WILL CHOOSE NEW RULES COMMITTEE

House Decides to Depose Speaker Cannon from His Position of Power.

RETAINS THE SPEAKERSHIP

Legislators Dethrone Veteran Statesman, But by Overwhelming Majority Reject Motion to Consider His Position Vacant—List of "Insurgents."

Washington.—The three days' battle for supremacy in the national house of representatives ended Saturday with the deposition of Speaker Cannon from his place of power.

With a determination that gave no quarter, the insurgent Republicans, aided by their Democratic allies, shattered the speaker's power, and then turned to and helped the regular Republicans give "Uncle Joe" a rousing and affecting vote of personal confidence.

By a vote of 191 to 155 the house doubled the size of the present rules committee, made it an elective body, and eliminated the speaker from its membership. Then, likewise by a vote of 191 to 155, the house refused to dethrone Mr. Cannon from the speakership.

Cannon Stakes Speakership.

When he had seen himself beaten on the question of reorganizing the rules committee, which controls the house, Mr. Cannon offered to yield up also the office of speaker, which he occupies, and permit the election of a successor.

The majority of the insurgents at this juncture parted ways with their Democratic allies, and joining hands with the standpatters, refused to declare the chair of the speaker vacant. Forty-three Republican insurgents voted for the new rule. Only nine went on record to oust the speaker.

New Rules Committee.

Under the terms of the new order of things the house bound itself within ten days to proceed to the organization of a new rules committee of ten members, six of whom shall be Republicans and four Democrats, and to which body the speaker is not eligible.

These members will be nominated in the Republican and Democratic caucuses and elected by resolution in the house.

This new body will take over the reins of power from the present rules committee of five members appointed by the speaker and dominated by his influence. The committee will handle the machinery which grinds out legislation in the lower house.

Here is the Norris resolution, which was adopted:

"There shall be a committee on rules, elected by the house (hitherto the committee of five, like all other house committees, has been appointed by the speaker), consisting of ten members, six of whom shall be members of the majority party and four of whom shall be members of the minority party. The speaker shall not be a member of the committee and the committee shall elect its own chairman from its own members.

"Resolved, Further, That within ten days after the adoption of this resolution there shall be an election of this committee and immediately upon its election the present committee on rules shall be dissolved."

Texan's Resolution Defeated.

Here is the resolution of Representative Burleson, which was defeated:

"Resolved, That the office of speaker of the house of representatives be hereby declared to be vacant, and the house of representatives shall at once proceed to the election of a speaker."

Before it was announced, would he called immediately by both parties to select, respectively, the six Republicans and four Democrats who are to constitute the new committee on rules. The old committee, consisting of Speaker Cannon, chairman, and Messrs. Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Smith of Iowa, Boutelle, and Mudd, Republican Leader Clark of Missouri and John J. Fitzgerald of New York, Democrats.

Republican Leader Serreno E. Payne said that "recent events" were "too recent" for his party to have decided definitely upon the date of its caucus. Republican Whip Wright thought it would be at an early date. Minority Leader Clark thought the democratic caucus would meet within a few days. The fact is that both parties to the long and bitter fight were too thoroughly fatigued to have planned any definite plans. Nature was calling first for sleep, and a respite from the long struggle was a necessity.

"Insurgent" Republicans.

The Republican members of congress who voted against the speaker were:

Nelson, Kopp, Carey, Cooper, David son, Lenroot, Morse of Wisconsin, Davis, Lindbergh, Miller, Steenerson, Volstead of Minnesota, Kendall, Hubbard, Good, Haugen, Pickett, Woods of Iowa, Hinshaw, Kinkaid, Norris of Nebraska, Madison, Murdock of Kansas, Hoveland, Johnson, Taylor of Ohio, Ames, Gardner of Massachusetts, Poelker, Fish of New York, Poindexter, Jones of Washington, Martin of South Dakota, Gronna of North Dakota, Fowler of New Jersey, Hayes of California.

After five hours of turbulent and relentless onslaught, which the combined insurgents and Democrats led with invariable success against Mr. Cannon and the standpatters, the finale was dramatic in the extreme. Mr. Cannon, confessing his defeat, read a statement in which he defended his course, contended that he had done no political wrong, and asked to entertain a motion to declare the chair vacant and the election of a successor in order.

This is the crux of what he read:

"The speaker has always said that under the constitution, it is a matter of the highest privilege for an actual majority of the house at any time to choose a new speaker. He again notifies the house that the speaker will at this moment or at any other time while he remains speaker entertain in conformity with the highest constitutional privilege a motion by any member to vacate the office of the speakership and choose a new speaker, and under existing conditions would welcome such action upon the part of the actual majority of the house so that power and responsibility may rest with the Democratic and insurgent members, who, by the last vote, evidently constitute a majority of this house. The chair is now ready to entertain such a motion."

In accordance with a prearranged plan, which by chance had become known to the speaker's friends, Mr. Burleson, a Texas Democrat, offered a resolution declaring the speaker's chair vacant, and amid scenes of wildest disorder "Uncle Joe" turned over the gavel to Representative Payne and retired to his room to await the outcome. The Democrats voted solidly to oust the speaker, while all but four Republicans and most o. the insurgents voted against it. Burleson's action was regarded even by some of his Republican allies as a big tactical blunder.

The nine insurgents who voted to oust the speaker from the chair were: Carey (Wis.), Cooper (Wis.), Davis (Minn.), Gronna (N. D.), Lenroot (Wis.), Lindbergh (Minn.), Murdock (Kan.), Nelson (Wis.), Poindexter (Wash.).

With announcement of the vote of personal confidence in Mr. Cannon a wild whoop went up from the floor and swept the galleries.

CAREER OF JOSEPH G. CANNON.

1836, May 7—Born at Guilford, N. C., the son of a country doctor.
1840—Moved to Bloomingdale, Park County, Ind., with his father.
1850—His father died, terminating the boy's school life and forcing him to go to work as a clerk.
1856—Began study of law at Terre Hate, Ind.
1858—Admitted to the bar.
1859—Moved to Tuscola, Ill., taking his widowed mother with him.
1861—Elected district attorney of Vermilion county, Ill., and continued to hold that office for seven years.
1872—Elected to congress.
1874-1888—Eight times re-elected to congress.
1888-1890—Chairman of committee on appropriations in "billion-dollar congress."
1890—Defeated for congress.
1892-1903—Nine re-elections to congress.
1903—Elected speaker of congress; re-elected in 1905, 1907 and 1909.
1903—Candidate for the Republican nomination for president.
1908—Severely criticized in resolution by various religious bodies for his attitude on liquor legislation.
1909, Aug. 23—Denounced as ignorant of currency matters and partly responsible for panic of 1907 by Charles N. Fowler, whom Cannon had refused to reappoint to currency committee.
1909—Widespread opposition to his re-election develops as result of passage of Aldrich tariff.
1910, Feb.—Congressman Fowler introduced resolution increasing committee on rules and removing speaker from committee.
1910, March 17—Norris of Nebraska introduced resolution taking away from speaker the power to appoint committee on rules, the beginning of the fight in which the speaker met defeat.

Gary Plant to Cost $3,000,000.

Gary, Ind.—Announcement is made that the contract for the construction of the manufacturing plant and steam shovel works of the American Locomotive Company at Gary has been awarded. The cost is to be $3,000,000. There will be 12 buildings and a power house. The name of the contractor was withheld. The company's site is a mile east of Gary and comprises 290 acres. The construction will begin within a few weeks. The plant when in operation will employ 2,000 men.

Pardon for Chinese Reformer.

Victoria, B. C.—It is reported in Victoria, according to the empress of China, which has arrived here, that Kang Yu Wei, the reformer who fled from Pekin in 1895, has been pardoned and recalled to Pekin to play in China the role of the late Prince Ito in Japan.

Russian newspapers at Harbin and Vladivostok state that large numbers of Japanese posing as commercial travelers but really spies, are now operating in the trans-Baikal district.

GORDON'S TESTIMONY PROVES INTERESTING

Charles W. Gordon, whose picture is given above, is agent for the Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company in Oglesville, N. Y., and resides at 78 King street, that city. In giving testimony regarding his own case, Mr. Gordon recently made the following statement:

"Some time ago, while suffering from stomach catarrh, I was advised to take Cooper's New Discovery, and did so. Two bottles of the preparation putting my stomach into good condition. Previous to my taking the New Discovery I could not eat a meal without experiencing pain and discomfort afterward.

"I had been in this condition for a long time, although I had tried many different remedies in search of relief, and at last reached the conclusion that I had exhausted every available resource. Cooper's New Discovery was therefore to me almost a heaven-sent blessing, and the work of the medicine was so complete and lasting that I have had no recurrence of my former trouble whatever.

"I can eat anything I care for without noticing any bad effects afterward. I have recommended Cooper's New Discovery to many persons of my acquaintance, and it never fails to give satisfactory results. It reaches the seat of stomach trouble in mighty short order."

Cooper's New Discovery is sold by all druggists. If your druggist cannot supply you, we will forward you the name of a druggist in your city who will. Don't accept "something just as good."—The Cooper Medicine Co., Dayton, O.

WERE NO TROLLEY CARS THEN.

Abel Stringham—I tell you, my boy, that speech could never have written a drama like yours.

Playwright—You are very complimentary.

Abel Stringham—Not at all. Take, for instance, that trolley car accident in the third act.

FOR THE SKIN AND SCALP

Because of its delicate, emollient, soothing and antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura Ointment, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors, Cuticura Soap is unrivaled for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for dispelling itching, irritation and inflammation and preventing clogging of the pores, the cause of many disfiguring facial eruptions. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment realize every expectation. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp. sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Send to them for the latest Cuticura Book, an authority on the best care of the skin, scalp, hair and hands. It is mailed free on request.

Cold Meat.

Mrs. Bacon—They say these cold, stringy beans are responsible for the high price of meat.

Mr. Bacon—Is that so? Well, I hope we'll have no more cold meat for lunch, then.—Yonkers Statesman.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Price, 75 cents per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

His satanic majesty seldom wastes any time trying to tempt a busy man.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Price, 75 cents per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Father Time was probably nursed in the lape of age.

HAVE YOU TRIED THIS?

Simple Prescription Said to Work Wonders for Rheumatism.

This has been well known to the best doctors for years and is now given to the public. "Get one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound and one ounce Toris compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a tablespoonful of this mixture before each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle before using." Good results are felt the first day. Many of the worst cases here have been cured by this prescription. Druggist has these ingredients on hand or will quickly get them from his wholesale house.

WHERE SHE HAD HEARD IT

Mrs. Jackson Quite Confident She Had Picked Out a Rational Name for Her Boy.

The late Bishop Gaillier was once asked to baptize a negro baby boy.

"Name this child," he said, addressing Mrs. Jackson, the mother of the black mite.

"Hallud."

"That's a strange name, Mrs. Jackson," remarked the bishop, hesitatingly.

"Scripture name," rejoined the happy mother, with a confident grin. "I never saw it in the Bible."

"Why, bishop, how kin yuh stan' up dar biddin' a sole ignorant nigguh baby lie? Yuh stan' in de church an' preach yuh eyes de Lawd's prayer—'Hallud be thy name.'"—Success Magazine.

A WONDERFUL CHANGE.

From Daily Wretchedness and Pain to Normal Health.

Mrs. R. Crouse, Manchester, Ia., says: "For two years back was weak. Rheumatic pains racked my lower back, day and night. The action of the kidneys was annoyingly irregular. When I started using Doan's Kidney Pills, these troubles soon lessened and the dull backache vanished. The kidneys now act normally and I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for this wonderful change."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Right Spirit.

Apropos of Valentine's Day, a passenger on the Bermudian said:

"Mark Twain told me, in a little Valentine Day speech on this boat, of an Irish woman who had the right Valentine spirit. Acceptance or rejection he could take with equal grace.

"'Will ye be my valentine?' he said, on February 14, to the girl he loved.

"'No, she replied, 'I am another.'

"He heaved a sigh and said:

"'Sure, thin, darlin', I wish ye was twice as that! I could have at least the half of ye.'"

A Big Shortage in Seeds.

From almost all sections come the report of shortage in seed crops, this year, in spite of the fact that the acreage devoted to these crops was much greater than usual.

This is particularly noticeable in the great corn and potato growing states.

Thus: The great states of Nebraska and Iowa are suffering from a dearth of seed corn, and seed potatoes.

Iowa is short of seed corn, this year, 10,000 bushels of pure clover and timothy seed, and 100,000 bushels of the ordinary mixed clover and timothy seed.

Nebraska is short of seed potatoes, 50,000 bushels of seed potatoes.

Iowa is short of seed potatoes, 100