Barrington Review.
M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

TEN MINUTES REVIEWED

Three hundred members of the United Typothetas of America attended the opening of their annual convention in St. Louis.

Discovering the piled on the track near Canton, Mo., a peddler named Reticker gave the alarm just in time to save the Twin City express from St. Paul.

Ernest Payne and Miss Mabel Bonshar of Niagara Falls, N. Y., were drowned in the Niagara river by the overturning of their boat. Payne's body was recovered.

Celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the landing of De Monts in Nova Scotia June 21, 1604, where he founded the first British colony in British North America, was begun Tuesday at Annapolis, Nova Scotia.

Nebraska Populists in convention at Fremont elected forty-eight delegates to represent the state at the national convention at Springfield, Ill.

The Portland mine in the Cripple Creek district, which was closed by the military for employing union men, was reopened with a small force of nonunion miners, whose appearance in the work was taken for by the military commands.

Larry Gates, a bandmaster employed by A. C. Black, Corliss, Wis., entered the basement and struck a match, whereupon an explosion of gas followed, killing, blow out a plate glass front and throw him against the door.

Annie Moratski, aged 19, and Frisk Wolf, aged 45, were married in Chicago and six other persons were injured in a fire at Cleveland.

Zach Walnah, the Indian Territory battle baron, who shot three men in an altercation at the weekly dance Saturday night, was released on bail at St. Louis. His victims are recovering.

Cardinal Gibbons, in a statement issued at Baltimore, denied alleged interviews ascribed to him regarding the letter of the pope on the subject of chorus music.

The Court of Appeals at Frankfort, Ky., overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case of Caleb B. Hurst, sentenced to imprisonment for the murder of Senator Goebel.

Four of nine occupants were drowned by the upsetting of a boat in Teal Lake, near Ishpeming, Mich., the dead are Florence Crane, Gordon Pepper, Roy Mitchell and Jack Orr.

The annual convention of the Knights of St. John, a Roman Catholic organization, opened at Peoria, Ill., with more than 500 delegates from all parts of the United States and Canada present.

Judge Cleveland at New Haven, Conn., directed W. J. Bryan and the attorneys in the Bennett will case to frame a satisfactory order under which $75,000 held in New York can be turned over to the widow.

President Lewis of the University of Wyoming is dying at Greeley, Wyo.

President Charles H. Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners arrived at Cripple Creek, Colo., Sunday, under arrest on the charge of being implicated in the Vindicator mine explosion last November.

A marked improvement was reported Sunday in the condition of ex-Gov. Nash at Columbus, O. His heart action was much stronger and he was permitted to sit up and read the papers.

George Powell, a Yale junior, has eloped with Edith Gunning, the 15-year-old daughter of W. G. Gunning, proprietor of the Hotel Winthrop at New Haven. Powell was paying his way through college by waiting on the table at the hotel.

The planing mill of the Pat Rortage Out. Lumber Company and thirteen dwellings were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Mrs. James Barney, wife of a world's fair employee, was killed herself at St. Louis while suffering from nodomania. The two were married in Chicago a few months ago.

Fifty thousand Iowans Friday participated in the Iowa day celebration at the St. Louis world's fair, the principal feature of the program being a parade of 2,000 of the national guardsmen.

Duties were levied on the Colorado state officers that the owners of the Portland mine in Cripple Creek paid on June 23 apply to Judge Thayer in St. Louis for an injunction to restrain the state officers from interfering with the operation of the mine, which was closed because it employed union labor. Papers in a $100,000 damage suit against the state by the Portland owners also were served.

The International Brotherhood of Bookbinders at Denver voted down away with the practice of one union appealing to another in case of strikes or trouble without first appealing to the International officers.

In a runaway accident in an automobile in Roanoke, Va., Frank Lambert was probably fatally injured, and Mrs. James S. Nichols and Miss Pollard are dangerously hurt. The machine struck a rough place in the road while traveling at a high rate of speed and Lambert lost control of it.

The Tabard Inn Corporation has chartered at Trenton, N. J., with a capital of $12,500,000. The company is a consolidation of the Bonaparte Hotel company, Philadelphia Book Store Company, Library Company of Philadelphia and the Tabard Inn Corporation.

HEAR OF BIG BATTLE.

St. Petersburg Has Rumors of Important Engagement, in Which the Forces of the Czar Suffered Defeat.

St. Petersburg, June 22.—The Gazette announces a sanguinary battle near Hiulchengo, and that the Russians retreated with heavy losses.

London Has Rumors of Fierce Fight at Haicheng.

London, June 22.—All attention is focused upon the rumored battle at Haicheng on Sunday, but the facts are still impossible to learn.

A St. Petersburg dispatch describes it as the bloodiest battle yet fought. The Russians are said to have been severely defeated and to be retreating to Liaoyang. The source of this and other stories cannot be traced and the facts may prove different.

There seems, however, little reason to doubt there has been a serious engagement, although the result is only conjectural.

Chinese Report Liaoyang in Hands of Japanese.

Newchwang, June 22.—It is reported here that Japanese have attacked Liaoyang at a late hour last Saturday. A native messenger has been informed from a native source that fighting was continued Sunday and the town was captured on Monday afternoon.

A northeast wind brought sounds of firing from the direction of Haicheng several hours yesterday afternoon.

Flashes of artillery fire were visible in the sky in that direction all night.

Paris Newspaper Hears of Severe Russian Defeat.

Paris, June 22.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of Petit Journal states that a private telegram has been received from Liaoyang saying a great battle was fought at Haicheng yesterday, in which the Russians are said to have lost 3,000 men.

Czar's Army Badly Cut up in Battle of Vafangow.

St. Petersburg, June 22.—The Russian losses at the battle of Vafangow are turning out to be heavier as the reports of the various engagements come in. They are now placed by a conservative official statement at 4,000, but a usually well informed authority expects the total to be no less than 6,500.

Russian Naval Commander Reports Successful Raid.

St. Petersburg, June 22.—Emperor Nicholas has received the following dispatch from Vice Admiral Skrydloff, dated June 21:

"On June 12 our squadron, consisting of the cruiser Rossia, flying the flag of Vice Admiral Prodobrazoff, the cruisers Gromoboi and Rurik, left to assume the offensive against the maritime communications of the Japanese army. The squadron returned to port on June 20.

"Its commander reports that on the morning of June 15 the squadron advanced from the north towards the strait of Shimoseki. When within twenty miles of the strait we were perceived on the horizon two steamers, which then changed their course overhaul owing to the great distance. At the same time a third ship was seen by the cruisers, which the Gromoboi was ordered to capture. The ship proved to be the transport Sado.

In spite of repeated orders to stop it refused to do so and fire had been struck by several shells. It then stopped and men became to jump overboard. The Gromoboi then signaled for those on board to quit the ship, which was done. In all there were two boats. These, together with those who had jumped overboard and who were picked up by the Gromoboi's cruisers, were received on board the Gromoboi.

"The transport, which was of 2,000 tons, was then sunk by our guns.

"Among the 180 prisoners on board the Gromoboi were seventeen officers.

"After the sinking we dispatched two more steamers were sighted by the Gromoboi's cruisers. One was a transport. They proved to be the transports Sado and Hitachi, each of 6,000 tons. In the former is stationed the ammunition, were men of the telegraph service and twelve officers and 1,000 coons. On the Hitachi were 1,000 troops besides military stores.

"The Rossia was ordered to capture the Sado and the Gromoboi the Hitachi, which both were stopped.

"After several shots had been fired among the Hitachi to stop without effect our gunners commenced to lower the boats. The transport meanwhile had been sinking, and consequently the Gromoboi was ordered to complete the sinking of it, which was soon accomplished.

Correspondent Says Russians Fought Bravely at Vafangow.

Liaoyang, June 18.—A correspondent who was with the Russians at the battle of Vafangow describes it as follows:

"The stern, dogged fighting was like another Borodino. Throughout the three days of combat the officers and men vied with each other in gluttonous bravery. They fought like a glorious page to Russia's military history.

"The enemy's forces engaged in the attack the Fifth, Eighth and Eleventh divisions, twelve squadrons of cavalry, and splendid artillery. About 300 guns were belching a continuous stream of shot and shell. Large reinforcements enabled them to turn the Russian flank. A diversion on the right precipitated the crisis on the morning of June 18.

Its scene was awe inspiring. Over the Russian center and left flank hovered choousts clouds from bursting shrapnel. It was evident that the tide of battle was coming toward the Russian right. I saw reserves hurrying forward, the Cossacks galloping, followed by columns of infantry. Suddenly they disappeared in an adjacent defile. The valley where the Russians had camped was emptied as if by magic. Rattling volleys were fired behind the screen of hills, which concealed the Russian retreat. Soon other serious battle is in progress at or near Haicheng.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Newchwang says there was a renewed fighting on Sunday at Kwanwentai, between Hiaoyang and Haicheng. The Kouropatkin reports he is there personally directing the Russian operations. He is concentrating his forces.

The dispatch adds that during the last forty-eight hours 1,500 wounded have passed through Tashichao, bound for Harbin. There is a general lack of medical provision for Russian wounded, resulting in piteous scenes of suffering.

All reports indicate that Gens. Kuroki and Oku have united their forces. Kuroki advancing westward from Siyen and Oku pressing northward on the heels of Stackelberg's retreating army.

The Japanese army apparently begins its advance Saturday night or Sunday. Gen. Kuroki's attack reported on Saturday that he had received a report from Gen. Stackelberg that the enemy had not advanced north from Vafangow up to the time Stackelberg's report was sent.

It is stated that Oku has under him 60,000 men, and the strength of Kuroki's force is unknown, but probably it consists of several divisions. It is believed that the Russian army is outmatched.

Kouropatkin is believed to be in command at Haicheng in person, and he is declared to be the most skilled and large part of his main army south from Liaoyang.

Russian Fleet in Safety; Admiral Kamimura Baffled.

London, June 20—The Russian Vladivostok squadron has escaped pursuit, and Vice Admiral Kamimura has returned to his base at Tsu Island.

A dispatch to Tokio, dated July 2, possible to destroy three fast cruisers, one of the most powerful fighting machine of its class in the world, and to do this in an open sea 700 miles from Tokio, and within sight of the problem which confronted Kamimura.

The Japanese vice admiral is out of favor at home. To him has been intrusted the task of guarding the Japanese coasts from the Vladivostok squadron. Twice he has failed. Both failures cost Japan transports and soldiers. In Tokio they are saying that if he fails to destroy the Russian cruisers he must commit suicide. He has failed to find the Russians.

Rumor That Port Arthur Fort Has Been Taken by Japanese.

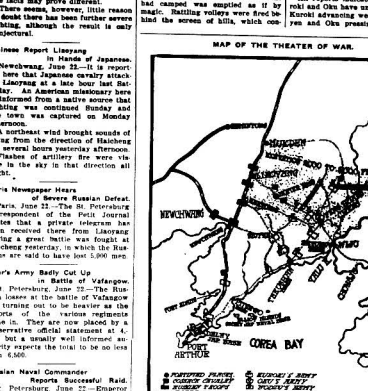
Chefoo, June 20—There is current here a Chinese rumor that the Japanese have captured one of the inner forts at Port Arthur, losing 1,000 men in the engagement. It cannot, however, be confirmed.

Chinese Railroads.

The first railway in China was built in 1887 and extended from Pekin to Tien-Tsin, a distance of seventy-five miles. It has since been extended to Shanhai-Kwan, an additional distance of ninety-one miles. From Pekin there is a road to Tungtaiak, a distance of 18.6 miles. The main road, however, is the Lo-Han railroad, extending from Pekin, Hankow and Hupe to Hsa-Kan, with a total length of 652 miles. There are a number of branches to this road.

Death of Noted Musician.

Augusta Wiegand, an organist and musical director of renown, has died at Oswego, N. Y. He was born in Germany, and at the age of seven was organist in a leading church in his city.



GOV. LA FOLLETTE LOSES

Republican National Committee Settles Factional Fight in Wisconsin by Seating "Stalwart" Delegates.

Chicago special: Gov. La Follette and his Waterloo when the Republican national committee, in session on Coliseum Annex, settled the fight among the Wisconsin delegates by seating in the national convention the stalwart delegates at large.

The decision of the committee was unanimous that the proceedings of the convention which chose Isaac Stephenson, Robert M. La Follette, James H. Stout and W. D. Connor as delegates at large were illegal and in violation of Republican precedent in Wisconsin. Nearly six hours were allowed the representatives of the contestants to present their arguments, it being recognized that the war among the committee was one of grave import to the whole party.

La Follette Declares War.

Gov. La Follette left the committee room in high dudgeon, and it is found that his rivals—Senator Spooner, Senator Quarles, Joseph W. Babcock and Emil Baensch—had been declared the regular Republican delegates.

The plan of the defeated faction is to carry the fight into the Wisconsin supreme court. This plan has the approval of the stalwarts, as they are confident a precedent has been established by the national committee, which will make the question an easy one to settle. The committee is also of the belief that its decision will be upheld by the supreme court and the state ticket headed by S. A. Cook.

The committee arrived at its decision within five minutes after the arguments were over. The roll call was required, as not a single dissenting voice was raised on the viva voce vote.

Six Contests Are Settled.

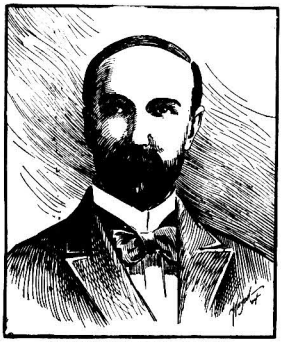
Three contests from congressional districts in Ohio came before the committee. One from the Ninth district resulted in the seating of O. B. Harrison and W. L. Russell over Charles S. Stolzenbach and Roswell Spelman. The contest was over the regularity of the call for the congressional convention and basis of representation. It was discovered by the committee that the result would have been the same regardless of the change in the ratio of representation in the convention, and the decision was made in recognition of this fact.

United States Senator Foraker appeared before the committee when the case of the sixth Ohio district was called and stated that the delegates from Hamilton county had given strength in half, giving each one-half vote. This arrangement did not meet with the approval of the committee, as the notice of contest was not filed until ten days after the time set for submitting contests. The case was referred to the committee on contests.

In the twentieth Ohio district J. B. Zerbe and A. T Spitzer were seated over Fredrick H. Eggers and Jay Spitzer, the last named being on both delegations. The only question involved in this contest was whether the chairman of the congressional committee had the right to call the preliminary chairman of the convention. It was decided that the convention was supreme in the matter of choosing its officers.

The contest in the twenty-first district in Illinois resulted in a defeat for the friends of Gov. Yates who instituted the fight to unseat H. N. Schayler and Theodore Koch. A. J. Murray, a Yates partisan, sought to take Schayler's seat, and the case was submitted to the committee. It was discovered that the only notice of a contest it received was a telegram date June 9. The vote to throw out the case was unanimous.

Three contests in Texas were quick-



SENATOR CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS.

will be pronounced the regular Republican ticket.

Two decisions have been rendered recently by Western state supreme courts recognizing the national committee as the highest tribunal in questions of regularity in convention proceedings. Knowledge of these decisions strongly influenced the committee members when they began the hearing of the case.

Both Sides Are Heard.

The review of the case of a hearing at the opening of the session on June 17, and J. M. Otis of Madison began the presentation of Mr. Cook's side of the controversy a voluminous printed brief accompanying his argument. The gist of the argument was that no authority existed for the throwing out of the majority of the Cook delegates by the state central committee. It was his claim that the seatin of the credentials of these delegates should have been decided by the convention instead of by the central committee.

Senator Spooner, Senator Quarles and M. J. Lifflis made arguments in inforcing the position taken by Mr. Otis. They were followed by George B. Ross of Milwaukee, attorney, and H. W. Chynowetb of Madison, who represented the La Follette faction. It was contended by Mr. Ross that, had the state central committee acted upon as a committee on credentials, a committee from the convention being appointed to hear the contest, it would seated who were properly certified, as the state law provides. If the central committee, the result would have been exactly the same.

Senator Joseph Very Quarles, the Republican of the battle state was one of grave import to the whole party.

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The committee consisted of the following members:

Temporary Officers Named.

The subcommittee's report on temporary officers for the convention was adopted as follows:

Chairman—Henry Clay Evans, Tennessee.

Secretary—Charles W. Johnson of Minnesota.

Sergeant-at-arms—William F. Stone of Maryland.

Chief assistant sergeant-at-arms—David C. Owen of Wisconsin.

Three Chicago pastors were chosen for chaplains of the convention. On the first day the Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus will be on duty. On the second day Rev. Thomas E. Cox, pastor of St. Jarlath's church, will officiate for prayer, and on the third day Rev. Thaddeus Dunn, pastor of Grace church. The chief doorkeeper will be C. B. Mortell of Maryland.