

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 15 NO. 47.

BARRINGTON ILL, SATURDAY FEBRUARY 2, 1901.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCALS

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

FOUND—Gold ring. Call at Schoppe Bros.

See Henry Senne's advertisement in this paper.

Woodmen drama on Friday evening, February 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith visited relatives here Sunday.

The new library is gaining new members nearly every day.

Adolph Garms and Henry Grebe are serving on jury in Chicago.

A new Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine for sale at this office

Dry kindling wood for sale cheap at Battermann, Abelmann & Ost's.

FOR SALE—A good lot in village of Palatine. C. L. DANIELSEN.

Miss Annie Henning came out from Chicago to visit her parents over Sunday.

FOUND—Pocket book containing a small amount of money. Call at this office.

Ladies and gentlemen's shoes repaired in first-class manner by Wm. Vogel.

Miss June Julian visited; her sister, Mrs. Fred Smith, as Irving Park Wednesday.

James Carter has been visiting his mother, Mrs. V. V. Vincent, here this week.

Fred Ellert has a new sign in front of his place. Fred Kunz did the artist's work.

Nearly every ice house in the village has been filled this week with a good quality of ice.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society will meet with Mrs. Foskett next Wednesday.

Herman Rennack has opened up a meat market in Senne's old stand in Arlington Heights.

Take THE REVIEW; it is always clean and a paper you need not be afraid to let your children read.

Miss Mildred Hicks started for Florida last Thursday, where she will spend the balance of the winter.

Get your horses clipped by Nichols & Bennett. Flexible shaft clippers. All work neatly and promptly done.

This paper has not lost a subscriber in the past four months, but has obtained many unsolicited new subscribers.

Rob Esterbrooks and Tom Hart have gone into the trapping business, but have caught more colds than anything else so far.

Will Brockway, who met with a painful accident two weeks ago while whittling the under side of a door, has completely recovered.

A petition is being circulated to have the water system extended from Al. Smith's corner to the St. Paul church corner on Chicago avenue.

Frank Bicknase has arranged for a basket social and general good time at his school in Plum Grove next Thursday evening. All are cordially invited.

Albert Beutler returned from England last Sunday and will go to work in the Chicago shops of the Western Electric Company, for which firm he went to England.

Attorney Willard M. Smith returned from LaSalle Monday, where he has been attending his wife who lately had a stroke of paralysis which has left her in a helpless condition.

FOR SALE—Old established milk business in one of Chicago's best suburbs, using 20 cans daily. All retail. Address Nippersink Dairy Co., 514 Warner avenue, Ravenswood, Ill.

Mr. Giere has bought an extra fancy milk wagon, costing nearly \$170. It is like a milk peddler's wagon and highly polished. Verily, farming is becoming a vocation of the aristocrats.

Mrs. Charles Wente died at her home last Sunday, after a long illness. The funeral services were held in St. Paul's church Wednesday and a large number of friends were in attendance.

Miss Margaret Bergman entertained over forty of her friends at a party in Knigge's hall last Wednesday night. Dancing and other amusements were enjoyed. A light luncheon was served, to which all did ample justice.

The man who could not get more than 89 votes in his county for county superintendent of schools should not get the political itch in another county, nor should he be setting others on to a person who can beat him two to one for any office.

Henry J. Senne has bought out Hiram Schirding's meat market and moved his stock from Arlington Heights last week.

Parties wishing me to fill orders for summer sausage should notify me at once as a much better sausage can be made now than later on. C. F. RENNACK, Palatine.

Death of Mrs. Whitcomb.

Mrs. Minda C. Whitcomb, wife of C. L. Whitcomb, died at her home in Frederickburg township January 21.

Minda C. Webster was born in Palatine, Cook county, Illinois, November 30, 1845.

She was united in marriage to C. L. Whitcomb September 9, 1868. In February, 1883, Mr. and Mrs. Whitcomb came to Frederickburg, Iowa, settling on the beautiful farm east of town, where they have since made their home.

She was for years a member of the O. E. S. and W. R. C., whose members held for her the highest esteem and affectionate regard.

She had been a constant, but uncomplaining sufferer for more than two years, bearing her pain with much fortitude and patience, with always a kindly, pleasant word and a cordial greeting for all whom she met.

She was the light and joy of the home which she made happy for so many years, giving undisputed proof of the fact that:

Tis mother soothes the troubled heart,
And speaks the glad tomorrow;
Checks the hot tear-drops when they start
And lightens every sorrow.
So whether we are old or young,
From one age to another
The sweetest name on every tongue
Remains unchanged—"Mother."

She leaves a husband, aged mother, one son, one brother and one sister to mourn her loss. Her friends were legion; she will be sadly missed by all.

Early on Monday morning, January 21, at her own home, surrounded by her loved ones, she gently closed her eyes, passing peacefully to rest at the age of 55 years, 1 month and 21 days.

The funeral services were held in the M. E. church Wednesday, January 23, conducted by Rev. Leonard, assisted by Rev. Grant. An immense concourse of friends followed the remains to Rose Hill, prominent among them being members of the Eastern Star, W. R. C., Masons and Grand Army of the Republic.—Frederickburg News.

PALATINE SCHOOL NOTES.

Hattie Kuebler was compelled to miss school Monday and Tuesday on account of rheumatism.

Claude Putnam was home on account of illness this week.

Louis Pohlman's school mates held a party at his home Tuesday evening and had an enjoyable time.

Orphia Alverson was surprised last Thursday night by a number of school friends. Games of different kinds were played and those present had a good time.

One of the pleasantest parties of the season was held at Richard Taylor's home Friday night of last week when a large number of school mates flocked to the home of his parents to enjoy an evening with him.

Miss Grace Talbot has been absent from High school this week.

The High school will celebrate John Marshall day next Monday.

Hand ball is now all the rage at the High school gymnasium.

The third room is ornamented with new pictures, one being a likeness of Henry W. Longfellow.

Be in Style.

Don't laugh at fashion. Don't discourage ambition. Don't hinder progress. Try to be affable. Look on the bright side. Strive to be happy. Enjoy life.

Keep healthy, which you can do by using Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin according to directions. It is an absolute cure for constipation, indigestion, stomach troubles and sick headache. Charles E. Churchill.

Money to Loan.

I have money to loan on unincumbered real estate or approved personal property. WILLARD M. SMITH, Attorney.

Should a Man be Vain?

Certainly he should. He should have ambition to look well and feel good, which he cannot do unless he digests his food. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin aids digestion, clears the head, keeps the bowels regular and makes a man feel at peace with the whole world. Chas. F. Churchill.

IN SOCIETY CIRCLES.

Mrs. Leroy Powers Gives Reception and Thursday Club Entertained.

One of the most delightful social functions that has occurred in our village of late was given by Mrs. Leroy Powers at her home, 301 Grove avenue, last Saturday.

The afternoon was spent very pleasantly in a variety of social games until 5:30, when time was called, score cards and tally lists compared, and the prizes awarded as follows: Mrs. Wm. Grunau and Mrs. C. B. Otis receiving the two first prizes, while Mrs. Wool and Miss Cora Higley had succeeded in capturing the "boobies."

At 5:45 an elaborate luncheon was served on small tables, of which all partook. The luncheon was greatly enjoyed and "over the tea cups" talk came to an end at 6:45, after which time the evening was spent in social converse, music and recitations, until the hour of 8 o'clock, when the guests took their leave of the hostess carrying with them to their homes many pleasant memories of the occasion.

Mrs. Powers is a royal and congenial entertainer and an invitation to her home is a guaranty of a pleasant time. Among the guests present were the following:

MESDAMES.
M. C. McIntosh
J. I. Sears
J. A. Cassidy
E. M. Cannon
C. H. Kendall
L. A. Powers
Wm. Grunau

C. P. Hawley
F. J. Hawley
P. A. Hawley
C. B. Otis
Charles Wool
Flora Lines
A. D. Church.

MISSES.
Eva Castle
Lella Lines
Cora Higley
Robie Brockway.

Thursday Club Social.

The Thursday Club, that organization composed of the prominent ladies of our village, prominent in social, church, literary, and all work which serves to elevate and educate to a higher, more useful womanhood in home and society, was entertained in a royal manner Thursday afternoon and evening at the home of Mrs. M. C. McIntosh, 110 Lake street.

The pretty home was artistically decorated for the occasion and hostesses were Mesdames S. Seebert, P. Fackelman and M. C. McIntosh. From 4:30 to 9:00 o'clock enjoyment reigned uninterrupted. Luncheon was served at 5:30.

The decorations were in white and green, ferns, narcissus, carnations and lillies of the valley being used profusely and attractively arranged, but artificial embellishment was unnecessary in an assembly of the ladies of the Thursday Club.

Dainty cards ornamented with bows of green and white ribbon were provided containing the names of the hostesses and announcing the following menu:

Small Biscuit.
Cold Sliced Meats. Saratoga Potatoes.
Stuffed Olives. Spiced Peaches.
Apple Jell. Salad.
Assorted Cake. Mixed Ice Cream.
Cheese. Waters.

Coffee.
A program consisting of instrumental music by Mrs. Frank Hawley; vocal solo, Mrs. Austin, and old time melodies by the entire company, followed by Progressive Quotations, Mrs. Jennie Powers proving the prize winner, was heartily enjoyed.

Some handsome toilets were shown—the ladies without exception being prettily gowned. The toilets of the hostesses were

Mrs. Seebert, black costume, bodice of black and white tulle, lace trimmings.
Mrs. McIntosh, black and white organdie, trimmings of light green and white chiffon.
Mrs. Fackelman dove-colored cloth, velvet trimmings.

As entertainers and caterers Mesdames Seebert, Fackelman and McIntosh scored a complete success in this event, one of the most enjoyable in the history of the club. The following were present:

MESDAMES.
Lyman Powers.
F. L. Waterman.
W. H. Tuttle.
C. B. Otis.
S. Peck.
Emma Lines.
H. K. Brockway.
P. Fackelman.
J. E. Helse.
S. Seebert.
C. Hawley.
P. H. Hawley.
A. Hawley, Elgin.

A. W. Meyer.
Leroy Powers.
L. Hipwell.
Luella Austin.
T. Dolan.
F. J. Alverson.
W. Ryan.
M. C. McIntosh.
J. Collin.
E. Shipman.
F. Hawley.
J. Nate, Chicago.

MISSES.
Cora Higley.
Hattie Tuttle.
Alice Lawler.

The Reporter's Specials.

Though men may heap the dollars up
In golden, gleaming piles,
Though they may bask beneath the light
Of tickle fortunes smiles,
Yet, when death beckons unto them,
And murmurs, "Come with me,"
They're just as dead that day, my boy,
As you and I will be.

I listened to the preacher a few evenings ago as he illustrated the parable of the Prodigal Son, and won-

dered if Adam Clark, the great commentator, had misinterpreted the scriptures. I wondered if Spurgeon, Beecher, Talmage, and a host of the most eminent divines, had failed to properly understand that Bible story.

I have read the story in sermons of most noted theologians, but it was devoid of such word painting as given it by the evangelist. Illustrating a discourse in a manner to make it impressive and effective is a gift bestowed upon few. It is not often one is permitted to hear about the wanderings of the Prodigal Son portrayed in a manner so clear, so easy to understand, as the illustration given by Rev. Conn Sunday evening. It was not overdrawn, but a simple yet impressive picture of what has been the experience of thousands of the world's brightest young men. It was a sermon that had its effect and was heard and approved by an audience which tested the capacity of the house of worship.

Some men have reached the pinnacle of their ambition when they are able to lie like a circus poster.

I visited a horseshoeing parlor last Saturday and watched the strong-armed smithy hammer out a horse shoe. Like the majority of people, I was seized with an attack of inquisitiveness. The shoe had been dipped into a tub of water and thrown among others on the floor. I picked that shoe up; then I laid it down again—sadly but not slowly. It is my impression that a new made horse shoe is like a new laid egg—warm, only more so. There are, no doubt, cold horse shoes and investigations into the mysteries of how horseshoes are made can be carried on with a cold one to a better advantage.

"Tis well—for on our balance sheet
No dollars have a line,
But every one of sorrow's tears
Like gleaming jewels shine.
And all the smiles that we have coaxed
To drive out misery
Weigh in our favor—when we're dead,
As you and I will be.

When you meet a man who knows just where he can borrow a dollar—stands well in all political parties—who receives invitations to all church festivals, and card parties, always agrees with you in an argument, watch him! When you come across a man who imagines he is an orator don't try to change his opinion—he'll find it out soon enough, and if you should pass an opinion it might hurt his feelings.

When you meet a man who has made up his mind that the village government is going to the devil if he is not nominated for an office this spring, encourage him, he might be elected and get the conceit taken out of him.

When you meet a man who claims sanctification, put an extra lock on the coal shed and unchain the dog.

When you meet a man who can see no good in a fellow creature because he does not believe the scriptures to his liking—pity him—his brain is affected. When you meet a man who claims to have put down the rebellion—drop him; he is past redemption. I meet representatives of each class in the stores and meeting places, and enough material could be collated for a book which might consistently bear the title "Past and Present of Prominent People."

Good manners are a deal better than glossy shirt fronts and perfumed hair oil. Remember this boys.

It is the mission of a newspaper to publish such matters as may be of interest to the general public. It is also the mission of a newspaper to criticize the acts and sayings of public men, be they leaders of a political party, public officials or ministers of the gospel. Contrary to the ideas entertained by many, the editor of a newspaper does not always voice his individual sentiments in an article criticising the acts or sayings of others. He feels the pulse of public opinion and generally gives expression to the verdict as returned by the majority. Just now the people of Barrington are aroused by a religious revival. Although our people are a God fearing class, they do not all have the same idea of how the word should be interpreted. A man is not necessarily an atheist, an agnostic or an infidel because he does not believe the story of Jonah and the whale; he is not a scoffer of religion because he does not approve of excitement in religious work. The criticism extended by the newspaper is the reflection of opinions expressed by all classes, and injures no one or the good cause. Dr. Thomas once told the reporter, "never judge the religion of a man by the length of his prayer or amount of noise he made," and I have found it safe not to do so.

Read THE REVIEW.

A. W. Meyer & Co.

Valentines Valentines

The Big Store offers a pretty assortment at 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c and up.

Bargains in Winter Clothing.

Our large stock of Winter Clothing must be reduced. We do not sell shoddy clothing. Our clothing is made up from the best materials, best linings and are carefully finished in every detail. We guarantee every garment. Come and give us an opportunity to save you money.



Bargains in Men's Suits, bargains in Men's Overcoats.

Bargains in Men's Clothing.

A complete line of Men's Furnishing Goods. We sell the best-made Work Shirts and Overalls in town.

Wear W. L. Douglas' Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes. They are the best Men's Shoes made to-day. Every pair guaranteed.

See us for Ladies' Fine Shoes, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3 a pair.

The Big Store.

Our Children's School Shoes are acknowledged the best.

A. W. MEYER & CO., Barrington

A GLEAN OUT

Although our prices have always been right, we are cutting our low prices to a point that cannot be reached by our competitors. We will carry over no winter goods, come and get the benefit. Scan this list.

DRESS GOODS, 30-in wide, black and Colors, from 15 to 20c per yard, now.....	10c	50 BOYS' SUITS, this week to close at only.....	75c
PLAID DRESS GOODS, formerly 15 and 20c per yd, now.....	10c	BOYS' KNEE PANTS, this week to close, only.....	25c
LADIES' FLANNEL WRAPPERS, worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50, at from 89c to.....	\$1.19 up	MEN'S SHOES at 98c, 1.25, 1.50 and up to.....	\$5
FLANNELETTE, 10 and 12c now only.....	7c	LADIES' SHOES from 75c up to.....	3.50
FLANNEL, all kinds, first class quality, only.....	5c and up	STORM RUBBERS, Ladies best quality, only.....	39c
COTTON FLANNEL, big lot to close, per yard.....	5c	CHILDREN'S RUBBERS, good material, at.....	29c
LADIES' FLEECE UNDERWEAR, at.....	24c	RUBBERS, men's storm or plain rubbers, at.....	59c and up
MEN'S FLEECE UNDERWEAR, heavy, at.....	29c	MEN'S FELTS AND OVERS at.....	\$1.59
		MEN'S FELTS, to close at only.....	35c

Our line of groceries is always complete and up-to-date. We handle everything usually kept in a first-class grocery store and our prices are the lowest in this vicinity, when quality is taken into consideration.

LIPOFSKY BROS, Barrington

READ THE REVIEW.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Items of General Interest Told in Paragraphs.

COMPLETE NEWS SUMMARY

Record of Happenings of Much or Little Importance from All Parts of the Civilized World—Incidents, Enterprises, Accidents, Verdicts, Crimes and War.

Metropolitan Underground street railway, Paris, tied up by strike. Attorney General of Ohio began action in Cincinnati to prevent Jeffries-Ruhlin fight.

Twenty-five Americans defending themselves and families at Pitch Lake, Venezuela, against attacks of insurgents.

Count de Castellanes' lawyer says decision of New York court limiting income was anticipated.

The Rev. Hugh R. Hawels, delegate to Chicago Parliament of Religions in 1893, died in London.

Ministers of Peking preparing to demand execution of several more Chinese offenders.

Field Marshal Gourko, famous Russian soldier, is dead.

Kansas State Temperance union, in session at Topeka, subscribed \$100 to buy a gold medal for Mrs. Carrie Nation.

Fire which started in Frankel Bros. department store, Des Moines, Iowa, caused over \$600,000 loss.

Turbulent Creeks in Indian Territory under control. Chief Snake to be charged with treason.

Tesla announced discovery of new law in electricity which, he says, will necessitate rewriting of technical literature.

Reported that E. H. Harriman has secured control of Chicago Terminal and Transfer railroad.

Santa Fe officials seeking understanding with Southern Pacific to maintain rates.

Common stock dividend of American Steel and Wire deferred until March. Net earnings for 1900, \$7,002,179.

Companions of Roosevelt deny sensational stories of slaughter of wild beasts in Colorado.

James O'Leary, Chicago bookmaker, fined \$1,726 for operating poolroom at Springfield, Ill.

Kansas City agent of Standard Oil forced into vault and robbed of \$348.

Russia said to have made new bid for Chinese territory.

Ten thousand Catholic members of Federal party in Luzon have resolved to separate from the Vatican if Friars are allowed to return.

G. W. Howard, who married Miss Helen P. Hawkes, pleaded guilty at New York to bigamy charge and was sent to prison for two years and ten months.

Injunction against George J. Gould and the Castellanes continued and income of Countess limited to \$200,000 a year.

Simon Borge & Co., New York, bought \$6,000,000 of Wash bonds.

Knights Templars ball at the Auditorium nets \$125,000 for charity.

Knitting mill owners of Hudson and Mohawk valleys asked go into a trust.

"Badger" Moore, a prisoner at Sing Sing, has fallen heir to \$125,000.

Corporation papers filed at Lansing, Mich., by Detroit & Chicago Traction Company, \$4,000,000 capital, for electric line between cities named.

Chicago fish inspector found 13,000,000 pounds of frozen fish in cold storage, where it had been five years.

William Moorehead, London, will fight \$10,000,000 issue of Southern Pacific railway bonds.

Attorney-General of Ohio, acting on governor's instructions, will bring injunction suit to stop Jeffries-Ruhlin fight.

Party of scientists to visit Alaska next summer to investigate mirage of "The Silent City."

Conditions in northwestern Luzon so peaceful that officers will take their families there.

King, parliament and public of Italy united in tribute to the late composer Verdi.

Senor Varona says Cuba is not yet ripe for constitutional rule.

Duke of Roxburghe may wed W. W. Astor's daughter.

Religious orders in France defended by Pope Leo.

Dr. M. J. Rodermund, who exposed himself to smallpox at Appleton, Wis., escaped from quarantine and is supposed to be in Chicago. Ruthbin, who assisted him, put in pesthouse.

Alfred T. Bond, graduate of Cook county Normal, instructor at University of Utah, driven insane by fasting, prayer and study.

Sixty skaters broke through ice on pond in Brooklyn; two drowned.

Dutch in Stillenbosch district, Cape Colony, say they owe no allegiance to King Edward.

Drs. Webb and Stewart, who accompanied Theodore Roosevelt on his hunt in Colorado, says the total game bagged by the party was five lions and three lynx.

King Edward sent his first message to parliament. It was read in both houses, and expressed sorrow at the death of Victoria. Eulogies of the dead monarch and congratulations to the new one were pronounced in Lords and Commons.

Disorderly Conduct in Scotland. The Scottish judicial statistics for the year are not altogether pleasant reading. Serious crime has been decreasing in Scotland for some time. The period 1895-9 shows a decrease of 26 1/2 per cent as compared with 1870-4. That is satisfactory, but while the serious crime is diminishing, the "huge volume of drunkenness and disorder," to quote from the report, "which marks Scottish statistics so unfavorably as compared with those of other countries" seems to be steadily increasing. The number of persons charged with drunkenness and disorder rose last year to 112,033, which is a record figure. Drunkenness and disorder, indeed, account for more than 60 per cent of the whole of the police offenses in Scotland. Those are eminently offenses of the larger towns, though at the same time some of the smaller burghs in this respect apparently try to compete with their larger neighbors. In counties the general average is 83.7 per 10,000; in burghs with a population of 50,000 and over it is 439.5; and the average decreases in the various classes till in the case of burghs with a population of under 2,500 it is 250.3 per 10,000.—Chicago News.

A NURSE'S STORY.

A Graduate of Lakeside Hospital, Lake Geneva, Tells an Interesting Experience.

Peshigo, Wis., Jan. 26, 1901.—(Special.)—One of the most popular nurses that ever graduated from the Lakeside Hospital, Lake Geneva, is Miss Lillian Dreese, of this place. Miss Dreese is the Vice Templar of the Independent Order of Good Templars, and organist of the Rebeccas of Peshigo. During her twelve years' experience as a trained nurse she has had many opportunities for observation, and her opinion in all medical health matters is held in very high esteem by the thousands who have learned to know and love her. In speaking of her experience she says:

"During my twelve years as a trained nurse I have often observed how many different physicians give their patients Dodd's Kidney Pills in cases of Diabetes and Kidney Trouble. About three years ago I myself suffered some months with a weakness and continual congested condition, and I decided to try what the Pills would do for me. I soon found that they built up the affected parts and restored harmony to the entire system, and although I often lose much sleep and rest while attending severe cases, I find that I was never in finer health nor had more endurance than since I have used these marvelous Pills."

Clergymen say they are good, Senators and Congressmen have added their evidence as to the wonderful curative properties of this medicine, hundreds of physicians recommend them and use them in their daily practice. The most skilled trained nurses advise their use and use them themselves, while tens of thousands of sick and suffering people are being cured every day by Dodd's Kidney Pills. They should cure you. They will cure you. Try them.

Zweibach for Children.

In families where children are given to the munching habit, better than sweet or cheap crackers or cake will be found zweibach, or twice baked bread. On account of this thorough baking it is easy to digest. Meats used at the children's table should preferably be boiled or roasted. Boiled meat, unless very carefully prepared, is apt to lose its nutriment, and the part left, through overcooking, is not easy to assimilate. Soft boiled eggs are the only kind that should be served to young children. They should not be cooked at a high temperature, as the sudden violent heat toughens the whites.

"The Chicago and Florida Special."

Solid vestibuled trains from Chicago to St. Augustine every Wednesday and Saturday via "Big Four" route. The entire train runs through solid from Chicago to St. Augustine. Absolutely no change of cars for either passengers or baggage. First train Wednesday, Jan. 16, 1901. Through dining cars, through Pullman sleepers, through observation cars, through baggage cars. Leaves Central Station, 12th St. and Park Row, Chicago, 12:00 noon. Arrive St. Augustine 8:30 next p. m. For particulars call on your local agent, or address J. C. Tucker, General Northern Agent Big Four Route, Chicago.

CAREER AND CHARACTER OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

An Indian Divorce.

Afrald-et-Cloud, a Crow Creek brave of 73, has just been granted a divorce at Chamberlain, S. D., from his spouse, known as Mrs. Iron-Nail-Face-Afrald-et-Cloud, aged 64. The defendant failed to appear in court and decree went by default, plaintiff having shown that his wife, whom he married two years ago, refused to live with him a single day. The gay old brave intends to make another—his fourth—venture on the matrimonial sea.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

SENTENCED TO HARD TOIL.

Jennie Bosschietter's Slayers Hear Their Fate.

JUDGE SCORES PRISONERS.

Three of the Men Given Terms of Thirty Years Each in the Penitentiary—The Fourth Gets Off with Fifteen Years.

Walter C. McAlister, William A. Death and Andrew J. Campbell, who were found guilty of murder in the second degree on the charge of killing Jennie Bosschietter, on Oct. 18, 1900, by the administration of chloral and subsequent assault, together with George J. Kerr, who pleaded non vult contemere to a charge of assault, were brought into the Court of Oyer and Terminer at Patterson, N. J., Tuesday, for sentence by Judge Dixon. McAlister, Campbell and Death were each sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment at hard labor, and Kerr to fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor. The sentences of all the men are the full terms of imprisonment which the law provides, but in the case of Kerr a fine of \$1,000 might have been added. Judge Dixon, addressing the three prisoners, said: "You stand convicted of murder in the second degree. Had you been found guilty of murder in the first degree the punishment would have been death, but the leniency of the jury in the exercise of their lawful authority saved you from the gallows. We must administer laws as they are. It is true these sentences will destroy your lives, obliterating every prospect of an honorable existence among the people. The court cannot make any distinction, but must sentence you for this crime. I trust the fearful consequences from this crime will help young men and young women of this community, and point out to them that they cannot hope to secure happiness outside of virtue and honor. The sentence of the court is that each of you be imprisoned in the state prison at Trenton at hard labor for a term of thirty years."

George Kerr was then called to the bar and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

Kidnaped Student Is Rescued.

Rochester H. Rogers, Williams' college, 1903, was the victim of a practical joke at Williamstown, Mass., being kidnaped by four masked men, who were evidently hired by fellow-students of the victim. Stanley Washburn, son of ex-Senator Washburn of Minnesota, rescued Rogers from his abductors about three miles south of the college. Washburn on horseback followed the cab in which his friend Rogers was being whisked away, and with a revolver forced the captors to deliver up the young man. Rogers comes from Rochester, N. Y. He was roughly handled and considerably bruised in his struggle to escape.

May Die of Vaccination.

At Kalamazoo, Mich., three weeks ago the 10-year-old son of Patrolman Charles Avery was vaccinated. The scab was pulled off at school and the lad went out skating, severely exposing the wound. In the evening he was taken ill. Blood poisoning set in, followed by lockjaw. He is very weak and his life is despaired of.

Bound for Lepus Island.

Dr. Carl Weiner, of Heidelberg university, accompanied by Father Duplessis, who joined him at Paris, is in Los Angeles on the way to the leper island of Molokai, Hawaii. The professor claims to have discovered a positive cure for leprosy and he will make the attempt to utilize his new remedy among the unfortunates of the Hawaiian islands.

SOME OF QUEEN VICTORIA'S PALLBEARERS.



Emperor William of Germany. King Leopold of Belgium.

Czar Nicholas of Russia. King Carlos of Portugal.

King George of Greece.

Nab Clever Diamond Thief.

Edward Whalen, better known as "Boston Frank," one of the cleverest "pennyweight" trick operators in the country, is in the custody of the Baltimore police. He was arrested in Washington in company with Mabel Harris of Philadelphia. He was in that city two weeks ago. He told Mabel Harris he was a traveling salesman and she became infatuated with him. The police authorities of Boston, Lynn, Mass., Chicago and other cities have been looking for Whalen.

Edward's Reply to McKinley.

Following is the text of the reply which the president received from King Edward VII. in answer to his message of condolence on the death of the queen: "Osborne, Jan. 24, 1901.—The President, White House, Washington, D. C.: Am most grateful for your kind sympathy in the irreparable loss which the nation and I have sustained. I felt convinced that it would be shared by you and the American people. "EDWARD, R."

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

Summary of Legislation in National Body.

MEASURES IN BOTH HOUSES.

Senator Chauncey Depew of New York Makes a Speech in Favor of the Shipping Subsidy Bill—House on Army Reorganization.

Friday, January 25.

The senate made little progress with the Indian appropriation bill: Listened to a speech by Senator Depew in favor of the shipping subsidy bill. Passed a number of private pension bills.

The house adopted the conference report on the army reorganization bill by a vote of 133 to 100. Passed the naval appropriation bill and 77 private pension bills.

Saturday, January 26.

National irrigation was discussed in the senate for three hours, the text being an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill providing for surveys

bureau of animal industry of Agricultural Department, but his attack raised host of defenders, and his amendment to reduce appropriation for bureau was overwhelmingly defeated. All that portion of bill relating to reorganization of scientific bureaus of Agricultural Department went out on point of order raised by Mr. Mahon (Pa.).

Carnegie to Give 50,000.

The city council of Lewiston, Me., has voted unanimously to accept the offer of Andrew Carnegie to give for a free public library ten times the amount that the city would appropriate annually for its support. Mr. Carnegie will be called upon for \$50,000, the council voting \$5,000 annually. Mary Dillingham chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, secured the gift.

Girl Student Chokes a Thug.

Miss Alice Manwarring, a senior literary student, while going to her home in Chubb street, Ann Arbor, Mich., was held up by a young tramp at the Ann Arbor railroad crossing. She grabbed the man and choked him until he was willing to quit, and then she went on her way unmolested. She was not the least excited while telling her story and considered the affair a joke.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, CINCINNATI, DESTROYED BY FIRE.



The Grand opera house at Cincinnati was destroyed by fire Tuesday night. Loss, \$400,000. Actor E. H. Sothern quelled a panic in the audience. The Grand opera house is leased by Rainforth & Hamlin. The building belongs to Mrs. Charles P. Taft,

whose husband is the proprietor of the Times-Star. It was bought by her father, the late David Sinton, from the old Catholic institute about thirty years ago for \$200,000. Additions were built to it from time to time in later years.

Looking to the Construction of an Irrigation Dam and Ditches for the Watering of the Reservation of the Pima and Maricopa Indians at San Carlos, on the Gila River, Arizona.

Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts introduced and the senate passed a resolution asking for all information at the command of the president or any executive officer of the government as to the extent of lands in the Philippine islands held for ecclesiastical purposes, the character and value of such lands, and whether any official had, on behalf of the government, entered into any obligation as to the titles of such lands.

Monday, January 28.

Senator Towne of Minnesota made a speech on the government of the Philippines. Immediately after Mr. Towne's speech Mr. Clapp, his successor, was sworn in. The remainder of the day was devoted to consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. In the house District of Columbia business occupied the most of the day. Bill to revise and codify postal laws passed without amendment. Consideration of claims of Americans aggregating \$28,000,000 against Spain deferred until next Monday. Bill to extend charters of national banks twenty years called up, but went over on objection of Mr. Richardson.

Tuesday, January 29.

Senate: Senator Frye gave notice he intended to keep shipping bill to the front, even as against appropriation bills, not yielding to them without vote of senate. This indicated disposition on part of senate leaders to force to early issue question whether shipping bill is going to pass at this session. Mr. Turner spoke in severe arraignment of bill, declaring it to be "lawless, piratical raid upon the treasury" in interest of few private beneficiaries and committing government to expenditures aggregating \$270,000,000. Committee amendments were informally agreed to. Indian appropriation bill was passed early in day. House: Spent day upon agricultural appropriation bill. Mr. Corliss (Mich.) made vicious onslaught upon

Faces a Murder Charge.

At the special term of the circuit court at Alma, Wis., Erick I. Paulson, charged with murder, is on trial. Paulson is charged with the murder of Mary Seldon at Pepin, Wis., on June 16, 1898. On that day their home was burned and \$400 in gold was taken from the house. After the fire the charred remains of Mary Seldon, a 16-year-old daughter, who was alone in the house, were found in one corner of the cellar. Paulson was arrested, but escaped. He was rearrested last April at Fosston, Minn. Paulson is about 30 years old and has lived in Pepin.

Thieves Threaten to Murder.

The entire community about Alton, Ill., is stirred up over the threats of the "invincible" thieves. Sheriff Hotz of Madison county has been on the farms of the threatened farmers with a force of thirty armed men. The sheriff believes that the "invincibles" will murder the farmers if given an opportunity. The deputies are instructed to fire on suspicious characters who cannot give a good account of themselves.

Visible Supply of Grain.

The statement of the visible supply of grain in store and afloat, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 60,791,000 bushels, decrease 405,000 bushels; corn, 14,137,000 bushels, increase 2,394,000 bushels; oats, 10,154,000 bushels, increase 613,000 bushels; rye, 1,214,000 bushels, decrease 3,000 bushels; barley, 1,939,000 bushels, decrease 72,000 bushels.

Loss in Florida Theft.

The exact loss sustained by the revenue office from the visit of the robbers has been determined by the inventory to be \$31,976. The stuff taken consists of revenue stamps of various denominations, which were carried off by the robbers in the original package. The weight of the plunder was nearly 300 pounds. No clew has as yet been discovered.

Thief's Blow May Be Fatal.

Mrs. Maud Lewis, 23 years old, was struck down by a footpad near her home in Kansas City. She is in a precarious condition, her skull being fractured, and she may die. Her assailant escaped.

Wreck on Fort Wayne Road.

Two engines and about twenty cars loaded with grain were smashed in a freight collision on the Fort Wayne road near Plymouth, Ind. Engineer Bender was severely injured.

SUPREME IN BEAUTY

GREAT PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION AT BUFFALO.

An Enterprise of Vast Proportions and Unparalleled Magnificence, Illustrating Progress in the Western Hemisphere During the Nineteenth Century.

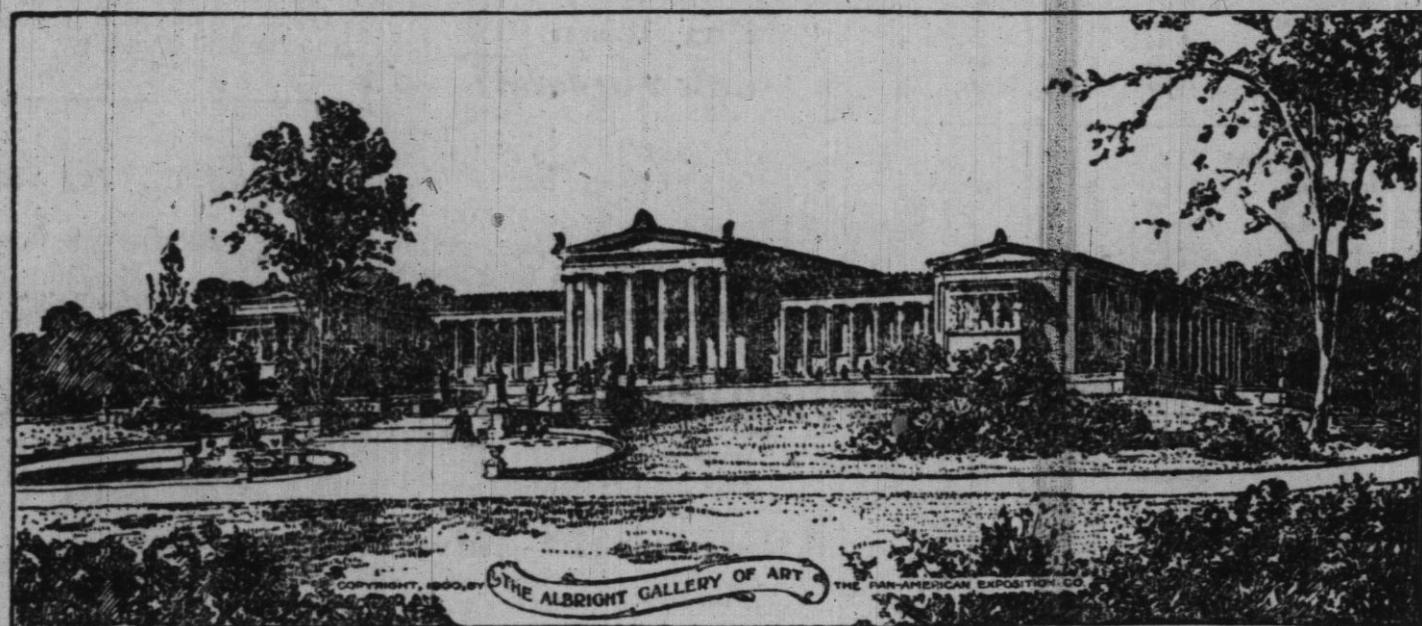
As a beautiful spectacle, the Pan-American Exposition will surpass any former enterprise of its character. It will delight and satisfy the eye, and memory will long retain the picture presented. The style of architecture is a free treatment of the Spanish Renaissance, and the architects have made the most of the opportunity to enhance its picturesqueness. The buildings are covered with staff, which is molded into thousands of fanciful shapes, and color is used with such excellent effect as to evoke the name of "Rainbow City" for the ensemble of Exposition palaces. It is the first attempt to produce a harmonious color scheme at an exposition, and is a grand success. Sculpture adds greatly to the effect, majestic statues and costly modeled groups being upon the buildings and bridges and in the courts. There are more than 125 of these grand works, by the most noted sculptors of America. The court settings are superb. They take up more than 33 acres, approximately two and a half times greater than the area of the courts of the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. The hydraulic and fountain effects are of a superior or-

and finest pipe organs ever constructed in America, built to order at a cost of \$15,000. Entertainments of a high order of excellence will be given in the Temple. In the band-stands in the Music Gardens and elsewhere on the grounds concerts will be given by Sousa's Band of 100 pieces, the Mexican Government Band of 67 pieces, and other famous musical organizations.

In all the exhibit divisions the Pan-American is very complete. It is the aim of the Exposition to show the progress of the nineteenth century in the Western world. The exhibits are gathered from all the principal states and countries of the Western Hemisphere and the new island possessions of the United States government. Special efforts have been made to bring together exhibits of exceptional novelty and of the highest educational value. The divisions, each of them a considerable exhibition in itself, are as follows: electricity and electrical appliances; fine arts, painting, sculpture, decoration; graphic arts, typography, lithography, steel and copper plate printing, photo-mechanical processes, drawing, engraving and book-binding; liberal arts, education, en-

position. On the northern shore of the lake is situated the life-saving station erected by the government. Upon the southern bank of the lake, a beautiful casino and boat-house has also been built by the city of Buffalo for Exposition uses.

The symmetrical grouping of buildings will be at once noted by the observer. Beginning at the formal approach, just north of the lake, the eye follows northward between two rows of ornamental columns to what is known as the Forecourt. East of this are the State and Foreign Buildings, forming in themselves a very interesting feature of the Exposition. Near these, also, are the buildings for the special ordnance displays. West of the Forecourt are the outdoor Horticultural displays and the Women's Building. We cross now the Triumphant Bridge, remarkable for its tall piers richly ornamented with statues. On either side are the Mirror Lakes, which form a part of the Grand Canal, more than a mile in length, which surrounds the main group of buildings. We come next to the Esplanade, which is nearly two-fifths of a mile long and 450 feet wide. The western end



der. In all the courts are large pools of water into which hundreds of fountains throw their sparkling streams. In all the courts and upon the grounds outside the buildings are very elaborate horticultural and garden effects. The floral display is exceedingly fine. Nothing which might contribute to make a scene of loveliness has been overlooked or omitted by the builders of the Exposition City.

With all its wonderful beauty by day, the Exposition will be, like the Cereus of Tropical America, a flower of the night. Then will it blossom in exquisite perfection. With all the fountains playing amid floating lights upon every golden, rippling pool; with the great cascade shooting in veil-like form from its niche in the Electric Tower, which rises to a height of 391 feet; with more than 200,000 electric lights fringing every building and giving to every jet and ripple of water a fantastic iridescence; with music lending the charm of sweet sounds to the harmony of color and sculpture, flowers, foliage and fountains, the evening scenes at this Exposition will be such as no lover of the beautiful will permit to pass without at least one determined effort to witness them.

An electric display, the like of which has never yet been seen, is promised, and this will be possible on account of the nearness of the great plants which have harnessed Niagara and put its tremendous power to commercial use.

The sum of \$10,000,000 has been expended to provide a magnificent spectacle and illustrate the achievements of the nineteenth century. The Midway alone cost \$3,000,000, and the variety of novelties and their quality excel the features of any former amusement enterprise at an exposition.

Music is an important feature of the Exposition. The magnificent Temple of Music, which has a seating capacity of 2,200, contains one of the largest

gineering, public works, constructive architecture, hygiene and sanitation, music and the drama; ethnology, archaeology, progress of labor and invention, isolated and collective exhibits; agriculture, foods and their accessories, agricultural machinery and appliances; horticulture, viticulture; live stock, horses, cattle, sheep, swine, pet stock; forestry and forest products; fish, fisheries, fish products and apparatus for fishing; mines and metallurgy; machinery; manufactures; transportation exhibits; railways, vessels and vehicles; ordnance. The Exposition grounds are in the northern part of Buffalo, adjacent to the large and beautiful Delaware Park. They are about one mile in length from north to south, and a half a mile wide. There are 350 acres, including 133 acres of improved park lands and lakes.

Entering the grounds by way of the Lincoln Parkway, the visitor obtains a magnificent view of the picture presented. In the immediate foreground is a portion of Delaware Park, one of the famous beauty spots of Buffalo, with the Park Lake, the North Bay at the left, and in the foreground south of the bay, in course of construction, the Albright Art Gallery, a beautiful permanent building of white marble, the gift of John J. Albright of Buffalo to his fellow citizens, and costing over \$400,000. North of the bay is the New York State Building, also a permanent structure of marble. These two buildings are in the style of Greek temples, one containing reminders of the Parthenon and the other resembling the Erechtheum upon the Acropolis at Athens.

Between the North Bay and the lake, the city of Buffalo has built at large expense a new and beautiful bridge of heavy masonry, known as the Bridge of the Three Americas. This bridge carries the broad thoroughfare which leads from the main southern entrance to the approaches of the Ex-

position. On the northern shore of the lake is situated the life-saving station erected by the government. Upon the southern bank of the lake, a beautiful casino and boat-house has also been built by the city of Buffalo for Exposition uses. The symmetrical grouping of buildings will be at once noted by the observer. Beginning at the formal approach, just north of the lake, the eye follows northward between two rows of ornamental columns to what is known as the Forecourt. East of this are the State and Foreign Buildings, forming in themselves a very interesting feature of the Exposition. Near these, also, are the buildings for the special ordnance displays. West of the Forecourt are the outdoor Horticultural displays and the Women's Building. We cross now the Triumphant Bridge, remarkable for its tall piers richly ornamented with statues. On either side are the Mirror Lakes, which form a part of the Grand Canal, more than a mile in length, which surrounds the main group of buildings. We come next to the Esplanade, which is nearly two-fifths of a mile long and 450 feet wide. The western end of the Esplanade is enclosed by the Horticulture, Graphic Arts, and Mines Buildings. The eastern end is shut in by the government group of three large buildings. Sunken gardens with elaborate fountains and many groups of sculpture occupy the two arms of the Esplanade, and the decorative features throughout this broad space are very numerous and beautiful. North of the Esplanade is the Court of Fountains, with the Ethnology Building on the right and the Music Building on the left. Two subordinate courts also open into the Esplanade from the north, the one on the east being known as the Court of Cypresses and the one on the west as the Court of Lilies. Next, north of the Ethnology Building, on the right, and fronting upon the Court of Fountains, is the Manufactures and Liberal Arts Building, and on the opposite side the Machinery and Transportation Building. In the Court of Fountains is a large pool, having an area of about two acres, and containing many beautiful fountains. Proceeding again northward, we come to the Mall, a broad avenue, half a mile long, extending from the eastern boundary to the western gate of the Exposition. Fronting upon the Mall, on the right, is the Agriculture Building, and on the left the Electricity Building. We now arrive at the most conspicuous feature of the Exposition, the massive Electric Tower. This tower stands between the Court of Fountains and the Plaza, in a broad pool, about two acres in extent. Immediately north of the Electric Tower is the Plaza with its beautiful sunken gardens and band-stand in the center, the Propylaea or monumental entrances at the north, the entrance to the Stadium at the east, and the entrance to the Midway on the west. The Exposition will open May 1, and continue for six months.

ELBERT L. LEWIS.

A WEEK IN ILLINOIS

RECORD OF HAPPENINGS FOR SEVEN DAYS.

Smallpox on the Poor Farm at Hartland
—Prominent Lawyer of Bloomington Dies—Palatial House Burned at Pana—State Militia Orders.

The election of John O. Rutledge as second lieutenant, Company I, Fourth Infantry, is confirmed. A board of survey is ordered to convene in Company F, Third Infantry, Monday, Jan. 28, 1901, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to inquire into, report upon and fix the responsibility for the loss of certain state and United States property, for which Capt. C. H. Bell, Company F, Third Infantry, is responsible. The detail of the board is Major Louis F. Strawn, First Lieutenant Frank L. Eastman and Second Lieutenant Dick H. Cornell, Third Infantry. Permission to drill and parade with arms but without ammunition until Dec. 31, 1901, is granted Company C, Pulaski Volunteers, Chicago. The following enlisted men of Co. F, Third Infantry, are honorably discharged from the military service of the state: Sergeant Louis Joerndt, Corporal Fred Coll and Privates Charles J. Bailey, Frank J. Bobzin, I. S. Lucas, John C. Wenner and Fred J. White. Private Walter Colyer of the same company is dishonorably discharged.

Engineers and Surveyors' Convention.

The convention of the Illinois State Association of Engineers and Surveyors held its sessions at Bloomington. A. L. Kuhn of the University of Illinois, who was selected as secretary, read a paper on "Calculation and Starting out of Earthworks." James G. Mellish of Bloomington presented the paper of the committee on sewers. A paper was read on "The Indiana, Illinois and Iowa Railroad," written by O. C. Mitchell, construction engineer, of Streator. E. E. Johnson of Chicago, presented the report of the committee on mechanical engineering.

Edward at Dwight.

Col. Richard Price Morgan of Dwight, the guest of President Draper of the University of Illinois, has had the distinction of hunting with Edward VII, the new king of England. He recalls clearly the visit of the prince of Wales to this country in 1869 and describes his experiences as follows: "The visit of the prince of Wales and his suite to Dwight in the fall of 1869 was made at the invitation of and for the purpose of receiving the hospitality of James Clinton Spencer. Mr. Spencer, who is now a resident of Milwaukee, was an enthusiastic sportsman."

Plans New Bank for Joliet.

V. Andrews, said to be general manager of the Chicago Grain company, but who says he is from New York, has been in Joliet the past few days trying to interest local capitalists in the plan of establishing a new national bank in this city. Mr. Andrews has not met with much encouragement. Joliet has three national banks and the money men do not believe there is a necessity for a fourth. Mr. Andrews, however, is making diligent canvass.

Two Deaths from Smallpox.

The first deaths from smallpox to be recorded since the epidemic appeared in Chicago Nov. 30, 1900, have taken place. Two of the patients at the isolation hospital died during the day, though only one death is attributable directly to the contagion. The fatal cases were: Robert McCloskey, 52 years old, lake sailor; Daniel McDonald, 53 years old. Aside from Chicago cases are reported in Illinois: At Cairo, 5; Peoria, 2; Quincy, 2, and Bloomington, 8.

William J. Allen Dying.

Sidney P. Watson, son-in-law of Judge William J. Allen of the United States District court for the Southern district of Illinois, received a dispatch at Springfield from Robert M. Allen at Hot Springs, Ark., stating that Judge Allen, who is there ill with pneumonia, is not expected to live though the night.

Smallpox on a Poor Farm.

Smallpox has broken out on the McHenry county poor farm at Hartland, and several of the inmates are down with the disease. The superintendent of the farm, Homer Brown, is also a victim. The cases that have developed are light.

The Fire Record.

The residence of H. Schuyler at Pana was heavily damaged by fire. It was recently built at a cost of \$85,000. The fire originated in the east wing from a defective electric light wire and totally destroyed that portion of the structure.

Mall Carrier Kills Himself.

James Stuart, a mail carrier, aged 35, was found dead in his apartments at Chicago. He had shot himself in the mouth, and the belief is that he had been dead for a week. The man had been ailing a long time. Receipts were found showing he had \$317 deposited in the Illinois Trust and Savings bank. A programme lay on a table, with a circle drawn around the song, "Auld Lang Syne," and it is thought Stuart had read the verses before he fired the fatal shot.

Attempted Assassination.

A bold attempt to assassinate George Shillinger was made Friday night at his home near East Alton, Ill. Shillinger was one of the four farmers in the American bottoms who received a letter several days ago signed "The Invincible Thieves," demanding the immediate payment of \$1,410. Upon refusal to pay the amount the homes of the farmers were to be blown up with dynamite, their cattle poisoned, and the farmers dealt with personally as the robbers saw fit. While the members of the family were sitting in the parlor, the form of a man suddenly appeared at the front window. Without a moment's hesitation he pressed a revolver against the window glass and fired at Shillinger. The bullet missed its mark, but plowed across the arm of the hired man and lodged in the wall.

Comb Explodes in Tresses.

During service at St. Mary's Catholic church, Beresford, S. D., Miss Nona Ryan, aged 19 years, was sitting near a stove, when of a sudden an explosion took place in her hair, and immediately her whole head was enveloped in flames. John L. Reedy and Robert O'Reilly tried to extinguish the flames, but found it necessary to cut the hair from her head with a jack-knife, which was the only accessible instrument. All parties were badly scorched, but will recover. The cause of the explosion was found to be an overheated celluloid comb, which ignited from the heat of the stove.

Baron Rothschild Is Dead.

Baron Wilhelm von Rothschild, head of the banking firm of that name, died at noon Friday at Frankfurt. He was 78 years old, and was head of the Frankfurt house of the Rothschilds for fifty years. He was an uncle of the three members of the London house and handled many of the largest German government loans. "There is but one power in Europe," said a French writer, "and that is Rothschild. His satellites are a dozen other banking firms; his soldiers, his squires, all respectable men of business and merchants, and his sword is speculation."

More Distress in India.

The secretary of state for India has received the following dispatch from the viceroy, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston: "A grave condition of affairs exists in Guzerat, the Deccan, and the Carnatic districts of Bombay, owing to the early cessation of the monsoon in September and the absence of rain. Heavy relief expenditure is entailed for the coming fiscal year. The affected area also includes Badowa and a part of Hyderabad."

Bribe Giver Fined \$1,000.

In the Circuit court at Jackson, Miss., Contractor Gibson of Indiana, on trial for an alleged attempt to bribe Gov. Longino in the matter of the capitol contracts, withdrew his plea of not guilty made yesterday and entered a plea of guilty. By agreement with the prosecution he accepted a fine of \$1,000 and costs and the court set aside the forfeiture of the \$5,000 bond.

Kitchener in Fight.

Lord Kitchener had a hot fight himself with the Boers which, however, resulted in no casualties for the British. A train with Lord Kitchener and a body of troops proceeded towards Middelburg, an armored pilot engine preceding. It was derailed by dynamite near Balmoral. The Boers, who were in force, opened fire and the British replied. Ultimately the Boers were driven off.

Fires on Royal Family.

"While the queen regent and her children were boating in the royal park on the outskirts of Madrid," says the Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Express, "a shot was fired from the bank and penetrated the gunwale of the boat. The park was searched, but the assailant was not discovered. The queen regent was considerably alarmed."

Poorhouse Inmate Made Rich.

George Pangborn, who went to Washington from Illinois thirty-four years ago, and was a pioneer in Whitman county, dropped dead at Endicott, Wash. His widowed sister at Colfax, Wash., for years an inmate of the Whitman county poor farm, is sole heir to his estate, consisting of a large ranch and \$10,000 in money in bank.

Three Killed by a Train.

Herbert Hallet of Whitby, Ont., and his two cousins, Helen and Amelia Knight of Bowmanville, Ont., were instantly killed by a Grand Trunk train near the latter place. They were driving, and attempted to cross the tracks. All three bodies were carried to the station on the front of the engine.

Mr. Kruger Seriously Sick.

The New York World publishes the following special cable from London: An Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Press wires that news has been received there that Mr. Kruger is very seriously ill, that his medical attendant almost despaired of his life, and that three doctors visit him daily.

Six Men May Be Killed.

Six men are believed to have been killed in a collision between two freight trains on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad one mile west of Petroleum, W. Va. Wrecking crews went to the scene with physicians.

Duchess of Manchester Sick.

The duchess of Manchester has ill of diphtheria at the Palace hotel in San Francisco. The duchess is the daughter of Millionaire Zimmerman of Cincinnati.

THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Work in Both Houses at Springfield.

REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Rankin, of Warren, Appointed Chairman of the Appropriations Committee and Mr. Scrogin as the Head of the Congressional Appointment Committee.

Thursday, January 24.

The senate caused somewhat of a sensation this morning by amending senate rule No. 60 so as to exclude ex-members of the senate who are lobbying in the interest of corporations. In the house Mr. Donohue offered a resolution calling on congress to pass a law providing for election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. Bills in the house: By Mr. Witt—To prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes. The bill provides that whoever by himself, agent or servant, shall manufacture for sale, sell, keep for sale, give away or in any manner dispose of any cigarettes, tobacco rolled in paper or in any rice paper or paper of any kind used in the making or manufacture of cigarettes, or shall make, manufacture, sell or keep for sale any tobacco or cigarettes compounded with opium or with any narcotic or soporific, shall be fined not less than \$50 and not more than \$200, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days, or both, in the discretion of the court. By Mr. Jones of Cook—Providing that the person under arrest shall be given the right to consult his attorney in private.

Friday, January 25.

Less than a score of members of the house were present at the morning session of that body. Little business was transacted, the house adjourning until Monday, after the announcement by Speaker Sherman of the standing committee. The following are the chairmen of the standing committees: Appropriations, Rankin of Warren; elections Chamberlain; congressional apportionment, Scrogin; senatorial apportionment, Bundy; contingent expenses, Funk. The senate convened at 9 o'clock and remained in session just two minutes. Three members were present: Senator Springer was elected president pro tem. After prayer by the chaplain and the reading of the journal, a part of which was dispensed with on motion of Senator Funderburk, an adjournment was taken until Monday.

Tuesday, January 29.

In the house Mr. Nohr's resolution providing for the appointment of a special committee of five to investigate the wrecks and accidents on the Chicago and Alton railroad during the past six months was taken up as a special order. The motion to refer the resolution to the committee on railroads was carried, yeas, 81, nays, 25. Ex-Speaker E. C. Curtis of Kanokake offered a resolution in the house calling for a revision of the state constitution. The resolution, after some discussion, was referred to the judiciary committee, which has not been announced. The proposition to call a constitutional convention was vigorously opposed by the Democratic members and does not seem to have strong support on the Republican side of the house. Mr. Curtis insisted that it would be practically impossible to secure a satisfactory revenue law without a constitutional amendment, and he cites as an instance of constitutional obstruction the action of the supreme court with reference to the 5 per cent clause in the revenue law.

NOTES OF THE SESSIONS.

State Superintendent of Insurance Van Cleave has received from a representative of the Aetna insurance company a check for \$18,147, covering the amount claimed by the insurance department from the company. The payment removes all charges against the Aetna company, so far as the state is concerned, and leaves the company free to transact business in Illinois. Some time ago charges of violating the insurance laws of the state were preferred against the Aetna company by H. H. Klayser, a dismissed employe of the company. The demand for the payment of \$18,147 followed.

Cook county will have three of the eight members on the senatorial apportionment subcommittee and three of the nine on the congressional subcommittee. It is generally agreed that the congressional apportionment bill will be passed before the senatorial apportionment.

The house committee on appropriations made a favorable report on the senate bill appropriating \$75,000 for an Illinois exhibit at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. The bill was advanced to third reading.

Mr. Nohr introduced a bill in the house providing that on the elevated railroads in Chicago the fare shall not exceed 5 cents for a single passage between the hours of 5 and 8:30 a. m. and 4:30 and 7:30 p. m., and tickets good during these hours shall be sold at the following rates: Six tickets for 25 cents, fifteen tickets for 50 cents, and thirty tickets for \$1.

Mr. Donohue introduced a bill in the house amending the divorce law by providing, among other things, that where an affidavit of non-residence is filed and a decree of divorce is entered there shall be no remarriage for a period of three years after the granting of the decree.

Mr. Farnum introduced a bill in the house prohibiting the use of deleterious ingredients in the manufacture of beer, malt extracts, and other products of hops.

Mr. Witt introduced a bill in the house fixing sleeping-car charges as follows: For the ordinary sleeper for each 300 miles or fractional part thereof, \$1 for a lower berth; for compartment cars, \$1.50.

Members of the legislature received a letter from Otis S. Favor of Chicago, protesting against the proposition to erect an exposition palace on the Lake Front in Chicago. The letter attacks the Chicago Commercial association, and denounces the erection of the exposition building as being actuated by selfish motives.

There has been considerable talk recently about holding a constitutional convention, and Speaker Sherman is in favor of the proposition. It will require an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members of each house to adopt the resolution, and if it is decided that a convention is necessary the question of holding one must be submitted to the electors at the next general election, which will occur a year from next November. If the proposition for a constitutional convention carries the general assembly will call a special election for the purpose of electing two delegates from each senatorial district to the convention, and the convention must meet and begin its work within three months after the special election.

War on Microbes
Their Destruction Has Noticeably Lengthened Human Life.

That the length of a man's life is much greater now than it was half a century ago is shown by statistics, notwithstanding all the talk of the good old days. Millions of years have been added to the aggregate number lived by man. These years have been gained mainly by the war on microbes. So long as the microbe was unknown as the cause of nearly all disease medicine was mere guesswork, while surgery was in many cases butchery. The discovery of antiseptics revolutionized surgical operations. In medicine, too, the advance has been astonishing. Many diseases have been practically driven out of the country. The terrible typhus fever—known as a "dirt disease," which means a microbe disease—used to kill our forefathers of the early part of the century at the rate of 8,000 to 10,000 per 43,000,000.

Two Royal Old Maids.

The only two royal spinsters in Europe are namesakes and granddaughters of Queen Victoria, whose aversion to unmarried ladies of marriageable age is most pronounced. So great is her antipathy to unmarried women, the state of single blessedness of the Princess Victoria of Wales and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein has been the cause of may royal family jars. Seriously as the parents and grandparents may threaten and reprove there remains little or no possibility of the two spinsters finding mates. Princess Victoria of Wales reached her thirty-second birthday in the spring, and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein will never see thirty again.

and in spite of their deplorable, conspicuous and unnatural singleness, they are not the most unhappy of high born ladies. They are fast friends and allies, and though they enjoy few of the same studies and pleasures, they are equally cautious in their estimate of the world's and even grandmother's opinion, and equally determined to prove that the life of an unwedded princess is neither forlorn nor unprofitable.

The only way of setting the will free is to deliver it from wilfulness.—Hare.

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MILES T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1901.

It is announced with some flourish of trumpets that Mrs. Howard Gould is soon to have another case in a New York court. Of course it is a question of dressmaking. Mrs. Gould ordered several gowns and refused to pay the bill of \$1,175 for them because, she says, they do not fit. The modistes differ with her on this point, and, to come to a conclusion, it has been determined that, as the best evidence obtainable must be produced, the defendant will appear before 12 good men and true in each and every garment in dispute. The absurdity of this proposition seems to place it beyond belief. What can a jury tell about the fit of a woman's gown? Some women look as if they had been melted and poured into the mold of their dress. Others wear looser garments and look, to the masculine eye, about as well. Many a jury would not undertake to find against a tailor if his creditor's trousers bagged at the knees the first time he put them on. How, then, can one be expected to determine whether or no Mrs. Gould's dresses are all that they should be? While nobody outside the case will care two straws as to the result of the litigation, it will nevertheless be watched with considerable interest by the public.

A New York jury has recently awarded the widow of a victim of a street railway accident \$37,000 damages. The husband's income was \$10,000. On the same day in the same court a jury awarded the widow of another victim of a street railway's carelessness \$1,500, his income having been about \$1,000 a year. The disparity in the two cases attracted not a little attention, particularly in view of the fact that the usual practice in such damage suits is to limit the award to \$5,000. The ordinary interpretation of the law is that human life is to be valued without reference to the earning capacity of the person while living. This rule has no doubt worked injustice in many instances, but it has generally been regarded as unsafe to permit a veritable pecuniary estimate to be placed upon life, and hence a maximum of damages obtains in most states. In the case in point the widow of the \$1,500 man was doubtless far more seriously in need of help than the widow of the \$37,000 man. The former must have left his family in much worse circumstances than the latter. Altogether the cases cited give rise to an interesting and rather intricate question of law.

Victor Emmanuel III has been king of Italy only a little more than two months, but it has sufficed to show something of the fiber that is in him. He seems to know his own mind and has the courage of his convictions. Not content, as was his father, to let the government be run by ministers, the young ruler at his first cabinet meeting vetoed several bills which after investigation he found objectionable. Further, he insisted upon taking personal direction of the department of foreign affairs, an attitude which his immediate predecessors never dreamed of taking. In matter of court ceremony and etiquette he has already shown the courage of simplicity. As kings go he seems to be doing fairly well.

It is asserted that the case of Roland B. Molineux, who was tried and convicted of murder in New York last spring, is not likely to be argued on appeal until next March or April. In the meantime Molineux is in the death-house in Sing Sing, where he receives visits from his wife, mother and father twice a week. His keepers give him the certificate of being the best behaved prisoner ever brought there.

South Americans say they can fatten a steer, ready for market, for less than a third of the cost to North American cattlemen; that they have vast tracts of grazing lands not yet utilized, and that a South American cowboy works for about \$3 a month in silver. As the South Americans are hoping to compete with us in the European markets, these statements are interesting.

A bill has been introduced in the Michigan legislature to tax bachelors over 30 years of age \$5 a year. Is this a free country? Can a man be compelled to pay such a ransom for the inalienable right of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness?"

It is now asserted that Chicago is not as wicked as Paris. It should be remembered, however, that Chicago has not had as long a time for the development of her wickedness as has Paris. Give the interoccean metropolis time and a fair show.

The Castellane disclosures ought to be sufficient to deter American hussies from attempting to break into royalty for some time to come.

The Anglo-American entente so far as it relates to the turf seems to be sadly out of kilter.

National and State Floral Emblems.

There is in some quarters a revival of the movement for the adoption of a national flower. Other nations have their distinctive emblems—France the flower-de-luce, England the rose, Scotland the thistle, Ireland the shamrock, Switzerland the edelweiss—and why, it is urged, should not the United States have such a characteristic emblem? An effort was made in 1896 by the national floral congress, called together by the governor of North Carolina, to agree upon a flower, but as many states were unrepresented nothing came of it, and it is now suggested that another national convention should be called and an effort made to reach a consensus of opinion as to what should be our national flower. Nature has given us an abundance from which to select, but it is difficult to choose one which would be distinctively national.

Fourteen states and territories have designated flowers, as follows: New York, the rose; Colorado, the columbine; Alabama, the goldenrod; Delaware, the peach blossom; Idaho, the syringa; Iowa, the wild rose; Kansas, the sunflower; Maine, the pine tassel; Minnesota, the moccasin flower; Montana, the bitterroot; Oklahoma, the mistletoe; Utah, the sego lily; Vermont, the red clover, and Rhode Island, the violet.

Other states are following suit. At a meeting of the Arkansas Federation of Women's Clubs held at Little Rock a few days ago a resolution was passed unanimously to adopt the passion flower. In his annual message to the legislature Governor Atkinson of West Virginia has recommended the rhododendron as the floral emblem of that commonwealth.

While the selection of state and national flowers is not a matter of any considerable importance, there is about it a sentimental interest not to be discouraged.

The Dundee (Scotland) Advertiser lately issued as a centennial supplement a duplication of its first number, printed just 100 years ago. It furnishes a rather convincing demonstration that "tabloid journalism," instead of being, as certain people fondly imagine, a new invention and a long step forward into the twentieth century, is merely an imitation of great-grandfatherly ideas and standards, and marks, not progress, but retrogression. In almost every essential particular this ghost of 1801 is curiously like the "tabloid" at which only the other day we were asked admiringly to wonder. The size of its eight pages is almost precisely the same, and in the same way its news is reduced to bare bones. Only Napoleon's doings in Germany were deemed important enough to fill more than a column, and almost everything else has to be content with from three to ten lines. Strangely enough, the advertisements in this old paper seem much less archaic than the reading matter. The advertisers then, as now, took as much space as they thought was necessary for the adequate description of their wares, and their tastes as regards the use of adjectives were about the same as that of today's merchants.

Speaking of weddings in high life and the elaborate descriptions of them that have lately been filling so much space in the newspapers, one recalls Boswell's account of the marriage of Samuel Johnson and Mrs. Porter. "I told her," Dr. Johnson is reported as saying, "that I was of mean extraction, that I had no money and that I had an uncle hung," to which the lady responded that she valued no man the more or less for his parentage, that as for money she had none herself and had nothing to expect on that score and that, although she had never had a near relative literally and exactly hung, she had had as many as 20 who deserved to be, and she wished they were. Then they were married.

So brisk is the emigration from Norway to this country that the population of Christiania is decreasing. During the past year nearly 17,000 left that country, the greater proportion of whom came to the United States. They are welcome. We can always find room for the hardy and industrious Scandinavians. They make good and loyal citizens.

In view of some recent occurrences we may look for the formation of a college professors' protective union to regulate the conduct of colleges and universities and to restrain their founders and financial patrons from muzzling the occupants of the professional chairs.

With the repeated experiences it would seem that the English railway officials ought to find out that closed compartment cars are an invitation to crime. Toward the close of the present century they may begin to realize this fact.

Several governors in their messages have recommended laws against the sale of cigarettes. They are likely, however, to run into the old difficulty which intervenes between the enactment of a law and its enforcement.

There is one good thing about the baseball war. It serves to keep alive public interest in the game during the winter.

Japan's Superior War Methods.

In the current number of Scribner's Magazine there is an article by Thomas F. Millard calling attention to the superiority of the Japanese method of supplying the army with water on the march and also to the better method of transportation employed by the orientals, as demonstrated in the international campaign in China.

The Japanese and the Sikhs and Gourkha from British India had water carts accompanying all their regiments on the march, at which the soldiers could get a drink of good water whenever they became thirsty. The Americans, who had to depend on their canteens, were constantly resorting to the rivulets and ponds to get a drink or refill their canteens. This wayside water was often contaminated with sewage, and the result was that one-third of the American soldiers were on the sick list by the time the relief expedition reached Peking. The organized Japanese water cart service could exercise more care in getting a pure supply of water, and the Japanese soldiers accordingly suffered little from sickness. So in the matter of transportation. While the Americans were each loaded down with knapsack and kit weighing about 60 pounds, the Japanese were always in light marching order, because they had their baggage carried by a small army of coolies hired for that purpose. This old Asiatic method appears to be a wise one for oriental campaigning, and the advantage which the Japanese gained by it was noticeable. The facts noted by Mr. Millard are worthy of careful consideration by all American staff officers and war department officials.

The printed book of rules recently issued to the employees of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad contains the following: "The use of intoxicants by employees while on duty is prohibited. Their habitual use or the frequenting of places where they are sold is sufficient cause for their dismissal. The use of tobacco by employees when on duty in or about passenger stations or on passenger cars is prohibited." It has long been an understood matter on this road that the use of liquor and tobacco was discontinued by the management, but this is the first time the order has been printed in the book of rules. It is, however, a rule which the public will approve, as upon its observance depends to a remarkable degree the safety of railroad traveling. All great railroads and corporations the proper conduct of which is conditioned upon the clearness of head and steadiness of hand of the employees are coming to the conclusion that the use of liquor and tobacco does not contribute to the efficiency and faithfulness of workmen and are consequently discountenancing those who indulge in such forms of dissipation. Without unduly trenching upon the private rights of their employees it is entirely proper for employers, at least in occupations where the public interests and well being are involved, to exact such qualities of brain, nerve and muscle as shall insure safe, careful and efficient service. While such corporations are thus aiding themselves and the public they are teaching their employees a valuable temperance lesson which cannot fail to improve their moral and material condition.

Despite the exhibitions of loyalty to the mother country shown by Canadians in connection with the South African war, there seems to be a growing development of individual independence among the people of the Dominion. At least this is the conclusion to be drawn from such comments as the following by the Toronto Star: "The people of Canada eat different food from the people of England, they wear different clothes, they live in different houses, have different habits of speech, thought and action, have a different system of society entirely and are, in large measure, a different people." Will the Canadians ever become a separate and distinct nation?

It appears that the Boers are not deficient in humor, and their military operations sometimes take on a flavor of that kind. For instance, two wagon loads of Christmas luxuries destined for General Methuen's forces were captured and duly appropriated by the captors, who thus became the recipients of Great Britain's holiday compliments.

If there is a town in the country where the suspected kidnaper of the Cudahy boy has not been seen, the local authorities should hasten to announce the fact.

A home for indigent lawyers has been established in Madison, Wis. This would seem to indicate that not enough rich men in Wisconsin are leaving defective wills.

The English soldiers are still fighting, but the Boers may congratulate themselves upon having pretty thoroughly worn out the military critics.

One hundred years ago Napoleon Bonaparte overshadowed the world. Yet he was only 15 years from his Waterloo.

As long as the Apaches last there are sure to be lively times in their immediate vicinity.

Of Service to Our Readers.

[From the Camden, S. C., Messenger.] We know of no way in which we can be of more service to our readers than to tell them of something that will be of real good to them. For this reason we want to acquaint them with what we consider one of the very best remedies on the market for coughs, colds, and that alarming complaint, croup. We refer to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it with such good results in our family so long that it has become a household necessity. By its prompt use we haven't any doubt but that it has time and again prevented croup. This testimony is given upon our own experience, and we suggest that our readers, especially those who have small children, always keep it in their homes as a safeguard against croup. For sale by all Druggists at Barrington, and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Table with columns: W. CHICAGO, AR. PALATINE, AR. BARR'TN, etc. and times for Week Day Trains-North.

Table with columns: LV. BARR'TN, LV. PALATINE, AR. CHICAGO, etc. and times for Week Day Trains-South.

Table with columns: LV. CHICAGO, AR. PALATINE, AR. BARR'TN, etc. and times for Sunday Trains-North.

Table with columns: LV. BARR'TN, LV. PALATINE, AR. CHICAGO, etc. and times for Sunday Trains-South.

Terminates at Barrington Saturday only.

Table with columns: Waukegan, Rondout, Leighton, Lake Zurich, Barrington, Joliet, etc. and times for E. J. & E. R. R. South.

Table with columns: Joliet, Barrington, Lake Zurich, Leighton, Rondout, Waukegan, etc. and times for E. J. & E. R. R. North.

Louisville & Nashville

Railroad THE GREAT CENTRAL SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE

Winter Tourist Tickets Now on sale to

FLORIDA.....

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GULF COAST.

Write for folders, descriptive matter, etc., to

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And he will mail you free

MAPS, ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS and PRICE LIST of LANDS and FARMS in

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GEO. SCHAFFER, Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc. Barrington, - Ills

The Barrington Bank

SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres. A. L. Robertson, Cashier. John G. Plagge, Vice-Prest. G. F. Sandman.

Barrington, - Illinois

AGENTS WANTED.

We want an active agent in Barrington and vicinity to represent the largest Evergreen Nurseries in the U. S. A full line of hardy fruits, shade and ornamental trees, shrubs, etc. Four plans, pay weekly. Address at once THE ELGIN NURSERIES, Elgin, Ills.

TAKE YOUR WASHING TO THE.....

Barrington Steam Laundry.

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable Only First-class Work Done.

J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor, Opp. Grunau's barber shop.

Frank Robertson

Attorney at Law.

701 Kedzie Bldg., 120 Randolph Street, Chicago. Residence, Barrington.

Dr. A. Weichelt,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

OFFICE, Lageschulte Block.

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Practice in state and federal courts.

Farms for sale, estates handled, loans, Collection a specialty.

Office: Howarth Bldg., Barrington

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CONFECIONERY. Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

Barrington, - Ill.

The Review

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST READ PAPER IN WESTERN COOK and LAKE COUNTIES

WE WANT A YOUNG MAN

who can furnish a horse and wagon to represent us

IN THIS COUNTY

to such a man we can offer a

LIBERAL PROPOSITION

Applicants will please give references, also present occupation. Address

WHEELER & WILSON Mfg. Co. 92 & 90 WABASH AVE. CHICAGO, ILL.

F.C. CORSETS

MAKE AMERICAN BEAUTIES.

We have them in all styles and shapes to fit every figure, and every corset is sold under this most liberal warrant—"Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory."

Look for this Trade Mark on inside of corset and on box.

KALAMAZOO CORSET Co. Sole Makers. Kalamazoo, Mich.

For sale by A. W. MEYER & CO., JOHN C. PLAGGE and LIPOFSKY BROS.

Mosser's Photographic Studio,

SOUTH OF DEPOT. Enlargements, Miniatures, Interiors, Flash-light, Copying, Commercial Work and all Modern Photography.

Open Sunday and every day except Monday and Tuesday.

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West of Schoppe Bros. OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY. All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water color and crayon at prices to suit.

A. S. OLMS Druggist and Pharmacist.....

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

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PALATINE BANK

OF CHARLES H. PATTEN. A General Banking Business Transacted.... Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Loans on Real Estate. Insurance.

J. F. MOORHOUSE, BARBER SHOP.

Fine Caudies, Fruit and up-to-date line of High Grade Cigars, Tobaccos, etc. Palatine, Ill.

DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Will be at his Dental Rooms in BATTERMAN'S BLOK, PALATINE, ON Friday of Each Week Chicago office; 65 E. RANDOLPH ST. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

WAUCONDA.

H. Golding transacted business in Chicago Thursday.

George Meyer of McHenry was a pleasant caller in our village Tuesday.

A. C. Stoken and A. G. Fisher transacted business at Waukegan Saturday.

J. N. Freund and daughter Catherine were Waukegan visitors last Friday.

Walter Sensor went to Chicago on Monday, where he has secured employment.

Matthew Freund of Johnsbury was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Freund Wednesday.

August Zuelsdorf came home from Chicago Tuesday to spend a few weeks vacation with his parents.

Messrs. J. E. Gainer, G. W. Pratt, H. E. Maiman and M. S. Clark were Chicago visitors Thursday.

Rev. Father Rhode and John Aman of Fremont were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman Thursday of last week.

P. P. Ames of Antioch was a caller in our village Monday, demonstrating the good qualities of the Aurora gas lamp.

Messrs. C. A. Hapke and Geo. Hapke have moved into the McCollum residence, which they have rented for the ensuing year.

Mrs. Ed Sensor is reported seriously ill with pneumonia. Her daughter came home from Waukegan Saturday to take care of her.

Roosters often grow over eggs they did not lay. Same with people who sell an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea, made famous by the Madison Medicine Co's. advertising. 35c. Ask your druggist.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give a chicken-pie supper in the church parlors Thursday evening, February 7. A program will be given. Supper will be served from 5:30 until 9:00 o'clock. Proceeds for the benefit of the pastor.

Henry Davis was tendered a pleasant surprise at his home, one mile north of our village, by about thirty of his friends and neighbors Tuesday evening. Various social amusements, concluding with an elegant supper, was the order of the evening and a very pleasant time is reported.

G. A. Roberts of Lintner, Ill., suffered four years with a wad in his stomach and could not eat. He lost sixty-five pounds. Two bottles of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin restored his appetite, cured his stomach trouble and today he is well and hearty and says he owes his health to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Chas. E. Churchill.

Charles Clark of Chadburn, N. C., is spending a few weeks with friends and relatives in our village. It is three years since he left Wauconda for the South, purchasing a small farm of unimproved timber land, erected himself a house and barn and now has things well under way for a profitable future. He says the weather is fine the year around and they have not the sudden changes to contend with which we experience. He could not be induced to come back to Illinois to live.

The cold weather has brought good cheer to the ice men and Monday morning found them making preparations to harvest the congealed fluid. J. E. Gainer, who furnishes ice to our inhabitants during the hot summer months, had his ice house enlarged last fall and the same being located on the banks of the lake, although three times the size of the other ice houses of our village, was filled in one and one-half days.

The Cayumaca club dance given at the Oakland hall last Friday evening proved one of the most pleasant events of the season. It was supposed to be a 12 o'clock dance but when the midnight hour arrived the majority of the crowd felt that the pleasure had just commenced. A second collection was accordingly taken up and the music hired until 2 o'clock. No supper having been provided, a baker was aroused and pies, cakes and cookies served to still the appetite of the merry throng. The Cayumaca club is fast becoming one of the popular organizations of our village and its membership is steadily increasing. The club room is a pleasant place to spend a few leisure hours.

LAKE ZURICH.

Wm. Bicknase spent Wednesday in Wauconda.

Mr. Basely of Waukegan visited in Zurich yesterday.

L. B. Fox took a sleigh ride Thursday to River View.

Fred Hoelt was at Waukegan Saturday on business.

H. Seip and Emil Franks were in Barrington Wednesday.

Wm. Faase and H. Bergman of Palatine were here Thursday.

Arthur Kirwan of Wauconda was here on business Tuesday.

Messrs. Roney and Stoken of Wauconda were here Thursday.

John Hodge of Rocketteller spent Saturday here with friends.

George Wagner of Barrington was seen on our streets Tuesday.

Herman Arndt of Dundee was a business caller here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Branding were Barrington visitors Thursday.

J. G. Horstman of Palatine was here transacting business Tuesday.

The Lake Zurich creamery is receiving an average of 13,000 pounds of milk daily.

Frank Hulbert returned here Monday, after spending a few days at Joliet.

It is reported that Otto Ficke will run the Zurich House during the coming season.

The members of St. Peter's church will build a parsonage for their pastor in the spring.

Mrs. H. Weidenhoefer of Chicago visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Seip, this week.

The ice on the lake is 12 inches in thickness. The ice companies will commence cutting today.

Children never cry very loud for it, but they do like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Ask Chas. E. Churchill.

David Laufner and Fred Huntington have purchased lots of Henry Hillman and expect to build in the spring.

Bridges, rivers, tunnels, mountains builds cities, gathers up the scattered rays of one's ability. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Her Wedding "Tower."

An accommodation train on a distant railroad was dragging along, when a long, lean and sawn woman, in what appeared to be subdued bridal finery, leaned across the aisle of the car and said seriously to a lady sitting opposite her:

"Dear me! It's a kind of a solemn thing to be travelling with two husbands, now, ain't it?"

"I do not know what you mean," replied the lady.

"Oh, mebbe not. Well, you see, my first husband died 'bout a year ago and was buried over in Patrick county; an last week I was married agin, an me an my second husband have been over in Patrick county on a little wedding tower, an I thought I'd kind of like to have my first husband buried in the graveyard righ where I'm goin to live now, an my second husband was willin, so we tuk my first husband up, an he's in the baggage car along with our other things. My second husband is settin out on the platform takin a smoke, an I been settin here thinkin how solemn it is to go on a wedding tower with two husbands. It's a terrible solemn piece of bizness when you come to think of it!"—Laurence Lee in Lippincott's Magazine.

Why Cables Get Tired.

There has been some question, says The Electrical Engineer, as to the reason why certain cables lose their conducting properties and have in some instances to be replaced. A learned Frenchman has submitted a paper on the subject to the Academie des Sciences. In this paper he states that when cables lose their electrical properties it is because they are always used for one kind of current only, either positive or negative. If used sometimes for positive and sometimes for negative, they will, he states, preserve their conductive qualities indefinitely. Experiments with nine wires running from Paris to Dijon demonstrated this, he says.

Unsympathetic.

"You haven't much sympathy for the request from your employees for shorter hours."

"Not much," answered Mr. Cumrox. "It goes to show that men don't know when they are well off. If they had been invited around to musicales and dragged through Europe by Mrs. C. and the girls like I have, maybe they'd appreciate the privilege of staying in a nice, comfortable, businesslike office nine or ten hours a day."—Washington Star.

A new remedy for biliousness is now on sale by all Druggists at Barrington, and A. S. Olms, Palatine. It is called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. It gives quick relief and will prevent the attack if given as soon as the first indication of the disease appears. Price, 25 cents per box.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

MALE HELP WANTED.—Reliable men to sell our high grade lubricating oils, greases, paints and varnishes. Salary or commission. Address Mutual Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOUND.—In Barrington a ring. The owner can have same by proving property and paying charges on calling at this office.

FOR SALE.—John Schoppe farm, containing 97 acres. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.—Three Shepherd pups, seven weeks old. E. N. GIFFORD.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Good dairy farm, known as the Michael Welch farm, on Flint Creek, 70 acres. Address Adam Burns, 5725 Dearborn st. Chicago

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HISTORY OF PALATINE.

In the '40's a dancing school was held at Plum Grove and the upper room in Mr. George's house was used for that purpose. Dan Carpenter was dancing teacher and was his own musician. He was a teacher of the old school and the young people had to carry themselves very strict and polite under his watchful eye. This school was attended by the young people for miles around and was a source of great enjoyment in those days, when pleasures were few. Parings and husking bees were held and many "pairings" of the young people were made at these occasions.

A big tree stood in Plum Grove until lately, which was known as the "eighteen mile tree," it being just eighteen miles from Lake Michigan and used as such in the government survey.

From the last of the '40's to the last of the '50's there was much dueling indulged in by men of prominence and the evil threatened to spread, especially during the discussions upon slavery. Gentleman of Southern-chivalry would challenge their Northern neighbors for, or supposed, a personal insult. The legislature of Illinois passed a law about 1850 which prohibited any person who had fought or accepted a challenge for a duel from holding a public office and in taking the oath of office, the following was included in and made a part of the oath: "You do solemnly swear or affirm, as the case may be, that you have not fought a duel, or accepted a challenge to fight a duel, the probable issue of which might be death to either party and to uphold and support the constitution of the United States and of the state of Illinois, and that you will faithfully execute and perform all of the duties of your office to the best of your knowledge and ability, so help you God."

The first school house was built at Plum Grove about 1840. It was situated in the center of the Grove, near the mill pond and built of split logs with the hewn or smooth side in the logs being dove-tailed at the ends. It was plastered and patched up with wainscoting. The teacher's platform was on the east side of the room and behind her was the blackboard. The pupils sat upon split logs, which were smoothed off on top and left round underneath. They had pegs driven into holes on the under side for legs, looking much like long saw horses. The pupils faced the wall to write, as a flat, smooth log ran around these sides of the room, which was used as a desk to write upon. When it came recitation time they would shift themselves over their seats and screw their faces towards the school marm, with their backs resting on the desk behind them, which was the only time they had a back rest. When the school became larger more saw horses were put in the center of the room. The room was 14x16 feet and warmed by a wood stove. Miss Caroline Comstock, who later married Samuel Church, was the first teacher and she was paid by the parents from \$14 to \$16 a month for her services and "boarded round." The boys took a recess for a few minutes then the girls took theirs. One old cat, leap frog and prison goal were the favorite games and they had factions, as they sometimes do now. At one time the boys had two brigades that fought each other in play. One was called the Mud Turtle brigade and the other the Spring-board brigade. The three R's, readin', ritin' and rithmetic, were thoroughly taught. Two school houses have been built in Plum Grove since that time, the others not being large enough to accomodate the pupils.

In 1855 the free school law was passed and the teachers were paid by taxation and instead of commissioners of the schools, a county superintendent was elected.

In the fall of 1840 the first election was held in Palatine at the supper room in the house of William George at Plum Grove. This was the polling place for what was then called Salt Creek precinct and included the present towns of Wheeling, Schaumburg, Hanover, Elk Grove, Barrington and Ela. There were about 75 or 100 voters in this election. There was but one ballot used and the names of offices were placed in order at the top at right angles with the names of candidates, which were placed in a column at the left. As a man came into vote he told the clerk what candidates he wished to vote for and the clerks tallied one for each candidate by placing a short perpendicular line opposite the candidates' names. The ballots were written out, as the nearest printing office was in Chicago and purses were rather flat in those days. Harrison and Tyler were the presidential candidates and the following song was sung at that time:

Election day is gone and past
To play paecon is dead at last,
And so we go with heart and soul
To stir him up with a hickory pole.

(Continued.)

A Chinese Curiosity.

"A Chinaman in San Francisco," says a gossip in the Philadelphia Record, "showed me once an ivory ball as big as your two fists, with six smaller balls inside it. It was the most wonderful thing I ever saw. The Chinaman said that the balls had been begun by his grandfather and that he was the third generation to work on them. He told me how the work was done.

"It begins with a solid block of ivory, which is turned into a ball and then carved in a latticed pattern with tiny saw toothed knives. Through the lattice, with other knives that are bent in various shapes, the second ball is carved, but is kept fast to the first one by a thin strip of ivory left at the top and by another left at the bottom. Then the third ball, with still finer knives, is tackled through the first and second ones, and so the work goes on till all the balls are finished, when the strips that hold them firm are cut away, and they all revolve freely, one inside the other.

"This Chinaman said it was a common thing, for families to have such balls for hundreds of years—grandfather, father, son and grandson working on them when they had nothing else to do. They are priceless, of course. Some cheap balls are made of vegetable ivory, being carved while the material is soft, like a potato. These, though, are not worth more than a few dollars at the most."

The Evolution of the Pocket.

The ancient wore a single pouch at his belt. The modern has—how many pockets in an ordinary costume for outdoors? Let us count them: In the trousers five, in the waistcoat five, in the jacket five, in the overcoat five, making 20 in all, a full score of little pokes or bags, and arranged so conveniently that they are scarce noticed.

Truly this is an evolution! How long may it be before we have pockets in our hats—where the Irishman carries his pipe, the American soldier his toothbrush and internally the pettifogger his legal papers, the papers that his predecessors in England thrust into the typical "green bag"? How long before there may be pockets in our gloves—for there are, I believe, patents covering this invention—and in our shoes? The cane also, with its screw top, begins to be a useful receptacle.

Two centuries from now, so the man with a long foresight can clearly see, the main idea underlying the wearing of clothes will have entirely changed. The chief purpose of garments will no longer be considered to protect the body. They will be regarded first of all as textile foundations for innumerable pockets.—Tudor Jenks in Woman's Home Companion.

Took a Mean Advantage.

A supernumerary in Richard Mansfield's company who had been, to use a Scotch phrase, continuously and continually "heckled" by the manager at rehearsals and between the acts for alleged displays of stupidity on the stage, was informed that a near relative of his had departed this life and had left him a competence, so he decided to leave the dramatic profession and, to quote him, become respectable. Before leaving he determined to take his revenge on Mansfield for the attacks on his amour propre that gentleman had made.

The play was "Richard III," and the super was one of the soldiers who led away the Duke of Buckingham when the king orders his demise.

In due time Richard remarked, "Off with his head!" and this was the super's opportunity. Advancing, he touched his helmet in the style of a footman and replied loudly and genially:

"That'll be attended to, old chap. We'll take care of old Buck. It'll be all right" and retired gracefully. When the infuriated Mansfield came off to commit murder, he found the super had fled.—Chicago Chronicle.

Peculiarities of X Rays.

There are many curious things about X rays which seem to puzzle even the scientists. Signor Briguiti, who has been making experiments with them at Rome, says that the visibility of a substance to the eye is no criterion of its visibility to the X rays. The rays cannot see through glass, which is transparent to the eye, whereas aluminium, which is opaque to the eye, is transparent to the X rays. The rays can see a splinter of glass in the hand, but not a splinter of wood. Most inks are transparent to the rays, including printer's ink, but some of them are opaque. The rays can see through a postoffice directory, but if a paper with words written on it be put in the middle of the directory the rays will reveal these words and nothing behind them.

Sometimes.

"Do you subscribe to this statement that a woman ought to look up to her husband?" inquired Mr. Meekton's wife.

"Well, Henrietta," he answered cautiously, "I do think that when there is any picture hanging or anything like that going on in the house it's a man's duty to assume the position of perilous responsibility at the top of the step-ladder."—Washington Star.

Eggs and Eggs.

First Actor—It was a case of Greek meeting Greek last night.

Second Actor—How was that?

"You know what a bad egg our comedian is?"

"Yes."

"Well, he was struck by another just as bad."—Brooklyn Life.

Boorish.

De Vere—That's Miss Winter. Lovely girl, but awfully boorish.

Ponsonby—How do you know?

De Vere—I proposed to her the other day, and she said that, though she liked dogs, she didn't care for puppies.—Pick-Me-Up.

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John G. Plagge, Barrington.
EXCLUSIVE AGENT.

Forsaking all Others

By ANELLA DUGHEMIN

CHAPTER X.

Nearly half an hour passed before the married pair, looking formidable determined and united, presented themselves at her door, and in the interval she had forced herself into a cold calmness that enabled her to meet them composedly. Almost before they were seated Harvey, who seemed much excited, opened the subject uppermost in the minds of all.

"So you threaten to shut up the house and go to New York?" he angrily asked.

"It is an intention, Harvey, not a threat."

"And do you think I will submit to such a course, merely because you have chosen to quarrel with my wife, whose only offense has been her care for us both? You do not know me, madam."

"I am afraid I have never known you, Harvey."

"Perhaps not; you hadn't applied to my character the test of injustice and the most monstrous selfishness ever shown by mother to son!" he hotly retorted. Helen had made good use of her half hour. "You reared me with the expectation of sharing your property; but for that I should not have married. And now you coolly say that henceforth I must depend upon myself—I, who have been accustomed to every luxury!"

"I think you would have married in any case," said Gladys, in a tone that made his eyes waver for a moment. "It is as well; I do not fear for your future. You certainly have not suffered from my selfishness in the past."

"Don't you think the less you say about your past the better?" he asked, carried beyond all prudence, all kindness, by a burning sense of his wrongs. For a full minute they looked steadily at each other; her womanly intuition enabled her to read the thoughts that owed their existence to Helen, and her weakened affection for him seemed to fall dead.

"If I live to be a hundred," she said slowly, her face hard with scorn, "I will never forgive you for that insult, even though I know it originated with the woman who has so strangely perverted your moral nature. Your wickedness and covetousness deserve punishment, and it has overtaken you in the way you will feel most; for though you have no legal claim upon my money, I always intended to provide for you when you came of age, and should have carried out the intention, in spite of the fact that you married against my wish, had not your wife's character so soon revealed itself. Recent events have shown me that you are equally unworthy, and not a dollar of mine shall ever pass into your possession and hers unless you come to actual want."

A dead silence ensued. Both listeners saw that Mrs. Atherton was in earnest, and had been pushed too far, though righteously pushed; for they had so blinded themselves by specious reasoning that even now they would not admit they were wrong. It was Helen who broke the dreary pause.

"You hated me from the first," she said in a voice uneven with rage, "and have well calculated your revenge. You know I would die for Harvey, and by making me the apparent medium of his downfall, you try to inflict upon me the most harrowing of punishments. But here you fail, Gladys Atherton, for it is you who have been his ruin. You have scorned me, not in words, perhaps, but with meaning looks, for having deceived him into marriage before your appointed time, I know how you regard my people—that, too, your looks have told. And what are you, pray, with all your pride? In the beginning a bold, pampered girl following the first man who thought it worth his while to beckon her to shame, for aught she knew or cared, so that her fancy was gratified—"

"Harvey," cried Gladys, deadly pale, "did this impious woman be silent. She is speaking of your mother."

"A mother to be proud of, truly!" exclaimed Helen, her eyes imperatively demanding Harvey's silence, though she spoke so fast and loud that he had no opportunity to interrupt her, even had he wished. "The wife of a drunkard and gambler, the widow of a criminal! I despise you, and so shall your son. Be very sure of that. But we'll have our right if we claim them in a court of law. I doubt if you have power to withhold what you call your money. How do we know your story is true? You were not squeamish in the past, when you had a purpose to serve, it appears. Why should you be over particular at this late day?"

Gladys, still pale, but with her former look of scorn intensified, turned to Harvey.

"You have heard your wife, sir. I have no claim upon her affection, as on yours, and care nothing for her opinion unless you uphold her in it. Do you?"

"This is not the time for heroic speeches and professions of belief in virtues that never existed," he said sulkily, his eyes on Helen's prompting face. "We must recognize the fact that the person who marries unwisely entails certain consequences upon the children of the marriage for which he or she owes them compensation. Through you I am my grandfather's natural heir, and should not be robbed of my birthright. If I am covetous in urging a just claim, what then are you? In keeping control of your property you may be right by law, but you are acting dishonestly none the

less. So far I fully agree with my wife."

With a low cry Gladys fell back in her chair. As if waiting for the signal, Phebe entered the room, a terrible old woman in her wrath.

"I am going to tell them the truth, Miss Gladys, whether you forbid it or not," she defiantly announced. "As Mr. Harvey says, this isn't the time for pretending, and I guess we can settle the matter out of court." Gladys put up a protesting hand, but she would not heed. "I'll make short work of it. You're wrong in thinking you have any sort of share in the mistress's property, Mr. Harvey, because her father, Joseph Stirling, your grandsire, didn't own a dollar in it. He married twice—first a poor girl who died when her baby was born; then a rich young heiress, who also died early in life leaving her money to her only child, Gladys, your aunt or half aunt; for you are the son of the daughter of the first marriage."

"My God! The mater is not my mother?" cried Harvey, after a stupefied pause. He sprang to his feet and gazed wildly from one face to the other, with the look of a man pierced to the heart. "Madam, madam, is this true?" he imploringly asked. Then, meeting Gladys' compassionate yet strangely cold look, with a half sob he threw himself into chair and buried his face in his hands, never moving until Phebe had finally ceased speaking.

Helen said nothing; her burning eyes were fixed on the housekeeper; she knew she told the truth, and that from the fair domain which had promised to be her garden of Eden, she was banished forever.

"You know how your mother married. Mr. Stirling swore he would never forgive her; but he was a just man, and sent her the money she would have had when she came of age. It didn't last long. Twenty thousand dollars isn't much in the hands of a gambler. And when it was gone he went too."

"Miss Gladys was at school when your poor mother begged her way to New York, her baby in her arms. She did not seek her father; she knew his unforgiving spirit, but she sent for me—I was in his service—from the hospital where she lay dying, and by her deathbed I promised never to forsake her child, and to hide him from her husband, Matthew Harvey, who would try to make use of the boy to get money from his young aunt, Gladys. He was bad enough for anything, she said. I had a little money saved, and put you to board with a woman I knew. I always had it in my mind to tell the master some day; but he had a heart trouble and I daresn't do it."

"I hadn't a chance to worry long, for in a few months after your mother died he fell dead in the street, without a moment's warning. Miss Gladys came home for the funeral, and after the first shock was over I told her everything. She had a tender heart, my lamb, and wouldn't rest till she had seen her poor sister's baby."

CHAPTER XI.

Phebe paused, overcome by sad memories. Gladys, unnerved by all that had passed, was crying, but not as the wholly desolate weep; she no longer strove to prevent her old friend from speaking.

"Your mother's sorrows had left their mark on you, Mr. Harvey; you were a sad little tot, with mournful eyes and atomorous manner. You ran to my dear young lady, attracted by her sweet voice, and hid your face in her gown, and when we left they had to drag you away; we heard your screams as the carriage drove off, and Miss Gladys sobbed all the way home. After that, the idea of your growing up among strangers, with no one to love you—just considered for the money you brought, mayhap—was terrible to her. We must take you far away to a corner in the west, where none would know us, and you'd be safe from your father. I begged her on my knees not to spoil her life; but she coaxed and argued and cried till she got the better of me, and we left New York unhindered, her having no relations."

"She put on widow's mourning, to make her look older and prevent explanations, and took your grandmother's family name. Your mother had given it you for a first name; it was easy to change it round."

"Rockville was only a village then; people hadn't taken to coming here for their healths, and what are now streets were farms. It was just the place to be lost in, and until Mrs. Leonard's doctor sent here last year, nobody but the family lawyer—Mrs. Leonard is his daughter—knew what had become of the pretty Miss Stirling. How much she has been to you, Mr. Harvey, you well know. She was only eighteen when she left New York, a light-hearted girl. Now she's turned thirty-six, with a great sorrow on her of your brewing. She'll get over it, for she's young yet. But you've made a strange return to her for wasted years!"

Not a word was spoken by either of the other three. Helen stole over to her husband and timidly laid her hand on his shoulder. All self-confidence was gone from her bearing; she seemed cowed and beaten; and for the first time her loving touch was unheeded. Phebe looked at her frowningly.

"Ay, comfort him if you can; he'll have need of it," she said in a hard

tone. "If he comes to ruin he may thank you; but for your avarice and meddling he'd have had a good bit of money—a hundred thousand dollars, no less. He'll never have it now. Perhaps he'll not reproach you just yet for his loss, since he helped you out with the devilry you called your duty. But he'll know it's to you he owes it—he wasn't full grown when you took him in hand, and easily led—and the thought will grow and grow until one day he'll despise you in his heart, and turn from the love that dragged him down."

As if that day had come, Helen moved nearer to her husband, the rich color ebbing even from her lips. Gladys half rose.

"Be merciful, Phebe," she gently remonstrated. "You are too hard. Go now, dear old friend; enough has been said."

Muttering still, Phebe lumbered away, furtively wiping her eyes; under her bristling exterior beat a warm heart, and, despite her anger, she felt for Harvey in his hour of darkness. As the door closed behind her he raised his head, revealing a white, wild face.

"I must speak to my—my aunt also, Helen," he said hoarsely. "Leave us together."

(To be Continued.)

MORE PLAY NEEDED.

Increasing Number of Poorly Developed Men and Women.

It used to be that boys and men who worked had shorter working hours and less work to do in the same time than do the men and boys of today. Consequently they had better opportunities and greater inclination for recreation of the healthiest kind. They felt able to rise in the morning early enough for gymnastics, their work the day before not being so irksome as to make them feel they needed every moment of sleep possible, as is often the case nowadays, and in the late afternoons and evenings they could enjoy an athletic game.

The girls some years ago exerted much less than they do now, their course of study usually being mild in comparison to the average of today, and few of them were in business or the professions. Therefore their need was less for strengthening exercises. Although the mental and physical work that the men and women of this generation do has greatly increased they do not seem to have realized that a counteracting force is absolutely necessary for the number is growing larger every day. We cannot help observing it on the streets and everywhere—of men and women who slouch along with drooping figure and dragging steps, the picture of undeveloped physical manhood and womanhood. There is nothing more pleasant to look upon than a strong, graceful, happy young man or woman and the last two qualities depend on the first and all three on physical exercise and development. Therefore, you know what you must do to be happy and attractive, and it is your duty to be all three. You can, of course, in varying degree and you ought to add much to the beauty of this old world whose fine men and women are its most splendid features.

GAME KILLING.

Denver Times Sees Danger in Allowing Indians Latitude.

There is a curious disposition among the people to make sport of Gov. Thomas' crusade against the Indians who are said to be killing game outside their reservation and within the boundaries of this state. That it has a comic side is probably not to be denied. But it may also have a very serious side. The border country has not had any Indian experiences of late, and the American people show an astonishing facility in forgetting unpleasant things. Those who know anything about the Indian know that the kind of movement now begun may very easily incite him to acts which will have a very serious significance to outlying settlers and possibly small villages. The Indians know as well as Gov. Thomas does that the federal power is not behind this movement. They rarely forego a chance for the immediate revenge because of the possibility of a remote reprisal. That the state can prevail in the end nobody doubts, perhaps, but aside from the harvest of trouble and loss of life we may have to reap, citizens are also looking to the harvest of debt that must follow, though we are now at our wits' end to devise means for paying what we already owe. Some of them are inclined to suspect the governor of a kind of "after us, the deluge" policy. —Denver Times.

AMERICAN BOOKS IN MEXICO.

Mexico buys more American books than does France, and nearly as many as Germany. Much of this trade is due to the large resident American population to be found in Mexican cities and to the demand from mining camps, where Americans are living, and not a little is due to the growing spread of English among the Mexican people. There is a strong tendency here in favor of popularizing the English language, and the learners of that tongue comprise professional men in middle life as well as thousands of youth. Some large institutions of learning have put English ahead of French.—Mexican Herald.

Quarantine Against Tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis has been placed among the diseases which are subject to quarantine. The commissioner of immigration has so decided in the case of a Japanese who arrived at San Francisco from Japan ill with this lung trouble. It was decided that the patient could not land, but must return to the port from which he sailed.

AN INNOVATION.

The Louisville & Nashville R. R., together with its connecting lines, has inaugurated the Chicago & Florida Limited, which is a daily, solid train, wide vestibuled, steam heated, gas lighted, with dining car service for all meals en route from Chicago to Thomasville, Ga., Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Fla. The train leaves Chicago over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois tracks at 11:00 a. m., running via Evansville, Nashville, Birmingham and Montgomery. Plant System to Jacksonville, and Florida East Coast to St. Augustine, arriving at the latter city at 7:30 the next evening, making the fastest time ever made between these points. The train has annex sleeper, leaving St. Louis at 2:15 p. m., which also runs through. Mr. C. L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Louisville & Nashville R. R., Louisville, Ky., will answer all inquiries concerning this train and furnish printed matter concerning it.

The noblest contribution which any man can make for the benefit of posterity is that of a good character. The richest bequest which any man can leave to the youth of his native land is that of a shining, spotless example. —R. C. Winthrop.

Don't Get Footsore! Get FOOT-EASE.

A certain cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. Cures Frost-bites and Chilblains. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Character must stand behind and back up everything—the sermon, the poem, the picture, the play. None of them is worth a straw without it.—J. G. Holland.

During the Winter

As a safeguard against the grippe, it is well to cleanse the system with Garnfeld Tea.

The first public library was established in New York in the year 1700.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



Mrs. Carrie Belleville.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. GARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.



DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. It cures a cure for consumption in first stages, and a cure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect, after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

FARMERS-STOCKMEN you are handling Educational land leases for 25 to 50 cents per acre, annual leases 7 cents per acre; Railroad Land \$1.00 to \$2.00 per acre Improved Ranches \$3.00 to \$5.00 per acre. Easy terms, low interest. Great demand. In FIRST letter state what you want. C. H. Henderson, Real Estate Agent, Kearney, Neb.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Coughs, Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 15c.

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EPIDEMIC OF GRIP WORST EVER KNOWN

GRIP BACILLUS EVERYWHERE—IN THE AIR WE BREATHE, IN THE WATER WE DRINK, IN THE FOOD WE EAT.



Magnified 10,000 times.

Peruna not only cures the grip but prevents it. Taken in time thousands of lives will be saved in this present epidemic.

Every family should take the precaution to secure a supply of Peruna at once, for the retail and wholesale stock of the remedy may be exhausted by the enormous demand for it.

It is wisdom to have Peruna in the house even before the grip attacks the household.

It has been ascertained by a reporter that the following people of national reputation have given public endorsement and testimonials to Peruna as a remedy for the grippe:

Congressman Howard, of Alabama, says: "I have taken Peruna for the grip and recommend it as an excellent remedy to all fellow-sufferers."

Congressman White, of North Carolina, says: "I find Peruna to be an excellent remedy for the grip. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it."

Miss Francis M. Anderson, of Washington, D. C., daughter of Judge Anderson, of Virginia, says: "I was taken very ill with the grip. I took Peruna and was able to leave my bed in a week."

Mrs. Harriette A. S. Marsh, President of the Woman's Benevolent Association of Chicago, writes: "I suffered with grip seven weeks. Nothing helped me. Tried Peruna and within three weeks I was fully restored. Shall never be without it again."

At the appearance of the first symptoms of grip people should stay indoors and take Peruna in small doses (teaspoonful every hour) until the symptoms disappear. This will prevent a long, disastrous sickness and perhaps fatal results.

Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies And Rest for Tired Mothers



In a Warm Bath with Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, rashes, irritations, and chafings, with loss of hair, of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies fail.

Millions of Mothers Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for fashes, itching, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and exoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sensitive and delicate purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICULA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. This is combined in ONE SOAP AT ONE PRICE, FIVE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (5c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (5c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (5c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET, costing but \$1.25, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Cuticura THE SET, \$1.25

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Valentines at prices to suit every one at Churchill's.

The Ideal's and their friends dance tonight at Stott's hall.

A man that gets the smallpox ought at least to keep it to himself.

Edward Horn, tax collector for the town of Cuba, will be after you in the course of a week or ten days.

J. E. Heise has completed filling his ice house with a good quality of the product taken from Randall's Lake.

A smallpox outbreak has closed the school at Marengo. Many have been exposed and a thorough quarantine has been established.

MALE HELP WANTED.—Reliable men to sell our line of fine lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or commission. Address The Reserve Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Charles Gritzke, who has operated a saloon in the Heuning building for the past four months, has gone out of business. Increase in rent is said to have caused him to discontinue.

D. M. Mayfield, who is as good a barber as anyone needs, and who enjoyed a fine trade until burned out last fall, concluded to locate in Barrington in the Commercial Hotel building.—Nunda Herald.

Plans are being drawn at Springfield for the \$225 uniforms that are to be worn by members of Governor Yates' military staff at the presidential inauguration ceremonies. Who would not be a colonel if he could?

While she was appointed some time ago, it has not heretofore been publicly announced that Miss Anna Botsford of Waukegan is now deputy circuit court clerk. This is the first a woman has ever held office in Lake county.

At the solicitation of the churches under whose auspices revival meetings are being held, the merchants, with several exceptions, close their stores at 7:15 every evening excepting Monday during the progress of the revival.

At a meeting of the directors of the Lake County Agricultural society held lately dates were set for the next exposition and fair which will be held September 3, 4, 5 and 6. The speed program was arranged though is subject to change.

"When I goes a-shopping," said an old lady, "I allers ask for what I want and if they have it and it is suitable, and I feel inclined to buy it, and it's cheap, and can't be got for less in any other store, I most allers takes it, without clapping all day about it, as some people do."

The annual meeting for the election of officers of Evergreen cemetery association will be held at the village hall, Barrington, Tuesday, February 5th, at 1 o'clock p. m. Five directors and one superintendent are to be elected. The report of the secretary and treasurer will be read for the approval of lot owners. All lot owners are voters.

The annual charity ball given by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen joint lodges of Cook county, for the benefit of the Railway Men's Home at Highland Park, will be held at the Auditorium, Chicago, Thursday evening, February 28. Tickets have been placed at the reasonable price of \$1. Music will be furnished by the renowned Second Regiment Infantry Band of 70 pieces. The cause is a worthy one.

A real-estate man once said if he wanted to get a good price for a piece of city or town property it always paid him to paint it up nicely and put it in good order. The same may be said about the farm. A farm that is tastefully arranged with well kept buildings and a nice front lawn and plenty of paint on the buildings, will sell for more money than a similar farm without these evidences of care. If a farm is not to be sold, it will still pay to have the grounds in as fine shape for a home.

Efforts were made recently to find a certain colored man for whom a pension had been asked. Papers in the case were returned with an indorsement reading as follows: "He was the laziest coon that ever shot craps in a back alley or robbed a hen roost. He is dead, and he's been dead a long time, and you had better send up to St. Peter, for we suspect the man you want is up there now prowling around nights."

Says the Chicago Record: "Mr. W. J. Bryan's paper, the Commoner, is out and the editor is once more in the profession which he left for a time. He comes back to it a wiser and probably a sadder man. His sadness, if he has any, will soon depart, however, as the cordwood, the potatoes and the pumpkins come in in payment of subscriptions. And then there is the annual joy of the county fair and the occasional free ticket for a column notice, to say nothing of the good friends always ready to help him edit the paper. Mr. Bryan will soon be a happy man."

Lace paper valentines from 1c to 75c at Churchill's.

Services will be held at the Baptist church tomorrow morning and evening. Sunday school at 11:45. Christian Endeavor at 6:45. All are invited.

Farmers should remember, of course dairymen do remember, that while there is a great difference between the price of a pure bred Jersey and a common cow, there is also a wide difference in the butter produced, both in quantity and quality.

The Palatine Enterprise-Register has awakened to the cause of separation of the country towns from the "Greater Chicago" scheme, and says: "We are of the opinion that it would be to the interests of the people, and especially the taxpayers, to separate the country towns from Chicago and annex the five north towns of Cook county, Barrington, Palatine, Wheeling, Northfield and New Trier to Lake county; then make DuPage county four towns square, by the addition of Hanover, Schaumburg, Elk Grove Lyons, Maine, Leyden and Proviso. Then turn the south rural towns over to Will county. Chicago could then manage her own affairs and not hold such an undue influence in state politics. Lake and DuPage have good county buildings paid for."

Unjust Accusation.

The story has been heralded about that a lady attending the revival services in progress here, was, last Sunday afternoon, "ordered from the church because she refused to go forward to the altar." THE REVIEW, as a rule, has no place in its columns for rumors, and pays no attention to common street and backyard gossip, but in this instance comment was so pronounced, (and just if the story was as told) that we sifted the report and find that a mountain has been constructed out of a mole hill. All there was to it is this.

The lady claimed to be a Christian and was asked by one of the workers at the converts meeting (not Rev. Conn) to assist. He said to her: "In my opinion you are not carrying out your profession of faith by remaining silent and inactive in the presence of those about you who are wavering in their decision to accept salvation."

She replied: "I do not believe in this kind of religion or approve of it."

"Well, then, if you do not believe in such methods, are not in sympathy with the work you are proving a stumbling block in the way of others, and were I in your position I would stay at home," was the answer.

There is no "order" about that, or anything to call forth the unjust accusations in circulation. Rev. Conn has attacked no one personally. That he has hewn straight to the line paying but little attention to where the chips might fall, is true, but he has preached the Bible as in his opinion it should be preached, and this being a free country he is rightfully entitled to his opinions. The public has the right to criticize, but should do so justly.

Appreciate a Good Newspaper.

We are pleased that the people of Barrington and vicinity appreciate our efforts to give them a first-class newspaper. That the increase of 25 cents on the subscription price of the paper is not unfavorably looked upon is evidenced by the fact that we have added more new names to our list during the month of January than during the three months previous. The increased cost of paper and material made it necessary for us to increase the price of the paper.

The price, \$1.50, is not more than other first-class weekly papers charge. We thank our patrons for the support accorded us in the past and trust we may have a continuance of the same. The demands of our readers for a good, up-to-date local newspaper shall be met in every issue of THE REVIEW.

Pleasant Surprise.

Last Thursday evening while Gottlieb Kuhlman was absent from home, fifty-two of his friends took possession of his home, it being the occasion of his 52nd birthday. He returned home late in the evening and was a very much surprised man. The event was made one long to be remembered by the participants by various games of a social nature. Refreshments were served at eleven o'clock which were heartily enjoyed, and the festivities continued until an early hour Friday morning when the guests departed wishing Mr. Kuhlman many happy returns of the day.

Refuse to Take Action.

The officials of railways entering Chicago met in that city for the purpose of taking some action on the numerous petitions recently presented by merchants in towns about Chicago, asking that the railways prohibit the issue of commutation tickets. All the lines interested were represented but refused to take any action and the commutation ticket will remain a fixture. Suburbanites are in the seventh heaven of happiness and local merchants are filled with wrath.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Comic valentines at Churchill's.

Mr. P. A. Starck of Chicago visited her Wednesday.

Tell 'em how you love 'em. Buy a valentine at Churchill's.

Joseph Collen of Crystal Lake called on friends here Tuesday.

James Doran of Chicago visited with friends here Sunday.

Charles Downing of Chicago was visiting friends here Monday.

Thomas Fahey of Bradley, Ill., was visiting friends here Tuesday.

Miss May Dempster of Chicago is the guest of Mrs. Leroy Powers.

D. J. Rieger of Falls City, Nebraska, is visiting with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. J. Nate of Chicago is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. M. C. McIntosh.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Sott of Chicago visited with relatives here the first of the week.

Mrs. B. Niemier and son Leslie visited with her father, John Landwer, last Tuesday.

Miss Priscilla Davlin of Wauconda was a guest of Miss Nellie Donlea Saturday and Sunday.

The Chautauqua Reading Circle will meet at the home of Mrs. Fred Hawley Monday evening.

Miss Jennie Farnsworth of Chicago visited with her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Regan, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Lamey spent a few days this week with Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Crouse at Waukegan.

H. C. Schoendorf of Wauconda has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities \$26,350; assets \$2,500.

Miles T. Lamey attended the annual meeting of the Illinois Press association at Chicago Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lytle have again become residents of this village and are domiciled in the Crabtree residence.

The condition of Geo. H. Comstock is improved and his large circle of friends hope for his speedy restoration to health.

Miss Anna Krahn will sing at Joliet, Wilmington, Rockford and LaMott for two weeks in a play called "Kitty from Cork."

Rev. D. M. Conn participated in the noonday religious service in Willard Hall, Chicago, Thursday. Mr. Haudenschild also attended.

Henry Brasel went to Chicago Monday to have his foot cauterized. Blood poison resulted from a mere scratch caused by a brass wire around the end of a shoe string.

Mrs. E. Lamey has been confined to her room by illness for some days past. Her condition is not considered serious and she is getting along as well as could be expected.

John Cassidy, who has served as day operator at the Northwestern station here for the past six months, has been promoted to station agent at Winthrop Harbor, and in company with his wife departed for that place Tuesday.

Curbstone Musings.

The pastor of one of our churches invited a gentleman to attend service Wednesday evening, and the gentleman replied: "Wait until the weather gets warmer, elder." "Never mind about that, brother; we will make it warm enough for you," said the minister.

"Twas in a village store that the man about town heard an old gentleman remark: "I'd like to run a newspaper around here for a week. I'll bet yer somethun would drop." Yes, we bet yer there would. Names off the subscription list for instance.

If some of our people would read the 37th and 39th verses of the 23rd chapter of the gospel according to Saint Matthew, and profit thereby, there would be fewer brick hurled at the preacher.

A Barrington young lady wrote to a Chicago temple of beauty, enclosing 25 cents for a recipe "warranted to keep the hands white," and received the following reply: "Soak well in dishwater three times a day while your mother rests." She believes its a fake—at least she has not tried it.

A young man asked his Saturday and Sunday girl to enjoy a sleigh ride Tuesday evening. She accepted. He drove to Lake Zurich and stopped at a refreshment resort to procure a stimulant. The lady got weary awaiting his return and drove home. The young man walked home and will make affidavit that it is 17 miles from Zurich to Barrington.

Discussion of religious topics is heard in store, office and public place, and it is astonishing to note how little the majority of people know of the

scriptures. A group of men were giving expression to their views Monday day evening. One of the party in particular, was advertising himself as an authority on the contents of the Bible, when a bystander remarked: "You can't name us the second book of the Bible." "I consider that a direct insult to my intelligence," was the reply, "but to satisfy you I will inform you that Deuteronomy is second and Ruth third." He was familiar with the scriptures and poses as a critic.

A resident of the village who makes frequent visits to the big city came out on the 7:15 the other evening. So did an Arlington Heights damsel. The Barringtonian had several parcels. So did the fair one from the town of cut flowers and home-made wine. These people, though strangers, occupied the same seat; their parcels reposed in the same rack. "Arl— — — — —!" roared the Cannon, the lady grabbed what came handy and flew the coach. The man from Barrington arrived home, deposited his parcels on the sitting room table and proceeded to do justice to a generous supper the partner of his joys and sorrows had prepared for him. His wife—true to the instinct of her sex—began to re-view the purchases. The first package she opened was a revelation and caused her heart to jump, her temper to rise like a well-prepared batch of buckwheat. The contents was 1 corset cover; 1 ascension robe, lattice work in the upper story; 14 yds. pale blue baby ribbon; 1 can talcum powder; 1 pink taffeta silk stock collar; 5 cts. worth of chocolate and a pair of black hose with red, blue and orange stripes decorating the extreme upper section. "What hussy does these traps belong to?" she shouted to her husband. He was stunned. Upon further investigation it was found that 6 yards of muslin and a package of shredded cod fish was missing. Then the truth dawned and peace in the family circle was restored. The packages got mixed. Moral: Trade at home and avoid errors.

DIFFER AS TO METHODS.

Rev. Blanchard and Evangelist Conn

Disagree as to Revival Work.

There seems to be a difference of opinion between the Rev. Blanchard of the Baptist church and Rev. Conn, who is conducting revival services here, as to how the gospel should be preached and scriptures interpreted. The difference was so pronounced that Rev. Blanchard withdrew from participation in the revival work, last Saturday night. Sunday morning at his church Rev. Blanchard took occasion to inform his congregation why he refused to assist in the methods of saving souls as carried out by the Rev. Conn. His discourse in relation to the matter, is said to have been a concise, clear statement of his idea of what constituted Christianity and the duty of church people. His views on what constituted sin, and the interpretations of many parts of the Bible, were identical with those of the advanced students of theology of the present day. His action and discourse received the approval of the membership of the society, and indorsement of the large congregation present who went on record by remaining seated when the pastor requested all who favored a continued participation in the revival in progress, to rise. The action has caused considerable comment in church circles and outside.

Rev. Blanchard is a man highly regarded by our people without regard to denomination; he is liberal in his theology and a close student—keeping in line with some of the most noted ministers of the time in preaching the gospel; thoroughly honest in his convictions, and it can be depended upon that his course in this matter is what he believes to be right and not for notoriety or to cater to any class of our people. Ministers differ like any other class of men who serve the public and have a right to do so, and have a large fund of scripture to strengthen their position, no matter what view they may take of the inspired word.

Now a Colonel.

Charles R. Lyon of Waukegan has been accorded the honor of being appointed a colonel on Governor Yates' military staff. Mr. Lyon's appointment from the Seventh Congressional district is considered a high honor. It is the first time that Lake county has ever been given a representative on the Governor's staff and Mr. Lyon's friends are heartily congratulating him on the appointment.

Notice to Woodmen.

The entertainment that was to have been given by Barrington camp, No. 809, M. W. A., next Friday evening, has been postponed. Members will be notified by card when entertainment will be given. COMMITTEE.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Barrington February 1, 1901:

Miss M. Brown, Mr. Prussia and Mrs. D. S. Wentworth.

H. K. BROCKWAY, P. M.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

The Items Collected and Compiled by One of the Opposite Sex.

Some women dress to please men and some to worry other women.

Sometime ago this paper said that "half of the quarrels between a man and his wife start when she is doing up her hair," to which an exchange replies: "Yes, and meantime he is looking for socks without holes in them, or he wants to know what she has done with the overcoat she traded to a peddler for a vase."

A girls main mission in life is to change her dresses, her mind and her name.

A Cleveland clergyman is seeking a divorce from his wife because she would not go to church to hear his sermons, refused to cook entertaining meals, received people in her stocking feet, and wore calico dresses to church so-called. There is little doubt but what the woman has just cause to do as stated. Probably his sermons are not worth going to hear; that he furnishes nothing to cook and that she is short on footwear and dresses. Because a man is a minister of the gospel is no sign he is an orator or provider. They are sometimes the worst of a bad lot.

The price of an erect, shapely and supple figure into middle life is eternal vigilance. When you stand put the heels together and stand erect; this keeps the hips and shoulders on a level. Don't carry bundles or bags always in one hand, for it tends to drag one down on that side. Don't hurry in walking, with head bent forward; never wear a pair of boots after the heels are run down on the back or sides. Don't wear the clothing so tight that the flesh is forced up and accumulates on the shoulders. Exercise in the open air. Keep the heart young; if you feel like it, do not be ashamed to romp with the boys and girls—it will exercise the threatened inroads of old Father Time. What wrecks and caricatures of the human form divine some women become because of thoughtlessness or carelessness. The world is a great picture, and if you are exhibited on the canvas you want to look as comely and beautiful as possible.

A fascinator is a head covering for women, but why it is so called no man knoweth.

"She is just the most wonderful woman I ever saw," said a lady the other day. "Why, she does every bit of her own work and her house is spotless from cellar to garret. I never saw such housekeeping in all my life. She does all her own sewing, she and her children are always exquisitely

dressed. It's a standing wonder to me how she does it all. A wonderful woman? The really wonderful woman today, says the Detroit Press, is the woman who takes things easy. She is not known among her neighbors as a model housekeeper. She is a comfortable sort of a person to live with, and her husband sits down and smokes wherever he pleases in his own house and spills his tobacco and cigar ashes with a freedom that makes him the envy of his friends. She isn't doing anything at all remarkable, and the neighbors think her rather "shiftless" on the whole. But she is getting a vast amount of good out of life as she goes along, and she is destined to live to a green old age and be a shining example of common sense to her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren. Would there were more wonderful women of this type.

If you would please a woman give her what she wants rather than what she needs.

Excursion Rates to the Mardi Gras and Winter Resorts.

Via the North-Western line. On account of the Mardi Gras at New Orleans and Mobile, excursion tickets will be sold February 11 to 17, inclusive, at very low rates, limited for return passage until March 7. Excursion tickets are also on sale daily at reduced rates to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to ticket agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Great Poultry Foods.

Prussian poultry food, Fratt's poultry food, bone meal, meat meal, crystal mica grit and oyster shell for sale by Plagge & Co.

Henry J. Senne,

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS,
Oysters and Game
in season,
Batterman's Block. PALATINE

Jewelry a Staple.....

Look at the next ten people you meet and see how much is worn of the so-called jewelry. From a \$50.00 watch chain to a five cent stick pin. Jewelry has become to be a staple article of dress. You will buy more or less of it; see that you get what you pay for when you buy. You can be sure of this if you buy of

Ghas. E. Churchill,

Who has a full assortment of W. F. MAIN CO. goods. Every article of these goods is fully warranted to be exactly as represented. A printed guaranty to this effect is given with each article of these goods purchased at this store.

W. F. MAIN CO.

Eastern factory—Corner Friendship and Eddy Streets, Providence, R. I. Western factory (largest jewelry factory in the world) East City, Iowa. Over \$2,000 feet of floor space.

The Review

Reaches more family firesides than any weekly newspaper published in this territory.

It is important to your business; an advertisement in its columns is a trade winner.

It chronicles in a bright, newsy manner the local events of surrounding country.

FOR 1901 IT IS ENLARGED AND IMPROVED TO MEET THE DEMANDS FOR AN UP-TO-DATE LOCAL NEWSPAPER.

You cannot afford

TO BE WITHOUT THE HOME PAPER. SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE AND KEEP POSTED.