthy trees and produce more knots which go through similar stages as described above.

The fungus, if not destroyed, will often remain in a tree for years, and thus while sapping the very life of its host, is continually putting out myriads of spores. The fungus not only absorbs much of its sap, but in turn it often girdles the affected twigs or limbs, thus destroying them entirely.

The black knot has been seemingly checked by washes of turpentine, kerosene, sulphate of copper or tincture of iodine, but experience has proved that the safest way is to cut off the affected parts and burn them. Where the trunk of a valuable tree is affected, it is sometimes cured by cutting off the bunches and applying sulphate of copper or tincture of iodine to the exposed parts and then cover with a thick coat of any oil paint.

All plum and cherry trees should be carefully watched and the knots cut off with the affected twigs several inches below the point of affection. Bunches that may be overlooked in the summer should be carefully sought out and burned when the leaves have fallen in the fall, thus preventing the winter output of spores.

Too many careless fruit-growers have half realized the danger of permitting the black knot to go unchecked, and have cut off the affected parts, throwing them on the ground, in which case the fungus is left alive to do an indefinite amount of damage. The only safety lies in burning every infested limb as soon as it appears. This applies to the various species of wild plums and cherries no less than to the domesticated varieties.

Delay in attending to the black knot is hazardous in the extreme. True, a few years may pass with seemingly slight advance in its ravages, but it may be like the calm that precedes a pending storm, for, by virtue of its spasmodic nature, this fungus is likely to burst forth at any time in a deadly attack that ceases not to destroy until every plum and cherry tree over

the fated area has been ruined.—Charles Benjamin Cook, in Farm, Field and Fireside.

GARDENING FOR WOMEN.

A Successful Employment Recently Developed in London.

A practical and eminently successful employment has been developed in London for women in the shape of a gardening association. It is under very fashionable patronage. Such philanthropic people as the countess of Malmesbury, Lady Hamilton and Lady Lubbock are among its officers, and it has a well-organized bureau on Lower Sloane street, and does business all over London. There is no reason why similar organizations should not flourish in all large American towns.

The Gardening association contracts for the care of conservatories, window boxes, balconies and gardens by the year or season or month. Plants are also loaned out on hire.

All orders are entirely executed by women, a man being employed for digging, conveying soil, laying gravel, training high outside climbers, and the like. The association also undertakes the care of graves in the cemeteries of London. It supplies whatever plants may be required. When necessary, it replants the graves twice a year. An excellent point in connection with this particular branch of the work is that the prices are made as reasonable as possible in order to bring the benefit within the reach of persons in all circumstances.

Another department of the work consists in taking temporary care of the plants belonging to persons who are leaving town. For this purpose the association uses its own conservatories.

Cut flowers are also supplied to families. Every variety of floral decoration, bouquets, wreaths, crosses, etc., are made up quite equal to any similar work exhibited by first-class florists.

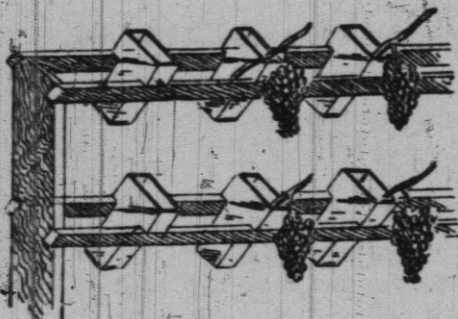
The secretary is always at the bureau, ready to supply estimates and to discuss any particulars relating to orders. The business, in fact, is energetically pushed. It sends out a charming little prospectus artistically gotten up on rough paper with light green ink.

In reply to some inquiries the secretary said that although the work necessitated a good deal of stooping and fatigue it was generally considered pleasant by the women, even if not particularly light. It entails early and late hours, and much running to and fro. Still those who have tried it say they find it a much healthier and brighter occupation than many others open to women.—S. W. Selfridge, in St. Louis Republic.

KEEPING GRAPES.

A Contrivance Very Popular with Some Growers in England.

Glasses, such as shown in accompanying illustration (taken from Gardening Illustrated) are used by some growers in England to keep grapes. The receptacle is made of clear glass, and, having a wide mouth, water can



KEEPING GRAPES.

be easily added from a small watering can as required without the trouble of taking it down or removing the grapes. The weight of the bunch will press the immersed end of the stem against the upper side of the bottle and so prevent its slipping out. It is always best to leave about eighteen inches of stem beyond the bunch when the grapes are cut, as otherwise the berries are apt to crack through absorbing too much of the water when first stored. It is well also to cut off the immersed end about once in three weeks to maintain a free passage for absorption.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES.

By gathering and burning all limbs and twigs removed from trees in pruning a great many insects will be destroyed.

KEEP the soil in the orchard clean, mellow and well cultivated through the spring and summer for the first three years.

By recent experiments it has been shown that the Moore's early grape is not dependent upon foreign pollen for fertilization.

COLD storage increases the demand for many of the fruits by extending the season during which they can be supplied while fresh and in good condition.

As a general thing the skins of fruit are infested with germs or microbes. The bloom of some fruits is made up of germs. The skin protects the fruit from their action but if the skin is bruised or broken the small organisms get inside and cause the fruit to decompose. It is best to remove the skin before eating the fruit, for the microbes will be carried down into the stomach where they usually find conditions well suited to their development.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Won't Do.

It won't do to give in,
While still we're a-livin'
An' sunshine is bright on the slope;
When troubles are pressin',
Jest think o' some blessin',
An' hold down the pathway with Hope!

It won't do to double
The measure o' trouble
By givin' in under the rod,
While sweet birds are singin'
An' sunrise is bringin'
A smile from the Heavens o' God!

—Atlanta Constitution.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

A MISTAKEN IDEA.—She was reading over the column of marriage notices. "It can't be true," she said, "that marriage is a lottery." "And why not?" asked the young man with her. "Because there is a law against advertising lotteries, and look at this," she replied, handing the paper to him.—Detroit Free Press.

Hidden Shoals Wreck Strong Ships.

The good bark health, with the brave mariner's hope at the helm, is drifting on concealed reefs if you are troubled with inactivity of the kidneys. Shift your course by the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will pilot you into the harbor in safety, and save you from Bright's disease, diabetes or dropsy. The Bitters checks malaria, rheumatism, dyspepsia and liver complaint.

SHE.—"Why don't you propose to some girl?" He.—"I've done that twelve times already." She.—"Well, why not once more?" He.—"I'm superstitious about thirteen."—Life.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 11.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$4 00 @ 4 85
Sheep.....	3 00 @ 4 50
Hogs.....	5 00 @ 5 55
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 40 @ 3 85
Winter Patents.....	3 25 @ 3 35
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	61 3/4 @ 63
Ungraded Red.....	59 @ 61
CORN—No. 2.....	45 1/2 @ 45 3/4
Ungraded Mixed.....	42 @ 43
OATS—Track Mixed Western.....	48 @ 48 1/2
RYE—Ungraded Western.....	56 @ 58
PORK—Mess. New.....	13 25 @ 13 50
LARD—Western.....	7 00 @ 7 05
BUTTER—Western Creamery.....	14 @ 18
Western Dairy.....	10 @ 14
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers.....	\$3 50 @ 5 10
Cows.....	1 00 @ 3 25
Stockers.....	2 65 @ 3 40
Feeders.....	3 20 @ 3 90
Butchers' Steers.....	3 30 @ 3 75
Bulls.....	2 00 @ 3 00
HOGS.....	4 30 @ 4 87 1/2
SEEP.....	2 01 @ 4 65
BUTTER—Creamery.....	13 @ 17
Dairy.....	10 @ 15
EGGS—Fresh.....	10 1/2 @ 12
BROOM CORN.	
Western (per ton).....	30 00 @ 55 00
Western Dwarf.....	45 00 @ 65 00
Illinois Good to Choice.....	45 00 @ 70 00
POTATOES (per bu.)	
PORK—Mess.....	11 90 @ 11 95
LARD—Steam.....	6 57 1/2 @ 6 60
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	3 20 @ 3 50
Spring Straights.....	2 20 @ 2 30
Winter Patents.....	2 80 @ 2 90
Winter Straights.....	2 45 @ 2 60
GRAIN—Wheat, Cash.	
Corn, No. 2.....	57 1/2 @ 59
Oats, No. 2.....	42 @ 43
Eye, No. 2.....	47 1/2 @ 48
Barley, Good to Choice.....	50 @ 54
LUMBER.	
Siding.....	16 00 @ 23 00
Flooring.....	35 00 @ 37 00
Common Boards.....	14 50 @ 14 60
Penning.....	13 00 @ 15 00
Lath, Dry.....	2 50 @ 2 60
Shingles.....	2 60 @ 3 15
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Texas Steers.....	\$2 50 @ 4 00
Stockers and Feeders.....	2 55 @ 3 50
HOGS.....	4 45 @ 4 70
SHEEP.....	3 00 @ 4 50
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	\$3 00 @ 4 80
Feeders.....	2 90 @ 3 50
HOGS.....	4 40 @ 4 60
SHEEP.....	3 00 @ 4 50

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake?

It is conceded that the Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest of all the baking powders.

The purest baking powder makes the finest, sweetest, most delicious food. The strongest baking powder makes the lightest food.

That baking powder which is both purest and strongest makes the most digestible and wholesome food.

Why should not every housekeeper avail herself of the baking powder which will give her the best food with the least trouble?

Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

Certain protection from alum baking powders can be had by declining to accept any substitute for the Royal, which is absolutely pure.

REGGY WESTEND—"Haven't seen you in Lunnun lately." Pelham Manor—"Just been down to Chester for a few days. Duke of Westminster's place, ye know." Reggy Westend—"Yes, I know. Capital dinners they give one at the inn there, don't they?"—Puck.

Tourist Excursion Tickets

At reduced rates are now on sale, via The North-Western Line, to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Deadwood, Dakota, Hot Springs, Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou, Salt Lake City; Yellowstone National Park and all the lake and mountain resorts of the West and Northwest. For rates and full information apply to agents of connecting lines. Illustrated pamphlets, giving full particulars, will be mailed free upon application to W. A. THRALL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago & North-Western R'y, Chicago.

BARBER—"If my plan was adopted, there would be no more bald heads." Customer—"I have tried a number of preparations and they are all humbugs." "My idea can't fail." "What is it?" "Wear a wig."—Texas Siftings.

WANTED IT VERIFIED.—He—"I heard a fellow say the other night that he thought almost anyone could kiss you." She—"The wretch! Did you knock him down?" He—"No. I thought I would call and see you about it first."—Brooklyn Life.

THEY MUST GLEAM.—Stage Manager—"What is delaying the performance?" Prompter—"The villain is out of tooth powder, and he swears he will not go on without being properly made up."—Truth.

THE ONE THING NEEDFUL.—"Have you sufficient confidence in me to lend me five dollars?" "Yes, certainly I have the confidence. But I haven't the five dollars."—Truth.

CHOLLY—"Have a stick of chewing gum, ole chappie!" Fweddle—"Naw, thanks. My physician says I have got to quit my blawsted dissipating."—Chicago Tribune.

"It may be easy to read a woman like a book," says the Manayunk philosopher, "but you can't shut her up as easily."—Philadelphia Record.

SONGS OF THE NIGHT.—French Teacher—"What are the Chansons de nuit?" Scholar—"Cat calls, I guess."

"CAN a man serve two masters?" inquired the pastor of the mild-eyed deacon. "He has to, sometimes," confessed the deacon. "I think not." "You never had boy twins at your house, did you?" inquired the deacon, softly.—Detroit Free Press.

"I MAY not be able to elevate the stage permanently," muttered the highway robber, "but you bet I can hold it up for a few minutes every day."—Buffalo Courier.

Do you men in the dry west want to go back and make hay as they do in Rhode Island?—Rural New Yorker.

THE people who wish they were dead are awfully careful, we have noticed, of what they eat.—Atchison Globe.

RHEUMATIC PAINS are greatly relieved by Gienn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

THE man who works his jaws never has time to labor at any useful occupation.—Boston Gazette.

ADVERTISING is a sovereign remedy for dull times.—Troy Press.

CALLED BACK

to health, every tired, ailing, nervous woman. The medicine to bring her back is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If she weak, run-down, and overworked, that builds her up; if she suffers from any of the distressing derangements and diseases that afflict her sex, it corrects and cures.

Department of Photography, U. S. Artillery School, Fortres Monroe, Va.

DR. PIERCE: Dear Sir—My wife cannot speak too highly of your "Favorite Prescription." It having completely cured her of a serious womb trouble of long standing. She took five bottles altogether, and she has borne a large, healthy child since. There has been no return of the complaint. She only wishes every poor, suffering woman should know of the inestimable value your "Favorite Prescription" would be to them, and thanks you, gentlemen, from the bottom of her heart, for the benefit she has received. Yours very truly, EDWARD F. F. SARGENT.



READ A FACT. TAKE A HINT.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction Wherever Tried.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

A. N. K. A. 1504 3 WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this page.

THE BARRINGTON NEWS

By THE NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

J. B. COYKENDALL, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year.....\$1 50
Six Months..... 75
Three Months..... 50

Advertising Rates made known upon application.

Entered at the Postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 16

We have at last received our press, which we have long waited for, and are now prepared to do all kinds of work in the printing line—from a visiting card to a 1600 page book. We will do good work at reasonable price.

We wish to say to those who have been waiting for us to get a press before they subscribed for the News to call and see us. Come and subscribe for a first-class local newspaper, one that is printed and edited all at home and one that we will do all in our power to improve as we grow older.

LAUNSBURY LODGE No. 751.

Meets at their hall the second and fourth Saturdays of each month. L. A. Powers, W. M.; H. A. Sandman, S. W.; C. H. Kendall, J. W.; C. B. Otis, Treas.; A. T. Ulitsch, Sec.; F. B. Bennett, S. D.; J. P. Brown, J. D.; A. Gleason, Tyler.

BARRINGTON POST No. 275, G. A. R., Department of Ill.—Meet every second Friday in the month at Abbott's Hall. L. E. Runyan, Com.; G. W. Johnson, S. V. C.; Wm. Humphery, J. V. C.; A. Gleason Q. M.; A. S. Henderson, O. D.; L. H. Bate O. G.; Henry Reuter, Sergt.; Chas Senn Chap.

A. W. A. CAMP 809.—Meets first and third Tuesdays in each month at A. Meyers' Hall. F. F. Hawley, V. C. P. A. Hawley, W. A.; John Robertson, B.; M. T. Lamey Clerk; Wm. Aatholts, W.; J. M. Thrasher, E.; H. P. Askew, S.

W. R. C. No. 85.—Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays in each month. Mrs. Lucy Townsend, Pres.; Miss Allie Meyer, Sec.

The National Guard and State militia will not have to go on a picnic this year. They are getting experience in a tougher school than life in the woods on dress parade.

It is good to have "a vacation" in the schools and colleges, but the thing people most want to "take a vacation" is Congress, and the fool thing runs right along.

Governor Flower's veto of the bill defraying the expense of the committee to investigate Tammany frauds was a capitol ad. People had not before seemed to think it amounted to much.

The only way to find out the sweetest sugar Senators will be to boil them down and "stir them off to the Dutch standard." Some of them would make a yield that would astound all "raisers of cane."

The strikes have placed many of our leading industries in bad quarters and they are compelled to close their works for the want of coal to run their machinery with. It is high time that something is done.

General Coxe is at last released from his cozy lodgings at Washington. He has paid the penalty for treading on the forbidden grass at the Capitol, and again has possession of his blooded steed. We wonder, will the "General" resume his position with the band of followers, and try it again.

Honor Roll.

Of the Barrington High School for Weeks Ending

Neither absent nor tardy.

- Frank Bailey.
- Bennie Frey.
- Rex Henderson.
- Willie Kirby.
- Herman Mundhenke.
- Herbert Plagge.
- Theodore Rahn.
- Bennie Schroeder.
- Leonard Volker.
- Lester Webster.
- Arthur Catlow.
- Paul Kampert.
- Willie Runyan.
- Ethel Austin.
- Alta Powers.
- Iva Robertson.
- Ethel Kitson.
- Rosa Lageschulte.
- Jennie Landwer.
- Lee Comstock.
- Iryin Landwer.
- Albert Wolf.
- Mary Ernst.
- Mary Jahn.
- Clara Lageschulte.
- Beulah Otis.
- Myrtle Comstock.
- Lizzie Jacobs.
- Henry Antholz.
- Henry Brinkampf.
- Samuel Nacher.
- Bertie Maynard.
- Louis Rieck.
- Louisa Pingle.
- A na Schoz.
- Cora Jahnke.
- Ida Nacher.
- Carrie Wessel.

AVINA MYERS,

Teacher.

Present every day.

- Fred Palme.
- Dennis Schroeder.
- Julius Landwer.
- John Mundhenke.
- Charles Wagner.
- George Kirby.
- Samuel Peters.
- Willie Hatje.
- Herbert Kampert.
- Charlie Maynard.
- Arthur Kampert.
- Frank Catlow.
- Charles Catlow.
- George Meier.
- Lydia Sott.
- Ruth Myers.
- Lena Thies.
- Bernice Hawley.
- Fydella Elvinge.
- Jennie Lines.
- Emma Hake.
- Vivian Comstock.
- James Hutchinson.
- Henry Schulz.
- Charlie Schulz.
- Anna Jahn.
- Florence Peck.
- Lulu Rieke.
- Alma Stefenhoefer.
- Enima Jahn.
- Henry Vulf.
- George Landwer.
- Edna Church.
- Ethel Church.
- Ella Hatje.
- Ella Nacher.
- Rosa Volker.
- Minnie Rochow.
- Laura Catlow.
- Frank Foreman.
- Herman Krett.
- Bertie Staack.
- Emma Lavine.
- Emma Brinkampf.
- Emma Pomeroy.
- Charlie Wagner.
- Fred Hobein.

MISS FRYE,

Teacher.

Present every day.

- Walter Lageschulte.
- Arthur Gleason.
- Willie Krahn.
- Fred Loco.
- Reuben Plagge.

- George Beinhoff.
- Grace Freeman.
- Rosa Landwer.
- Laura Wessel.
- Alvin Meier.
- Luella Peters.
- Clara Kampert.
- Chris Scharf.
- Ida Hutchinson.
- Mable Cannon.
- August Meyer.
- Iva Runyan.
- Will Mundenke.
- Ezra Suhr.
- Lotta Palmer.
- Luella Plagge.
- Lewis Comstonk.
- Willie Kreuger.

MISS MOPRIS,

Grammar Room.

Neither absent or tardy.

- Floyd Harnden.
- Walter Harnden.
- Karl Volker.
- Albert Krett.
- Ezra Meyer.
- Gertrude Kitson.
- John Sizer.
- Laura Reike.
- Bessie Decker.
- Carrie Meyer.
- Emma Meyers.
- Flora Nelson.
- Grace Otis.
- Laura Kampert.
- Martha Kampart.
- Myrtle Runyan.

MRS. W. D. TEEPLE,

Teacher.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

For week ending June 13th.

James B. Hobbs trustee to Gertrude L. Barton and Alice J. Cass: Lot 19 blk. 137 So., Waukegan. \$200.

James B. Hobbs trustee to Rose A. Emmons trustee: 30 lots in So. Waukegan.

Carl E. Saylor and wife to Rose A. Emmons trustee: 8 lots in So. Waukegan.

James B. Hobbs trustee to Rose A. Emmons trustee: 17 lots in So. Waukegan.

Carl E. Saylor and wife to Thos. Wilkinson: Lot 32 blk 49. So. Waukegan. \$1,000.

Peter McDermott and wife to Ernst Kinkerk: Undivided 1-2 of 22 feet of lot 7 blk. 18 Waukegan. \$2,500.

Franklin W. Gause and wife to N. T. Douglas: Lot 32 blk. 32 So. Waukegan \$300.

C. Frank Wright and wife to Isbn S. Gleason: Lot 3 blk. 4 Wrights add. to Libertyville. \$213, 46.

Cyrenius A Newcomb to Amelia J. Connell: Lots 23 and 24 blk. 77 So Waukegan. \$504.

Isabella J. Chinn and husband to John Westphal: 5 acres in sec. 18 in Antioch. \$575.

Mrs. N. T. Douglas to Franklin W. Gause: Lot 28 blk. 106 in So. Waukegan. \$1.

Calla I. Coale and husband to Johnson S. Prall: Lots 10, 11 and 12 Pralls Ft. Sheridan subd. \$675.

Almon B. Rice and wife to Burgess T. Huson S E 1/4 S E and 30 acres off W side S W 1/4 S W 1/4 sec. 35 in Grant. \$400.

Jennie M. Ford and husband to Caroline Terry: SE 1-3 of S W 1/4 sec 31 in Warner. \$3,500.

Arthur C. Thomson and wife to Wm. J. Obel: Lot 14 blk. 5 High-and Park. \$550.

John Muirhall and wife to Theodore H. Durst: Part lot 1 blk. 3 Lyon & Hutchins subd. to Waukegan. \$900.

Devillo R. Holt and wife to Magnus W. Hanson: Lots 16 and 17 blk. 1 Holts subd. Shields. \$500.

Robert G. Evans and wife to James E Brown: Lot 12 Evans subd. to Highwood. \$800.

John C. Vickerman to John Hironimus: 80 acres in Fremont.

Louisa M. Russell and husband to Simeon Russell: Part of N E 1/4 S W 1/4 sec 8 in Antioch. \$2,500.

LANDWER & HOBEIN,

—DEALER IN—

Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes,

And General Merchandise

IF PROMPT AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT AND LOW PRICES WILL PLEASE YOU, GIVE US A CALL.

Fresh Bakery Goods, Choice Groceries

Barrington, Illinois.

Watch this space next week for something interesting.

The Home Question:



"What shall we do with our Walls?"

IS EASILY ANSWERED IF YOU CALL AND EXAMINE THE LATEST THINGS IN

ARTISTIC

WALL PAPER,

— AT —

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Beautiful Papers, suitable for Halls, Parlors, Dining Rooms at 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 12 1-2 cents per roll and upwards.

We are in a position to take care of the Wall Paper trade, and can save you from 10 to 25 per cent.

WINDOW SHADES.

We handle ONLY the Best Quality and Makes of the different grades of shade material.

WE make a specialty of making shades in special sizes for residences.

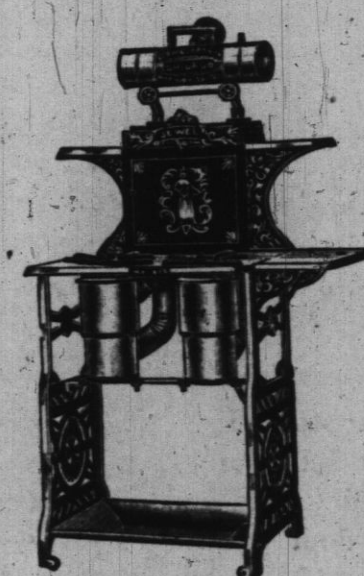
We believe in small profits and Large Sales.

WE STUDY YOUR INTERESTS AT ALL TIMES.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

In asking you to purchase a "Jewel Stove" we offer the following pertinent returns for your money:



A Stove that has a horizontal tank with a separate flow into each valve and the most necessary improvement in connection with a Process Stove—a tank valve that is easily and quickly removed for cleaning.

The needles are made of German silver; a sight feed, so that the gasoline may be seen as it drips. Furthermore, it is the handsomest and most perfect stove made. Call and examine at

H. D. A. GREBE, Barrington, Ill.

HARDWARE.

CASH BARGAINS

At Cash Prices and guaranteed to be from 10 to 30 per cent. less than the average dealer pays.

At the Dundee Cash Store of C. F. Hall. Cash talks. Credit is a failure, and the Cash Store of C. F. Hall gives you the benefit.

We open this week what is practically to us and to you an entirely new spring stock—prices lower, manufacturers must sell, jobbers and commission men are unloading their surplus stock and odds and ends, and as usual we get the merchandise and you get the benefit. We have this in large quantities and ample for all. Please note the prices: Standard made 4-4 sheeting 4 cents; No 1 sheeting 5 cents; good bleached sheeting 6 and 7 cents; Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale, bleached, 7 1/2 cents; standard apron gingham 4 cents; best standard dress gingham, elegant styles, 6 cents a yard; outing flannel 5 cents a yard; Domet flannel 5 cents a yard.

LADIES JACKETS, CAPES AND SUITINGS.

We have just received and placed on sale our annual purchase of odds and ends, sample garments and sample pieces of a leading cloak manufacturer, at less than 40 cents on the dollar of the original cost. The stock aggregates in childrens, misses and ladies garments, 958 garments. An immense stock, but we made an offer on the lot and took them. We offer Ladies capes at 69, 79 and 98 cents; worth \$200, 225 and 325; fine and elegant line of sample capes, only one of a kind, \$129, 169, 179, 189, 269, 298, 369 and 469, garments that cost to manufacture from 3 to 10.00 each. 369 childrens and misses jackets at less than cost of cloth or of the making. We offer childrens jackets at 69, 89 and 98 cents. \$129, 169, 198 and 229. Not a garment in this lot which cost less than \$2.00 to 4.50 to manufacture. In connection with this we offer 50 pieces cloaking, 1 1/2 yard wide, actual cost \$100, at 50 cents a yard, suitable for dresses, capes, boys suites, etc. An elegant line to numerous to mention, all colors, at 25, 29, 39, 59, 69 and 79 cents, in short and long lengths. Greatest bargains ever offered by us. This will be the sale of the season.

BIG SALE OF DRESS GOODS.

We have added this week new and novel things in dress goods, consisting of crapes, divinities, challies, sateens and wash goods suitable for spring and summer wear. We offer values simply unapproachable elsewhere. Elegant satines 7 1/2 cents for the 12 1/2 cent quality, 12 1/2 cents for the 20 cent quality and 15 cents for best French satine. Novelty dress goods at 6, 8, 9, 13, 16, 19 and 25 cents. Bargains every one.

MILLINARY DEPARTMENT.

This department is turning out real bargains in stylish hats and bonnets, at much less than prevailing rates. We offer hats, untrimmed, at as low as 19 cents, up to the finest grade. Special attention is called to an elegant line of silk ribbons, No. 2, 3, 5 and 7 at 3, 4 and 5 cents per yard; No. 9, 12 and 16 at 8 cents per yard. 50 boxes sample flowers at 5, 9, 13, 16 and 19 cents—just half value.

PRICES ON STAPLE NOTIONS, HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

Fancy Windsor ties 4 cents each; ladies vests, superb quality, 8 cents each; ladies vests, long sleeves, 19 cents; 12 yards linnen lace 6 cents;

all elastic web 4 cents yard; fancy hair pens 1 cent each; safety pins 3 cents a dozen; thread 2 cents a spool; childrens and misses long sleeve vests 10 cents each; ladies wasts 25 cents each; ladies silk handkerchiefs, elegant embroidered, all colors 3 cents each; dress buttons 4 cents a dozen, handkerchiefs 3 and 5 cents; embroidered handkerchiefs 8 cents.

MEN AND BOYS CLOTHING.

We have recently made the largest purchase of men and boys clothing ever made in the history of the business and will offer it at from one-fourth to one-third below prevailing rates, and in many cases less than other dealers pay. We offer 1,500 pairs of mens and boys pants at 48, 59, 69, 79, 98 cents, \$1 26, 1 58, 1 69, 1 98, 2 69 and 3 25. We offer you pants made from Wood's casimere, the material in which cost \$1 12, at 75 cents a pair. These goods are all Western made, guaranteed not to rip, full size and guaranteed to be the best of goods made in the western country. In addition we offer boys suits, knee pants, at 98 cents, \$1 29, 1 69, 1 98 and 2 69. We call special attention to an elegant line of junior suits, age 4 to 7, which cost from \$4 00 to 6 50 to manufacture, which we offer at \$2 69, 3 98 and 4 29; mens suits \$5 75, 6 75, 7 75, 8 75, 9 50 to 50 and 12 50—value which no dealer can duplicate. See us.

A GREAT SHOE PURCHASE AND GREAT SHOE SALE.

We have recently purchased from one of the largest shoe dealers in the West an assigned shoe stock at value even less than it has been our pleasure heretofore to show you. The stock is thoroughly first class, not a shoddy shoe in the entire stock. Please note the prices, Infants shoes 16, 19, 25, 29, 35 and 44 cents; childrens shoes, 1 to 5, at 39, 49, 59, 62, 69 and 79 cents; childrens shoes, 8 to 12, tipped, 75 cents; misses shoes, 12 1-2 to 2 87 cents; tan shoes, 6 to 8 75 cents; 9 to 12, 87 cents; 13 to 2, 98 cents. Full line tan and blackippers for all ages 39 49 59 and 69 cents. Womens shoes, full line solid tipped cloth top goat, dongola and calf 87 and 98 cents. Misses spring heel shoes, 2 1-2 to 4 \$1 29—best goods made. Men's shoes solid congress and lace at 98 cents, \$1 29 and 1 48—50 per cent. less than the average dealer pays. Mens kangaroo shoes \$2 69. Boys shoes 12 to 2 lace and button, worked button holes, high grade shoes 98 cents; 1 1/2 to 5 1-2 lace and button 98 cents; Boys tan shoes 12 to 2 at \$1 29; 3 to 5 \$1 29. Men's tan shoes, big values \$1 49 1 79 1 98 and 2 69. Ladies Oxford ties at 39 59 69 79 and 87 cents, both tan and black. Very special—150 pairs misses real goat shoes, red, cost \$1 25 to make, we sell at 69 cents. We are prepared to do the shoe business of this section and our prices will do it if you will come to us. We have the goods as those who have been to see us can bear witness.

MENS SHIRTS.

50 dozen mens shirts, a special purchase made at the time of the clothing purchase of the same parties, which we sell at 19 29 39 48 and 59 69 cents; full size, full length, best makes—actually less than cost of material.

GROCERIES.

Our stock is complete to the finest detail and cut prices will prevail in this as every department. Best flour 95 cents; No. 2 flour 90 cents; No. 3 flour 80 cents; 24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1 00; good tea 19 25 and 35 cents; 8 bars soap for 25 cents; ham 10 cents a

pound; lard compound 9 cents; best lard 11 cents; best bananas 15 cents a dozen; mixed candy 8 cents a pound; stick candy 6 cents a pound; gold dust 19 cents a package; 4 ounces extract lemon and vanilla 10 cents; barrel tax 3 cents; 5 and 10 cent counters loaded with tinware.

HOSIERY AND TABLE COVERS.

We would not fail to mention our big deals in hosiery. Rockford hose, full seamless 6 cents a pair; ladies fast black seamless hose 8 and 10 cents; boys heavy ribbed hose seamless, double heels and toes, fast black 10 and 14 cents; special value in ladies hose at 15 and 19 cents, worth 20 and 25 cents. New things this week in spreads, chenille at 18 cents, and \$1 29; special deal in fancy spreads at 59 69 79 and 89 cent, table oil cloth 15 cents.

NOW HEAR THE CONCLUSION OF THE WHOLE THING:

We are cutting prices right and left, getting special values, making prices that no dealer can approach in the interest of cash trade. Does your interest lie with us? The home trade, knowing a good thing, is naturally with us, but we are after the far off trade not so naturally coming to this point to trade. We offer every inducement to far off trade. Free transportation to those who purchase \$5 00 worth of us and show a round trip ticket from a radius of 20 miles from Dundee. It is necessary that you have round trip tickets—please bear this in mind. Parties coming with teams will have their teams fed free of cost if they trade \$5 00 worth. In fact every attention will be shown to all our patrons and we will give you better values than any store in the northwest. Try us just once.

Truly Yours,
C. F. HALL Co.

Two little grand children who are teething this hot summer weather and are troubled with bowel complaint. I gave them Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and it acted like a charm. I earnestly recommend it for children with bowel troubles. I was myself taken, with a severe attack of bloody flux, with cramps and pains in my stomach. One-third of a bottle of this remedy cured me. Within twenty-four hours I was out of bed and doing my house work. Mrs. W. L. Duggan, Bon-aqua, Hickman Co., Tenn. For Sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

Church Directory.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH—Catholic—Services every other Sunday at 9 a. m.—REV. FATHER J. F. CLANCEY, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 o'clock.—REV. E. RAHN, pastor.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Services Sunday morning 10:30 a. m. Sabbath School 12 m. Evening service 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7:30 p. m.—REV. R. BAILEY, pastor.

THE EVANGELISCHE CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m. Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.—REV. J. B. ELFRINK, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE SALEM CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m. Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Young Peoples' meeting, Tuesday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:30.—REV. THEODOR SUHR, pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 11:45 a. m. Junior League 3 p. m. Epworth League 6:15 p. m. Bible Study Thursday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting, Friday, 7:30 p. m.—E. W. WARD, Pastor.

FRANK J. MEIER,

DEALER IN

Fresh and Smoked Meats,

HIDES, POULTRY AND FURS,

FISH, OYSTERS, Etc.

Orders Taken and

Promptly Delivered.....

BARRINGTON, N.

H. S. MEIER,

Practical Carpet Weaver.

.....I DO ALL KINDS OF.....

CARPET AND RUG WEAVING.

Call and Examine Work.

Guarantee First-class Work at Low Prices.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Have Removed from Zimmerman's

Old Stand to the Old Plagge Store, south of the Railroad Track. Come and see me.

GEO. W. FOREMAN,

—DEALER IN—

Fine Wines, Liquors, Etc.

A Choice Lot of First-class Bottle Goods Always on Hand.

THE BEST LINE OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO IN THE MARKET.

POOL ROOM IN CONNECTION.

BARRINGTON,

ILLINOIS.

PEDIGREE OF

SCOTT

Stands 16 hands high; weight, 1,600; bright bay; white face; 7 years old; one white hind foot.

Lord Rowton, jr., sire Lord Rowton (2476) by Corswell (1420), Vol. 4.

Dam Maida 2d (755) vol. 4, by Conqueror (196) vol. 41, grand dam Maida (1245) by Ivenhoe (399) vol. 2, g. gr. dam Billy vol. 1, by sir Collin Campbell (778) vol. 2, g. gr. dam Maggie by Stantley Jack (1313) vol. 2.

Dam of Lord Rowton, jr. dam Maud, sired by Lord Dufferin (imp'd) grand dam by Sir Wm. Wallace, imported.

TERMS: \$8.00.

At H. Schwemm, Barrington, Ill.

DEALER IN

Farm Implements, Buggies, Wagons Etc.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Barrington News.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL

On the 4th the tenth week of the tariff debate began in the senate and an amendment was presented to the bill declaring all combinations, conspiracies, trusts, agreements or contracts to be contrary to public policy and illegal and void. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the state-bank tax bill. A senate joint resolution appropriating \$10,000 to defray the expense of the sugar investigating committee was agreed to.

In the senate on the 5th the amendment to the tariff bill placing sugar on the free list was lost and an amendment fixing sugar duties, to go into effect January 1, 1896, was carried by a vote of 35 to 28. In the house bills were introduced to provide for arbitration and to prevent hostilities between labor and capital, and to reimburse the soldiers of the rebellion or their heirs for the average annual difference between gold and the value of the paper currency in which they were paid.

The senate adopted a resolution on the 6th for the appointment of a special committee of five senators on the existing public distress. The tariff bill was further considered, and a bill was introduced to preserve the purity of national legislation. In the house the bill to repeal the tax on state bank circulation was defeated by a vote of 172 to 102.

On the 7th the action of the attorney general in claiming \$15,000,000 of the Stanford estate was discussed in the senate, after which the tariff bill was further considered. In the house a bill for a new public building at Elgin, Ill., was favorably reported, as was also one for the survey of a ship canal route from the Ohio river to Lake Erie.

In the senate on the 8th the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill (\$1,579,438) and the army appropriation bill (\$23,096,148) were reported. The tariff bill was further discussed. A resolution to set at rest the claim of the United States against the estate of Leland Stanford was laid on the table. In the house the Indian appropriation bill was considered. It was decided by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce to report a bill for the acquisition of the Nicaragua canal by the government and for carrying on the work to completion.

DOMESTIC.

DESPERATE strikers took possession of McKeesport, Pa., and non-union men were terribly beaten and many acts of violence committed.

By the explosion of a gasoline generator in a laundry at Portland Ore., six Chinamen were killed and property valued at \$100,000 was burned.

FIFTEEN frame buildings, comprising three blocks of the largest business houses in Pleasantville, Ia., were destroyed by fire.

DROUGHT, cold weather and frosts have greatly retarded crops generally in Minnesota, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri.

Gov. MCKINLEY ordered out a force of 1,200 militiamen to the scene of the coal miners strike in eastern Ohio where strikers were interfering with the movement of trains.

THE McKeesport (Pa.) tube works strikers forced the men at Duquesne to cease work and destroyed several coal tipples.

FOUR colored men, James Wheeler, Edward Green, James Holmes and Edward Scraggs, were drowned at Bird's Point, Mo., by the upsetting of a boat.

STRIKERS attacked the Little mine near Peoria, Ill., and four of the defenders, including one of the proprietors, were wounded and one of the attacking party killed. The mine was then set on fire.

THE dead bodies of Eli Buret and his wife were found on a lonely road near West Hoboken, N. J. It was thought that Buret first shot his wife and then killed himself. No cause was known.

MANY shots were fired in a skirmish between strikers and guards at Farmersburg, Ind.

THAT American manufacturers are finding new fields for their products is shown by the exports for ten months, which have reached the unprecedented total of \$153,305,294.

STRIKERS stoned a Vandalia train near Brazil, Ind., killing the engineer, William Barr, and injuring the conductor and a brakeman.

THE German national bank at Denver, Col., closed its doors with deposits of \$853,000; resources, \$1,777,000.

IT was said that seven lives were lost in a battle between strikers and militia at Mineral Siding, Col.

TWENTY members of the Denver industrial army were said to have been drowned by their boats capsizing in the Platte river near Brighton, Col.

KING WILLIAM, the largest horse in the world, being 27 1/2 hands high and weighing 3,027 pounds, died at Chesterton, Ind. He was valued at \$10,000.

THE town of Ruby City, Wash., was completely destroyed by a flood.

A HEAVY frost in portions of Illinois badly damaged corn, potatoes and small vegetables.

LAWRENCE STEMMER'S house near Shakopee, Minn., was destroyed by fire and two children—Ellen, aged 6, and Gerome, aged 9—were burned to death.

THEODORE P. HAUGHEY, president of the defunct Indianapolis national bank, was sentenced to a term of six years in the penitentiary.

JAMES PARRISH, his wife and child were killed in a cyclone near Baker City, Ore.

ADVICES from Tacoma, Wash., say the floods throughout the northwest caused a loss of over \$5,000,000.

CAR thieves at Vincennes, Ind., bound and gagged Claude McAlpin, who knew of their work, and shipped him to Mexico in a closed car.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 8th aggregated \$904,853,826, against \$711,000,979 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 22.2.

MORTON & CHESLEY, builders in Boston, charge their cashier, T. C. Faxon, with embezzling \$50,000.

THERE were 216 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 8th, against 183 the week previous and 322 in the corresponding time in 1893.

FIVE persons were seriously injured in a railroad wreck at Golden, Col.

OUT of nine of the horses entered in the 100-mile race at Chadron, Neb., four died from the effect of the race. It was won by a common broncho in twelve hours.

JUDGE JENKINS, of Milwaukee, was upheld in his strike restraining order by the report of the minority of the congressional investigating committee.

AN assignment was made by the Union Warehouse company of New York, with liabilities of more than \$1,000,000.

CLAIMS for 22,500,000 pesetas for customs duties have been filed by the United States against Spain.

FORTY-SEVEN graduates of the naval academy at Annapolis were given diplomas by Secretary Herbert.

IN many large cities a serious coal famine was reported and numerous factories had been closed.

ROBERT BONNER, of New York, was reelected president of the Scotch-Irish society in session at Des Moines, Ia.

DISPATCHES from Ardmore, I. T., state that Bill Dalton, the outlaw, was killed by deputy marshals near Elk, I. T.

FOR denouncing a shooting affair at Newport News, Va., Dr. Stone, a British subject, was tarred and feathered.

LAWRENCE SPILLER was hanged at Staunton, Va., for the murder of Lottie Roe on April 28 last.

CITIZENS of Cairo, Ill., starved Gen. Kelly and his commonwealers into an agreement to get out of the county.

ISAAC KEMP, a negro, who murdered Deputy Sheriff Ned Carver in Westover, Md., was taken from jail by a mob and shot to death.

NETTIE POWELL and Sallie Hines were drowned at Bridgeton, N. J., while out boating with two young men.

THE National bank of Pendleton, Ore., went into the hands of a receiver.

THE great strike at Cripple Creek, Col., was said to be at an end, the striking miners having surrendered to Gen. Brooks, commander of the state militia.

WITH an avowed purpose of upholding the public school system, a new political party has been formed in Pennsylvania.

TRAIN robbers attempted to hold up a Santa Fe train near Gainesville, Tex., and one of them was fatally wounded by officers.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE following congressional nominations were reported: Illinois, Eighth district, G. W. Sindlinger (pro.); Twenty-first, John J. Higgins (dem.). Missouri, Seventh district, John T. Heard (dem.). Kansas, First district, H. C. Solomon (pop.). Kentucky, James B. McCreary (dem.) renominated. Maine, Second district, Nelson Dingley, Jr., (rep.) renominated.

OUT of republicans in state convention at Columbus nominated S. M. Taylor, of Champaign, for secretary of state; O. T. Carson, of Guersy, for state school commissioner; Charles E. Grace, of Pickaway, for board of public works; and John A. Shanck, of Montgomery, for supreme judge. The platform indorses protection to home industries, denounces the Wilson bill, denounces the attempt of congress to destroy the principle of reciprocity, denounces the present democratic administration and says its Hawaiian policy has been a national disgrace, favors bimetallism, and indorses Gov. McKinley's administration of state affairs.

R. T. WALKER, a retired army officer, died at Salt Lake City. He was a native of Pennsylvania, and was a brother-in-law of the late James G. Blaine.

J. W. Wilson, of Chicago, inventor of the sewing machine that bears his name, died at San Jose, Cal., while on a visit to a daughter.

AT the republican state convention in Lewiston, Me., Henry B. Cleaves was renominated for governor. The resolutions favor international bimetallism, the restriction of immigration, and advocate a high protective tariff.

THE Pennsylvania state prohibition convention at Williamsport nominated Charles L. Hawley, of Scranton, for governor; H. L. Castle, of Pittsburgh, for lieutenant governor; Charles Palmer, of Delaware, for auditor general, and E. K. Kane and Rev. L. G. Jordan for congressmen-at-large.

Mrs. E. N. MORRILL, of Hiawatha, was nominated for governor of Kansas in the republican convention at Topeka, and W. A. Johnson was nominated for associated judge of the supreme court.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were reported as follows: Indiana, Ninth district, J. F. Hanley (rep.); Thirtieth, Lewis W. Boyse (rep.). Kansas, Sixth district, William Baker (pop.) renominated. Maine, Third district, Seth S. Milliken (rep.) renominated.

THE Arkansas republican state convention will be held in Little Rock July 24.

NAGANAB, chief of all the Chippewa Indians, died at the Indian reservation at Fond du Lac, Wis., aged 99 years. In 1836, through his efforts, the treaty was made by the Sioux and Chippewa Indians by which they acknowledged the sovereignty of the United States.

RHODA IRWIN died at Battle Creek, Mich., aged 101 years. She was born a slave on the plantation of Alexander K-win in Bedford county, Va.

WILLIAM DWIGHT WHITNEY, professor of the combined chairs of Sanscrit and comparative philology at Yale, died in New Haven, aged 67 years.

EX-GOV. RODMAN M. PRICE, of New Jersey, died at his residence in Oakland. He was the first person to raise the stars and stripes on California soil.

THE Wisconsin republicans will hold their state convention in Milwaukee July 25.

THE Ohio prohibitionists in convention at Columbus nominated the following ticket: Secretary of state, Mark G. McCaslin; judge of supreme court, J. W. Rosenborough; state school commissioner, Prof. F. V. Irish; member of board of public works, H. T. Earles. The platform favors equal suffrage; money issued by government alone; tariff as a defense against foreign governments; government control of railroads and telegraphs; one day's rest in seven; pensions; revision of immigration laws; extension of time of naturalization; public schools in English language; and opposes all forms of license, local option or taxation of liquor traffic.

CANDIDATES for congress were selected as follows: Illinois, Eighth district, A. J. Hopkins (rep.) renominated; Seventeenth, A. F. Smith (pro.). Indiana, Third district, R. G. Tracewell (rep.); Tenth, Rev. S. M. Hathorn (pop.); Eleventh, A. F. Benson (pop.). Kansas, Fifth district, John Davis (pop.) renominated. Kentucky, Eighth district, Phil Roberts (rep.).

COLORED republican clubs will meet in national convention in Washington July 2.

FOREIGN.

SEÑOR MEGNEO, manager of the Provincial bank of Buenos Ayres, committed suicide. Irregularities had previously been discovered in his accounts to the extent of \$1,300,000.

PREMIER CRISPI announced the resignation of the Italian cabinet.

LORD ROSEBURY's Ladas won the English Derby amid the cheers of over 100,000 people.

THE first constitutional convention of Hawaii was formally opened in the legislative chamber in the old government building in Honolulu.

KASLO, a town of 1,200 population in British Columbia, was entirely destroyed by a flood.

QUEEN VICTORIA entertained the delegates to the Young Men's Christian association in her private gardens at Windsor.

THE Cape Breton coast was swept by a hurricane, resulting in heavy loss to shipping, but no lives were reported lost.

LATER.

A BILL was passed in the United States senate on the 9th dividing the salaries of railway postal clerks into seven grades varying from \$800 to \$1,800 per year. Several schedules in the tariff bill were disposed of. In the house the session was brief, and practically no business was transacted. A bill was introduced to limit the rates of sleeping cars to one-half of one cent a mile for lower berths and one-third of one cent a mile for upper berths.

IN a fight between strikers and deputies at Uniontown, Pa., one miner was killed and two fatally injured.

THE American Investment company at Emmetsburg, Ia., with a capital of \$800,000, went into the hands of a receiver.

FLAMES in the lumber-yard district of Dubuque, Ia., destroyed property worth \$500,000.

IN a battle with striking miners and officials at Lemont, Pa., three of the strikers were killed and another fatally injured.

OFFICIAL returns from the Oregon election give Lord (rep.) for governor a plurality of 14,588.

NINETEEN commonwealers from the state of Washington were sentenced to ninety days in jail at Helena, Mont., for stealing a railway train.

FOREST fires in Michigan swept a district 1 mile wide and 5 miles long and wiped out the town of Sagoda.

COXEY, Browne and Jones were released from jail in Washington and departed for the commonwealth camp at Bladensburg.

THREE young persons were drowned by the overturning of a boat in the lake at Vermilion, O.

STRIKERS at Salineville, O., blew up a railroad bridge. They were charged by troops, who dispersed them with bayonets.

THE flood in the Frazer river valley in Columbia left over 15,000 persons homeless.

HENRY HAY and Charles Heusman, members of the senior class at Beloit college, were drowned while bathing in Green lake near Elkhorn, Wis.

Mrs. AUGUST NOLD, of St. Louis, whose husband essayed to beat her, killed him with a base ball bat.

FOUR members of a boating party were drowned by the capsizing of their boat on a lake near Brewster, N. Y.

Mrs. JANE SHATTUCK, of San Francisco, goes to prison for life for killing her daughter's lover.

FIVE men were seriously hurt and property worth \$310,000 destroyed in a fire in Kansas City, Mo.

SHOWS GOOD SIGNS.

Several Lines of Trade Report a Livelier Feeling.

NEW YORK, June 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"The outlook for business seems a little better on the whole, though the improvement is not great. Moreover it is impossible to distinguish between mere replacement of orders canceled for want of fuel or other causes and the new business for which workers are anxiously looking. It is somewhat encouraging that the decrease in payments through clearing houses in comparison with 1892 is about 30 per cent. Railroad tonnage is larger than a year ago in live stock and moderate in cereals, but considerably smaller in coal and iron products and in other manufactured goods west-bound.

"With only 2,337 coke ovens working and 14,576 idle, with the Cambria discharging half its force, and seven out of nine of the Carnegie furnaces at Bessemer out of blast the production and manufacture of iron and steel are smaller than at any other time for years. While it is believed deferred work will cause heavy production after the strike terminates the demand for products is at present much below general expectations, even at the east. Other industries have been less affected, but many of the textile mills even in New England have now been closed for lack of fuel or orders, besides other concerns in great number between the Atlantic and the Mississippi river."

"The returns of failures are still encouraging, 216 in the United States for the week, against 322 last year, and 40 in Canada against 27 last year. The liabilities in all failures reported in the month of May were \$13,305,357, about \$5,420,000 at the east, \$4,500,000 at the south and \$3,400,000 at the west. Of the aggregate \$5,165,025 was of manufacturing and \$6,633,499 of trading concerns."

Bradstreet's says: "Nearly all the unfavorable business conditions of the last three weeks continue to exercise an influence. The few exceptions where improvement is noted are of practically local importance. Retail trade at many centers has been interfered with by unfavorable weather and by further restriction of the purchasing power of thousands of wage-earners, by further industrial trouble, or by shrinkage in production."

"The see-saw prices tip in the opposite direction this week, most strikingly in cereals, oats having advanced 5/8c, wheat 3/8c and corn 1/8c. Potatoes are 20c higher a bushel at the west, bar iron and pig iron are up sharply at St. Louis and live stock at Kansas City. Lard is fractionally higher. Conspicuous decreases in prices of staples reported are in leather and wool, due to heavy receipts of new crop. (Coffee is off 1/8c.)

"At larger eastern centers there is no improvement in general business. New England cotton mills continue to produce in excess of demands.—Southern and Rhode Island cotton mills are shutting down for want of fuel as well as orders. Philadelphia jobbers in dry goods report a better spot demand and the petroleum market there is more active, but Baltimore jobbers in clothing as well as in some other lines have not sent out drummers as formerly.

"Among southern cities covered Richmond, Savannah, Jacksonville and Augusta report the more favorable conditions. At the first there is a better demand for groceries and provisions, for agricultural implements and leaf tobacco, which is quite active.

"There is little far-reaching attending evidence of improvement reported from the west. At Louisville there is more demand for groceries, and the leaf tobacco market is quite active and business being reported. There is more doing among jobbers in hardware at Chicago, although interior merchants tributary to that market have not begun to buy in advance of actual needs, and, on the other hand, the spread of the coal strike is checking business there."

THE SUGAR SCHEDULE.

Senators Vote to Support the Jones Compromise Amendment.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—On Tuesday the senate voted upon the Jones amendment to paragraph 192 1/2, the amendment being the schedule agreed on by the democratic side. The Jones compromise amendment fixed the sugar duties, and it was carried—35 to 28. An analysis of the vote follows: For the Jones schedule: Democrats, 32; populists, 2; Republicans, 1; total, 35. Against the schedule: Republicans, 25; democrats, 2; populists, 1; total, 28.

The Jones amendments increasing the duty on sugar candy from 30 to 35 per cent and making the duty on saccharine 25 per cent, were agreed to. This completed the sugar schedule and at 5:45 p. m., on motion of Mr. Harris, the senate went into executive session and shortly afterward adjourned.

[As adopted the schedule imposes a duty of 40 per cent ad valorem on all sugars, raw and refined, with a differential of one-eighth of a cent per pound on sugars above sixteen Dutch standard and an additional one-tenth of a cent against sugars imported from countries paying an export bounty. It continues the Hawaiian treaty admitting sugars from the Sandwich Islands free of duty, and places a duty of two cents per gallon on molasses testing above 40 degrees by the polariscope. The schedule goes into effect January 1, 1895, and the bounty is continued until that date.]

TRAGEDY IN ST. LOUIS.

A Jealous Man Shoots and Instantly Kills His Wife.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 8.—At 9 a. m. Thursday Lewis Meyer, aged 30, shot and instantly killed his wife, aged 25, in their boarding house, No. 821 Franklin avenue. The couple have had frequent quarrels over Mrs. Meyer's desire to become an actress. Wednesday night she left the house in company with a man who represented himself as a theatrical agent. On her return Meyer accused her of unfaithfulness and a violent quarrel ensued. At 9 a. m. while his wife was partially disrobed, engaged in her morning ablutions, Meyer approached her from behind and fired two bullets into her back, causing instant death. Meyer then fled and has not been captured.

A Post Office Burglarized.

RED WING, Minn., June 7.—Burglars broke into the post office and store of G. O. Miller at White Rock, blew the safe open and secured about \$100 in stamps and cash, and between \$1,000 and \$2,000 in notes.

Hope to Settle by Arbitration.

CHICAGO, June 9.—Directors of the World's Columbian exposition hope to settle with the French exhibitors by arbitration.



"I Feel It a Duty To tell the world that Hood's Sarsaparilla has saved my life. I had dizzy spells, nausea and pains in my side, caused by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

had condition of my liver and kidneys. Soon after I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better. I took four bottles and I now consider myself a well woman." Mrs. PAULINA RUBY, Buffalo, Iowa. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

TAKE REST

GO EAST

GO VIA THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

AMERICA'S BEST RAILWAY.

VISIT SOME OF THE DELIGHTFUL MOUNTAIN, LAKE or SEA SHORE RESORTS of the EAST, A FULL LIST OF WHICH WITH ROUTES AND RATES WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

SEND 10c. IN STAMPS or silver for Beautiful Litho-Water Color View of the "FAMOUS EXPOSITION FLYER," the fastest long distance train ever run. C. K. WILBER, West. P. A., CHICAGO.

BIG FOUR ROUTE

BEST LINE TO CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS

AND ALL SOUTHERN POINTS.

ARRANGE YOUR TRIP . . .

VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE.

E. O. MCCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic Manager, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, CINCINNATI, O.

Positively you have the genuine De Long PATENT HOOK AND EYE if you see on the face and back of every card the words:

See that hump? TRADE-MARK REG. AP. 11-92

Richardson & De Long Bros., Philadelphia.

Our 1894 Perkins' Steel GALVANIZED POWER AND PUMPING MILL.

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Prices satisfactory. Warrant covers all points. Investigate before buying. Catalogue free. PERKINS WIND MILL CO., 5 Bridge St., Mishawaka, Ind.

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FAT FOLKS REDUCED

From 15 to 25 lbs. in a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send for stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 21, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

THE HERO OF THE HOUR.

The man who, when temptations
Around him fiercely play,
Stands firm, unmoved, unshaken,
Is hero of the day.
He needs no blazoned banner
To tell of battles fought;
The world knows well his triumphs,
It crowns him all unsought.

There comes to each a moment
Somewhere along life's way,
When some supreme temptation
Confronts him in the fray—
A moment fraught so deeply
With either weal or woe,
That angels watch the conflict
While earthward stands low.

'Tis then the soul stands naked
Before the powers that be,
And bravely fights for honor,
Or sinks down helplessly,
But he who stands the testing,
And comes out from the fray
Unscathed, unharmed, unshaken,
Is hero of the day.

—Belle K. Towne, in Chicago Advance.

A MODERN TELL

Story of a Daring Performance in a London Circus.

Of all the successful performers who stepped into the arena of Galaxy's famous circus, none obtained such a degree of popular approval as did Signor Alfredo Bosco and his eight-year-old son Alfonso. Whether it was due to the cleverness of their feats, the daring skill displayed in the execution of them, or to a general attractive demeanor, certain it is that from the day of their first appearance down to the end of the tour Signor Bosco and his son were received with a genuine enthusiasm such as to firmly establish them in the favor of the audience. When, therefore, it became known that the last night of the season was to be devoted to the benefit of these popular performers, it was confidently predicted that the house would be a bumper.

The proprietor deeming it advisable on such an occasion that some special novelty should be introduced into the programme, it was with no small degree of interest that the populace that morning found the walls placarded with flaming posters, in the reddest of red ink, announcing that on this, the last night of the season at Galaxy's royal circus and hippodrome, specially set apart for the benefit of Signor Alfredo Bosco, that eminent and world-renowned performer would, for the first and only time, attempt a novel and dangerous feat, to-wit: William Tell's historic and never-to-be-forgotten exploit of shooting an apple placed upon the head of his own son, a pistol on this occasion being substituted for the obsolete bow and arrow.

In private life Signor Alfredo Bosco's name was plain Alfred Green, and he was as little of Italian extraction as anyone possessing the name of Green could well be. Distinguishing himself as a young man by marked and intrepid daring, he had found a field for his talents in the circus arena. Having married an opera singer, a son was born to him, but the act cost the young mother her life, to Alfredo's inexpressible grief. The child soon became the father's idol, his whole existence becoming wrapped up in that of the boy. It was for his sake that he worked doubly hard at his profession, on this belief that he denied himself most of the comforts of life, and for his benefit and in order that he might be ever near him that he reared the lad in his own profession, never accepting an engagement unless the boy was included in it.

When, therefore, the proprietor of Galaxy's suggested to him the performance of the feat alluded to, it may naturally be supposed that so fond a father hesitated before committing himself to it, and when, under strong representations, he finally consented it was with no little anxiety and concern. Not that he mistrusted his own powers in the least. He was a sure shot. One of his staple performances in the ring was to shoot with a pistol, while galloping on horseback, at a number of glass balls thrown promiscuously into the air, and so accomplished was he at this feat that he seldom missed one, and never two out of the number. Therefore, it was not personal considerations that made him hesitate, but fear lest the lad, by some untoward movement, should jeopardize the action and endanger his own precious life. Nor was his anxiety decreased when, on the eventful day, he discovered that the boy was far from well.

"It's only a headache, father," the lad said, in response to his questionings. "I shall be better to-night!" And when night came the anxious father hung round the child's neck, secure from observation, a little medicinal portrait of his mother, which he always wore when any feat of a specially dangerous nature was to be undertaken.

It soon became evident that expectations would be realized, and that the canvas of Galaxy's monster tent would that night cover an audience out of all former precedent. Long before the doors were opened the entrance was besieged by crowds eager to obtain the best seats, and an hour before the time of commencement the place was filled to its utmost capacity. Well might all concerned view the scene with satisfaction.

The performance comprised all the feats that invariably find a place in the programme of a circus, the big event being reserved for the conclusion of

the entertainment. Everything went off well, and the delighted audience applauded all that came before it, wisely determining not to miss the other good things in the mean for the sake of an especial d'ish. The graceful evolutions of the lady performers, the equestrian feats of the gentlemen riders, the daring somersaults, the quibbles and quips of the funny clowns, all came in for their due share of praise.

At length the piece de resistance was reached, and amid the enlivening strains of the band and the enthusiastic cheers of the audience Bosco came forward, leading by the hand his little son. As soon as the applause had subsided, the professor motioned the lad to his place. An apple was then brought and ostentatiously placed by an attendant upon the child's head, and then, under the glare of a powerful light, the unusual paleness of the boy's pretty face was plainly discernible—especially to the eager eyes of the anxious father. With an outward coolness, in strong contrast to the beatings of a tender heart within, the performer loaded his pistol and raised it amid the breathless excitement of the audience.

A pull of the trigger, a sharp click, and a murmur of disappointment, told that the weapon had missed fire. Nothing daunted, and still with an apparent perfect calmness, every movement being eagerly watched by the audience, Bosco reloaded the pistol and again raised it. There was a sharp click, followed by a loud report, and in another second the child stepped forward, holding the shattered apple in his hands. The suspended breath of the audience returned and broke out into a deafening shout.

"Bravo! bravo!" came from a thousand throats simultaneously, and a thousand pairs of hands met in approval.

"Encore! Do it again!" rose above the din, and the idea catching hold developed into a loud roar: "Do it again!"

Bosco seemed pleased and pained at once. He hesitated.

"Do it again!" and the shout assumed a peremptory tone. Some one threw a half-crown into the ring; it was followed by another, and soon a shower of silver lay at the performer's feet. How could he resist? He motioned to the boy, and a second apple was brought and placed in position. The lad's excessively pale face attracted general attention now, but a few sympathetic voices raised in protest were howled down by the impetuous demand: "Do it again!"

Bosco showed some traces of excitement as he reloaded his weapon, and the operation seemed to occupy a longer time. Could it be that his nerve was failing him, or was it the sight of the boy's face that filled him with dread? Again he raised the weapon amid increased excitement and fired. The shot was again true, and for the second time the lad brought forward the shattered apple.

Amid the applause that followed, Bosco took the hand of his son and was about to retire when once more the unreasonable shout was raised: "Do it again! Do it the third time!" The performer declined.

The shouts grew louder and more determined.

"Again, again!" resounded through the place, until it seemed that a mad infatuation had seized upon the people and they were thirsting for a tragic end. "Again! Again!" rose the shout, each time uttered in a more angry tone. It was flung from gallery to pit; the amphitheatre caught it up and threw it back again, until the whole house rang with the tumultuous demand.

Still Bosco declined, until on a personal appeal from the proprietor, who feared the growing storm, he reluctantly yielded.

When it was seen that he had given way, a wild shout of triumph rent the air, almost inhuman in its ferocity. Is it thus that audiences play with their favorites?

For the third time an apple was placed in position and the glaring light again thrown on. How terribly pale were those features now! Bosco's hand visibly trembled as he loaded the deadly weapon. The few tender hearts in the vast multitude sickened at the sight.

Making a tremendous effort to recover his self-possession, Bosco raised the weapon and took aim. There was again a sharp click, a loud report, and the boy fell heavily to the ground.

"My God, what have I done? What have I done?" exclaimed the performer, in an agony of grief, and he rushed from the ring. A few attendants lifted the lad's prostrate form and conveyed it to an inner tent, while a murmur akin to remorse escaped the vast crowd.

A painful suspense followed, during which the band struck up a lively tune, but it sounded like a funeral march.

"The boy! the boy! What about the boy?" the audience shouted. They were human again now. At length the manager appeared. He told them the lad had been ill all day and had taken part in the performance at a great risk. The mental strain was too much for him, however, and as the last shot was fired his strength gave way and he swooned. "But he is not hurt," the manager concluded, "and as soon as the fainting fit is over he shall be presented to you. See, here he comes!" and as he spoke Bosco emerged from the tent, leading by the hand his little

son, displaying the remnants of the third apple.

Such a shout arose as has never since been heard under the canvas of Galaxy's monster tent, and when Bosco raised the boy in his arms and kissed him affectionately on both cheeks the cries of "Bravo! Bosco!" could have been heard for miles around.

Alfredo Bosco has never told how that very fainting fit of Alfonso's saved the lad's life, for he, and he only, knew that his aim was defective, and that the shot struck the apple just as the swooning boy was falling to the ground. William Tell's historic and never-to-be-forgotten feat no longer forms an item in Signor Alfredo Bosco's extensive repertory.—London Tid-Bits.

LIKE A LINCOLN JOKE.

A Visitor Who Was Terribly Scared During a Call at the White House.

Col. Clark E. Carr, of Galesburg, who was minister to Denmark under the Harrison administration, was in Washington one day when Lincoln was president.

"I am going to the white house to see Abe," said Owen Lovejoy to Carr, as they met in front of the treasury building. Carr went with him. They were shown into the president's working room and soon after Lincoln came in. He wore a long garment, which might have been cut from a bathroom pattern or the cover of a prairie schooner. His hair was more fringed than usual and the carpet slippers were worn down and without heels. The condition and appearance of the presidential hosiery were such as would have made Jerry Simpson envious, provided the stories told on Jerry were true, which they never were. The president gave his callers an Illinois greeting and then shoved up one of the sleeves of his curious garment and pointed out to his visitors the inflamed condition of his arm.

"You know I had the smallpox?" said Lincoln, in a cold-blooded manner. Lovejoy said yes, and proceeded to talk about other matters, while Carr's few hairs had inclinations to stand up, and he moved about in his chair as if it contained dynamite. The visit over the callers passed out. Once in the air, Carr asked Lovejoy:

"Did you know the president had the smallpox when we went there?"

"Certainly," was the answer.

"You confounded scoundrel!" shrieked Carr; "why didn't you say so?"

"I've had it," replied Lovejoy, "and I supposed you had."

"Well, I never had it!" roared Carr; "but if I do have it now I want you to give me a certificate that I caught the disease from Abe Lincoln. That will be something."

But Lovejoy had no occasion to do so, as Lincoln had the varioloid only.—Chicago Tribune.

Readers for Cigarmakers.

"Literature and tobacco go together in Key West," said a citizen of that tight little island. "Every cigar factory has its regularly employed reader, who comes to work with the rest of the people in the morning and reads to them all day."

"Who pays the reader?"

"The work people. A small amount is deducted for this purpose from the wages of each employe. The plan is adopted by the manufacturers as an economical expedient. It keeps the workers from talking, and so prevents interruption of their labor."

"But why should not the work people roll cigars and talk at the same time?"

"Because they cannot talk without gesticulating. That wouldn't do at all, you see. Besides, the reader, by engaging the attention of the hands, prevents quarrels among them."—Washington Star.

He Enjoyed the Funeral Food.

An old woman of a thrifty turn of mind lives in a village far away from any town. Some time ago her husband lay very ill and the doctor had said he had not more than a week to live. The old lady had to go to town to have her husband's medicine made up, and, thinking it would save her a second long journey, she took the opportunity of buying the cake and wine for the apparently inevitable funeral. On her return home the dying husband interrogated her thus: "What did ye get in th' toon, 'uman?" "I got yer medicine made up." "An' what else?" inquired the invalid. "Weel," hesitatingly, "as it's sae far to toon I thoct I micht as weel buy the cake and wine for the funeral." "Gie' a taste, lass." She cut a piece of cake and gave him a glass of wine. He liked them so much that he asked for some more, and, finally consuming all the cake and wine, he recovered.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

His Life Work.

"Oh," said the lady lecturer, "I have had such a delightful conversation with the gentleman you saw bow to me as we left the train. He told me that the emancipation of woman had been his life work for ever so many years." "Yes," said the woman who had come to meet her, "that is so. He has been a divorce lawyer ever since I could remember."—Indianapolis Journal.

—At the door of every Chinese temple a bell is hung with a rope attached. When a worshiper enters he gives the rope a jerk to ring the bell, so that the deity of the place may be aware of the fact that a worshiper is present.

DRY CLEANING.

Mysteries of the Dyer's Art Practiced at Home.

Last year's garments could often be as well cleansed at home as at the dyer's if a little superstitious idea did not prevail as to mysterious processes of the professional.

"Dry cleaning" is for the most part no dryer than immersion in a tub of liquid will permit.

Gowns and cloaks supposed by their owners to be submitted at the cleaner's to delicate operations are put in a wash tub and rubbed like any week's washing. The soap used is made of palm oil.

If they can not be put in water they are dipped in a vat of benzine. Whether they are put in benzine or water depends upon the material, a piece of which is experimented with beforehand.

Other garments not too complex are laid on a marble slab and scrubbed with palm oil soap.

Many garments restored to natural color in laundries supposedly by cleansing are in reality dyed over. The dye is dissolved in a tub of water and the garment floated in and left to stand awhile.

Wool and silk garments in all fast colors, such as brown, blue, etc., and black are washed in soap bark, which takes out all the grease and seems to give new body to the material. Soap bark restores black, however rusty or green. The secret of its use is to have it very strong. The laundries put two teaspoonfuls in nearly two quarts of water and boil it down to one quart, which they put in a bucket and add warm water. Sometimes in a bad case this strength is doubled.

If there is only a grease spot to be taken out the part is covered with prepared chalk and laid between flannels with a warm iron on it.

If it is rust on cotton fabrics the spot is covered with salt and lemon juice poured through it, and after the lemon juice warm water. Only cottons can be thus treated.

Lace is washed in borax soap and water, stiffened, if desired, with borax, and pinned between flannels and pressed. Flannels are washed in borax soap and tepid water and pulled the way of the warp and of the weft four or five times while drying.

It is easy enough to wash a made-up dress; the trouble is to iron it, and here we are nearer a mystery.

The dyeing establishments are supplied with irons of endless variety, of all sizes and shapes down to the most minute. The problem is to iron a garment so that the ironing will not be suspected, and naturally this requires skill and care.

A girl will sometimes spend three days in pressing one waist and sleeves. She must know just how hot her irons can be, and she must go over every square inch and between every gather with irons often as fine almost as needles.

The only mystery in doing these things is in taking infinite pains.—St. Louis Republic.

DANGERS OF AGATE WARE.

Aluminum in the Kitchen a Possible Preventive.

The introduction of aluminum will mark a new era in the use of household utensils. To have something that will neither break, rust nor flavor the food with the article last cooked in it is a boon to all families, especially those of limited means. Where one can have a dish for every purpose it seems to matter less, but where there are few dishes available, and where storage space is an object, this is most important.

It certainly is time that something was invented to supersede the agate, granite and porcelain-ware that have been the housekeeper's alternative for so many years. There is one danger in the use of these wares that attention has rarely been called to, and this is the possibility that the surface will chip off and get mixed with the food. There have been instances when this has happened, and in one case in particular there was a very narrow escape from serious if not fatal consequences. It came about by the use of an agate spoon with which some article of food was stirred. Continual rapping of the spoon on the side of the dish chipped the glazing off, and a quantity of it fell upon the food. Fortunately it was discovered in time to avert the danger. In case such tiny particles were swallowed, they are quite sufficient to destroy the coating of the stomach and cause death, and too much care can not be exercised in matters of this sort. One would hardly imagine, that the destroyer lurked in such a simple-looking thing as an agate spoon, but all the same there are cases of sickness and death when the symptoms are so obscure that one can scarcely understand them, and it is impossible to describe them with any degree of accuracy.

There are a good many intelligent physicians who believe that death has frequently been caused by swallowing the glazing of these wares, as the symptoms clearly indicated it, but it appears to be out of the question to make the average housekeeper understand or believe it. Let us hasten the introduction of something that will do away with this danger, and if aluminum is all that is claimed for it, it would be well for every housekeeper to invest in it at the earliest possible moment.—N. Y. Ledger.

—People who hope are generally people who help.—Ram's Horn.

USEFUL AND SUGGESTIVE.

—Breakfast Cake.—Two tablespoons sugar, two of butter, two eggs, one cup sweet milk, one small cup graham flour, one teaspoon soda, two of cream tartar. Bake twenty minutes in a quick oven.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

—Bananas in Sirup.—Heat in a porcelain kettle a pint of currant and red raspberry juice, equal parts, sweetened to taste. When boiling, drop into it a dozen peeled bananas, and simmer very gently for twenty minutes. Remove the bananas, boil the juice until thickened to the consistency of sirup, and pour over the fruit. Serve cold.—Good Health.

—Eggs a la Tripe.—Put into a stew-pan three ounces of butter, and when melted stir in one tablespoonful of flour; when smooth add four large onions that have been boiled and minced; simmer slowly five minutes, stir in two tablespoonfuls of cream, and cook five minutes longer. Slice six hard boiled eggs and lay in this sauce. When hot through send to table.—American Agriculturist.

—Bean Sandwiches without meat are a pleasing variety, and are acceptable to children and to many persons who for various reasons are meat abstainers. Bean sandwiches are relishable in cold weather. Cook beans with pork, mash and mix them to a smooth paste with sweet cream and a little vinegar, and season lightly with mustard. Then spread the mixture between thin slices of buttered brown bread, sprinkle some chopped celery on each.—Orange Judd Farmer.

—Cream Muffins.—One quart of rich milk, or, if you can get it, half cream and half milk; a quart of flour, six eggs, one tablespoonful of butter, one of lard, softened together. Beat whites and yolks, separately, very light; then add flour the last thing as lightly as possible, and have the batter free from lumps. Half-fill well-buttered muffin rings, and bake immediately in a hot oven, or the muffins will not be good. Send to table the moment they are done.—Christian Inquirer.

—To Fry Sweet Potatoes.—Peel and cut them lengthwise into slices, not too thin, throw them into cold water for an hour, drain and put them into a frying pan with very little more lard than you would use to fry batter-cakes. Cover the frying pan and let them cook for ten minutes; turn them over now and then to prevent burning. When done, remove the cover, and cook until they are a light brown on both sides. As they are removed from the frying pan, sprinkle with salt or sugar, as preferred. In the South this is a favorite breakfast dish.—Home.

—Oyster Patties.—One pint of cream, one quart of oysters, one tablespoonful of corn starch, the yolks of two eggs, well-beaten, one-quarter of a teaspoonful of mace, salt and pepper to taste. Let the cream come to a boil. Mix the cornstarch with a little cold milk and stir into the boiling cream. Add the seasoning. While the cream is cooking, let the oysters come to a boil in their own liquor. Skim carefully and drain off all the liquor. Cut each oyster in three or four pieces. Add the oysters to the cream and boil up once. Stir in the beaten yolks and take from the fire. Fill the patty shells and serve. The quantities given will fill twenty shells.—Boston Budget.

BENEFITS OF YAWNING.

One of the Most Useful and Natural Means of Relaxation.

One of the very best of relaxing exercises is the yawn. A good stretching of arm invigorates the entire body with a wave of energy, followed by complete relaxation. The yawn is the body's natural cry for reinforcement, and in that very cry comes an answer in part, for every time that a part of the whole of the body is relaxed, even for a moment, there is added some portion of vital energy.

Yawning helps to conquer your nervousness and insomnia. So, when fretted, anxious and nervous, try the yawning exercise.

Sit easily, with your back supported, take a long, full breath through the wide-open mouth, at the same time gradually energizing the whole body, stretching the arms above the head and the legs outward in front. This should produce a yawn. Repeat the exercise until the yawn becomes quite involuntary.—Philadelphia Record.

Water for the Face.

If one is not fortunate enough to have at hand very soft water for bathing purposes, at least water that has been heated can be used. Always draw water from the hot water faucet, instead of the cold for washing the face. If hot water is not considered good for the skin—and it is an open question whether it is—leave this standing till it cools. You will notice a great difference in the "feel" of it upon the face, and a great difference in the smoothness of the skin afterward.—N. Y. World.

Red Is Bad to Wear.

It is a great mistake for most women to wear red in any shade. If there is any color in the face the least bit of red near it will bring out a dreadful brick shade in the complexion that is most ugly. Those who are excessively pale, on the contrary, will find vivid scarlet will make very snow queens of them. It should be adopted in profusion by the pallid and by them alone.—Philadelphia Press.

LOCAL NEWS.

Coming.—Fire Crackers.

If you don't think it's hot just try it.

Mr. Lageschulte visited the city Friday.

Mrs. Wallace Wood is visiting at Elgin.

Geo. Searls spent Sunday in Wauconda.

H. Hawley lost a valuable horse last week.

Mr. Clark is adding an addition to his house.

Ed So It made a business trip to Chicago, Tuesday.

How is that for hot.

Lageschulte Bros. have sold out their meat market.

Herman Schwemm and wife, visited Elgin Tuesday.

Mrs. H. T. Pixley is visiting friends and relatives in Elgin.

Lou H. Bennett made Cary a business call Thursday.

Mr. Ruy Kimberly returned home from Minnesota this morning.

Miss Clara Generaux returned from Chicago Sunday.

Miss Anna Krahn has a position in Chicago, with Prof. Blackman.

The boys are of the opinion that the North side is all O. K.

Mr. A. V. Wilson of the Chicago Tribune, was a pleasant caller Friday.

The band favored us with some choice selections Saturday evening.

Sanford F. Bennett and wife are visiting friends at Richmond this week.

Miss Anna Whiel, of Fremont, Neb., is visiting with Mrs. J. C. Dohler.

Miss Lillie Harrower visited with her parents last week and part of this week.

Mrs. Jennie B. Hartman, of Nunda, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends here.

The Woodman held a meeting Wednesday evening and arranged to celebrate the 4th.

Lovel Dresser and wife, of St. Louis Mo., are visiting Mrs. J. K. Bennett and family this week.

The marshall had the pleasure of running in a substitute Monday who had taken on too much booze.

Mr. Spooner, Mr. Worshing and Miss Lane, of Evanston attended the Minnie Hawk Concert here Monday evening.

Geo. W. Foreman purchased over sixty pounds bologna of Mr. Lageschulte Friday evening.

If you need any thing in job printing of any description send it to this office and get a first class job at a very low figure. All work guaranteed.

The general school entertainment will be given at the German Evangelical Zion's Church on next Thursday evening. A large and interesting program is being prepared, and a good time is expected.

FOR SALE—A large eight-room house, summer kitchen detached, and large barn all in first class condition with 1-2 acre of land, within two blocks of the Depot.

M. C. McIntosh.

Monday evening June 11th., the Knights of the Maccabees gave a social in the Baptist Church Parlors to celebrate their 13th. anniversary. There were about 125 persons present, as the members of the tent invited their friends and relatives, who assembled there to have a good time which they did. There was no program prepared for the occasion, but, there was plenty of refreshments in the way of ice cream, cake, lemonade, and bananas, and all present had all they could eat and drink, and a good time in general and went home holding the order in the highest esteem, and several applications were handed in Tuesday.

Rev Robert Bailey delivered a short address, and some good music was had. The Barrington Tent of the Maccabees is only a new order, being organized only about four months ago, since that time it has met with the best of success and rapid growth, every member seems to appreciate the value it is to him and uses all his efforts for the good of the order. Long may this spirit of enthusiasm reign.

"Many of the citizens of Ravensville, Indiana are never without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house," says Jacob Brown, the leading merchant of the place. The Remedy has proven of so much value for colds, croup, and whooping cough in children that few mothers who know it, worth are willing to be without it. For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

It will doubtless be of interest to the Barrington people to learn the particulars with reference to the burning of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Selleck's at Janesville. Mrs. Selleck was the only one of the family at home, at 4 o'clock when she was awakened by a noise, and hastening to the basement she found it to be a mass of flames. For a moment Mrs. Selleck lost her presence of mind and darted through the flames to reach the outside door and before she succeeded in opening it her face, hands and hands were badly burned. Escaping to the outside some of the near neighbors were aroused and by their united efforts the flames were overpowered, but not until much damage had been done, and a large portion of the dwelling destroyed. Fortunately two large cans of Gasoline and Kerosene which were in the basement were taken out before they were reached by fire. Mrs. Selleck suffered a severe nervous shock in addition to the burns from which she has not yet recovered. Mr. and Mrs. Selleck were formerly residents of Barrington.

Miss Minnie Hawk, of Evanston, who gave the Concert at the Methodist Church last Monday night proved herself to be an artist of remarkable ability. She possesses a beautiful voice. For the purpose of resting herself she has arranged to give several readings. One selection entitled "Number 25" was exceptionally fine, it was a strong temperance piece. The entertainment as a whole was excellent, and reflected credit upon the Epworth League under whose direction it was held.

Sometime ago I was troubled with an attack of rheumatism. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and was completely cured. I have since advised many of my friends and customers to try the remedy and all speak highly of it. Simon Goldbaum, San Louis Rey, Cal. For sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

The band finished serenading the citizens Monday evening, and was well paid on the last part of their trip. When they called on Mr. J. C. Dohler they were presented with a box of "John's favorite's" cigars. At H. T. Pixley's they received the same welcome.

WE ARE ALL GOING TO



JOHN C. DOBLER'S
For First Class Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

C. & N. W. R. R.
BARRINGTON STATION.

North Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. ar.	8:20 a.m., Sunday Ex.
Minnesota Pa. "	9:13 a.m., " "
Menominee Pa. "	10:30 a.m., Daily.
Barrington Acc. ar.	12:10 p.m., Sun'y Ex.
" "	8 p.m., Sunday only.
Woodstock "	5:02 p.m., Sunday Ex.
" "	6:12 p.m., " only
Watertown Pa. "	6:12 p.m., " Ex.
Barrington Acc. ar.	7:25 p.m., " Ex.
" "	7:55 p.m., Daily.
Dakota Pa. "	8 K p.m., Sunday Ex.
Barrington Acc. ar.	12:50 a.m. Daily.

South Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. Lv.	6:10 a.m., Sun'y Ex.
" "	6:45 a.m., " "
" "	7 K a.m., " "
Dakota "	6:55 a.m., " only
Woodstock Acc. "	7:56 a.m., Daily.
Barrington Acc. Lv.	9 M. Sunday Ex.
Watertown "	10:08 a.m., " "
Barrington Acc. "	12:25 p.m., Daily.
Menominee "	3:08 p.m., Sun'y Ex.
Barrington Acc. "	4:25 p.m., " only
Dakota "	5:02 p.m., Daily.
St Paul "	8:30 p.m., Sun'y only
Barrington Lv.	8:35 p.m. Sun'y only.

L. A. POWERS, Agent.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the post office at Barrington, Ill., June 1, 1894, as unclaimed.

- George Benton.
- Mr. Duncan.
- Mr. Dobbins.
- Henry Fedeler.
- W. H. Ingle.
- F. Roch.
- Miss Clara Murphy.
- Otto Osborn.
- Mrs. C. C. Russell.
- Mrs. Geo. Renfro.
- Mr. Herman Schank.
- Miss Ellen Sullivan.
- Henry G. Shoots.
- Miss Williams.
- Cahs. Will, or Witt.
- M. B. McIntosh,
- P. M.

FOR SALE.—250 hardwood posts, split. Inquire at the News office for particulars. M. E. BENNETT, on the Wallace Bennett estate.

Barrington will Celebrate the 4, at Randles Lake 2 1-2 miles North of the village, the procession will form at 9 o'clock and proceed to the grounds. Good music and amusements will be plenty, also refreshments of all descriptions will be on the grounds. Come and have a good time.



For the Best
MENS, BOYS,
LADIES,
MISSES and
CHILDREN'S
SHOES.

IN LACE; CONGRESS AND PUTTONS.

Tans,
Chocolates,
Patent Leathers
or Plain



GO TO
B. H. SODT & SON,

DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes, Clothing
AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

E. M. BLOCK,

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Furniture & Upholstering.

Furniture
Repairing
PROMPTLY
AND NEATLY
DONE.



UNDERTAKING
and
FUNERALING

All goods positively sold at Chicago prices. My line consists of
BED-ROOM SETS, MATTRESSES, WOVEN WIRE SPRINGS, all kinds of
PICTURE FRAMES, CHAIRS, TOILETTE and CENTER TABLES and the
celebrated household SEWING MACHINES. E. M. BLOCK,