Barrington Review.
M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

Marshall Field Dead

HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.

New York, Jan. 17.—Marshall Field died at 6 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Death came to him as sleep comes to a man exhausted and weary. He died, and while he slept he died.

Only the members of Mr. Field's family were at his side when he breathed his last. When the shadow began to darken, the physicians and nurses withdrew from the room, leaving with him only Mrs. Field, Stanley Field, Mrs. Stanley Field, and Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr. His last words, it is believed, were addressed to his wife.

Knew End Was Near.

Mr. Field realized in the morning that he could not hope to live through the day. He had been told Monday night that all the doctors were against him. He accepted the inevitable with resignation and expressed his gratitude to those who had fought with him in the unequal battle against the disease which had stricken him down.

Mr. Field, although 75 years of age, made a fight against the disease which the attending physicians characterized as being braver and stronger than would have been expected of a man many years his junior.

Funeral in Chicago Friday.

It is announced that the funeral will be held in Chicago at 12 o'clock Friday at the late residence, 1905 Prairie avenue, the Rev. J. A. Morrison of the First Presbyterian church officiating. The services will be private and the family requests that there be no flowers. No service will be held in this city.

LEAVES MILLIONS.

Mr. Field Owned Securities and Property Worth $200,000,000.

Mr. Field's fortune is estimated at from $125,000,000 to $200,000,000. His holdings of stocks and bonds generally are estimated to approximate $100,000,000, although with the exception of his ownership of Chicago bank stocks, there is no public or complete record of his investments. Directorships held by him indicate a large interest in such properties, but he was also an extensive owner of securities in companies in which he was not represented on the board of directors. It is known that he constantly was seeking investment for surplus funds in interest or dividend bearing securities. He did not lie up money in promotions or unprodective property, and consequently it is believed his estate will prove to be extremely liquid and clean.

Mr. Field is credited with having been the largest individual holder of the stock of the Pullman company. The total capital of which is $36,000,000. He was a larger holder, even, than the Pullman estate. It would be a mere guess to say what his ownership of Pullman amounted to 25,000 shares, with an approximate market value of $2,000,000. He was a director in the company, and its record of dividend disbursements has been such that he might well be supposed to have been a holder of any less amount of the stock than indicated.

His C. C. A. W. Holdings.

In the Chicago & Northwestern railway company Mr. Field was also a director and one of the largest individual holders. Here, again, he could be accorded a liberal amount of interest, for the Chicago & Northwestern is in the top class of railroad securities, and holdings of $5,000,000 should not be far astray.

In the United States Steel corporation Mr. Field was a director and in this concern he was associated with him one of his most trusted advisers. Mr. Field had close relations with J. P. Morgan & Co., and in the good things which that firm fathered it is common report that Mr. Field was interested largely. Here, again, there could be no public certainty as to what Mr. Field owned. Other men with whom he was associated in large ventures, and if he was sufficient of interest to become a director it may be reckoned that his holdings ran into several millions of dollars.

Mr. Field was a director in the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway, the operating or money earning company, and he was also a director in the Rock Island, the holding company. "Large interest" must cover the idea of his holdings. His opinions were actively consulted in this property, and, right or wrong, he was credited with being one who advised the suspension of dividends on the preferred stock of the Rock Island company.

Investment Policy.

As president and director of Marshall Field & Co. he had, of course, his largest active investment. The retail store in State street alone was credited with gross earnings in 1905 of $52,000,000. Two years ago the profits of the retail house were understood to have been something like $2,750,000. In the last two years the business has grown in such percentage that the net profits for last year must have been between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, the greater portion of which went to the president of the firm. But the retail establishment was only one branch of his investment in the dry goods business, for his wholesale house must be considered, and his foreign factories.

In Chicago, outside the investment in his own business and the Pullman company, Mr. Field was owner of street railway shares and Chicago Edison shares. His largest street railway interest was in Chicago City railway. He held in the latter between 5,000 and 10,000 shares, which approximate $200 each, making his holding worth between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000. He was the largest individual holder of the stock of the Chicago Edison company, which has a capital of $11,220,000. He held 500 shares of the old Chicago West Division street railway, which, before the present troubles was valued at $600 per share.

His bank stock holdings in Chicago were as follows: Merchants Loan & Trust, 2,890 shares; market value, $1,054,850. Illinois Trust & Savings, $1,000; $600,000. First National, 500; $195,000. Northern Trust, 200; $105,000. Corn Exchange, 125; $50,000.

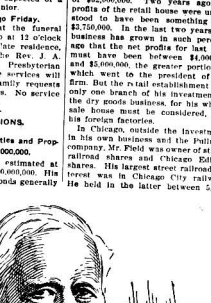
Millions in Realty.

Marshall Field's Chicago realty holdings, on a conservative estimate, will approximate $33,000,000 in value. His central business holdings make up about $21,000,000 of this amount, while great warehouse properties of Marshall Field & Co. on the west side, the block owned by him at the southeast corner of Forest boulevard and Forty-seventh street, property at Downer's Grove, and his residence on Prairie avenue make up the remainder.

Property in New York.

Mr. Field was also a large owner of New York realty, his principal holding comprising a large part of the block on Fifth avenue between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets. The acquirement of this property a years ago was the occasion for a report, which was promptly denied, that it was bought as a site for a great New York retail store for Field & Co. Considering the important activitie of values along Fifth avenue since that point, it is thought this holding is worth in the neighborhood of $5,000,000.

Find Miss Helen's Friend.



HARVARD BOARD BARS FOOTBALL

Trustees Say Game as Played at Present Is Menace to Morals.

EVILS MUST BE ABOLISHED

Rules for Intercollegiate Contests Must Be Altered Before the Big University Will Permit Its Students to Participate.

Boston, Mass., dispatch: Harvard university definitely has abolished the game of football because, as played, it is a menace to the morals as well as the bodies of the players.

Not until the game has been reformed in a way acceptable to the board of trustees will its reestablishment be considered by the university authorities.

The discontinuance of the game is a result of a vote taken recently at a secret meeting of the board of overseers, when it was decided that intercollegiate football at Harvard would not be permitted until the rules and regulations had been so changed and amended as to remove what the overseers regard as the evils of the present game. The overseers accepted unanimously the opinions of a special committee that the game as at present played is essentially bad in every respect.

Demand Decent Game.

The committee declared that if changes were to be made, no man now a member of the so-called intercollegiate rules committee should have a hand in it, the committee believing that these gentlemen are so committed to the present system that they would not agree to such changes as are absolutely necessary to produce a decent, clean, pleasurable contest, "instead of the present apology for a rough and tumble fight."

"Football is a fine game when properly played," the committee says, "but the present method is thoroughly bad and ought to be stopped absolutely and finally. Any university taking this action will later be considered as a benefactor by many playing and by all lovers of healthful, clean sport and fair play."

Whether the reformed rules can be arranged and accepted in time for the resumption of football next season is problematical.

Big Surprise for Students.

Some determined action by the board of overseers had been anticipated in Harvard athletic circles, but the radical attitude of abolishing the game altogether caused great surprise among students and graduates.

The committee's report said: "The method of formation absolutely encourages trickery and foul play. It is difficult to see all that is done, even by the most careful and sharpest eyed umpire, but the results are seen in many serious and even fatal accidents. It is nearly impossible to line up twenty-two powerful and aggressive young men opposite each other and not have some one lose his self control do what is wrong."

Rules Committee Under Ban.

The committee then expressed the opinion that the intercollegiate rules committee should not have a hand in making changes, and adds:

"A new committee could, it is believed, formulate rules that, while simple, would cause an absolutely different game. In this connection it is necessary to point out that professional umpires are as necessary as good referees—men who, unlike many of those used as such in the past, are fearless and anxious instantly to punish any infraction of the rules."

CLAIM BIG ESTATE IS MISUSED

Removal of Executors is Sought by Wealthy Man's Heirs.

St. Louis, Mo., special: William J. Peck, grandson of the late Charles H. Peck, a reputed millionaire St. Louisan, who died July 3, 1899, has filed suits in the circuit court alleging mismanagement of his grandfather's estate by the executors named in his will and asking that Stephen Peck and John A. Peck, sons of Charles H. Peck, be removed from the trusteeship which they have held since the death of their father and asking the court to make restitution of the funds that he charges have been misused.

GIVES $50,000 TO UNIVERSITY

Eckley Brinton Coxe Makes Donation for New Dormitory.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: Provost Harrison is jubilant because that the University of Pennsylvania has received the gift of $50,000 from Eckley Brinton Coxe, and that the new dormitory house, now nearing completion, will be called the Coxe house in honor of the donor, a graduate of Pennsylvania in the class of 1893. He is a son of Eckley Brinton Coxe, class of 1858, college, and a grandson of the late Sidney Coxe of the class of 1818, college.

ITALIAN CAPTAIN IS DEGRADED

Officer Convicted of Treason Weeps When Stripped of Uniform.

Messina, Italy, dispatch: Captain Ricciovi of the Italian army, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment for lesh treason, was publicly degraded in the citadel. The commander of the troops read the sentence and then a corporal stripped the uniform from the captain, who broke down and wept.

Dies While at Prayer.

Dayton, Ohio, special: Herman Quartman, aged 78, a member of the National Military home, was found dead in the Catholic chapel at the home when the church was opened for service. It is believed that he entered the office early to pray, as was his custom.

Woman is Acquitted.

Murphysboro, Ill., special: Mrs. Clemma Glat, at one time a domestic in the home of Gov. Charles S. Deneen in Chicago, was acquitted of a charge of having murdered Tony Bosal, an Italian. The trial lasted a week, and the jury was out twenty hours.

Price of Brush Soars.

Arcola, Ill., dispatch: There have been interesting times in broom corn circles of Central Illinois. Quotations are $100 to $125, the highest price the farmers have received for their brush since the attempt to corner the market in 1899.

Gen. Chaffee Resigns.

Washington, dispatch: Lieut. Gen. Chaffee has tendered his resignation as chief of the army staff, to take effect at once, and it has been accepted by the president. Gen. Bates will succeed him.

Murderer is Hanged.

Trenton, N. J., dispatch: Charles Long was hanged here for the murder of Matthew Cunningham. The drop fell at 10:31 o'clock and Long was pronounced dead twelve minutes later.

Army Officers Under Arrest

San Francisco special: Alexander Goehr and Harry J. Collins, ex-officers of the United States army, were arrested on the arrival of the transport Sherman.

Seeks Comfort; Loses Leg.

Jeffersonville, Ind., dispatch: When Jack Hogan of Sinker, Indiana, went to sat down and crossed his legs the bone of his right leg snapped near the hip and amputation of the limb was necessary.

Bishop Hazen is Ill.

South Bend, Ind., dispatch: Bishop Hazen Wh of Michigan City was taken ill at a hotel here following a meeting of the members of the Episcopalia diocese.

WORLD'S NEWS —TOLD IN— PARAGRAPHS

Forty-four indictments against officials of Shiawassee county, Mich., were returned by a grand jury sitting at Owosso. The county supervisors are accused of having appropriated $75,000 illegally for a new courthouse.

Oscar A. Garfield, former clerk of the village of Durand, is charged with $1,000 shortage in his accounts, and Sheriff Jarrad and three subordinates are charged with discrepancies in connection with the board bills of prisoners in the county jail.

Mary Rowan, the eleventh victim of the West hotel fire, died at Minneapolis, Minn. Others who were injured in the fire will probably recover.

R. L. Hubbard of Cheboygan, Mich., committed suicide at Buffalo, N. Y., by leaping from the third story of a private hospital. He was an epileptic.

W. R. Johnson of Knoxville, president of the National Travelers' Protective association, announces that the annual convention of the order will be held in Buffalo beginning June 11.

E. L. Humphrey, cashier of the Bank of Wadley, Ga., and superintendent of the Sunday school, shot himself to death. President Rentz of the bank said not a single discrepancy had been found.

Charles E. Black, an Omaha hatter, formerly of Freeport, Ill., is a candidate for republican nomination for mayor.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hirelman of Hillsdale, Ill., celebrated their seventy-second wedding anniversary; their children are all descendants are dead.

Joseph H. Choate, former United States ambassador to Great Britain, was elected president of the New York State Bar association.

Gov. Magoon of Panama, on receipt of a cable message from Washington, postponed his proposed trip to the United States until Jan. 21.

Senator Cullom, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, left Washington for St. Augustine, Fla. He is in bad health and it is doubtful whether he can resume his senatorial labors in the near future.

Charles M. Pepper, special traveling commissioner of the department of commerce and labor, has returned to Washington from an extensive tour of Mexico, involving a close study of the Mexican railway system.

Lieut. General Chaffee tendered his resignation as chief of staff, U. S. A., and it was accepted by the President. Gen. Chaffee goes on the retired list Feb. 1. Gen. Bates, assistant chief of staff, will succeed him.

James Brown Scott, professor of law at Columbia University, New York, has been appointed solicitor of the state department, to succeed Judge Penfield.

William E. Corey, president of the United States Steel corporation, has given $10,000 to the Bradfordi, Pa., general hospital, which will be ready for opening Feb. 15.

The Portuna, a steam yacht owned and navigated by H. B. Slaughter, a Chicago capitalist, arrived in Mobile Jan. 16, after a cruise of 1,400 miles. The party left Chicago July 1, 1903.

Four men were blown to pieces as the result of a dynamite explosion at Bushnell, N. C., among them being Capt. J. M. Powers of Asheville, N. C., superintendent of construction.

Disbarment suit against Mayor Darrow and City Attorney Worden of La Porte, Ind., and Attorney John W. Talbot of South Bend, Ind., subornation of perjury being charged, has commenced at Goshen on a change of venue Jan. 18.

Rev. Henry Easter, rector of the Episcopal church at St. Paul, Tex., will celebrate his silver wedding anniversary Jan. 18, the marriage occurring twenty-five years ago in Jacksonville, Ill.

All the shops of the Reading Railway company at Reading, Pa., have gone on nine-hour day, instead of ten.

Two children of Thomas Foster were burned to death in a fire which destroyed Feeley's home at Maple hill, near Mahanoy City, Pa.

Nearly every bank employe in Chester, Pa., has been notified to resign from any clubs to which he may belong or seek another employment. This rule is the result of the confession of J. Frank Challenger, the former treasurer of the Delaware County company, that he had stolen $19,000 because he "had to go the pace" demanded of a society man.

Representative Burton of Ohio made the principal address at the opening session of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress at Washington. About 300 delegates are expected to be present.

Otto Shenkle, aged 21, an engineer at the Bloomington, Ill., stove works, died death by being between two cog wheels, which crushed his chest.

Members of unions are barred from employment as masters on lake vessels by a resolution adopted by the Lake Carriers' association at Detroit.

Baron Von Richthofen, the foreign secretary at Berlin, who is suffering from a stroke of paralysis, was slight improved last night.

President Palma of Cuba has appointed Manuel Francisco Lamar to succeed the late Eduardo Yero as secretary of public instruction.

OPTIONS ON MEXICAN RUBBER

Rockefeller, Jr., and Senator Aldrich Form New Company.

Austin, Texas, special: The Continental Rubber company, controlled by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and United States Senator Aldrich and which has a capital of $20,000,000, has secured options on all the rubber factories in Mexico. The purpose of the company is said to control the industry of manufacturing crude rubber from the guayule plant which grows wild in central and northern Mexico.

FIND MAN WITH BROKEN NECK

Illinoisan Killed at Terre Haute, Ind., While on a Spree.

Terre Haute, Ind., dispatch: Frank Nighlinger was found dead on the street Friday night with a broken neck and a battered face. He had been walking toward a Republican primary meeting with a crowd, but who started for the polls is not yet known. His home was in Marshall, Ill., and he had been in town on a spree for a week.

AN EVERY-DAY STRUGGLE.

Too Many Women Carry the Heavy Load of Kidney Sickness.

Mrs. E. W. Wright of 172 Main street, Haverhill, Mass., says: "In 1898 I was suffering so with sharp pains in the small of my back and had such frequent dizzy spells that I could scarcely get about the house. The urinary troubles also gave quite irregular, dreaded results. I was in such a condition for four years. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me right away when I began with them and three boxes cured me permanently."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PRESIDENT REMISS IN DUTIES.

At Least, So Thought Mother of One Student.

Perhaps the attitude of Harvard men toward President Eliot is best illustrated by a negative,—there are but few anecdotes current about him. Here is one of the few. A mother wrote to him, as mothers often do, asking how her son was progressing. Did he have his lessons? Did he keep his clothes in good condition? Was he respectful to his teachers? There was nothing in President Eliot's reply to indicate that her boy was not under his personal supervision. Yet the mother visited the university in the interest of her worriment. She found her boy in his room, his clothes piled about on the chairs, and his feet on the table, smoking a pipe. What she said to him is important, but what she said to the president has lived.—Exchange.

FOUR YEARS OF AGONY.

Whole Foot Nothing But Proud Flesh —Had to Use Crutches—"Cuticura Remedies Made Me Stand on Earth."

"In the year 1898 the side of my right foot was cut off from the little toe down to the heel, and the physician who had charge of me was trying to saw up the side of my foot, but with no success. At last my whole foot and was left above my calf was nothing but proud flesh. I suffered unspeakable agonies for four years, and tried different physicians and all kinds of ointments. I could walk only with crutches. In two weeks afterwards I saw a change in my limb. I used Cuticura Ointment and Soap was only 36, but the doctor's bills were more like $600. John M Lloyd, 718 N. Arch Ave., Alliance, Ohio, June 27, 1905."

As we understand the case in its present aspect, Mrs. Corey gets back her $10,000 and a million dollars, while Mabelle gets the binky dink.

Treating Wrong Disease.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from liver disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion or prostration, another from bearing down pains here and there, and in this way they expect the doctor to understand their uneasy going and indifferent, or over-busy condition, but they do not understand that which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes for their ills and pains. In reality, they are all only symptoms caused by the disease of the uterus, which is ignorant of the cause of suffering, encouraging the neglect of proper medicine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, directed to the cause of these symptoms, removes the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and establishing comfort instead of prolonged misery. It is not to be expected that a disease known is half cured.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully compounded by a skillful physician, and adapted to women's delicate system. It is made of native medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. It is not a "cure-all," but is wonderfully efficacious in all those peculiar ailments, weaknesses and disorders which are common to women, and which, if neglected, lead to painful and dangerous results. It is a powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out, run-down," delicate women, teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls" and housekeepers, nursing mothers and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and invigorating tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying that suffering nervous excitability, irritability, nervous prostration, nervous prostration, hysteria, hysteria, spasms, chorea, St. Vitus's dance, and other nervous disorders usually attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and sleeplessness in general.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, bowels and liver. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

CURES INDIGESTION

When what you eat makes you uncomfortable it is doing you very little good. Digestion is barely keeping you alive. Digestive tablets are worse than useless if they add to the time deprive the stomach of all power to digest food. The stomach must be toned up—strengthened. The herb tonic-laxative,

Lane's Family Medicine

will do the work quickly and pleasantly.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.