Barrington Review.

H. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

BARRINGTON ILLINOIS

WORLD'S NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS

The police ordered all but one ebbies out of service at Beloit, Wis.

Mrs. R. L. Henry, aged 80, was killed by a train while a clerk at Marshall, Ill.

Miss Edwin Bedaman of Terre Haute, Ind., in a message to the council advocated municipal waterworks and electric lighting.

Nicholas J. Schumacher of Trevor, Wis., charged with killing John Yerwaive, waived examination in the justice court and was bound over to the circuit court.

The anthracite coal production in Pennsylvania for the month of January was 4,498,576 tons, as against 4,134,245 tons during the month of January, 1904.

The first awards of contracts under the new plan of advertising were Albany, N. Y., Linden W. Bates of New York, city being given work amounting to $1,521,873.

In a wreck on Rock Island railroad near Santa Fe, N. M., Mrs. Charles Alger of Chicago, Mrs. A. Leser of Milwaukee and Mr. and Mrs. Culver of Boston were injured.

The public school building in Buckland, Ohio, burned.

Fire in the business district of Mandan, N. D., caused a loss of $45,000.

The Bauer-Ryan elevator and milling plant at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $200,000.

The plant of the Southwestern Cotton Oil company in Oklahoma City, Okla., burned, the loss being $50,000.

The Home Merchant Iron mill in Rome, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, the loss being $200,000, partially covered by insurance.

Several coal packers of the Erie railroad, a number of cars and small buildings in Port Jervis, N. Y., burned, the loss being estimated at $100,000.

The high schools building in Bluffton Center, Ohio, burned just after the pupils were dismissed, the loss being about $20,000, insured in the Mutual of New York.

John Jacobs, a farmer, aged 35, was fatally shot by a friend near Virginia, Ill., while hunting rabbits.

Miss Kate Shively, aged 16 years, took carbolic acid with suicidal intent at Ramsey, Ill. Timely medical attendance saved her.

Mrs. Daniel Jackson, aged 64, was frozen to death at her home near Brazeaux, Ill., and Benjamin McCrea met a similar fate at McClure, Ill. The bodies of Joseph Hask and Frank Bekert, railroad employes, who perished in Sunday's storm, were found near Interbrook, Ill., the latter being made for two section men supposed to have perished in the same storm.

As a result of a dispute over a lease Benjamin Myers killed Mrs. Ann Chambers at Louisville and then cut his own throat.

Jack London, the novelist, is a candidate on the Socialist ticket for mayor of Oakland, Cal.

Archbishop Ambrose Anglim, the new papal delegate to the Philippines, arrived at Manila.

Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., has decline the presidency of Yale, Yale's school at Concord, Mass.

Secretary Taft returned his duties at the state department after an absence of about two weeks on account of a severe cold.

Dr. A. N. Davis of Berlin, Germany, formerly of Pueblo, Colo., has been appointed private dentist to Kaiser William since the suicide of Dr. Silvester.

Reports from the bedside of F. A. Falkenburg of Los Angeles, Cal., the stricken head consul of the Woodmen of the World and president of the National Fraternal Congress, are to the effect that he continues to fall in strength.

William Brown, a log hoyer of Lincoln, Ill., was accidentally shot in jured at a hotel at Eureka. Roy Morgan was standing in a vestibule when it was discharged, the bullet entering the abdomen and coming out of the back.

Twenty-one suits, aggregating $147,000, have been filed by mounted miners of Brookwood, Ala., against the national and local unions, claiming their employers are in league with the organization to dismiss them.

Representative Lawrence of Illinois, who has been suffering with pneumonia at Washington, is considerably improved.

Nathan Bentz, an Oriental curio dealer of Santa Barbara, Cal., became a bankrupt on account of a $30,000 fire for undervaluing importations.

A coroner's jury at Louisiana, Mo., found that Mrs. Lou Norvell, who died mysteriously near that city, had been poisoned.

Manuel Gonzales was fatally cut at a Mexican dance in the opera house at Santa Fe, N. M., during a fight in which many were injured.

Paul Stake, a farmer of Tremont, Ill., was struck by a Big Four train and killed.

Emperor William, the empress, Crown Prince Frederick William and Prince Eitel Friedrich may all go to southern Europe for the spring.

HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.

Find the Father.

NATIONAL SOLONS.

Friday, Feb. 3, 1905.

The senate, sitting as an impeachment court, received the answer of Judge Swayne to the articles of impeachment presented by the house of representatives. The answer was filed, when all preliminary pleadings shall be presented, Senator Foraker, the Ohio Republican, moved that the senate sitting as a court of impeachment adjourn until Monday next. Senator McCumber presented a petition from the National Cotton Growers association, asking the enactment of a three cents per pound excise tax on cotton. Senator Foraker introduced a resolution passed by the National Cotton Growers association, asking the enactment of a "few million dollars" to establish the market for cotton goods.

The house passed the omnibus appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of $9,000,000 for the support of the army, including civil service rules and for the dismissal of postal employes being, the house contended, receiving increased salaries had been ruled out. Bills were introduced by Representative Lacey (Ia.) to establish reservoirs and irrigation plants relating to cotton, and to gather statistics of the cotton crop, and to permit the amendment to the constitution of Arizona and New Mexico from the present requirements, providing for a vote for about 100 minutes while the senate, sitting as a court of impeachment, sat in the senate chamber. Senator Foraker, in Judge Swayne's answer to the impeachment case, after denying the charges, pourred until Friday, Senator Hoar presented a petition from the Massachusetts Board of Trade for the enactment of President's recommendations for enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and Senator Spooner introduced a bill to carry into effect the recommendations of the president. The house was passed adding to Arkansas a small part of Indian Territory, and to Oklahoma the balance.

The house began debating the Tawney-Lacey bill, to prevent the issuance of freight rates after adjusting a rate proposed by a carrier, until after a hearing before the interstate commerce commission. Thursday, when a vote shall be taken without amendment or debate, unless the house managers in the Swayne impeachment case shall call up the report. It is stated that the house will insist on guard pleadings they shall deem necessary. The Panama canal zone government bill was passed, adding to Taft's duties as governor of the canal zone.

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Tuesday, Feb. 7.

The senate continued debating the Tawney-Lacey bill, to prevent the issuance of freight rates after adjusting a rate proposed by a carrier, until after a hearing before the interstate commerce commission. Thursday, when a vote shall be taken without amendment or debate, unless the house managers in the Swayne impeachment case shall call up the report. It is stated that the house will insist on guard pleadings they shall deem necessary. The Panama canal zone government bill was passed, adding to Taft's duties as governor of the canal zone.

Wednesday, Feb. 8.

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Thursday, Feb. 9.

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Saturday, February 4, 1905.

The senate passed without debate the time given by the Senate to the statehood bill, providing for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, with a vote on the agricultural appropriation bill there was considerable debate on the question of forest reserves. The bill was not disposed of. The senate committee on interstate commerce reported favorably the Tawney-Lacey bill, relating to cotton, and to gather statistics of the cotton crop, and to permit the amendment to the constitution of Arizona and New Mexico from the present requirements, providing for a vote for about 100 minutes while the senate, sitting as a court of impeachment, sat in the senate chamber. Senator Foraker, in Judge Swayne's answer to the impeachment case, after denying the charges, poured until Friday. Senator Hoar presented a petition from the Massachusetts Board of Trade for the enactment of President's recommendations for enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and Senator Spooner introduced a bill to carry into effect the recommendations of the president. The house was passed adding to Arkansas a small part of Indian Territory, and to Oklahoma the balance.

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After a continuous sitting of nearly twenty-four hours, the senate, at 1:30 Friday, adopted the time agreement on the bill for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as a single state of Oklahoma and New Mexico as a single state. The vote on the agreement was taken on the 10 minutes' speech of Senator Foraker, in which he charged that the impeachment of Judge Swayne was "a political conspiracy." Mr. Bailey (Tex.) was the only senator who voted against the agreement. The house committee on ways and means has decided to tell him that they are with him in the matter of railroad rate legislation.

Judge Swayne Replies.

Washington, February 4.—In behalf of his counsel, Judge Swayne Friday made his formal response in the senate to the articles of impeachment made by the house of representatives. In every case the fact charged was admitted, but explained from Judge Swayne's point of view, and in addition it was contended that even if the conditions were true as charged they were not of a character to justify proceedings for impeachment for "high crimes and misdemeanors." The answer was filed by ex-Senator Thurston, and it was accompanied by a motion and an order requiring the house to file its formal charges by next Monday and directed that all pleadings shall be in by Feb. 9, so that the trial may begin Feb. 10.

Grofts Must Serve.

Washington special: The President has declined to grant the application for pardon filed in behalf of Oliver B. and Samuel A. Groff, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with the postal cases. Their bondsmen and those of August Machen and George E. Lorenz have been directed to surrender their principals, who are planned to take them in company with about twenty other white and black prisoners, to the Moundsville, W. Va., penitentiary to serve their two year sentences.

Santo Domingo Protested.

Washington special: The state department is daily expecting word from Minister Hewson and Commander Dillingham of the completion of the negotiations for a new protocol providing for the administration of external Dominican finances. It is said the protocol will be submitted to the senate as soon as it reaches here, but action may not be possible until the extraordinary session of the senate after March 4.

To Present Bronze Bust.

Washington dispatch: A funeral, the French ambassador, on behalf of the people of France, will present to the nation a bronze bust of Commodore Dewey's Washington, a replica of the original bust made by the sculptor Jean Vid D'Angers in the year 1833, and destroyed in the fire of 1851.

Fight Rate Discrimination.

Washington special: Grand Master Frenson of Duluth, Minn., representing the Order of Railway Conductors and Brakemen, has been heard by the senate interstate commerce committee in support of legislation to confer the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce.

Panama Service is Full.

Washington dispatch: It was announced at the office of the civil service commission that the press for more examinations will be held for the position of marine engineer for the Panama canal service, the applications being far in excess of its needs.

Consul to Relieve.

Washington dispatch: It is understood that Judge Goodrich, who is now in this city, has decided to retire from his office of consul general at Shanghai.

Pythian Anniversary.

Richmond, Ind., special: Charles E. Shively, supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, has issued a bulletin asking every subordinate lodge to observe the forty-first anniversary of the founding of the order Feb. 19.

Radium Mine in France.

Paris cable: An important discovery has been made near the department of Saone-et-Loire is interesting scientific circles. Prof. Curie's assistant is conducting the exploitation.

CONCERTED MOVE FOR PEACE

Representatives of Germany and Great Britain Confer at Berlin Regarding Efforts to End Eastern War.

It is reported on high diplomatic authority that on the initiative of the German government an interview took place Jan. 30 at Berlin between Chancellor Von Bulow and the Earl of Lancelles, the British ambassador, at which the former proposed that efforts be made by Germany and Great Britain to secure peace between Russia and Japan.

It is believed that the conference was prompted by no intimation of views by King Edward and the kaiser.

A double motive for this action is ascribed to the German emperor. One is that he seeks to damage the alliance between Russia and France. The other is that he desires to destroy the anti-German feeling in England.

NOBILITY APPEALS TO CZAR.

At a private meeting of the provincial nobility in Saratoff the discussion of the reform propositions it was decided to vote for a modified form of an address to the emperor, to the effect that the members of the nobility have confidence in the reforms from the emperor which would show that the Czar is aware of the needs of the people are still unbroken and that the emperor would, when he deems advisable, summon representatives of the lives of the people to participate in the government.

Cornerstone of New Regime.

Official reports of the deliberations of the committee of twenty-five, guarantee for the observance of the civil and religious liberties of the territory conduct by officials evoke general satisfaction. The prominent feature of the senate's original character is the chief guardian of the laws is described in some quarters as the corner stone of the new edifice which is being erected in place of the old bureaucracy.

The commissions of the ministries of the interior, finance and justice are busily studying the questions of the eight hour workday, the strike and state insurance for workmen, which have been proposed by the imperial ukase of Dec. 25.

Succeed Murawieff.

Senator Makoff, the department minister, has been appointed minister of justice, succeeding Count Muravieff.

Czar Receives Weather.

Emperor Nicholas Friday received at Tsarskoe Selo a deputation of five workmen who lost their jobs in the works. He questioned each man closely regarding the conditions of his work and hours of employment, expressed sympathy with those who had conscientiously performed their duties and said he hoped to visit the establishment in person. Great enthusiasm occurred in the great hall. The emperor was accompanied by Minister of Finance Kokovsoff and Prince Sollitsin, manager of the printing works. The deputation in a speech to the czar asked the workmen to convey thanks in his name to their comrades who had done good work in the service of the state. The emperor shook hands with the bearing of the delegates. At the conclusion of the interview the deputies were escorted by officials to visit the palace buildings and afterward were entertained at dinner.

Gorky Must Be Tried.

It is the intention of the government to bring to trial Maxim Gorky, author, has been appointed minister of justice, succeeding Count Muravieff.

Short Poles at Lodz.

In a conflict between troops and strikers at the Kountzer factory at Lodz, the soldiers fired, killing six persons and wounding twelve. Two Shooting also occurred at the Kaiser factory.

Disorderly Strikers.

About 60 workmen were turned out on strike at Sosnovice. At a meeting of strikers the two forcibly dragged off the chairman of the meeting and tried various ways to the place of meeting. The police dispersed the crowd. A minimum wage of 75 cents a day, the eight hours day and a 10 per cent increase in factory management and old age pensions. After the meeting 12,000 strikers marched through the streets of Dombrova district in perfect order, the authorities dispersed. Sosnovice to strike.

Strikers went to the railway station of Strebemeschin, seized and bound the officials, wrecked the station building and stopped trains in both directions.

FLEE FROM MOSCOW.

American and English residents of Moscow, in fear of an impending storm, are sending their families out of Russia according to the Times of Germany and Austria. On the surface the city seems quiet, but it is described as a sleeping child. Yet Valtoff, government general of Moscow, manifests his strict prohibition against more than twenty people gathering in any place, even for a friendly chat or a hotel.

Valkoff summoned Prince Galitzin, mayor of Moscow and a recent convert to liberalism, and begged him to influence the municipality toward loyalty. Valkoff promised to the people greater freedom of speech and a relaxing of the cruel police rule enforced by Gen. Trepoff when governor of Moscow.

The students, lawyers and physicians of Moscow, and even some of the nobles, are planning a great demonstration March 4, the anniversary of the liberation of the serfs by Alexander II in 1861.

AMERICAN FLEET ON GUARD.

An official dispatch from Manila says that an American squadron composed of fifteen warships has sailed from the island of Luzon for the southern waters of the Philippines archipelago, with the object of maintaining neutrality in American waters both as to the Russian and Japanese fleets. A recent dispatch said that Japanese warships had been seen in southern Philippine waters and that the Baltic fleet was expected. It is now stated that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron is coming back, leaving 1902. A bombardment of the entire fleet with sailing conditions.

Considerable activity was manifested opposite Sffagatan and Letalytun, and it is believed the Russians are preparing for another attack. They have constructed a number of artillery and volleys of musketry. The Japanese remain in their trenches and do not answer the Russian fire.

When the battle of Jan. 25 began the Russians expected a counter attack and withdrew its small force and allowed the Russians to occupy the positions until their reinforcements could come up. The Russians lost a considerable number of men, although prisoners say that one regiment was entirely annihilated, although the loss was small, the Russians have not yet been reported, but it is believed that they will amount to fully 3,000.

The Russian loss in the battle was engaged at Heikoutai and in that direction, the Russians lost about 1,000 men, the Japanese lost 1,000.

Lieut. Colonel Gerlach, who arranged in the Russian demonstration against the Japanese positions immediately east of Mukden, a force composed of cavalry, artillery and infantry, which proved to be a complete failure, was sentenced to the attaching force, as the men were plainly visible against the white background for a long distance.

The Japanese suffer the same disadvantages in the reverse order of Heutai. The weather was very cold during the battle, the temperature being 6 degrees below zero and the mercury was 11 degrees below zero.

Grippenberg Wants to Quit.

It is rumored at St. Petersburg that Grippenberg has telegraphed that he asked to be relieved of his command. Gen. Kuropatkin, who is the superior officer in military circles Gen. Grippenberg telegraphed direct to the emperor, complaining of his inability because of the failure of General Kuropatkin to carry out the plans of the part in the operations against Sandepu.

The Russ severely criticises General Kuropatkin on the ground that Grippenberg's failure to succeed was due to the failure of General Kuropatkin to carry out the plans of Grippenberg's attack.

It is believed in military circles that Grippenberg's request would be granted to failure unless immediately followed by a successful attack.

It is believed in military circles that the Russian reinforcements which were ordered to Mukden, under the command of the Grand Duke Michael, have not reached Mukden. It is generally believed that the Russian forces are now in command in the far east has devolved on Gen. Alexeieff, because the report that General Grippenberg is in disgrace. Gen. Alexeieff is not taken seriously if a year before his appointment to the command of the second Pacific fleet.

The emperor has received the following dispatch from Admiral Rojestvensky dated Jan. 30: "Japanese during the night of Jan. 29 attacked Sandepu, between on the left bank of the Hun river opposite Changtan. They captured the Russian outposts, which were driven out with great loss. The situation is unchanged."

"Up to Feb. 1, 133 Japanese prisoners have arrived at Mukden."

MIRRORS SAY

Some bitter things about people at times, and they talk to you to your face.

Do you converse with your mirror?

JOHN H. WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP. Scalp Scalp Scalp

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP.

by its rare ability to nourish and cleanse the unnourished cuticle permits us to make a good looking skin.

25 cents A CAKE.

INITIAL OFFER.

In case your dealer cannot supply you send us his name and 25 cents in stamps for a cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap, and we will send you, in any address for $1.00, the following toilet preparations:

1 Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap.
1 Tube " Facial Cream.
1 " " Facial Powder.
1 Box " Face Powder.

Together with our exquisite Woodbury's Manicure, a careful treatise on the care of the nails, and a Nail Polisher.

Booklet free on application.

THE ANDREW JERGENS CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

TOOK LOAD OF GLASSES.

Street Car Passenger Tells of Limit in Borrowing.

"If you want a reputation of borrowing carried to the limit," said the man in the street car, "you can't do it unless you let me tell you what happened to me the other day. I came home in a street car and I had a pair of glasses evidently about my own age. I didn't pay much attention to them during the first part of the trip, for I had a book and was interested in that. But by and by I got tired of reading and tucked the paper away in my pocket. Then the man spoke:

"'Are you through with your paper?' he asked.

"'For the present,' I said; 'but I will read it again when I get home. However, if you want it I'm horrow it a while I don't mind lending it.'

"'Oh, no,' said the man, 'I don't want your paper. I want to borrow my own. The trouble is I can't read them. I can't see. I left my glasses at the office.' I thought it was a bad night suit. If you're not going to use them I know other people that can use them.'

"The very audacity of the request deprived me of the power of refusal, and what did I do but take off my precious glasses that not a soul but myself had been allowed to handle since the day I bought them, and all the way home I felt my eyes wandering through the window, while my neighbor could see the glasses astride his nose and calmly read the evening news."—New York Press.

A FELLOW FEELING.

Why She Felt Lenient Towards the Drunkard.

A great deal depends on the point of view. A good temperance woman was tried in a very peculiar way, to revise her somewhat harsh judgment of the poor devil who spoiled her husband's life and she is now the more charitable. She says:

"For many years I was a great sufferer from asthma. Finally my health got so poor that I found I could not be down, but walked the floor whilst others slept. I got so nervous I could not rest anywhere.

My physicians told me I must give up the use of coffee—the main thing that I always thought gave me some relief. I consulted our family physician about it, being a coffee fiend himself, told me to try Postum, but I thought it was vice. Coffee had such a charm for me that I could not imagine a drink worthy a whiff of the fragrance, and could not relate a cup. I felt very lenient towards the drunkard and could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I could not endure the sight of it.

At last, however, I bought a package of Postum, determined to see if I could not drink it. I prepared it as directed, and served it for breakfast. Well, hitter as I was against it, I must say that never before tasted such a delicious cup of coffee! From that day to this (more than two years) I have never taken a drop of the old coffee. My health soon recovered, the asthma disappeared, I began to sleep well and in a short time I gained 20 pounds in weight.

One day I handed a cup of physician the tablets he had prescribed for me. Without a word he poured the coffee into a saucer and he persuaded that coffee was harmful. This is the best cup of coffee I ever drank,' he continued. 'Not trouble is so few people know how to make good coffee.' When he got his second cup I told him he was drinking Postum. He was incredulous, but I made him taste and he was astonished. Now he uses nothing but Postum in his home and has greatly improved in health.—Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look for each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Well-ville."

Footprints on the Sands of Time

Find Dead Man in Sleigh.

Plainfield, N. J., special: George Williams, a grocer at Watchung, was found dead in a sleigh about four miles from his home with a bullet wound in the back. The horse was detached from the sleigh and was found at a farm.

Condition of Sick Man.

Washington special: Representative Marsh of Illinois was reported to be considerably better. Representatives Representative Samuel W. Smith of Michigan shows no important change.

Find Knife Alongside Body.

Kenosha, Wis., dispatch: The body of Cornelius Yonkers of South Chicago, with a deep throat cut, was found at Camp Lake in the town of Salem. A long knife was beside it. The supposition is that he was murdered.

Sanitarium for Lepers.

Washington special: Senator Crane introduced a bill appropriating $250,000 for the establishment of a leper sanitarium for the segregation of lepers on abandoned military reservation.